

Padova (Italie) 16, II, 1891

Monsieur et très honoré Confrère

J'ai l'honneur de vous adresser la communication ci-jointe et je vous prie, dans l'intérêt de la science, de bien vouloir l'insérer dans votre Journal ou telle qu'elle est ou mieux traduite dans la langue du Journal.

Votre très dévoué
P. A. SACCARDO

Pour les PHYTOGRAPHES, particulièrement CRYPTOGAMISTES

RECOMMANDATIONS

DE

P. A. SACCARDO

La longue expérience que j'ai faite dans l'élaboration de mon *Sylloge Fungorum omnium* m'a persuadé de l'utilité, je dirai même de la nécessité, de suivre dans la description des plantes certaines règles qui sont trop souvent négligées. Voici ces recommandations:

1. Il est nécessaire que les botanistes qui décrivent des espèces nouvelles en les traitant du point de vue de la morphologie et de la biologie, avec des détails très minutieux et très compliqués, y joignent des diagnoses spécifiques ou génériques (préférablement en latin) concises et comparatives selon les règles phytographiques. En effet il est très difficile et souvent très ambigu de choisir dans la foule des détails les caractères essentiels et différentiels.

2. La phrase spécifique ou diagnose est, pour certains auteurs particulièrement cryptogamistes, excessivement détaillée et prolixie et trop laconique pour d'autres. Une bonne phrase spécifique doit donner, en forme assez concise et claire, seulement les caractères essentiels et différentiels. Toute observation de détail doit être reléguée après la diagnose. Il est encore nécessaire pour les espèces nouvelles d'indiquer son affinité avec les autres connues plus prochaines. Celui qui détermine des espèces nouvelles sait combien de temps il doit perdre pour la détermination s'il a à faire avec des diagnoses très prolixes et sans notions d'affinité.



3. L'expérience a déjà démontré, du moins dans la cryptogamie, qu'il est très utile, pour la désignation de la paternité d'une espèce, d'indiquer entre parenthèses l'auteur qui a le premier décrit sous d'autres genres cette espèce. Il est toujours nécessaire d'ajouter le nom de l'auteur qui a transporté l'espèce du genre primitif à un autre, car sans cela on devrait entendre que l'auteur de l'ouvrage où la combinaison des noms est citée, est également l'auteur de cette combinaison. Nous trouvons par ex. dans les écrits de Winter des noms semblables: «*Sphærella convexula* (Schwein.) Syn. *Sphæria convexula* Schwein.» Si nous n'ajoutons pas le nom Thümen après la parenthèse, nous devrions croire que Winter est l'auteur de la combinaison; et alors nous aurons d'après les règles d'autres botanistes les deux notations suivantes: *Sphærella convexula* (Schwein.) Wint. ou *Sphærella convexula* Wint. qui sont toutes les deux fausses. Mais si nous disons *Sphærella convexula* (Schwein.) Thüm. nous avons la notion très exacte que Schweinitz a créé l'espèce et que Thümen l'a rapportée à son juste genre.

4. En décrivant les cryptogames parasites, il faut citer les plantes ou les animaux nourriciers avec la nomenclature technique latine. Les noms vulgaires (anglais, italiens etc.) des plantes sont souvent difficiles à être identifiés.

5. Pour les mesures des organes tant microscopiques que macroscopiques, il est nécessaire d'adopter une mesure unique, savoir celle métrique; pour les mesures microscopiques, laissant de côté toute fraction, on devra préférer les micromillimètres ou microns (*micra*; μ .). Les différentes mesures et les fractionnaires sont très souvent cause d'erreur ou de doute.

6. Pour désigner brièvement les dimensions des organes microscopiques il convient (comme du reste plusieurs le font) d'indiquer d'abord le chiffre de la longueur et ensuite celui de la largeur plus grande avec le signe \approx entre l'un et l'autre, en se passant du signe μ .; si l'organe est comprimé on pourra ajouter encore le chiffre de l'épaisseur; par ex.: spore $15 \approx 4$ signifie spore longue 15μ . et large et épaisse 4μ .; spore $15 \approx 4 \approx 2$ signifie spore longue 15μ ., large 4μ . et épaisse 2μ . Plusieurs auteurs au lieu du signe \approx (que j'ai proposé et suivi depuis 1872) emploient les signes $=$, $:$, \times , \approx qui pour les mathématiciens ont une signification différente et définie. Pour les organes macroscopiques on devra indiquer la qualité de la mesure, savoir *m.*, *cm.*, *mm.* et la partie mesurée.

7. Dans la désignation de tous les groupes des plantes en géné-

ral on emploie des noms féminins (*Dicotyledones*, *Ranunculaceæ*, *Anemoneæ* etc.), on devra faire de même pour les Cryptogames; ainsi si nous disons *Sphæriaceæ*, *Mucedineæ*, *Hydnæ* etc., nous devrons nécessairement dire aussi: *Pyrenomyceteæ*, *Hypomycteæ*, *Hymenomyceteæ* et non *Pyrenomyctes*, *Hypomycetes*, *Hymenomycetes* comme voudraient beaucoup d'auteurs.

8. Les couleurs des plantes et particulièrement celles des corolles, des Champignons, des spores etc. sont souvent décrites avec des noms de signification incertaine. Il serait bien d'employer une nomenclature définie appuyée à des échantillons normales. Je vais publier à cet effet une *chromotaxie* qui sera, je l'espère, de grande utilité.

9. Pour ce qui concerne la nomenclature des fruits et des spores des Champignons, il serait utile d'employer seulement la suivante, qui au reste est adoptée par la plupart des mycologues.

Hymenomyceteæ. Pileus (quelle forme qu'il soit); basidia, stigmata, spora, cystidia.

Gasteromyceteæ et *Myxomyceteæ*. Peridium, gleba, capillitium, flocci, sporæ.

Uredineæ. Sorus, uredosporæ, teleutosporeæ, mesosporæ, pseudo-peridium, aecidiosporæ, paraphyses.

Ustilagineæ. Sorus, sporæ.

Phycomyceteæ. Oogonia, oosporæ, antheridia, zygosporæ, azygosporæ, zoosporangia, zoosporæ, sporangia, sporæ.

Pyrenomyceteæ et *Phymatosphæriaceæ*. Stroma, peritheciun, loculus, ascus, sporidia, paraphyses.

Discomyceteæ et *Tuberoideæ*. Ascoma, gleba, ascus, sporidia, paraphyses.

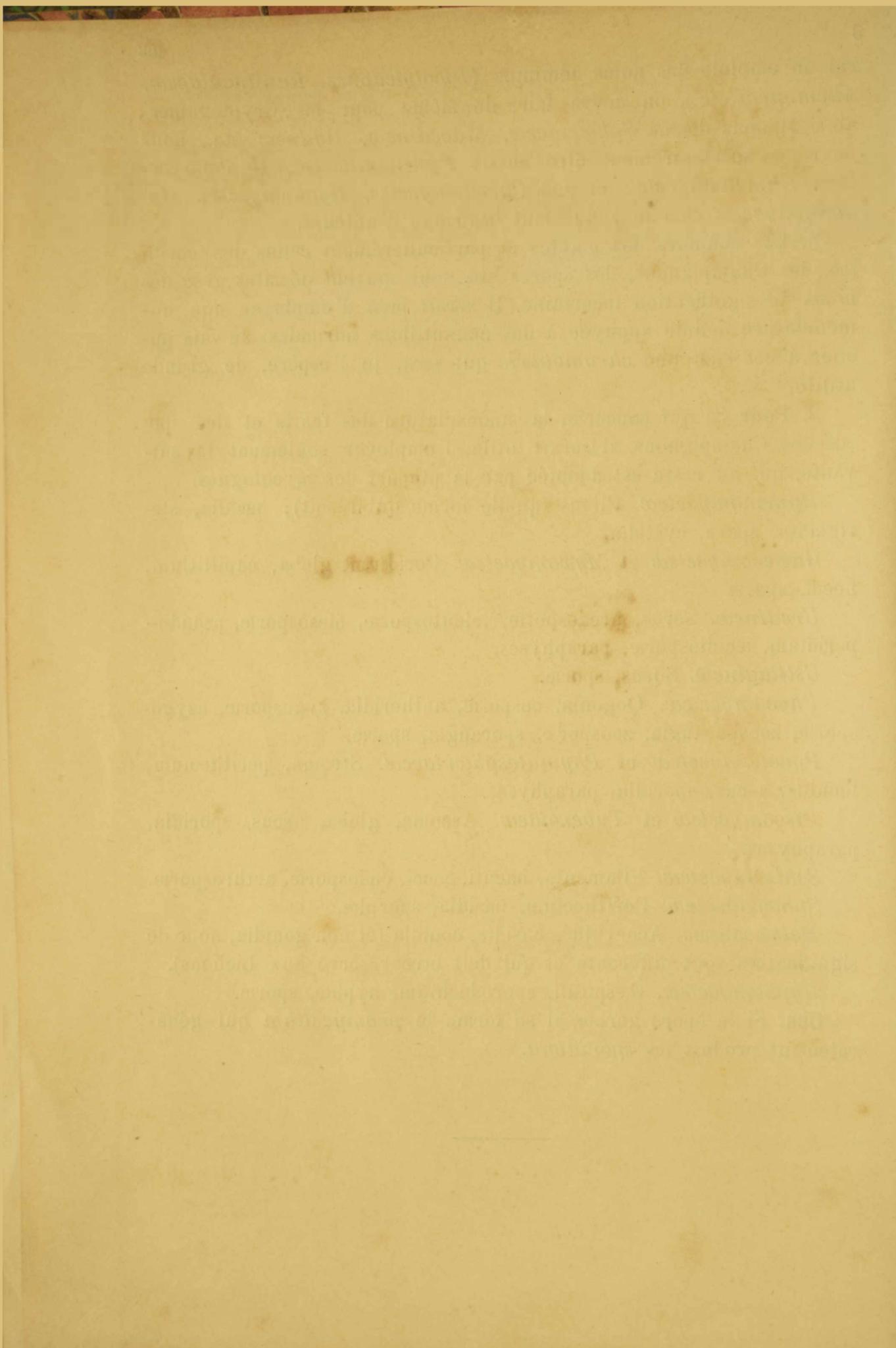
Schizomyceteæ. Filamenta, baculi, cocci, endosporæ, arthrosporæ.

Sphæropsidæ. Peritheciun, basidia, sporulæ.

Melanconieæ. Acervulus, basidia, conidia (et non gonidia, nom de signification tout différente et qui doit être réservé aux Lichens).

Hypomyceteæ. Cæspituli, sporodochium, hyphæ, sporæ.

Obs. Si la spore germe, il se forme le *promycelium* qui généralement produit les *sporidiola*.



MOTIONS SUPPLÉMENTAIRES

PRÉSENTÉES AU

CONGRÈS INTERNATIONAL DE BOTANIQUE DE VIENNE

PAR

P. A. SACCARDO

1^o Les auteurs doivent exiger que les éditeurs de leurs travaux publiés dans des périodiques indiquent sur les tirés-à-part *la date de la publication* (année et mois) et aussi *la désignation du périodique dont le travail est extrait*.

2^o Les tirés-à-part doivent toujours *porter la pagination du périodique dont ils sont tirés*, et à volonté en plus, une pagination particulière.

3^o Il est recommandé aux auteurs de donner *l'étymologie des nouveaux noms génériques* et aussi des noms spécifiques lorsque le sens de ceux-ci n'est pas de prime abord évident.

4^o Ne pas omettre dans les ouvrages systématiques et floristiques de quelque étendue de faire suivre les noms génériques et spécifiques *de la date de leur création*.

Avellino, juin 1904.

MOTIFS SURNATURELS

CHAPITRE II
LES MOTIFS DE LA NATURE

GRANDEURS

Le motif de la grandeur est l'un des motifs surnaturels les plus courants et les plus importants. Il existe de nombreux types de grandeurs, mais la plus importante est celle qui décrit la taille des êtres et des choses. Les motifs de la grandeur sont utilisés pour décrire la force, la puissance et la domination.

Les motifs de la grandeur sont utilisés dans les mythes et les légendes pour décrire la force et la puissance des dieux et des héros. Ils sont également utilisés pour décrire la force et la puissance des animaux et des plantes.

Le motif de la grandeur est également utilisé dans les mythes et les légendes pour décrire la force et la puissance des éléments naturels, tels que le soleil, la lune, les étoiles et les montagnes. Il est également utilisé pour décrire la force et la puissance des forces naturelles, telles que la tempête, la pluie et la neige.

Le motif de la grandeur est également utilisé dans les mythes et les légendes pour décrire la force et la puissance des personnes, tels que les rois, les reines et les héros. Il est également utilisé pour décrire la force et la puissance des animaux et des plantes.

LE MOTIF DE LA GRANDEUR

De diagnostica et nomenclatura mycologica.

Admonita quaedam.¹⁾

Auctore P. A. Saccardo.

I.

Auctores specierum novarum, qui eas morphologice et biologice prolixè describunt, velint addere earum diagnoses secundum artis regulas, lingua anglica, gallica, germanica, italica sed potissimum, si fas est, latina.

E longa et saepe incomposita descriptione notae essentiales dispersae et non raro incompletae non sine difficultate et incertitudine eruuntur, unde diagnoses, in operibus systematicis inserendae, saepe vitiatae, omnino ex culpa auctorum originalium.

II.

Fungorum plantae matrices nominibus scientificis latinis indicentur nec vernaculis anglicis, italicis etc. saepe dubiae interpretationis.

Omnibus compertum est matricem praesertim fungorum parasitorum, maximi momenti esse.

III.

Dimensiones tantum mensurā metricā indicentur. Ubi minimae sunt tantum micromillimetrum adhibetur, nec fractiones millimetri vel aliarum mensurarum, quae zeris et virgulis oneratae, sunt faciles errorum causae.

IV.

Brevitatis causa, inter dimensiones longitudinis et latitudinis maximas organorum microscopicorum signum ≈, jam ab anno 1872 usitatum, adhibendum est, nec signa ×, =, : sensu alieno a mathematicis jam usurpata.

V.

Ubi nomini specierum ad aliud genus translatarum, auctor originalis inter parentheses (quod enixe commendandum¹⁾) citetur, etiam auctor novae combinationis citandus est.

Exemplum: Cl. Winter scripsit: *Sphaerella convexula* (Schw.) nullo addito auctore combinationis. Sed notatio fallax, nam ex ea lector facere potest aut *Sphaerella convexula* (Schw.) Wint., aut *Sphaerella convexula* Wint.: utrumque nomen erroneum nam verum est *Sphaerella convexula* (Schw.) Thüm.²⁾

¹⁾ Ex his nonnulla jam edidi in „Hedw.“ 1891, „Nuova Notarisia“ 1891 et „American Naturalist“ 1891.

²⁾ Ipse quoque in Syll. fung. vol. V et VI elevans subgenera *Agaricacearum* et *Polyporacearum* Friesiana in genera propria, ne nimis nomen meum citarem, omisi nomen auctoris novae combinationis, sed nunc me poenitet cum videam non raro nomen meum citatum loco Quéletii et Gilletii, quibus revera spectat. Ita cl. P. Hennings habet *Panaeolus campanulatus* (L.) Sacc., *Volvaria gloiocephala* (Fr.) Sacc. pro *Panaeolo campanulato* (L.) Quél., *Volvaria gloiocephala* (Fr.) Gill. etc. etc.

VI.

Nomina divisionum systematicarum e genere femineo uniformiter habenda sunt, ut plerique magistri habuerunt, subintelligendo plantae.

Saepe legimus subsequenter: *Euthallophyta* . . . *Phycomycetes* . . . *Mucoraceae*.¹⁾ Quae verba multo rectius scriberentur: *Euthallophytae*, *Phycomycetae*, *Mucoraceae*.

VII.

Nomenclatura receptaculorum, sporarum etc. fungorum, ut sit quantum fieri potest uniformis, sequens commendatur:²⁾

Hymenomycetae: pileus (quaecumque sit forma); basidia; sterigmata; sporae; cystidia.

Gasteromycetae et *Myxomycetae*: peridium; gleba; capillitium; flocci; sporae.

Uredinaceae: sorus; teleutosorus; uredosorus; teleutospores; mesospores; uredosporae; pseudoperidium; aecidiosporae; caeomospores; epiteosporae.

Ustilaginaceae: sorus; sporae.

Phycomycetae: oogonia; oosporae; antheridia; sporangia; zygosporae; azygosporae; zoosporangia; zoospores; conidiophora; conidia.

Pyrenomycetae et *Phymatosphaeriaceae*: stroma; peritheciun. loculus. ascus; sporidia; paraphyses.

Discomycetae et *Tuberoideae*: ascoma; gleba; ascus; sporidia; paraphyses.

Schizomycetae: filaments; baculi; cocci; endospores; arthrospores.

Sphaeropsidaceae: stroma; pycnidium;³⁾ basidia; sporulae.

Melanconiaceae: acervulus; basidia; conidia (nec gonidia, quae omnino diversa et Lichenibus propria).

Hyphomycetae: caespitus; sporodochium; hyphae; conidiophora; conidia.

Obs. E spora, sensu lato, generatur per germinationem promycelium, quod gignit sporidiola (nec, uti multi dicunt, sporidia).

VIII.

Fungi inferiores, seu *Deuteromycetae*, prope statum eorum perfectum (si adest per experimenta demonstratum) citandi v. describendi sunt, sed iidem in opere systematico sunt seorsim et nomine proprio describendi

¹⁾ Ipse nomina *Hymenomycetes*, *Pyrenomycetes* etc. nuper reformavi in *Hymenomycetae*, *Pyrenomycetae* etc.

²⁾ Quam sit inconveniens hujus uniformitatis defectus patet e. g. in cl. v. Höhnelli "Fragm. mycol." supra p. 38 et seq., ubi *Tilletiae* tribuitur sporidium pro spora, *Ramulariae* sporulam pro conidio, *Coniothyrio* sporidium pro sporula, *Sirozythiae* conidium pro sporula etc.

³⁾ Ipse hoc usque etiam pro *Sphaeropsidaceis* peritheciis nomen adhibui; sed nunc libenter plerisque mycologis assentior et pycnidium laudo.

cum suis congeneribus vel saltem nominandi una cum citatione ad locum ubi cum statu perfecto sunt descripti.

Opportunitas seorsim describendi omnes formas mycetum inferiorum ex eo oritur quod de quam plurimis ex ingenti cohorte formis omnino nescimus cui speciei perfectae pertineant et ex eo quod eaedem a statu perfecto plerumque maxime recedant, unde difficultas maxima comperiendi an forma una vel altera jam descripta sit (*anonyma*) cum suo statu perfecto. Ab hac regula excipiendae sunt species generis *Uredo*, quae cum sint saepissime cum statu teleutosporico (*Uromyces*, *Puccinia* etc.) adsociatae, cum hoc tantum describi debent; sed *Aecidii*, *Epiteae*, *Caeomatis*, *Aecidioli* species etiam seorsim describendae aut saltem nominandae sunt. Status conidiophori *Peronosporae* et *Cystopodis* pariter simul cum adnexo statu perfecto solum describendi sunt.

IX.

Nomina fungorum metagenesi carentium secundum regulas nomenclaturae pro ceteris vegetabilibus sanctitas conformanda sunt; sed quoad *Uredinaceas* et *Ascomycetas* metageneticas normae particulares habendae sunt.

X.

Nomen legitimum *Uredinacearum* est quod induit status teleutosporicus, secundarium est quod induunt status inferiores (*Uredo*, *Epitea*, *Caeoma*, *Aecidium*, *Aecidiolum*). Etiam ubi compertum sit nomen status inferioris cuiusdam speciei editum esse anterius quam nomen status correlativi perfecti, non licet nomen specificum hujus status cum illo status inferioris mutare prioritatis praetextu, nisi compertum sit postremum etiam formam perfectam complecti uti saepe evenit de *Uredine* respectu ad *Uromycetis*, *Pucciniae*, *Coleosporii* etc. species.

Ubi nomen *Aecidii*, licet anterius, transferre volumus ad status teleutosporicos, omnino contra veritatem agimus. Duo exempla sufficient ex plurimis. I. Ubi *Puccinia Caricis* Reb. (1804) nomen mutamus in *P. Urticae* (Schum.) Lagerh., ex eo quod nomen status aecidialis (*Aecidium Urticae* Schum., 1803) est anterius, duo falsa dicimus, nempe Schumacherum cognovisse et distinxisse *Pucciniam Caricis*, quam non distinxit et *Pucciniam* hanc vigere in *Urtica*, quae *Pucciniam* nullam hospitatur. II. Ubi vulgarissimae *Puccinia graminis* Pers. (1797) nomen transmutamus in *Puccinia poculiformis* (Jacq.) Wetts. ex eo quod ejus status aecidialis nomen (*Lycoperdon poculiforme* Jacq., 1783) est anterius, duo falsa quoque dicimus, nempe Jacquinum cognovisse et distinxisse *Pucciniam graminis* et hanc formam poculi sumere, a qua forma abhorret.

XI.

Quoad species hetericas *Uredinacearum* recentius distinctas, nomina a cl. Klebahn, Arthur aliisque proposita, matrices binas memorantia, videntur approbanda, hac tamen conditione, quod adjективum specificum non amplius quam binis verbis componatur et quod in hoc, primum locum teneat matrix status teleutosporici, secundum matrix *Aecidii*.

Hinc dicendum: *Puccinia Pseudocyperi-Ribesii* nec *Pucc. Ribesii-Pseudocyperi* Kleb.; *Melampsora populin-Alli*, nec *Mel. Allii-populina* Kleb.

XII.

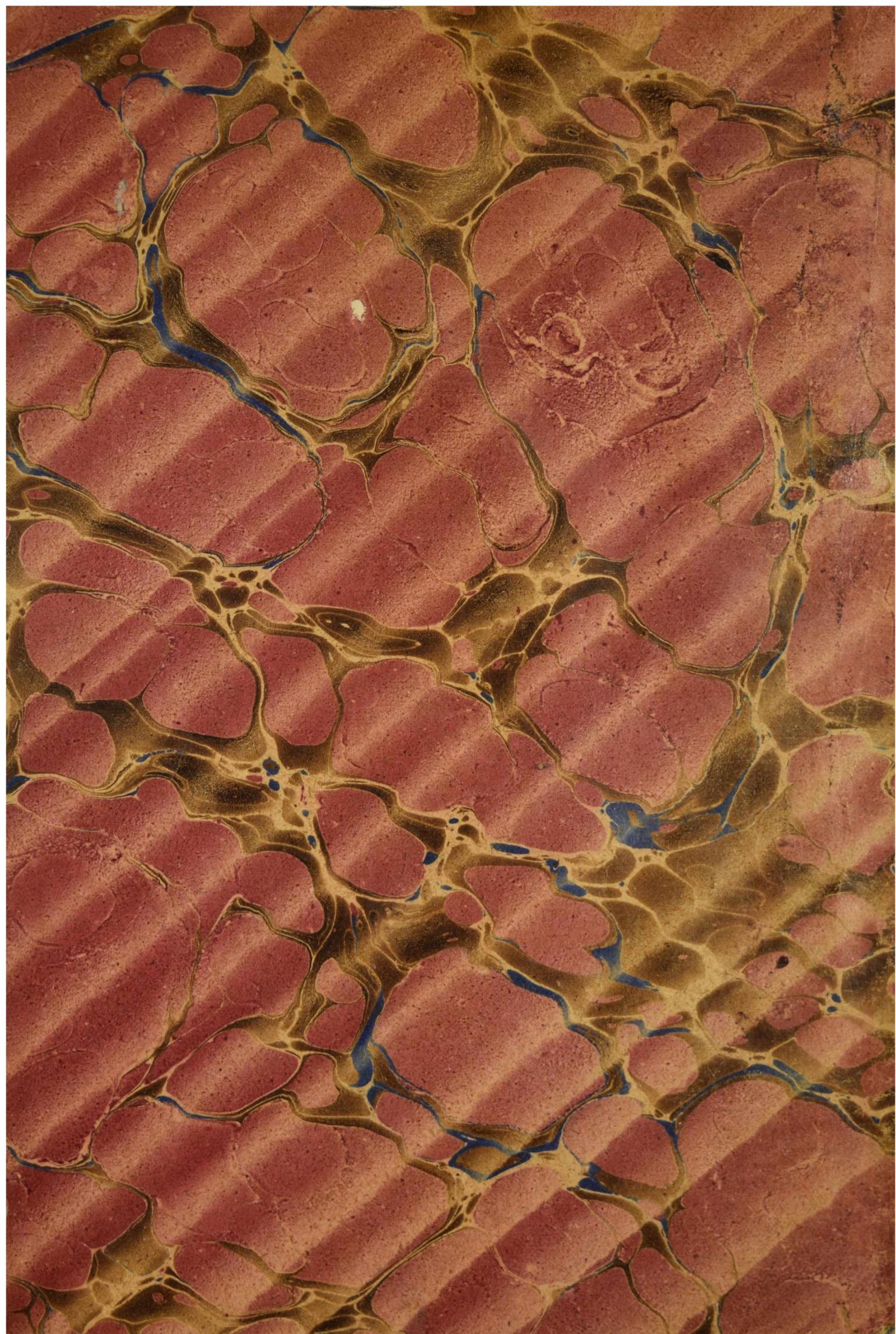
Quod de nomenclatura *Uredinacearum* dictum est, valet pro *Ascomycetis*.

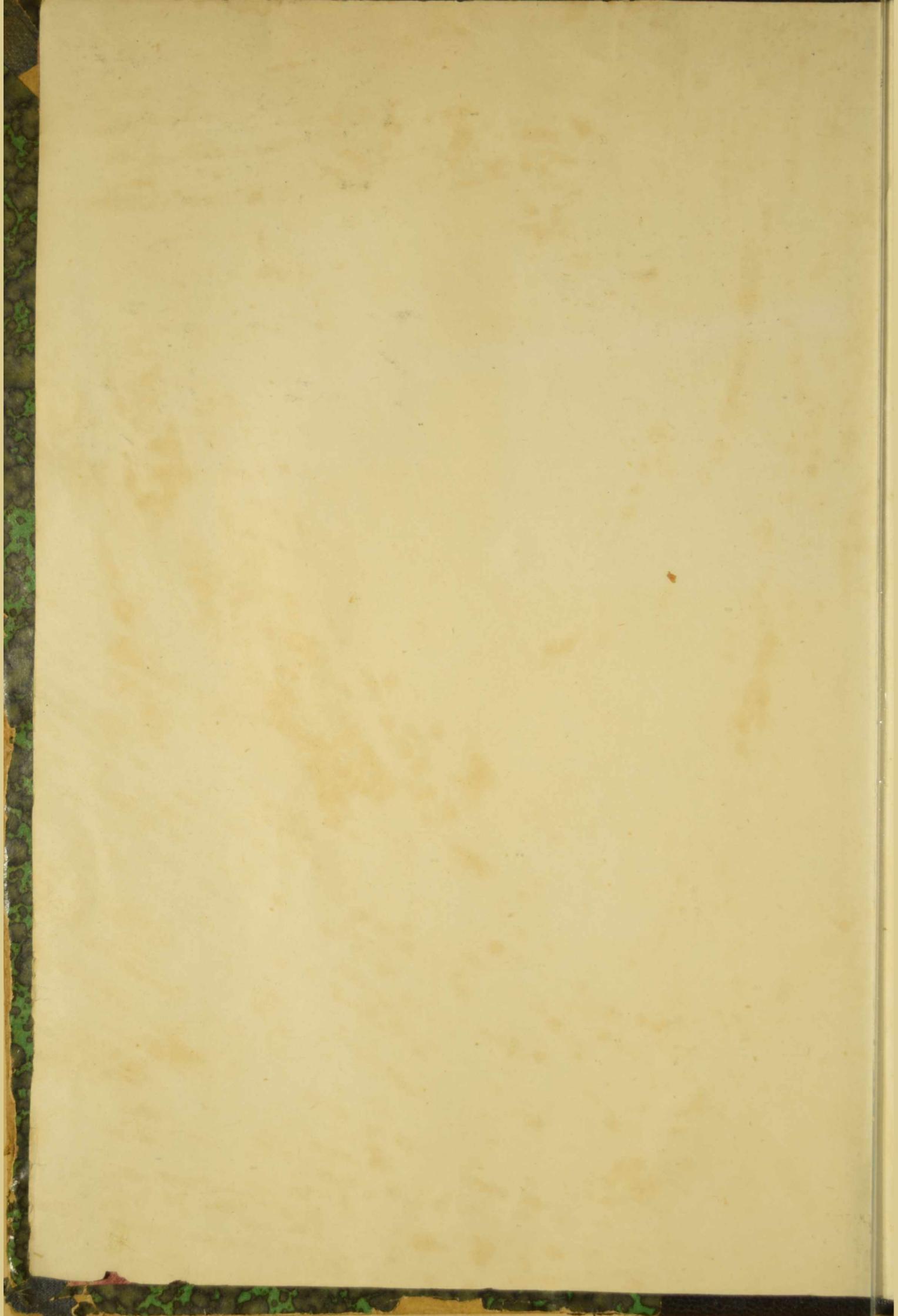
Hinc e. g. incorrectum est scribere *Glomerella rufo-maculans* (Berk.) Schrenk et Spaulding, ex eo quod status conidiophorus sit *Sectoria* (*Gloeosporium*) *rufo-maculans* Berk. (1854), qui statum ascophorum nullum vidit nec descripsit; sed scribendum est *Glomerella fructigena* (Clinton) Sacc. nam status ascophorus est *Gnomoniopsis fructigena* Clinton, 1902.

XIII.

Adjectiva specifica cum suo nomine generico concordare debent.

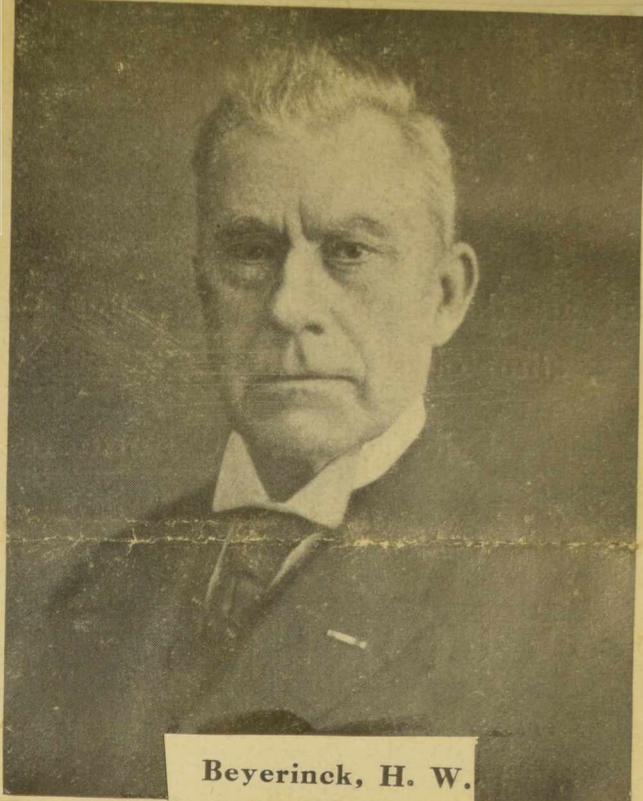
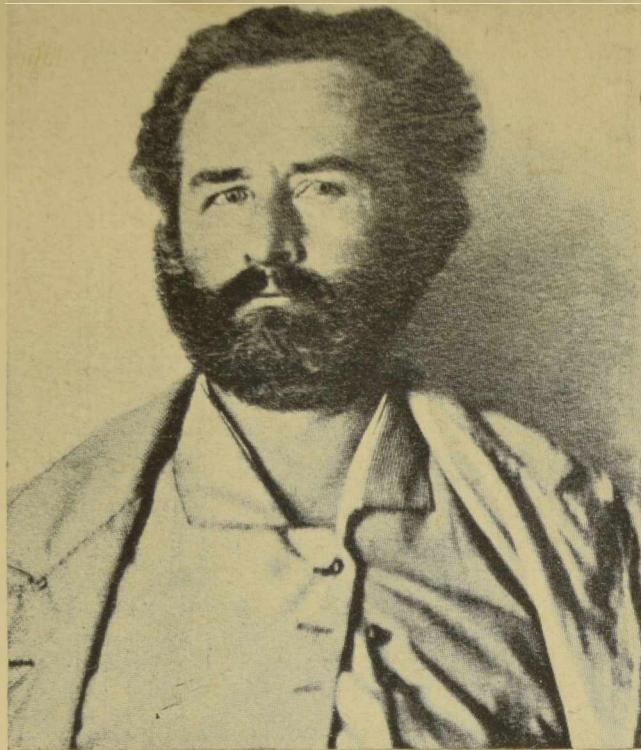
Hinc nomina: *Glomerella cinctum* (B. et C.) Spauld. et Schr., *Glomerella piperatum* (E. et Ev.) Spauld. et Schr., *Puccinia hibisciatum* (Schw.) Kell., ita formata quod status inferiores (*Gloeosporium* et *Aecidium*) sunt e genere neutro, repudianda sunt, eo magis quod auctores citati inter parentheses tantum statum imperfectum, a perfecto diversissimum cognoverant. Nomina *Nummularia nummularium* (Bull.) Keissl. Krypt. exsicc. Vindob. no. 516 (1900) et ob tautologiam et ob membra heterogenea etiam omnino rejicienda.





Gedenkboek Franz Junghuhn

1809—1907



Beyerinck, H. W.

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Proced. Leg. Spegazzini.

Fecha

SYLLOGE
FUNGORUM

OMNIUM HUCUSQUE COGNITORUM.

DIGESSIT

P. A. SACCARDO



PATAVII
XIII JUNII MDCCCLXXXII
SUMPTIBUS AUCTORIS
TYPIS SEMINARII.

БЕЛЫЙ

ИЗДАНИЕ АКАДЕМИЧЕСКОЕ

МНОГОЛЕТНЕГО ПОДРОДА

САСЕВИДО

1877

Издатель
Академический, 1877 г.
Санкт-Петербург
Академический

MUSÉO
INSTITUTO DE BOTANICA
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PRÆFATIO

Quinquaginta elapsi sunt anni post systematis mycologici Friesiani editionem, nec ullum opus posthinc prodiit, quod totius orbis mycetes complecti eniteretur. Quantum observationes mycologicæ (præcipue microscopii auxilio) per decem hæc lustra accretæ, quot et quantæ in tota morphologia et taxonomia fungorum acquisitiones factæ, quot species et genera nova descripta nemo profecto mycologorum ignorat; neminemque latet utilitas, ne dicam necessitas, libri cujuscumque, collectitii quidem, ubi species omnes hucusque descriptæ inveniantur. Hoc affirmare audeo quod si intra paucos annos liber hujuscemodi adhuc defuerit, mycographia tota in chaos dilabi maxime periclitaretur; nemo enim potest innumera opera, opuscula, diaria, annales, ubi quotidie species descriptæ sunt, consulere, et inde vel species novæ frustra conditæ vel vere novæ metu inexploratae vel oblivioni traditæ. His perpensis, operis hujusmodi perscribendi propositum duobus abhinc annis mycologis manifestavi. Et nunc eorum votis et incitamentis ferventissimis benignisque fretus, *Syllogen fungorum omnium* aggredior. Animus est, Deo favente, opus universum intra decennium absolvere et re vera copiosa adsunt jam mihi ad hoc perficiendum elementa. Sed magni mihi et scientiæ foret si collegæ æstumatissimi, gravissimi laboris partes quasdam suscipere velint; quo fieret ut et opus totum multo celerius prodiret et singulæ fungorum familiæ concinnius

elaboratæ. De Sylloge, quam suscipio, sequentia præmonenda sunt.

I. Species, quarum diagnoses eduntur, non paucæ a me ipso observatæ sunt; ceteræ ex mycologorum quam plurimorum operibus, quæ citantur, excerptæ sunt. De his vero sponzionem nullam mihi sumere licet.

II. Contigisse potest quod species identica bis vel plures variis nominibus exponatur: sed cum de æquipollentia nominum certitudo mihi adhuc desideretur, species omnes referre coactus fui, tutius judicium autoptis relinquens.

III. Diagnoses fungorum, quotquot potui (nec multas deesse spero) undecumque comparare studui. Mycologos tamen enixe rogo, ut si quas diagnoses sibi notas omiserim humanissime transmittant. Propositum est enim diagnoses omissas vel illas fungorum novorum quotannis imprimendi, et eo modo ut singula additamenta suis locis inseri queant. Mycologos insuper rogatos velim ut nominibus plantarum nutricum nonnisi latinis utantur et fungorum dimensiones tantummodo per millimetra et micromillimetra exprimant *).

IV. Diagnoses ubi completas invenire potui, ex unico auctore exscripti vel latine reddidi; sæpe vero e duobus, raro pluribus auctoribus sese invicem perficientibus erui. Hoc vero non feci nisi quum omnino certus essem diversas auctorum notas ad eamdem speciem pertinere. Si aliter, fontes vel dubia notavi. Diagnoses plurimas nimis longas, ablatis minoris momenti notis, breviavi, rarius reformavi.

V. Species omnes hucusque cognitas, quantum fieri potuit, ad genera nuperrime strictius definita referre conatus sum. Studiosis tamen valde commendo ut suas species non sub uno genere inquirant, sed et sub affinibus omnibus; non

*) In præsenti opere, ut in præcedentibus meis, ad organa minima metienda adhibetur micromillimetrum ($= \frac{1}{1000}$ millimetri) quod exprimitur signo μ . Ubi adsunt numeri, interjecto signo \vee , primus numerus denotat maximum longitudinem, alter vero maximam latitudinem organi v. fungi partis, de qua sermo est.

raro enim forte contigit ut species quasdam mihi non vi-sas, ob ignorantiam characterum quorundam, ad genera non stricte sua, etsi affinia, invitus adduxerim. Conferantur e. g. species *Hypoxyli* et *Nummulariæ*, *Didymellæ* et *Sphæ-rellæ*, *Læstadice* et *Physalosporæ* etc. etc. *).

VI. Genera vastiora, quantum fieri potuit, in subgenera vel sectiones divisi; sed et hic contigisse potest, ut species, ob notas non plene definitas, ad sectionem non suam relatæ sint. Sub variis ergo generis sectionibus species late inquirendæ sunt.

VII. Species minus certas ad singulorum generum cal-cem subjunxi; species vero prorsus dubias ad finem sub-ordinis vel ordinis singuli addidi, nolens ulla formas ne-gligere, ex eo quod fungi quoque male hodie definiti in posterum iterum reperiri riteque describi possint.

VIII. Quoad fungos secundarios seu metageneticos (ad Ascomycetes spectantes) nomina plerumque tantum citavi; diagnoses vero sub proprio ordine reperientur.

IX. De dispositione systematica adhibita pauca mihi no-tanda. In quoque ordine quod ex auctorum systematibus mihi rectius et simplicius visum prætuli. Quoad *Pyreno-mycteas*, *Sphæropsideas*, *Melanconieas*, *Hyphomyceteas* sistema sporologicum meum cum vegetativo auctorum com-binatum, correctis corrigendis, adhibui. Si quid boni, sim-plicis et naturalis in hoc systemate insit, mycographia hæc universalis tute demonstrabit.

X. Si observationes quasdam ab illis Auctorum desci-scentes addere necessarium duxerim, has inter signa « » imprimi curavi.

XI. Index librorum mycologorum, (re vera fere omnium

*) Errores et facillime vitandos nonnullos jam irrepsisse candide fateor. Sic species n. 881 evidentissime eadem est ac n. 847; species n. 2171 omnino eadem ac n. 2196. Sed lectores veniam dabunt, spero, ubi meminisse velint schedulas diagnosum fere innumeras et multiformes, perlongo labore fuisse mihi digerendas, seligendas et in systema ordinandas.

hucusque editorum) ex quibus diagnoses excerpti, Syllogi præmittitur. Si libros quosdam et hinc diagnoses contentas omiserim mycologis tunc facile patebit.

XII. Ad finem cujusque sectionis vel subordinis addidi repertorium alphabeticum specierum secundum matrices, quod quam utile sit in nominibus fungorum inquirendis nemo est qui ignoret. Tam repertorium istud, quam indicem librorum prædictum, peritiæ et diligentiae JACOBI BIZZOZERO, Horti patavini conservatori debo, cui publice permultas ago gratias.

Restat nunc ut botanicis æstumatissimis amicisque plurimis tam Europæ quam Americæ, qui operi meo strenue variisque rationibus faverunt, gratias perquam maximas agam. Inter quos licitum sit mihi illos tantum citare qui vel suorum magni pretii operum duplum exemplar mitten-
do, vel libros perraros mycologicos commodando vel transcribendo, vel tandem operis notitiam per diaria benevole diffundendo, Sylloges vitam excitarunt; qui sunt: M. J. BERKELEY ¹⁾, T. CARUEL, V. CESATI, M. C. COOKE, J. B. ELLIS, J. H. FABRE, P. A. KARSTEN, E. LAMBOTTE, G. DE NISSL, G. PASSERINI, C. PECK, N. PEDICINO, O. PENZIG ²⁾, DOCT. REHM, C. ROUMEGUÉRE, J. SCHRÖTER, C. SPEGAZZINI, F. DE THÜMEN, G. WINTER.

Patavii, XIII Junii, MDCCCLXXXII.

P. A. SACCARDO

1) Referre lætor illustrissimum et venerabilem BERKELEY benevole mihi misisse (præter alia opera sua) schedulas permultas diagnoses Hymenomyctum a se jam editorum continentes, quas paraverat ad Syllogen concinnandam, quæ in omnium votis erat. Occupationes vero tardaque ætas propositum impediverunt. Utinam celeberrimo Viro datum sit fructus suos videre cunctos in hac Sylloge sistematice recollectos.

2) Fungorum aliquot nondum plene descriptorum egregius et amicus prof. PENZIG paravit adumbrationes, quibus usus sum ad eorumdem diagnoses perficiendas.

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PYRENOMYCETEÆ FR. EM. DE NOT.

Giorn. bot. ital. II. p. 322 (1844)

Fungi perithecio ascigero instructi, ut plurimum phytogeni, rarius zoogeni, numquam vere terrestres. Adsunt in plerisque varii status secundarii seu metagenetici familias Sphaeropsidearum, Melanconiearum atque Hyphomycetearum sistentes.

Fam. 1. Perisporiaceæ FR. Summa V. S. p. 375 p. p.

Simplices. Perithecia membranacea, coriacea v. subcarbonacea tota clausa, hinc astoma et irregulariter fissilia.

Subfam. 1. Erysiphæ Lév.

Biogenæ, seu parasiticæ in plantis vivis, mycelio effuso arachnideo albido (plerumque *Oidii erysiphoidis* formas sistente) insertæ. Perithecia appendicibus variis plerumque eumorphis instructa subglobosa, astoma, tenui-membranacea.

Clavis analytica generum.

1. Amerosporæ: sporidiis ovoideis continuis hyalinis.

Perithecia	monoasca; asci 8-spori; carpogonia orthotropa; peritheciæ appendices	{ apice pluries refracto-dichotomæ simplices v. vase ramosæ, hyphoideæ .	<i>Podosphæra</i> <i>Sphaerotheca</i>
	polyasca; asci 2-8-spori; carpogonia campylotropa; peritheciæ appendices	{ aciculares, basi sæpe inflatæ apice uncinatæ; asci globoso-ovoidei . . . apice rectæ; asci teretiæculi apice pluries refracto-dichotomæ simplices vase ramosæ; asci ovoidei . . . obsoletæ; asci oblongi	<i>Phyllactinia</i> <i>Uncinula</i> <i>Pleochæta</i> <i>Microsphæra</i> <i>Erysiphe</i> <i>Erysiphella</i>

2. Dictyosporæ: sporidiis clathrato-septatis.

Perithecia polyasca; asci octospori globosi v. oblongi . . . *Saccardia*

Sect. 1. Amerosporæ.

a) Perithecia monoasca.

PODOSPHÆRA Kunze Myc. Heft. II. p. 111. Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 1851 XV.

p. 135 (Etym. *pous*, pes et *sphæra*, h. e. sphærula quasi pedicellis instructa). — Mycelium effusum arachnoideum, plerumque evanidum; perithecia sphærica, monoasca, asco octosporo; sporidia ovoidea, continua, hyalina; appendices parcæ (3-8), dichotomæ, fuscæ, apice hyalinæ, turgidæ. Stat. conidicus *Oidii erysiphoidis* formas sistens.

Clavis specierum.

Appendices peritheciū subæquantes	<i>Oxyacanthæ</i>
» perithecio triplo longiores radiatim divergentes	<i>myrtillina</i>
» » » erecto-fasciculatæ .	<i>tridactyla</i>
» » 6-10-plo longiores cirrhosæ	<i>Schlechtendalu</i>
» » » biuncinatæ	<i>biuncinata</i>

1. **Podosphæra Oxyacanthæ** (DC.) de Bary Syst. Ueb. Erys. in Hedw. 1 1871 p. 68. *Erysiphe Oxyacanthæ* DC. (1815), *Podosphæra clandestina* (Wallr. 1819) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851 p. 135 t. 6. fig. 5. — Amphigena; peritheciis minutis, globosis, sparsis; appendicibus (8-10) peritheciū sub-æquantibus, ramulis brevibus apice dilatato-rotundatis.

Hab. in foliis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ et C. monogyna in tota fere Europa, Algeria etc.

2. **Podosphæra myrtillina** Kunze Myk. Heft. II. p. 111. *P. Kunzei* 2 Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV., p. 135 (p. p.), t. 6. f. 6. — Amphigena; peritheciis sparsis, sphæroideis, minutis; appendicibus ter perithecii diametrum superantibus, pluribus (6-10), in perithecii parte superiore sparsis, radiatim divergentibus aut arcuatim reflexis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Vaccinii Myrtilli, in Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Italia etc.

3. **Podosphæra tridactyla** (Wallr.) de Bary Syst. Ueb. Erys. in Hedw. 3 1871 p. 68. *Alphitomorpha tridactyla* Wallr. *Podosphæra Kunzei* Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. (p. p. in Prunis). — Amphigena; peritheciis sphæroideis minutis, appendicibus paucis (3-7) e summo perithecio erectis, parallelis.

Hab. in utraque pagina Pruni Padi, P. spinosa, P. Cerasi, P. domesticæ etc. in tota fere Europa, America boreali.

4. **Podosphæra Schlechtendalii** Lév. Disp. meth. Erys. p. 29 t. 6. 4
fig. 7. — Hypophylla; peritheciis globosis minutis sparsis; appendicibus parcis, longissimis, perithecii diametrum decies superantibus, ramulis filiformibus cirrhosis.

Hab. Nenilly prope Parisios ad folia Salicis albæ et viminalis.

5. **Podosphæra biuncinata** C. et Peck 22 Rep. p. 94. — Mycelio tenui; 5
peritheciis minutis, nigris; appendicibus 6-10, longissimis, hyalinis, bi-uncinatis, apicibus quandoque repetito-divisis; asco globoso, octosporo.

Hab. in Amer. boreal., Poughkeepsie, New-Baltimore etc. in foliis Hamamelidis virginianæ. — Appendicularum rami curvuli, fere rectangulo-patentes.

SPHÆROTHeca Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851 XV. p. 138 (Etym. *sphæra* et *theca*, h. e. ascus sphæricus). — Perithecia monoasca, appendicibus floccosis vagis mycelio intertextis cincta; ascus globosus, octosporus; sporidia ovoidea, continua, hyalina. — St. conidicus *Oidii erysiphoidis* v. *leucoconii* formas sistit.

Clavis specierum.

Species calyci-foliicolæ; appendices hyalinæ	{	mycelium crassum pannosum	<i>pannosa</i>
		mycelium tenue pruinatum	<i>pruinosa</i>
Species foliicolæ; appendices fuligineæ	{	vage ramosæ	{ ascus amplius <i>Castagnei</i>
			ascus minor <i>Niessliae</i>
		setiformes, simplices, copiosæ	<i>Epilobii</i>
Species fructicola		parcissimæ v. nullæ	<i>detonsa</i>
			<i>Mors-uvæ</i>

1. **Sphærotheca pannosa** (Wallr.) Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851 XV. 6
p. 138 t. 6 fig. 8. *Alphitomorpha pannosa* Wallr. (1819). — Mycelio lanuginoso, dein pannoso, persistente; peritheciis minutis, globosis, sparsis; appendicibus floccosis, hyalinis, perithecio brevioribus; ascis globulosis; sporidiis octonis ovoideis.

Hab. in foliis, calycibus ramulisque Rosarum cultarum, perithecia plerumque in calycibus ramulisque tantum, in Anglia, Gallia, Belgio, Italia, Germania, Amer. bor., India. — St. conidicus *Oidium leucoconium* Desm. sistit.

2. **Sphærotheca pruinosa** C. et Peck 25 Rep. p. 94. — Hypogena; 7
mycelio tenui, effuso, persistente; peritheciis minutis nigris; appendicibus parcis, longis, hyalinis; asco ovato, octosporo.

Podosphæra leucosticha
= Oidium farinosum

Hab. in Amer. boreal. Greenbush in foliis *Rhois glabré*.

— A *Sph. Castagnei* præcipue differt appendiculis longis, hyalinis.

3. **Sphærotheca Castagnei** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, tom. XV., 8 p. 139, t. 6, f. 9 et 10. *Erysiphe macularis*, *Dipsacearum*, *Potentillæ*, *fuliginea*, *ferruginea*, *sumosa* etc. Auct. — Amphigena. Mycelio effuso, arachnoideo, plerumque evanido; peritheciis sparsis, sphæroideis, minutis; appendicibus numerosis, brevibus, sursum flexis.

Hab. in foliis *Rosacearum*, *Compositarum*, *Scrophulariacearum*, *Cucurbitacearum*, *Urticacearum*, *Plantaginearum* in tota fere Europa, America boreali, Asia.

4. **Sphærotheca Niesslii** Verhandl. z. b. Gesell. Wien. (1879). — Mycelio subnullo, evanescente; peritheciis hypophyllis, parvulis, sparsis vel pro ratione subsolitariis et nunquam aggregatis ut in *S. Castagnei*, oculo nudo atris, membrana tenui, globosis, fuscis, clathrato-areolatis sed lœvibus, 80–120 μ . plerumque 86 d.; appendiculis brevibus, numerosis, filiformibus, simplicibus, dilute fuligineis vel sæpe subhyalinis, apice obtusatis, 4–5 μ . crassis; ascis unicis, acutato-ovoideis, latis, membrana lœvi, 2 μ . crassis hyalinis, 80–60–64 crass.; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, octo, lœvibus, achrois, 20–24 = 15–16, endoplasmate subgranuloso.

Hab. in foliis surculorum juniorum *Sorbi Ariæ*, in viridario Jesuitarum Kalksburg et Leopoldsberg prope Vindobonam; in Apennino Mutinensi (Italia) Sept., Oct. — Peritheciis et ascis multo minoribus a *Sph. Castagnei* distinguitur.

5. **Sphærotheca Epilobii** (Link.) De Bary Syst. Uebers. d. Erysiph. in 10 Hedw. 1871 p. 68. *Erysiphe Epilobii* Link. Sp. pl. VI. 102. — Mycelio densissimo, ramis erectis conidiophoris et sterilibus onusto; peritheciis dense congregatis, appendicibus fuscis, simplicibus setiformibus radiatim patentibus undique horridis; ascis et sporidiis generis.

Hab. in *Epilobii parviflori* foliis, ubi maculæ magnæ fuscæ subbullatae oriuntur, in Germania.

6. **Sphærotheca detonsa** (Fr.) Kickx Fl. crypt. Fl. I. 375. *Erysiphe* 11 *detonsa* Fr. — Mycelio effuso, sordide rufescente, peritheciis globulosis, fusco-brunneis, sub vitro rufis; ascis solitariis, globulosis; appendicibus 3–4 a mycelio vix discretis, simplicibus fuscatisve, flexuosis, brevibus, interdum obsoletis.

Hab. in foliis *Apargiæ*, *Erigerontis* in Belgio (Kickx);

in foliis *Tanaceti* in Vogesis (MOUGEOT, t. Fries). — Specimina Mugeotiana pertinerent sec. Léveillé ad *Phyllactinium*, quod vere improbabile videtur.

7. **Sphærotheca Mors-uvæ** (Schw.) Berk. et Curt. in Grev. IV. p. 158. 12
Thuem. F. pomic. 92. *Erysiphe Mors-uvæ* Schw. — Mycelio denso, crassiusculo, margine albo, centro fusco-brunneo; peritheciis minutis, crebris, sparsis, atris, applanato-globosis, rugulosis, e mycelio denique emergentibus (Schw); sporidiis 15 μ . long. sec. B. et C. l. c.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Pennsylvania (Schw.) et Carolina sup. (CURTIS) in baccis Ribis Uvæ crispæ.

b) Perithecia polyasca.

PHYLLOACTINIA Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, p. 144. (Etym. *phyllon*, folium et *actin* radius). — Perithecia globoso-depressa, polyasca, majuscula, appendiculata, mycelio arachnoideo (*Oidii*) insidentia. Appendices aciculares, rectæ, radiantes basi vesiculoso-inflatæ. Ascii 2-4-spori. — Sec. Tulasne pycnidia adsunt peritheciis asco-phoris similia sed stylosporas fuscidulas ovoideas foventia.

1. **Phylloactinia suffulta** (Reb.) Sacc. Mich. II., p. 50. *Ph. guttata* 13 (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV, p. 144, t. 7, f. 11. — Amphigena sed saepius hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo plerumque evanido; peritheciis sparsis hemisphaericis, demum depresso, magnis; appendicibus hyalinis, simplicibus; ascis in singulo perithecio 4-20, breviter pedicellatis 2-4-sporis.

Hab. ad folia viva Alni, Cratægi, Pyri, Mespili, Lonicerae, Fagi, Coryli, Quercus, Carpinii, Betulæ, Fraxini, Catalpæ, Corni, Celastri etc. in tota fere Europa, Siberia asiatica, America boreali, per aestatem et autumnum.

Obs. Speciei synonymia, quam extricare conatus sum, sequens est: *Sclerotium Erysiphe* β *corylea* Pers. (1801), *Scl.* (Erysipe) *suffulta* Rebent. (1804), *E. Coryli* DC. (1805), *E. vagans* Biv. Bernh. (1815), *E. pachypus* Martius (1817), *Alphitomorpha guttata* Wallr. (1819). Ex quo patet nomen Rebentischii esse jure prioritatis præferendum. Observandum quod *Mucor Erysiphe* Linnaei et *Sclerotium Erisiphe* Pers. omnes pene Erysiphaceas complecantur.

2. **Phylloactinia Candollei** Lév. Disp. meth. Erys. p. 42. — Hypophylla; mycelio tenui evanido; peritheciis sparsis, magnis; ascis 8, tetrasporis.

Hab. in Amer. sept. ad folia Nyssæ (herb. DC.); Canada, Poe (n. 6164 ex Grevillea). — A *Ph. suffulta* (Reb.) differt ascis octonis, tetrasporis.

3. ?**Phyllactinia Schweinitzii** Lév. Disp. meth. Erysiph. p. 42. — 15
Hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis magnis, sparsis, hemisphæricis demum depresso, appendicibus nigris; ascis sporidiisque.....

Hab. Meudon (Gallia), ad folia Quercus sessilifloræ (Lév. l. c.): — Species dubia et ob ignotam fructificationem et ob defectum vesiculæ basilaris appendicularum.

4. ?**Phyllactinia fungicola** (Schulz.) Sacc. *Erysiphe fungicola* Schulz. 16
Myk. in Österr. bot. Zeit. 1876, p. 58. — Peritheciis brunneofuscis, sphæricis, 300 μ . diam., subiculo mucedineo stellatim effuso insidentibus; conidiis in hyphis acrogenis brunneis; appendicibus radiatis, basi inflatis; ascis vesicularibus, copiosis, 1-2-sporis; sporidiis ovato-cylindraceis 4 = 1,5.

Hab. in superficie Boleti duriusculi, Slavonia. — Videtur *Phyllactiniae* species, sed ob habitationem insuetam dubia.

UNCINULA Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, XVI, p. 151. (Etym. ab *uncus*, quia appendices uncinatae). — Perithecia polyasca, ascis bi-octosporis; appendices simplices ramosæve, apice uncinatae, hyalinæ. Mycelium arachnoideum v. pruinatum, conidiis ovoideis, *Oidii erysiphoidis* formas sistens.

Clavis specierum.

Asci bispori	{ in quovis perithecio quaterni	Bivonæ
	{ in quovis perithecio plures (8-12)	macrospora
Asci trispori		intermedia
Asci tetraspori		adunca
Asci 4-6-spori	{ appendices omnino hyalinæ	Clintonii
	{ appendices deorsum fuligineæ	Ampelopsisidis
Asci 6-spori	{ appendices sursum non contortæ	Prunastri
	{ appendices sursum spiraliter contortæ	americana
Asci 8-spori	{ appendices flexuosa	flexuosa
	{ conidia ovoidea { appendices bifidae, un-	
		rectæ { cinatae Aceris
		simplices circinata
	conidia globosa	Tulasnei

1. **Uncinula Bivonæ** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. XV. 1851 t. 7 fig. 14. 17
Erysiphe clandestina Biv. Bern. (1815). — Mycelio arachnoideo evanido; peritheciis plerumque sparsis minutis; ascis quaternis,

subglobosis, bisporis; appendicibus perithecium vix superantibus, apice uncinatis.

Hab. in foliis *Ulm *i campestr*is in Gallia, Italia, Germania.***

2. **Uncinula macrospora** Peck. 25 Rep. p. 95 (1871). — Mycelio effuso, 18 persistente; peritheciis subglobosis; appendiculis copiosis (30 vel pluribus), perithecium fere æquantibus; ascis 8-12, bisporis; sporidiis magnis ellipsoideis, 30-36 μ . longis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Buffalo, in foliis *Ulm *american*æ. — Ab *U. Bivonæ* differt ascis et appendiculis copiosioribus, mycelioque persistente.***

3. **Uncinula intermedia** B. et C., Berk. North Amer. Fungi n. 995 19 (1876). — Peritheciis in macula lata candida insidentibus; appendicibus plurimis; sporidiis majoribus, ternis.

Hab. in foliis *Ulm *Alabama, Amer. bor. — Verisimiliter non differt ab *U. macrospora* Peck.**

4. **Uncinula adunca** (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV., 20 p. 151, t. 7, f. 15, *Alphitomorpha adunca* Wallr. — Mycelio vario; peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, minutis; ascis in singulo perithecio 8-12, subpyriformibus, 4-sporis; appendicibus simplicibus uncinatis.

Hab. in utraque pagina Populorum, Salicum, Betularum in Europa tota, Sibiria asiatica, Amer. boreali.

5. **Uncinula Clintoni** Peck. 26 Rep. p. 96. — Amphigena; mycelio tenui, persistente; peritheciis minutis globosis, nigris; appendiculis 15-25, perithecium subæquantibus, hyalinis, apice uncinatis parumque incrassatis; ascis 4-6, 4-6-sporis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Buffalo, Watkins, in foliis *Tiliæ americanæ. — Apicibus appendicularum incrassatis species facile dignoscenda. Mycelium in pag. superiore magis conspicuum.*

6. **Uncinula Ampelopsisidis** Peck. 25 Rep. (1871). *Unc. subfusc *B. et C., Berk. North. Amer. Fungi n.^o 994 (1876). — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo, tenui evanescente; peritheciis, minutis globosis, nigris; appendiculis 10-20 perithecium æquantibus vel duplo longioribus, indivisis, obscure prope basim, septatis, fuscisque, sursum pallidioribus; ascis 4-6, subglobosis ovatisve, 4-6-sporis.**

Hab. in Amer. boreal. Buffalo, Greenbush, in foliis *Ampelopsis quinquefoliæ. — Appendicibus coloratis species mox dignoscenda. Appendices sec. Berk. sæpe sursum contortæ.*

7. **Uncinula Prunastri** (DC.) Sacc. *Erysiphe Prunastri* DC. (1815) 23 *Uncinula Waltrothii* Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, XV., p. 153,

t. 7, fig. 16. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo evanescere; peritheciis minutis, sparsis; ascis 12-16 in quoque perithecio, pyriformibus, 6-sporis; appendicibus numerosis, perithecium duplum æquantibus.

Hab. in foliis Pruni spinosæ in Britannia, Belgio, Gallia, Italia, Germania.

8. **Uncinula americana** How. (1872) *U. spiralis* B. et Curt. North Am. 24
Fungi n. 992 (1876). — Amphigena, mycelio tenui, subarachnoideo, cito evanido; peritheciis globosis, sparsis, minutis atronitidis, levibus; appendicibus longis flexuoso-subcurvatis perithecium bis fere superantibus, apice spirali; ascis late pyriformibus v. ovoideo-pyriformibus, hyalinis, 80 μ . d.; sporidiis senis, ellipsoideis utrinque rotundatis, interdum inæquilateralibus, 20-8-10 (secundum Thuem. Pilze d. Weinst. p. 183).

Hab. in foliis Vitis cordifoliæ et Labruscæ, Albany, New-York, New Baltimore, Buffalo, Poughkeepsie. — *U. spiralis* ab *U. americana* vix differt appendicibus minus longis.

9. **Uncinula geniculata** Ger. in Just Bot. Jahr. 1874 p. 301. — Mycelio 25 persistente, orbiculatim effuso v. totam folii pag. superiorem obducente; peritheciis 100 μ . diam.; appendicibus 30-40, perithecio sesquilongioribus; ascis 5-8, ovoideis, subrostratis; sporidiis senis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Poughkeepsie, in foliis Mori rubræ. — Appendices sœpe leniter geniculatæ.

10. **Uncinula flexuosa** Peck. Trans. Albany Inst. v. VII, p. 215, f. 10-12 26 (1872). — Mycelio tenui, arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis minutis, 80-90 μ . d., appendicibus 15-25, perithecium subæquantibus, sursum flexuosis, et interdum subincrassatis; ascis 8-10, ovoideis v. ellipticis; sporidiis octonis, ellipsoideis, 17-20 μ . long.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Æsculi Hippocastani, Buffalo, Am. bor. (G. W. CLINTON) Sept. — Appendicibus flexuosis, ascis que octonis ab *U. adunca* dignoscitur.

11. **Uncinula Aceris** (DC.) Sacc. *Erysiphe Aceris* DC. (1815) *Unc. bicornis* (Wallr., 1819) Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 153, t. 7, fig. 17. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo, effuso, evanido, v. subpersistente; peritheciis hemisphæricis, denique depresso; appendicibus simplicibus, bifidis v. dichotomis, apicibus uncinatis; ascis octonis, subpyriformibus, octosporis.

Hab. in foliis Aceris campestris, A. Pseudoplatani et (teste Lév.) Phyllireæ in tota fere Europa, Algeria.

12. **Uncinula circinata** C. et Peck. 25 Rep. p. 96. — Mycelio denso ef- 28

fuso, persistente; peritheciis majusculis depressis, nigris; appendiculis copiosissimis, angustis, perithecium subæquantibus, simplibus, hyalinis; ascis oblongis v. anguste ovoideis, 8–16, octosporis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Watkins et Greenbush, in foliis *Aceris spicati* et *rubri*. — Ab *U. Aceris* differt quia hypophylla, ascis copiosioribus, appendicibusque simplicibus prædita.

13. **Uncinula Tulasnei** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. p. 81. — Mycelio orbiculatim effuso, epiphylllo, niveo, margine fimbriato; conidiis catenulatis, perfecte globosis 8 μ. d.; peritheciis sparsis mycelio subimmersis, majusculis, hemisphæricis demum depressis, atris; appendicibus plerumque simplicibus v. bifidis, raro bis bifidis; ascis octonis, octosporis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum *Aceris platanoïdis*, circa Johannisberg in Rhenogovia. — Præcipue habitu et conidiis globosis dignoscenda species.

Species nomine tantum notæ

14. **Uncinula luculenta** Howe (cit. in Peck 29 Rep. on the St. Mus.). 30
Hab. in foliis *Populi heterophyllo* in Amer. bor.
15. **Uncinula parvula** C. et P. (cit. in Peck 26 Rep. on the St. Mus.). 31
Hab. in foliis *Celtidis occidentalis*, Poughkeepsie, Amer. bor. (GERARD).

PLEOCHÆTA Sacc. et Speg. Michel. II. p. (Etym. *Pleon*, plus et *chæta*, seta). — Perithecia subiculo mucidino insidentia, globuloso-lenticularia, astoma, contextu parenchymatico solidiusculo, setis copiosissimis radiantibus, bacillaribus, rectis, simplicibus, hyalinis cincta. Asci clavulati, bispori; sporidia ellipsoidea, continua, subhyalina. — Setis creberrimis rectis, contextu perithecii subcoriaceo, ascis teretiusculis etc., ab *Erysiphe* et *Uncinula* distinguuntur.

1. **Pleochæta Curtisii** Sacc. et Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. II. p. 44. *Erysiphe* et *Uncinula polychæta* Berk. et Curt. Grev. 1876 p. 159. *Uncinula Lynckii* Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. II. p. 17 n.º 54. — Mycelio hypophyllo, orbiculatim effuso albido-lutescente; peritheciis sparsis; appendicibus (circ. 28) perithecio sesquilongoribus, hyalinis; ascis tereti-clavatis in stipitem basi nodulosum productis 80–90 = 25–30, bisporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, 25 = 17, hyalinis.
Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum *Celtidis Talæ* et *C. occi-*

dentalis prope *Buenos-Ayres*, Apr. 1880 (SPEGAZZINI), Alabama et Carolina (CURTIS).

MICROSPHÆRA Lév. Disp. meth. Erysiph. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851 II. pag. 381 (ubi nomen *Calocladiæ* paulo ante a se propositum [l. c. p. 154] sed ineptum, quia jaundudum a Grevilleo pro Algarum genere usurpatum, in *Microsphæram* mutandum declarat). — Perithecia polyasca, ascis ovoideis oblongisve, 4–8-sporis. Appendices sursum dichotomæ. Mycelium arachnoideum *Oidii erysiphoidis* formas varias sistens.

Clavis specierum.

Asci 4-spori . . .	<i>Dubyi</i>	Asci 6-spori. . . .	<i>Euphorbiæ</i> <i>Friesii</i>
	<i>Hedwigii</i>		
	<i>abbreviata</i>		
	<i>divaricata</i>		
	<i>Evonymi</i>		
	<i>semitonsa</i>		
Asci 2-spori . . .	<i>Lycii</i>	Asci 6–8-spori . . .	<i>Vaccinii</i> <i>Berberidis</i>
Asci 4–6-spori . . .	<i>Grossulariae</i> <i>Astragali</i> <i>diffusa</i> <i>Russellii</i> <i>pulchra</i> <i>extensa</i>	Asci 8-spori . . .	<i>penicillata</i> <i>Ehrenbergii</i> <i>Van-Bruntiana</i> <i>Ravenelii</i> <i>fulvo-fulcra</i> <i>Platani</i> <i>Symporicarpi</i> <i>Menispermi</i> <i>densissima</i>
		Asci non visi . . .	
		Species minus notæ.	

1. **Microsphæra Lycii** (Lasch.) Sacc. et Roum. Mich. II. 310. *M. Mougeotii* Lév. (1851). *Erysiphe Lycii* Lasch. (1850). — Mycelio arachnoideo, plerumque persistente; haustoriis plerumque appendiculatis, numquam lobulatis; conidiis breve cylindrico-oblongis; peritheciis minutis globoso-depressis, appendiculis copiosis, radiatim divergentibus, hyalinis, peritheci diametrum duplo superantibus, quater, raro ter dichotomis, apicibus obtusis; ascis 12–16, parvis bisporis.

Hab. in Germania, Anglia, Gallia, Italia, Amer. bor. in foliis *Lycii europæi*, *L. ruthenici*, *L. barbari* (et *Desmodii* teste Berk.).

2. **Microsphæra Dubyi** Lév. Erys. p. 40, t. 9, fig. 26. — Kx Fl. crypt. 34

Flandr. I. 379. — *Erysiphe abnormis* Duby p. p. — Mycelio effuso arachnoideo vel subcontexto evanido vel persistente: peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis globosis, minutis; ascis 4 ovatis subrostratis 4-sporis; appendicibus parcis (7-10) perithecio vix longioribus, ramulis bicornibus.

Hab. in Italia, Gallia, in foliis *Loniceræ Caprifolii*; Amer. bor. in foliis *Loniceræ parvifloræ*.

3. **Microsphæra Hedwigii** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 155, 35 t. 8, fig. 19. — Hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis minutis globosis, sparsis; appendicibus paucis, perithecio paulo longioribus; ascis quaternis, 4-sporis.

Hab. in Anglia, Italia, Belgio, Germania, Amer. bor. in foliis *Viburni Lantanæ*, *V. Lentiginis* (et *Quercus* t. Berk.) Forte *E. Viburni* Schw. (et Howe?) huc spectat.

4. **Microsphæra abbreviata** Peck 28 Rep. St. Mas. N. York. t. 2, fig. 4- 36 5. — Mycelio tenui; peritheciis minutis, appendicibus 6-15, hyalinis, asperulis, perithecio brevioribus, apice pluries dichotomis, ramulis ultimis curvatis; ascis 3-4, plerumque 4-sporis, rarius 3-5-sporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis 25-32 \times 16.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Buffalo, in pag. inf. foliorum *Quercus bicoloris* (CLINTON). — Affinis *M. Hedwigii*, a qua differt appendicibus scabriusculis, brevibus,

5. **Mycrosphæra divaricata** (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, 37 tom. XV, p. 155, t. 8, f. 18. *Alphitomorpha divaricata* Wallr. — Hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis sparsis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis in quovis perithecio 4, ovoideo-rostratis, 4-sporis; appendicibus parcis, perithecio quinquies longioribus.

Hab. in Gallia, Germania, Fennia, Belgio, in foliis vivis *Rhamni Frangulæ* æstate et autumno passim.

6. **Microsphæra Evonymi** (DC.) Sacc. *Erysiphe Evonymi* DC. (1815). 38 *Micr. comata* (Wallr.) Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 157, t. 9, f. 23. *Alphitomorpha comata* Wallr. (1819). — Hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, fugaci; peritheciis sparsis, minutis, globosis; ascis 8, ovoideo-subrostratis, 4-sporis; appendicibus paucis, perithecio sextuplo longioribus.

Hab. in Gallia, Italia, Germania, Anglia, Belgio in foliis *Evonymi europæi*, autumno.

7. **Microsphæra semitonsa**. B. et C. Berk. North Am. Fungi N. 996. 39 — Mycelio parco; peritheciis sparsis; appendicibus deorsum abrupte fuscis; sporidiis quaternis.

- 12 Perisporiaceæ, Erysipheæ, Microsphæra.
Hab. in foliis Cephalanthi in Carolina sup. — Mycelium evanescens; appendices ter furcatae, perithecio duplo longiores.
8. **Microsphæra Grossulariæ** Lév. Disp. Erys. in Ann. Sc. Nat. 1851. 40
XV. p. 160, t. 9, fig. 25. *Er. penicillata* var. *Grossulariæ* Link. — Amphigena; perithecii minutis, globulosis, sparsis gregariisque, mycelio arachnoideo insidentibus; appendicibus 10–15, perithecia æquantibus, vase dichotomis, ramulis ultimis bidentatis; ascis 4–8, ovoideis, 4–5-sporis.
Hab. in Gallia, Anglia, Germania, Amer. bor., Sibiria asiatica, in foliis Ribis Grossulariæ (et Sambuci canad. t. Berk).
9. **Microsphæra Astragali** (DC.) Trev. *Alphitomorpha holosericea* 41 Wallr. (1819) *Erysiphe Astragali* DC. (1815) *Micr. holosericea* (Wallr.) Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, p. 159, t. 9, fig. 27. — Mycelio arachnoideo fugaci; perithecii minutis, sparsis v. gregariis, globulosis; appendicibus 12–16 perithecio sextuplo longioribus, simplicibus bifidis; ascis subocononis, 4–6-sporis.
Hab. in Gallia, Belgio, Italia, Germania, America bor. in foliis Astragali Glycyphylly et Cooperi, Autumno. — Ob appendices non definite dichotomas an potius ex Erysiphes genere?
10. **Microsphæra diffusa** C. et Peck 25 Rep. p. 95. — Mycelio tenui 42 evanescente; perithecii minutis, globulosis, nigris; appendiculis copiosis (18–25) perithecium æquantibus v. duplo longioribus, hyalinis, interdum vase ramosis apiceque nodulosis; ascis 4–6, ovatis 4–6-sporis.
Hab. Amer. bor., Albany, in foliis Desmodii canadensis plerumque epiphylla.
11. **Microsphæra Russellii** Clint., Peck 26 Rep. 80. — Amphigena; 43 mycelio arachnoideo, evanescente; appendicibus 8–18, longissimis, flexuosis, coloratis, versus apicem simplicem aut bis terve divisum rectiusculum dilutioribus; ascis ovatis, 4–8; sporidiis 4–6 ellipsoideis 17–20 = 10.
- Hab.* in Amer. bor. Buffalo, North Greenbush, in foliis et petiolis Oxalidis strictæ. «Appendices perithecium sextuplo superantes; asci 46–48 μ . diam.».
12. **Microsphæra pulchra** C. et Peck 25 Rep. p. 95. — Amphigena; 44 mycelio tenui persistente; perithecii numerosis, globosis, nigris; appendiculis octo–duodecim, fere perithecium æquantibus, hyalinis «apice pluries refracto–dichotomis, apicibus obtuse bidentatis; ascis 4–5; sporidiis 4–6, 18–20 = 8–10».
- Hab.* in Amer. boreal. Greenbush, in foliis Corni alterni-

foliæ. — Mycelium in pag. superiore magis conspicuum. « Asci globulosi $50 \approx 40$ ».

13. **Microsphæra extensa** C. et Peck. 25 Rep. p. 95. — Mycelio tenui, ⁴⁵ effuso, persistente; peritheciis globosis, nigris; appendiculis 8-12 perithecium ter vel quater superantibus, hyalinis; ascis 4, sub-globosis aut ovatis, 4-6-sporis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Greenbush, in foliis *Quercus rubræ*, epiphylla. — A *M. Vaccinii* differt habitu formaque ascorum.

14. **Microsphæra Vaccinii** (Schw?) C. et Peck. Journ. Bot. Jan. 1872. — ⁴⁶ Peritheciis minutis, globosis; ascis 6-8, ovoideis, 6-8-sporis; appendicibus 10-20, hyalinis, perithecii diametro plus duplo longioribus.

Hab. in Amer. bor. West-Albany, in utraque pagina *Vaccinii* vacillantis, Oct. — An *Erys. Vaccinii* Schw. huc spectet nescio; huc tamen dicit cl. FARLOW in herb. — « Asci (in exemplaribus Ellisianis) quandoque quaterni, $45-50 \approx 20-25$; sporidia sena $14-15 \approx 8-9$. Appendices perithecium quintuplo superantes, sursum plures refracto-dichotomæ, apicibus obtusiusculis ».

15. **Microsphæra Berberidis** (DC.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV, ⁴⁷ p. 159, t. 10, f. 28. *Erysiphe Berberidis* DC. — Bifrons; mycelio arachnoideo, plerumque persistente; peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis in singulo perithecio 6, ovoideo-rostratis, 6-8-sporis; appendicibus parcis (5-10), ramulis elongatis divaricatis apice obtusiusculis.

Hab. in Italia, Gallia, Germania, Anglia, Belgio, Fennia, in foliis *Berberidis vulgaris*, autumno.

16. **Microsphæra Friesii** Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 156, t. 8, ⁴⁸ f. 20. — Mycelio arachnoideo fugaci vel persistente; peritheciis minutis globosis sparsis aut confertis; ascis 4, ovato-rostratis, 6-sporis; appendiculis parcis (8-10) perithecium æquantibus.

Hab. in foliis *Betulæ albæ* (*E. Betulæ* DC.) in Gallia, Rhamni catharticæ, Saxonia, Syringæ in Amer. bor., *Betulæ verrucosæ* in Italia et Austria.

17. **Microsphæra Euphorbiæ** B. et C., Berk. N. Am. Fungi n. 997. — ⁴⁹ Mycelio effuso; appendicibus longissimis furcatis, apicibus furcato-lobatis.

Hab. in Carolina inf. in foliis *Euphorbiæ*. — Appendices perithecium plures excedentes, simpliciter bisve furcatae, apicibus lobulatis, «irregulariter nodulosæ; asci 4 obovati, $54-60 \approx 28-30$; sporidia 6, hyalina $12-14 \approx 8-9$ ».

18. **Microsphæra penicillata** (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, t. XV, ⁵⁰

p. 155, t. 8, f. 21. — *Alphitomorpha penicillata* Wallr. — Bi-frons. Mycelio arachnoideo, effuso, evanido; peritheciis sparsis, sphæroidis, minutis; ascis in singulo perithecio 4, ovoideo-rostratis, 8-sporis; appendicibus 8–12 perithecium æquantibus.

Hab. in Europa tota et Amer. bor. in foliis Alni, Viburni Opuli, et acerifolii, Coryli rostratæ, Quercus nigrae, Lonicerae sempervirentis, Andromedæ, Betulae pubescentis etc., autumno.

19. **Microsphæra Ehrenbergii** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, tom. XV, 51 p. 155, t. 8, f. 22. — Epiphylla. Mycelio subcontexto, orbiculari, persistente; peritheciis gregariis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis in quovis perithecio 4, ovoideo-rostratis, 8-sporis; appendicibus gracilibus, uncinatis, circiter 20, perithecium æquantibus.

Hab. in Gallia, Belgio, Germania, Fennia etc. in foliis vivis Lonicerae tataricæ, autumno.

20. **Microsphæra Van-Bruntiana** Ger. New Fungi. Hedw. 1875 p. 189. 52 Peck 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Amphigena; mycelio denso, albido, persistente; peritheciis globosis sparsis v. aggregatis; appendicibus 12–15, perithecium subæquantibus, plerumque furcatis, apicibus obtusis; ascis 8-sporis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Poughkeepsie, Buffalo, Oneida etc. in foliis Sambuci canadensis. — Fabrica appendiculum a ceteris speciebus recedit (Ger.). — Ascii in speciminibus visis 4-spori, nec 8-spori (Peck).

21. **Microsphæra Ravenelii** Berk. North Amer. Fungi n. 998. — Rav. 53 F. Am. n. 87. — Mycelio effuso albido; appendicibus plures refracto-furcatis, «perithecio sesquilonioribus; ascis 4–5; sporidiis octonis 18–20 ≈ 10».

Hab. in Amer. bor. Aiken S. Car. in foliis Gleditschiæ.

22. **Microsphæra fulvofulcra** Cooke Calif. Fungi. in Grevill. V. p. 110. 54 — Mycelio arachnoideo; peritheciis minutis, globosis, gregariis; appendicibus 8–12, ad basim brunneis, ad apicem hyalinis, compactis, 2–3 dichotomis.

Hab. in California in foliis Spirææ. — Appendices 8–12 perithecio duplo longiores, *M. Friesii* similes; sporidia ovoidea; asci nondum visi.

Species quarum diagnoses nondum mihi innotuerunt v. dubiæ.

23. **Microsphæra Platani** Howe (cit. in Peck. 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. 55 New-York.).

	Perisporiaceæ, Erysipheæ, Ezysiphe.	15
	Hab. in foliis Platani occidentalis, Yonkers, Amer. bor.	
24. Microsphæra Symphoricarpi Howe (cit. in Peck. l. c.).		56
	Hab. in foliis Symphoricarpi racemosæ, Yonkers, America bor.	
25. Microsphæra Menispermi Howe (cit. in Peck. l. c.).		57
	Hab. in foliis Menispermi canadensis, Yonkers, Amer. bor.	
26. Microsphæra densissima (Schw.) Peck. 28 Rep. New-York. <i>Erysiphe densissima</i> Schw. Syn. Am. Bor. n. 2479. — Hyphasma densissimum tomentum filamentosum himantioideum, filis robustis, eleganter orbiculatim effiguratum sistit; a semi-uncia ad duas uncias effusum; filis candido-lacteis intertextis in ambitu subradiantibus; peritheciis globosis, nigro-fuscis, crebris.		58
	Hab. in foliis Quercus, Bethlehem (Schw.), Saratoga, Amer. bor. (Peck.) — Distinctissima species, maculas definite orbiculares, compactas, albas formans, Peck. l. c.	

ERYSIPHE Hedw., Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, t. XV, p. 161. (Eym. *Erysibe*, rubigo). — Perithecia superficialia, sphæroidea vel hemisphærica, undique clausa, primitus lutescentia, dein fuscata, tandem atra, minuta s. minutissima, ceraceo-membranacea, mycelio arachnoideo, saepe contexto, fugaci vel persistente imposita appendicibusque flocosis, simplicibus vel vage ramosis numquam dichotomis cum mycelio intertextis suffulta. Asci plures in quovis perithecio, ovoidei vel subovoidei, brevissime pedicellati. Paraphyses nullæ. Sporidia ovoidea, hyalina. Conidia ovato-oblonga *Oidii erysiphoidis* formas spectantia.

Clavis specierum.

Asci 2-spori . . .	{ <i>Linkii</i> <i>laurica</i> <i>lumprocarpa</i> <i>Galeopsidis</i> <i>Duriæi</i>	Asci 4-8-spori . .	{ <i>communis</i> <i>gigantasca</i> <i>Martii</i> <i>densa</i> <i>graminis</i> <i>vernalis</i>
Asci 2-3-spori . . .			
Asci 3-4-spori . . .			
Species dubiæ v. minus notæ			
	{ <i>Rubi</i> : <i>Tuckeri</i> : <i>epixylon</i> : <i>epigæa</i> : <i>densa</i> : <i>Vaccinii</i> <i>Chelones</i> : <i>Liriodendri</i> : <i>Phlogis</i> : <i>quercina</i> : <i>Asterum</i> <i>Syringæ</i> : <i>Viburni</i> : <i>Quisquiliarum</i> : <i>Verbenæ</i> : <i>Ambrosiæ</i> : <i>Ceanothi</i> : <i>Gerardiae</i> : <i>Necator</i> .	Asci 8-spori . .	{ <i>Ulmaricæ</i> <i>fuscata</i> <i>Erodii</i> <i>spadicea</i>
	{ <i>Asci 8-12-spori</i> <i>lanuginosa</i>	Asci 8-12-spori	{ <i>lanuginosa</i>

1. **Erysiphe Linkii** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 161, t. 10, 59

f. 29. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo, fugaci vel persistente; peritheciis sparsis, emersis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis 8-20 in singulo perithecio, pyriformibus, in pedicellum protractis bisporis; appendicibus cum mycelio intertextis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Italia, Gallia, Anglia, Germania, Sibiria Asiatica, in foliis Artemisiæ vulgaris, A. glaucæ, Tanaceti.

2. **Erysiphe taurica** Lév. Disp. meth. Erysiph. p. 53. — Mycelio floc-

coso, evanido vel persistente; peritheciis gregariis aut sparsis hemisphæricis, magnis, demum depresso; ascis 8-30 in pedicellum longiusculum productis bisporis; appendiculis cum mycelio intertextis, albis.

Hab. in Balaklava (Tauria) ad folia Zygophylli Fabaginis et Pegani Harmalæ. — Adsunt varietates in Dorychnio herbaceo (Tauria), Eryngio campes. (Alger), Inula viscosa (Tauria), Carlina corymbosa et lanata (Gallia) Cirsio eriophoro (prope Mimatem), Apotaxis (Himalaya), Cerinthe majore (Tauria), Ptarmica vulgari (Sibiria Asiatica). — Perithecia majora, appendices hyalinæ, asci semper bispori (t. Thüm.).

3. **Erysiphe lamprocarpa** (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, XV, 61

p. 163, t. 10, f. 31. *Alphitomorpha lamprocarpa* Wallr. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo, effuso vel limitato, evanido vel persistente; haustoriis exappendiculatis, non lobulatis; peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis in singulo perithecio 8-16, in pedicellum breve productis, bisporis; appendicibus cum mycelio intertextis.

Hab. in foliis Compositarum, Plantaginearum, Scrophulariacearum, Labiatarum, Campanulacearum, etc. in Britannia, Fennia, Gallia, Germania, Italia, Belgio, Sibiria Asiatica, Ægypto, Amer. boreali etc.

4. **Erysiphe Galeopsidis** DC. fr. 6. 108. De Bary Syst. Ueb. d. Erys. in Hedw. 1871, p. 68. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo albo v. rufescente; peritheciis globulosis minutis, gregariis; appendicibus numerosis exilibus, brevibus, ramosis; haustoriis lobulatis; ascis copiosis (10-21), sporidiis..... ignotis (teste De Bary).

Hab. in foliis Stachydis, Lamii purpurei, Galeopsidis in tota fere Europa. — Differt ab *E. lamprocarpa* haustoriis lobulatis. Ad hanc speciem forte pertinet *E. nervisequia* West. Conf. Lamb. Myc. Belg.

5. **Erysiphe Duriæi** Lév. Disp. meth. Erysiph. p. 57. — Mycelio arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis magnis, sparsis, hemisphæricis, demum depressis; ascis 8 in pedicellum brevem protractis, bisporis; appendiculis subramosis.

Hab. in Gallia (Avignon), Algeria, Tauria, in foliis Phlomidis tuberosæ, Herbæ ventis, pungentis. — Ab *E. taurica* differt præcipue appendiculis coloratis.

6. **Erysiphe Montagnei** Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, p. 169, 64 t. 41, fig. 36. — *Er. depressa* var. *Bardanæ* Wallr. — Amphigena v. hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, evanescente; peritheciis minutis, globosis, gregariis v. sparsis; appendicibus distinctis a mycelio; ascis, octonis ovoideo-subrostratis, 2-3-sporis, sporidiis ovoideis 30-28.

Hab. in Gallia, Belgio, Anglia, Italia, Germania, Amer. bor. etc. in foliis Lappæ, nec non Taraxaci et Xanthii (t. Cooke), Apocyni (t. Berk.). — Sec. De Bary est var. *E. lamprocarpæ*.

7. **Erysiphe tortilis** (Wallr.) Fr., Lév. in Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XV, 65 p. 170, f. 35. *E. Corni* Duby. — Hypophylla; mycelio arachnoideo, effuso, evanido; peritheciis minutis, globosis; appendicibus perithecio decuplo longioribus, coloratis a mycelio discretis; flexuosis; ascis quaternis, ovoideo-subrostratis, 4-sporis.

Hab. in Anglia, Belgio, Germania, Italia, Gallia, etc. in pag. inf. foliorum Corni sanguineæ, autumno.

8. **Erysiphe horridula** (Wallr.) Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV, 66 p. 170, t. 11, f. 37. *Alphitomorpha horridula* Wallr. — Amphigena; mycelio arachnoideo, interdum persistente; peritheciis sparsis vel confertis, sphæroideis, minutis; ascis in quovis perithecio 20-24, ovoideo-ellipsoideis, pedicellatis, 3-4-sporis; appendicibus brevibus, flexuosis, sursum flexis, firmulis.

Hab. in caulinis foliisque Asperuginis procumbentis, Onosmatis, Lycopsidis, Symphyti, Borraginis aliarumque Asperifoliarum in Anglia, Italia, Gallia, Sibiria, Belgio, Germania, Amer. bor. etc. — Sec. De Bary est var. *E. lamprocarpæ*.

9. **Erysiphe Umbelliferarum** (Lév.) De Bary Ueb. d. Erysiph. *E. Martii* Lév. var. E. — Haustoriis lobulatis; appendicibus crebris ramosis hyalinis v. basi fuscis, omnibus basalibus et mycelio intermixtis; ascis in quoque perithecio 4-8 (sæpius 6), 2-5-sporis, sæpius 3-4-sporis. — Conidia exacte cylindrica.

Hab. in foliis, caulibusque Angelicæ sylvestris, Heracliei etc. in tota Europa.

10. **Erysiphe Euporbiæ** Peck. 26 Rep. 80. — Mycelio tenui; peritheciis minutis 70–80 μ . d. appendicibus paucis longis, flexuosis, coloratis; ascis late ovatis 3–4; sporidiis 3–4, crassis, 25–16.

Hab. in Amer. bor. in foliis Euphorbiæ hypericifoliae, Greenbush. — Perithecia plerumque in pag. superiore, mycelium vero amphigenum.

11. **Erysiphe spadicea** B. et C., Berk. North Amer. Fungi n. 989. — 69 Peritheciis spadiceis, appendicibus flexuosis perithecio triplo longioribus; sporidiis quaternis.

Hab. in foliis Xanthii in Carolina inf. Amer. bor.

12. **Erysiphe communis** (Wallr.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 406 pr. 70 p. *Alphitomorpha communis* Wallr. — Bifrons; mycelio effuso, arachnoideo, evanido vel persistente; haustoriis lobulatis; peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis sphæroideis minutis; ascis in singulo perithecio 4–8, ovoideo-sphæroideis, 4–8-sporis; appendicibus abbreviatis.

Hab. in tota Europa, America, Asia, in foliis Ranunculacearum, Leguminosarum, Geraniacearum, Scabiosacearum, Compositarum, Convolvulacearum, Polygonacearum, Scrophularicearum, Urticacearum, Onagrarium, Valerianacearum etc. — Asci 110–72–80. Sporidia ellipsoidea 40–42–20–22. — *Erys. nitida* Wallr. in Delphinio mera var. videtur.

13. **Erysiphe gigantasca** Sorok. et Thüm. — Myc. univ. n. 645. — 71 Caules ambiens et plus minusve turgescens; mycelio subnullo; peritheciis globosis, congestis, grumosis, brunneis, mediis; appendicibus fuscis, longis, subnodosis, parce vel non divisis, illis *E. communis* proximis; ascis late ovoideis, vertice rotundato, basi subangustato, truncato, 108–120–70, episporio lævi conformi, 4 μ crass., vertice minime incrassato, hyalinis, 4–8-sporis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, 25–16, hyalinis.

Hab. in Rossia, Kazan, in horto botanico ad caules vivos Euphorbiæ platyphyllæ et *E. dulcis*, aest. 1876 (SOROKIN).

14. **Erysiphe densa** Berk. in Fl. n. Zel. II. 208. tab. CVI. fig. 16. — 72 Bifrons, mycelio denso arachnoideo persistente; peritheciis mediis, globosis, sparsis; appendiculis flexuosis candidis intertextis; ascis obovatis brevibus; sporidiis ellipticis subocontonis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Aristoteliae Wairarapa, Nov. Zeland.

(COLENZO). — Ab *Er. Martii*, cui affinis, differt mycelio densiori sublichenoideo. Appendices flexuosæ, sursum interdum nodulosæ.

15. **Erysiphe Martii** Lév. in Ann. Sc. nat. 1851, tom. XV, p. 166, 73 t. 10, f. 34. — Amphigena. Mycelio arachnoideo, sæpiissime evanido; ascis in quovis perithecio 4–8, sphæroideis, breviter pedicellatis, 4–8-sporis; appendicibus brevibus cum mycelio intertextis.

Hab. in foliis Cruciferarum, Leguminosarum, Galiorum, Umbelliferarum, Hypericacearum, Convolvulacearum, Urticacearum ec. in Britannia, Fennia, Sibiria asiatica, Gallia, Belgio, Italia, Amer. boreal. et. — Sec. De Bary non satis differt ab *Er. communi*.

16. **Erysiphe graminis** DC. Flor. Franc. VI, p. 106. — Bifrons, 74 sæpius epiphylla; mycelio effuso, floccoso-lanuginoso, persistente; peritheciis, gregariis v. disseminatis, hemisphæricis, demum depresso semiimmersis, magnis; ascis in singulo perithecio 20–24, ovoideis, in pedicellum protractis, 8-sporis; appendicibus simplicibus cum mycelio intertextis. — Conidia moniliformi-concatenata, ovoidea, simplicia, facile dilabentia, albida vel hyalina *Oidium monilioides* Link sistentia.

Hab. in foliis Graminum variorum in Europa, Asia, America, Australia.

17. **Erysiphe vernalis** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. 193. — Mycelio arachnoideo, evanido; peritheciis hemisphæricis mycelio emersis, fuscis, latit. circiter 0,1 mill.; ascis 8, brevissime pedicellatis, ovoideis vel oblongato-sphæroideis, 69–39, octosporis sporidiis 8, sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, 16–18–11–12; appendicibus, hyalinis, sat longis.

Hab. in ramulis Alni incanæ vivis prope Mustiala (Fennia) mense Majo 1866 (KARST.).

18. **Erysiphe Ulmariae** Pers. in herb., Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 66. — Kickx Fl. crypt. Fl. I. 381. — Epitomarius hypophylla; peritheciis minutissimis, globosis, nitidis; plerumque nervisequiis, ascis 8; sporidiis octonis ovoideis vel suboblongis mycelio albo, adpresso, radiato; appendicibus elongatis, ramosis, tortuosis, subfuscis, perithecio paulo longioribus.

Hab. in foliis Spirææ Ulmariae in Gallia, Belgio, Germania, Italia etc. — Serius cl. Desm. ad *E. horridulae* var. duxit; cl. Léveillé vero ad var. *E. Martii*.

19. **Erysiphe fuscata** B. et C. North Am. Fungi N. 991. — Tota fuscata; peritheciis brunneis; appendicibus quandoque furcatis, fuligineis; sporidiis octonis.

Hab. in foliis *Bidentis* frondosæ et *B. connatæ* in Amer. bor. Pensylv., North Greenbush. Aut. — Sec. Peck ad *Sphaerothecam* spectat.

20. **Erysiphe Erodii** Dur. et Mont. *Fl. Alg.*, 1, p. 567. Mont. Syllog. 78
Crypt. N. 903. — *Amphigena*; mycelio nullo; peritheciis sphæri-
cis minutis rigidis fusco-nigris, appendicibus simplicibus flexuosis
albis; ascis pluribus, globosis, 8-sporis 80 μ . diam., sporidiis ovo-
ideo-oblongis 20 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis *Erodii moschati*, Oran (Durieu). — Hæc ad *Sphaerothecam Castagnei* var. A. Lév. spectat sec. Lév., sed asci plures, ergo non *Sphaerotheca*.

21. **Erysiphe lanuginosa** Fuck. in Thuem. Myk. Not. von Griechen- 79
land (Bot. Zeit. 1871 n. 2). — Mycelio conidiophoro dense lanugino-
so-tomentoso, candido, late effuso, caules foliaque tota occupante;
conidiis oblongo-ovatis utrinque obtusis 32 \approx 16; peritheciis spar-
sis villo immersis, planis, aterrimis, media magnitudine; ascis obli-
que stipitatis, oblongis, 84 \approx 28, 8-12-sporis; sporidiis ovatis con-
tinuis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 3.

Hab. Græcia, Kephysus, in Daucō maximo (HELDREICH).

Species inquirendæ.

22. ?**Erysiphe Rubi** Fuck Symb. myc. p. 96. — Peritheciis ascophoris 80
ignotis; mycelio tenui, arachnoideo, niveo; conidiis ovoideis, api-
ce rotundatis, basi truncatis, 28 \approx 17; ? peritheciis pycnidicis (*Ci-
cinnobolus*) stipitatis, oblongo-ovoideis, flavis; stylosporis («sper-
matiis?») ovoideis, inæquilateralibus, hyalinis, 8 \approx 4.

Hab. in utraque pag. foliorum Rubi fruticosi in Germania,
Gallia, Lusitania. — Perithecia s. d. pycnidica forte mera para-
sitica nec metagenetica sunt.

23. ?**Erysiphe Tuckeri** Berk., Kickx Fl. crypt. Fl. I. 382. — Peri- 81
theciis ascophoris ignotis; mycelio effuso arachnoideo-pruinoso,
albicante, conidiis ovoideis v. ellipsoideis, moniliformi-connexis
(*Oidium Tuckeri* Berk.); ? peritheciis pycnidicis (*Cicinnobolus
Cesatii* de Bary, *Endogonium Vitis* Crocq.) minutissimis ovoideis
subpedicellatis, v. globulosis et subsessilibus; stylosporis («sper-
matiis?») ovoideis, obtusis, rectis curvulisve.

Hab. in foliis, fructibusque *Vitis viniferae*, ubicumque hæc
excolitur v. sponte nascitur. — An perithecia pycnidica Erysiphes
proles v. ejusdem mere parasitica sint dubium manet: immo cl. de
Bary hanc postremam opinionem magis probabilem censem. Peri-

thecia ascophora, ubi innotuerint, speciem inter Uncinulas facile locabunt; re vera Oidium *Uncinulae spiralis* in Vitibus americanis proveniens ab *Oidio Tuckeri* vix differt conidiis paulo minoribus.

24. **Erysiphe Chelones** Schwein. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2490, Berk. North 82
Am. Fungi in Grevillea — Hyphasma crassiusculum albidum, demum pallidum orbiculatim effiguratum, floccis radiantibus, subpulverulentis, peritheciis nigris centro aggregatis.

Hab. vulgatissima in foliis Chelones Bethlehem; in Pennsylvania, Michener.

25. **Erysiphe Liriodendri** Schwein. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2480, Peck. 30 83
Rep. on the St. Mus. New-York. — Hyphasma densum lacteum, filis intertextis radiantibus maculas efficiens minores, vix $\frac{1}{4}$ unciales, orbiculatim aut effiguratis effusas; peritheciis aggregatis fusco-nigris in centro, deciduis.

Hab. in foliis Liriodendri Tulipiferæ, Amer. bor. Bethlehem, Oneida.

26. **Erysiphe Phlogis** Schwein. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2487 Berk. North 84
Amer. Fungi in Grevill. — Hyphasma densum ex albido cinerascens, occupans fere totum folium, pagina superiori; peritheciis fuligineo-fuscis, demum atris, minutis, crebris, primum globosis, demum pezizoideis, corrugatis aut rugulosis.

Hab. in foliis Phlogis, Bethlehem, Massachusetts, Am. bor.

27. **Erysiphe Vaccinii** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2491. Peck. in Rep. on 85
the t. Mus. New-York. — Hyphasma densum ex albido cinerascens, occupans fere totum folium, pagina superiori; peritheciis fuligineo-fuscis, demum atris, minutis, crebris, primum globosis, demum pezizoideis, corrugatis aut rugulosis.

Hab. in foliis Vaccinii pensylvanicæ, Berks County, Pennsylvania, Epigææ repentis, New Baltimore, Sandlake (Amer. bor.) Conf. *Microsphæra Vaccinii*. Teste Schwein. distinctissima species.

28. **Erysiphe Viburni** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2483. — Hyphasma 86
effusum, maculas efficiens majores aut minores lacteas, floccis crassiusculis intricatis, subeffiguratum. Peritheciis luteis, demum fuscis aut nigris, sphæricis et collapsis, superficie subrugosis.

Hab. in foliis Viburni prunifolii, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

— Cfr. *Microsph. Hedwigii*.

29. **Erysiphe Syringæ** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2488. — Hyphasma 87
tenuissimum candidum laxe et indeterminatum, effusum, floccis vix distinguendis singulis. Peritheciis sparsis, minutissimis, fuscis et nigris.

Hab. in foliis *Syringæ* et *Cydoniæ* Hortorum, Bethlehem,
Am. bor. — Conferatur *Microsph. Friesii*.

30. **Erysiphe quercina** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2492. — *Hyphasma* ⁸⁸ occupans fere totum folium, expansum, candicans, tenuissimum, floccis vix distinctis. Peritheciis raris, minutissimis, sparsis nigris; præsertim loco distinguenda species.

Hab. sero autumno non rara in foliis quercinis præsertim Bannisteris, Pennsylvania (Amer. bor.).

31. **Erysiphe necator** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2495. — *Hyphasma* ⁸⁹ tenuissimum albidum, floccis valde tenuibus, orbiculatum, non constringens. Peritheciis minutissimis, raris, fusco-nigris, globosis. Ubi omnino evoluta, etiam hæc species destruit uvas.

Hab. multo rarius in *Uvis Vitis Labruscæ* varietatibus cultis in vineis nostris, Amer. bor.

32. **Erysiphe Ceanothi** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2482. — *Hyphasma* ⁹⁰ candidum, filis vix lente distinguendis, farinæ ad instar indeterminatim in foliis effusum. Peritheciis minutis immersis, nigro-nitidis.

Hab. in foliis *Ceanothi* pagina superiori frequens, autumno, Bethlehem, Am. bor.

33. **Erysiphe Gerardiæ** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2481. — *Hyphasma* ⁹¹ e sulphureo-olivaceum, filis tenuissimis efficit maculas irregulatiter effusas minores, interdum subeffiguratas, confluentes. Peritheciis, absque capillitio gregaria in hyphasmate globosa, demum pezizoidea nigro-fusca. Floccis hyphasmatis prima juventute epidermide folii tectis, demum nudis.

Hab. in foliis *Gerardiæ* quercifoliæ rara sed distinctissima. Salem. Amer. bor.

34. **Erysiphe Ambrosiæ** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2484. — *Hyphasma* ⁹² candidum, tenuissimis floccis vix distinguendis, indeterminatim latius effusum in toto folio. Peritheciis sphæricis, fuscis nigrisque, raris, capillitio majoribus.

Hab. in foliis *Ambrosiarum*, autumno, vulgatissima, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

35. **Erysiphe Verbenæ** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2485. — *Hyphasma* ⁹³ lenissimum indeterminatim effusum, maculas tamen efformans confluentes et subdeterminatas candidas. Floccis intertextis brevibus. Peritheciis destitutis capillitio, fuscis nec nigris, rugosis, deciduis.

Hab. in foliis *Verbenæ* urticifoliae vulgatissima sero autumno, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

36. **Erysiphe Quisquiliarum** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2486. — Hyphasma indeterminatim effusum, albo-virens, floccis intricatis. Capillitio parco. Peritheciis crebris, rugosis, nigris, globosis. 94

Hab. super folia caulesque variarum herbarum dejectarum inter quisquilias horti, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

37. **Erysiphe Asterum** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2489. — Hyphasma tenue, album, laxum, indeterminatim effusum. Peritheciis suffultis brevi capillitio, nigris. 95

Hab. frequens in foliis languescentibus Asterum, præsertim Asteris paniculati, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

Species prorsus dubiæ.

38. **Erysiphe epixylon** Schlecht. Fl. Ber. p. 170. — Floccis tenerimis hyalinis albis, peritheciis sessilibus sphæricis, ascis pluribus. 96

Hab. in ramis decorticatis Quercus, Berolini. — Ad triviales accedit. Flocci arachnoidei, late serpentes, laxi, dichotomi, haud intricati. Perithecia pro more demum depressa, ascis numerosis.

39. **Erysiphe epigæa** (Wallr.) Link, Fr. S. M. III. 236. — Floccis laxis candidis, peritheciis sessilibus maximis, hemisphæricis basi dilatatis, peridiolo (asco?) solitario. — Wallr. Fl. cr. pag. 761, 97
n. 3670, sub Alphitomorpha.

Hab. in terra ad semitas, in ericetis, radicibus etc. in Germania. — Initio thallus terrimus albus multis granulis inspersus est. Tum flocci increscunt, granulis destituuntur, hyalini fiunt sericeo splendentes nitore, utricularies, laxe incumbentes nec intricati. Peridiolum gelatinosum, album peridium primo replens, tum collabens, et cavitatem relinquens. Wallr. et Link. Spec. I. p. 105. Hæc sola a me non visa species (Fr. l. c.).

ERYSIPHELLA Peck. in XXVIII. Rep. of New-York. State Museum pag. 63, tom. II. fig. 1-2. — Perithecia superficialia, globosa, astoma, erysiphoidæ, hypulis mycelicis cincta. — Appendices definitæ nullæ; asci octospori, oblongi; sporidia continua, hyalina. — Genus a *Perisporio* Fr. sporidiis continua hyalinis ab *Erysiphe* Lév. etc. defectu appendicu genuinarum differt.

1. **Erysiphella aggregata** Peck. l. c. Myc. Univ. N. 753, 754, *Erysiphe aggregata* Farl. Herb. — Mycelio arachnoideo, effuso, albido; peritheciis abundantibus, confertis, subglobosis, glabris, badiis vel nigris; ascis plerumque 10-12, oblongo-ovatis vel etiam subclavatis; sporidiis 8, late ellipticis, 20-22 × 12-15, hyalinis. 98

Hab. in America septentr.: Albany, North Greenbush, ad amenta feminea Alni serrulatae Ait. quæ interdum omnino obducit. Vere 1875. (C. H. PECK.).

SACCARDIA Cooke Grevill. 1878. VII. p. 49. (Genus mihi humanissime dicatum ab ill. M. C. Cooke). — Mycelium arachnoideum, plerumque evanidum; perithecia globosa; ascis globoso-ovatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis ellipticis, muriformi-polyblastis; appendices nullæ, v. cum mycelio intertextæ.

1. **Saccardia quercina.** Cooke l. c. — Hypophylla; mycelio evanido; ⁹⁹ peritheciis gregariis vel sparsis; ascis globosis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, merenchymaticis, 20 ± 10 .

Hab. in foliis *Quercus virentis* in Darien, Georgia (Amer. boreal.) ubi legit RAVENEL.

2. **Saccardia Martini** Ell. et Sacc. Michel. II. 373. — Peritheciis in ¹⁰⁰ subiculo mucedineo ex hyphis tortuosis mox evanescentibus contexto, albo, laxe gregariis, superficialibus, globoso-depressis denique umbilicatis, astomis, nigricantibus, contextu minute angulo-parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-clavatis, brevissime stipitatis, apice rotundatis, $65-70 \pm 25-28$, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis di-tristichis, oblongo-cylindraceis, saepius curvulis, utrinque rotundatis, 6-7-septatis, septulisque 2-4 longitudinalibus divisis, ad septa leviter constrictis, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum languentium *Quercus laurifoliae*, in Florida, U. S. A., legit Doct. S. MARTIN, comm. J. B. ELLIS.

Subfam. 2. **Perisporiae** SACC.

Biogenæ v. saprogenæ. Perithecia globosa, pyriformia v. lenticularia, astoma, subiculo mucedineo v. dematioso plerumque insidentia; *Oidium erysiphoides* nullum.

Clavis analyticæ generum

1. **Hyalosporæ.** Sporidia globosa v. oblonga, continua, hyalina v. flava.

⊕ Perithecia læte colorata, flava v. rufa; sporidia hyalina v. fusca.

Eurotium: perithecia subiculo *Aspergilli* insidentia; asci octospori.

? *Myriococcum*; perithecia rufa.....

Pisomyxa: perithecia subiculo dematioso insidentia; asci polyspori.

++ Perithecia nigra, v. atra; sporidia hyalina.

Lasiobotrys: perithecia, botryoso-aggregata, stromateque cupulari excepta.

Apiosporium: perithecia subglobosa, gregaria, subiculo torulaceo sæpe inserta; asci polyspori.

Meliolopsis (Sect. *Meliolæ*): perithecia globosa subiculo radioso dematiego; asci 2-8-spori.

Asterula (Sect. *Asterinæ*): perithecia appланata subiculo radioso dematiego; asci 4-8-spori.

+++ Perithecia spadicea dein nigra; sporidia flava.

Anixia: perithecia subglobosa, mycelio evanescente; asci 8-spori.

2. *Phæosporæ*. Sporidia globosa v. oblonga, continua, fusca.

† Asci globosi in hyphis ramosis. capitato-acrogeni.

Cephalotheca. Perithecia initio pilosella, non appendiculata.

++ Asci sessiles v. stipite simplici instructi.

Ascotricha. Perithecia appendicibus pluries furcatis basi cincta, globosa.

Magnusia. Perithecia appendicibus apice circinatis basi cineta, globosa.

Orbicula. Perithecia exappendiculata, thallicola, glabra, globosa.

Thielavia. Perithecia exappendiculata, rhizophila, glabra globosa.

Chætomidium. Perithecia exappendiculata sed undique setosa v. pilosa, globosa.

Asteronia (Sect. *Asterinæ*). Perithecia exappendiculata, sed subiculo radiosso innata, globosa, lenticularia.

3. *Didymosporæ*. Sporidia didyma hyalina v. fusca.

Asterina (Euasterina). Perithecia lenticularia, subiculo radiosso innata; sporidia fusca.

Asterella (Sect. *Asterinæ*). Ut *Asterina*, sed sporidia hyalina v. subhyalina.

Dimerosporium, Perithecia globulosa, subiculo dematiego insidentia; sporidia hyalina v. fuscidula.

Zopfia. Perithecia subiculo nullo v. obsoleto; sporidia grandia, fusca.

4. *Phragmosporæ*. Sporidia oblonga, 2-pluriseptata, hyalina v. fusca.

Perisporium. Perithecia globosa, subiculo obsoleto; sporidia 3-septata, fusca, loculis secedentibus.

Meliola (Eumeliola). Perithecia globosa, subiculo radiosso; sporidia 2-5-septata, fusca, non fatiscentia.

Asteridium (Sect. *Asterinæ*). Perithecia lenticularia, subiculo radiosso; sporidia 2-5-septata, non fatiscentia, sæpius hyalina.

5. *Dictyosporæ*. Sporidia ovato-oblonga, clathrata, fusca v. hyalina.

Cookella. Perithecia biogena, appланata; sporidia fusca.

Pleomeliola (Sect. *Meliolæ*). Perithecia biogena, globosa; sporidia fuscidula.

Phymatosphæra. Perithecia saprogena, subglobosa, intus cellulis ascophoris fœta; sporidia hyalina.

APPENDIX

Cystotheca. Perithecia subiculo dematiego inserta, monoasca.

EUROTIUM Link. Sp. plant. VI. 1. p. 79. (Etym. *evros*, mucor). —

Perithecia superficialia, globosa, astoma, membranacea, glabra e sulphureo lateritia v. fuscescentia, e mycelio conidiophoro (*Asper-*

gilli) oriunda. Ascii typice sphæroidei, octospori, aparaphysati. Sporidia continua, subglobosa, typice hyalina.

1. **Eurotium herbariorum** (Wigg.) Link. Spec. Plant. I, p. 79. *Mucor* 101 *herbariorum* Wigg. (1780). — Peritheciis filamentis repentibus, intricatis, ramosis, primo hyalino-albis suffultis, sphæroideis, sulphureis, latit. 75–90 μ .; ascis sphæroideis vel subsphæroideis, diam. 12–15 μ ., sporidiis octonis conglobatis, hyalinis lentiformibus, biconvexis, margine sulco lato, acute marginato percursis, 8–10 μ . diam. maj., margine radiatim striolatis, diam. 5 μ .; paraphysibus nullis. — Status conidicus est *Aspergillus glaucus* Link.

Hab. in plantis humidulis in herbariis, in lignis, fructibus, quisiliis putridis in tota Europa, Amer. bor. et austr., Africa, Australia, Asia frequens.

2. **Eurotium repens** de Bary Beitr. z. Morph. u. Phys. d. Pilze et 102 in Hedw. 1871, p. 52. — Mycelio superficiali laxe lateque repente; conidiis globosis v. ovalibus, tenuissime verruculosis, 7–8,5 μ . d.; peritheciis minutis sulphureis; sporidiis hyalinis lentiformibus crasse biconvexis, margine sulco minime profundo, sæpe ægre conspicuo obtusissime marginato percursis, 4–5,6 μ . diam. maj., levissimis.

Hab. in corporibus organicis variis putrescentibus in Germania, Italia etc.

« *Obs.* Ascii ovoidei 15–12, 8-spori; sporidia e fronte subglobosa, 5–6, marginata, lævia, hyalina. In *eodem* folio populeo examinavi gregem peritheciorum amœne sulphureorum, conspicue minorum: ascis subglobosis, 10–11, sporidiis subovoideis 3–4–2½ minutissime guttulatis, lævibus. An forma, an species diversa? An status immaturus? Sed si status immaturus quomodo ascii et sporidia perfecte evoluta? [Michelia] ».

3. **Eurotium candidum** Speg. Fungi Arg. IV. n. 109. — Peritheciis 103 sæpius glomerulatim aggregatis, minutissimis 70–80 μ . diam., glaberrimis, levissimis, candidis, contextu cellulis polyedricis, majusculis 20–30 μ . diam. composito, hyalino; ascis, globosis 14–18 μ . diam., octosporis, cito diffluentibus; sporidiis globosis 6–8 μ . diam. e mutua pressione sæpe angulosis, crassiuscule tunicatis, muriculato-reticulatis, hyalinis. Status conidicus est *Aspergillus cinereus* Speg. Fung. Arg. pug. III, n. 140.

Hab. ad folia exsiccata loco udo diu servata in Universitate bonariensi, Oct. 1880 (Amer. austr.).

4. **Eurotium lateritium** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 918, Cent. VI, n. 45, in 104 Ann., 3, XI, p. 54. — Peritheciis celluloso-membranaceis, luteis

dein ochraceis, floccis dense contextis lanæformibus luteo-aurantiacis immersis; ascis 8-sporis sporidiisque globosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pane castrensi corrupto, apud Parisios (RAYER.) « An var. *E. herbariorum?* ».

5. **Eurotium Coriorum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. Germ. 331, n. 2076. — Hyphis parce intertextis brevibus tortuosis dein cinnamomeis, peritheciis mollibus sphæricis minutissimis nudis, primum sparsis, læte citrinis, dein luteis conglomeratis, hypham nonnisi obvolventibus.

Hab. ad calceamentorum coria in humectis reposita passim in Germania et Italia. — Perithecia *Microsphaerias* æquantia. « Perithecia minutissima globosa citrina. Ascii subglobosi, octospori; sporidiis e fronte subsphæricis, $4\frac{1}{2}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$ diam., lævibus, dilutissime flavidis, hyalinis. Vix ab *E. repente* de Bary diversum [Michelia] ». 105

6. **Eurotium epixylon** Kunze et Schm. D. Schw. n. 83, Wallr. Fl. crypt. 106 n. 2078. — Hyphis congestis dense contextis, pulvinato-macularibus, primum flaventibus dein fusco-rufescentibus, peritheciis citrinis parvis confertis, hyphasma demum obliterateibus.

Hab. ad ligna cæsa in locis suffocatis reposata frequens, in Germania et Italia. — « An var. *E. herbariorum?* ».

7. **Eurotium fructigenum** Mart., Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 2077. — Hyphis 107 tenuissimis testaceo-fuscescentibus, peritheciis minimis, ellipticis, luteis. — Mart. Erl. 369. Link. spec. I. 80.

Hab. ad fructus putridos Fuchsiae in Germania, Erlangen (MARTIUS), ad fructus Cerasi saccharo et spiritu vini incoctos et diu servatos Romæ (FIORINI-MAZZANTI, MONTAGNE Syll. Crypt.). Ab *E. herbariorum* colore et minutie maxime differt. Mont. l. c.

8. **Eurotium pulcherrimum** Wint. in Hans. Fungi fim. dan. p. 104. — 108 Peritheciis globulosis, 144-190 μ . diam., fusco-virentibus; ascis sphæricis, octosporis, 10-14 μ . diam.; sporidiis ellipsoideis 5-6 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in fimo, in Saxonia.

9. **Eurotium stercorarium** Ch. Hans. Fungi fim. dan. p. 104. — Pe- 109 ritheciis globulosis, basidiis, reticulato-contextis, 260 μ . diam.; ascis sere globosis; sporidiis inæqualiter globulosis 3-4.5 μ . diam.

Hab. in fimo, in Dania.

Species quoad genus dubiæ v. mihi ignotæ

10. **Eurotium chilense** Mont. Syll. crypt. n. 919, Fl. Chil., VII, p. 476. 110 Hypophyllum; perithecio sphærico vitellino, floccis brevissimis radiantibus basi cincto; sporis liberis (?) globosis cum gelatina diffluentibus.

Hab. in foliis *Ballotæ Miersii*, Quintero in Chile (BERTERO).

11. **Eurotium? Bonariense** Speg. fung. Arg. I. 177. — Peritheciis 111 sparsis vel 3–5 gregariis, sphaericis, astomis, luteo-sulphureis, 120–200 μ . diam., lævibus undique laxissime hyphis rectis albo-flavescens, prælongis 250–350 \times 5–10, vestitis; contextu tenuissime membranaceo, vivide sulphureo, imperspicue parenchymatico; hyphis microscopio inspectis basi dilute fulvescentibus apice recto, obtuso rotundato, hyalino, lævibus; ascis.... (non vidi) cito diffluentibus; sporidiis confertis, numerosissimis, globosis hyalinis, 3–4 μ . diam.

Hab. in foraminibus interioribus a coleopteris fimbriatis peractis in fimo vaccino al Bagnado de S. José de Flores, 6 Mart. 1880 prope Buenos-Ayres (Amer. austr.). Species pulcherrima, a genere *Eurotio* nonnihil recedens.

12. **Eurotium fuscum** Preuss Fungi Hoyersw. Linnæa 1852, p. 78. 112 Mycelio evoluto e floccis dense contextis, stipitiformibus, et in singulos abeuntibus, repentibus; peritheciis minutis gregariis, globosis, basi applanatis, fuscis; pulpa subalba; sporis minutissimis globosis fuscis.

Hab. in ramulis *Robiniae Pseudacaciæ*, Hoyerswerda, Lusatia (Germ.).

13. **Eurotium fulvescens** Cooke Grev. VIII. 11. — *Badhamia fulvescens* Cooke Grev. IV. 69. — Peritheciis subglobosis, sparsis, v. 3–6 aggregatis, subochraceis, basi circumcirca albo-pubescentibus; ascis minutis globosis, floccis tenuibus capitato-insertis; sporidiis pallide fuscis, minutis, ovoideis, 7.5 μ . diam.

Hab. in tela vetusta near Perth N. B. (Britannia).

14. **Eurotium Oryzæ** Ahlborg in Korschelt Ueber Sake (Dingl. Polyt. Journ. 1878). — Peritheciis conspicue flavis mycelio floccoso albo, septato insidentibus; ascis copiosis; sporidiis non concatenatis(?).

Hab. in caryopsidibus fermentescentibus Oryzæ, Germania.

15. **Eurotium insigne** Wint. Hedw. 1873, p. 146 (nomen), Fungi Eur. n. 1732 (non vidi). 115

Hab. in fimo, in Borussia.

16. **Eurotium diplocystis** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1180. — Irregularis, subglobosum vel elongatum, flavum, demum aurantium; ascis globosis pedunculatis e floccis decumbentibus oriundis; sporidiis octonis ellipticis.

Hab. in Ceylon. — Asci mox difflui, stipitibus longis et flexuosis ex hyphis decumbentibus ramosisque oriundis. Forte novum genus.

17. **Eurotium creatinum** Nyl. An. myc. in Fl. fenn. p. 126 (non vidi). 117

Hab. in carne cocta. Perithecia nigrescentia. Cfr. De Seynes Nouv. cas de parasit. d'un Aspergillus p. 4.

18. **Eurotium obliteratum** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2725. — Thallo 118 obliterato, nullo. Peritheciis magnis citrinis.

Hab. in herbis male exsiccatis in Herbariis Schweinitzii, in Am. boreal.

APPENDIX

Generi *Eurotio* peraffine, etsi ascigerum nondum repertum, est sequens genus.

MYRIOCOCCUM Fr. Syst. Myc. II. 304 (Etym. *myrios* et *coccus* h. e. sphærulæ copiosissimæ). — Perithecia globosa, membranacea, astoma, solidiuscula, gregaria e subiculo mucedineo intertexto oriunda. Nucleus.....

1. **Myriococcum præcox** Fr. Syst. Mycol. II. 304 Corda Icon. fung. 119 V. p. 56, t. III., fig. 39.

Hab. In foliis dejectis fragmentis ligneis et corticibus putrescentibus in Germania, Italia, Scandinavia, Algeria etc. — « Perithecia in subiculo mucedineo albo effuso dense gregaria, sphæroidea, diam. 50–70 micr., nitida, astoma, rufa; contextu distincte parenchymatico purpurascente, cellulis polyædricis 6–8 micr. diam. Corpuscula inclusa globulosa 6–10 micr. diam. hyalina, potius plasmatis guttulæ videntur. Etsi asci nondum innotuerint eurotiaceum genus videtur [Michelia] ».

PISOMYXA Corda Icon. fung. I, p. 23 (Etym. *pison*, pisum, *myxa*, mucus). — Perithecia membranacea, globulosa, colorata, apice denique rimulosa, mycelio radiato dematioso innata. Asci (globuli Corda) ovati, polyspori, liberi (?). Sporidia minutissima globulosa, continua fusca. — Species soliicola.

1. **Pisomyxa rhacodioides** Corda Icon. I, p. 23. t. VI, fig. 292. — Mycelio atro, tomentoso; peritheciis globosis, aureis, diaphanis, floccis radiantibus dichotomis, septatis, atris suffultis; ascis (seu globulis sporarum) 3–4, gelatinosis, ovatis, aureis; sporidiis minutissimis, globosis, fuscis; pseudothallo membranaceo tenuissimo friabili, dia-phano, luteo.

Hab. in foliis vivis perennibus arborum tropicarum in Brasilia. — Perithecia vertice denique rimulosa.

LASIOBOTRYS Kunze Myc. Heft. 2. p. 88 (Etym. *lasios*, pilosus et

botrys racemus, h. e. sphærulæ aggregatæ setigeræ). — Perithecia subsuperficialia, globosa, astoma, nigra minutissima, plura botryose-aggregata, cupulâque stromaticâ margine setigerâ recepta. Asci cylindracei, octospori. Sporidia oblonga, continua, hyalina.

1. **Lasiobotrys Lonicerae** Kze in Mycol. Heft. II. 88. 121

Hab. in utraque pagina foliorum languidorum Lonicerae nigrae, Periclymeni, Xylostei, cœruleæ, tataricæ, Pallasi in Britannia, Gallia, Italia, Algeria, Belgio, Germania, Sibiria. «*Obs.* Fungillus structura valde peculiaris et (mirum!) a nullo, quem sciam, auctore, excepto forte cl. Desmaziero in Flor. Alger. 569, exacte descriptus vel delineatus. In foliis gignuntur hinc inde gregatim cupulæ stromaticæ aterrimæ, mycelio solo penetrante, superficiales, 150–180 μ . d. celluloso-contextæ, duriusculæ, margine setulis copiosis, septatis olivaceo-fuligineis, 60–150 \approx 4, patulis ciliatae. In his cupulis nidulantur perithecia numerosa, botryoso-aggregata, perfecte sphærica, astoma, 50 μ . diam., contextu distinctissime parenchymatico, membranaceo, fuligineo; asci, qui insunt, fasciculati, cylindraceo-clavati, deorsum attenuati, 40–50 \approx 10, octospori, aparaphysati; sporidiis breve fusoideis, 8–10 \approx 4–5, hyalinis. Cupulæ stromaticæ, peritheciis facile secessis, perithecium unicum collapso-cupulatum mentiuntur, vel peritheciis farctæ simile nondum collapsum æmulantur. Icones et descriptiones auctorum. e. g. Grevillei, Wallrothii, Friesii, Cordæ etc. talem fabricam fictitiam ostendunt, perithecia vera haud demonstrant vel pro ascis habent [Michelia].»

APIOSPORIUM Kunze Myc. Heft. I. p. 8. (Etym. *apion*, pyrum, *sporos*, proles). — Perithecia superficialia, minutissima, globosa v. pyriformia, astoma, membranacea v. carbonacea, subiculo conidio-phoro dematiaceo incidentia. Asci polyspori, aparaphysati. Sporidia globosa v. oblonga, continua, hyalina. St. conidioph. sistit *Fumaginis*, *Torulæ* etc. species. — Mihi male cognitum genus.

Species genuinæ.

1. **Apiosporium pinophilum** Fuk. Symb. Myc. 87. — Peritheciis præcipue in foliorum superficie, sparsis, punctiformibus, planis convexisque, orbicularibus, rugulosis, atris; ascis globosis, magnis, multisporis; sporidiis minutissimis, ovato-cylindraceis, hyalinis. — St. conidioph., sec. Fuck., est *Antennaria pinophila* Nees. (Conf. ad *Capnodia*). 122

Hab. in ramis foliisque Abietis pectinatae in Germania, Belgio, etc. Autumno.

2. **Apiosporium profusum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. p. 262. Fuck. Symb. Myc. 123
p. 88. — Peritheciis gregariis, structura grosse cellulosa, fusca,
globosis oblongisve irregularibusque, aterrimis, minutissimis, basi
conidiis concatenatis, oblongis, fuscis, emergentibus; ascis magnis,
globosis, multisporis; sporidiis ovato-globosis, nucleatis, dilutissi-
me flavis, 3 μ . diam.

Hab. in cortice Populi nigræ et Quercus, rarius, Estrich,
Rhenogovia, et in Thuringia — Maculas nigras granulosas format.

3. **Apiosporium quercicolum** Fuck. Symb. Myc. 87. — Mycelio conidio- 124
phoro *Fumaginem* sistente; conidiis cum hyphis articulatis in fo-
liorum pagina superiori, oblongo-ovatis irregularibusve, 2-3-septa-
tis, subopacis, 48 \times 24; demum peritheciis ascigeris, in superficie
ortis, globosis, fuscis, 48 μ . diam.; ascis globosis, multisporis (?);
sporidiis globosis, biguttulatis, hyalinis, 6 μ . diametro.

Hab. in foliis vivis Quercus in Rhenogovia, aut.

4. **Apiosporium stygium** Wallr. Fl. crypt. p. 862 (?), Fuck. Symb. Myc. 125
p. 88. — Peritheciorum acervulis densis, minutis, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. dia-
metr., aterrimis; peritheciis globosis oblongisve, lævibus, atris, 44
 μ . diam.; ascis distinctis, majusculis, globoso-ovatis, sessilibus, po-
lysporis; sporidiis globosis, minutis, dilutissime flavis.

Hab. in ligno putrescente Quercus, Juglandis etc. in Ger-
mania, Gallia, Italia.

5. **Apiosporium Fumago** Fuck, Symb. myc. p. 87. — Hyphis repen- 126
tibus, ramosis, moniliformibus, conidiis in catenulas seriatis, demum
solutis pilorum simplicium, erectorum, acuminatorum, fuscorum su-
perficiem totam tegentibus, globosis, 8 μ . diam., maturis olivaceis;
pilis 144 μ . long. (Fuck. I. c. t. II. fig. 37). Peritheciis ascophoris
punctiformibus, demum confluentibus, orbicularibus, planis, subti-
lissime rugulosis, atris; ascis globosis, 16 μ . diam., multisporis;
sporidiis minutis, globosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis adhuc pendulis Fagi sylvaticæ (et Ilicis) cru-
stas fuscas amplas formans, in Jura (Helvetia) ubi legit MORTIER.

6. **Apiosporium tremulicolum** Fuck. Symb. p. 88. — Peritheciis in ra- 127
mulis præcipue aridis ortis, gregariis, atris, conicis, minutis; ascis
globosis, 8(—16?) sporis; sporidiis globosis seu angulato-globosis,
uninucleatis, hyalinis, 8-10 μ . diam. — Mycelio conidiophoro præ-
primis in foliorum vivorum pagina superiori nascente, maculas
nigras, tenues, plerumque circumscriptas exhibente; hyphis repen-

tibus, articulatis, junioribus stellatis, (conidiis *Asterosporii Hoffmanni* non assimilibus), primo hyalinis, demam fuscis; conidiis e 2-4 cellulis fuscis connatis, majusculis.

Hab. in foliis ramulisque *Populi tremulæ*, Eberbach, Rhenogovia.

7. **Apiosporium Rhododendri** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 87. — Mycelio conidiophoro *Torulam Rhododendri* Kze sistente, præcipue in foliis. 128

— Peritheciis ascigeris in ramulis ortis, minutis, deplanatis, atris; ascis polysporis; sporidiis subglobosis, nucleatis, hyalinis, 8 μ . diam.

Hab. in foliis ramulisque *Rhododendri ferruginei* in Alpibus Italiæ et Germaniæ.

8. **Apiosporium microscopicum** Karst. Symb. ad Myc. Fenn. 1879, p. 42. 129

— Peritheciis sparsis, cuticulæ innatis, sphæroideis, structura subgrosse cellulosa, fusca (sub microscopico), atris, lævibus diam. 30-40 μ ; ascis pluribus insimul, primitus subsphæroideis, dein obovoideo-oblongatis, utrinque attenuatis, ut plurimum curvulis sessilibus, polysporis; sporidiis angulato-sphæroideis vel sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, 2-3 \approx 1 hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis aridis juvenilibus *Rubi idaei* æstate in regione Mustialensi (Fennia).

9. **Apiosporium fimicolum** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. n. 111. — Pe. 130

ritheciis sparsis, superficialibus, globosis, v. globoso-depressis 200-250, u. d. byssو nullo insidentibus, glabris, subverruculosis, membranaceo-subcarbonaceis; ascis globosis 8-12 \approx 16 sporis, 25-30 μ . diam.; sporidis ellipticis v. subglobosis, 10-12 \approx 7-8, utrinque obtusissime rotundatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in fimo vetusto putrescente *Caviæ leucopygæ* in paludibus secus el Rio de la Plata, prope Barracas del Sur, (Am. austr.) Maj. 1881.

10. **Apiosporium? australe** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV. n. 110. — Pe. 131

ritheciis superficialibus, dense gregaris, nudis, glaberrimis, atro-nitentibus, globosis 250-300 u. d. carbonaceis fragillimis, tactis nucleum album subpulveraceum mox ostendentibus; ascis globosis 8-10 μ . diam., octosporis (?), dense conglobatis, ac mox fluxilibus; sporidiis elliptico-subrhomboideis, subinæquilateralibus 15 \approx 2, utrinque obtusiusculis, non v. 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in disco trunci palmæ cuiusdam diu loco udo servati in Universitate bonariensi, Febr. 1881 (Amer. austr.). — An hoc *Licea berteroana* Mont. (Gay. Fl. Chil. v. VII, p. 20) ducenda, etsi (ob errorem?) sporis nigris donata describatur?

Species, ob ascos ignotos, dubiæ.

11. **Apiosporium Ulmi** Fuck. Symb. p. 87. — Peritheciis minutis confluentibusque, planis, subconvexis, opacis, rugulosis, atro-fuscis; ascis nondum visis; sporidiis ovatis, vel irregulariter globosis, nucleatis, hyalinis, $8 \approx 6$. — Status conid. est *Torula ulmicola* Rabh.

Hab. in ramis vivis corticatis Ulmi suberosæ, Hattenheim, Rhenogovia, Autumno, socia *Torula ulmicola*.

12. **Apiosporium Abietis** Kunze Myc. Heft. I. p. 8. Fr. Syst. Mycol. III. 133 255 — Acervulis hemisphæricis, olivaceis, peritheciis e globoso pyriformibus.

Hab. in ligno abietino in Saxonia. — Pulvis, quo perithecia extus conspersa sunt, velo pulveraceo variarum Sphæriarum similis est.

13. **Apiosporium Brassicæ** (Lib.) Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 86. *Perisporium Brassicæ* Lib. exs. n. 280. — Peritheciis superficialibus, globulosis, minutissimis, dense aggregatis; ascis..... haud visis; sporidiis subtetragonis, irregulariter ovoideis, globosisque, uniguttulatis, hyalinis, $16 \approx 12-14$.

Hab. in caule putri Brassicæ in Germania et Belgio.

14. **Apiosporium stilbosporeum** Fr. Syst. Mycol. III. 256. — Acervulus effusis atris, peritheciis e cylindrico ovatis.

Hab. Profuse ad longitudinem ulnarum tegit ramulos cariosos in Carolina (SCHWEINITZ). — Hic a Stilbospora omnino diversus fungillus ex hac serie potissimum videtur. Perithecia etiam sparsa occurunt, interdum in bacilli fere clavati speciem elongata.

15. **Apiosporium Corni** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 4128. — Peritheciis minutissimis tornato-globosis, lœvissimis nitidis, olivaceo-nigris sparsim aggregatis, dein integrum folii faciem obliterateibus stratoque granuloso stygio veluti obducentibus.

Hab. in foliis Corni sanguineæ vegetis hypophyllum, rarius, in Germania.

16. **Apiosporium Centaurii** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 87. t. I. f. 1. — Mycelio conidiophoro *Torulam Centaurii* Fuck sistente: catenulis fasciculatis demum confluentibus, atro-olivaceis, articulis globosis, plerumque senis octonisve non secedentibus; statu ascophoro ignoto.

Hab. in foliis caulibusque Erythreae Centaurii in Germania, Italia.

17. **Apiosporium Salicis** Kze. u. Schm. Myc. Hfte. I, p. 8. Fuck. Symb. 138 p. 88. — Peritheciis ascophoris structura minute cellulosa, fusca,

gregariis, globosis oblongisve, durissimis, aterrimis; ascis?; sporidiis ovatis, nucleatis, hyalinis, 10-8; conidiis concatenatis, articulis ovatis, fuscis, e basi peritheciorum emergentibus.

Hab. in cortice duriore *Salicu*m in Germania, Italia, Gallia.

— Efficit grumulos irregulares, nigros. « Datur var. *populinum*, (cellulis peritheciæ interioribus-ascis immaturis?-globulosis 7-8 μ . d. nucleatis, hyalinis). In ligno *Populi* in Gallia [Michelia] ».

18. **Apiosporium Hyphæ** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. App. III. p. 17. — Pe-¹³⁹ ritheciis sparsis, demum totis superficialibus, minutissimis nudo oculo vix conspicuis, globosis, atris, astomis; ascis nondum vi- sis; sporidiis globosis vel parum ovatis, nucleatis, hyalinis, 4 μ . diam.

Hab. in *Hypha papyracea* cavitatem in trunco quercino obducente, Hattenheim, Rhenogovia.

19. **Apiosporium? Melampyri** Sacc. M. V. n. 1095. Michelia I. 243. ¹⁴⁰ Peritheciis hypophyllis, gregariis, sphæricis, diam. 35-45 μ ., su- perificialibus, rugulosis, nitidulis, nigris, hyphis parcis hyalinis sep- tulatis basi cinctis, nucleo; peritheciæ contextu parenchyma- tico, fuligineo.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Melampyri arvensis* languido- rum, sociis *Sphærotheca* et *Coleosporio* in sylva *Montello*, in Ita- lia. Oct. 1877. — An hoc pertinet *Perisporium vagans* Dmz.?

20. **Apiosporium Mali** Wallr. Fl. crypt. p. 861. Fuck, Symb. mycol. ¹⁴¹ p. 88. — Acervulis effusis, olivaceis; peritheciis etiam ascigeris structura subgrosse cellulosa, fusca, globosis, 40-80 μ . diam.; co- nidiis concatenatis, catenularum articulis globoso-ovatis, fuscis, in peritheciorum latere excrescentibus (vide Fuck. l. c. Tab. II. F. 39); ascis?; sporidiis ut in *A. Salicis*.

Hab. in utraque pag. corticis durioris *Pyri Mali* in Germania.

21. **Apiosporium? velutinum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 4130. — Peritheciis ¹⁴² minutis tenuibus elongato-subcylindricis, atris, nitidis, stratum ve- lutinum effusum præstantibus.

Hab. ad truncos quercinos cæsos Hercyn. inferioris passim.

22. **Apiosporium Plantaginis** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 87. — Mycelio coni- diophoro *Torulam* (*Gyroceras*) *Plantaginis* Corda sistente; statu ascophoro ignoto.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Plantaginis* mediae nondum emortuorum in Germania, Belgio, Italia.

ANIXIA Fr. (?) Nov. Fl. Suec. ed. I., p. 80. Hoffm. Ic. fung. t. XVIII.

(Etym. *dubia*). — Perithecia superficialia, glabra v. basi villosa, globoso-hemisphærica, astoma, membranacea, superne irregulariter dehiscentia. Ascii cylindracei, paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia ellipsoidea, continua e flavo hyalina.

1. **Anixia spadicea** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 91. — Peritheciis sparsis, 144 superficialibus, basi filamentis longissimis, fuscouscentibus, repentibus, laxis, demum evanescentibus obsessis, hemisphæricis, astomis, siccis rugosis, spadiceis, demum atris latit. 0,7–0,8 mill.; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 120–150, part. sporif. 70–80 \approx 10–14; sporidiis octonis, monostichis, ellipsoideis vel subsphæroideis, sulphureis (sub microsc. hyalinis), 10–14 \approx 7–10; paraphysibus filiformibus, ramosis.

Hab. in culmis putrescentibus *Secalis cerealis* in Fennia et Germania. — Secund. cl. Rostafinski — monente Karstenio — *Anixia spadicea* Fuck., *Tubulina bicolor* Poir., *Didymium parietinum* Schrad., *Licea sulphurea* Wallr. et *L. pannorum* Wallr. unam eamdemque speciem sistunt.

2. **Anixia Wallrothii** Fuck. Symb. mycol. pag. 91. — *Licea sulphurea* 145 Wallr. Fl. crypt. II., p. 344. — Peritheciis majusculis, hemisphæricis, nigro-fuscis, basi subglabris; ascis breviter stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis, 79 \approx 10 (p. sporif.); sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, simplicibus, episporio sulphureo, 12 \approx 8.

Hab. in fimo et fermento, Cestrich etc. in Germania (WALLR., FUCK.).

3. **Anixia truncigena** Hoffm. Icon. t. 17, fig. 2. — *Licea sulphurea* 146 Klotzsch. Hb. myc. 1545. — Peritheciis globulosis, fuscis glabris; ascis cylindraceis, longissime stipitatis, 8sporis, 76 \approx 12 (p. sporif.) sporidiis exacte globosis, simplicibus, episporio sulphureo, 10 μ . d.

Hab. in ligno Pin i circa Cestrich in Rhenogovia, vere.

4. **Anixia perichænoides** (Cooke) Sacc., *Orbicula perichænoides* Cooke 147 Grev. VIII., p. 10. *Chætomium glabrum* B. et Br. — Peritheciis sparsis superficialibus, depresso-globosis, irregulariter dehiscentibus, intus pallescentibus; contextu sinuoso-parenchymatico; ascis cylindraceis 100–110 \approx 12–13; sporidiis globosis, 10–12 μ . diam., monostichis, e hyalino flavidis paraphysibus filiformibus copiosis, interdum furcatis.

Hab. in caule Brassicæ, trabibus, culmis putridis etc., socio quandoque *Mycogalacte parietino*, quod probabiliter est pycnidium, in Anglia, Germania, Gallia etc. — Forma in regione arctica citata a cl. Berk. Arct. Exp. n. 21 gaudet sporidiis minoribus,

nempe 8 μ . d.; specimina malmadyensia Libertiana præbent sporidia 14-15 \approx 12. Conf. Rev. Myc. 1881, t. XX., fig. 14.

5. **Anixia cyclospora** (Cooke) Sacc., *Orbicula cyclospora* Cooke ¹⁴⁸
Handb. n. 2788. — Mycelio radiato, ramuloso, hyalino; peritheciis
globosis, obscure fuscis, contextu reticulato; ascis cylindricis; spo-
ridiis globosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in charta murali, vernicea in Hollandia et Britannia,
sociis *Rhinotricho lanoso*, *Penicillio chartarum* et *Sporodesmio*
Alternaria, quorum, sec. cl. Cooke, *Anixia* videtur status perfectus.

Species dubiæ.

6. **Anixia (Orbicula) Buxi** Magnin in Ann. Soc. bot. Lyon. Nov. 1876 ¹⁴⁹
— Peritheciis sæpius pyriformibus, sporidiis fusoideis.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum Buxi, Lyon. «An Nectriella?».

7. **Anixia villosa** Fr. Syst. Myc. III. 227. — Peritheciis difformibus, ¹⁵⁰
villo albo obductis, fibris basi radicatis, intus demum cavis, apice-
que varie dehiscentibus; ascis..... sporidiis globosis.

Hab. in humo atra foliis obtecta in Scandinavia.

8. **Anixia interrupta** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2395. — Pallido-car- ¹⁵¹
nea, tuberibus (?) interruptim connexis ad longitudinem uncialem
aut biuncialem, tamen faciliter separabilibus, insidentibus fibrillulis
himantioideis longe repentibus, superficie lacunosa, tuberibus $\frac{1}{4}$
unciali crassitudine, intus albis, cavis.

Hab. in terra ex putrescentibus truncis orta in cavitate, Be-
thlehem, Amer. bor.

9. **Anixia minuta** Schulz. Verhand. z. bot. Gesell. Wien 1872, p. 405. ¹⁵²

CEPHALOTHECA Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I, p. 297 (Etym. *Cephalos*,
caput, *theca*, ascus, ob ascos globosos). — Perithecia simplicia, li-
bera, carbonacea, fragilissima, cellulis minutis contexta, globosa,
astoma, undique pilosa vel villo floccoso tecta, demum subglabra,
fusca atrave. Asci primo in hypharum ramosarum apicibus, glo-
merulos globosos formantes, demum liberi, 8spori. Sporidia con-
globata, demum libera, simplicia, ovata vel subfusiformia, fusca
opacave.

1. **Cephalotheca sulfurea** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I., p. 297. — Pe- ¹⁵³
ritheciis sparsis gregariisve, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., globosis, villo sul-
fureo tectis, demum vertice glabris atrisque, denique totis glabris
et mox diffractis; ascis maturis 10 μ . diam.; sporidiis ovatis, 6-
7 \approx 3; hyphis ascigeris multiguttulatis, 1 μ . crass.

Hab. in asseribus putridis quercinis in humo ammoniacali positis, circa Oestrich in Rhenogovia, nec non in Britannia (B. et Br. Ann. Hist. Nat. n. 1729, t. IV, fig. 8). — Asci in peritheciis junioribus tantum inspiciendi.

2. **Cephalotheca trabea** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. III, p. 17. — Peritheciis superficialibus, plerumque dense gregariis, ovatis, atro-olivaceis, vertice pilis crispulis, ramosis, asperis, concoloribus longe comatis, *Chætomo comato* similibus; ascis globosis, 8sporis, 20 μ . diam.; sporidiis conglobatis, ovato-ellipticis, continuis, fuscis, 12 \approx 8.

Hab. in lignis putridis fabrefactis, circa Oestrich in Rhenogovia.

3. **Cephalotheca reniformis** Sacc. et Th. Michelia II, p. 312. — Peritheciis gregariis inter fibras corticales nidulantibus v. denique superficialibus, globosis, astomis, sed vertice quandoque papillulatis, denique saepe collabascendo cupulatis fusco-nigricantibus, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{4}$ μ . diam., initio ubique pilis filiformibus fuligineis, 2 μ . diam. vestitis, dein calvescentibus, basique tantum vestitis, contextu crassiusculo, minute parenchymatico, fusco; ascis globosis v. ellipsoideis 10 μ . diam., vel 15 \approx 14-12, cito diffluentibus, octosporis; sporidiis conglobatis, reniformibus, 4-5 \approx 3- $3\frac{1}{2}$, initio olivaceis, dein dilute fuligineis.

Hab. in laminis librosis Populi putrescentis, Lyon, Majo 1880. — A ceteris speciebus ob sporidia reniformia minuta mox dignoscitur.

4. **Cephalotheca curvata** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I. p. 298 et App. II, p. 18, fig. 34. — Peritheciis in ligni putridi cavernis minutis nidulantibus, gregariis, sed totis liberis, minutis, astomis, perfecte globosis, subtilissime punctulatis, nitido-fuscis, undique pilis septatis, concoloribus, rigidis, perithecium quadruplo longioribus, patentibus obsitis; ascis ovalibus, globosisve, 8sporis, 18 μ . diam.; sporidiis conglobatis, simplicibus, subfusiformibus, curvatis, antice acuminatis, obtusiusculis, basi truncatis et subtiliter bi-tuberculatis, tuberculis hyalinis, 1-2-guttulatis, primo fuscis, demum totis opacis, 18 \approx 6.

Hab. in cavernis ligni quercini putridi, Eberbach, Rhenogovia.

ASCOTRICA Berk. Ann. N. H. n. 116 (Etym. *askos*, ascus et *thrix* capillus h. e. fungillus setiger, ascophorus). — Perithecia minuta, libera, astoma, hyphis seu appendicibus, pluries furcatis radianti-

bus conidiophoris cincta. Asci lineares, octospori. Sporidia ellipsoidea, continua, fusca.

1. **Ascotricha chartarum** Berk. l. c. Cooke Hand. n. 1936, fig. 319. 157
 — Peritheciis tenuibus, olivaceo-fuscis, floccis iterato-furcatis cinctis; ascis cylindraceis, copiosis; sporidiis subocononis ellipsoideis, fuligineis.

Hab. in charta typographica, King's Cliffe (Britannia).

MAGNUSIA Sacc. Michel. I, p. 122. — Perithecia e globoso horizontaliter oblonga, membranaceo-carbonacea, astoma, glabra, basi filamentis paucis apice circinatis cincta. Asci.... diffuentes? Sporidia continua, olivacea.

Obs. Hoc novum genus, præclaro inventori PAULO MAGNUS jure meritoque dicatum, a *Chætomidio* differt peritheciis nitidissimis, applanato-oblongis, sola ima basi filamentis parcis cinctis; a *Perisporio* forma perithecii filamentisque apice exquisite circinatis, fuligineisque; ab *Apiosporio*, filamentis iisdem, sporidiis fuscis, subiculo dematiego nullo etc.

1. **Magnusia nitida** Sacc. Michel. I, p. 122. — Peritheciis superficia- 158 libus, horizontaliter oblongis $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$ long., aterrimis, nitidissimis, astomis contextu minute sed distincte celluloso, fuligineo, basi filamentis 6-8, plerumque geminatis, perithecio paulo longioribus, apice exquisite circinatis, fuligineis cinctis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, minutis, 4-5 \approx $3\frac{1}{2}$, lutescenti-olivaceis, guttulam hyalinam includentibus.

Hab. in ligno pineo putri Berolini, socio *Chætomio calvenscete*, 1869 (P. MAGNUS).

Obs. Sporidia quandoque in glemerulos congregata videntur, an ergo primitus in ascis (cito diffluentibus?) inclusa sint, probabile est.

ORBICULA Cooke Handb. of British Fungi p. 926, p. p. (Etym. *orbis*).

— Perithecia subsuperficialia, mycelio fusco insidentia, subglobosa, astoma, submembranacea. Asci octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia globoso-ovoidea, tandem opace fuliginea.

1. **Orbicula tartaricola** (Nyl.) Cooke — Handb. n. 2789. *Sphæria tartaricola* Nyl. Leighton, On *Sph. tartaricola*, cum tabula. — Mycelio superficiali nigro-fusco, radiante, ramosissimo, articulato; cellulis oblongo-moniliformibus nucleolatis; peritheciis sphærico-ovoideis (vertice rotundatis) sub-superficialibus, nigris; ascis linea-

ribus, paraphysibus simplicibus obvallatis, apice rotundatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis initio sphæricis, subhyalinis, dein ellipsoideis, fuligineis, 12–13 \approx 9–10, uniguttulatis.

Hab. in thallo Lecanoræ tartareæ near Dolgelly North Wales (LEIGHTON).

THIELAVIA Zopf. in Verhand. bot. Ver. Brandenb. 1876, p. 101 (Etym. ab *F. v. Thielau*). — Perithecia e ramo mycelico spiraliter convoluto (carpogonio) oriunda, sphærica, minuta, astoma; asci copiosi ovati, octospori; sporidia oblonga (cucumeriformia) badio-fusca, continua. — Mycelium conidiophorum fuscum, septatum, ramis in conidia fatiscentibus. In eodem mycelio nascitur *Torula basicola* Berk. statum conidicum alterum hibernantem sistens. Spermogonia minuta sphærica, vertice setulis coronata, spermatiis minutissimis foeta.

1. **Thielavia basicola** Zopf. l. c. Charact. generis.

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Hab. in partibus subterraneis Senecionis elegantis quem maxime vexat in Horto Berolinensi. — Rami mycelici fertiles 170 \approx 10. Spermogonia 80–100 μ . diam. Perithecia ascigera 80–130 μ . diam.

CHÆTOMIDIUM Zopf. (ut subg.) Entwick. d. Chætom. p. 280, t. XVIII, fig. 12–18 et t. XIX, fig. 1–12 (Etym. a *Chætomio*, quod cfr.). — Perithecia globulosa superficialia, astoma setosa, nigræ; asci clavati octospori; sporidia globoso-ovoidea, fusca. — Est *Chætomium* prorsus astomum.

1. **Chætomidium fimetii** (Fuck.) Zopf. l. c. *Chætomium fimetii* Fuck. 161
Enum. F. Nass., p. 64 et Symb. Mycol. p. 90. — Peritheciis globosis v. ovoideis, atris, astomis undique subulato-setulosis basi pilis rhizoideis longissimis repente-divaricatis, concoloribus cinctis, usque medium brevissime denique superne levibus, nitidis; ascis majusculis, clavatis longe stipitatis, 40–48 \approx 14–18 (p. sporif.) sporidiis ellipsoideis, fuscis, 14–16 \approx 12, lenissime compressis.

Hab. in fimo equino in pratis Oestrich, Berlin, in Germania, Brünn in Moravia.

ASTERINA Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1845. III. p. 59 (Etym. *aster*, quia mycelium radiosum). — Perithecia in mycelio maculiformi radioso atro subsuperficiali (rarius subinnato) insidentia, lenticularia v. globoso-depressa, subastoma, membranacea. Asci potius breves et

crassi, plerumque octospori; sporidia typice bilocularia, fusca, quandoque vero continua et pluriseptata, hyalina v. fusca.

Obs. Genus elementis heterogeneis compositum, et in posterum in plura dividendum, sed mihi non satis notum ut nunc divellere audeam. Nonnullæ species ostiolo instructæ videntur et tunc ad Sphaeriaceas, prope *Sphærellas*, v. *Microthyria* transferendæ essent. A *Dimerosporio* differt peritheciis applanatis, mycelio magis adhærente et adpresso.

Euasterina: sporidiis bilocularibus, fuscis.

1. **Asterina platasca** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 732. — Mycelio tenui ¹⁶² nigro; peritheciis confluentibus; ascis globosis; sporidiis magnis oblongis, uniseptatis apud commissuram contractis, 25×10 , dein brunneis.

Hab. in foliis Passifloræ etc. in Cuba.

2. **Asterina reticulata** Kalch. et Cke. Grev. 1880 p. 33. tab. 138. ¹⁶³ f. 47. — Phyllogena, effusa, fuliginea; peritheciis convexo-applanatis, reticulato-fimbriatis, fuscis 150μ . diam.; mycelio intricato, ramoso, anastomotico-reticulato, fusco, processibus hamatis, bicellulatis ornatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, atro-fuscis, medio fascia hyalina ornatis, $16-18 \times 7$.

Hab. in foliis vivis Oliniæ cymosæ in Africa australi. — Species fabricâ sporidiorum vere peculiaris.

3. **Asterina spherasca** Thüm. Fungi Austro-Africanæ n. 119. — Mycelio vel stromate tenui, plus minusve orbiculato, stellato-dendritico, nigro; hyphis inæqualibus, griseo-fuscis, repentibus, longis, ramosis; peritheciis minutis, numerosis, granuloso-punctiformibus; ascis exacte sphæricis, tunica crassissima, lævi, quadrisporis, hyalinis, vel flavescentibus, 35μ . diam.; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, bicellularibus, medio constrictis, dilute flavidis demum fuscidulis, pellucidis, 20×12 . — *Asterinæ megalosporæ* Berk. et Curt. Fungi Cubenses p. 373. proxima.

Hab. ad Capparidis Gueinzii folia viva pr. Olifants Hoek in ditione Uitenhage in sylvis, Kaffraria. Africa. Julio 1876 (HOLLAND).

4. **Asterina pemphidioides** Cooke Some Ind. fung. Grev. V. 16. — ¹⁶⁵ In maculas orbiculares, confluentesque disposita; peritheciis hemisphæricis, nitidis, phemphidioides, brunneis; mycelio brunneo, evanido; ascis obovatis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, constrictis, brunneis, 40×15 .

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum in India (HOBSON). — Mycelii flocci

brunnei processus ovatos laterales gerentes. Affinis *Ast. pelliculosæ* sed sporidia duplo longiora.

5. **Asterina diplodiooides** B. et C. North. Am. Fungi n. 787. — Ma- 166
culis orbicularibus, mycelio interrupto; peritheciis minutis; spori-
diis oblongis obtusissimis uniseptatis fuscis, 8μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Andromedæ acuminatæ, Alabama, Am. bor.

6. **Asterina fimbriata** Kalch. et Cke. Grev. 1880, p. 33, tab. 138, 167
fig. 46. — Epiphylla; peritheciis gregariis, radiato-fibrosis, con-
vexo-applanatis, atro-fuscis, stellato-fissurato-dehiscentibus, mar-
gine fimbriato 150μ . diam.; ascis saccatis, pyriformibus; sporidiis
ellipticis, profunde constrictis, uniseptatis, fuscis 15 ± 8 .

Hab. in foliis vivis Sclerochiti Harveyani in Africa austr.

— Perithecia in maculas minutas brunneas collecta.

7. **Asterina inæqualis** Mont. Pl. Cellul. Cent. VII, p. 340. — Epi- 168
phylla, macularis; peritheciis hemisphærico-depressis, atris; ostiolo
mamillari demum deciduo, mycelio atro centro concreto ambitu
radiante insidentibus; ascis subglobosis, 100μ . diam., octosporis;
sporidiis majusculis ovoideo-oblongis, $35-40 \pm 20-30$, bilocularibus,
constrictis, initio hyalinis, dein fulvis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Malastomatum in Guyana gal-
lica, (LEPRIEUR). — Ab *Aster. Malastomatis* Lév. diversa.

8. **Asterina Mac-Owaniana** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 33, t. 137, 169
fig. 44. — Atra, effusa; peritheciis gregariis, discoideis, applanatis
 100μ . d., mycelio radiante nidulantibus; ascis pyriformibus; spori-
diis ellipticis, uniseptatis, constrictis, hyalinis dein fuscis, $20-22 \pm 10$.

Hab. in foliis Celastrri buxifoliae in Africa australi. —
Huc probabiliter *Meliola Mac-Owaniana* Thüm., a quo genere pe-
ritheciis applanatis differt. Sec. Rehm Asc. Diagn. n. 295, asci 60
 ± 45 ; sporidia 34 ± 15 .

9. **Asterina megalospora** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 733. — Mycelio 170
tenuissimo, subinconspicuo, filis repentibus constante; peritheciis
punctiformibus, tandem stellatim dehiscentibus, margine flocculo-
sis; ascis globosis; sporidiis bilocularibus 25 ± 15 , brunneis, qua-
ternis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Passifloræ etc., Bonin Isles, Cuba.

10. **Asterina capensis** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 32, tab. 137, 171
fig. 41. — Sparsa; peritheciis orbicularibus, fuscis 150μ . diam.,
mycelio fusco, radiante circumdatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellip-
ticis, uniseptatis, fuscis, 16 ± 6 .

Hab. in foliis vivis Hippobromi alati in Africa australi. —

Mycelium processibus brevibus uniseptatis, sœpe invicem oppositis, instructum; setæ paucæ inter perithecia inspersæ.

11. **Asterina connata** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 739. — Peritheciis ¹⁷² minutissimis cellulosis nec radiato-cellulosis, in soros minutos confluentibus, floccis brevibus parcissimis cinctis; sporidiis minutis oblongis uniseptatis, brunneis, $5 \approx 2$.

Hab. in foliis Clusiæ, in Cuba.

12. **Asterina congesta** Cooke. Fungi Ind. Grev. VIII, p. 95. — Epi- ¹⁷³ phylla; peritheciis discoideis, atro-brunneis $100-150 \mu$. diam. rimoso-dehiscentibus, densissime congestis; mycelio tenui, brunneo, sparso; ascis ovatis; sporidiis ellipticis, brunneis, medio hyalino-cinctis, demum uniseptatis $20 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliis Santali albi, Belgaum, India (J. HOBSON).

13. **Asterina carbonacea** Cooke. Ind. Fungi in Grev. VIII, p. 96. — ¹⁷⁴ Maculæformis; peritheciis applanatis, discoideis, opacis, atris, gregariis 150μ . diam.; hyphis paucis, radiantibus; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, atro-brunneis $40-50 \approx 20$.

Hab. in foliis coriaceis Belgaum, India (J. HOBSON). — Perithecia solito magis carbonacea.

14. **Asterina cupressina** Cooke, New Jersey Fungi, Grev. VI. p. 17. ¹⁷⁵ (*Venturia cupressina*, Rehm. Asc., n. 394). — Mycelio prope obsoleto; peritheciis brunneis, membranaceis, floccis radiantibus coailitis, subinde 3-6 pilis rigidis apice obsitis; ascis clavato-pyriformibus, stipitatis; sporidiis uniseptatis, sursum inflatis, globosis, brunneis, $18 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliis Cupressi thyoidis, New Jersey (Am. bor.). — Pyrenidia sœpe adsociata: peritheciis majoribus; stylosporis ellipticis brunneis, $20 \approx 10$. Sec. Rehm. Asc. Diagn. n. 394, asci 50 ≈ 15 ; sporidia $15 \approx 6$, valde constricta.

15. **Asterina solaris** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 33, tab. 138, ¹⁷⁶ f. 48. — Amphigena, crustacea, atra; peritheciis convexis, centro depressis, atro-fuscis, densissime radiato-strigosis; ascis.....; sporidiis ellipticis, 1-2-septatis, fuscis, $20-25 \approx 8$.

Hab. in foliis vivis Oleæ verrucosæ in Africa australi. — Fibræ peritheciæ quandoque fasciculatim coalitæ, patentim verrucosæ.

Asterella: sporidiis bilocularibus hyalinis (v. colore ignoto).

(In nonnullis speciebus sporidia dein fuscescunt).

16. **Asterina megalospora** Berk. et C. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 160. ¹⁷⁷

37 = Asterina

— Subiculo parcissimo fimbriante; peritheciis magnis hiantibus; sporidiis maximis uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis vivis in insulis Bonin. — Affinis *Ast. Azaræ* Lév. 178

17. **Asterina Puiggarii** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV. n. 114. — Mycelio orbiculariter expanso 2–5 mill. diam., saepe confluente ac totum epiphyllum occupante, arcte adnato, tenuissimo, ex hyphis gracilibus 5–7 μ . crass. rectis, parce ramosis, crebre septatis, densissime intricatis, simplicibus composito; peritheciis centro mycelii insidentibus, 4–15 laxissime gregariis, dimidiato-scutatis, sublenticularibus 180–250 μ . diam., in sicco saepe centro umbilicatis, atris, glabris v. hyphis mycelicis velatis, contextu dense prosenchymatico-radiante, ambitu fimbriatulo, fuligineo; ascis elliptico-clavatis, substantia mucoso-filamentosa obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoides v. clavulatis, constricto-1-septatis 30 μ . long., loculo supero quandoque elongato, quandoque globoso majore 16–18 \approx 14–16, loculo infero subconoideo minore 12–15 \approx 9–12, dense granulosofarctis, diu hyalinis, in senectute tandem pallidissime fuscescentibus.

Hab. ad folia viva coriacea plantæ cujusdam, Apiah, Brasilia meridionali (Doct. J. PUIGGARI).

18. **Asterina fragilissima** Berk. Fl. N. Zel. II. 208. — Maculis parvis orbicularibus, mycelio parco; peritheciis congestis fragilissimis; ascis globosis; sporidiis obovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, 20 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis Veronicae in Nova Zelandia (COLENZO). — Maculæ 2. mill. diam.

19. **Asterina sublibera** Berk. Fl. N. Zel. II. 208. tab. CVI. fig. 1. — 180
Mycelio parcissimo e fibris intertextis; peritheciis in maculas minutæ collectis; ascis cylindraceo-elongatis; sporidiis quaternis monostichis, unisepiatis, hyalinis, leniter constrictis, 14–15 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Metrosideri effusæ in Nova Zelandia (COLENZO).

20. **Asterina velutina** Berk. et Curt. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 165. — 181
— Maculis velutinis orbicularibus, fibris erectis, subulatis obsitis; peritheciis minutissimis frequentibus; ascis oblongis; sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis, in insulis Loo Choo in regione Pacifici bor.

21. **Asterina sepulta** Berk. et Curt. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 167. — 182
— Subiculo repente epidermide diu tecto; peritheciis minutis; ascis oblongis; sporidiis uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis Laurineæ cujusdam in Japonia.

22. **Asterina cincta** Berk. Decad. n. 477. — Mycelio fibrilloso, ma-

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Gimedium v. asterina

culosus, fibrillis sparsis ramosis, repentibus; peritheciis globosis setatis acutis cinctis; ascis oblongis, v. linearis-oblongis; sporidiis subellipticis, leniter attenuatis, uniseptatis, 10 μ . long., hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Cameliæ, Khasia (India). Ad *Meliolam* vergit. 184

23. **Asterina difformis** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 284. — Peritheciis orbicularibus v. irregularibus complanatis, filis fuscis e superficie peritheciorum oriundis et ad basim radiatim extensis; ascis rotundatis v. obovatis; sporidiis biseriatis, obovatis, pallidis, 1-septatis, 15–18 μ . long., ad septum constrictis.

Hab. ad folia viva fruticis Menispermacearum in sylva Mata do Pungo, Angola (Africa).

24. **Asterina cordobensis** Speg. Pug. 2. p. 18. — Peritheciis superficialibus minutissimis, 80–90 μ . diam., orbiculari-lentiformibus, contextu dense parenchymatico, membranaceo, atro, in crustam nigram fere totos ramulos ambientem dense congestis; ascis elliptico-clavatis, v. deorsum clavato-pyriformibus, apice crasse tunicatis, breve stipitatis, 22–30 \pm 12–15, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, ovato-clavatis, 1-septatis non v. vix constrictis, 8–10 \pm 4, loculo sup. majore, obtusato, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis vivis Heterothalami brunioideis in sylvaticis prope Cordobam, Argent. Amer. austr.

25. **Asterina cuticulosa** Cooke, Rav. Am. Fungi in Grevill. VII. p. 49. 186
— Sparsa, orbicularis, atro-brunnea; peritheciis pelliculosis, applanatis; mycelio obsoleto; ascis globosis, 25 μ . diam.; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, utrinque rotundatis, subconstrictis, hyalinis, 10 \pm 5.

Hab. in foliis Ilicis opacæ, Darien, Carol. (Amer. bor.). — Ascii æquidistanti-sparsi, infra cuticulam, quæ ibi bullulosa sit; species ergo abnormis.

26. **Asterina labecula** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 911 et Cent. II, n. 61, 187
in Ann., 2, XIV, p. 328, sub *Asteroma*, et Fl. Chil., VII, p. 475.
— Epiphylla, maculæ-formis; maculis atris linearibus quoquo-versus irregulariter radiato-ramosis; peritheciis minutis astomis sparsis; ascis ovoideo-oblongis hexasporis, sporidiis hyalinis cymbiformibus transverse septatis.

Hab. ad folia coriacea, Guyana, (LEPRIEUR); in foliis Desfontainie cujusdam, Valdivia, Chile (GAY.).

27. **Asterina Ammophilæ** Dur. et M., Fl. Alg., I, p. 548, Mont. Syll. 188
Crypt. n. 912. — Maculis orbiculatis, atris, fibrillis tenuissimis radiantibus dichotomo-ramosis anastomosantibusque; peritheciis se-

riatis convexis; ascis obovatis $30 \approx 15$ sporidia subsena bilocularia oblongo-fusiformia, $10 \approx 2.5$, hyalina foventibus.

Hab. in foliis Ammophilæ arenariæ, Mostaganem, Algeria (DURIEU).

28. **Asterina Eucalypti** (Pass.) Sacc. *Apiosporium Eucalypti* Pass. 189
in Thuem. Myc. Lusit. n. 543. — Amphigena; acervulis punctiformibus, aggregatis, maculas subdiscoideas, fumosas efficientibus; filis ramoso-intricatis, crebre articulatis, castaneo-fuscis; conidiis ellipticis, bi-triseptatis, apicibus hyalinis, interdum moniliformi-concatenatis?; peritheciis membranaceis, cellulis parvis irregularibus, castaneo-fuscis pellucidis contextis; ascis parvis, ovatis, subcurvis, octosporis, madore mox explodentibus; sporidiis oblongis, medio septatis, apicibus obtusis, loculis uni-bi-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Eucalypti globuli foliis subputridis, Choupal pr. Coimbra, Lusitania (MOLLER).

29. **Asterina microscopica** Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 5. 1846, p. 267. — 190
Maculis sparsis hypophyllis 2-3 mill. latis e fibris tenuissimis ramosis radiantibus contextis, peritheciis minutissimis stipatis hemisphæricis nigris, ostiolis obsoletis, ascis oblongis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblongis, 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Chili ad folia Chusqueæ, cl. GAY (Herb. Mus. Par.)

30. **Asterina examinans** B. et C. Fungi Cub. n. 737. — Peritheciis 191 *Montezuma*
minutissimis in soros nigros præcipue nervicolas congregatis, floccis brevibus bifidis apicibus obtusis cinctis; ascis brevibus clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, minoribus.

Hab. in foliis, Cuba. — Mycelium obsoletum.

31. **Asterina bullata** B. et C. Cub. Fungi n. 736. — Stromate orbiculari tenuissimo; peritheciis margine laciniatis, radiato-cellulosis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongis, subfusiformibus, uniseptatis, $15 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$. 192 *Micohyphium*

Hab. in foliis Peperoniæ, maculis fuscis morbosi parenchymatis insidens, Cuba.

32. **Asterina aspersa** Berk. Decad. n. 476. — Subiculo tenuissimo, 193 *microthyrium*
marginé subradiante; peritheciis punctiformibus, poro apertis; ascis oblongis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum Lauri, Khasia (India). — Affinis *Asterinæ nubeculæ*.

33. **Asterina nubecula** B. et C. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1142. — Peritheciis minimis depresso marginatis, in macula nebulosa sitis, fis- 194 *Myclothrix*

- 46 Perisporiaceæ, Perisporieæ, Asterina.
sura tripartita ruptis; ascis brevibus clavatis; sporidiis fusiformi-
bus, uniseptatis, 12–13 μ long.
Hab. in foliis *Antidesmatis*, Ceylon.
34. **Asterina melioloides** B. et C. Not. of. N. Am. Fungi n. 788. — 195
Dimerella Orbicularis, parva; peritheciis depressis rugulosis; ascis breve cla-
vatis; sporidiis brevibus, cymbæformibus, uniseptatis.
Hab. in foliis *Baccharidis halimifoliæ*, Carol. inf.
35. **Asterina conglobata** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 786 (Gre- 196
Officiella villea). — Peritheciis globosis, conglomeratis; ascis obovatis; spo-
ridiis breviter subfusiformibus, uniseptatis.
Hab. in *Arbuto uva ursi*, Amer. bor. — Perithecia my-
celio tenui-fibrilloso insidentia.
36. **Asterina decolorans** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 785. — Ma- 197
intervallis culis orbicularibus undulatis bullatis rufis; peritheciis punctifor-
mibus; mycelio parco, filis parcis moniliformibus v. inarticulatis;
ascis oblongis brevibus; sporidiis uniseptatis, 10 μ longis.
Hab. in folio ignoto, New Jersey. Amer. bor.
37. **Asterina reptans** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 734. — Mycelio te- 198
Trichopeltis nui subreticulato, peritheciis minutis e cellulis radiantibus con-
structis obsito; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis subfusiformibus
uniseptatis.
Hab. in foliis *Piperis*, Cuba. — Habitus cujusdam *Collema-*
tis epiphylli. Specimina juvenilia.
38. **Asterina orbicularis** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 784. — In macu- 199
longivalvata las orbiculares disposita; mycelio continuo v. subinterrupto, (var.
interrupta Thuem.) ascis obovatis; sporidiis oblongis obtusissimis
curvatis, uniseptatis.
Hab. in foliis *Ilicis opacæ*, *Prini coriaceæ*, Carolina
inf. et sup., Florida, Amer. bor. — See. Thuem. M. U. n. 849 huc
spectat *Sphaeria Collinsii* Schw. quæ ad genus *Dimerosporium* re-
ferenda esset.
39. **Asterina pelliculosa** Berk. Ant. Voy. Crypt. p. 137. — Mycelio 200
pelliculoso, maculiformi, atro; peritheciis globoso-depressis, nigris;
ascis obovatis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, 16–20 μ . long., 1-se-
ptatis.
Hab. in foliis *Pavettæ*, *Jasmini*, *Acrotrematis*, *Rot-*
tbælliæ, *Guazumæ*, *Prini* etc. Ceylon, Cuba, Amer. boreali,
Tahiti etc.
40. **Asterina picea** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 735. — Peritheciis se- 201
longivalvata miniformibus nigris in mycelio parco orbiculari sitis; ascis cla-

vatis; sporidiis biserialibus oblongis, angustis, uniseptatis, 10-12 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum, Cuba.

Asteronia: sporidiis continuis, atrofuscis.

Asteronella

41. **Asterina erysiphoides** Kalch. et Cke. Grev. 1880, p. 32, t. 137, 202 f. 42. — *Minima*, *gregaria*; *Erysiphis* speciem simulans; peritheciis applanatis, discoideis 60-100 μ . diam. atrofuscis, membranaceis, radiato-cellulosis; mycelio tenui, ramoso, fusco, circumdatis; ascis.... sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, atrofuscis, 18-20 \approx 10.

Hab. in foliis Jasmini tortuosí in Africa merid.

42. **Asterina appendiculosa** (M. et B.) Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 914. M. 203 et Berk., in Lond. Jour. of Bot., III., Dec. of Fung., n. 20, t. 15 A, sub *Dothidea*. — Stromate suborbiculari, plano, epiphylo, fuscó opaco, ambitu fibrillis articulatis radiosó; peritheciis hemisphæricis prominulis; ascis oblongis brevibus; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis basi appendiculatis fuscis, sursum (curiosum) circumscissis.

Hab. in foliis vivis, Java (ZOLLINGER).

Asterula: sporidiis continuis, hyalinis

(In nonnullis speciebus mycelium parenchymate innatum).

43. **Asterina Epilobii** Desm. 24 Not. 1857 p. 13. — Maculis minutis, 204 1-3 mill. diam. subrotundis, fuscis, sub epidermide fibrillosis; peritheciis minutissimis, subcentralibus, globosis, collabascendo concavis; ascis brevibus, medio inflatis; sporidiis ovoideis, 10 μ . long. hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis siccis Epilobii hirsuti, hieme, in Gallia. — *Sph. Asteroma* Lib., Lamb. Fl. myc. Belg. II. 242 huc spectare videtur.

44. **Asterina Æsculi** Desm. 24 Not. 1856, p. 13. — Maculis minutis, 205 sparsis, brunneis vel griseis, irregulariter rotundatis, fibrillosis; fibrillis numerosis, epidermide tectis, tenuissimis, di-trichotomis, a centro radiantibus; peritheciis laxe gregariis 75 μ . diam. exilis-simis, nigris; ascis brevibus, medio inflatis 30-40 μ . diam. e du-plici membrana distinctis; sporidiis hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Æsculi Hippocastani, vere, in Gallia.

45. **Asterina Silenes** (Niessl) Sacc. *Asteroma Silenes* Niessl. Notiz. 206 Kr. Pyr. p. 7. — Peritheciis plerumque epiphyllis in fibrillis re-pentibus, elegantissime dendritice ramosis, seriatis, maculas atro-fu-

scas rotundatas 10 mill. et ultra diam. formantibus, minutissimis 80–90 μ . diam., globoso-conoideis, ostiolo nullo, nitidis, atris; ascis rosulato-fasciculatis, obovatis, sessilibus, 15–18 \approx 10–11, aparaphysatis, sporidiis 8 stipatis in asci lumine sæpe subsphæroideo, cuneatis, utrinque obtusis, rectis, 2–4 guttulatis, hyalinis, 9–11 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in foliis radicalibus *Silenes nutantis* prope Brünn (Moravia) Majo.

46. **Asterina melæna** (Fr.) Sacc. *Asteroma melænum* (Fr.) Niessl No- 207 tiz. Kr. Pyr. p. 7. *Sph. melæna* Fries S. M. 431. *Sphærella melæna* Auersw. Myc. eur. Hft. 6. p. 16. F. 65. — Peritheciis in fibrillis atris densissime stipatis concrescentibus vix dendriticis stratum crustosum pseudostromaticum formantibus, valde aggregatis, confertis, minutissimis vix 80 μ . diam. e basi globosa vertice subconoideo, ostiolo non visibili, atris; ascis rosulato-fasciculatis, obovatis, vel subsphæroideis, sessilibus, 12–15 \approx 9–10 vel 10–12 μ . diam., aparaphysatis; sporidiis coacervatis farctis, cuneatis, rectis, utrinque rotundatis, minutissimis, 7–8 \approx 3, hyalinis, 2– rarius 4-guttulatis; paraphyses desunt.

Hab. in caulis emortuis *Astragali glycyphyllo*, *Coronillæ variæ* et *Dauci Carotæ*, Brünn (Moravia).

47. **Asterina solanicola** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 738. — Mycelio 208 floccis repentibus; peritheciis globosis marginem versus e cellulis angustis flexuosis compactis; ascis lanceolatis; sporidiis biseriatis oblongis, subfusiformibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis *Solani*, Cuba, Febr.

48. **Asterina clavuligera** Cooke, Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 76, et in Grev. 209 VI. p. 142. — Mycelio atrobrunneo, conidiis ellipticis, brunneis, albofasciatis, septatis, medio-constrictis, pedicellis elongatis, hyalinis; peritheciis scutellatis; ascis subglobosis, ad basim apiculatis; sporidiis ellipticis (vix maturis).

Hab. in foliis *Vaccinii*, Gainesville, Florida, Amer. bor. — Conidia 45 \approx 12 (sine stip.).

49. **Asterina nigerrima** Ellis Bull. Torr. Cl. 1881, p. 91. — Peritheciis applanatis, minutis 75–100 μ . diam., radiato-contextis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, sessilibus, 30–34 \approx 10; sporidiis sparsis, oblongo-clavatis, leniter curvatis, subhyalinis, 12 \approx 3–4, 4-nucleatis; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in caule *Erigerontis*, humi dejecto, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

50. **Asterina congregata** Berk. et C. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 169. 211

— Peritheciis minimis nitidis congregatis; subiculo parcissimo; ore rotundo; ascis helvolis; sporidiis angustis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis, in Nicaragua. — *Habitus Sphærellæ maculiformis.*

Asteridium: sporidiis 2-pluriseptatis.

51. **Asterina Pleurostyliæ** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1143. — Pe- 212
ritheciis in maculis suborbicularibus membranaceis nigris sitis;
sporidiis doliformibus 4-septatis, articulis constrictis, 50–56 \approx 25.

Hab. in Pleurostyla, Peradeniya, Ceylon. — Mycelii flocci septati, compatti. *Sec. Hör. Meliola*

52. **Asterina Eugeniæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 913. Cent. I., n. 36, in 213
Ann., 2, I., p. 359, sub *Dothidea*. — Amphigena, maculæformis,
centro opaca atra, fibrillis ramoso-pinnatis, ramis patentibus, am-
bitu radiata; peritheciis confertis minimis ($1/10$ millim.) umbilicatis,
ostio instructis; ascis ovoideis sporidiisque oblongo-subclavatis
triseptatis hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Eugeniæ cujusdam, Porto-Ricco (BERTERO). 214

53. **Asterina anomala** Cooke et Harkn. Grevill. 1881, p. 87. — Ef-
fusa atra, velutina; peritheciis hemisphæricis v. globoso-depressis;
mycelio intricato fusco nidulantibus, hinc inde setis rigidis erectis
inspersis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, lanceolatis, 1–5-septa-
tis, hyalinis, 20–22 \approx 4. *Sec. Hör. Naecrocymbe*

Hab. in foliis vivis Lauri, California. — Setæ interdum e
perithecio oriundæ; eoque duplo longiores; perithecia 80 μ . diam.

54. **Asterina torulosa** Berk. Fl. N. Zel. II. 208. — Mycelio parcis- 215
simo in maculas laxe digestis; ascis elongatis, sporidiis cylindra-
ceis torulosis, 3–5-septatis, viridi-hyalinis, 13–16 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis Piperis excelsi in Nova Zelandia (COLENDO).

Species dubiæ.

55. **Asterina comata** B. et Rav. North Am. Fungi n. 791. — Sparsa, 216
major; mycelio obsoleto; floccis brunneis dense vestita.

Hab. in foliis Magnoliæ glaucæ et M. grandifloræ, Ala-
bama, Santee Canal, Florida. — Specima immatura, sed prædi-
stincta visa.

56. **Asterina Wrightii** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 790. — My- 217
celio tenuissimo; peritheciis granuliformibus, fuscis, floccis cirrha-
tis circumdati; ascis clavatis brevibus.

Hab. in quadam Cucurbitacea levi, Texas, Amer. bor.

57. **Asterina confluens** Kalck. et Cooke, Grev. 1880, p. 33, tab. 137, 218

fig. 45. — Epiphylla, crustacea, membranacea; peritheciis appلانatis, discoideis, 100 μ . d., confluentibus, radiato-cellulosis, hinc illinc maculis crustaceis efformantibus.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Plectroniæ ciliatæ in Africa austr.

— Specimina immatura, ergo dubia.

58. **Asterina scutellifera** Berk. Decad. n. 468. — Mycelio tenuissimo ²¹⁹ pelliculozo reticulato; peritheciis scutelliformibus, immixtis aliis punctiformibus; ascis..... sporidiis (in peritheciis punctiformibus) oblongis, curvulis, hyalinis 2-3 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis vivis Antidesmatis, Chittagong, India.

59. **Asterina granulosa** (Klotzs.), Hooker et Arn., in Beechey's, Voy. ²²⁰ II, p. 54. — Mont., Fl. Chil., VII, p. 451 (ubi descriptio invenitur et fructus qui nondum innotuerat), sub *Dothidea*, Mont. Syll. crypt. p. 256.

Hab. in foliis Baccharidis cujusdam aut Myrti, Valparaiso, Chile (BERTERO). — « Libros citatos non vidi ».

60. **Asterina asperata** (Schw.) B. et Curt. Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 291. ²²¹ — Maculis orbicularibus tenuissimis; peritheciis minutissimis, punctiformibus asperatis, ascis et sporidiis ignotis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Surinam. — Maculæ 2-3 lin. latæ.

61. **Asterina micropeltis** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1141. — Peritheciis punctiformibus solitariis, mycelio brevi ramoso cinctis. ²²²

Hab. in foliis Jambosæ hemisphæricæ, Ceylon.

62. **Asterina ditricha** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 32, tab. 137, ²²³ f. 43. — Hypophylla, effusa, fuliginea; mycelio radiante, ramoso, atro-fusco, processibus papillatis, gangliformibus ornatis; hyphis tenuioribus, ramosis, conidiiferis immixtis; conidiis fusiformibus tri-septatis, fuscis, 15-16 \times 4; peritheciis discoideis, (imperfecte evolutis).

Hab. in foliis vivis Celastri cujusdam. — Dubia ob immanitatem peritheciorum.

63. **Asterina spurca** B. et C. Fungi North Amer. n. 789. — Peritheciis sparsis punctiformibus, floccis brevibus duobus vel pluribus junctis, articulatis, radiantibus ornatis. ²²⁴

Hab. in foliis caulibusque Hyptidis radiatæ, Carol. inf., Alabama. — Flocci apice quandoque furcati.

64. **Asterina punctiformis** Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 267. — ²²⁵ Mycelio e fibris adnatis ramosis discretis radiantibus contexto; peritheciis nigris minutis sparsis, ostiolis obsoletis.

Hab. in Java ad paginam superiorem Conceveibi javensis. ZOLLINGER n. 185 (herb. Mus. Par.).

65. **Asterina pulla** Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 60. — Epiphylla ²²⁶
receptaculis centro confluentibus, subglobosis, apiculatis, fibris
cohærentibus, ambitu distinctis ramosis radiantibus.
Hab. in Bolivia, ad folia Melastomatum. PENTLAND.
66. **Asterina Azaræ** Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3. p. 59. — Epi-hypophylla ²²⁷
peritheciis gregariis, nigris, lævibus, conicis demum depresso-
fibrillis distinctis ramosis radiantibus vix maculantibus.
Hab. in Chili, in foliis Azaræ serratæ (herb. Mus. Par.).
— Maculæ 1-2 mill. latæ.
67. **Asterina Melastomatis** Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 3. 1845, p. 59, *Do-* ²²⁸
thidea Melastomatis Kunze? — Epiphylla, peritheciis gregariis ni-
gris apiculatis, fibrillis parcis ramosis radiantibus vix maculantibus.
Hab. in Brasilia, in foliis Melastomatum (herb. GUILLEMIN).
68. **Asterina compacta** Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 3. 1845, p. 60. — Epi- ²²⁹
phylla, peritheciis subglobosis, centro confluentibus, depresso-
maculæ orbiculatis insidentibus, fibrillis vix distinctis.
Hab. in Chili austr., in foliis Drymidis chilensis. — Ma-
culæ 1-3 mill. latæ.
69. **Asterina bullata** Berk. et C. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 170. — ²³⁰
Maculis orbicularibus e matrice elevata enatis, filis in stratum
compactum tenue hic illic cellulosum intertextis; peritheciis pro-
minulis.
Hab. in foliis emortuis in Nicaragua. — Habitus *Strigulæ*.
70. **Asterina ostiolata** Berk. et C. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 129, n. 166. ²³¹
— Punctiformis, nigra; subiculo nullo nisi peritheciali; ostiolo di-
stincto papillæformi.
Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum, socio Cephaleuro virescen- ^{fusca}
te, Nicaragua.

DIMEROSPORIUM Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 89 (Etym. *dis*, bis; *meros*
pars et *spora*, quia sporidiis bilocularibus pollet). — Perithecia
superficialia, globulosa, astoma, membranaceo-carbonacea, mycelio
copioso subcrustaceo nigro, conidiophoro insidentia. Asci breves,
octospori. Sporidia didyma, hyalina v. fusca. — Confer *Asterinæ*
species (subgenera *Euasterina* et *Asterella*).

1. **Dimerosporium abjectum** (Lib.) Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 89. *Dothidea* ²³²
Veronicæ Lib. (1830-1837), *Sphæria abjecta* Wall. (1833). *Ca-*
pnodium sphæricum Cooke. *Meliola abjecta* Schröt. — Perithe-
ciis gregariis, superficialibus, minutis globoso-conicis, atris, basi
hyphis repentibus ramosis, fuscis, conidiophoris cinctis; conidiis

oblongis didymis constrictis 16 ± 8 , fuscis; ascis ovatis sessilibus, 8-sporis, $30-36 \pm 20$; sporidiis clavato-oblongis, bilocularibus, loculo sup. majori, 12 ± 6 , hyalinis dein fuscidulis.

Hab. in utraque pagina foliorum *Veronicae officinalis* in Germania, Helvetia, Anglia, Belgio.

2. **Dimerosporium pulchrum** Sacc. in Thüm. Mycoth. Univ. n. 52 (sub 233

Apiosporio) et Fungi Ven. novi ser. II, p. 299, F. it. tab. 127. — Hyphis repentibus dense intricato-ramosis, remote septatis, fuligineis, pelliculas aterrimas amphigenas facile secedentes sæpe totum folium occupantes efformantibus; conidiis in vel sub ramulorum apice quandoque obtusato vel subclavato oriundis, dimorphis, aliis sarcinuliformibus 4-12-cellularibus, $20-25 \mu$. diam., atris, dein prorsus opacis, aliis cylindraceo-fusoideis, leniter falcatis, 39 ± 9 , 3-septatis, ad septa non constrictis, hyalinis; peritheciis raris ex hyphis oriundis, subglobosis, fuligineis, $90-100 \mu$. diam.; ascis ellipsoideis, 46 ± 30 , 8sporis; sporidiis polystichis oblongo-ovoideis, 22 ± 11 , constricto-1-septatis, hyalino-nebulosis.

Hab. in foliis *Ligustri vulgaris* languentibus copiose et *Corni sanguineæ*, *Carpini Betuli* et *Loniceræ Xylostei* longe rarius in sylva *Montello*, *Treviso* (Italia). — Status conid. sistit *Sarcinellam heterosporam* Sacc. (*Coniothecium Questieri* Desm.?).

3. **Dimerosporium oreophilum** Speg. in Roum. Rev. Mycol. II. 32. 234

Mich. II. 160. — Peritheciis gregariis v. hinc inde sparsis, superficialibus, minutissimis, $110-120 \mu$. diam., globosis, undique hyphis exiguis fuligineis, peritheciis diametrum vix æquantibus, ostiolo vix perspicuo, atris; contextu tenui membranaceo-parenchymatico, atro-fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, antice obtuse rotundatis, postice in stipitem brevissimum et nodosum desinentibus, $60-65 \pm 20$, paraphysibus filiformibus paulo longioribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, medio constricto-1-septatis, $15-16 \pm 7-8$, loculo superiore majore, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ramulos vivos *Rhododendri ferruginei* in alpinis *M. Marmolade* alt. 2800^m , *Cadore* (Italia), Oct. 1879. SPEGAZZINI.

4. **Dimerosporium maculosum** (Speg.) Sacc. Mich. II. 159. *Apiosporium maculosum* Dec. Mycol. n. 85. 235

— Peritheciis in pulvinulis conidiophoris (*Cladotrichum maculosum* Speg.) sparsis, parvulis, $60-70 \mu$. diam., globosis, astomis, hyphulis fuligineis exiguis, crassitie sat variis instructis, contextu membranaceo-parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $30-35 \pm 8$, octosporis; sporidiis

distichis cylindraceo-fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, $8-10 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{2}$, 2-4-guttulatis, dein 1-septatis, leniter constrictis hyalinis.

Hab. Ad folia viva v. exsiccata Rhododendri Chamæcisti in vertice *M. Crosera* (Ital. bor.) Aug. 1879, (SPEGAZZINI). Descriptio cl. Spegazzini l. c. exemplaria immatura spectare videtur.

5. **Dimerosporium mangiferum** (Cooke) Sacc. *Capnodium mangiferum* 236

Cooke Rep. diseas. plant. p. 5, fig. 3. — Mycelio effuso crustaceo nigro, velutino e filis ramosis catenulisque conidiorum sphæricorum fuligineis constante; peritheciis globoso-pyriformibus $\frac{1}{10}$ mill. alt. vertice rotundatis, astomis; ascis obovoideis, apice rotundatis, subsessilibus; sporidiis subtristichis oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis, $12-14 \mu$. long.

Hab. in utraque pagina Mangiferæ indicæ (*Mango*) in India orient.

6. **Dimerosporium molle** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Meliola mollis*, B. et Br. 237

Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1178. — Filis mollibus rhachodioideis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, $20 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliis Syzygii Jambolanæ, Damboul, Ceylon. — Maculæ orbiculares, molles, nigræ; conidia minuta $4-5 \mu$. long., floccorum apicibus inserta.

7. **Dimerosporium Baccharidis** (B. et Rav.). Sacc. *Meliola Baccharidis*. B. et Rav. Berk. North Am. Fungi n. 988, in Grevillea. 238

Peritheciis globosis lævibus; floccis flexuosis quandoque furcatis; sporidiis oblongis, angustis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis Baccharidis in Carolina inf. (RAVENEL).

8. **Dimerosporium Fumago** (Niessl) Sacc. *Meliola Fumago* Niessl. 239

Hedw. 1881, p. 99. — Mycelium epiphyllum fuliginosum v. fuscum, effusum, adnatum; peritheciis e mycelio erumpentibus, gregariis, rugulosis atris; ascis amplis obovatis, stipite brevissimo $75-80 \approx 56-65$; sporidiis octonis, inordinatis, oblongis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, medio septatis, valde constrictis, atrofuscis, $30-36 \approx 12-15$, paraphysibus crassis ascos æquantibus.

Hab. in foliis Celastrri, Calcutta, Ind. or. (KURZ).

9. **Dimerosporium Mac-Owanianum** (Thuem.) Sacc. *Meliola Mac-Owaniana* Thm. Myc. univ. n. 568. 240

Cæspitulis epiphyllis, numerosis, sæpe confluentibus, aterrimis, ex centro radiatis; peritheciis carbonaceis, magnis; ascis fere pyriformibus, octosporis, hyalinis, episporio tenui, $75 \approx 50$; sporidiis clavatis, medio eximie constrictis, bilocularibus, parte superiore $10,5 \mu$. crass., parte inferiore 13μ . crass., sporidiis totis 25μ . long., utrinque acutiusculis, hya-

linis; setulis erectis, continuis, subramosis, gangligeris, apicibus clavatis, fuscis.

Hab. in Promont. bonæ spei: Somerset-East in dumetis montis «Boschberg» ad folia viva Celastris buxifolii Lin. Æst. 1876 (P. Mac-Owan.).

10. **Dimerosporium Ellisii** Sacc. *Meliola maculosa* Ellis Bull. Torr. 241

Bot. Cl. 1881, p. 91. *Venturia maculosa* Ellis. N. A. F. n. 200. — Maculis hypophyllis, 10 μ . circ. diam., nigris; peritheciis subglobosis, pertusis (?), subiculo brunneo insertis, appendicibus paucis, rectis, nigris perithecium subæquantibus; ascis sessilibus oblongo-cylindraceis, 50 \times 10; sporidiis inordinate monostichis, ellipsoideis 10–12 \times 5, constricto-1-septatis, subhyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Andromedæ?, New Jersey, Am. bor.

11. **Dimerosporium Psilostomatis** (Thuem.) Sacc. *Meliola Psilostoma-* 242

tis Thuem. M. U. n. 775. — Maculas radiantes magnas effusas tenuissimas atras plus minusve orbiculatas in foliorum pag. inf. raro in super. formans; peritheciis subcarbonaceis parvis, subglobosis; floccis repentinibus ramosis, interdum obscure septatis, fuscis, tenuibus; ascis late clavatis, vertice epidermide incrassato, basi angustato, saepe subcurvatis, 45 \times 24–26, octosporis; sporidiis trifariis, anguste ellipticis, septatis, medio constrictis, loculis æqualibus utrinque rotundatis, saepe uni-binucleatis, 16–20 \times 6–9, fuscis, paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in Promot. Bonæ spei, Somerset-East in foliis vivis *Psilostomatis* ciliati ad pedem montis Boschberg in sylvis Dec. 1876 (Prof. Mac-Owan).

12. **Dimerosporium oligotrichum** (Mont.) Sacc. *Meliola oligotricha* 243

Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 909. — Epiphylla; peritheciis sparsis subsolitariis minutissimis, sphærico-depressis, setulis erectis subulatis cinctis, stromate fibroso radiante ramoso fultis; ascis oblongo-ovoideis basi unguiculo specie pedicellatis, octosporis, hyalinis; sporidiis ovoideis, transversim uniseptatis, tandem fuliginosis.

Hab. in foliis Olyræ apud Cayennam (LEPRIEUR). — Habitus *Vermiculariæ* cujusdam. A *Meliola amphitricha* sporidiis ovoideis, non cylindricis, triplo minoribus, etc., maxime recedit. Uno verbo est *Meliola* cum fructificatione *Asterinæ*.

Dimerosporium Collinsii (Schw.) Thuem. M. U. n. 849. *Vide Asterinam orbicularem.* *Descriptio in Annal. Acad. Fenn. 762*

ZOPFIA Rabh. Fungi Eur. n. 1734 (Etym. a W. Zopf, mycologo in-

ventori). — Perithecia innata carbonacea, rotundato-depressa, parce fibrillosa, astoma demum vertice rumpentia. Ascii magni scrotiformes, breve stipitati, 4-8-spori, mox deliquescentes. Sporidia grandia, oblonga, bilocularia, constricta, utrinque apiculata, atrofusca.

1. **Zopfia rhizophila** Rabh. l. c. Characteres generis.

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Hab. in radicibus Asparagi off. in Germania. — Fungillus quasi hypogaeus; perithecia globoso-depressa; sporidia 65-70 \approx 32-35.

PERISPORIUM Fr. S. M. III. 248 (Etym. *perispeiro*, dissemino) — *Preussia* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 91 [species genuinæ ascigeræ]. — Perithecia ascigera gregaria, superficialia, carbonacea, astoma, dein irregulariter rupta, globosa depressave, basi hyphopodio delicatulo, floccoso, hyalino suffulta; ascii clavati, longe stipitati, 8spori; paraphyses nullæ; sporidia oblongo-cylindracea, 4cellularia, cellulis utrinque ultimis conicis, interioribus subquadratis ovatisve, opaco-fusca mox fatiscentia. — St. conidiophorus in nonnullis *Torulam* referens. — Genus paucis speciebus vere genuinis, ceteris mihi incertissimis compositum.

Species genuinæ.

1. **Perisporium vulgare** Corda Icon. II. fig. 97. Sacc. F. it. tab. 599. 245
Gregarium, globosum, nigrum, nitens, superficiale, astomum; ascis crasse clavatis, breviter noduloso-stipitatis, 35-40 \approx 17-19, 8sporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, 4-cellularibus, fuligineis, 28 \approx 5, articulis mediis oblongo-cuboideis, extimis subconoideis, 6-7 \approx 5.

Hab. in lignis, charta, stercore ovino, chorda etc. putridis in Britannia, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Austria etc. «Distinguitur: in ramis corticatis: ascis brevissime stipitatis 35-40 \approx 17-19, stipite 7-8 long.; sporidiis 28 \approx 5. — in charta putri: ascis mediocriter stipitatis 80-100 \approx 18, stipite 20-30 long.; sporidiis 26 \approx 7-8. — in stercore ovino nunc: ascis brevi-stipitatis 45 \approx 15-17, stipite 10 long.; sporidiis 25 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ -6. Nunc: ascis 170-190 \approx 20, stipite 70-100 long.; sporidiis 35 \approx 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -7 «[Micelia]».

2. **Perisporium Typharum** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. pag. 92, t. XV, fig. 41-47 F. it. t. 598. — Peritheciis sparsis, subsphaericis, sub-superficialibus, laevibus, atronitentibus, astomis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., basi flocculis hyalinis paucis praeditis, contextu distinete parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis oblongo-clavatis longe tenuiterque stipitatis, tunica crassa, 110 μ . longis, parte sporifera 60 \approx 22, sti-

pite 50, 8sporis; sporidiis ante maturitatem 4-cellularibus oblongo-cylindraceis, articulis cito secedentibus e sphærico angulosis, 6 μ . diam. brunneis, subopacis.

Hab. ad folia dejecta putrescentia *Typharum*, quæ jam ad storeas conficiendas usa sunt, nec non in lignis putridis in Agro Veneto et in Gallia. — Affine *Perisporio vulgari* Corda et *P. funiculato* Preuss, a quibus differt præcipue ascis angustius clavatis et longius tenuiterque stipitatis et præterea loco natali diverso. Forma in lignis decorticatis distinguitur ascis longe stipitatis 140 \approx 15-18, stipite 70 long.; sporidiis 25-30 \approx 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -7.

3. **Perisporium funiculatum** Pr. in Linnæa 24 n. 145. *Pr. funiculata* ²⁴⁷

(Pr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 91. — *Fleischhakia lœvis* Auersw. — Peritheciis gregariis vel sparsis, superficialibus, sphæroideis vel hemisphæricis, lœvibus, nitidulis, dein irregulariter ruptis filamentis hyalinis, evanescentibus suffultis, atris, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis creberimis, oblongatis vel obovoideis, 55-64 \approx 18-20, pedicello gracili, curvato vel flexo, 30-80 μ . long.; sporidiis elongatis, tetrimeris, fuscis, 33-40 \approx 6-8, mox fatiscentibus, segmentis mediis subquadратis, 8-11 \approx 6-8, terminalibus subconoideis, 10-12 \approx 6.

Hab. in merda humana et caulibus putridis, lignis que in Germania et Fennia. — St. conid., sec. Fuck., *Torulam niveam* sistens: conidiis globoso-ovatis 3-4 μ . diam. v. 4 \approx 3, hyalinis.

4. **Perisporium punctatum** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Fleischhakia punctata* ²⁴⁸

Auersw. Hedw. 1869, p. 2. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, imo cæspitosis, depresso-globulosis, undique impresso-punctatis, atris, opacis $\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., (denique operculatim circumscissis) paraphysibus numerosis filiformibus; ascis ovoideis abrupte longissime stipitatis, 200-300 μ . long., p. sp. 68 \approx 27; sporidiis senis(?), tetrimeris, fuliginoso-atris, 27-31 μ . long., sporidiorum segmentis subæqualibus rotundatis.

Hab. in Thuringia: Arnstadt, ad lignum quercinum mucidum (Doct. FLEISCHHAK). — A *Perisp. funiculato* et *vulgari* differt peritheciis punctatis, ascis 4-6-sporis etc.

5. **Perisporium Kunzei** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Preussia Kunzei* Fuck. Symb. App. ²⁴⁹

II, 18. — Peritheciis gregariis sparsisve, demum totis liberis, globosis seu parum depressis, 1-2 μ . latis, atro-fuscis, lœvibus, siccis rugulosis, durissimis, intus corneis, ostiolo minuto, perforato; ascis clavatis, longe anguste subabrupte stipitatis, 8sporis, 56 μ . long. (pars sporifer.), 16 μ . crass.; sporidiis farctis, oblongo-cylindraceis, quandoque curvatis, 4cellularibus, ad septa constrictis, cellulis utrimque

ultimis conicis, interioribus binis subquadratis, opaco-fuscis, facile fatiscentibus, totis 24 μ . long., 7 μ . crass.

Hab. in chorda putrescente cannabina, Eisleben, Germania (KUNZE). — A *P. funiculato* peritheciis corneis, ascis sporidiisque minoribus differt.

6. **Perisporium Princeps** Berk. Outl. p. 403. — Peritheciis aggregatis, subhemisphæricis, nigerrimis, majusculis; sporidiis brunneis, intra ascos valde stipatis. 250

Hab. in radio rotæ ligneæ intemperiis diu exposito, King's Cliffe, Anglia.

7. **Perisporium Wrightii** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 987. — Congestum, 251 granulatum, nigerrimum; ascis brevibus, obovatis; sporidiis (articulis) subglobosis, nucleo lilacino.

Hab. in Opuntiæ macrorrhizæ caule, Texas (WRIGHT).

8. **Perisporium Secalis** (Ch. Rich.) Sacc. *Preussia Secalis* Ch. Rich. 252 in Revue Mycol. II. 91. — Peritheciis minutis $\frac{1}{2}$ mill., simplicibus, sparsis vel aggregatis, globosis, lævibus, nigro-fuscis, astomis, basi hyphopodio albo suffultis; ascis pyriformibus, abrupte longe stipitatis, 8-sporis, 70 μ . long.; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis cylindraceis, 24 μ . long. subopacofuscis, in articulos quatuor decendentibus, articulis 6 μ . long. binis interioribus ovatis utrinque truncatis, binis, utrinque ultimis conicis.

Hab. in culmis secalinis putridis S-Amand-de-Fion, Marne (Gallia). — «*Perisporio Typharum* affine».

9. **Perisporium fmeti** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 985. — Minutum, 253 sparsum; ascis late ellipticis; sporidiis oblongis ellipticisque plurimis (articulis secessis) brunneis.

Hab. in stercore Cuniculi in Carolina inf., Amer. bor.

10. **Perisporium Zeæ** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 986. — Peritheciis 254 seriatis basi subtiliter tomentosis; ascis lanceolatis, sporidiis breviter fusiformibus angustis triseptatis, ad septa leniter constrictis.

Hab. in culmo Zeæ in Carolina. inf. Amer. bor.

11. **Perisporium nitidum** Berk. Enum. Fungi collect. Portugal. p. 8. 255 — Nitidum, nigrum in maculas congregatum; peritheciis minutis hemisphæricis; sporidiis subglobosis minutis fuscis.

Hab. in foliis putridis Agaves americanæ, socia *Nectria sanguinea* et *Pleospora*, prope Situbal (Lusitania). — Asci non visi, quia jam resorpti.

Species dubiæ

(Nonnullæ forte sclerotiacæ v. sphæriacæ).

12. **Perisporium disseminatum** Fr. S. M. II. 513. III. 250. — Emergens, 256
globosum, nulla macula cinctum, fuscum nigrumve, intus concolor,
demum umbilicatum.

Hab. in caulibus plantarum, culmisque locis humentibus in
Suecia, Gallia. — Est e minimis, frequenter quasi disseminatum,
confertum, ferme liberum, opacum, lœve. Sec. nonnullos auctores
est *Perisp. vulgaris* forma.

13. **Perisporium Lentisci** Dur. et M. — Mont. Fl. Alg. I. p. 563. Mont. 257
syll. crypt. p. 900. — Hypophyllum; peritheciis gregariis confer-
tis atris minutissimis nitidissimis, subsphæricis; sporidiis oblongo-
fusiformibus 10-2 pellucidis, binucleatis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Pistaciæ Lentisci, in præruptis mon-
tis Boudjouch Algeriæ (DURIEU). — Asci non visi.

14. **Perisporium Ammophilæ** Dur. et M. — Mont. Fl. Alg. I. p. 564. 258
— Mont. Syll. crypt. n. 901. — Emergens, globosum, minutissi-
mum, myriadeum, atrum, maculæ cinereæ insidens; sporis.... —
Species dubia.

Hab. in foliis Ammophilæ arenariæ, La Calle, (DURIEU).

15. **Perisporium crocophilum** Mont. — Etude microg. du Tacon (Maladie 259
du safran) in Mem. Soc. de Biologie tom. I. (1849) p. 68. — Mont.
syll. crypt. n. 902. — Peritheciis minutis ovoideo-globosis atro-
nitentibus, apice poro pertusis, e basi fibras irradiantes emitten-
tibus; nucleo primitus celluloso, cellulæ subconcatenatis; sporis
globosis minimis.

Hab. in bulbis Croci sativi morbo nomine Tacon nuncu-
pato vitiatis in Gallia.

16. **Perisporium acerinum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3613. — Innatum, 260
subrotundum, depresso, ambitu veluti marginato elevatum, fu-
scum, intus carnosum concolor.

Hab. ad folia Aceris Pseudoplatani delapsa in Germania.

17. **Perisporium Fragariæ** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3614. — Innatum, 261
orbiculare, convexiusculum, tenuissime alutaceum, nigro-fuscum.

Hab. ad folia Fragariæ virginianæ putrida in Germania.

18. **Perisporium agaricola** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3622. — Peritheciis 262
globosis fuscis parvis, carnosis, cubilia undique penetrantibus, intus
dilutioribus.

Hab. in stipite Russulæ emeticæ intus extusque infarciens
in Germania.

19. **Perisporium Colchici** Rabh. D. crypt. Fl. I. 229. — Superficiale, 263 sphæricum, minutum, gregarium, lutescens, dein nigrum, opacum.
Hab. in foliis languidis et exsiccatis Colchici autumnalis, Dresdæ, Germania.
20. **Perisporium Iridis** (Schw.) Fr. S. M. III. 249. — Superficiale, 264 globulare, minimum, opacum e flavo-fusco nigrum; colore præcedentium, sed minimum, confertum, globulare, vix distincte collapsum; internam structuram lustrare non contigit.
Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Iridearum Amer. bor. — An idem ac præcedens? Rabh.
21. **Perisporium Alismatis** Fr. S. M. III. 252. II. 257. — Emergens, 265 globosum, fuscum, macula indeterminata effusa expallente; sclerotiaceum est, intus compactum; macula folio exarido oritur.
Hab. ad folia subvirentia Alismatis natantis in Germania.
22. **Perisporium Arundinis** Desm. Crypt. exs. n. 329 Cooke Handb. 266 n. 1908. — Sparsum, depresso-nigrum, minutum; sporidiis ovoideis, v. oblongis, pallide fuscis.
Hab. in foliis et vaginis Arundinis in Britannia, Gallia, Germania, — Sec. Fuck. est species imperfecta, sec. Kickx etc. convenit cum *Perisporio vulgari* Corda.
23. **Perisporium Galba** Fr. S. M. III. 251, II, 512. — Emergens, 267 maculis indeterminatis, albicanti-testaceis cinctum, globosum, subpertusum, nigrum.
Hab. in caulis Heraclei, Chærophyllyi bulbosi in Scandinavia, Germania. — Maculæ, licet non distincte floccosæ et liberæ, evidenter mucidineæ indolis sunt, albido-lutescentes v. subtestaceæ, late circa nodos plantarum majorum effusæ. Ceterum pusillum, opacum, vix liberum, demum pertusum.
24. **Perisporium poliotum**, Fr. S. M. III, 251. II, 512. — Emergens, 268 macula determinata grisea cinctum, globoso-oblongum, subpertusum, nigrum.
Hab. in caulis in Scandinavia, Germania. — Sporæ, sec Kickx globoso-ovoideæ. Sphæriaceis perquam affine, sed ob vegetationem et habitum a ceteris separari non potest. Maculæ sunt thalli species, elongatæ, superficiales, passim spurie fibrillose.
25. **Perisporium betulinum** (A. S.) Fr. S. M. III, 249. — Adnatum, 269 rotundato-adpressum, demum collapso-umbilicatum, opacum, e flavo-fusco nigrescens.
Hab. ad folia emarcida Betulæ albæ in Suecia et Germania. — Omnino superficiale, licet firmiter adnatum basique subappla-

natum, laxe gregarium, folio exsiccato nunc immutato nunc de-albato-maculari insidens, haud vero exasperans. Coloris mutationes ut in Erysiphe. «An Melampsora Betulae?».

26. **Perisporium exuberans** Fr. S. M. III. 251. II. 432. — Emergens, 270 cumulis substriformibus, subcoacervatum, demum liberum, subglobosum, nigrum.

Hab. in caulibus Alliorum in Suecia et Germania. — Non tantum vegetatione cæspititia, sed et stromate quodam sæpius præsente nigro a reliquis dignoscitur.

27. **Perisporium Tragopogi** (A. S.) Fr. S. M. III. 250. — Emergens, 271 globosum, nulla macula cinctum, e fusco nigrum, intus album, disco collapso subpezizoideo.

Hab. in caulibus Tragopogi etc. in Suecia, Germania. — Sparsum, sed satis evidens, præcipue pulpæ colore albido distinctum.

28. **Perisporium fagineum** Fr. S. M. III. 250. — Superficiale, globo- 272 sum ovatumve, spadiceo-pallens, nitidum.

Hab. ad folia putrescentia Fagi in Suecia et Germania. — Perpusillum, sed colore et nitore satis eminens, nec non situ conferto. Refert glandulas in pagina inferiori foliorum Ribis rubri, at color magis sordidus et pallidus.

29. **Perisporium ocellulatum** Ces. in Kl. Herb. myc. II. n. 721. Bot. 273 Zeit. 1858, p. 302. (Vercelli, Italia).

30. **Perisporium Belladonnæ** Kirchn. Lotos 1856 p. 244 (Bohemia). 274

Species excludendæ.

Perisporium erysiphoides Fr. — Erysiphe communis, forma caulincola (Erys.

Perisporium Corda, Cfr. Corda Ic. II, 28, fig. 99).

Perisporium alienum Fr. Moug. — Phyllosticta aliena (Fr.) Sacc.

Perisporium speireum Fr. — Microsticta vagans Desm.

Perisporium gramineum Fr. — Crocicreas gramineum Fr.

Perisporium maculare Fr. — Sphaerella macularis (Fr.).

Perisporium alneum Fr. — Sphaerella Alni (Fuck) Sacc. (?).

Perisporium circinans Fr. — Venturia circinans (Fr.). Sacc.

Perisporium populinum (Pers.) Wallr. — Melampsora populinæ Lév.

Perisporium Brassicæ (Lib.) — Apiosporium Brassicæ Fuck.

MELIOLA Fr. Elench. Fung. II, 109. (Etym. *melon*, malum v. mamma, ob peritheci formam). — Perithecia in mycelio maculiformi superficiali grumoso radiosu atro insidentia, globosa, astoma, membranacea, setis v. appendicibus sæpe eumorphis cincta. Ascii sæpius breves, crassi, 2-8-spori apophysati. Sporidia typice oblonga, 2-

- * Nunc in generibus sequentibus scissa: I Meliolinopsis Becl.: ascis persistentib; cylindrici, 8-10µ, paraph;
- II Meliolina Syd. Peritheciis normalibus, subiculo hypophodiis destituta; ascis et spore ut in Meliola
- III Irene Syd. Subiculo hypophodiato sed setis destituto; ascis et spore ut in Meliola: peritheciis in
- IV Meliolaster Dodge Peritheciis contestu radiato-celluloso, ut in Microthyriaceæ (necesse est inveniatur)
- V Meliola Fr. Subiculo hypophodiato et setigero etc.

5-septata, fusca, quandoque vero continua v. fenestrata, hyalina
v. fusca.

Obs. Genus elementis heterogeneis compositum, in posterum in
plura divellendum; nonnullæ species rectius forte inter *Asterinas*
adnumerandæ. Species didymosporas ad *Dimerosporium* transtuli.

Eumeliola: sporidiis 2-5-septatis, fuscis v. fuscidulis.

1. **Meliola cymbisperma** Mont. Syll. n. 904. Cent. IV, n. 96, in Ann. 275

2, XX, p. 374. — Cæspitulis epiphyllis confluentibus atris, fibris
erectis; peritheciis opacis globoso-depressis, magnis, scabrosis; spo-
ridiis cymbiformibus altero fine attenuato substipitatis, bi-triseptatis.

Hab. in foliis *Smilacis globosæ* in Surinamo (SPLITGERBER).

— In monographia cl. Bornetii hæc species desideratur.

2. **Meliola Araliæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 907, Cuba p. 327. *Amphi-* 276

trichum Araliæ SPRENG.! — Hypo- rarius epiphylla; hypothallo
maculæformi nigro radiante, ramulis pluriarticulatis; peritheciis
ovato-globosis, atris, tandem *Chætomii* ad instar apice ruptis, fi-
bris rigidis nitidis; ascis trisporis.

Hab. in Cuba in foliis *Araliæ* (BERTERO). — Sec. Bornet (Or-
gan. Meliol.) *Amphitrichum Araliæ* Spr. spectat ad *M. amphitri-
cam*, a qua tamen *M. Araliæ* Mont. satis differt.

3. **Meliola Argentina** Speg. Fung. Argent. Pug. I. p. 177. — Amphi- 277

gena, orbiculato-confluens, velutina, atronitens; peritheciis sphæ-
ricis, astomis, 250-300 μ . d. appendicibus paucis radiantibus, 200-
300 \approx 9, fuligineis, basi cinctis, granulosis, atris; ascis paucis elli-
psoideis, breve crasseque stipitatis, bisporis, 45-50 \approx 18-20; spo-
ridiis oblongo-cymbiformibus, 40 \approx 8-10, utrinque obtusiusculis, 3-
septatis (spurie?), fumosis. — Macroconidia *Helminthosporium ar-
gentinum* Speg. sistentia, clavata, fusca, 4-septata, 55 \approx 15, hy-
phis rigidis fulta.

Hab. ad folia languida Cyperaceæ cujusdam in paludosis pro-
pe Buenos-Aires, Argent., Amer. merid. — Habitu externo per-
fecte congruit cum *Meliola amphitricha* Fr. forma *Sabalidis* (Ra-
venel, North-american fungi n. 81) sporidiis vero tantum 3-septa-
tis mox recedit.

4. **Meliola capnodioides** Thuem. Fungi Austro-Afr. n. 53. — Epiphyl- 278

la, orbiculata, maculæformi, crassa, nigra, radiante, tandem pluri-
bus confluentibus; fibris vel floccis subramosis, flexuosis, brevibus,
crassis, fuscis; peritheciis subglobosis, grumosis, carbonaceis; ascis
clavatis, apice obtuso, basi angustatis, tunica tenui, 30 \approx 9, hyali-

Mel. amphitricha Fr. f. sp. Ch. Cooke

nis; sporidiis 8, subclavatis vel cylindraceis, utrinque obtusatis, triseptatis, ad septa non constrictis, $11 \approx 3$, hyalinis, pellucidis.

Hab. in *Plectranthi ciliati* foliis vivis, in sylvis prope Grahamstown, Promont. bonæ spei. Julio 1876. Leg. P. Mac-Owan. (n. 1259).

4. **Meliola corallina** Mont. Syll. n. 910, Fl. Chil., VII, p. 472. *Dothidea corallina* M., Fl. ins. Fern., n. 46. — Amphigena; mycelio maculæformi, aterrimo, maculis orbiculatis; peritheciis pro ratione magnis globosis vix depresso-raro umbilicato-collapsis, tandem circumscisis fibrisque atris rigidis nitidis cinctis; sporidiis triseptatis, oblongis.

Hab. in foliis *Drymidis chilensis* in Chile (BERTERO), Juan Fernandez, Cuba (BERK.).

5. **Meliola Cameliæ** (Catt.) Sacc. *Fumago Camelice* Catt. Nero, Fumago etc. p. 5, t. XVIII, fig. 1-4. — Mycelio crustaceo nigro, fragili, maculiformi, hyphis confervoides, ramosis; peritheciis subglobosis 150μ . diam., setulis rigidis ornatis (præcipue superne); ascis numerosis, crasse ovato-fusoideis, sessilibus, a paraphysatis, octosporis, $50 \approx 22$; sporidiis oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, 3-septatis, $16-18 \approx 45$, olivaceo-lutescentibus. Conidiis pluricellularibus? Spermogoniis tereti-clavatis, apice acuto dentato dehiscentibus; spermatiis ovoideis, biguttulatis, flavidis, 5μ . long. (an potius ad genuini *Capnodii* formam spectantibus).

Hab. in foliis ramulisque *Cameliæ japonicæ* et *Citri* in Italia boreali.

6. **Meliola mucronata** (Mont.) Sacc. *Capnodium mucronatum* Mont. Cell. Cent. IX. p. 9, t. 10, fig. A. — Epicladon et epiphyllum, spongiosum, atrum; peritheciis carnosis, sphæricis undique hirsutis, ex hyphis mycelii ramosis articulatis, fasciculatim pinnatimque concretis oriundis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, $160 \approx 30-40$, breve stipitatis; sporidiis ex oblongo cymbiformibus, subdistichis 6-septatis, vix constrictis, utroque fine mucronatis, fuscidulis, $50 \approx 15$.

Hab. ad ramos et folia *Weinmanniae trichospermæ* in Chile.

7. **Meliola bifida** Cooke, Grevillea 1880, p. 15. — *Epiphylla v. caulogena*, atra, effusa, velutina; peritheciis globosis; appendicibus erectis apice bifidis, ramulis brevibus acutis; sporidiis cylindraceis, obtusis, 4-septatis, leniter constrictis, $50 \approx 12$, brunneis.

Hab. in foliis caulibusque *Osyridocarpi natalensis* in Natal (Africa).

8. **Meliola formosa** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 284, t. 17, fig. 1. ²⁸³

— Mycelio procumbente, effuso, implicato, pinnato, nigro-fusco, setis sparsis, erectis obsito; peritheciis globosis, demum profunde depresso cupulatis; sporidiis pallidis elongato-ellipticis v. leviter curvatis 3-4-septatis, 15 μ . long.

Hab. ad folia circa Quibolo, Golungo alto (Angola, Afr. occid.).

9. **Meliola cladotricha** Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 266, Bornet ²⁸⁴

Organ. Mel. p. 269, t. 22, fig. 16. — Mycelio effuso, ambitu radiato-ramoso, peritheciis globosis, appendicibus erectis bifidis, ramulo exteriori dichotomo, apice acutis; ascis ovatis; sporidiis elongatis obtusis triseptatis.

Hab. in Borneo in foliis Myrsineæ incertæ (herb. Mus. Paris.).

10. **Meliola furcata** Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1846, p. 266, Born. Organ. ²⁸⁵

Meliol. p. 269, t. 22, fig. 14. — Mycelio epiphylo orbiculari, nigro, determinato, grumoso, interdum pluribus confluentibus; peritheciis minutis, sphæricis, appendicibus erectis apice dichotomis, ramis ultimis bidentatis; ascis ovatis rostratis, 4-sporis; sporidiis 4-septatis, cylindraceis, obtusis.

Hab. ad folia varia Atalantiæ, Piperis, Clematis etc. in Guyana Batava (Amer. austr.), Amer. bor., Nicaragua, Pernambuca, Ceylon. — Sec. Speg. Argent. IV. p. 41, in appendicibus peritheciorum nascuntur macroconidia acro-pleurogena, clavulata 40-60 \times 10-12, uni-triseptata, fuliginea; asci bispori; sporidia 55-65 \times 22, quadrisepata.

11. **Meliola glabra** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 883. — Mycelio confervideo depresso adnato subglabro; peritheciis globosis, appendicibus brevibus, verrucæformibus; sporidiis 40 μ . long., utrinque acutiusculis, in quoque asco binis. ²⁸⁶

Hab. in foliis Rubiacearum in Cuba.

12. **Meliola amphitricha** Fr. Elench. Fung. II, 109. Mont. Cuba p. 326, ²⁸⁷ t. 12, f. 2. *Sphaeria amphitricha* Fr. S. Myc. II. 513. — Hypophylla; mycelio maculari, a centro radiante, contiguo, aterrimo, ramulis uniarticulatis; peritheciis globoso-depressis rugulosis tandem collabentibus, appendicibus atris opacis rigidis septatis erectis cinctis; ascis disporis; sporidiis 4-septatis, oblongis, fuscis.

Hab. in foliis Loranthi, Salaciæ, Coccolobæ, Persæ, Psidii, Garriæ, Magnoliæ, Callicarpæ, Cladii, Terminaliæ etc. in America boreali, Amer. austr., Australia, vulgatissima. Conf. Bornet Org. Meliol. t. 22, f. 11. — *Meliola Psidii* Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 549 non mihi videtur diversa.

13. **Meliola Mærenhoutiana** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 908, Bornet Org. 288

Mel. p. 268, t. 22, fig. 12. — Hypo- rarius epiphylla, velutina, aterrima; maculis punctiformibus orbiculatis regularibus, nunquam confluentibus; mycelio grumoso vix radiante; peritheciis minimis globosis cupuliformi-collapsis inter fibras rigidas erectas setaceas confertissimas quasi absconditis; ascis ovato-rostratis, bisporis; sporidiis 3-septatis.

Hab. in foliis Alixiæ stellatae, Taiti (MÆRENHOUT), in foliis Symploci, Ceylon, Nuwara Elya (BERK.). — Sporidia, sec. Berk. oblongo-elliptica, 3-septata, 45 μ . long.

14. **Meliola hyalospora** Lev. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1846, V. 256. Bornet 289

Org. Mel. p. 268, t. 22, fig. 13. — Mycelio amphigeno, orbiculari, sparso; peritheciis minutis sphæricis papillatis; appendicibus erectis, simplicibus setaceis; ascis clavato-pyriformibus, 6-sporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque attenuatis 3-septatis, loculis extimis minoribus pellucidis, intermediis majoribus coloratis.

Hab. in Surinam ad folia Desmonchi (KEGEL), Ceylon ad folia Arctotrematis (BERK.).

15. **Meliola inermis** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 34, t. 38, f. 51. 290

— Amphigena, atra; peritheciis globosis, hinc illinc congestis 200-250 μ . diam., mycelio ramoso, fusco, nidulantibus; appendicibus nullis; ascis ovoideo-clavatis; sporidiis 2, ellipticis, quadrisep-tatis, constrictis, 55 \approx 15, fuscis, (sec. Rehm 40 \approx 14).

Hab. in foliis vivis Buddlejæ auriculatae, Somerset East, Afr. austr. (MAC OWAN). — Species hæc haud convenit cum diagnosis *M. quinquesporæ* Thüm., M. U. 657 et *M. quinqueseptala* Rehm. Asc. 492 quæ tamen a nostra non differre videntur.

16. **Meliola Musæ** (Kunze) Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 905, Bornet Organ. 291

Meliol. p. 269, t. 22, fig. 16, *Myxothecium Musæ* Kunze, Fr. S. M. III, 232. — Cæspitulis maculiformibus magnis nigris; peritheciis minutissimis subinconspicuis; appendicibus erectis simplicibus apice curvatis; sporidiis maximis, oblongis, fuscis, 5-locularibus.

Hab. in foliis Uraniæ guyannensis, Surinam (SPLITGERBER).

17. **Meliola lævis** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 884. — Stromate orbicu-

lari atramentario e floccis adpressis lobatis oriundo; peritheciis minutis demum collapsis; sporidiis oblongis obtusis, 4-septatis.

Hab. in foliis coriaceis in Cuba.

18. **Meliola Mitchellæ** Cooke. Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 88. — Perithe-

ciis globosis, lævibus; floccis erectis, simplicibus; sporidiis elongato-ellipticis, 4-septatis, brunneis; hyphis conidiiferis septatis,

brunneis, apice hyalinis, conidiis lanceolatis vel clavatis, triseptatis, hyalino-fuscis, 20–25 μ .

Hab. in foliis *Mitchellæ* repentis, Gainesville, Florida (Amer. bor.). — Sec. Speg. F. Arg. IV. p. 41, sporidia 42–50 \approx 15.

19. **Meliola orbicularis** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 880. — Maculis 294 crassiusculis orbicularibus; peritheciis globosis; appendicibus flexuosis, curvatis, 50 μ . long. crassis, obtusis; sporidiis quadrisep-tatis.

Hab. in ramis arborum prope summitem, in Cuba, Februari.

20. **Meliola Cookeana** Speg. in F. Argent. IV. p. 41. *M. amphitricha* 295 Fr. f. *Callicarpæ americanæ*, Rav. F. Amer. n. 84. — Mycelio late et irregulariter effuso, subcrustaceo, atro, ex hyphis densissimis, crassiusculis, brevibus, ramoso-intricatis congesto, mox præcipue ad maturitatem, frustulatim secedente ac evanescere; hyphis conidiophoris paucissimis, rigidulis, saepius tantum circa perithecia inventis, apice obtusiusculis, integris, monosporis, 120–250 \approx 8–10 (conidiis deficientibus); peritheciis hinc inde sparsis v. densiuscule gregariis, globulosis etiam in sicco, 150–200 μ . diam., glabris, granuloso-scaberulis, atris, carbonaceis, opacis; ascis tantum per juventutem inveniendis, ellipticis, bisporis, breviter crasseque stipitatis; sporidiis primo hyalinis, dein opace fuligineis, cylindraceis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis 30–40 \approx 10–12, rectis, 4-septatis, ad septa constrictulis.

Hab. in foliis *Callicarpæ americanæ* in Carolina austr., Amer. bor. — Species *Mel. Mitchellæ* peraffinis, differt tamen mycelio crustaceo, peritheciis majoribus, carbonaceis, sporidiis minoribus semper rectis; a *M. amphitricha* Fr. longe abhorrens.

21. **Meliola fuliginodes** (Rehm) Sacc. *Capnodium fuliginodes* Rehm, 296 Asc. n. 245 (1874). *Spheconisca humili*s Norman in bot. Not. (1876) pag. 174. — Mycelio longe lateque epidermidem ramorum obducente, griseo-fusco, tenuissimo, ex hyphis plus minusve ramosis composito, quarum cellulæ monostichæ aggregatis, fuscis, subrotundis, 5 μ . cr.; peritheciis globosis minimis, nigro-fuscis, parenchymaticis; ascis pyriformi-clavatis, apice incrassatis, 45 \approx 15, 8-sporis, paraphysibus perparcis, ramosis tenerimis obvallatis; sporidiis obtuse ellipticis, rectis curvulisve, 14 \approx 5, bi-quadrice-lularibus, hyalinis v. fuscidulis, biseriatis.

Hab. ad ramos sicclos pendulos *Aceris platanoidis*, Windsheim (Germania). — Nucleus jodi ope immutatus.

22. **Meliola? pulveracea** Speg. Fung. Arg. IV. n. 118. — Mycelio 297 late irregulariter effuso, atro, tenui, velutino; hyphis repentibus

dense intricato-ramosis, parce septulatis, gracilibus, 3 μ . crass., flexuosis, simplicibus; fuligineis, hinc inde ramulos fertiles, erectos 120–300 \approx 5, apice integros emittentibus; conidiis solitariis, acrogenis, clavato-fusoideis, 3-septatis loculo infero (seu pedicello) plus minusve elongato, ad septa non v. vix constrictis, 30–40 \approx 6–7, fuligineis; peritheciis minutissimis 60–80 μ . d., hinc inde sparsis, globosis, glaberrimis, papilloso-scabris, subcarbonaceis; ascis ellipticis v. obovatis, sursum obtuse crasseque tunicatis, deorsum abrupte brevissimeque coarctato-stipitatis, 28–35 \approx 12–15, octosporis, apophysatis; sporidiis cylindraceo-subclavulatis, utrinque obtusis, medio 1-septatis, ad septum leniter coarctatis, loculis minute v. grosse 2-guttulatis, hyalinis; an postremo 3-septatis, fuscescentibus?

Hab. ad folia coriacea viva plantæ cujusdam, Apiah, Brasilia meridionali (J. PUIGGARI).

23. **Meliola brasiliensis** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. n. 116. — Mycelio orbiculariter expanso, sæpe confluente ac totum epiphyllum occupante tenuissimo, atro fere fumoso; hyphis omnibus repentibus, gracilibus 5–9 μ . crass., intricato-strigosis, longissimis 1–1,5 mill. long., semper ac exquisite rectis, densiuscule septatis, hinc inde ramos duos oppositos emittentibus, ramis etiam plurijuge ramosis, omnibus apice attenuato-acutatis rectisque, ubique hypopodia(?) alterna brevissima, clavulato-capitata 20–22 \approx 10–12, 1-septata gerentibus; peritheciis 3–8 in centro mycelii laxe gregariis, gangliis mycelialibus dense prosenchymatico-radiantibus insidentibus, globosis 120–200 μ . diam., numquam umbilicatis, atris, subnitentibus, papilloso-granulosis, in juventute setis paucis, sparsis, rigidis, erectis, apice incrassatis v. sæpius uncinatis, 50 \approx 8–9, atris vestitis, per ætatem subglabratib; ascis 2–3-sporis, subhromboideis, mox fluxis; sporidiis elliptico-cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis 4-septatis, ad septa leniter constrictis, 40–45 \approx 18–20, loculis grosse 1-guttulatis, primo hyalinis, dein atro-fuligineis.

Hab. ad folia viva subcoriacea plantæ cujusdam, Apiah, Brasilia meridionali (J. PUIGGARI).

24. **Meliola spinigera** Speg. Fungi Argent. Pug. IV. sub n. 118. — Mycelio aterrimo, in pulvinulos sparsos hemisphæricos 1–2 mill. d., lanoso-compactos aggregato, fasciculis hypharum erectis, rigidis concoloribus, parcis, acutis, spiniformibus hirto; peritheciis immersis, atris, carbonaceis globosis papillulosis 150–220 μ . diam.; ascis non visis; sporidiis cylindraceo-ellipticis, utrinque obtusis, 4-septatis, atro-fuligineis.

Hab. ad folia coriacea, Apiah, Brasilia merid., socia *Meliola pulveracea* (J. PUIGGARI).

25. **Meliola megalospora** Speg. Fungi Argent. IV. n. 115. — Mycelio 300 orbiculariter expanso 2-3 mill. diam., saepius hypophyllo, solitario v. subgregario, non raro confluente, tenui-membranaceo, subcrustaceo, glabro, ex hyphis imperspicue radiantibus, crassiusculis 10 μ . crass., densissime ramoso-intricatis, atris, opacis composito, mox per maturitatem obliterato ac frustulatim deciduo; hyphis (*Helminthosporii* spec.?) conidiis deficientibus; peritheciis centrum mycelii occupantibus, saepe illo deficiente, nudis, udis, globosis, siccis subcupulato-umbilicatis, mujusculis, 300 \approx 450, atris, glaberrimis, 4-14 dense gregariis, subcarbonaceis, ubique, cellulis prominulis, granuloso-scabriusculis; ascis ellipticis, sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum brevissime et crasse stipitatis, 80-85 \approx 40, paucis, tantum per juventutem conspicuis ac mox diffluentibus, a paraphysatis, bisporis; sporidiis ellipticis v. subcylindraceo-ellipticis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis 70-80 \approx 25-32, 4-septatis, ad septa non v. vix leniter constrictis, primo hyalinis, dein opace fuligineis atque fragilissimis.

Hab. ad folia viva Jodinæ rhombifoliæ in sylva australiore «Tordillo» dicta, ac in dumetis maritimis «Cabo S. Antonio», (Amer. austr.) — Species *Meliolæ amphitrichæ* Fr. peraffinis, sed peritheciis majoribus, sporidiis longioribus, crassioribusque, mycelio subcrustaceo saepius evanido, statu conidico deficiente recedens.

26. **Meliola polytricha** Kalch. et Cooke, Natal. Fungi in Grevill. — 301 Hypophylla, vel amphigena, atra, maculæformis; mycelio effuso, radiato, conidiifero; peritheciis globosis; appendiculis erectis, simplicibus, acutis, plerumque flexuosis; ascis ovatis; sporidiis cylindricis, obtusis, 4-septatis, constrictis, atrobrunneis. Conidiis clavatis, 3-5-septatis, 50 \approx 8, hyphis erectis, flexuosis insertis.

Hab. in foliis Osyridis albæ et Cunoniæ capensis, Natal (Afr. austr.). — Conidia *Helminthosporium* sistunt.

27. **Meliola zig-zag** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 882. — Floccis repentinibus confervoideis, articulis utrinque emarginatis obliquis; peritheciis setis acutis tenuibus curvulis cinctis; sporidiis magnis 50 μ . long. conidiis helminthosporoideis 40 μ . long. triseptatis utrinque appendiculatis.

Hab. in foliis Cinnamomi zeylanici etc. Ceylon et Cuba. Flocci vere singulares.

28. **Meliola Wrightii** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 881. — Maculis tenui-

bus hypophyllis olivaceis; floccis flexuosis cladosporioideis; coni-
diis cymbiformibus articulatis; peritheciis floccis æquilongis obtu-
sis cinctis; sporidiis 4-septatis, 40 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis Sapindaceæ, ut videtur, cujusdam in Cuba,
Febr. — Conidia interdum floccorum lateribus adnata, triseptata,
30–32 μ . long.

29. **Meliola? penicillata** Lév. ann. scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 266. — My-

celium effusis adnatis pulvinatis aterrimitis, filis crassis e basi ramo-
sis apice penicillatis. (*formæ est. meliola*)

Hab. ad truncos in Brasilia meridionali, DUPRÉ (herb. Mus. Par.). — in foliis coriaceis Laurineæ cujusdam, Apiahy, Brasilia meridionali, Jun. 1881 (PUIGGARI). — Sic describitur a cl. Spegazzini in F. Arg. IV. n. 42. — Mycelium late irregulariterque effusum, tenue, puberulum, atrum; hyphæ repentes densissime ac varie intricato-ramosæ, simplices, crassiusculæ 8–9 μ . cr., septulatæ, fuligineæ; hyphæ fertiles seu stipites, ex hyphis mycelialibus exsurgentibus, fasciculatis, atque arcte coalitis compositi, erecti 200–400 \approx 25, teretes, rigiduli, apice abrupte penicillatim ramoso-expansi; fibræ penicilli, rectæ 150–160 \approx 5, parce septulatæ, verruculososcabræ, pallide fuligineæ, monosporæ; conidia in fibris penicillorum acrogena, cylindraceo-fusoidea 25–30 \approx 4–5, sursum obtusiuscule attenuata, deorsum elongatula, triseptata, pallide fuliginea; perithecia hinc inde sparsa, globosa, saepe superne depressa, atra, verruculososcabra, subcarbonacea, fragilia, aterrima, 200–220, nuda; asci non visi; sporidia elliptico-cylindracea, utrinque obtusiuscula 55 \approx 18, 4-septata, ad septa leniter constricta, opace atro-fuliginea.

Meliolopsis: sporidiis continuis, hyalinis v. fuscidulis.

30. **Meliola microthecia** Thuem. in Flora 1876, p. 569. — Maculis par-

vulis, hypophyllis vel raro amphigenis, tenuibus, orbiculatis, radiantibus, nigris, secedenti-adnatis; floccis simplicibus, raro septatis, fuscis, 8 μ . crass.; peritheciis compressis, orbiculatis, carbonaceis; ascis late clavatis, basi angustatis, apice rotundatis, hyalinis, 6-sporis, hyalinis, 40 \approx 12–16; sporidiis ovatis, 8 \approx 4–6, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Barosmæ scopariæ Eckl. prope Grahamstown, Promont. bonæ spei. (P. MAC-OWAN). — Asci, sporidiaque non perfecte matura! «An Asterina?».

31. **Meliola Mori** (Catt.) Sacc. *Capnodium Mori* Catt. Nero etc. p. 5, 306

t. XVII, fig. 5–6. — Mycelio ramulos gemmasque obducente, et

quandoque deformante, crustaceo, aterrimo, hyphis septatis repentinibus conflato; peritheciis sphæricis, atris, levibus, glabris, superficialibus; ascis obovato-ellipsoideis, 30×12 , octosporis, a paraphysatis; sporidiis di-tristichis ovoideis, continua, translucidis, guttulatis, 12μ . long. — Conidia multipartita (gemmae Tul.). Spermatogonia peritheciis ascophoris similia; spermatiis ovoideis, brunneis, 7μ . long.

Hab. in ramulis et gemmis Mori albæ in Insubria (Italia).

32. **Meliola Citri** (Br. et Pass.). Sacc. *Apiosporium Citri* Br. et Pass. 307

Trans. Accad. Lincei vol. I., Catt. Micet. Agrum, p. 22, t. XXII, f. 10. — Mycelio tenui cinereo, folii paginam superam incrustante; filis tenuibus, septatis, ramosis, hyalinis formato; peritheciis punctiformibus badio-fuscis, in mycelii crusta subimmersis; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongis, utrinque rotundatis crassitie sua quadruplo longioribus continua hyalinis, intus granulosis, simulateque pluriseptatis. — Simul adest stat. conidiophorus *Torulam* subramosam pluri-articulato-guttulatam fuscum sistens et st. pycnidicus *Phomam* microsporam referens.

Hab. ad folia Citri primo cinereo-incrustata, demum veluti fumagine inquinata, in Sicilia. Morbus, quem fungus affert, vulgo dicitur *Mal di cenere*.

33. **Meliola Abietis** (Cooke) Sacc. *Apiosporium Abietis* Cooke, Grev. 308
1881, p. 94, nec Kunze. — Effusum atrum, velutinum; hyphis mycelioideis atrobrunneis; peritheciis globosis exiguis, 100μ . diam; ascis clavatis 20×7 ; sporidiis ellipsoideis, hyalinis 5×2 .

Hab. in ramulis vivis Abietis, Glencorse et Penicuik (Britannia). — Crustas format atras, pulveraceas, in quibus perithecia nidulant.

34. **Meliola quinquespora** Thuem. in Flora 1876, p. 568. — Maculis 309
sparsis, epiphyllis, orbiculatis, radiatis, medio elevatis, solubilibus, atris; floccis erectis, crassis, polychotomis, multiarticulatis, flexuosis, fuscis, 10μ . crass.; peritheciis subglobosis, carbonaceis; ascis ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, raro curvatis, dilute fuscis, $35-38 \times 10-12$ sporidiis 5, late ovato-ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 10×5 , subdiaphanis.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Buddleiae auriculatae Benth. in dumetis montis «Boschberg» prope Somerset-East, Promont: bonæ spei, Aut. 1876, Leg. P. Mac Owan. — Cfr. *Mel. inermis*.

35. **Meliola Tetraceræ** F. Muell. et Thuem. Symb. Myc. Austral. II. 310
n. 92. — Cæspitibus amphigenis, plus minusve orbiculatis vel sub-

stellatis dendriticisve, atris, secedentibus, planis, sparsis; floccis simplicibus vel raro subramosis, inæqualibus, flexuosis, brevibus, badiis; peritheciis carbonaceis, globosis, grumosis; ascis rarissime occurrentibus, cylindrico-fusiformibus, subarcuatulis, utrinque acutatis, hyalinis, $36 \approx 12$; sporidiis ovoideis vel ellipticis, octonis, distichis, utrinque rotundatis, dilute griseo-fuscis, $7 \approx 5 \mu$, simplicibus, subpellucidis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Tetraceræ Wuthianæ in Daintree River, Rockingham Bay, Australia (F. MULLER).

Pleomeliola: sporidiis muriformibus, fuscis.

36. **Meliola fenestrata** C. et E. in Grev. V. pag. 95. — Subgregaria. 311
Peritheciis subglobosis, brunneis, hinc illinc sparse spinulosis; appendicibus ad basim radiantibus; sporidiis ellipticis, multiseptatis, fenestratis, brunneis, $40 \approx 12$.

Hab. in squamis strobilorum Pini, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia interdum glabra, interdum appendicibus rigidis brunneis peritheciū æquantibus cincta.

37. **Meliola Penzigi** Sacc. *Capnodium Citri* Penz. Agr. MS. — Mycelio crustaceo, nigrescente, facile secedente, effuso; peritheciis globulosis, superficialibus, e filis mycelicis oriundis sed glabris, umbilicatis $150-160 \mu$. diam., nigris; ascis obovatis, apice rotundatis, sessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. conglobatis, ovato-oblongis, 3-septato-muriformibus, constrictis, $11-12 \approx 4-5$, hyalinis dein fuscidulis. Status secundarii: *Coniothecii*, *Heterobotrys*, *Chætophomæ*, *Capnodii* (spermogonici) species.

Hab. in foliis Citrorum in Italia boreali.

Species mihi minus notæ.

38. **Meliola triseptata** B. et B.? (sterilis) Cesati Myc. Born. pag. 25.
Hab. Borneo, ab Helminthosporii specie non determinanda obducta. 313

39. **Meliola tenuis** B. et C. Cooke Ravenel's Fungi, Grev. VII. p. 49 314 (nomen).

Hab. in Amer. bor. in Arundinaria. — Vix diversa a *M. amphitricha* (teste Cooke).

40. **Meliola ganglifera** Kalch. Grev. 1880, p. 34, Tab. 138, f. 49. — 315
Hypophylla; maculis, fuligineis orbicularibus; peritheciis globosis, subverrucosis, atris $150-200 \mu$. diam.; appendicibus erectis, subulatis, simplicibus; mycelio ramoso, repente, (processibus gangliformibus subglobosis stipitatis, conico-verrucosis, ornato.

(*M. guaniniae* sp.)

Hab. in foliis vivis Curtisiæ fagineæ in Africa australi.

Asci et sporidia ignota. *(comata)*

41. **Meliola Palmarum** Kunze et Fr. S. M. III, 232 (sub *Myxothecio*). 316

— Cæspitulis aggregatis subcircinantibus, fibris flexuoso-cernuis.

Hab. hypophylla in foliis Palmarum vivis, Surinam. — Cæspituli parvi, sed plerumque confluentes, sistunt maculas subeffusas vel elongatas byssaceas inæquales opacas aterrimas, submarginales, crassas. Perithecia globosa, minus opaca.

42. **Meliola seminata** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 885. — Stromate par- 317

vo compacto e pilis lobatis; peritheciis totum stroma occupantibus verrucosis; appendiculis setaceis. *(sporidia lobatis)*

Hab. in foliis Palicoureæ, Cuba, Dec.

43. **Meliola pachytricha** (Link sub *Sphaeria*) Sacc. *Myxothecium pa-* 318

chytrichum Fr. S. M. III. 232. — Cæspitulis solitariis effusis, fibris erectis crassis rigidis.

Hab. in caulinis sepium Brasiliæ (BEYRICH). — Cæspituli magni, effusi, ambientes. Fibræ crassæ, prælongæ, omnino erectæ, distinctæ, continuæ, acuminatæ facie *Helminthospori* cujusdam; sed omnino nudæ. Perithecia globosa, opaca, inter fibras latent.

44. **Meliola dichotoma** Berk. et C. in N. Pac. Expl. p. 130, n. 171. 319

subiculo velutino; peritheciis magnis, appendiculis uni- bifurcatis, ramulis elongatis.

Hab. in foliis cujusdam plantæ scandentis in Japonia.

COOKELLA Sacc. Mich. I. 407 (Etym. ab ill. mycologo M. C. Cooke).

— Perithecia appianata, membranacea, subsuperficialia, astoma. Asci globoso-ellipsoidei, apophysati, octospori. Sporidia muri-formia, colorata. — Cum genere *Phymatosphaeria* Pass. et *Saccardia* Cooke ascorum et sporidiorum fabrica convenire videtur, sed conceptacula diversissima et sporidia colorata. A gen. *Asterrina* Lév. defectu hypharum et sporidiis muralibus differt.

1. **Cookella microscopica** Sacc. Mich. I. 407, Fungi ital. tab. 397. — 320

Peritheciis punctiformibus, gregariis, superficialibus, dimidiato-applanatis, ambitu irregularibus, astomis; contextu tenerrimo, celuloso, dilutissime fuligineo; ascis copiosis coacervatis, initio sphæroideis, dein ellipsoideis, 40–45 × 30–35, sessilibus apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 20–24 × 8–11, utrinque rotundatis, 3-septato-muri-formibus, ad septa leniter constrictis, ochraceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in foliorum pagina inferiore languidorum Quercus pe-

dunculatæ in sylva Montello (Ital. bor.), Oct. 1877, ut videtur, rarissime. Autumnis 1878–81 ibidem frustra quæsivi.

Obs. Cum peritheciis ascigeris adsunt perithecia similia sed spermatiophora; spermatis globulosis, v. obtuse angulosis, 7–8 micr. diam. initio 1-guttulatis hyalinis, dein ochraceo–fuligineis. *Stigmella dryina* (Corda) Lév. forte statum conidicum sistit.

PHYMATOSPHÆRA Pass. Funghi Abiss. in N. Giorn. bot. ital. VII. p. 188 (Etym. *phyma*, tuber et *sphæra*, quasi sphæria tuberi affinis). — Perithecia (tubercula) in acervulos irregulares aggregata, stromate atro connata v. interdum subsparsa, subglobosa, vertice convexa v. papillata (astoma) intus ascophora et spermatiophora. Ascii per tuberculi contextum homogeneum carbonaceum subrotundi, circulo hyalino (cellula ascophora) cincti, ut plurimum 8-spori. Sporidia oblonga, pluriseptato-muriformia, hyalina. Paraphyses nullæ. — *Cucurbitariam* extus refert, sed fabrica interiore potius *Dothideæ* accedit, a qua loculis ascophoris deficientibus et ascorum forma satis differre videtur, quibus characteribus e contra *Tuberaceas* in memoriam revocat. — Genus prædistinctum sed quoad locum in systemate dubium.

1. **Phymatosphæra abyssinica** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 188, t. V, f. 11. 321 — Peritheciis (tuberculis) cortici immaculato impositis, saepius aggregatis, atris; ascis subglobosis, hinc papilla stipitiformi præditis, 16–24 = 16, 6–8-sporis; sporidiis stipatis oblongo-ellipsoideis, v. ovato-clavatis, subirregularibus, interdum curvis, hyalinis, 5–7-septato-muriformibus, 10–15 = 3–4.

Hab. in cortice arborum vivarum ignotarum, Keren (Abyssinia) legit. O. BECCARI. — Ascii quandoque madore elongantur et subclavati evadunt; tubercula quandoque spermatis minutissimis tantum fœta.

CYSTOTHECA Berk et C. in N. Pac. expl. p. 130. — Perithecia globosa, e floccis rigidis brunneis oriunda. Ascus unicus, sacculo hexagono-celluloso circumdatus. — Genus pulcherrimum *Pisomyxæ*, etc. affine, foliis innascens.

1. **Cystotheca Wrightii** B. et C. in N. Pac. exp. p. 130, n. 172. — 322 Pelliculas tenues fusco-cinnamomeas, hypophyllas sistens; peritheciis globosis, 60–70 μ . diam., monoascis; sacculo hexageno-parenchymatico ascum includente; sporidiis..... imperfectis observatis.

Hab. in reg. Pacifico-boreali in foliis.

Subfam. 3. **Capnodicæ** SACC.

Biogenæ. Perithecia verticaliter elongata, simplicia v. ramosa, clavata v. cylindrica, obtusa v. acuta, vertice plerumque laciniatim dehiscentia, mycelio nigro crasso facile secedente innata.

Clavis generum.

Capnodium. Perithecia subiculo crustaceo insidentia. Sporidia (in speciebus typicis) muriformia, fusca, ovoidea.

Generis sectiones adinterim propositæ:

- I. *Eucapnodium*; ascis 6-8-sporis, sporidiis muralibus fuscis.
- II. *Capnodiella*; ascis 8-sporis, sporidiis continuis, globosis.
- III. *Capnodaria*; ascis 10-sporis, sporidiis 3-4-septatis, raro muriformibus, fuscis.
- IV. Ascis ignotis; sporis fenestratis.
- V. Ascis ignotis; sporis 2-5-septatis.
- VI. Ascis ignotis; sporis 1-septatis.
- VII. Ascis ignotis; sporis continuis v. ignotis.
- VIII. *Microxyphium*; ascis ignotis; peritheciis subulatis.

APPENDIX

Antennaria; ut Capnodium, sed perithecia minora, lateralia, aspora; verisimiliter status infans Capnodii.

Scorias. Perithecia subiculo spongioso scoriaceo insidentia, clavato-pyriformia. Sporidia 3-septata, hyalina, fusoidea.

CAPNODIUM Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 3. XI, p. 233 (1848) (Etym. *Capnos*, fumus). *Fumago* Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 279. — Mycelium effusum, folia et ramos ambiens, atrum. Perithecia subcarnosa v. carbonacea, nunc simplicia, nunc ramosa, verticaliter elongata, sessilia vel in basim angustatam, vertice saepius laciniatim dehiscentia; asci obovoideo-oblongati; sporidia octona, ovoideo-oblonga, typice 3-4-septata accidente septulo longitudinali, fuscae.

Obs. Genus imperfecte notum, valde polymorphum, cuius specierum plurimum fructificatio ascophora nondum innotuit. — Species perithecio sphærico ad *Meliolam* duxi. *Antennarias*, ut formas imperfecte evolutas *Capnodii* in calcem addidi.

I. *Eucapnodium*. Species typicæ, ascophoræ, sporidiis fenestratis.

1. **Capnodium salicinum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 915 et in B. et Desm., J. 323 Hort. Lon. IV. p. 251, f. 4, et Ann. Scienc. nat., 3, XII, p. 302. — Epiphyllum et epicladon; perithecio carnoso e clavato corniformi interdum ramo divaricato apice furcato, vertice fimbriato; thalli floc-

cis cylindricis atro-fuscis varie ramosis, æqualiter breviterque septatis, articulis longitudine diametrum superantibus; ascis obovoido-clavæformibus, subsessilibus, 40–45 \approx 24, paraphysibus ramosis obvallatis, sporidiis oblongis transversim triseptatis tandem fuscis cellulosis (muriformibus), 16–23 \approx 7–9, ad septa constrictis, sæpius senis.

Hab. in foliis ramulisque Salicis capreæ, auritæ, cineræ, vitellinæ, viminalis etc. Populi nigræ in Britannia, Helvetia, Gallia, Lusitania, Italia, Germania, Fennia, Austria, Belgio etc. socio statu conidiophoro (*Fumago vagans* Pers.) — *Cap. sphæroideum* Lacr., Kickx Fl. Fl. I. 373, sec. Tul., est forma caulincola (in Salice) peritheciis brevioribus, ascis octosporis.

2. **Capnodium australe** Mont. Syll. crypt. n. 916 et in B. et Desm., 324 Journ. Hort. Lond. IV, (1849) p. 253, f. 9. — Involvens, velutinum; peridiis subdichotomis ut plurimum obtusis; mycelii fibris ramosis moniliformibus, articulis diametro brevioribus; ascis breve stipitatis, obovatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis ellipticis, 4–5-septato-muriformibus, non constrictis, fuscis.

Hab. in ramis Coniferarum, ad flumen Cygnorum (Swan River) in Australia (DRUMMOND), in ramis Abietum in Italia, in foliis Taxi baccatæ in Gallia.

II. *Capnodiella*: sporidiis octonis, globulosis, continuis.

3. **Capnodium maximum** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 876. — Peritheciis 325 elongatis nitidis nigris, setiformibus hic illuc inflatis, apice capitulatis, e mycelio parco oriundis; ascis clavatis longe pedicellatis; sporidiis octonis globosis 5 μ . diam.; conidiis oblongis, sub-reniformibus.

Hab. in soris Polypodiorum, Cuba, Januario, Februario. — Ascii videntur infixi ubi perithecia inflata sunt. — Habitus fere *Sphærostilbis*.

III. *Capnodaria*: sporidiis sexdenis, septatis.

4. **Capnodium Tiliæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Fumago Tiliæ* Fuck. Symb. p. 142 326 *Capnodium Persoonii* pl. auct. nec Berk. et Demaz. — Mycelio effuso subcrustaceo nigro; peritheciis minutis, gregariis, conico-obtusis, atris, non ramosis; ascis stipitatis, 16sporis, ovatis, 32 \approx 16–18; sporidiis farctis, 14 \approx 7, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, fuscis, 3–4 septatis, septo longitudinali.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Tiliæ europeæ et ulmifoliæ,

rarius, Biebrich (Germania), Coimbra (Lusitania). — An *Meliola* (e sect. *Pleomeliolæ*)?

IV. Asci ignoti; sporidia fenestrata.

5. **Capnodium Araucariæ** Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lus. n. 311. — Ramulos et folia tota occupans et involvens crustaque solubili, membranacea, aterrima obducens; mycelio ex hyphis longissimis, simplicibus, subrectis vel minime curvatis multi- brevissimeque articulatis, fere moniliformibus, fuscis composito; sporidiis diversis, maturis clavatis, utrinque rotundatis, multicellularibus, spadiceis, ad septa constrictulis, 16 μ . long., 7-9 μ . crass.

Hab. in Araucariæ excelsæ ramulis foliisque vivis, Coimbra in horto botanico (MOLLER). — *Obs.* Probabiliter fungus conidiophorus *Capnodii australis* Mont. Sylloge plant. cryptog. p. 257.

6. **Capnodium Crouanii** Mont. Pl. cell. Cent. VIII. p. 147, n. 44, et 328 Cr. Fl. Finist. p. 21. — Epiphyllum, maculare; peritheciis carnosis, sphæricis, $1\frac{1}{6}$ - $1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. d. centro tandem ruptis, ambitu basi pauciciliatis; mycelii floccis variis ramosis, subhyalinis et fuligineis, articulatis reticulum densiusculum formantibus; ascis sporidiis oblongis, 3-septato-muriformibus.

Hab. ad paginam sup. foliorum Salicis capreæ, Brest (Gallia). — Potius e subg. *Pleomeliola* generis *Meliolæ*, ob perithecia sphæroidea.

7. **Capnodium elongatum** Berk et Desm., Berk. Moulds referred Fumago, p. 251, fig. 5 (1849). — Setosum; peritheciis elongatis acuminatis ut plurimum simplicibus apice fimbriatis; ascis sporidiis 2-3-septatis, articulis demum constrictis quandoque longitudinaliter divisis.

Hab. in foliis Persicæ, Smilacis, Populi, Liriodendri, Pyri, Bignoniæ, Tussilaginis etc. in Europa et Amer. bor.

8. **Capnodium Pini** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 982. — Mycelio 330 laxo, floccis in perithecia repentibus et cum iis conjunctis; ascis sporidiis oblongis quadrisep-tatis quandoque verticaliter divisis.

Hab. in cortice Pini, Maine, Amer. bor.

9. **Capnodium Schweinitzii** Berk. et Desm., Berk. Moulds referred Fumago, fig. 3. *Dematium Fuligo* Schw. p. p. — Velutinum; floccis subcylindricis; peritheciis subsimplicibus, elongatis, lævibus; ascis sporidiis obovatis celluloso-muriformibus, ad septa vix constrictis.

Hab. in foliis herbarum Pensylvaniam (SCHWEINITZ).

V. Ascí ignoti; sporidia 2-5-septata.

10. **Capnodium Mesnieranum** Thüm. Myc. un. n. 1281. — Paginam ³³² superiorem foliorum, plus minusve crusta solubili crassa, atra consistente obducens; mycelio toruloideo, articulis plus minus globosis, 6-11 μ . diam., concatenatis, fuscis; hyphis erectis; ascis..... sporis fusiformibus, utrinque acutatis, quadrisep-tatis, hyalinis, 14-16 \times 3.5-4, quandoque immixtis sporidiis bicellularibus, ovoideis utrinque rotundo-obtusatis, fuscis.

Hab. Lusitania, Coimbra in horto publico ad Hakeæ salignæ folia viva, 1877 (P. G. MESNIER).

11. **Capnodium carolinense** Berk. et Desm., Berk. moulds referred ³³³ Fumago p. 12, fig. 7 (1849). — Sparsum, setosum; mycelio parco; peritheciis laxis ramosis, lateralibus elongatis lageniformibus; ascis..... sporidiis oblongis bi-triseptatis.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum Quercus obtusilobæ in Carolina austr. (CURTIS).

12. **Capnodium expansum** Berk. et Desm., Berk. moulds referred ³³⁴ Fumago p. 12, fig. 8 (1849). — Late expansum velutinum; peritheciis conicis brevibus connatis sæpe filamentis brevibus liberis moniliformibus obsitis; ascis..... sporidiis tri-septatis, oblongis, curvulis.

Hab. in cortice Aceris nigri, quem latissime strato velutino nigro obducit, Ohio, Amer. bor. (HOOKER).

13. **Capnodium Thuemenii** Sacc. *Capnodium Fuligo* Thuem. Symb. ³³⁵ mycol. Austral. II, n. 103, nec Berk. — Acervulis epiphyllis, maculas indeterminatas, expansas, magnas, atras formans; ascis.....; sporis elongato-ovalibus vel ovato-clavatis, rectis, raro paucicurvatis, apicibus utrinque rotundatis, quadri- raro triseptatis, ad septa non constrictis, 12-14 \times 5, fuligineis; hyphis paucis, brevibus, arcuatis, ramosulis, dilute fuscis.

Hab. in foliis vivis cujusdam Fici, Nova Guinea (Australia). Comm. FERD. MÜLLER.

14. **Capnodium Lonicerae** (Fuck.) Sacc. *F. Lonicerae* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 143. F. rh. 1829. — Cæspitibus effusis, densis, velutinis, atris, e cellulis concatenatis, digitato-iterato-ramosis contextis, cellulis (conidiis) ovatis, oblongis obovatisve, simplicibus didymisve, atro-fuscis seu omnino obscuris, singulis 24-28 \times 10; ascis?; sporidiis oblongis, 3septatis, fuscis, 16 \times 4.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum adhuc viventium Lonicerae Xylostei, autumno, in Germania et Italia.

VI. Asci ignoti; sporidia 1-septata.

15. **Capnodium rhamnicolum** Rabh. Fungi Eur. n. 666. Hedw. 1864, 327

p. 73. — Mycelio, moniliformi, vage ramoso; peritheciis brevibus e basi dilatata subconicis; ascis sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, hyalinis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis Rhamni in Germania.

16. **Capnodium Fuligo** Berk. et Desm. Moulds referred Fumago p. 9, 338

fig. 2. (1849). — Mycelio crassiusculo, compacto a matrice secer-nibili, nigro; peritheciis conico-cylindricis nigris floccis processibus-que ostioliformibus exasperatis; ascis sporidiis minoribus, ovato-oblongis, subinde spurie uniseptatis, subhyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Uvariæ trilobæ, plerumque in pag. superiore, Ohio, et in foliis plantarum variarum Pensylvania, Amer. bor.

17. **Capnodium mangiferum** C. et Broome Some Indian Fungi in Grev. 339

IV. p. 117. — Effusum velutinum amphigenum; peritheciis ovatis pyriformibus vel lageniformibus, 75–80 μ . altis; ascis spo-ridiis arcte ellipticis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, 12–15 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis Mangiferæ indicæ, Mysore, India. Fere ab-sque dubio idem ac *Dimerosporium mangiferum* quod cfr.

18. **Capnodium lanosum** Cooke Indian Fungi in Grev. VIII. 96. — Late 340

effusum, lanosum, atro-brunneum. Peritheciis simplicibus, vel ramo-sis, attenuatis, $1/3$ mill. altis, hinc illinc cæspitoso-fasciculatis; ascis sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis 16–18 \approx 8; hy-phis ramosis, densissime intertextis, moniliformibus.

Hab. in foliis Fici, Belgaum (India); legit J. HOBSON.

19. **Capnodium Nerii** Rabh. Fungi Eur. n. 662. Hedw. 1864, p. 73. — My- 341

celio moniliformi ramoso-reticulato, Capnodii Citri simillimo; peritheciis elongatis, subconicis; ascis sporidiis oblongis uni-septatis. — St. spermogonicus (*Apiosporium fædum* Sacc.). Hyphis intricatis, ramosis, repentibus, septatis, fuligineis, hinc inde coale-scendo dilatationes cellulares irregulares formantibus, crustasque latas, atras, facile secedentes efficientibus; conidiis hinc inde in-spersis ovoideo-fusoideis, 1–3-septatis, cladosporioideis; peritheciis ex hyphis oriundis globoso-depressis, 50 micr. diam., astomis, ver-tice laciniatim dehiscentibus, contextu minute parenchymatico, fu-ligineo; ascis sporidiis (?) sphæroideis 3–4 micr. diam., hya-linis, 1-guttulatis.

Hab. in pagina superiore et inf. foliorum ramulisque vivis ju-nioribus Nerii Oleandri, in Lusitania, Italia, Austria, Amer. bor.

20. **Capnodium ilicinum** Thüm. in Mycotheca universalis n. 1846. — 342

Mycelio in foliorum pagina superiore crustas secedentes crassas, v. disjunctas, atras, in pagina inferiore cæspitulos tenuissimos efficiens; hyphis multiarticulatis, ramosis, flexuoso-erectis, articulis moniliformibus, fumigatis; sporidiis diversis; nunc globosis 4 μ . diam., nunc oblongis uniseptatisve, 5–7 \times 4, nunc ellipsoideis, 5 \times 2.5 dilute griseo-fuscis. Ascii nondum inventi.

Hab. Græcia, Athenis, in foliis viyiis *Quercus Ilicis* L. vere 1877. (DE HELDREICH).

VII. Ascii ignoti; sporidia (spermatia?) continua v. ignota.

21. **Capnodium Cesatii** Mont. in litt. ad cl. baronem *Cesatium* et Syll. 343

Crypt. n. 917. — Epicladon; perithecio simplici corniformi; fertili apice incrassato, fusiformi ostiolato; thalli floccis in telam secedentem contextis; ascis nullis inventis, sporidiis madore evacuatis oblongis continuis hyalinis, 7–8 μ . longis.

Hab. ad ramellos novellos *Alni glutinosæ*, Vercellis (Italia) primo vere (CESATI), in agro Veneto (SACC.). — *Capnodio Citri* affine, præsertim quoad rationem fructificationis, a quo tamen forma tam perithecii quam retis floccorum thalli recedit.

22. **Capnodium axillatum** Cooke Hedw. 1878, p. 40. — Atrum, velutinum in axillis nervorum situm; peritheciis elongatis setiformibus, sursum attenuatis; mycelio moniliformi. 344

Hab. in nervis foliorum *Catalpæ cordifoliae*, Carol. austr. (RAVENEL).

23. **Capnodium Eugeniarum** Cooke Ind. Fungi in Grev. VIII. 96. — Effusum, fuliginoso-atrum, subpelliculosum; peritheciis simplicibus, ventricosis, sub-rectis, 150 μ . altis, in subiculo membranaceo hinc illuc pelliculoso insidentibus; (sporidiis ignotis). 345

Hab. in foliis *Jambosæ vulgaris*, Belgaum (India) ubi legit J. HOBSON.

24. **Capnodium Citri** Berk. et Desm. Berk. Moulds referred Fumago p. 11, (1849). Cattaneo Miceti Agr. p. 25. — Sparsum, setosum vix adhærens; peritheciis elongatis, raro bifurcatis; mycelio ramoso moniliformi pulcherrime reticulato; ascis spermatiis oblongis minutis, hyalinis. — Sec. Catt. et Penzig hæc species sisteret spermogonium *Meliolæ Citri* et *M. Camelice*. 346

Hab. in foliis ramulisque Citrorum in Gallia, Hispania, Lusitania, Italia, California, Georgia. — Perithecia prælonga, sæpe fufoidea, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. alta; sporidia spermatia 7 μ . longa. — Var.

fructigena Thum. mycelio tenuissimo griseo-fusco. In fructibus maturis Citri Aurantii, Coimbra (Lusitania).

25. **Capnodium Persoonii** Berk. et Desm. Berk. moulds refer. Fumago p. 11, fig. 6 (1849). *Polychæton Avellancæ* Desm. — Setosum; peritheciis confertis, subramosis quandoque irregularibus; mycelio moniliformi; articulis sæpe oblongis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis Coryli Avellanae in Gallia. — Sporidia imperfecte cognita.

26. **Capnodium quercinum** (Pers.) Berk. et Desm. Berk. Moulds referred Fumago, p. 11, 1849. — *Polychæton quercinum* Pers. Valde compactum crassum; peritheciis fasciculatis ramosis, strato exteriori transverse secedente; mycelio parco, articulis vix constrictis. Forma conidiophora *Coniothecium quercinum* sistens: conidiis varie conglomeratis, septatisque, crassiuscule tunicatis, fuligineis, loculis singulis angulosis 6–10 micr. diam., maculas minutas confluentesque atras formantibus. — «*Coniothecium phyllogenum* Desm. loculis conidiorum minoribus cellulisque apicalibus mox liberatis, sphæroideis, eseptatis, subhyalinis, 6–7 μ. diam., differt. Ad hoc postremum spectare videtur *Capnodium ilicinum* Thuem. Herb. (in Quercu Ilice) ex Græcia».

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum *Quercus pedunculatae*, Q. Ilicis, Q. obtusilobæ in Gallia, Lusitania, Italia, Austria, Amer. bor.

27. **Capnodium pelliculosum** B. et Rav. North Am. Fungi n. 981. — 349 Floccis mycelii erectis apice trifidis, perithecio brevioribus; peritheciis elongatis subconstrictis.

Hab. in foliis Pruni Chickasse in Carol. inf. Amer. bor. — Hyphæ subinde apice trifidae, *Triposporii* ad instar.

28. **Capnodium pomorum** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 983. — Mycelio obsoleto; peritheciis lævibus, variis ovato-lanceolatis vel obovatis furcatisve pedicellatis, stipite cylindrico, atro.

Hab. in pomis putrescentibus, Carol. inf., Amer. bor.

VIII. *Microxyphium*: peritheciis subulatis; ascis ignotis.

29. **Capnodium Taxi** Sacc. et Roum. Michel. II. 322, ad int. — Hypophyllum, glomerulosum, olivaceo-fuscum, hyphis cladosporioideis, nodulosis, septatis, conidia fusoidea 22–8, 1–3-septata gerentibus; peritheciis bacillaribus, 500–600–40, basi leniter incrassatis, fuligineis, apice obtusiusculis, pallidioribus, ascis et ascosporis

Hab. in pagina inferiore foliorum Taxi baccatæ in horto *Massey* prope *Tarbes* (Gallia), hieme 1870.

30. **Capnodium Footii** Berk. et Desm. Moulds ref. Fumago p. 13, fig. 352

10. *Microxyphium Footii* Harw. — Mycelio maculiformi, setoso, nigro e filis subhyalinis et fuscis moniliformibus contexto; peritheciis setiformibus nigris, apice acutis, superficialibus, hyphis moniliformibus subhyalinis basi cinctis; ascis et sporidiis ignotis.

Hab. in foliis Fici, Cassines, Ilicis, Clerodendri, Erynnymi, Mercurialis, Styracis, Elaeagni, Cinnamomi etc. in Anglia, Lusitania, Italia, Austria, etc. — Perithecia quandoque erecto-ramosa, apice hyalino-fimbriata; spermatia ovoideo-oblonga, 2-guttulata, hyalina, 3-5 = 2-2,2.

VIII. Species mihi minus notæ.

31. **Capnodium Corni** Auersw. in sched. et Kunze Fung. Helv. n. 94. 353

Hab. in foliis Corni sanguineæ in Germania, Austria et Helvetia.

32. **Capnodium Thwaitesii** Berk. Intr. Bot. Crypt. 274, fig. 63 a. 354

33. **Capnodium fibrosum** Berk. in Hook. Fl. Nov. Zel. II. 209. — Crassum, compactum; peritheciis elongatis rigidis, fasciculato-ramosis.

Hab. in corticibus in N. Zelandia (Colenso). — Format crustas setosas rigidas 8-10 mill. cr. Perithecia dense aggregata. — Sec. Cooke in litt. huc spectat *Meliola Palmæ* Schw. ex Surinam.

35. **Capnodium Lentisci** Thuem. herb. 356

Hab. in foliis Pistaciæ Lentisci, Athenis (Græcia) legit.
HELDREICH.

APPENDIX AD CAPNODIUM.

ANTENNARIA Link. in Schrad. Journ. III. 16. (Etym. ab *antenna*, quia conidia saepe in antennas connexa). — Characteres *Capnodii* sed perithecia saepius minuta, lateralia, non ascophora. Verisimiliter est status infans *Capnodii*.

1. **Antennaria pithyophila** Nees, Fr. S. Myc. III. 231. Sacc. Gen. Pyr. 357

it. 17. — *Antennatula pinophila* Fr. — *Torula fuliginosa* Let. — Mycelio effuso compacto, scruposo-inæquabili, hispido, fuliginoso-atro, floccis moniliformibus, peridiis irregularibus basi adnatis « simplicibus v. ramosis, apicibus subtruncatis ».

Hab. in ramis foliisque Abietis in umbrosis Alpium Italiæ, Germaniæ, Galliæ, Helvetiæ, Hispaniæ. — A ceteris omnino diversam speciem constituit mycelio dein crassiusculo subfuliginoso (licet flocci proprie atri), superficie valde inæquabili, hispido granulosoque, peridiis majoribus irregularibus inter bases floccorum in-

natis floccisque obtectis. — « An hujus *Capn. australe* Mont. status perfecte evolutus? ».

2. **Antennaria cytisophila** Fr. S. M. III. 231. Ab *Ant. pithyophila* 358 distinguitur mycelio subleproso, sed perithecia non visa.

Hab. ad ramulos Cytisi incani in regione atlantica Galliæ (GUEPIN).

3. **Antennaria elæophila** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 1067 et Bullet. Soc. 359 centr. d'Agric. Paris, 2. ser., IV, p. 767, et Ann., 3, XII, 304. — Epiphylla et epiclada, mycelio effuso crustoso velutino, aterrimo, secedente; fibris seu floccis æqualibus intricatis ramosis, articulis transversim oblongis, extremis submoniliformiter concatenatis; peritheiis evoideis lateraliter adfixis; sporis hyalinis, ovoideo-oblongis.

Hab. in foliis vivis ramisque Oleæ europeæ in Gallia, Lusitania, Italia. — Var. *Phillyreæ*: hyphis majoribus, septatis, apice catenulatis, 8–9 μ . cr. In foliis et ramulis *Phillyreæ latifoliæ*, Coimbra (Lusitania).

4. **Antennaria tropica** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 1065 et Cent. II, n. 67, 360 l. c., p. 332. — Mycelio ampio, compacto, crasso, petiolos foliorum, ramulos truncosque arborum late investiente; floccis moniliformibus, articulis sphærico-suboblongis, fusco-nigris; peritheiis crassis e globoso elongatis.

Hab. in sylvis prope Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

5. **Antennaria Guava** Cooke Calif. Fungi in Grev. V. p. 110. — Effusa, 361 epiphylla; floccis moniliformibus, ramosis; ad apicem attenuatis; sporangiis lageniformibus; mycelio tenuissimo.

Hab. in foliis Guavæ, California (HARKNESS). — Affinis *Ant. Robinsonii* Mont.

6. **Antennaria Robinsonii** B. et M., Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 1066 et in 362 Berk., Not. of Brazil. Fung., Lond. Journ. of Bot., II, t. 24, f. 2. *Cladosporium Fumago* var. *elongatum* Mont., Fl. J. Fern., n. 53. — Mycelio pannoso expanso; fibris tenuissimis elongatis ramosis, articulis æqualibus moniliformibusve; peritheiis aut lateralibus ovoideis aut in continuitate fibrarum oblongis.

Hab. ad folia præsertim Filicum in insulis Juan Fernandez (BERTERO).

7. **Antennaria pannosa** Berk. Bot. Lond. Journ. 1843, n. 640, t. XXIII, 363 fig. 1. — Mycelio pannoso expanso, floccis erectis rigidiusculis, primum moniliformibus, dein cylindricis ramosis, ramulis attenuatis subalternatis.

Hab. in foliis Pogopetalí speciei, Chapada de N. S. d'Aba-

dia, prov. Goyaz, Brasilia. — Perithecia non visa, sed adesse censem.
set cl. BERKELEY.

8. **Antennaria scoriadea** Berk. Cryptog. antarct. p. 63. tab. LXVIII, ³⁶⁴ fig. 111. — Spongiosa, floccis fasciculatis sursum lateraliter convexis, peritheciis subellipticis, irregularibus.

Hab. in ramis fruticum et arborum variarum, præsertim *Dra-cophylli longifolii* in insulis Auckland et Campbell et in N. Zelandia. — Flocci $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ lin. longi, articulis moniliformibus v. (præsertim in filamentis ultimis) continuis levibus, nucleo globoso solitario. Perithecia elliptica «(an, ex icone, genuina?)».

4. **Antennaria ericophila** Link. Sp. pl. V, p. 118, Fr. S. M. III, 230. ³⁶⁵ — Mycelio amplissimo, crassissimo, compacto, floccis moniliformibus fusco-nigris; peritheciis inspersis adfixis globosis.

Hab. in truncis *Ericæ arboreæ* in Lusitania. — Densis cœspitibus, pollicem et ultra crassis caules et ramos late investit. Massam suberosam constituit, facile cultro discindendam, at firmam elasticam. Flocci (sub microsc. comp.) ramosi, valde implicati, articulis globosis; variat aliis floccis crassioribus, aliis multo tenuioribus; perithecia nigra inspersa, irregulariter globosa, cortice crasso friabili, intus sporulis moniliformibus solutis, quasi ramulis repleta.

10. **Antennaria semiovata** B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 784 Cooke Handb., ³⁶⁶ n. 1878. — Mycelio denso, atro, pannoso folia obducente; hyphis fertilibus erectis, brevibus, ramosis, articulis torulosis; pycnidiiis semiovatis; peritheciis curvatis; acuminatis.

Hab. in foliis *Aspidii Filicis maris* in Anglia.

11. **Antennaria Tela** Corda Icon. I, 23, t. VI, f. 290. — Effusa, crassa, ³⁶⁷ coactilis, coffeacea, dein atro-fusca, solubilis; peridiis teretibus, depresso-rugulosis, dein laciato-apertis; sporis globosis, albidis, hylo verruciformi notatis $40,5 \mu$; floccis ramosis, conjugatis, ramulis ultimis adscendentibus, uncinato-incurvis, luteo-fuscis, pelliculidis.

Hab. in caulis putridis Ruborum prope Grottau, Bohemiæ.

12. **Antennaria lævigata** Corda Ic. I. 23, t. VI, f. 289. — Effusa, membranacea, lævigata, nitida, rufo-fusca, peridiis concoloribus, subglobosis subdepressis, lævibus; sporis ovatis luteo-fuscis, nucleo obscuriori $12,5 \mu$. floccis diaphanis, teretibus, fistulosis, dichotome ramosis, amœne fuscis. ³⁶⁸

Hab. in cortice *Betulae albæ* ad Hammerstein prope Reichenberg,

13. **Antennaria cistophila** Fr. S. M. III, p. 230. — Mycelio in pul- ³⁶⁹

vinulos lœvigatos æquabiles confluentes compacto, floccis moniliformibus nigris, peritheciis immersis globoso-depressis.

Hab. in caulis Cistorum fruticosis in regione mediterranea Galliæ. — *A. ericophilæ* affinis, sed diversa videtur thallo tenuiori crassitiem dimidiæ unciæ haud attingente pulvinulos subhemisphæricos inter se tamen contiguos formante, superficie æquabili lœvigata (nec hispida ut in aliis); massam stupposam sistente, difficile separandam; floccis magis ramosis, colore aterrimo, peritheciis thallo immersis obtectisque.

SCORIAS Fries, Syst. myc. III, 290, Mont. Syll. Crypt. p. 257 (Etym. a *scoria*, quia scoria nigram refert). — Perithecia cornea, superficialia, e clavato pyriformia, obtusa acuminatave, sicca rigida fragilissima, humida mollia gelatinosa, omnia e fibris thalli composita; nucleus mucilaginosus, bibulus; asci obovoideo-clavæformes, crasse tunicati deorsum in stipitem attenuati, sporidia 4 foveantes; sporidia fusiformia, hyalina 3-septata. Thallus (mycelium) tandem crassissimus, niger, opacus, spongiosus, persistens, e floccis subparallelis brunneis divergenti-ramosis inæqualiter articulatis muco concolori luxuriante obductis concretisque. — Mont., Ann., 3, XII, p. 303, cum observationibus. — Fries, Nov. Symb. Myc., p. 11, Berk. et Desm. Mould ref. *Fumago* (1849) p. 6 etc. 16 f. 1.

l. **Scorias spongiosa** (Schw.) Fr. S. M. III. 291. *Botrytis spongiosa* Schwein. — Char. generis. 370

Hab. in America bor., Carolina, Ohio etc. in ramis, truncis, radicibus Fagorum, nec alibi, vere, copiose. — Fungus admodum grandis, interdum duos pedes latus et longus, admodum rigidus et persistens, opacus, niger; superficie valde inæquabilis, e fibris magis condensatis solidior, quam basis fungi (quæ inter fibras rudes, gelatina exsiccata, discretas et materia cerino-grisea, humida gelatinosa obductas, cavernosa fit) fibrillis parallelis pellucidioribus in granula racemata abeuntibus obsessa.

REPERTORIUM

SPECIERUM PERISPORIA CEARUM

SECUNDUM MATRICES *)

Obs. *E.* indicat Erysipheas, *P.* Perisporieas, *C.* Capnodieas.

Numeri progressioni continuae specierum respondent.

Abies — <i>P.</i> 122. 133. 308. — <i>C.</i> 824. 357.	Aspidium — <i>C.</i> 366.
Acer — <i>E.</i> 27. 28. 29. — <i>P.</i> 260. 296. — <i>C.</i> 334.	Aster — <i>E.</i> 95.
Acrotrema — <i>P.</i> 200. 289.	Astragalus — <i>E.</i> 41. — <i>P.</i> 207.
Æsculus — <i>E.</i> 26. — <i>P.</i> 205.	Atalantia — <i>P.</i> 285.
Agave — <i>P.</i> 255.	Azara — <i>P.</i> 227.
Alisma — <i>P.</i> 265.	Baccharis — <i>P.</i> 195. 220. 238.
Alixia — <i>P.</i> 288.	Ballota — <i>E.</i> 110.
Allium — <i>P.</i> 270.	Barosma — <i>P.</i> 305.
Alnus — <i>E.</i> 13. 50. 75. 98. — <i>C.</i> 343.	Berberis — <i>E.</i> 47.
Ambrosiaceæ — <i>E.</i> 92.	Betula — <i>E.</i> 13. 20. 48. 50. — <i>P.</i> 269. — <i>C.</i> 368.
Ammophila — <i>P.</i> 188. 258.	Bidens — <i>E.</i> 77.
Ampelopsis — <i>E.</i> 22.	Bignonia — <i>C.</i> 329.
Apargia — <i>E.</i> 11.	Boletus — <i>E.</i> 16.
Andromeda — <i>E.</i> 50. — <i>P.</i> 166. 241.	Borrago — <i>E.</i> 66.
Angelica — <i>E.</i> 67.	Brassica — <i>P.</i> 134. 147.
Antidesma — <i>P.</i> 194. 219.	Buddleya — <i>P.</i> 290. 309.
Aplotaxis — <i>E.</i> 60.	Buxus — <i>P.</i> 149.
Aralia — <i>P.</i> 276.	Callicarpa — <i>P.</i> 287. 295.
Araucaria — <i>C.</i> 327.	Camelia — <i>P.</i> 183. 280.
Arbutus — <i>P.</i> 196.	Campanulaceæ — <i>E.</i> 61.
Aristotelia — <i>E.</i> 72.	Capparis — <i>P.</i> 164.
Artemisia — <i>E.</i> 59.	Carlina — <i>E.</i> 60.
Arundinaria — <i>P.</i> 314.	Carpinus — <i>E.</i> 13. — <i>P.</i> 233.
Arundo — <i>P.</i> 266.	Cassine — <i>C.</i> 352.
Asparagus — <i>P.</i> 244.	Catalpa — <i>E.</i> 13. — <i>C.</i> 344.
Asperifoliaceæ — <i>E.</i> 66.	Ceanothus — <i>E.</i> 90.
Asperugo — <i>E.</i> 66.	

*) Matrices vagæ, e. g. humus, ligna, caules, folia etc. plantarum non definitarum consulto omittuntur.

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| Celastrus — <i>E.</i> 13. — <i>P.</i> 169. 223.
239. 240. | Epigæa — <i>E.</i> 85. |
| Celtis — <i>E.</i> 31. 32. | Epilobium — <i>E.</i> 10. — <i>P.</i> 204. |
| Cephalanthus — <i>E.</i> 39. | Erica — <i>C.</i> 365. |
| Cerinthe — <i>E.</i> 60. | Erigeron — <i>E.</i> 11. |
| Chærophyllum — <i>P.</i> 267. | Erodium — <i>E.</i> 78. |
| Chelone — <i>E.</i> 82. | Eryngium — <i>E.</i> 60. |
| Chusquea — <i>P.</i> 190. | Eucalyptus — <i>P.</i> 189. |
| Cinnamomum — <i>P.</i> 302. — <i>C.</i> 352. | Eugenia — <i>P.</i> 213. |
| Cirsium — <i>E.</i> 60. | Euphorbia — <i>E.</i> 49. 68. 71. |
| Cistus — <i>C.</i> 369. | Evonymus — <i>E.</i> 38. — <i>C.</i> 352. |
| Citrus — <i>P.</i> 280. 307. 312. — <i>C.</i> 346. | Fagus — <i>E.</i> 13. — <i>P.</i> 126. 272. — <i>C.</i>
370. |
| Cladium — <i>P.</i> 287. | Ficus — <i>C.</i> 335. 340. |
| Clematis — <i>P.</i> 285. | Filicaceæ — <i>C.</i> 362. |
| Clerodendron — <i>C.</i> 352. | Fragaria — <i>P.</i> 261. |
| Clusia — <i>P.</i> 172. | Fraxinus — <i>E.</i> 13. |
| Coccoloba — <i>P.</i> 287. | Fuchsia — <i>P.</i> 107. |
| Colchicum — <i>P.</i> 263. | Galeopsis — <i>E.</i> 62. |
| Compositæ — <i>E.</i> 8. 61. 70. | Galium — <i>E.</i> 73. |
| Conceveibum — <i>P.</i> 225. | Garrya — <i>P.</i> 287. |
| Coniferæ — <i>C.</i> 324. | Geraniaceæ — <i>E.</i> 70. |
| Convolvulaceæ — <i>E.</i> 70. 73. | Gerardia — <i>E.</i> 91. |
| Cornus — <i>E.</i> 13. 44. 65. — <i>P.</i> 136.
233. — <i>C.</i> 352. | Gleditschia — <i>E.</i> 53. |
| Coronilla — <i>P.</i> 207. | Graminaceæ — <i>E.</i> 74. |
| Corylus — <i>E.</i> 13. — <i>C.</i> 347. | Guava — <i>C.</i> 361. |
| Crataëgus — <i>E.</i> 1. 13. | Guazuma — <i>P.</i> 200. |
| Crocus — <i>P.</i> 257. | Hakea — <i>C.</i> 332. |
| Cruciferæ — <i>E.</i> 73. | Hamamelis — <i>E.</i> 5. |
| Cucurbitaceæ — <i>E.</i> 8. — <i>P.</i> 217. | Heracleum — <i>E.</i> 67. — <i>P.</i> 267. |
| Cunonia — <i>P.</i> 301. | Heterothalamus — <i>P.</i> 185. |
| Cupressus — <i>P.</i> 175. | Hippobromus — <i>P.</i> 171. |
| Curtisia — <i>P.</i> 315. | Hypericaceæ — <i>E.</i> 73. |
| Cydonia — <i>E.</i> 87. | Hyptis — <i>P.</i> 224. |
| Cyperaceæ — <i>P.</i> 277. | Iambosa — <i>P.</i> 222. — <i>C.</i> 345. |
| Cytisus — <i>C.</i> 358. | lasminum — <i>P.</i> 200. 202. |
| Daucus — <i>E.</i> 79. — <i>P.</i> 207. | Ilex — <i>P.</i> 126. 186. 199. — <i>C.</i> 352. |
| Desfontainia — <i>P.</i> 187. | Inula — <i>E.</i> 60. |
| Desmodium — <i>E.</i> 33. 42. | Iodina — <i>P.</i> 300. |
| Desmonchus — <i>P.</i> 289. | Iridaceæ — <i>P.</i> 264. |
| Dipsaceæ — <i>E.</i> 70. | Iuglans — <i>P.</i> 125. |
| Dorycnium — <i>E.</i> 60. | Labiatæ — <i>E.</i> 61. |
| Dracophyllum — <i>C.</i> 364. | Lamium — <i>E.</i> 62. |
| Drymis — <i>P.</i> 229. 279. | |
| Elæagnus — <i>C.</i> 352. | |

- Lappa — *E.* 64.
Lauraceæ — *P.* 182. 304.
Lecanora — *P.* 159.
Leguminosæ — *E.* 70. 73.
Ligustrum — *P.* 233.
Liriodendron — *E.* 83. — *C.* 329.
Lonicera — *E.* 13. 34. 50. 51. — *P.*
 121. 233. — *C.* 336.
Lycium — *E.* 33.
Lycopsis — *E.* 66.

Mangifera — *P.* 236. — *C.* 229.
Magnolia — *P.* 216. 287.
Melampyrum — *P.* 140.
Melastoma — *P.* 168. 226.
Menispermaceæ — *P.* 184.
Menispermum — *E.* 57.
Mercurialis — *C.* 352.
Mespilus — *E.* 13.
Metrosideros — *P.* 180.
Morus — *E.* 25. — *P.* 306.
Myrsine — *P.* 284.
Myrtus — *P.* 220.

Nerium — *C.* 341.
Nyssa — *E.* 14.

Olea — *P.* 176. — *C.* 359.
Olinia — *P.* 163.
Olyra — *P.* 243.
Onograriaceæ — *E.* 70.
Onosma — *E.* 66.
Opuntia — *P.* 251.
Oryza — *P.* 114.
Oxalis — *E.* 43.
Oxyridocarpus — *P.* 282.
Oxyris — *P.* 301.

Palicoureae — *P.* 317.
Palmaceæ — *P.* 131.
Passiflora — *P.* 162. 170.
Pavetta — *P.* 200.
Peperomia — *P.* 192.
Persea — *P.* 287.
Persica — *C.* 329.
Phillyrea — *E.* 27. — *C.* 359.
Phlox — *E.* 84.

Phlomis — *E.* 63.
Pinus — *P.* 146. 158. 311. — *C.* 330.
Piper — *P.* 198. 215. 285.
Pistacia — *P.* 257. — *C.* 356.
Plantaginaceæ — *E.* 8. 61.
Plantago — *P.* 143.
Platanus — *E.* 55.
Plectranthus — *P.* 278.
Plectronia — *P.* 118.
Pleurostyilia — *P.* 212.
Pogopetalum — *C.* 363.
Polygonaceæ — *E.* 70.
Polypodium — *C.* 325.
Populus — *E.* 20. 30. — *P.* 123. 127.
 155. — *C.* 323. 329.
Prinos — *P.* 199. 200.
Prunus — *E.* 3. 23. 107. — *C.* 349.
Psidium — *P.* 287.
Psilostoma — *P.* 242.
Ptarmica — *E.* 60.
Pyrus — *E.* 13. — *P.* 141. — *C.* 329.
 350.

Quercus — *E.* 35. 36. 45. 58. 88. 99.
 100. — *P.* 123. 124. 125. 142. 153.
 156. 248. 320. — *C.* 333. 342. 348.

Rhamnus — *E.* 37. 48. — *C.* 337.
Rhododendron — *P.* 128. 234. 235.
Rhus — *E.* 7.
Ribes — *E.* 12. 40.
Robinia — *P.* 112.
Rosa — *E.* 6.
Rosaceæ — *E.* 8.
Rottbœllia — *P.* 200.
Rubiaceæ — *P.* 286.
Rubus — *E.* 80. — *P.* 129. — *C.* 367.
Russula — *P.* 262.

Salacia — 287.
Salix — *E.* 4. 20. — *P.* 138. — *C.*
 323. 328.
Sambucus — *E.* 40. 52.
Santalum — *P.* 173.
Sapindaceæ — *P.* 303.
Scabiosaceæ — *E.* 70.
Sclerochiton — *P.* 167.

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| Scrophulariaceæ — <i>E.</i> 8. 61. 70. | Tragopogon — <i>P.</i> 271. |
| Secale — <i>P.</i> 144. 252. | Tussilago — <i>C.</i> 329. |
| Senecio — <i>P.</i> 160. | Typhaceæ — <i>P.</i> 246. |
| Silene — <i>P.</i> 206. | |
| Smilax — <i>P.</i> 275. — <i>C.</i> 329. | Ulmus — <i>E.</i> 17. 19. — <i>P.</i> 132. |
| Solanum — <i>P.</i> 208. | Umbelliferæ — <i>E.</i> 73. |
| Sorbus — <i>E.</i> 9. | Urania — <i>P.</i> 291. |
| Spiræa — <i>E.</i> 54. 76. | Urticaceæ — <i>E.</i> 8. 70. 73. |
| Stachys — <i>E.</i> 62. | Uvaria — <i>C.</i> 338. |
| Styrax — <i>C.</i> 352. | |
| Symphytum — <i>E.</i> 66. | Vaccinium — <i>E.</i> 2. 46. 85. — <i>P.</i> 48. |
| Symplocos — <i>P.</i> 288. | Valerianaceæ — <i>E.</i> 70. |
| Syringa — <i>E.</i> 48. 87. | Verbena — <i>E.</i> 93. |
| Syzygium — <i>P.</i> 237. | Viburnum — <i>E.</i> 35. 50. 86. |
| | Vitis — <i>E.</i> 24. 81. 89. |
| Tanacetum — <i>E.</i> 11. | Weinmannia — <i>P.</i> 281. |
| Taraxacum — <i>E.</i> 64. | Zea — <i>P.</i> 254. |
| Taxus — <i>P.</i> 324. — <i>C.</i> 351. | Xanthium — <i>E.</i> 64. 69. |
| Terminalia — <i>P.</i> 287. | |
| Tetracera — <i>P.</i> 310. | |
| Tilia — <i>E.</i> 21. — <i>C.</i> 326. | |

Fam. 2. **Sphaeriaceæ** Fr. Summa V. S. p. 381 p. p.

Ces. et De Not. Schema Sfer. p. 196 p. p., Sacc. in Michelia.

Simplices v. compositæ. Perithecia membranacea, coriacea v. carbonacea a stromatis substantia (ubi stroma adest) heterogenea, nigricantia, ostiolo rotundo dehiscentia. — A familia sensu Auctorum aufero *Lophiostomaceas*, *Dothideaceas*, *Microthyriaceas*, *Camilleaceas*, *Hypocreaceas*, quas conferas.

Sect. 1. Allantosporæ Sacc.

Sporidia continua, cylindrica, utrinque obtusiuscula (allantoidea v. botuliformia) curvula, hyalina v. olivascentia.

Clavis analytica generum.

A) Simplices v. cæspitosæ.

- a) Ostium centrale brevissimum.
 - . 1. Asci octospori.
 - † Tectæ.

Massalongiella. Perithecia minuta, glabra, membra nacea.

Enchnoa. Perithecia majuscula, strigoso-pilosa.

†† Subsuperficiales.

Cœlosphæria. Perithecia acervata, globosa dein cupuliformia.

- 2. Asci polyspori.

Fracchiæa. Perithecia cæspitosa v. sparsa, non cupularia.

- b) Ostium laterale conicum.

Pleurostoma. Perithecia superficialia; asci myriospori.

B) Compositæ, stromaticæ.

- a) Perithecia sub peridermio relaxato sublibera.

Calosphæria. Asci octospori; ostium breve v. longum.

Coronophora. Asci polyspori; ostium brevissimum.

- b) Perithecia cortice v. ligno immersa.

- 1. Stroma e matrice mutata formatum.

† Stroma valseum (peritheciis in circulum aggregatis).

§ Asci 4-8-spori.

Quaternaria. Perithecia quaterna v. pauca; asci stipitati.

Valsa. Perithecia copiosiora, circinantia v. monosticha; asci subsessiles; ostio-
la integra.

- a) *Euvalsa*. Stroma in cortice non nigrolimitatum.

- b) *Leucostoma*. Stroma in cortice nigrolimitatum.

(*Cyptospora*. Perithecia *Valsæ*; sporidia allantoidea, sed longissima ascum
subæquantia. Vide inter *Scolecosporas*).

Eutypella. Perithecia copiosiora, monosticha v. polysticha; asci stipitati;
ostiola sulcata; stroma corticale v. ligneum, nigrolimitatum.

§§ Asci polyspori.

Valsella. Perithecia corticola, valsiformiter aggregata.

†† Stroma late et indefinite effusum (eutypeum).

§ Asci octospori.

Eutypa. Stroma manifestum corticale v. ligneum; ostiola parva; sporidia subhyalina.*Endoxyla*. Stroma obsoletum ligneum; ostiola majuscula; sporidia fuscidula.*Cryptosphaeria*. Stroma obsoletum, corticale; ostiola parva; sporidia subhyalina.

§§ Asci polyspori.

Cryptosphaerella. Ut *Cryptosphaeria* sed asci polyspori.*Cryptovalsa*. Ut *Eutypa* sed asci polyspori.

2. Stroma a matricis substantia heterogeneum.

Diatrype. Stroma effusum v. disciforme; asci octospori.*Diatrypella*. Stroma verruciforme; asci polyspori.**MASSALONGIELLA** Speg. F. Arg. I, p. 180 (Etym. a cl. prof. C.*Massalongo*). — Perithecia sparsa, minuta, epidermide tecta, eaque secedente quandoque libera, lenticulari-globosa, ostiolo minuto pertusa; asci cylindraceo-subfusiformes, octospori; sporidia allantoidea, utrinque guttulata, hyalina. — Species caulincola.

1. **Massalongiella Bonariensis** Speg. l. cit. — Peritheciis sparsis 300–371 500 μ . diam. globoso-lenticularibus, primo tectis dein, epidermide secedente, liberis, ostiolo minuto, pertuso, donatis, contextu membranaceo, densiuscule parenchymatico, atro-olivaceo; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, sursum obtuse rotundatis, quandoque subtruncatis, deorsum in pedicellum desinentibus, part. sporif. 90–100 \approx 10–12, pedicello 30 \approx 5, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, utrinque obtusiusculis, curvulis, (allantoideis), hyalinis, 20–24 \approx 4–5, utrinque guttulatis.

Hab. in caulis dejectis putr. Jussiææ longifoliae in palud. secus Rio de la Plata a la Recoleta, Febr. 1880 (Amer. bor.).

ENCHNOA Fr. Summa V. S. p. 410 (Etym. *en*, in et *chnoos*, lanugo). — Perithecia sparsa vel gregaria, cortice tecta, tomento denso, fusco undique obsessa vel insidentia, tenuissima, fragilia, vertice punctiformi peridermium connatum perforante. Asci cylindraceo-clavati. Sporidia octona, botuliformia, guttulata hyalina vel olivacea. — Ramicolæ.

1. **Enchnoa infernalis** (Kunze et Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. 302. F. it. 372 t. 470. *Sphaeria infernalis* Fr. S. M. II, 371. S. Glis Berk. et Br. — Tecta, subemergens, stromate effuso, floccoso-strigoso, fusco-nigro, obvolvente perithecia globosa tenuia collabascentia, ostio-

lis obsoletis; ascis clavatis, paraphysatis, longe stipitatis, 8sporis, 100–120 \approx 12–16, p. s., 60 μ . long.; sporidiis distichis v. conglomeratis, cylindraceis, curvatis, utrinque introrsum acutiusculis, continuis, guttulatis, pallide olivaceis, 20–24 \approx 5.

Hab. in ramis dejectis corticatis *Quercus pedunculatae* in Germania, Helvetia, Britannia, Italia. — Nascitur supra corticem interiorem, nec huic immersa, epidermide bullato-prominente tecta, indeterminata. Perithecia majuscula, gregaria, valde tenuia, absque ostiolis distinctis, tamen epidermidem perforant, quæ inde luci obversa minute pertusa.

2. **Enchnoa floccosa** (Fr.?) Karst. Symb. Fenn. IV, 187. — Peritheciis sparsis aut confertis, interdum seriatim aggregatis, ut videtur, primitus peridermio tectis, dein denudatis, sphæroideis, basi collapsis et glabris, tomento araneoso fusco vel umbrino obtectis, vix papillatis, laevibus, tenuibus, $1\frac{1}{5}$ – $1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam.; ascis aparaphysatis, clavatis, ope jodi haud cærulescentibus, 30–36 \approx 8–9; sporidiis, tristichis, elongatis vel cylindraceis, 2-guttulatis, curvulis, chlorino-hyalinis, 10–12 \approx 2–2,5.

Hab. in ramulis vetustis *Sambuci racemosæ* in horto Mustialensi (Fennia) mense Aprili 1872 parcus. — Verisimiliter est *Sphaeria floccosa* Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 375. Perithecia speciminum fennicorum ligno, cortice orbato, incidentia, astoma, filamentis longis, articulatis, fuscis, 6–7 μ . crassis superne obsessa. — «Ab *E. Friesii* Fuck. sporidiis tristichis, tenuioribus differre videtur».

3. **Enchnoa lanata** Fr. S. V. S. p. 343 et 410. *Sphaeria lanata*. Fr. 374 Syst. myc. II. 482. — Peritheciis tectis, liberis, globosis, lanatis, ferrugineo-fuscis, ostiolo erumpente nigro; ascis amplis, late ellipticis, difficilime diffluentibus, 8sporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis, curvatis, hyalinis, nucleo medio diviso, septum referente, 9 \approx 3.

Hab. sub epidermide ramorum *Betulae albae* et pendulæ in Britannia, Scandinavia, Germania, Italia. — Perithecia nunc sparsa, nunc conferta subconfluentia, globosa v. globoso-collapsa, *maxima*, tenuissima, undique tomento longo densissimo ferrugineo-fusco v. aliis obscuri coloris lanata, ostiolo erumpente tenui cum epidermide connato, quare illa avulsa secedit, sed vere circumscissa non est. In ætate juniore sistit globulos pellucidos fluxiles in tomento expanso; gelatina albida, copiosissima. — Var. *Notarisii*; sporidiis majoribus, 14–15 \approx 4, hyalino-luteolis. In ramis *Cerasi* in Italia boreali.

4. **Enchnoa Friesii** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 151. — Peritheciis sub epi- 375
dermide nidulantibus, circinatis, tomento fusco insidentibus, peri-
theciis ipsis glabris, minutis, subglobosis, nitido-fuscis, demum ob-
scurioribus, collis perithecio duplo longioribus, decumbentibus, con-
coloribus instructis, ostiolis in disco spurio, rimoso, tuberculoso, pa-
rum prominulis, partibus prominulis conicis, atris; ascis clavatis,
8sporis, 44 ± 7 ; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-cylindraceis, valde cur-
vatis, utrinque obtusis, 3-4guttulatis, continuis, hyalinis, $12-14 \pm 4$.

Hab. sub epidermide ramorum Sambuci racemosæ, Æstrich (Rhenogovia), rara, socia *Massaria hirta*. — Sec. Fuck. certe differt ab *E. floccosa*.

5. **Enchnoa alniella** Karst. Mycol. Fenn. II. p. 198. — Peritheciis 37
sparsis vel sæpius gregatim stromate furfuraceo, fusco insidenti-
bus peridermio tectis eique soluto non adhærentibus, fusco-atris,
villo fusco undique obsessis, vertice punctiformibus sæpe perider-
mium leviter elevatum perforantibus, tenuissimis, fragilibus, latit.
0,3 μ .; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obval-
latis obtusis, $70-75 \pm 13-15$; sporidiis octonis, distichis, fusoideo-
oblongatis, leviter curvulis, 6-guttulatis vel spurie tenuiter 3-sep-
tatis, hyalinis, $21-26 \pm 6-8$.

Hab. in ramulis Alni incanæ emortuis prope Mustiala (Fennia) mense Decembri. — Formam ejus conidiferam verisimiliter sistunt pulvinuli, per peridermum laciniatim fissum erumpentes, furfuracei, intus fusci, superne applanati, atrati, sæpe angulati, conidiis ellipsoideis, ovoideo-oblongatis vel subelongatis, simplici-
bus, hyalinis fœti.

CŒLOSPHÆRIA Sacc. Myc. Ven. spec. p. 115 (Etym. a *coilos*, con-
cavus, quia perithecia dein cupuliformia fiunt) *Nitschkia* Otth, Fuck.
Symb. myc. p. 165. — Perithecia cæpitosa vel gregaria, stromate
nigro vel villo tenui candido insidentia, globosa dein typice cupu-
liformia, subastoma. Asci anguste clavati. Sporidia octona, botuli-
formia guttulata, hyalina. Rami- vel lignicolæ.

Obs. Nomen generis mutavi quia extet antiquis genus, nimis consonum, *Nitzschia*, inter Diatomaceas.

1. **Cœlosphæria cupularis** (Pers.) Karst. Symb. ad Myc. Fenn. 1879, 377
p. 42. *Sphæria cupularis* Pers. *Nitschkia Fuckelii* Nitschke in
Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 165. *Cœl. Fuckelii* (Nke) Sacc. Myc. Ven.
Spec. p. 115, t. XII, f. 1-2, F. ital. t. 480. — Peritheciis in acer-
vulos subhemisphæricos aggregatis $1\frac{1}{5}-1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., subglobosis,

regulosis, atris, dein collabescendo exsquisite cupiliformibus; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, breviter stipulatis, 40–60 = 9, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus, cylindraceis, curvatis, hyalinis quoque polo 1-guttulatis, 9–10 = 2–3.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Gleditschiæ, Robininiæ, Ulmi, Aceris, Pruni, Carpini, Syringæ, Fraxini, Tiliæ etc. in tota fere Europa et Aîner. boreali, socio quandoque spermogonio *Phomam Fuckelii* Sacc. sistente.

2. **Cœlosphæria tristis** (Pers.) Sacc. *S. tristis*, Pers. Syn. p. 87. — 378

Peritheciis confertis globosis rugulosis mox collapsis, astomis, nigris, subiculo strigoso insidentibus; ascis ovato-fusoideis, 30 = 14, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus, 15–18 = 2–2.3, utrinque obtusiusculis, vix curvatis, 3-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in corticibus Coryli, Sambuci, Fagi, Viburni, in Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Algeria, Amer. bor. — Opaca, aterrima. Subiculum tenue, effusum, indeterminatum, contextum. Perithecia minuta, planiusculo-depressa, demumque concava, punctulis minimis rugulosa. — Var. β . *fusca*, peritheciis turgidis læviusculis, subiculo crassiusculo piloso-strigoso fusco semiimmersis. A. S. Lusat. p. 44. Ad ligna cariosa abiegnæ in Germania. Specie forsitan distincta. Perithecia globosa aut subovata.

3. **Cœlosphæria exilis** (Alb. et Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria exilis* Alb. et 379 Schw. *Nitschkia exilis* (Alb. et Schw.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 165.

— Peritheciis gregariis, villo tenui candido effuso insidentibus, sphæroideo-depressis, deinde collapso-concavis seu pezizoideis, atris, pilis patulis, brevibus, acuminatis, concoloribus adspersis, minutissimis 150 μ . diam.; ascis anguste clavatis, 30–32 = 4–5; sporidiis octonis oblique distichis vel subdistichis, elongatis sive cylindraceis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, guttulatis, hyalinis 4–8 = 1 (Karsten), 10 = 2 (Fuckel).

Hab. in acubus Pini, in ramis Rubi, Populi, Pruni, Quercus, Corni in ligno vetusto Betulæ, et Salicis in Fennia meridionali et media in Germania, Britannia, Amer. bor. — Pili perithecii inarticulati, acutati, 20–100 = 3–5.

4. **Cœlosphæria acervata** Karst. Symb. Mycol. Fenn. 1879, p. 41. — 380

Peritheciis cæspitosis aggregatis, erumpentibus, coriaceo-carbonaceis, subsphæroideis, astomis, rubris, demum nigrescentibus vel subatris, collabascendo cupulæformibus; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 80 = 10–12; sporidiis elongatis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 8–12 = 2; paraphysibus haud bene discretis.

Hab. in ramis aridis Pyri Mali, in Mustialia (Fennia) mense Aprili semel observata. — Cæspites plerumque orbiculares, per epidermidem erumpentes, stromate tenuiusculo, flavo, latit. 2–3 mill. Perithecia tandem dehiscentia, molliuscula, stromati manifesto, flavo dense acervatim incidentia. A *C. cupulari* (Pers.) et *C. tristi* (Pers.) Sacc. peritheciis lœvibus, rubris, paullo majoribus, stromate flavo statim dignoscenda. Cum *Cucurbitaria acervata* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 175 nihil commune habet. *C. acervata* Cook. Brit. Fung. II, p. 841 duas species spectat sec. syn. — «Auctoritate cl. Karstenii hoc loco retinui sed «perithecia rubra» potius Hypocreaceam designant».

5. **Cœlosphæria chiliopyxis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria chiliopyxis* B. 381 et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 906. — Minutissima, gregaria, nitida globosa; sporidiis hyalinis leviter allantoideis.

Hab. in lignis putridis in Carolina inf. (Amer. bor.).

6. **Cœlosphæria radicalis** (Cooke) Sacc. *Cucurbitaria radicalis* Cooke 382 Grevill. VI, 51. — Pustulis variis, erumpentibus, valsoideis, prominulis; peritheciis atris, ovatis, papillatis, opacis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis linearibus, leniter curvulis, obtusis 8 μ . long.

Hab. in radicibus quercinis, Aiken, Carolina (Amer. bor.).

7. **Cœlosphæria subconnata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria subconnata* B. 383 et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 905. — Peritheciis hemisphæricis supra corticem sparsis, depressis, subconnatis; ascis clavatis farctis; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis Liquidambaris, Carolina Inf. (Amer. bor.)

FRACCHIÆA Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 115 (Etym. a cl. Josepho Fracchia Tarvisino, 1797–1869, mycologiæ cultore). — Perithecia aggregata v. subsparsa, crustula stromatica incidentia, superficialia, globoso-umbilicata, verruculosa, coriaceo-carbonacea, atra. Asci clavati, polyspori. Sporidia allantoidea, subhyalina. — Species inter se admodum affines et nonnullæ ægre distinguendæ. — Ramicolæ.

1. **Fracchiæa heterogenea** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 115, tab. XII. 384 f. 3–7. Fungi ital. t. 465. — Peritheciis aggregatis v. subsparsis, crustula stromatica incidentibus supra lignum v. corticem nascientibus e sphæroideo depressis, diam. $1/3$ mill., extus intusque atris, verruculosis, ostiolo minuto vix v. non prominulo, dein umbilicato; ascis elongato-clavatis, basi attenuatis, $70 \approx 12$ –14, polysporis, paraphysibus asco longioribus, guttulatis, jodi ope tantum conspicuis

(teste Speg.) obvallatis; sporidiis valseis cylindraceis curvatis utriusque rotundatis, $12 \approx 2$, 3-4-guttulatis, hyalinis, dense et polystiche stipatis. — Spermatia, in peritheciis junioribus ascophoribus, minima cylindracea, hyalina, curvula, $3 \approx \frac{1}{2}$, sterigmatibus filiformibus curvatis, $15 \approx \frac{1}{2}$, suffulta.

Hab. in ramis corticatis decorticatis exsiccatis Aceris campestris, Rhamni Frangulæ, Æsculi Hippocastani, Loniceræ Caprifolii, Buxi sempervirentis, Rubi fruticosi, Alni viridis in agro Tarvisino, Patavino, Bellunensi (Italia); ad ramos Paliuri in Gallia merid. (FABRE), Eucalypti Globuli in Amer. austr. (SPEGAZZINI), vere, frequens. — Habitus Cœlosphæriæ, a qua ascis polysporis et peritheciis non tandem cularibus differt. — Dixi *heterogeneam* ex eo quod peritheciorum fabrica ad *Cucurbitarias*, fructificatione vero ad *Valsas* accedit.

2. **Fracchiæa cucurbitarioides** Speg. Pug. 2, p. 21. — Peritheciis globosis superne subapplanatis, $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam. glabris, atris; 4-9 cæspitoso-gregariis; ostiolo vix perspicuo; contextu coriaceo membranaceo vel subcarbonaceo, atro, ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, plus minusve rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum breviusculum desinenteribus, 80-85 ≈ 10 , polysporis, apophysatis; sporidiis inordinatis, cylindraceo-allantoideis, utrinque rotundatis, $10 \approx 2$, granuloso-farctis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno putri decorticato Erythrinæ Crista-galli secus Rio de la Plata prope la Becoleta, Maj. 1880. — Videtur var. *Fracchieæ heterogeneæ*.

3. ?**Fracchiæa brevibarbata** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 822. (Cucurbitaria). — Cæspitosa globosa, nec collapsa, minutissime tomentosa; ascis clavatis farctis; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. (sed nutrix et locus specialis desideratur).

4. **Fracchiæa moricarpa** Cooke in Grevill. VI. p. 51. (Gibbera). — 387 Pustulis erumpentibus; peritheciis convexo-applanatis, atris, opacis, minute velutinis, demum subglabris; ascis late clavatis; sporidiis numerosis, linearibus, curvulis, obtusis 8-10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Myricæ, Darien, Georgia (Amer. bor.). — «An var. *F. heterogeneæ?*»

5. **Fracchiæa callista** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 821. (Cucurbitaria). — Effusa, peritheciis in crista fusca insidentibus, primum globosis, dein collapsis; sporidiis minutis allantoideis, copiosis.

Hab. in ramis Carpinæ in Amer. bor., Corni alternifoliæ, Buffalo, Sandlake, Amer. bor. (CLINTON, PECK).

6. **Fracchiæa rasa** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (cæspitosæ) *rasa* Berk. in 389
Fl. N. Zel. II. 205, tab. CVI, f. 5. — Conferta; peritheciis oblongis apice convexo obtuso liberis, ostiolo punctiformi, superficie opaca quasi rasa; ascis farctis cylindrico-clavatis, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, 5 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis putridis decorticatis Weinmanniæ in Nova Zelandia, River Manawatu (COLENZO).

PLEUROSTOMA Tul. Sel. Carp. (Etym. *pleura*, latus et *stoma*). — Perithecia superficialia, membranacea, sphæroidea, ostiolo laterali, immo subhorizontali, papillato. Asci ovoidei, stipitibus ramulosis suffulti, myriospori. Sporidia botuliformia, tenuissima. Spermogonia nota. — Ad *Calosphærias* accedere videtur.

1. **Pleurostoma Candollei** Tul. l. c. *Sphæria latericollis* DC., Fr. S. 390
M. II. 464. — Gregaria, nigra; peritheciis emergentibus, sphæricis, levibus, ostiolo laterali, conico, rigido; ascis generis p. s. 40-50 = 13-16, myriosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, minimis 3.5 μ . long. hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno quercino in Gallia. — Perithecia distincta sed in acervulos subcompressos collecta, glabra, demum emersa, cupuliformia.

CALOSPHÆRIA Tul. Sel. Carp. II. 108 (Etym. *calos*, pulcher et *sphæria*). — Perithecia cortice interiore adnata, nec immersa, peridermio tecta v. denique, eo secesso, libera, globosa v. ovoidea, in soros plerumque congregata v. subsolitaria, stromate vero obsoleto; ostiolo vario, brevissimo v. longissimo. Asci tereti-clavati, paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia botuliformia, hyalina. — Adsunt quandoque spermogonia. — Fungi minuti, corticolæ.

A) *Eucalosphæria*: peritheciis rostellatis.

a) Perithecia glabra.

1. **Calosphæria Princeps** Sel. Tul. Fung. Carp. II, p. 109, t. XIII, f. 17-391
22. Sacc. F. ital. t. 476. — *Sphæria pulchella* Pers. — Peritheciis corticis interioris superficie adnatis, liberis, in soros orbicularis, ovales v. ellipticos dense stipatis, globosis, glabris, nitidis; collis longissimis, decumbentibus, flexuosis, cylindricis ostiolisque per peridermii rimas, transversim directas erumpentibus ac plus minus exstantibus, obtusis, sejunctis instructis; ascis clavatis, longe ac tenuiter pedicellatis, octosporis, pseudoparaphysibus, simpli-

cibus, crassiusculis, unicellularibus longissime superatis, 18–26 \approx 4 (p. sporif.); sporidiis laxe conglobatis, cylindricis, curvatis, hyalinis, 6 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ («8–10 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ »).

Hab. intermixtis spermogoniis conico-cylindraceis, in cortice *Pruni Cerasi* et *P. Avium* in Britannia, Belgio, Gallia, Germania, Helvetia, Suecia, Italia, Amer. bor.

2. **Calosphæria ciliatula** (Fr.) Karst. Mycol. Fenn. II. 156 *Sphæria ciliatula* Fr. S. M. II. 406. — Peritheciis in soros obiculares vel oblongatos aggregatis, circinantibus, sphæroideis, glabris, lævibus, atris, collis decumbentibus, flexuosis, nunc longissimis (sæpe 10 mill. longitudine metientibus), capillaceis, acutissimis, nunc brevibus, per rimas peridermii vix emergentibus, obtusis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, breviter pedicellatis, 25–35 \approx 4 (p. sporif.); sporidiis subdistichis, fusoideo-elongatis, rectis vel subrectis, hyalinis, 4–6 \approx 1.

Hab. in cortice truncorum et ramorum *Betulæ* sub libro, et *Aceris Pseudoplatani* in Fennia, Suecia, Germania, Italia. — Var. *Oxyacanthæ* Sacc. F. ital. tab. 424. A typo differt ascis racemose aggregatis, longeque paraphysatis. In ramis *Oxyacanthæ* in sylva *Montello* aut. 1878 (Italia).

3. **Calosphæria pusilla** (Wahlenb.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. 157. *Sphæria pusilla* Wahlenb. — *Cal. Wahlenbergii* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 92. *C. ciliatulæ* sat similis, differt vero sporidiis majoribus 8–12 \approx 1,5 et sæpius curvulis, ascis majoribus 30–50 \approx 5–6 (p. spor.), peritheciis paullo majoribus collisque vulgo brevioribus.

Hab. in cortice *Betulæ* in Lapponia, Gallia, Germania, Italia et *Alni* in Mustiala (Fennia). — *Sph. pusilla* Pers. quoque generi *Calosphæriæ* spectare mihi videtur.

4. **Calosphæria assecla** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (ceratostomeæ) assecla* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1622. Berk North Am. Fungi pag. 182. — Minutissima, fusca; peritheciis globosis; ostiolo triplo longiori inclinato, pro ratione crassiusculo, tereti; ascis 50 μ . long.; sporidiis allantoideis 6–7 μ . longis. Catervis maximis dense aggregatis interdum semiuncialibus circumdat pustulas aliarum Sphæriarum.

Hab. semper in consortio et circum pustulas variarum Valsacearum sub epidermide *Castaneæ* in Amer. bor. — Vix unquam circinat, sed affinis est *C. pusillæ*.

5. **Calosphæria parasitica** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. II. p. 41. — Peritheciis subglobosis seu pyriformibus, fuscis, lævibus, minutis, plerumque 3–8 subcircinantibus, decumbentibus, in *Quaternarie*

Persoonii peritheciis adultis aut in superficie aut in interiori parte nidulantibus, collis diametro peritheciæ semel-ter longioribus, cylindraceis, aterrimis, subtilissime perforatis, exsertis, sæpe fasciculatis instructis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, antico obtusis, basi longe, tenuissime acuminatis, 8sporis, $24 \approx 5$; sporidiis conglobatis in asci latiori parte, cylindraceis, continuis, curvatis, hyalinis, $5 \approx 1$; pseudoparaphysibus longissimis, articulatis, $5-8 \mu$. crass.

Hab. in cortice interiore Fagi, prope Æstrich (Rhenogovia).

6. **Calosphæria corylina** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 95. — Peritheciis satis 396 numerosis (8-20), rarius paucioribus, in soros majuscules, ovales, corticis interioris superficie, sub peridermio adnatos, nec immersos densissime sociatis, arcte inter se conjunctis, circinatim decumbentibus, peridermio, vix pustulato-elevato tectis, minutis, globosis, ex fusco nigricantibus, glabris, tandem collapsis, in collum plus minus elongatum, crassiusculum, medio sæpiissime ventricoso-inflatum ac ut perithecia ipsa sæpe collabescens subito constrictis; ostiolis majusculis, rotundatis, tandem pertusis, in discum minutum, plerumque ellipticum, rarius suborbicularem collectis, per peridermii rimulas transversim directas erumpentibus; ascis anguste cuneiformi-clavatis, apice obtusissimis, fere truncatis, in pedicellum longe attenuatis, octosporis, $32-36 \approx 6-7$ (p. sporif.), pseudoparaphysibus longissimis, continuis obvallatis; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvatis, hyalinis, $10-12 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Coryli Avellanæ prope Münster (Germania).

7. **Calosphæria dryina** (Curr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 94. Sacc. F. ital. 397 tab. 477 (forma submutica). *Sphaeria dryina* Curr. — Peritheciis globosis v. pyriformibus ex fusco tandem aterrimis, majusculis, in cæspites minutæ collectis, subcircinantibus, sæpius solitariis, sparsis, decumbentibus, sub peridermio facile solubili liberis, cortici interiori tamquam afflatis, collis peritheciæ diametro brevioribus, raro nonnihil longioribus, apice obtusis, immo paullo incrassatis, peridermum poro minutissimo perforantibus instructis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, obtusis v. truncatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, pseudoparaphysibus simplicibus, septatis, $5-7 \mu$. crassis longissime superatis, $50-80 \approx 8-12$; sporidiis in media v. superiore asci parte laxe conglobatis, cylindricis, valde incurvatis, hyalinis, $10-12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3$.

Hab. in ramulis Quercus pedunculatae in Britannia, Germania et Italia.

8. **Calosphæria microtheca** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (obtectæ) mi- 398

crotheca C. et E. Grevillea VI, p. 51, t. 80, fig. 14. — Peritheciis subgregariis; tectis, globosis, atris; collo elongato, flexuoso; ascis minutissimis, $25 \approx 10$, pyriformibus; sporidiis allantoideis minutissimis.

Hab. in ramis Andromedæ, New Jersey. Am. bor. — Perithecia ligno insidentia et peridermum tegens ostiolis elongatis perforantia; cortice secesso, subsuperficialia videntur.

9. **Calosphæria macrospora** Wint. Myk. in Hedw. 1873, p. 130. — 399

Peritheciis in soros orbiculares v. oblongos peridermio tectos dense stipatis, globosis, atris, glabris, circ. 500μ . diam.; collis longissimis, $500-700 \mu$. long. flexuosis decumbentibus, apice obtusis, per peridermii rimas minutis vix emergentibus; ascis ventricosoclavatis, longe pedicellatis, apice obtusis, tunica non incrassata, 8-sporis, $70-100 \approx 19$, paraphysibus longissimis filiformibus guttulatis obvallatis; sporidiis in ascis parte sup. laxe conglobatis, allantoideis, curvis, $14-18 \approx 3$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis Alni glutinosæ prope Lipsiam (Germania), — A *Cal. obvoluta* peritheciis glabris differt.

10. **Calosphæria cylindrica** (K. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Ceratostoma) 400

cylindrica Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 29, tab. 137, fig. 28. — Sparsa; peritheciis globosis, atris, in cortice immersis; ostiolo elongato, cylindrico, tenui, flexuoso; ore fimbriato, erumpente 2 mill. long.; ascis clavatis $18 \approx 8$; sporidiis spermatioideis, hyalinis, curvulis, $3.5-4 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in ramis in Africa australi. — Adest circa perithecia subicum brunneum, an proprium?

b) Perithecia villosula v. furfurella.

11. **Calosphæria tædiosa** Sacc. Mich. I. 368. Fungi ital. t. 479. — 401

Peritheciis in acervulos depresso conoideos, epidermide tumidula velatos hinc inde congregatis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., nigris furfure corticali fulvo saepe adspersis, tandem basi concavo-collabacientibus; ostiolis cylindraceis peritheciis sub-aequalibus, in disculum minutum nigrum epidermidem perforantem oblique convergentibus; ascis clavatis, apice tunica crassa integra obtusis, truncatisque, basi breve sed acute attenuatis, $80-90 \approx 14-16$, paraphysibus crasse filiformibus, septatis asco duplo longioribus obvallatis; sporidiis octonis, di-tri-stichis, ægre mirescentibus, botuliformibus, curvis, utrinque rotundatis, $16-20 \approx 2-3$, granulosis, hya-

linis, corpusculis spermatioideis botuliformibus copiosissimis, perexilibus, $3-4 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{4}$, hyalinis undique obrutis.

Hab. in *Alni incanæ et glutinosæ* ramis emortuis a *Selva* et *Vittorio*, (Italia bor.) autumno, 1873-74, rarius. — Ob sporidia octona majuscula spermatiis obruta a speciebus a cl. Nitschke, Fuckel et Karsten descriptis optime distinguenda. Forte *Cal. consobrina* Karst. Fenn. II. 158 huic magis affinis est, sed secundum descriptionem l. c. ascis duplo brevioribus, et tantum spermatoiphoris recedit.

12. **Calosphæria villosa** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 98. — Peritheciis paucis (4-6) in soris minutis orbicularibus, in cortice interiore omnino superficialibus dense sociatis, circinantibus, villo spiso, ex albido v. pallide flavido fuscescenti vestitis ac tamquam contextis, exiguis, globosis, in collum brevissimum attenuatis; soris plerumque dense sparsis, immo interdum continuis; raro peritheciis solitariis, concentricis; ostiolis cylindricis nec incrassatis, arcte inter se conjunctis et disculum minutissimum formantibus, peridermum nonnihil elevatum poro v. rimula minutissima perforantibus nec superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis, basin versus sensim attenuatis, sessilibus, octosporis, $56 \approx 5-6$ pseudoparaphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus v. ramosis, eseptatis, ascos longissime superantibus; sporidiis distinchis, cylindricis, curvatis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, $9-16 \approx 2$ raro crassioribus. — Conidia oriuntur in filamentis ramosis, quæ perithecia vestiunt, spermatoformia, tenuissime cylindrica, 3 μ . circ. longa.

Hab. in ramis emortius *Carpini*, Nienberge, prope Münster (Germania).

13. **Calosphæria aurata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 99. *C. biformis* Tul. 403 Carp. II, 111 p. p. — Peritheciorum soris inordinate sparsis, suborbicularibus, plerumque minutis, in cortice interiore sessilibus, peridermio parum pustulato-elevato tectis; peritheciis in singulo soro 5-15, plus minus dense stipatis, nunc contra subsolitariis, omnino decumbentibus ac circinatis, minutis, globosis, atris, villo aureo vestitis, rigidis, rarius deplanatis v. collabascentibus, subito in collum tenue, cylindricum, peritheci diametrum plerumque longe superans attenuatis; ostiolis exiguis obtusis nec incrassatis, foramine angustissimo pertutis, in disculum minutissimum, ellipticum v. suborbicularem, planum v. concavum, peridermii rimula seu poro exceptum conjunctis; ascis anguste clavatis, basin versus sensim attenuatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, $48 \approx 4-5$; pseudoparaphysibus

filiformibus, 3 μ . circ. crassis, septatis, simplicibus v. basi ramosis, ascos superantibus obvallatis; sporidiis distichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, 8-10 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2.

Hab. in trunco emortuo *Alni glutinosæ* prope Münster (Germany) et in *Gallia*; in *Betula alba* in Rhenogovia.

14. **Calosphæria affinis** Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 98. — Peritheciorum so-⁴⁰⁴ris cortici interiori impositis nec immersis, majusculis, ovalibus, peridermio avulso adhærentibus; peritheciis in singulo soro 10-15, inordinate ac densissime stipatis arcteque inter se conjunctis, symmetricis, globosis, atris, villo pallide flavidæ, adpresso tectis, collo tenui, brevi, cylindrico instructis, tandem collapsis; ostiolis rotundatis nec incrassatis, subjunctis, per peridermii rimas transversim directas erumpentibus, nec exsertis, poro minutissimo tandem apertis; ascis anguste clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, 40-48 \approx 5; pseudoparaphysibus longissimis, simplicibus, tenuibus, filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis in asci parte media v. superiore ordine subdisticho dispositis, cylindricis, subrectis, hyalinis, minutissimis 6-7 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis *Betulæ albæ*, Schwerin, Cappenberg Malmedy (Germany). — Var *laxior* Sacc. F. ital. t. 475; peritheciis laxioribus, sporidiis paulo crassioribus. — In ramis corticatis *Quercus pedunculatae* in Italia boreali.

15. **Calosphæria obvoluta** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. 156. — Peritheciis ⁴⁰⁵ 8-16 in soros orbiculares mediocres dense stipatis, circinantibus, atris, villo fusco obductis tamquam contextis, sphæroideis, collis peritheci diæmetrum plerumque superantibus ostiolisque per peridermii rimas vel poros emergentibus, plus minus extantibus, plerumque 1 mill. longis, subæqualibus, decumbentibus, flexuosis, obtusis, hispidis instructis; ascis cylindraceis, 8-sporis, 62-72 \approx 7 (p. sporif.); sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis vel oblongato-ellipsoideis, eguttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis, rectis, 8-11 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in cortice truncorum *Alni incanæ* prope vicum Kytö in parœcia Tammela (Fennia) medio mensis Maji. — Sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis villoque fusco facillime distinguitur. Pili fusi, ramosi, parce articulati, 3-4 μ . cr.

16. **Calosphæria scabriseta** (Schw.) Sacc. *Eutypa scabriseta* (Schw.) ⁴⁰⁶ B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 858, *Sphær. (Circinatæ) scabriseta* Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1394. — Irregulariter circinans, nudiuscula; peritheciis globosis nigris et fuscis valde tuberculosis; ostiolis longissimis flexuosis, undique scabris, pilis nempe

obsitis minutis fuscis, subpellucidis; sporidiis allantoideis, minutis $5 \mu.$ long.

Hab. in crusta aliarum Sphæriarum sub cortice Castaneæ rarer, Bethlehem. — *Cal. pulchella*, cui affinis, minor. Interdum ostiola tantum ex epidermide fissa prorumpunt.

B) *Erostella*: peritheciis erostratis.

a) Perithecia glabra.

17. **Calosphaeria vasculosa** Sacc. Mich. II. 52. — Peritheciis in acer-

vulos minutos sub peridermio laxe aggregatis, globosis, majusculis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., nigris, levibus, ostiolis obtuse conoideis, subconvergentibus, dein erumpentibus; peritheciis contextu pachydermatico, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, deorsum attenuatis, 70-80 \approx 9-10, paraphysibus asco longioribus, filiformibus septulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus, curvulis, 10-12 \approx 3, 2-3-guttulatis nubilosisque, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Betulæ albæ, prope Rouen (Gallia).

— A speciebus mihi notis probe distincta.

18. **Calosphaeria recedens** Niessl in Thuem Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 515. 408

— Peritheciis in cortice interiore inordinate gregariis, peridermio pustulato tectis, minutis, depresso-globosis, atris, erostratis, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis cuneiformi-clavatis, plerumque longe pedicellatis (pedicellis fasciculatis, interdum ramosis), 18-25 \approx 5-6 (p. sporif.) octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, in ascorum parte superiore positis, cylindricis, hyalinis, 5 \approx 1.

Hab. in Eucalypti Globuli cortice emortuo, Choupal pr. Coimbra (Lusitania) (MOLLER).

19. **Calosphaeria minima** Tul. Fung. Carp. II. 112. Nits. Pyr. germ. 409

96. Sacc. F. ital. t. 478. — Peritheciis minutis $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., aggregatis v. subsparsis, sub epidermide tumidula nidulantibus, nigris, intus nitentibus, globosis, ostiolo vix prominulo; ascis parvis, 25 \approx 5, subclavatis, in basim sensim attenuatis, stipitibus ramosis suffultis, 8sporis, pseudoparaphysibus crassiuscule filiformibus, multiseptatis, longissimis, 100-110 \approx 3, obvallatis; sporidiis minimis, 5-6 \approx 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$, oblongo-cylindraceis perparum v. non curvatis, hyalinis, 2-guttulatis, distichis v. sparsis, ægre, ut videtur, diffluentibus.

Hab. in ramis Corni sanguineæ, Salicis, Fagi, Pruni, in Gallia, Germania, Helvetia, Italia.

20. **Calosphaeria tumidula** Sacc. Fungi Veneti novi Ser. IV, p. 20, 410

Fungi ital. t. 474. — Acervulis gregariis, discoideis, diam. $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{3}{4}$ mill. in cortice pustulatim parum elevato nidulantibus, epidermide primitus tegente dein disculo minute perforata; peritheciis in quoque acervulo paucis (6-10) arcte valsiformiter aggregatis, globosis $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., atris, nitidulis, glabris, ostiolis brevissimis, obtusis, disculum subrotundum atrum efficientibus; ascis clavatis apice truncato-rotundatis, 42 ± 6 , deorsum attenuatis basidiisque elongatis suffultis, paraphysibus paulo longioribus guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis cylindraceo-fusoideis, curvulis, $7-8 \pm 1$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis arcte corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ in sylva Cansiglio (Treviso, Italia bor.) octobr. 1874.

21. **Calosphæria vibratilis** (Fr.) Nitschke Pyr. germ. p. 97. *Sphaeria*⁴¹¹ *vibratilis* Fr. — Peritheciis solitariis, sparsis, sphæroideis vel ovoides, siccis sæpissime collapsis, lœvibus glabris, raro primo parce pilosis, nigris, nitidis, diam. 0,3-0,8 mill. collis brevissimis ostiolisque rotundatis, minutissimis, peridermium haud vel vix superantibus; ascis clavatis, 24 ± 4 (p. sporif.), paraphysibus longioribus obvallatis; sporidiis subdistichis, fusoideo-elongatis, leniter curvulis vel subrectis, hyalinis 4-6 \pm 1.

Hab. ad corticem ramorum Padi et Sorbi in Fennia meridionali et media in Germania, Britannia, Italia, Gallia. — Ostiolum tenerimum, ægre conspicuum, sed epidermis luci obversa pertusa appetet. Supra peridermium nullo modo conspicitur, sed huic solo sæpissime adhæret. Ascorum pedicelli ramosi.

b) Perithecia hirsuta.

22. **Calosphæria jungens** Nits. Pyr. germ. 101. — Peritheciis 2-4 in ⁴¹² soros exiguos, orbicularis dense stipatis. parvis, adscendentibus v. fere erectis late ovatis v. subglobosis, collabascentibus, atris, pilis sparsi patentibus, ex cinereo lutescentibus parce pilosis, deinde glabrescentibus, lœviusculis, collo destitutis sed vertice tandem late perforatis, cortici interiori v. affixis tantum v. paullo immersis, peridermio facile solubili ac rimis v. poris minutis perforato, ceterum immutato, nec elevato tectis; ascis late fusiformibus, v. oblongis, rarius clavatis et apice rotundatis, obtusissimis, in pedicellum duplo longiorem subito v. sensim attenuatis, octosporis, 40, v. rarius -64 ± 12 ; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, utrumque parum angustatis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, guttulis, oleosis 2-4 fœtis, 20 \pm 4-5; rarius 12 \pm 4-5.

Hab. in ramis dejectis Populi nigræ, Cappenberg (Germany).

CORONOPHORA Fuckel Symb. Mycol. p. 229 (Etym. *corone*, corona, et *fero*, quia ascii plerumque apice quasi coronati). — Perithecia 4–6 in soros aggregata, sub peridermio relaxato nidulantia, membranaceo-carbonacea, ventricosa, demum evacuata, perforata, ostiolis brevissimis. Ascii ampli obovati, longe abrupte-stipitati, sub apice contracti, multispori. Sporidia minuta, simplicia, cylindracea, curvata, hyalina.

1. **Coronophora gregaria** (Lib.) Fuck. Symb. Myc. 229. *Cal. gregaria* 413 Nits. Pyr. germ. 103. *Sphæria gregaria* Lib. *Cal. verrucosa* Tul. p. p. (in Alno). — Peritheciis circinatim, rarius cæspitose ac densissime sociatis, rarissime solitariis, magnis, suberectis, late ovatis v. subglobosis, plerumque collabascentibus v. mutua pressione angulatis, aterrimis, verruculosis, primitus parce pilosis mox autem glaberrimis, collo destitutis apice tandem late perforatis, sub peridermio varie lacerato v. rimoso cortici interiori impositis, sub-symmetricis v. omnino concentricis; ascis late clavatis v. obovatis, apice rotundatis, obtusissimis, in pedicellum longum plerumque pendentim attenuatis, lumine plus minus constricto, myriosporis, 60–80 = 14–18 (p. sporif.); pseudoparaphysibus crassiusculis, filiformibus simplicibus septatis sæpeque nodoso-articulatis, ascis duplo triplove longioribus; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, subhyalinis, 8–12 = 2–3 (« 8 = 1,5–1,7, bi-guttulatis »).

Hab. in ramis corticatis Sorbi, Betulæ, Cerasi, Tiliæ in Gallia, Germania, Italia, Belgio.

2. **Coronophora angustata** Fuck. Symb. Myc. 229. *Cal. angustata* 414 (Fuck.) Nits. Pyr. germ. 105. *Sphæria Leveillei* Tul., *Cal. verrucosa* Tul. p. p. (in Ceraso). — Peritheciis nunc numerosis, in soros orbicularis v. ovales, medio steriles dispositis nunc paucis tantum, circinantibus nunc denique omnino solitariis, inordinate sparsis, concentricis v. symmetricis, erectis v. fere decumbentibus, ovatis v. globosis, majusculis, tandem collapsis, plus minus verruculosis, atris, glabris, collo destitutis, vertice pertusis, per peridermum varie fissum sæpe erumpentibus, in corticis interioris superficie sessilibus, rarius ejus strato supremo basi immersis; ascis late obovatis, apice obtusissimis, basi sæpe ventricosis, membrana crassiuscula textis, in pedicellum exiliter filiformem, parte sporifera plerumque quinques, immo sexies longiorem abrupte attenua-

tis, 32–36 ≈ 14–16 (p. sporif.), ascorum lumine rarius ascis ipsis sub vertice angustatis; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, cylindricis, subrectis, hyalinis, 4–8 ≈ 1.

Hab. in ramis Fagi, rarius Juglandis, Cytisi, Pruni, Münster, Baden. — Spermogonia conica aureo-cinerea; conidiis allantoideis, 8 ≈ 1, stipitellatis.

3. **Coronophora macrosperma** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I. 324. — Peritheciis sparsis vel laxe gregariis totis superficialibus, *Coronoph. gregariae* magnitudine sed magis regulariter ovato-globosis, antice conico-attenuatis perforatisque, demum, sed raro depresso, subtiliter verrucosis, nigris; ascis ut massa hyalina expulsis, longe abrupte stipitatis, clavatis, antice attenuatis, plus minusve coronatis, polysporis, 152 ≈ 24; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, utrinque uniguttulatis, 12 ≈ 4; pseudoparaphysibus articulatis, latiusculis.

Hab. in cortice interiore Quercus, rarius, Eberbach (Rhenogovia). — Stroma prorsus obsoletum.

4. **Coronophora abietina** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II. 324. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, erumpentibus, demum liberis, *Coronophoræ gregariae* forma magnitudineque; ascis abrupte clavatis, coronatis, inferiori parte multo latiori quam in *Coronoph. gregaria*, 80 ≈ 16 (in clavula), multisporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, 8 ≈ 1.5, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus corticatis Abietis excelsæ in Rhenogovia.

5. **Coronophora abieticola** (Crouan) Sacc. *Calosph. abieticola* Crn. Finist. p. 23. — Peritheciis solitariis, ellipsoideis, e latere compressis, nigris, astomis (⟨⟨?⟩⟩) corticolis, 4–3 mill. diam. (⟨⟨?⟩⟩); ascis latis, ovatis, apice subtruncatis, deorsum in stipitem filiformen abrupte desinentibus; sporidiis copiosissimis, botuliformibus, valde curvatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice putri Abietis, Finistère (Gallia). — Cellulæ peritheciæ interiores magnæ, ovoideo-hexagonæ.

6. **Coronophora annexa** (Nits.) Fuck. Symb. 229. *Cal. annexa* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 102. *Cal. biformis* Tul. p. p. — Soris e peritheciis 4–8, densissime stipatis, circinantibus, adscendentibus compositis, sparsis, e basi orbiculari depresso conicis, summo corticis interiores strato basi immersis, ceterum liberis peridermio nonnihil elevato, fisco v. perforato tectis; peritheciis majusculis, ovoideis, tandem collapsis ac mutua pressione sæpe plus minus compressis, villo

sordide fuscensenti, immo nigrescenti dense vestitis, apicibus erostatis, poro pertusis, in disculum orbicularem subjunctis; ascis clavatis v. fere oblongis, pedicellatis, polysporis, 36-48 \approx 8-12 (p. sporif.); sporidiis cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 6-9 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Alni glutinosæ, Oestrich, et in Gallia; Salicis cinereæ, Münster.

7. **Coronophora Nitschkei** Sacc. *Cor. myriospora* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 419 p. 10 (nec Dur. et Mont.). — Peritheciis exiguis, globosis, tandem collapsis, villo spiso, brevi, sordide luteo undique tectis, in singulo soro orbiculari, minuto, cortici interiori imposito nec immerso peridermioque parum elevato tecto, paucis tantum (4-6) circinatim dispositis, adscendentibus, subito in colla brevia, e basi angustata plus minus incrassata, fere ovata, saepe depressa ac rima longitudinaliter exarata attenuatis; ostiolis ex apicibus collorum constrictis formatis, minutis, pertusis, atris, in corpus peridermum perforans, irregulare, conjunctis; ascis clavatis, v. oblongis, subsessilibus, myriosporis, pseudoparaphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, esepbatis superatis, 75-90 \approx 12-15; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, cylindricis, rectis, subhyalinis, 2 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramo Quercus putri, socia *Enchnoa infernali*, prope Münster (Germania).

8. **Coronophora consobrina** Karst. Fung. Fenn. exsicc. 890. Myc. 420 Fenn. II. 158. — Peritheciis circiter 5 in soros orbiculares minutos, materia corticali involutos dense stipatis, circinantibus, glabris, in colla brevissima vel brevia attenuatis, atris, sphæroideis, 0,3-0,4 mill. diam.; ostiolis in corpus minutissimum, peridermum perforans, atrum conjunctis; ascis oblongato-clavatis, paraphysatis apice rotundatis, myriosporis, 40-50 \approx 16-20; sporidiis elongatis, curvulis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 3-4 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramulis Alni glutinosæ exsiccatis in Mustiala (Fennia) mense Aprili unica vice reperta. — «Forte *Ascospora vibrabilis* Bon. Abhandl. p. 149 huc spectat».

9. **Coronophora Rosarum** (Crouan) Sacc. *Calosphæria Rosarum* Crn. 421 Finist. p. 33. — Peritheciis subsphæricis, 1-2 mill. diam., nigris, astomis («?») solitariis v. in circulum aggregatis, sub epidermide in cortice nascentibus, dein erumpentibus; ascis ellipsoideis, sursum attenuatis, longe filiformi-stipitatis; sporidiis copiosissimis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice Rosarum vetusto, Finistere (Gallia).

quidem libera, sed discum minimum convexum tuberculosum plerumque opacum formant.

2. **Quaternaria dissepta** (Fr.) Tul. Fung. Carp. II. 107. *Sphæria dissepta* Fr. S. M. II. 392. *Diatrype stipata* B. Br., *Sph. Saturnus* Sow. — Laxe circumscripta, peritheciis subcutaneis sparsis, excipuliformibus, amplis, ostiolis erumpentibus subjunctis; ascis anguste clavatis, v. subcylindricis, longe pedicellatis p. s. 90–100 \approx 16–18; sporidiis botuliformibus olivaceis, 2-guttulatis, 22–26 \approx $4\frac{1}{2}$ – $5\frac{1}{2}$ mono-distichis. — Spermogonia nota, *Libertellam* sistentia.

Hab. sub epidermide ramorum Ulmi, rarius Salicis, Tiliæ, Amorphæ, in Suecia, Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Amer. bor. — Perithecia globosa, suberecta, in cortice interiori sparse nidulantia, raro solitaria, passim circinantia, sæpius in plagas corticem elevantes aggregata, crustula tecta et in ambitu linea nigra, nunc subrotunda, nunc maxime flexuosa (1 lin.–2 unc. lata) circumscripta. Stroma corticale, perithecia disseptans; quando perithecia valde conferta nigrescens; quando epidermis facile secedit ab hac coloratum testaceum. Ostiola collo tereti brevi erumpunt, papillæ-formia, sæpius in discum inæquabilem homogeneum collecta, raro solitaria. — Adest var. ostiolis exertis (ex Gallia).

3. **Quaternaria Morthieri** Fuck. Symb. myc. 229, t. II, fig. 43. — 427
Peritheciis majusculis 4–6 in stromate albo, nigrolimitato in cortice interiore nidulantibus, globosis, atris, ostiolis in disco aterrimo convexo erumpente fisso minutissimis, vix prominulis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 88 \approx 8 (p. sporif.); sporidiis octonis oblique monostichis, oblongo-lanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, subcurvatis, 16 \approx 3–4, 1–2-guttulatis, fuscis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis dejectis Quercus in Germania et Helvetia. — «An Anthostoma?».

4. **Quaternaria regularis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 89. — Stromate corticali, discreto v. confluente, atro-limitato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 2–5, minutis, subglobosis, circinantibus denseque stipatis, collo brevissimo et ostiolo rotundato, minuto nec incrassato, pertuso, in disco nonnihil prominulo, peridermium perforante instructis, ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, membrana crassiuscula textis, 200 \approx 16 (p. sporif.); sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongis, utrimque obtusis, rectis v. inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, 28–32 12–14.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Alni glutinosæ, Cappenberg (Germany).

10. **Coronophora myriospora** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. myrio*
Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 524, Syll. Crypt. n. 846. — Tecta
ferta, subseriata; peritheciis minutis, globosis, collabascentib
scis, ostiolo erumpente, obtuso, poro pertuso, disco nullo; asc
vatis, polysporis; 60–100 \approx 15; sporidiis linearibus obtusis, 3–
tulatis, 15 \approx 2.5.

Hab. in ramis Jasmini fruticantis, Alger (DURIEU)

11. **Coronophora ootheca** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. ootheca* B. et C.
Amer. Fungi n. 899. — Congregata, globosa, glabrescens,
macula nigra insidens; ascis obovatis, sporidiis numerosis,
toideis farctis.

Hab. in ramis quercinis in Amer. bor. — *Sph. muc*
rostellata Schw. in Rhoë huc spectat; in hac asci 25 μ .
exemplaria in Quercu præbent ascos majores.

12. **Coronophora Broomeiana** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Broom*
Berk. Dec. n. 496. — Peritheciis in cæspitem orbicularen
gestis, atris, opacis, setis brevibus exasperatis, ostiolo papil
notatis v. ornatino astomis; ascis clavatis latis; sporidiis inni
minutis oblongis curvis, hyalinis.

Hab. in lignis putrescentibus, Ceylon (THWAITES).

QUATERNARIA Tul. Fung. Carp. II. 104 (Etym. *quaternus*, ol
thecia in soris sæpe quaterna). — Perithecia cortice nidu
circinatim quaterna-sena, nigrolimitata; ostiolis convergenti
sculum perforantem formantibus. Asci stipitati, octospori,
physati. Sporidia botuliformia, olivacea. — *Spermogonium*
Libertellæ species.

1. **Quaternaria Persoonii** Tul. Carp. II, 105, t. XII, f. 16–25.
ria quaternata Pers. Syn. p. 45. — Circinata; peritheciis
quaternis cortice nidulantibus, basi applanatis, nudis decun
bus, ostiolis brevibus, obtusis lævibus, pertusis, convergentib
dermidem æqualem vix superantibus; ascis oblongo-clavati
gissime stipitatis, 50–80 \approx 8–10 (p. sporif.); sporidiis distich
lindraceis, curvatis, continuis, dilute-fuscis, 16 \approx 3–4. — Stat
monicus *Libertellam fagineam* Desm. sistit.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius C
neæ, Aceris, Carpini, Alni serrulatae in Britannia
cia, Gallia, Italia, Helvetia, Belgio, Amer. bor. — Peritheci
decumbentia, circinantia, libera, ovata, majuscula. Ostiola
subincurva, epidermidem perforant, sed non prominent, in

VALSA Fr. S. Veg. Scand. p. 410 (emend). Sacc. Consp. Gen. Pyr.

p. 4 (Etym. *Valsa* est nomen casuale ab Adansonio conditum et a Scopolio adhibitum pro fungis variis, præprimis *Xylaria*, *Hypoxylon*, posterius a Friesio ad hodiernas valsaceas limitatum).

— Perithecia cortice immersa in acervulos stromaticos aggregata, in circulum simplicem (circinantia) v. compositum (monosticha) disposita stratoque unico, neque polysticha; ostiolis centro convergentibus, integris, erumpentibus et discum efformantibus. Asci octospori, rarius 4-spori, sessiles a paraphysati. — Spermogonia *Cytisporæ* species sistunt.

Subgen. *Euvalsa* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 126.

Stroma corticale, infra linea nigra nulla circumscriptum; discus sæpius ater. (Nonnullæ, forte multæ species imperfecte descriptæ hic ad interim locatæ sunt, quæ vero dum melius cognitæ forent ad subg. *Leucostomam* v. *Eutypellam* forte transferendæ essent).

A) *Microsporæ*: sporidiis minutis (5-12 μ . long.).

1. **Valsa ceratophora** Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 191, tab. XXII, 429 fig. 1-11. *Sphaeria Ceratospermum* Tode?, Fr.!, *Sph. decorticans* Fr. p. p. *Sph. enteroleuca* Fr.? — Stromate minuto, e basi orbiculari, rarius ovali depresso convexo v. subconico, nunc peridermio, plerumque rimose fisso, tecto, nunc contra parum protuberante peridermique facile resolvendi laciniis cincto et ut corticis interioris superficie ipsa colore fusco tincto; peritheciis in sinuolo stromate 5-20, monostichis, minutis, densissime stipatis, subglobosis, collis brevibus ostiolisque plus minus longe exsertis, tenuibus, cylindricis, læviusculis, basi plerumque fasciculatim connatis, deinde divergentibus v. varie flexuosis præeditis; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis $32-40 \approx 4-5$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, $6-8 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$. — Spermogonia multilocularia *Cytisporam* referentia: spermatiis allantoideis $4 \approx 1$, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Quercus*, *Castaneæ*, *Cratægi*, in tota Europa, Amer. bor., Ceylon. — In agro Veneto legi quoque in ramis *Rhois glabræ* (a. $40 \approx 6$; sp. $8-11 \approx 1\frac{3}{4}-2$). — *Coryli Avellanæ* (a. $38-40 \approx 5$; sp. $8-10 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$, hyalina). — *Fraxini Orni* (a. $30-35 \approx 5$; sp. $8-10 \approx 1$). — *Mori albæ* (a. $35 \approx 5$; sp. $10 \approx 1-1\frac{1}{4}$) — *Ulmus campestris* (a. $38 \approx 4-5$; sp. $10 \approx 1$). — *Carpini Betuli*, *Pruni domesticæ*, *Aceris campe-*

stris, Alni glutinosæ, Photiniæ glabré, Persicæ vulgaris, formas inter se parum diversas.

Var. *Rosarum* De Not. Sf. ital. p. 37, t. 42. Pustulis minoribus, peritheciis parciорibus, ostiolis abbreviatis. — In ramis Rosarum in Britannia, Germania, Gallia, Italia.

2. **Valsa Rubi** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 200, Peck. 28 Rep. — Peritheciis 430 6–10, in cortice interiore, sine stromate proprio nidulantibus, globosis, atris; ostiolis conferte erumpentibus, brevibus, obtusis, umbilicatis perforatisque, aterrimis; ascis lanceolatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, $32 \approx 5$; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, continuis, curvatis, hyalinis, $8-9 \approx 2$.

Hab. in sarmentis corticatis Rubi fruticosi, rarius Jura (MORTHIER) in Italia bor. (Sacc.); in ramis Rubi villosi Amer. bor. — A *Valsa ceratophora* var. *Rosarum* De Not. recedit ostiolis brevioribus, umbilicatis.

3. **Valsa cœnobitica** Ces. et De Not. Schem. sferiac. 33 et sfer. ital. 431 t. 41. — Stromate e basi suborbiculari depresso conico v. convexo, parum v. omnino non emergente rarius nonnihil protuberante et peridermii laciniis cincto, corticis interioris parenchymate quasi composito eique concolore, rarius fucato, ostiolorum fasciculo libero coronato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 7–10, rarius pluribus, monostichis, subglobosis, mutua pressione plerumque angulatis, minutis, in collum breve attenuatis; ostiolis crassiusculis, plus minus elongatis, apicem versus sensim attenuatis, obsolete nodulosis, basi connatis, divergentibus, poro minutissimo pertusis; rarissime abbreviatis et in disculum minutum collectis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, $36-40 \approx 6$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, hyalinis, parum curvatis v. rectis, $8-12 \approx 2-2\frac{1}{2}$. — *Spermogonium Cytisporam* sit: spermatiis botuliformibus, $5-6 \approx 1$, brevistiptatis.

Hab. in ramis Quercus in Italia bor. et Germania et in radicibus Alni prope Münster (Germ.).

4. **Valsa coacta** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I. 20. — Peritheciis in acervulo minutos vix elevatos, cortice interiore hinc inde nidulantes, monostiche aggregatis, globoso-depressis, ostiolis cylindraceis vertice rotundato lèisque pertusis, convergentibus, disco minuto nigro, subcirculari (diam. vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill.) periderma circum circa arcte adhærens perforante, vix exerto; ascis clavatis 30–35 ≈ 5 , sessilibus, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis irregulariter distichis, botuliformibus, curvulis, $8-10 \approx 2-2\frac{1}{4}$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fici Caricæ a Susegana (Italia

bor.). — Cum *Valsa sycina* Mtgn. Syll. 221 (quæ forte forma *Eutypæ heteracanthæ* Sacc.) nullum commune habet. A *Valsa ceratophora* Tul., cui affinior, disco minuto non exerto arcte cincto, pustulis non prominulis, recedit.

5. ***Valsa coronata*** (Hoffm.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Sc. p. 421. *Sphæria co-* ⁴³³ *ronata* Hoffm. Veg. Crypt. I. 26, t. 5, fig. 2. — Stromate convexo, depresso, minuto, parum v. vix protuberante, sparso, approximato, basi interdum confluente; ostiolorum disculo minutissimo, stromati quasi imposito, peridermum plerumque laxe adhærente pertusum nonnihil superante; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-12, monostichis, immo circinantibus, minutis, subglobosis, in corticis interioris parenchymate haud mutato nidulantibus, confertis, in colum brevissimum attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, abbreviatis, atris, nitidis, rotundatis, v. truncatis poroque angustissimo pertusis, in disculum fere planum densissime stipatis; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis, minutissimis, 24-28 = 4; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, 6-7 = 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonium *Cytisporam* refe-rens: spermatiis allantoideis 6 = 1, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Corni albæ Lipsiæ, Reichartshausen (Germany). — Formæ in Castanea, Rosa, Cratægo in Britannia et Amer. bor. dubiæ mihi videntur.

Var. *melanostica* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 767. Pustulis epidermide determinate nigricante tectis, ostiolis exsertis subglobosis, conglomeratis, rimulosis; ascis fusiformibus parvis, sporidia 8 recta aut curvula foventibus. — In cortice Tiliæ prope Lemovicem Galliæ (LAMY).

6. ***Valsa cenisia*** De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 39, t. XLIV. Nits. Pyr. Germ. ⁴³⁴ 185. — Stromate, conico-truncato vel depresse convexo, nunc peridermio arcte adhærente tecto, non contra, peridermio secesso, libero ex fusco nigricante latit. 0,8-2 mill.; peritheciis 3-20 in quovis stromate, subsphæroideis, mutua pressione angulatis, dense stipatis, collis breviusculis ostiolisque nunc in discum subpulveraceum, plerumque planum conjunctis, nunc discretis, abbreviatis vel plus minus exsertis, longiusculis, flexuosis, subcylindraceis, crassis, apicibus rotundatis demumque poro pertusis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis 30-40 = 5-6; sporidiis congregatis vel subdistichis, elongatis, 6-12 = 1-2. — Spermogonia stromatibus perithecigeris similia, disco albido-cinereo, poro vulgo unico pertuso; spermatiis elongatis, curvulis, hyalinis, 5-7 = 1-1,5, tandem in cirrhos aquose albidos, siccos flavidos propulsis.

Hab. in cortice Juniperi communis et virginianæ in Italia, Germania, Fennia, Amer. bor. — Affinis *V. Dubyi* Nits.

Var. *invalida* Karst. *V. cenisiæ* extus simillima, sed adhuc fere minor; ascis $25 \approx 3-4$; sporidiis subdistichis vel conglobatis, $5-6 \approx 1$; spermatiis rectis vel subrectis, elongatis, $3-4 \approx 0,5-1$ diversa. — In cortice ramulorum Juniperi communis in regione aboënsi Merimasku (Fennia), Junio.

7. **Valsa sabalina** Cooke in Grevill. VII. 52. — Tecta, prominula; ⁴³⁵ pustulis in maculis elongatis nigricantibus insidentibus; ostiolis convergentibus, emergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis linearibus, obtusis, curvulis, $8-9 \mu$. long.

Hab. in Sabal, Darien, Amer. boreali.

8. **Valsa strobiligena** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. Lib. II. n. 186. — Acer-⁴³⁶ vulis minutis, erumpentibus, nigris; peritheciis paucioribus, ostiolis conjunctis, vix excedentibus; ascis tereti-oblongis, sessilibus, $30-35 \approx 6-7$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, allantoideis, curvulis, $8-9 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$, hyalinis.

Hab. Malmedy (Germania) in squamis strobilarum Abietis excelsæ. — An forma deminuta *V. Abietis* Fr.?

9. **Valsa Abietis** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412. *Sphæria Pinastri* ⁴³⁷ Grev. — Stromate exiguo, e basi orbiculari depresso conoideo, peridermio fere integro et ostiolorum fasciculo solum pertuso tecto, corticis interioris parenchymate, specie immutato, composito; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-15, minutis, monostichis, mutua pressione semper fere angulatis, in colla brevissima attenuatis; ostiolis, incrassatis, atris, lævibus, confertissime stipatis, minimis, sphæroideis, rarissime longius exsertis, subcylindraceis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, $28-36 \approx 4-6$; sporidiis, conglobatis, elongatis, curvulis, vel subrectis, $6-9 \approx 1,5$. — Spermogonia forma et magnitudine stromatibus perithecigeris simillima, collo crasso rotundato v. truncato, ex griseo vel luteo fuscescente poroque angusto unico, rarius pluribus, aperto instructa, multilocularia; spermatiis, exilissimis, $3 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Abietis excelsæ in tota fere Europa. — *B. ceratina* Fr. S. M. II. 398, pustulata, erumpens, ostiolis in discum exertis tentaculatisque. In ramis abiegnis.

10. **Valsa microstoma** (P.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411? Nits. Pyr. ⁴³⁸ Germ. p. 193. *Sphæria microstoma* Pers., an. Fr.? — Stromate e basi rotundato-ovali convexo, rarius conico, in discum ovalem, immo fere ellipticum, rarius orbicularem cylindricum abrupte at-

tenuato, corticis interioris strato supremo tantum immerso, ut ejus superficie, colore castaneo tincto; disco per peridermii leviter adhærentis rimulas, transversim directas erumpente: stromatibus irregulariter sparsis, basi sæpe confluentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-20, monostichis, minutis, densissime confertis, inde e globoso plerumque angulatis, in collum crassiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis incrassatulis, rotundatis v. fere globosis, abbreviatis, in discum planum stipatis, atris, nitidulis; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 40-48 \pm 6-8; sporidiis conglobatis v. subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, plerumque 8-10 \pm 2- $2\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea, multilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis 5-6 \pm 1,4 longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus *Pruni spinosæ* et *domesticæ* in Anglia, Gallia, Germania, Italia, Suecia, frequens. — Cl. Currey (Linn. Trans XXII, t. 47, f. 130) exhibit sporidia multo longiora, nempe 13-17 μ . et re vera sec. exempl. Friesii, quæ forte *V. cinctam* spectant.

11. **Valsa mediterranea** De Not. Sfer. ital. n. 43, tab. 43. — Peritheciis sub epidermide nidulantibus, plus minus numerosis, circinatis, ovoideis siccis collabascentibus; collis longiusculis, fasciculato-emergentibus, ostiolo obtuso, pertuso; ascis oblongis, octosporis, aparaphysatis, 50-55 \pm 9-10; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 12-15 \pm 2-2,3.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Oleæ europeæ*, Genova, Padova (Italia boreali).

12. **Valsa Fuckelii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 192. Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. 440 t. XIII. flg. 15-18. — Stromatibus plano-convexis, paullum ex corticis interioris superficie editis, approximatis, non raro basi confluentibus, ostiolorum disculo solum peridermum arcte adhærens emergente; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis (plerumque 10-20), monostichis, minutis, densissime stipatis mutuaque pressione angulatis, collo brevi præditis; ostiolis minutissimis, atris, nitidis, dense in discum planum confertis, haud elongatis, poro angustissimo pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis; sessilibus, octosporis, 36-49 \pm 6; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 6-12- plerumque 10 \pm 2-2,5.

Hab. in ramis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Germania, Italia, Britannia. « Ascos biformes vidi; alios linearis-oblungos 32 \pm 5, alii obovatos, 28 \pm 10; omnes 8sporos; sporidia in primis subdisticha, in postremis polysticha, cylindracea leniter curvata, hyalina, 12 \pm 2 ».

13. **Valsa affinis** Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 199. — Peritheciis 441 primo spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, $4 \approx 1$, in sterigmatum ramosorum apicibus repletis, ascophoris circinatis, in discum parvum vix emergentem convergentibus; ascis linearis-oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, $30 \approx 4$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindraceis, parum curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, $8 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis Coryli Avellanæ, Oestrich, Rhenog. et Italia bor. — In speciminibus italicis asci oblongo-clavati, $18-22 \approx 6$, sporidia botuliformia, minutissima, $5-6 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, 2-guttulata, hyalina. — A *Valsa Fuckelii* Nits., cui affinis, ascis sporidiisque conspicue minoribus recedit.

14. **Valsa fallax** Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 200, — Pustulis minutis gregariis, vix prominulis; peritheciis circinantibus corticolis, ostiolis in discum minutum peridermum breviter excedens convergentibus; ascis linearis-oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, $36 \approx 4$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, $8 \approx 2$. — Spermogonium sistit *Cytisporam Corni* West.

Hab. in ramis siccis Corni sanguineæ in Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia.

15. **Valsa Pini** (Alb. et Schw.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412. *Sphæria Pini* A. et S. *Sph. leucophæata* Reb. — Stromate conico-truncato vel hemisphærico, plus minus prominente, nunc peridermio fere integro vel fisso tecto et extus intusque cortici concolori, nunc contra, peridermio mox secesso, libero et ut superficie corticis ipsa ex fusco nigricante, discreto vel rarius confluente; peritheciis numerosis, 20-30 in quovis stromate, dense confertis, subovoideis, perexiguis, collis breviusculis ostiolisque in discum planum collectis, apice rotundatis vel truncatis, dein pertusis, aterrimis, abbreviatis, raro rostellatis, minutissimis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $30-32 \approx 5-6$; sporidiis, congregatis, $5-9 \approx 1.5$. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora Pini* Desm.) stromatibus perithecigeris simillima, papillis 1, raro 2-3 instructa, intus griseo-viridula, multilocularia, locellis radiatim dispositis. Spermatia elongata, subrecta, hyalina, $4 \approx 1$, tandem in cirrhos flavidos propulsa.

Hab. in cortice ramorum Pini sylvestris in Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Italia, Fennia, Amer. bor. — *Valsæ decumbenti* affinis.

16. **Valsa leiphæmioides** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 868. — Pustulis subcorticalibus, ostiolis congestis tandem expositis; pulvere niveo intermixtis, sporidiis allantoideis, 10μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus obtusilobæ* etc., Carolina, New England (Amer. bor.). — «An forma *V. ceratophoræ?*».

17. **Valsa insignis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 188. — Stromate grandiusculo, e basi orbiculari v. late ovali conico-truncato v. saepius subcylindrico, peridermio facile solubili ac plerumque transversim fisco erumpente, cortici interiori adnato v. basi tantum strato ejus supremo innato; corticis superficie circa stromata nec non stromata ipsa colore sordide et opace fuligineo tincta; discus stromatis basi paullo v. vix angustiore planiusculo, immo excavato, sordide lutescente, ostiolis minutissimis, numquam elongatis, hemisphæricis, deinde poro pertusis, dense ac sine ordine sparsis nigropunctulato; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosissimis, minutis, monostichie densissimeque stipatis, mutua pressione semper ac varie angulatis, collo pertenui instructis; stromatis substantia expallente v. flavante; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 36-44 (plerumque 40) \approx 5-6; sporidiis subdistichis v. congregatis, cylindricis, parum curvatis, hyalinis, 7-9 (plerumque 8) \approx 2.

Hab. in truncis et ramis *Coryli tubulosæ* Willd., Cappenberg (Germania).

18. **Valsa decumbens** (Schmidt) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 198, *Sphæria decumbens* Kunze in Fr. S. M. II. 408. — Stromate per peridermi rimas transversim directas, erumpente, immo, peridermio dejecto, tandem libero, nigricante, variæ magnitudinis, plerumque minuto, conico, rarius forma irregulari, tuberculiformi; stromatisbus 2-3 saepe approximatis, basi v. omnino confluentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate nunc paucis tantum (4-8), nunc contra numerosissimis, minutis, mutua pressione angulatis, monostichis, in collum longiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, abbreviatis, punctiformibus, rotundatis, atris, nitidulis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 26-30 \approx 4-5; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, hyalinis, 6-8 \approx 1½.

Hab. in radicibus defossis *Pini sylvestris* in Lusitania et prope Münster (Germania).

19. **Valsa Schweinitzii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 191. *Sphæria corniculata* \approx *salicina* Alb. et Schw. — Stromate e basi orbiculari truncato-conico, minuto, nonnihil protuberante, peridermio erumpente ejusque laciniis fissis cincto v. peridermio, facile solubili, dejecto in corticis interioris superficie fuscescente libero; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-12, corticis parenchymati immutato insculptis, monostichie denseque stipatis, majusculis, subglobosis, in collum

breve attenuatis; ostiolis nunc in stromatis disco vix exsertis, minimis, atris, nitidis, poro angustissimo apertis, plus minus dense stipatis, nunc contra (sed multo rarius) elongatis, cylindricis, fasciculatim erumpentibus, flexuosis; ascis sessilibus, anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 40-48 \approx 6-7; sporidiis cylindricis, non-nihil curvatis, hyalinis, 8-12 \approx 2- $2\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea, spurie multilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis 4-5 \approx 1, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Salicis Capreæ et fragilis* in Germania et Italia. — «Affinis *V. Verruculæ*».

20. **Valsa Syringæ** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 189. — Stromate exiguo, 448 per peridermii rimas minutis ac longitudinaliter directas erumpente, e basi orbiculari late ac depresso conico v. subhemispherico, in disculum orbicularem v. rarius fere ellipticum subito attenuato, plus minus protuberante et pustulas peridermio plerumque arcte adhaerente lateribus obductas, in ramis ramulisque gregatim sparsas formante; peritheciis in singulo stromate plerumque 8-12, rarius 4-7 tantum, perexiguis, globosis v. compressis, monostichis et in collum pro situ plus minus longum attenuatis; ostiolis punctiformibus, mox pertusis, abbreviatis, truncatis denseque confertis disculi fuscescentis partem medianam occupantibus; ascis subfusiformibus, sessilibus, octosporis, 40 \approx 6; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 8-12 \approx 2. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea multilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis, 5 \approx 1, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis *Syringæ vulgaris* in Germania et Italia boreali.

21. **Valsa Vitis** (Schw.) Fuck. Fung. rhen. n. 607. Nits. Pyr. Germ. 449 190, *V. vitigera* Cooke. Cfr. Mich. I. 19, *V. Vitis* Schw. p. p. — Stromatibus alte immersis, e basi orbiculari v. ovata per corticem superiore fibrosum, ductu linearis longitudinaliter parumque emergentibus; peritheciis monostichis, minutis, in singulo stromate 10-16, angulatis, collo brevi instructis; stromatis substantia albida; ostiolis abbreviatis, cylindricis, truncatis, poro angustissimo pertusis, atris nitidis, in disculum ovalem v. subrotundum, stromatis substantia fuscescente plerumque cinctum, planum v. nonnihil convexum stipatis; ascis sessilibus, anguste clavatis, octosporis, 48 \approx 7-8; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, curvatis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 10-12 \approx 2-3. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea, multilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis 4-5 \approx 1, longiuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in sarmentis *Vitis viniferæ* in Germania, Italia, Gallia, Amer. boreali.

22. **Valsa Verrucula** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 178. — Stromate e basi orbiculari hemisphærico, verrucæformi, intus griseo-flavescente peridermio arctissime adhærente, hinc inde fisso, tecto, disco libero, suborbiculari, ex ostiolis numerosissimis stipatissimisque formato coronato; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosissimis submonostiche densissimeque stipatis, minutis, subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, in collum longiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis plerumque plus minus elongatis et in disculi ambitu subdivergentibus, cylindricis, lævibus, obtusis, poro minutissimo perforatis, aterrimis, interdum abbreviatis nec stroma superantibus; ascis anguste oblongis v. clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, $40-44 \approx 6$; sporidiis subdistichis, curvulis v. subrectis, cylindricis, hyalinis, 10, rarius $12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis *Salicis fragilis*, Nienberge, Germ. et *Salicis vitellinæ* in Ital. bor. — Rami fungo invasi dense verrucosi fiunt.

23. **Valsa cristata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 182. — Stromate e basi orbiculari conico, rarius depresso, subhemisphærico, pustulato, valde protuberante, peridermio arrecto, plerumque haud fisso arctissimeque adhærente lateribus tecto, ostiolorum fasciculo coronato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-20, monostiche confertissimeque stipatis ac mutua pressione angulatis, corticis substantiæ, specie immutatae insculpatis, collo longiusculo instructis, in stromatibus minoribus sæpe radiatim fere ordinatis; ostiolis plerumque plus minus elongatis, cylindricis, apicem versus parum attenuatis, v. nodulosis, basi conjunctis, ceterum divaricatis, flexuosis (rarius ostioli omnibus abbreviatis), discum minutum, suborbicularem ac peridermii formam vix superantem, planum, atrum formantibus; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis, $40 \approx 5$; sporidiis subdistichis, allantoideis, curvulis v. rectis, 5-6 ≈ 1 , hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis *Tiliæ*, Cappenberg (Germania). — Affinis *V. ceratophoræ*.

24. **Valsa Spegazziniana** Sacc. Mich. I. p. 20 et M. V. n. 749. — Peritheciis hinc inde monostiche aggregatis, cortice nidulantibus epidemidemque pustulatim elevantibus, globulosis, atris; collis elongatis convergentibus in ostiola rotundata disculum subcircularem vix exsertum efficientia, desinentibus; ascis fusoideis, $40-50 \approx 7-8$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus, 10-13 \approx

$1\frac{1}{2}$ - 2, 2-guttulatis, perfecte hyalinis. — Peritheciorum contextus laxe cellulosus, olivaceo-fuscus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Evonymi europæi*, a *Conegliano* (Ital. bor.), (SPEGAZZINI).

25. **Valsa ribesia** Karst. Fung. Fenn. exsicc. 857. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 453

138. — Stromate e basi orbiculari depresso conoideo, peridermio fere integro et ostiolorum fasciculo solum pertuso tecto, corticis parenchymate specie immutato composito; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-12, monostichis vel subcircinatis, collis elongatis, decumbentibus; ostiolis conferte stipatis, atris, levibus, sphæroideis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 35-42 μ . long.; sporidiis elongatis, distichis, subrectis, 6-9 \approx 1,5.

Hab. in ramis *Ribis alpini* aridis, rara, in Fennia.

26. **Valsa exigua** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 196. — Stromate in corticis in-

terioris superficie locum aliquantulum sensimque elevatum sistente ostiolorum disco minimo, tuberculiformi, peridermio erumpente coronato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-8, ovatis, monostichis v. circinantibus, in corticis interioris substantia immutata dense nidulantibus, collis brevissimis instructis; ostiolis minutissimis, atris nitidis, rotundatis, poro vix conspicuo pertusis, in corpusculum exiguum, deforme conglomeratis, rarius disculum planum formantibus densissime stipatis; ascis sessilibus, anguste clavatis, octosporis, 40-44 \approx 6; sporidiis cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, hyalinis, 9-12 \approx 2- $2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis *Aceris campestris*, prope Münster (Germany). — Affinis *Valsæ coronatæ*, sed peritheciis, sporidiis, ascisque majoribus satis recedit.

27. **Valsa horrida** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 176. — Stromate e basi ovata

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convexo, depresso, subito in disculum minutum, ellipticum, planum, peridermum tandem transversim erumpentem idque vix superantem attenuato, cortici interiori, in superficie, ut stromata ipsa, colore castaneo tincto adnato; peritheciis monostichis, numerosis, minutis, densissime stipatis, mutua pressione angulatis, nunc omnibus stromate omnino inclusis, marginalibus convergentibus, collo longiusculo, ostiolo punctiformi, hemisphærico, poro minutissimo perforato instructis, nunc contra pro parte subliberis, collis longis, subcylindricis, apicem versus sensim attenuatis, nodulosis v. sulcatis, liberis, plerumque radiatim divergentibus et horizontaliter directis peridermioque tectis; peritheciis paucis hujus indolis saepe in spermogonii basi oriundis et ab eo coronatis; ascis cla-

vatis v. oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 36–48 \approx 8–12; sporidiis conglobatis v. subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 10–12 \approx 3. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis, 5 \approx 1, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis *Betulæ albæ*, prope Münster (Germany).

28. **Valsa Hoffmanni** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 145. Sacc. M. V. Spec. t. 456

XIII. f. 11–14, *Sphæria coronata* Hoffm. p. p. in Cratægo? — Stromate e basi ovali depresso convexo, in parte superiore abrupte conico-attenuato v. omnino trucato-conico, transversim erumpente cortici interiori parum immerso, colore pulchre castaneo tincto; ostiolorum disculo minuto, suborbiculari, per peridermii facile resolvendi rimas, transverse directas erumpente; peritheciis in singulo stromate 15–25, monostichis, minutis, angulatis, in stromatis substantia albida confertissime nidulantibus in collum breviusculum attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, atris, nitidis, poro angustissimo pertusis, abbreviatis, in disculum planum densissime stipatis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 40 \approx 5; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. rectis, hyalinis 7–10 \approx 1.5–2.5. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea: spermatiis allantoideis, 5–6 \approx 1, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ, Münster, Oestrich, (Germany), Rouen (Gallia), Treviso (Italia).

29. **Valsa oxystoma** Rehm Ascom. n. 270. Diagn. p. 70. — Stroma- 457

tibus e basi elliptica conicis compressis, mill. 1,5 \approx 1, in cortice interiore immutato nidulantibus, nigrescentibus, per rimas peridermii transversas erumpentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 8–12, globosis, dense stipatis, monostichis, in collum longum attenuatis; ostiolis elongatis tenerrimis, in stromatis superficie nigra monostiche erumpentibus et plus minusve extantibus; ascis clavatis, 8-sporis, 45 \approx 8; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 9 \approx 2; paraphysibus filiformibus 6 μ . cr.

Hab. ad ramos Alni viridis in Alpibus Tyrolensisibus.

30. **Valsa Friesii** (Duby) Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 108, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 458

p. 203. *Sphæria Friesii* Duby. — Stromate minuto, e basi orbiculari conico-truncato, depresso, cortici omnino insculpto, nec protuberante, peridermio integro, salvo disco, tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6–10 (raro 3 tantum), subcircinantibus, globosis, minutulis, in corticis parenchymate immutato nidulantibus, collis brevissimis instructis; ostiolis incrassatis, minutis, globosis, rarius

ovoideis, acutiusculis v. truncatis, atris, poro minimo pertusis, in disculi cinerei, fuscescentis margine emergentibus, confertis, rarius discum integrum occupantibus; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, $40 \approx 6$; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, hyalinis, $10 \approx 2$. — Spermogonia phyllogena, exigua, pauciloculata, cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis, $4-5 \approx 1,5$, breve stipitatis.

Hab. in ramulis Abietis pectinatæ, in Gallia, Germania, Belgio.

31. **Valsa incrusted** (Kunze) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 208. *Sphæria in-* 459
crustata Kunze in herb. — Stromatibus exiguis, e basi suborbiculari convexis, valde depresso, dense sparsis, peridermio immutato, ostiolorum disculo minutissimo solum perforato nec pustulato-elevato, arce adhærente omnino tectis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-8, in circulum simplicem dispositis, parum confertis, globosis, sæpe depresso v. collapsis, pro ratione majusculis, corticis interioris parenchymati semiimmersis et ab ejus strato supremo immutato, stromatis vicem præbente obductis, decumbentibus, collo peritheciis diametro plerumque breviori, tenui, cylindrico, ostiolisque minutissimis, punctiformibus, aterrimis, nitidulis, rotundatis, in disculi margine tantum v. confertim erumpentibus ac vix exsertis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis $30 \approx 4-5$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil incurvis v. subrectis, hyalinis, $9-11 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Alni in Lusatia, rarius (SCHMIDT). — A. V. *ste-*
nopora certe diversa.

32. **Valsa intermedia** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 199. — Stromate e basi 460
 orbiculari depresso convexo, minuto, peridermio plerumque arcte adhærente tecto, inde pustulato, disculo minimo, peridermum pertusum paullo superante, coronato; pustulis dense gregatis basi sæpe confluentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate plerumque 3-8, rarius pluribus (-25), majusculis, globosis v. compressis, subcircinantibus v. monostichis, in collum brevissimum attenuatis; ostiolis subglobosis v. truncatis, rarissime modice elongatis, e basi incrassata ovoideis, atris, nitidis, poro pro ratione majusculo pertusis, nunc tantum in disculi ex cinereo fuscescentis margine, nunc — si plura adsunt perithecia — in ejus superficie integra erumpentibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, $64 \approx 8$; sporidiis subdisticis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, $10-16 \approx 2-3$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis $5-6 \approx 1,5$, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus *Quercus* prope Münster, rarius. — Nonnullis notis cum *V. ceratophora*, habitu vero cum *V. ambiente* convenit.

33. **Valsa sordida** Nits. Pyr. Germ. 203. Sacc. M. V. Spec. t. XIII. ⁴⁶¹ fig. 8-10. *V. ambiens* Auct. p. p., *V. deplanata* Nees sec. Fuck.

— Stromate majusculo, e basi orbiculari v. ovali obtuse conico, nunc depresso, parum v. vix protuberante, nunc contra pustulato, peridermio integro v. stellatim, rarius rimose fisso, arcte adhærente tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate plerumque 6-12, irregulariter circinantibus, globosis in majoribus magisque protuberantibus multo numerosioribus (15-25), monostichis, densissime stipatis, compressis, in corticis substantia immutata nidulantibus et in collum nunc breve, nunc longiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis incrassatulis, fere globosis v. truncatis, atris, poro angusto pertusis, plerumque in disci ex albido-cinereo mox sordide fuscescentis margine tantum emergentibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 48-60 \approx 8; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2. — Spermogonia cytisporoidæ, radiatim multilocellata; spermatiis allantoideis 4 \approx 1, longe stipitatis, dein in cirrhos luteos longissimos protrusis.

Hab. in ramis *Populi* nigræ, P. italicæ in Germania, Italia, Gallia, California.

34. **Valsa præstans** B. et C. in Curtis Catal.? Cooke Vals. of Un. ⁴⁶² St. 117. — Peritheciis..... ostiolis non sulcatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 10-12 \approx 3.

Hab. in cortice *Nyssæ*, New Jersey, Am. bor. — A *V. Nyssæ* C. et E. differt sporidiis longioribus; ad speciem Curtisianam parum notam dubitanter cl. Cooke refert hunc fungillum.

35. **Valsa haustellata** Fr. Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 115. *Sphaeria* ⁴⁶³ *haustellata* Fr. S. M. II. 383. Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1320. — Tecta, basi innata, late conica, stromate tenui pallido, ostiolis distantibus, cylindricis, pertusis non sulcatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, valde curvatis, 6-8 \approx 2, subsuccineis (Cooke l. c.).

Hab. in ramis in Suecia et in ramis *Alni serrulatæ* et *Ostryæ virginicæ*, Carol. inf., Santee Swamp, N. York. (Amer. bor.). — Pustulæ basi cortici profunde immersæ, lineaque tenui nigra ad lignum penetrante laxius circumscriptæ; perithecia profunde demersa, collis longis convergentibus stromate conjunctis, unde discus prominens convexus angustatus, ostiolis brevibus distinctis lœvibus, subinde apice dilatatis.

36. **Valsa mendax** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 755 et Fl. Alg. p. 473, sub 464

Sphæria — Pustulata; peritheciis paucis, amplis, sphæricis, cortici immersis, collis stromate corticali nigrescente tectis, ostiolis in discum erumpentem minutum convexum connexis, perithecia ova-to-globosa subpapillata mentientibus; ascis fusiformibus $40 \mu.$ long., sporidiis linearibus brevibus rectis aut curvulis $10 \mu.$ long.

Hab. in caulis *Atriplicis Halimi*, Pointe-Pescade, Alger (DURIEU).

37. **Valsa multiplex** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VII. 14. — 465

Pustulis magnis, erumpentibus, elevatis; disco brunneo; ostiolis numerosis, nigris, congestis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, allantoideis, hyalinis $10 \mu.$ long.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus coccineæ*, New Jersey (Am. bor.).

— Pustulæ seu stromata, quasi *Diatrypes*; ostiola minuta, copiosissima, stipata.

38. **Valsa Terebinthi** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 70. — Peritheciis mi-

nimis 5-15 in singulo acervulo, corticis parenchymati immutato infossis, globosis, atris, ostiolis brevibus, apice nitidis, in discum punctiformem conferte erumpentibus; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, $20-34 \approx 5-6$; sporidiis distichis, hyalinis, continuis, cylindraceis, curvulis, utroque polo 1-guttulatis, $9 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis exaridis *Pistaciæ Terebinthi*, socia *Cytispora olivaceo-cirrhosa* Vaucluse (Gallia).

39. **Valsa rhamnicola** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 69. — Peritheciis in 467

singulo acervulo 8-20, corticis parenchymati immutato infossis, globosis, minutis, ostiolis in discum atrum conoideum pustulatum peridermum inflantem atque transversim erumpentem collectis, totam superficiem disci papillis atris, nitidis et minutissimis exasperantibus; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, $25-27 \approx 4-5$; sporidiis subdistichis, hyalinis, cylindraceis, curvulis, continuis, $6-7 \approx 2$.

Hab. ad ramos mortuos et corticatos *Rhamni infectori*i Vaucluse (Gallia). — Julio.

40. **Valsa perfodiens** Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 200. — Perithe-

ciis Ascis oblongo-ellipticis, sessilibus, 8sporis, $28 \approx 4$; spo-

ridiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, $8 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Viburni Lantanæ*, Oestrich, Rhenogovia.

41. **Valsa accedens** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. V. p. 179. — Peritheciis 469

circinantibus, in cortice nidulantibus et epidermide tumidula tectis, e globoso-depressis, olivaceis, ostiolis in centrum radiatim convergentibus, longis, in ostiola rotundata atra, epidermidem perforan-

tia et vix excedentia desinentibus; peritheciis contextu distinete laxe parenchymatico olivaceo-fusco; ascis clavatis, 60-70 \approx 8.10, breve crassiuscule (sæpe incurvo) stipitatis, apice crasse tunicatis, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus, 10-14 \approx 3, initio pluriguttulatis, dein utrinque guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogoniis sub epidermide nidulantibus, astomis, nucleo griseo-olivaceo farctis, spermatia in sterigmatibus simpliciter verticillato-ramosis, filiformibus acrogena, botuliformia, 6 \approx 1, hyalina foventibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Quercus* pedunculatae in sylva *Montello* (Ital. bor.) Sept. 1875. — Ob ascos apice crassiuscule tunicatos, stipitatos, basidiisque sæpe suffultos species hæc ad *Calosphæriam* vergit.

42. **Valsa subcuticularis** C. et E. N. Jers. Fungi in Grevillea VIII. 470 p. 13. — Circinata. Peritheciis globosis, decumbentibus, sub epidermidem nidulantibus, ostiolis elongatis tenuibus, convergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 6-7 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Ilicis, New Jersey, Am. bor. — Peridermium ab ostiolis leniter inflatum et punctulatum, sed pustulæ parum conspicuæ; peridermio secesso, perithecia libro hærent, quasi *Calosphæria*.

43. **Valsa pulchelloidea** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea VI, 471 p. 92. — Peritheciis globosis, decumbentibus, in circulum dispositis; ostiolis elongatis convergentibus; ascis clavatis 25 μ . long. sporidiis minutis, allantoideis, hyalinis 5-6 μ . long.

Hab. in cortice *Quercus*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia minuta, copiosa 10-20, collis longis convergentibus, quasi *Calosphæriæ principis*, sed perithecia majora.

44. **Valsa quernea** Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 279, t. 48, fig. 141, 472 Cooke Handb. n. 2480. — Peritheciis valseis.....; ascis clavatis, apice rotundatis, deorsum attenuatis; sporidiis prope asci apicem stipatis, allantoideis, hyalinis, 5-7 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis quercinis, Weybridge (Britannia). — « An *Calosphæriæ* species? »

45. **Valsa cornicola** Cooke in Grev. VII. 83. — Disco erumpente, orbiculari, brunneo; peritheciis minutis, nigris, collis convergentibus; ostiolis circulum plus v. minus regularem efformantibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis botuliformibus, 12 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Corni, Darenth (Britannia). — Prorsus diversa a *V. fallaci* Nits.

46. **Valsa demissa** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 197. — Stromate basi ovali 474

corticis strato supremo immerso, superne protuberante et in disculum late ellipticum v. rarius suborbicularē sensim attenuato, exiguo, peridermio facile solubili, transversim fisso v. lacerato erumpente lateribus sordide fuscescente; stromatibus sine ordine, sed plerumque dense sparsis, basi haud raro connatis; peritheciis in singulo stromate paucis tantum 4-10, monostichis v. radiatim dispositis, minutissimis, subglobosis v. angulatis in collum pro ratione longum, tenue attenuatis; ostiolis abbreviatis semper ac perexiguis, plus minus dense confertis in disculi ex cinereo sordide lutescentis, immo fuscescentis medio erumpentibus nec exsertis, truncatis, poro pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis v. subfusiformibus, sessilibus, octosporis, $32 \approx 5$; sporidiis congregatis v. subdistichis, subrectis v. parum curvatis, cylindricis, hyalinis, $5-7 \approx 1-1\frac{1}{2}$, rarius $8 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Carpinī prope Münster, Germania. — A *Valsa decorticante* sporidiis ascisque minoribus differt.

47. **Valsa Dubyi** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 187. *Valsa coronata* Duby p. 475
 p. — Stromate e basi orbiculari depresso convexo, parum protuberante peridermio arcte adhærente tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-20, monostichis, mutua pressione varie angulatis, densissime stipatis, majusculis, in collum breve attenuatis; ostiolis plerumque parum exsertis, abbreviatis, cylindricis, aterrimis, nitidis, poro pro ratione lato pertusis, laxiuscule in disculum a stromatis substantia cincto, confertis, rarius plus minus elongatis, crassiusculis, subcylindricis, nonnihil flexuosis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus octosporis, $36 \approx 6$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, $7-10 \approx 2$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidæ: spermatiis allantoideis, $5 \approx 1$, breve stipitatis.

Hab. in ramulis et foliis Juniperii communis in Helvetia et Germania.

48. **Valsa decorticans** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412 pr. p. Nits. 476
 Pyr. Germ. p. 194, *Sphaeria decorticans* Fr. S. M. II. 396 p. p.
 — Stromate e basi suborbiculari v. saepius ovali depresso conico v. convexo, in ostiolorum discum abrupte attenuato, majusculo, peridermio facile solubili erumpente ejusque laciniis fissis cincto, fuscescente immo tandem nigrescente; peritheciis in singulo stromate, cortici interiori parum tantum immerso 6-22, monostichis dense stipatis mutuaque pressione e globoso angularibus, in collum longiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis plus minus exsertis, cylindricis, tenuibus, atris, nitidis, discum orbicularem v. stromate transver-

sim erumpente, ellipticum formantibus, plerumque dense stipatis, apice nunc rotundatis, v. truncatis poroque magis perspicuo pertusis nunc attenuatis, conicis, rarissime longius exertis, cylindricis, parum flexuosis; ascis anguste oblongis v. clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 44–50 \approx 6; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. rectis, hyalinis, 10–12 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea: spermatiis allantoideis 4–5 \approx 1, mediocriter stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Fagi sylvaticæ et Carpini in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Belgio.

49. **Valsa Liquidambaris** (Schw.) Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 115. Grev. 477 t. 75, fig. 16. *Sphæria Liquidambaris* Schw. Syn. Carol. n. 103. — Pustulata, minor, peritheciis decumbentibus, ostiolis minutis stipatis, teretibus, brevibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis (sec. exempl. Curtisi) allantoideis, hyalinis, 12 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Liquidambaris in Carolina, New Jersey (Am. bor.). — Media inter *S. coronatam* et *S. decorticantem*. Pustulæ lineam vix latæ, subinde vero plures confluunt, prominentes, conceptaculo a cortice interiori formato brunneo, epidermidem radiato-fissam demum excutientes. Stroma cinereum, in quo nidulan- tur sphærulæ nigræ flexuosæ. Discus nullus, sed ostiola in cen- tro exserta, minuta, conferta, lævia, nitida.

50. **Valsa sorbicola** Nits., Fuck. Symb. Myc. 198. *S. decorticans* Fr. 478 S. M. II, 396 p. p. in Sorbo. — Pustulata, peritheciis subdifformi- bus, aggregatis, ostiolis minutis, confertis, globosis, umbilicatis; ascis oblongo-ellipticis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 24 \approx 4; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 8 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Sorbi aucupariæ in Suecia, Ger- mania, Helvetia.

51. **Valsa excoriens** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VIII, p. 14. 479 Pustulis in cortice immersis, elevatis, erumpentibus et epidermi- dem ramorum excutientibus; disco primo sordido; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, minimis, hyalinis, 5–6 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Pyri arbutifoliæ, New Jersey (Amer. bor.). — Habitus *Valsæ decorticantis* Fr.; a qua sporidiis dimidio mi- noribus statim distinguitur.

52. **Valsa concamerata** Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 48, fig. 134. — 480 Peritheciis corticem elevantibus, conceptaculum concameratum ef- ficientibus, inter se filis albis fibrosis connexis; sporidiis stipatis, hyalinis, curvulis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis quercinis in Britannia. — Præeunte ipso Curreyo, mera forte *T. ceratophoræ* varietas.

53. **Valsa stephania** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 187. t. V. fig. 9. — Stroma fusco subgloboso, pustulato, protuberante, peridermio lacero non adhærente cincto, ostiolis fasciculatis v. dissitis adscendentibus v. varie flexis coronato; peritheciis in stromate singulo numerosis, stipatis, subglobosis in collum longum cylindricum flexuoso apicem versum sensim incrassatum productis; ascis innumeris coacervatis, exiguis, 16–18 \approx 4 (ex ic.), fusiformi-clavatis, 8-sporis, membrana tandem evanida; sporidiis subdistichis, minimis, oscillantibus simplicibus, cylindricis, rectis v. curvulis, hyalinis, 5 \approx 1 (ex icona); paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in cortice crassiore Acaciæ, Keren, Abyssinia. — Affinis *V. ceratophoræ*, a qua stromatis crassitie et ostiolis crassioribus et longioribus differt. «Sec. icones citatas dimensiones ascorum et sporidiorum sunt duplo maiores quam in textu Passerianiano citatæ; sed probabiliores sunt eæ, quas supra indicavi.

54. **Valsa Nyssæ** Cooke. Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 194, et in Grev. VI. 482 p. 145. — Pustulis cortice tectis; peritheciis ovatis, in collum longum attenuatis, atris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis linearibus curvulis, hyalinis 8 μ . long. Adsunt sæpe spermogonia majora in centro circuli peritheciorum.

Hab. in ramis Nyssæ, Aiken, Carolina inf. (Am. bor.).

55. **Valsa præclara** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 760 et Fl. Alg. p. 469, sub 483 *Sphaeria*. — Lentiformis, in rimis caulum seriata; stromate niveo; peritheciis ovoideis, membranaceis, erectis, conceptaculo hemisphærico tectis, ostiolis erumpentibus crassiusculis rugosis; sporidiis elongato-subreniformibus.

Hab. in caulibus Cirsii gigantei elapsis, La Calle (DURIEU).

56. **Valsa parasitica** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea VII, 484 p. 9. — Circinata. Peritheciis globosis, parvulis, decumbentibus, ostiolis elongatis, subflexuosis, supra fuscis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, minimis, 6 μ . longis.

Hab. in Massaria sudante vetusta, New Jersey, Am. bor.

57. **Valsa Nepalensis** (Berk). Sacc. *Sphaeria Nepalensis* Berk. Dec. 485 n. 487. — Pustulis depressis, 1–2 mill. lat.; peritheciis decumbentibus circinantibns; collis longis, ostiolis obsoletis; ascis angustis, sporidiis biseriatis, allantoideis, 7–8 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Betulæ, East Nepal, India (HOOKER).

— Matrix inter perithecia flavicat.

58. **Valsa anomia** (Schw.) Cooke Vals. Un. St. 116. *Sphaeria anomia* Schw. Syn. Fung. Am. bor. n. 1316, an Fr. — Convexo-diformis, libera, rugosa, stromate ligneo cinereo-nigricante, ostiolis exsertis distantibus magnis lœvibus; sporidiis botuliformibus 8-10 μ . long.
- Hab.* in ramis Robiniae in Carolina et Virginia, Am. bor. — Species homonyma Auct. europæorum ad *Aglaosporam* potius spectat.
59. **Valsa ligustrina** Cooke New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VIII. p. 14. — 487 Peritheciis paucis, ostiolis abbreviatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 8 μ . long.
- Hab.* in ramis Andromedæ ligustrinæ, New Jersey (Am. bor.). — Affinis *Valsæ delicatulæ* C. et E.
60. **Valsa juniperina** Cooke. Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 193 et in Grev. VI, 488 p. 144. — Pustulis epidermide tectis; disco farinaceo, pallido; peritheciis atris, paucis; ostiolis elongatis, cylindricis, leniter striatis; ascis subclavatis; sporidiis linearibus, obtusis, hyalinis, 8 μ . long.
- Hab.* in cortice Juniperi virginianæ, Aiken. Carol. inf. (Am. bor.).
61. **Valsa delicatula** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 10, 489 t. 95, fig. 11. — Pustulis minimis, circularibus v. oblongis, erumpentibus; peritheciis phialiformibus, membranaceis, brunneis, tectis, in acervulum brunneum collectis; ostiolis convergentibus, gracilis, ad apicem tumidis peritheciū aequantibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, 7,5 μ . long.
- Hab.* in ramis Andromedæ et Vaccinii, New Jersey (Am. boreali).
62. **Valsa subclypeata** C. et Peck. 27 Rep. p. 109. — Peritheciis ternatis vel quaternatis, pustulas epidermide atro-nitidula denique lacerata velatas, efformantibus circumcirca tandem dealbatos; ostiolis convergentibus epidermidem perforantibus; ascis anguste-fusoides; sporidiis linearibus minutis, utrinque rotundatis, leniter curvis, hyalinis.
- Hab.* in Amer. bor. Forestburgh, in ramulis quercinis et Rhododendri, New Jersey in ramis Rubi.
63. **Valsa conscripta** C. et E. New Jersey F. in Grev. VII, p. 8. — 491 Epidermide tecta; peritheciis subglobosis, ostiolis demum rimose erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis cylindricis, obtusis, curvulis, hyalinis, 20 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis Caryæ et Comptoniæ, New Jersey (Amer. boreali).

64. **Valsa clausa** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VIII, p. 13. 492

Cæspitulis in cortice nidulantibus, supra tectis; peritheciis 4–6 subglobosis; ostiolis brevibus, convergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, allantoideis, hyalinis, 16–18 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Quercus coccineæ, New Jersey, Am. bor.

— Peridermum leviter inflatum, vix tamen ab ostiolis convergentibus perforatum.

65. **Valsa rhoophila** C. et E. in Grev. VII, p. 9. — Pustulis orbicu-

laribus; peritheciis globosis, congestis; ostiolis in discum brunneum, dein atrum, erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis, allantoideis, circa 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Rhois venenatæ, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

66. **Valsa glandulosa** Cooke in Grevill. VII. 52. — Pustulis epider-

mide tectis, ostiolis convergentibus, erumpentibus, nigris, nec stellatis; ascis clavatis 30 \approx 10; sporidiis minimis, spermatioideis, 5 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Ailanthi, Aiken, Carolina inf. (Amer. bor.).

67. **Valsa campylospora** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 757. — Stromate cor-

ticali nigro immersa; peritheciis aggregatis inæqualibus ovoideo-sphæricis; ostiolis in discum superficiali-erumpentem minutum planum conjunctis, poroso-apertis; sporidiis linearibus lunato-curvatis 10–12 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice Quercus Suberis, Philippeville, Algeria (DURIEU).

68. **Valsa gossypina** Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 115. — Peritheciis sub-

quaternato-circinantibus, tectis, disco erumpente, ostiolis non sultatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, minutis hyalinis, 5–6 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Gossypii, Carolina inf. (RAVENEL). — Habitus Quaternariæ Persoonii.

69. **Valsa Eucalypti** Cooke et Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1881, p. 85. — 497

Erumpens, subrotunda, convexa, nigra; peritheciis oblongis; ostiolis elongatis, cylindricis, levibus, rectis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus; sporidiis rectis v. leniter curvis, utrinque obtusis, 8–9 \approx 1,5, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Eucalypti Globuli, California, Amer. bor.

— Pustulæ minutæ ex 5–6 peritheciis constantes.

70. **Valsa echidna** Cooke Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 4. — Erumpens; pe-

ritheciis 10–20, in stromate niveo pulverulento nidulantibus; ostio-

lis cylindricis elongatis, flexuosis, exertis; ascis numerosissimis, clavatis minimis, 20–25 \approx 6; sporidiis tenuibus curvulis hyalinis, 4 μ . long.

Hab. in corticibus in Australia (MÜLLER). — *Habitus Valsæ Salliae* Berk.

71. **Valsa monadelpha** Fr. Summa V. S. 411, Cooke Valsei of Un. 499 St. 117. *Sphæria monadelpha* Fr. S. M. II, 382. — Lentiformis, libera, basi adnata, stromate cinereo-nigro, ostiolis exsertis, stipatis in discum convexum connexis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Prunorum etc. in Suecia, Gallia. Amer. bor. — Perithecia 5–6, circa centrale circinantia, cum stromate proprio arcte inclusa, collis brevibus, ostiolis confertissimis brevibus in nodum quasi collectis. Supra ligna denudata variat effusa ostiolis distinctis. — *Sphæria monadelpha* Rabh. D. Crypt. pag. 212, in Rhamno et Syringa, sporidiis ovoideis majusculis speciem et genus absque dubio aliena sistit.

72. **Valsa microspora** (Crouan) Sacc. *Diatrype microspora* Crouan 500 Finist. p. 33. — Peritheciis 2–8 aggregatis, 1–2 mill. diam., nigris, sphæricis, ostiolo elongato præditis; ascis minutis, octosporis; sporidiis subcylindricis curvulis biguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Populi, Viburni, Cratægi, Finistère (Gallia).

73. **Valsa Macluræ** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VIII, p. 14. 501 — Pustulis sub-corticalibus; ostiolis congestis, tandem expositis, brunneo-cinctis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis minimis, allantoideis, hyalinis, 5 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Macluræ aurantiacæ, New Jersey, Amer. boreali.

74. **Valsa Pseudoplatani** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 205. *Sphæria* 502 *Pseudoplatani* Fr. in Myc. Heft II, 47. *Sph. stilbostoma* β . *umbilicata* Fr. S. M. II, 404. — Stromate minuto, e basi orbiculari conico-truncato, salvo disco, peridermio integro tecto, nonnihil protuberante, tandem disparente, peritheciis liberis, peridermio detracto adhærentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 2–10, plerumque vero 5–6, circinantibus, globosis, vix umquam angulatis, majusculis, collo brevissimo instructis; ostiolis minutis, vix exsertis, atris, poro pro ratione majusculo, pertusis, in disculi minutissimi, ex dilute ochraceo tandem fuscescentis margine emergentibus; ascis anguste clavatis, v. oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 40–80 \approx 8; sporidiis subdistichis, oblique monostichis v. in ascii parte media disti-

chis, in inferiore et superiore contra monostichis, cylindricis v. obtuse fusiformibus, nonnihil curvatis v. rectis, hyalinis, 5–15–(plerumque 8–10) $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$ –4. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; sporangiis allantoideis, 5 \approx 1,5, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris Pseudoplatani, Cappenberg, Germania et in Suecia.

75. **Valsa decidua** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea VII, p. 9. 503

— Pustulis elongatis, erumpentibus; peritheciis minimis, atris, stromate furfuraceo brunneo exceptis (12–20), ostiolis elongatis, demum partim deciduis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, minimis, hyalinis, 10 μ . long. curvatis.

Hab. in ramis Azaleæ in New Jersey (Am. bor.).

76. **Valsa subscripta** (Fr.) Cooke Vals. Un. St. 116. *Sph. tessella* β . 504

S. subscripta Fr. S. M. II. 395, nec Wallr. — Peritheciis circinantibus, linea cingente subobliterata, ostiolis in disculo erumpente solitariis; ascis minutis; sporidiis allantoideis, minutis.

Hab. in ramis Robiniae in Carolina infer. — Affinis *Valsa salicinæ*.

77. **Valsa stenopora** Tul. Sel fung. Carp. III. — Circinata, epider- 505

mide pustulata tecta, ostiolis in disculum minutum atrum erumpentem convergentibus, minute pertusis; ascis tereti-clavatis, 40–50 \approx 4–5, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 1,5–2. — Spermogonia *Cytisporam* sistentia, frequentissima.

Hab. in ramis languidis Alni glutinosæ in Gallia et Italia boreali.

78. **Valsa Alni** Peck. 25 Rep. p. 103. — Peritheciis cortice interio- 506

re nidulantibus, nigris; ostiolis brevibus, nigris, obtusis, discum parvum nigricantem, sæpe transverse erumpentem punctulantibus; sporidiis sparsis aut distichis, allantoideis, 10–13 μ . long. hyalinis.

Hab. in Amer. bor., Center, in truncis et ramis Alni, qui tunc longe lateque asperuli fiunt.

79. **Valsa americana** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 872, Cooke 507

Valsei of Un. St. 114. — Pustulis epidermide tectis; ostiolis congestis necstellatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, 10–12 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis arborum variarum v. g. Alni serrulatæ in Amer. bor. frequens æque ac *E. stellulata*. Vix forte diversa a *V. Alni* Peck.

80. **Valsa truncata** C. et Peck. 25 Rep. of St. Mus. p. 103, Cooke 508

Valsei U. S. p. 117. — Erumpens, prominens, truncata; peritheciis 6–8, cortice interiore nidulantibus, globosis, nigris, collis in

discum ellipticum v. circularem nigrum ostiolis punctulatum, marginaque pruinosum desinentibus; ascis minutis lanceolatis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, 8-10 μ . long. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea, truncata, medio pulverulenta et subrimosa; spermatiis allantoideis, coacervatis succineis, 3-5 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Alni, Johnsburgh, Warren c., Amer. bor.

81. **Valsa punica** S. et S. Michel. I. p. 367, Fungi ital. 403. — Acer-⁵⁰⁹ vulis sparsis, cortice nidulantibus, e peritheciis paucis, laxe cohærentibus monostichis efformatis; peritheciis globulosis $1/4$ mill. diam., nigris, nitidis, ostiolis cylindraceis perithecium subæquantibus, modice convergentibus erumpentibusque; peritheciis contextu sinuose parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis sessilibus, 45-50 \approx 8, utrinque obtusiusculis, apophysatis, octospororis; sporidiis distichis botuliformibus, 12-14 \approx 3, utrinque obtusis 1-guttulatisque perfecte hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Punicæ Granati a Conegliano, aut. 1877, socia *Cytispora punica* Sacc.. ejus spermogonio, sic definienda: peritheciis subcutaneis, globulosis, laxe congregatis, ostiolis vix convergentibus cylindraceis, perithecio sublongioribus; contextu regulariter parenchymatico, fuligineo; spermatiis botuliformibus, 5 \approx 1, hyalinis, basidiis bacillaribus duplo triplo longioribus suffultis.

82. **Valsa acclinis** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412. Nits. Pyr. Germ.⁵¹⁰ p. 207. De Not. Sf. ital. n. 39, f. 39. — Stromate convexo, depresso, minuto; peritheciis sub peridermio fere liberis, corticis interioris strato supremo parum v. vix immersis, in orbem v. rarius in soros oblongos dispositis, decumbentibus, globosis, minutis, ex fusco nigricantibus, in colla perithecii diametrum æquantibus v. brevioribus subito attenuatis, apicibus obtusis nec incrassatis, adscendentibus, perforatis, subjunctis, peridermum perforantibus; ascis clavatis, basim versus breviter attenuatis, octosporis 60 \approx 6-8; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, parum curvatis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 7-9 \approx 2 (sec. De Not. sp. 12-14 μ . long.).

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Pyri Mali, Driesen (Germania), in Ital. bor., Suecia. — Species homonyma Schweinitzii Syn. f. Amer. bor. n. 1389 aliena est, teste Cooke, et hic sub nomine *Valsa inclinis* exhibetur.

83. **Valsa syngenesia** Fr. Summa V. S. 411. Cooke Handb. n. 2462, nec Curr. — Conica, basi adnata ceterum sublibera; stromate cinereo-nigro, ostiolis exertis; sporidiis cylindricis, curvulis, minutis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Sambuci in Britannia et Rubi in Carolina. — Sec. Berk. hæc est genuina species Friesiana; e contra Currey, Nitschke, Fuckel etc. ad hanc ducunt *Diaporthes* speciem, et revera descriptio Friesii ad hanc postremam potius pertinet. Exemplaria homonyma anglica Plowrightii et Cookei *Eutypæ heterocanthæ* meæ peraffinia sunt.

B) *Macrosporæ*: sporidiis majoribus (14-28 μ . long.).

84. **Valsa ambiens** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412. Sacc. Myc. 512

Ven. Sp. t. XIII, f. 5-7. *Sphæria ambiens* Pers. *Sph. capsularis* Pers. *Sph. deplanata* Nees (p. p. in Pyro) *Sph. sphinctrina* Fr. p. p. — Stromate conico, truncato, depresso, plus minus protuberante, peridermio vulgo fisso adhærente tecto; peritheciis 4-20 in singulo stromate, fere monostichis, sphæroideis vel mutua pressione angulatis, majusculis, collis tenuissimis ostiolisque incrassatis, subsphæroideis vel subovoideis, depresso, laevibus, majusculis, atris, discum primo albidum, dein cinereum, demum fuscescentem vel atrum ambientibus vel cingentibus instructis; ascis elongatis vel clavatis, 8-sporis, rarius 4-sporis, 40-88 = 10-16; sporidiis conglobatis vel subdistichis, curvulis vel subrectis, octonis, 16-18 = 3-4; quaternis 20-26 = 5-6. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora carphosperma* Fr. etc.) stromatibus perithecigeris sat similia, disco rotundato sordido, papilla vulgo unica, atra, pertusa instructo, multilocularia; spermatiis elongatis, curvulis, 5-7 = 1, tandem in cirrhos albolutescentes propulsis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis arborum plurimarum, Pyri, Aceris, Carpinii, Coryli, Alni, Pruni, Ulmi, Quercus, Cratægi, Populi, Castaneæ, Rosæ, Tiliæ in tota Europa. — Cfr. quoad formas varias Nits. Pyr., Sacc. Mich. etc.

85. **Valsa populina** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I, p. 314. — Fungus spermogonicus *Nœmaspora populina* Pers. Syn. F. p. 109. Cirrhis flavis; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, 8 = 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. Fungus ascophorus *Valsa salicina* valde similis; ostiolis punctiformibus, in disco sordide albo, pulveraceo, aterrimis; ascis oblongis, substipitatis, 4sporis, 54 = 8; sporidiis cylindraceis, parum curvatis, continuis, 20 = 4.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Populi nigræ, Estrich, Rhenogavia. — Præcipue ob spermogonia a *Valsa sordida*, *salicina* et *ambiente* tute dignoscitur.

86. **Valsa salicina** (P.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412. Nits. Pyr. 514

Germ. p. 212. *Sphæria salicina* Pers. — Stromate e basi orbiculari conico, depresso, truncato, paullo protuberante, pustulato, salvo disco, peridermio adhærente, integro tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-12, circinantibus, globosis, collis brevissimis ac tenuissimis instructis, corticis parenchymati immutato insculptis; ostiolis in disci erumpentis, minimi, albidi margine v. in ejus superficie ordine vario ac sero emergentibus vix exsertis, minutissimis, atris, globosis, poro angustissimo pertusis; ascis anguste oblongis v. clavatis sessilibus octo- v. tetrasporis, 44-68 = 8; sporocylindricis, curvulis, unicellularis, hyalinis, in ascis octosporis subdistichis, 12-18 = 2½-4; in ascis tetrasporis vero duabus ascis medium et e reliquis altera ejus partem superiorem altera inferiorem occupantibus, 20-32 = 5-7. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora fugax* Fr.), radiatim multilocellata; spermatiis allantoideis 4-5 = 1, longe stipitatis tandem in cirrhos rubellos v. pallidos protrusis.

Hab. in ramis Salicis albæ, vitellinæ, triandræ, fragilis, babylonicae in tota fere Europa et Amer. bor. — Ad sunt in Amer. bor. formæ parum diversæ in Viburno, Liquidambar, Platano.

87. **Valsa boreella** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 141. — Peritheciis 12- 515 20 in quovis stromate, circinantibus, sphæroideis, sat minutis, ostiolis incrassatis, subsphæroideis, lævibus, atris, sat minutis, in margine disci confertissimis; sporidiis octonis cylindraceis, curvulis vel subrectis, conglobatis, 7-10, raro -12 = 1,5-2; spermatiis elongatis, curvulis, 4-6 = 1.

Hab. in ramis Salicum in Lapponia orientali passim v. c. Sasheika, Rasnavolok, Kola. Etiam prope Mustiala, ad Salicem capræam.

88. **Valsa Curreyi** Nits. Pyr. Germ. 202. *Sphæria Abietis* Curr. Linn. 516 Trans. XXII, pag. 279, fig. 147, nec Fr. — Stromate e basi orbiculari, rarius ovali conico-truncato v. fere hemisphærico, protuberante, lateribus peridermio stellato-fisso, adhærente tecto: peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-15, plerumque 5-8, in corticis parenchymate immutato circinatim, rarius monostiche nidulantibus, majusculis, subglobosis v. compressis, collis brevibus instructis; ostiolis incrassatis, globosis, papilla minima, atra, nitidula, poro angustissimo pertusa superposita, nunc in disco ex albido-fuscescente dispersis vel in ejus margine emergentibus, nunc contra dense confertis, discum integrum occupantibus; ascis anguste clavatis, membrana apice crassiuscula textis, octosporis, 68-76 = 8-9; spo-

diis subdistichis, curvulis v. rectis, cylindricis, hyalinis, 12–16 (rariſime–20) $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$ –3. — Spermogonium s̄itit *Cytisporam*: spermatiis allantoideis, 3–5 ≈ 1 , longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis Laricis, Abietis excelsæ et Pini sylvestris in Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Italia. — Sporidia duplo majora quam in *V. Abietis*.

89. **Valsa Cypri** Tul. Fung. Carp. II, 194, t. XXV, fig. 10–20. Nits. 517

Pyr. Germ. 206. — Peritheciis 3–8 minutis, circinantibus, cortice interiore nidulantibus, globosis, dein collapsis, in ostiola brevicolle disculum truncatum vix emersum formantia desinentibus; ascis subclavatis, 44–54 ≈ 7 , octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 11–12 ≈ 2 (14–18 ≈ 3 , Nits.). — Spermogoniis unilocularibus; spermatiis allantoideis 5–6 ≈ 1 –1,5 in cirrhos olivaceos exslientibus.

Hab. in ramis Ligustri vulgaris in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Fennia. — Spermogonium est *Cytispora* (*Phoma?*) pruina Fr.

90. **Valsa betulina** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 210. — Stromate majusculo, 518 e basi ovali in discum late ellipticum attenuato, valde protuberante, peridermii rimis, transversim directis, erumpente; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis, 20–35, circa stromatis partem medium, sterilem, serie plerumque subtriplici circinantibus, dense stipatis globosis v. compressis, corticis parenchymati alte immersis, collis crassiusculis instructis; ostiolis in disci ex albido fuscenscentis margine emergentibus, exsertis, confertissimis, valde incrassatis, granibus, e basi rotundata apicem versus conico-attenuatis, pyriformibus, poro pro ratione angusto tandem pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 60 ≈ 8 –9; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 14–20 ≈ 3 .

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Betulæ albæ prope Schwerin (Germania). — Affinis *V. ambienti*, fabrica ostiolorum tamen diversa.

91. **Valsa germanica** Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 215. *Sphæria tessella* β decedens Alb. et Schw. — Stromate vix ullo; peritheciis 3–9 in quovis circulo, in cortice interiori immutato libere nidulantibus, peridermio omnino tectis discum medium sterilem ex cinereo pallide fuscenscentem vel spermogonium cingentibus, concentricis, sphæroides, minutis, collis brevissimis ostiolisque rotundatis, lævibus, atris, minutis, peridermum perforantibus, plus minus distantibus, poro angustissimo pertusis; ascis e basi tenuata elongatis, perite superne crassiuscula, 8– vel 4-sporis, 72 ≈ 8 ; sporidiis congregatis

vel subdistichis, cylindraceis, curvulis vel rectis, octonis 10-20, plerumque 14-16 \approx 2,5-4; quaternis 24 \approx 6-7. — Spermogonia conico-truncata, disco ex albido cinereo et papilla minutissima, atra, centrali, pertusa instructa, multilocularia, locellis radiatim dispositis. Spermatia cylindrica, curvula, 4-6 \approx 1,5.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus Salicis triandræ, pentandræ, fragilis nec non Betulæ et Populi tremulæ in Germania et Fennia. — An eadem ac *V. tessella* Fr., sed hæc sporidiis brevioribus prædicta, sec. Cooke.

92. **Valsa obtecta** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea VI, p. 11. 520

— Pustulis minimis, ovatis; peritheciis 3-5 globosis; ostiolis sursum attenuatis, erumpentibus; sporidiis allantoideis, 14-15 \approx 3,5.

Hab. in ramis Clethræ alnifoliæ, New Jersey, Amer. bor. bor. — Affinis *Valsæ Cypri*, sed ostiola discreta.

93. **Valsa olivacea** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I, 305. — Spermogoniis 521

sparsis, globosis, 1 mill. lat., atro-olivaceis, simplicibus, sub epidermide pustulato-inflata nidulantibus, tectis, ostiolo vix prominulo, minutissimo, punctiformi, obtuso, perforato; cirrhis plerumque confluentibus, olivaceis; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 8-9 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$. Peritheciis ascigeris demum in spermogoniorum viciniis ortis, 5-10, sub stromate late conico seu elliptico circinatis, decumbentibus, spermogoniorum magnitudine coloreque, in collum attenuatis, ostiolis in disco olivaceo, sed a corticis epidermide alba tectis, distinete exsertis, atris, primo conicis, demum perforatis; ascis stipitatis, oblongis, 8-sporis, 68 \approx 12; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceis, parum curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 18 \approx 5.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis tenuioribus Loniceræ Xylostei, Schloss Vollrads, Rhenogovia. — Affinis *Valsæ Cypri*, a qua spermatiis crassioribus, ostiolis longioribus etc. mox dignoscitur.

94. **Valsa sepincola** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. II. p. 35. — Spermogoniis 522

sparsis, in cortice interiori nidulantibus, late conicis, labyrinthiformi-loculatis, epidermidem fusce colorantibus, disco convexo planove, orbiculari, sordide albo, poro communi perforato; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, 6 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, Peritheciis ascigeris in cortice interiore sine conceptaculo proprio nidulantibus, circinatis, 10-15, pro ratione majusculis, globoso-ovatis, decumbentibus, atris, disco minuto, orbiculari, candido, ab ostiolis non exertis, minutissimis, punctiformibus, atris punctulato; ascis lanceolatis, 4-sporis, 50 \approx 8; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, 20-22 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Rosæ rubiginosæ et Rubi fruticosi, Oestrich (Rhenogovia). — Affinis *Valsa salicinæ*.

95. **Valsa pustulata** Aw. in Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 211. *Sphæria am-* 523
biens Auct. p. p. — Stromate e basi orbiculari v. ovali conico, truncato v. centro depresso, plus minus protuberante, pustulato, peridermio plerumque arcte adhærente, integro, rarius stellatim fiso tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-8, rarius pluribus, circinatis, rarissime submonostichis, majusculis, subglobosis, collis brevibus, instructis; ostiolis in disci emersi, minuti, ex cinereo fuscescentis margine erumpentibus vel omnino non v. paullo tantum incrassatulis, cylindricis, rarius subglobosis, truncatis, poro pro ratione majusculo pertusis, atris, nitidulis; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, $44-60 \approx 6-8$; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. rectis, hyalinis, $15 \approx 3$, rarius $10-20 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-4$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis, 4-5 ≈ 1 , longiuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis Fagi sylvaticæ in Germania, Gallia, Italia. 524

96. **Valsa Taxi** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I. 316. — Spermogoniis pustulatis, 2-3 mill. lat., convexis seu lato-obtuso-conicis, saepe confluentibus, poro centrali minuto in disco orbiculari, plano, sordido, intus multicellularibus, corneis, griseis; cirrhis longissimis, piliformibus, contortis, aureis; sprematiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, $8 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$. Peritheciis ascigeris 12-20, demum circum spermogonia in cortice interiori inordinate nidulantibus, decumbentibus, globosis, atris, in collum perithecium dimidium æquans attenuatis, ostiolis in disco sordido, punctiformibus, planis plicatisque, atris, demum discum totum occupantibus; ascis stipitatis, oblongis 8-sporis, $72 \approx 8$; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, $16 \approx 3$.

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis Taxi baccatæ in Rhenogovia, Reichartshausen. — Affinis *V. Friesii*, a qua sporidiis majoribus etc. differt.

97. **Valsa pauperata** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea VIII, 525
 p. 14, M. U. n. 1954. — Gregaria, tecta, erumpens; peritheciis 2-3 in pustulas minutas congregatis, atris; ostiolis majusculis epidemidem perforantibus; ascis clavatis $60 \approx 12$; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, confertis, $14-17 \approx 3$.

Hab. in ramis Aceris, New Jersey, Am. bor. — Pustulæ copiosæ, quandoque in lineas flexuosas digestæ. — Spermogonia pustulis ascigeris intermixta.

98. **Valsa cooperta** Cooke Valsei of Un. St. p. 118. — Peritheciis 526

valseis..... collis abbreviatis, ostiolis integris; sporidiis octonis, allantoideis, majusculis, 16-18 \approx 4, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi campestris, New Jork, Am. bor. —
«Forte Valsæ ambienti affinis».

99. **Valsa dolosa** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 200. *Sphæria dolosa* Fr. 527

S. M. II. 405, p. p. — Stromatibus majusculis e basi suborbiculari plus minus convexis protuberantibus, peridermio arctissime adhaerente, fisso v. subintegro, salvo disco v. ostiolis. tectis, gregariorum, plerumque approximatis v. basi confluentibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-12, rarius, 3-4, majusculis, subcircinantibus v. sine ordine stipatis, globosis, in corticis parenchymate haud mutato nidulantibus; ostiolis maxime incrassatis, globosis v. ovoideis, immo e basi incrassata fere conicis, grandiusculis, atris, nunc confertis, fasciculatim v. sine ordine erumpentibus nunc contra in disci albidi, deinde fuscescentis margine tantum emergentibus, poro angustissimo pertusis; ascis anguste oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 64 \approx 10; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, 14-18 \approx 3-5. — Spermogonia cytisporidea, intus viridula: sporiis allantoideis 6-7 \approx 1.5, longissime pedicellatis.

Hab. in ramis Salicis capreæ prope Münster; in ramis Celastrini in Carolina (an eadem species?).

100. **Valsa laurina** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VII. p. 9. — 528

Epidermide nigrificata tecta; pustulis convexis; ostiolis convergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis cylindricis, utrinque obtusis; curvulis, hyalinis, 20 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis Lauri Sassafras, New Jersey (Am. bor.).

101. **Valsa rhodophila** Berk. et Br. Ann. and Mag. of nat. Hist. ser. 529

III, vol. III, (1859) p. 367 (?) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 209. — Stroma minuto, basi orbiculari, parum tantum v. vix protuberante peridermio integro, ratus fisso, arcte adhaerente tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-6, corticis parenchymati haud mutato insculptis, in circulum simplicem, rarius ordine haud perspicuo gregarieque dispositis, minutis, globosis; ostiolis in disculi minutissimi, nigrescentis margine v. saepius, disco obliterate, fasciculatim fere erumpentibus, e basi valde incrassato conicis v. ovoideis, ratus globosis, atris, nitidulis, poro raro perspicuo, angustissimo pertusis; ascis clavatis, v. oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, membrana apicem versus incrassata textis, 84 \approx 9-10; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. rectis, hyalinis, plerumque 16- ra-

rius 12-14 = 3-4. — Spermogonia conico-truncata, spurie pauci-locularia; spermatiis allantoideis 5-7 = 1, breve pedicellatis.

Hab. in ramis siccis Rosæ caninæ in Germania et Britan-
nia. Sec. B. et Br. sporidia tantum 10 μ . longa; an diversa species?

102. **Valsa Fabreana** Sacc. *Valsa Macluræ* H. Fabr. Sphér. Vaucl. 530
p. 70 (Oct. 1879), nec *V. Macluræ* C. et E. (Sept. 1879). — Pe-
ritheciis 10 vel minus in quoque acervulo, cortice immutato in-
fossis, globosis, atris, ostiolis brevibus, obtusis, atris, confertim
erumpentibus; ascis clavatis, breviter stipitatis, 4-sporis, 45-50 =
9-10; sporidiis hyalinis, continuis, cylindraceis, curvatis, utrinque
obtusis, 18-20 = 5-6.

Hab. in ramis resectis *Macluræ aurantiacæ*, Autumno,
Orange, Vaucluse. — In iisdem ramis adest fungus spermogonius.
Spermogonia minima, mono- vel pauci-cellularia, poro in medio di-
sci albicantis perforata; sprematiis cylindraceis, rectis vel curva-
tis, continuis, hyalinis, 5-6 = 1-1,2

103. **Valsa inclinis** Sacc. *V. acclinis* Schw. Syn. Fungi Amer. bor. 531
n. 1389. Cooke Valsei U. S. p. 116, nec Auct. Europ. — Circina-
ta, minuta, peritheciis subquinis, globosis, erectis, ostiolis parallelis
stipatis incrassatis prominentibus; sporidiis in apice ascorum con-
globatis, allantoideis, 20-25 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Lauri Sassafras prope Bethlehem, Am. bor.

104. ?**Valsa Mahaleb** C. et Ellis New Jersey Fungi Grev. VI, p. 11. 532
— Pustulata; peritheciis 3-4; ascis clavatis; sporidiis majusculis.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Mahaleb, New Jersey. — Specimina
immatura ergo species dubia.

Subgen. *Leucostoma* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 221.

Stroma corticale, infra linea nigra circumscriptum; discus sæ-
pius albus v. cinereus v. flavidus. — Nonnullæ species mihi imper-
fecte cognitæ forte ad *Euvalsas* transferendæ.

105. **Valsa nivea** (Hoffm.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411, Nits. Pyr. 533
Germ. p. 224. *Sphaeria nivea* Hoffm. — Stromate conico-trun-
cato vel fere cylindraceo, leviter protuberante peridermio adnatis,
cortici leviter immersis, 1-1,5 mill. diam., disco orbiculari, fari-
naceo, niveo; peritheciis 4-12 in singulo stromate, monostichis vel
spermogonio centrali circumpositis, subsphæroideis, minutis, collis
tenuibus ostiolisque sub prominulis, sparsis, raro confertis vel in
circulo dispositis, subsphæroideis, atris, minimis; ascis elongatis,

8-sporis, 48–60 \approx 8–9; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindraceis, curvulis, 12–14 \approx 3. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora nivea* (Pers.)) disco niveo, poro plerumque unico, multilocularia, spermatiis fusoideo-elongatis, curvulis, 6 \approx 1, tandem in cirrhos rubro-hyacinthinos expulsis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum Populi tremulæ, P. nigræ, P. fastigiatae, P. canescentis in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali. — Var. *tetraspora*: ascis fusoideis, 40 \approx 6–7; sporidiis quaternis distichis, 15–17 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, allantoideis, hyalinis. Cum specie frequens.

106. **Valsa Auerswaldii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. 225. *Sphaeria leucostoma* 534

Auct. p. p. — Stromate conico-truncato vel fere hemisphærico, pustulato, plus minus protuberante, cortice interiore vix immerso, peridermio adnato disco suborbiculari, albido, deinde fuscescente; peritheciis in quovis stromate 3–8, monostichis vel circinantibus, substantiæ stromatis sordide luteæ vel pallidæ insculptis, sphæroideis, minutis, collis longiusculis ostiolisque rotundatis vel truncatis, plerumque haud exsertis, sparsis, atris, minutis, tandem poro latiusculo pertusis; ascis elongatis, 8– vel 4-sporis, 40–80 \approx 8–12; sporidiis congregatis vel subdistichis, elongatis, valde curvatis vel subrectis, 12–22 \approx 2,5–3, rarius –5. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora personata* Fr. p. p.) stromatibus peritheciigeris similia, sed paullo minora, disco orbiculari, albido, poro vulgo unico, spuriæ plurilocularia; spermatiis elongatis, curvulis 6–8 \approx 2, tandem in cirrhos rubro-hyacinthinos expulsis.

Hab. in ramis Rhamni Frangulæ, rarius in Fago, Betula, Malo et Salice caprea in Germania, Fennia, Italia bor.

— In forma *tetraspora salicicola* ascii 28–36 \approx 8; sporidia 16–20 \approx 3–4.

107. **Valsa Massariana** De Not. Sfer. ital. cent. I, p. 34, n. 37, t. 37, 535

Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 221. *Sphaeria leucostoma* Auct. p. p. — Stromate e basi late ovali in discum ellipticum, rarius subrotundum attenuato, peridermio adnato per peridermii rimas, transversim directas, erumpente; peritheciis in singulo stromate 8–10 v. pluribus, spermogonio centrali circumpositis, densissime stipatis, mutuaque pressione angulatis, in collum crassiusculum attenuatis; ostiolis in disco ex cinereo fuscescente marginalibus, incrassatis, globosis, atris, poro pertusis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, tetra- v. octosporis 48–60 \approx 9–12; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, 20–26 \approx 4. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis 6–7 \approx 1, breve stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis Sorbi Aucupariæ in Gallia, Germania, Italia.

108. **Valsa excipienda** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 144. — Forma quasi 536 media inter *V. Massarianam* et *V. leucostomam*, ab illa sporidiis minoribus, ab hac stromatibus majoribus, ostiolis marginalibus majoribus, spermogoniis centrum stromatis peritheciigeris ut plurimum occupantibus, et spermatiis longioribus differens; ascis 50–60 \approx 9–12, octosporis, sporidiis 9–12–14 \approx 3–4; spermatiis 5–8 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis Sorbi aucupariæ per totam Fenniam et Lapponiam, frequens.

109. **Valsa leucostoma** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411. *Sphaeria leucostoma* Pers. Syn. p. 39. *Valsa Persoonii* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 537 222. — Stromate conico-truncato, erumpente, plus minus protuberante, peridermio adhærente, 1,5–2 mill. cr.; disco rotundato vel subellipsoideo, niveo-pulverulento; peritheiis 3–10, rarius 20 in quovis stromate, monostichis vel circinantibus, sphæroideis, majusculis, collis longis ostiolisque rotundatis, raro oblongatis, atris parum vel nonnihil exsertis, sparsis; ascis fusoideo-elongatis, 8-sporis, 48–56 \approx 6–8; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindraceis, curvulis, chlorino-hyalinis, 10–18 \approx 2,5–3,5. — Spermogonia (*Cytispora leucostoma* (P.) Sacc. *C. nivea* Fuck.) stromatibus peritheciigeris similia, plerumque multilocularia, poro in disco ut plurimum unico; spermatiis fusoideo-elongatis, curvulis, 4–5 \approx 1, demum in cirrhos rubros expulsis.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Cerasi, Padi, domesticæ (etiam Persicæ, Oxyacanthæ sec. Fabr.) Sorbi Aucupariæ in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali.

110. **Valsa Kunzei** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411, *Sphaeria Kunzei* 538 Fr. *Sph. Pini* α Schm. et Kunz. — Stromate minuto, e basi ovali in discum ellipticum, rarius subrotundum planiusculum sensim attenuato, per peridermii rimas, transversim directas, erumpente, protuberante, ex substantia e luteo tandem expallente composito; peritheiis in singulo stromate 8–15, monostiche v. fere radiatim nidulantibus, minutis, confertis, subglobosis, collis breviusculis instructis; ostiolis exiguis, atris, nitidulis, nonnihil exsertis, rotundatis v. truncatis et poro angustissimo pertusis, in disco mox fuscidente confertim sparsis; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis sessilibus, octosporis, 28 \approx 4–5; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, 7–8 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis 5 \approx 1, longiuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Abietis pectinatæ et excelsæ in Germania, Gallia, Helvetia et Britannia.

111. **Valsa Strobi** Pass. Erb. critt. ital. Ser. II, n. 947. — Stromate 539 e basi orbiculari discoideo, protuberante, 2 mill. diam. disco griseo fusco pustulato, peridermio integro vel stellatim fisso, arcte adhærente, tecto; peritheciis numerosis in parenchymate non mutato nidulantibus; ascis lanceolatis, clavatis, 25±3; sporidiis octonis distichis, cylindricis, rectis vel curvulis, hyalinis, 6-7±1-1,5.

Hab. in cortice Pini Strobi prope Parmam (Ital. bor.). — A *Valsa Kunzei* stromate crassiore et peritheciis numerosioribus præ ceteris differt, Pass. — «An tamen satis diversa a *V. superficiali* Nits. ?».

112. **Valsa superficialis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 232. — Stromatibus 540 grandiusculis, basi orbicularibus, in pustulas plerumque dense sparsas immo confluentes, convexas sed circa discum medium majusculum deplanatas v. saepius impressas protuberantibus, peridermio tenui, disco tantum pertuso, ceterum integerrimo et arctissime adhærente tectis; disco suborbiculari, planiusculo, stromati tamquam imposito, basi constricto, ostiolis minutis, arctissime stipatis, aterrimis, opacis v. nitidulis, rotundatis pæne ex integro formato, hinc inde stromatis substantia parca, ex sulphureo fuscescente peridermique laciniis arrectis cincto; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis 10-30, minutis, submonostichis, confertissimis saepaque mutua pressione angulatis, in collum longiusculum, tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ascis oblongis v. subclavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 24-26±5; sporidiis congregatis, tenuiter cylindricis, parum curvatis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, 8-9±1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis dejectis levibus Pini Strobi, prope Münster, Germania, rarius.

113. **Valsa duriuscula** Otth, in Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 234. — Stromate 541 e basi orbiculari in conulum sensim attenuato, plus minus protuberante, peridermio arctissime adhærente poroque exiguo, rotundo tantum pertuso, ceterum integerrimo tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-8, densissime stipatis valde depressis ac plerumque angulatis, minutis, monostichis v. subcircinantibus, in collum tenuissime cylindricum abrupte attenuatis; stromatis substantia olivascenti-cinerea, parca; ostiolis aterrimis, perexiguis, disculum orbicularem v. rarius ovalem, planum, pulverulento-niveum haud superantibus et in ejus regione centrali gregatim, rarius sparsim ac sine ordine erumpentibus; ascis anguste oblongis v. cylindrico-cla-

vatis, membrana crassiuscula textis, tetrasporis (v. octosporis?), 29–33 \approx 5; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, parum curvatis, subhyalinis, in ascis tetrasporis 10–12 \approx 2. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea: spermatiis allantoideis 3 \approx 1, sterigmatibus ramosis suffultis; cirrhis rubellis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ, Heimberg (Helvetia) ubi legis OTTH. — Affinis *Valsa* *Auerswaldi*.

114. ***Valsa diatrypa*** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 542

p. 226, *Sphaeria diatrypa* Fr. V. *nivea* Fabr. (p. p. in Alno?).

— Stromate minuto, e basi orbiculari v. ovali conico-attenuato, truncato, protuberante, pustulato, disculo minutissimo peridermum, poro v. rimula, perforatum, vix superante; peritheciis in singulo conceptaculo 3–7, sæpe spermogonio centrali circumpositis rarius stroma integrum, ordine monosticho, occupantibus, globosis, collis tenuissimis instructis; ostiolis minutissimis, punctiformibus, rotundatis, atris, nunc in disci orbicularis, exigui, albidi margine, nunc contra dense stipatis erumpentibus, vix exsertis; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, curvulis, hyalinis, 16–18– rarius –24 \approx 3–6. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis allantoideis 6 \approx 2, longe stipitatis; cirrhis rubellis.

Hab. in ramis Alni glutinosæ et incanæ in Suecia, Germania, Gallia et Fennia. — In exemplaribus fennicis, sec. Karst. asci 32–40 \approx 7–8 (p. sporif.); sporidia 15–22 \approx 2,5–4,5; spermatia 4–6 \approx 1.

Var. *Hippophaës* Rehm Ascom. n. 270. — Peritheciis in singulo stromate 2–4, spermogonio centrali deficiente, ostiolis in disco minutissimis vix perspicuis; ascis 50 \approx 9; sporidiis octonis 15 \approx 3; paraphysibus articulatis. — In ramis Hippophaës in Tyrolia.

115. ***Valsa Aquifolii*** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 231. — Stromatis parte su-

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periore protuberante, e basi suborbiculari, ovali v. angulari sensim in disculum minutum, planissimum, subrotundum conico-attenuata, per peridermum facile solubile, laceratum erumpente, pustulata, lateribus fucata, inferiore in conceptaculo tenui, nigrescente, convexo v. basi deplanato, corticis parenchymati immerso eique arctissime adhærente inclusa; peritheciis in singulo conceptaculo, integrum semper occupantibus, 6–20 ordine monosticho v. radiatim dispositis, minutis, varie compressis, membrana tenui textis, in collum tenuissimum attenuatis, stromatis substantia lutescente stipatis; ostiolis minutissimis, punctiformibus, truncatis, perforantibus,

stipatissime confertis disculum plerumque integrum occupantibus, rarius stromatis substantia parca, sordide lutescente disjunctis v. cinctis; ascis anguste clavatis, apice sæpe truncatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 48–60 = 6; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, fuscidulis, 9–12 = 2–2½, rarius 3. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea; spermatiis 6–8 = 1, longe stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Ilicis Aquifolii, prope Münster (Germania).

116. **Valsa translucens** De Not. Schema Sfer. pag. 208, Nits. Pyr. 544

Germ. pag. 227, *Sphæria translucens* De Not. Microm. ital. — Stromate conico-truncato, protuberante, pustulato 0,5–1 mill. cr., peridermio arcte adhærente velato; peritheciis in singulo conceptaculo 2–8, plerumque monostichis, sphæroideis, minutis, collis tenuissimis ostiolisque punctiformibus, rotundatis atris plerumque in centro disci confertis, minutissimis; ascis elongatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 40–44 = 8; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindraceis, curvulis, 9–14 = 2. — Spermogonia pauci-locularia, disculo albido, fusco-marginali, poro vulgo unico centrali; spermatiis elongatis, curvulis, 4–5 = 1.

Hab. in ramulis Salicis babylonicae, rarius S. fragilis, albæ, pentandræ, purpureæ etc. in Germania, Fennia, Italia et Amer. bor.

117. **Valsa cincta** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 545

p. 228, *Sphæria cincta* Fr. S. M. II, 542. — Stromate majusculo, e basi ovali v. suborbiculari in discum subrotundum v. sæpius ellipticum sensim attenuato, protuberante, pustulato, disco per peridermii rimas, transversim directas, erumpente ceterum peridermio arctissime adhærente tecto, basi nonnunquam linea nigra circumscripto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6–12, rarius paucis tantum v. numerosis, circa spermogonium centrale circinantibus, raro, spermogonio compresso v. extincto, submonostichis, globosis, majusculis, in stromatis substantia, corticis parenchymate pallidiore v. fere concolore nidulantibus, collis crassis, longiusculis instructis; ostiolis spermogonii centralis discum sordide albidum, immo fuscescentem cingentibus, nonnihil exsertis, globosis v. truncatis, poroque pertusis, majusculis, atris; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, deorsum plus minus attenuatis, octosporis, 52–88 = 9–14; sporidiis conglobatis, subdistichis, rarissime monostichis, cylindricis, curvulis, rectis, hyalinis, 16–20 = 5–6, raro 8–32 = 6–8. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea simplicia v. multilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis, 6–8 = 1,5–2, longiuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis *Pruni spinosæ*, *Armeniacæ*, *Cerasi* in Suecia, Germania, Gallia. — *Var. Mali*: ascis clavato-fusoideis, 70–80 \approx 18, subsessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, 20–30 \approx 5–6, hyalinis. In cortice *Pyri Mali*, Malmedy. — *Var. Pruni domesticæ* (Cfr. Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I, 316): ascis 40 \approx 5; sporidiis 9–10 \approx 2; disco candido etc. In ejusdem ramis in Rhenogovia.

118. **Valsa Lauro-cerasi** Tul. Carp. II, 196, Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. 546 II, 315. — Affinis *V. cinctæ*, a qua differt sporidiis in eodem asco allantoidis et subovoideis; cirrhis spermatiorum 6 μ . long. rube-scentibus (*Cytispora Lauro-cerasi* Fuck.).

Hab. in ramis *Pruni Lauro-cerasi*, spermogonia vero etiam in petiolis foliorum, in Gallia, Germania, Italia.

119. **Valsa Ceuthosporæ** Cooke Grevill. VII, 113. — Peritheciis 6–8, 547 circinantibus, epidermidem circumcirca sæpe nigrificatam elevanti-bus; ascis clavatis 40 μ . long.; sporidiis anguste ellipticis minutis, hyalinis, rectis 10–12 μ . long. — Spermogonium refert *Ceutho-spora Lauri*.

Hab. in ramis *Pruni Lauro-cerasi*, Forden (Britannia).

— Sec. Cooke differt a *V. Lauro-cerasi*.

120. **Valsa abrupta** Cooke in Grev. VII, 83. — Pustulis orbiculari-548 bus, applanatis; peritheciis stromate brunneo-pulverulento immer-sis; collis brevibus; disco erumpente annulo corticali nigro cincto; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, circa 12 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Salicis capreæ*, Shere (Britannia).

121. **Valsa crocina** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 758 et Fl. Alg. p. 472, sub 549 *Sphæria*. — Minuta, subpustulata; peritheciis globosis, cortici im-mersis, ostiolis stromate cinereo junctis et in discum pulvere cro-cino suffusum prominulis; ascis per exiguis, 25 μ . long. clavatis, sporidiis 5 \approx 2, linearibus, rectis aut curvulis.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum Oleæ, Aigeria (DURIEU).

122. **Valsa caryogena** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 872. — Pustulis 550 minutis seriatis, epidermide levi tectis; disco albo; ostiolis ma-teria alba intermixtis; sporidiis allantoideis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Caryæ, Pensylvania, Am. bor.

123. **Valsa orbicula** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 867. — Minuta, 551 orbicularis, nigro-cincta; ostiolis albo-cinctis; ascis lanceolatis; spo-ridiis allantodeis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Salicis*, Carol. inf., Am. bor. — Perithecia per epidermidem non nigrificatam transparentia, linea nigra circumdata.

124. **Valsa chlorodisca** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VIII, 552

p. 13. — Pustulis cortice tectis; disco sordide luteo, ostiolis nigris, cylindricis, punctato; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, allantoideis, hyalinis 10μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Caryæ albæ (Hickory), New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Disco lutescente facile dignoscenda species.

125. **Valsa fulvella** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 870. — Pu-

stulis cortice arcte inclusis; disco fulvello ostiolis nigris punctato; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis Platani occidentalis in Carol. infer. — Pustulæ tumidæ.

126. **Valsa Linderæ** Peck. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Pustulis mi-

nutis, prominulis, sparsis v. gregariis, arcte epidermide cinctis, linea nigra circumscriptis; ostiolis stipatis, brevibus, nigris discum nigricantem obliterantibus; peritheciis saepius 4–6, cortice interiore nidulantibus; ascis minutis, clavatis; sporidiis octonis, botuliformibus, curvis, $8-12 \mu$. long. e hyalino luteolis.

Hab. in ramis Linderæ Benzoin, Albany (Am. bor.).

127. **Valsa infinitissima** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 28. — In-

nata; stromate corticali circumscripto; peritheciis lageniformibus; ostiolis cylindricis, rectis, sub-elongatis, in stromate fusco exsertis; ascis clavatis, $25 \approx 5$; sporidiis spermatioideis, curvulis 4μ . long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis in Africa australi. — Asci et sporidia profusa et minutissima.

128. **Valsa munda** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 864. — Subcuti-

cularis, disco parvo, albo-cinco erumpente; ascis lanceolatis; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis levibus Corni, Alabama, Am. bor. — Pustulæ ab epidermide infuscata prorsus, salvo disco, tectæ.

129. **Valsa mesoleuca** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 879. — Disco

albo, ostiolis nigris cinco vel consperso; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, 20μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Viburni dentati, Pensylvania, Am. bor.

130. **Valsa Viburni** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 201. — Peritheciis 8–10, cir-

cinatis, sine stromate proprio in cortice interiore nidulantibus, ostiolis ovato-conicis, in disco plano et eundem demum totum occupantibus, prominulis, albido-furfuraceis, perforatis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, simplicibus, utrinque obtusis, $12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Viburni Lantanæ, rarius in Jura (Germania et Helvetia) et in Cadore (Ital. bor.).

131. **Valsa tessella** Fr. Summa V. S. 411. Cooke Valsei Un. St. 117 559

(nec *Crypt. tessella* (Pers.) Karst.). — Laxe circumscripta; peritheciis circinantibus globosis, ostiolis erumpentibus solitariis determinate distantibus (sæpius in quincuncem dispositis) convexis, nitidis, dein umbilicatis, linea nigra epidermidem penetrante cinctis (Fr.); ascis fusoideis; sporidiis allantoideis 10–12 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Salicum in Suecia et Amer. bor. —

Sporidia sec. specimina Friesiana a cl. Cooke descripta.

132. **Valsa Welwitschii** Berk. Enum. Fungi collect. Portugal. p. 10. 560

— Pustulis parvis circumscriptis; stromate pallido; peritheciis globosis immersis, albo-farctis, collis longiusculis; ostiolis convexis subpunctiformibus; ascis tenellis, sporidiis curvulis.

Hab. in cortice levi Ulmi, Cintra, Lusitania. — Ascii breves, delicatissimi; sporidia octona, minuta, elongata, curva.

133. **Valsa macrostoma** Rehm Ascom. n. 173. Diagn. p. 45. — Stro- 561

matibus ellipticis, 3 mill. long. 1–1,5 lat., peridermio transversim fisso perspicuis; ostiolis in disco lutescente punctiformibus atris; non v. parum extantibus, subcircinantibus; peritheciis in stromate infra nigrolimitato, corticali, usque 20, subglobosis; ascis 8sporis, clavatis, 50 \approx 7–8; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, vix curvatis, 6–8 \approx 3; paraphysibus filiformibus.

Hab. in ramis siccis Pruni spinosæ in Franconia bavarica.

134. **Valsa Colliculus** (Wormsk.) Cooke Valsei of. U. S. p. 115. *Sphæ-* 562

ria Colliculus Worms. Fr. S. M. II. 389. — Convexa, pustulata; peritheciis in orbem stipatis, incusis; ostiolis conjunctis in disco minuto punctiformi atro; ascis mtnutis; sporidiis allantoideis hyalinis exiguis, 5–6 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Pini pygmææ in Kamtschatka (Asia); in cortice Pini, New York (Am. bor.). — *V. pustulata* similis. Pustulae orbiculatae, hemisphæricæ, eumorphæ, ex epidermide tegente cinereæ, magnitudine seminis cannabini: dissectæ monstrant perithecia circinantia, atra, stromate tenui tantum tecta quorum colla brevia, valde convergentia, juncta in discum minutum, orbiculatum, planum ex ostiolis minutissimis confertis papillæformibus compositum. An potius e sect. *Euvalsæ*?

EUTYPELLA Nits. (ut subgen.) Pyr. Germ. p. 163. Sacc. Consp. Gen.

Pyr. p. 4 (Etym. ab *Eutypa*, quam confer.). — Stroma valseum

in cortice duriore v. ligno immersum, nigrolimitatum. Perithecia monosticha v. polysticha, numquam simpliciter circinantia; ostiola sulcata. Ascii longe stipitati, 8-spori. Sporidia luteola v. hyalina. Status conid. (in *Scoptria*) et spermog. in plerisque noti.

Subg. *Scoptria* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 83 (ut gen.).

Status conidicus superficialis isarioideus. Spermogonia nulla nota.

1. **Eutypella isariphora** (Nits.) Sacc. *Scoptria isariphora* Nits. Pyr. 563

Germ. p. 84. — Stomatibus peritheciis maturis alte protuberantibus, forma plus minus irregulari, verruciformi, peridermii laciinis cinctis, maxima vero ex parte liberis, rugosis, sordide nigricantibus, intus albidis, haud raro confluentibus ac deformibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-12, rarius 20, sine ordine ac polystiche stipatis, minutis, subglobosis, in collum longum attenuatis; ostiolis longissime exsertis, crassiusculis, cylindricis, obtusis v. apicem versus incrassatulis obscureque quadrisulcatis, flexuosis, nunc in stromatis vertice fasciculatim erumpentibus, nunc marginalibus, radiatim divergentibus v. secundis; ascis minutis, anguste clavatis, pedicellatis, octosporis, $36 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; pseudoparaphysibus crassis ac tenerrimis, articulato-septatis, longissimis; sporidiis in ascis parte superiori distichis, in inferiori monostichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. subrectis, dilute fuscouscentibus $8-10 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$. — Conidia in stromate conico-elevato subsuperficiali, in stigmatibus isarioideo-fasciculatis viridulo-griseis, penicillatim divergentibus acro-pleurogena, fusiformia, recta $8-10 \approx 2-3$, hyalina.

Hab. in ramis Crataegi Oxyacanthæ prope Münster, Germ. (NITSCHKE), sociis conidiis.

Subg. *Eutypella* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 163.

Status conidicus nullus notus. Spermogonia *Cytisporæ* species sistentia.

2. **Eutypella cerviculata** (Fr.) Sacc. *V. cerviculata* Fr. Summ. Veg. 564

Scand. p. 411. Nits. Pyr. Ger. p. 174. Sacc. Myc. Ven. Sp. t. XIII. f. 1-4. De Not. Sfer. Ital. t. 33. *Sph. cerviculata* Fr. — Stomate vaseo, e basi suborbiculari v. irregulari saepeque angustata subcylindrico v. conico-truncato, cortici omnino immerso et ab ejus parenchymate expallente v. specie immutato formato, sed strato extimo, nigricante limitato, ligno adnato; peritheciis in singulo stro-

mate numerosis, submonostichis, dense stipatis, minutis, subglobosis mutuaque pressione angulatis, collo longiusculo instructis; ostiolis abbreviatis, valde incrassatis, globosis, rugosis, aterrimis, sulcis plerumque 5–6 subtiliter ac radiatim striatis, in discum v. crustulam aterrimam, tuberculatam, suborbicularēm v. saepius irregularēm, peridermum arcte adhærens, perforatum paulo tantum superantem confertissime stipatis; ascis anguste clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, $30 \approx 4-5$, p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrimque attenuato subdistichis v. conglobatis, cylindricis, incurvatis, pallide fuscescentibus, $6-7 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$; «stromate spermogonico forma et dimensione ascophoris subsimili, extus nigro, rugoso (non vero ostiolato) intus fusco-rubescente, minute pluriloculari, loculis subglobosis; spermatiis filiformibus, arcuatis $20-22 \approx 3/4$, sterrigmatibus cylindraceis sursum attenuatis $20 \approx 1$ fasciculatis suffultis, tandem in cirrhos rubellos protrusis».

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Carpi Betuli in Germania, Helvetia, Italia boreali.

3. **Eutypella Padi** (Karst.) Sacc. V. *Padi* Karst. Fung. Fenn. n. 355. ⁵⁶⁵
Myc. Fenn. II. 134. *V. padina* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 172. — Stroma conico, disco orbiculari, ellipsoideo vel angulato, latit 1–2 mill.; peritheciis 6–40 in singulo stromate, densissime stipatis, sphæroideis, exiguis, collis longiusculis ostiolisque basi connatis, oblongatis, brevibus, obtusis, alte 4–5-sulcatis, atris instructis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $24-34 \approx 4$ p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, elongatis, curvulis, dilutissime fuscescentibus, $6-8 \approx 1-1,5$.

Hab. in ramulis Padi in Fennia meridionali usque in medium et prope Driesen, Germania.

4. **Eutypella Prunastri** (Pers.) Sacc. V. *Prunastri* (Pers.) Fr. Summ. ⁵⁶⁶
Veg. Scand. p. 411. Nits. Pyr. Germ. 170. An De Not. Sf. ital. t. 35 (ostiola enim non sulcata), *Sphæria Prunastri* Pers. — Stroma valseo, e basi suborbiculari v. elliptica pulvinato, lentiformi v. subconico, atro, ligno adnato, ætate juniore corticis parenchymate velato, peridermum fissum plerumque transversim erumpente; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis, sine ordine stipatis, subinde polystichis, centralibus erectis, concentricis, marginalibus, adscendentibus, conniventibus, subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, in collum, pro situ variæ longitudinis attenuatis; ostiolis incrassatis, sulcis 3–5, plerumque 4, alte exaratis, nunc brevibus, erectis confertissimis, nunc contra longioribus, divergentibus v. secundis, flexuosis; ascis anguste clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octo-

sporis, 20-32 \approx 3-4 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine, apice angustato, subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, pallidis v. nonnihil fuscouscentibus, 6-8 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia sistunt *Cytisporam rubescem* Fr. p. p.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Pruni spinosæ*, *P. Cerasi*, *P. Armeniacæ*, *P. insititiæ*, *Amygdali Persicæ* in tota Europa et America boreali.

5. **Eutypella ventricosa** (Fuck.) Sacc. *V. ventricosa* Fuck. Symb. 567 mycol. pag. 125. — Omnia maxima! Conceptaculis sparsis aggregatisque, erumpentibus, demum liberis, ventricosis, irregulare globosis conicis, atro-fuscis, lœvibus, 2-5 mill. diam., apicem versus conicis; spermatiiferis inordinato-multicellularibus, cellulis oblongis, verticalibus, griseis, cirrhis per ostium commune expulsis, pallide-flavis; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, 3 = 1; peritheciis ascigeris demum in iisdem conceptaculis nidulantibus, subglobosis, ostiolis e conceptaculi vertice exsertis, cylindraceis, atris; ascis ellipticis, subsessilibus, 8sporis, 32 \approx 6; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, 8 \approx 2, hyalinis.

Hab. in truncis corticatis vetustis *Ulmi campestris* et *Quercus*, rarius prope Usingen et Hattenheim, Germania.

6. **Eutypella Sorbi** (Schm.) Sacc. *V. Sorbi* (Schmidt) Fr. Summ. Veg. 568 Scand. p. 411. Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 168. De Not. Sf. it. tab. 34. *Sphæria Sorbi* Schm. Myc. Heft. I. 59. — Stromate valseo, e basi orbiculari, rarius ovali, pulvinato, depresso subgloboso, ostiolorum fasciculo, basi constricto, coronato, sub peridermio, mox relaxato, ostiolis erumpentibus perforato varieque fisso, ligno insidente, cortice interiore primitus velato, deinde libero, atro; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis, sine ordine, immo polystiche dense que stipatis, circa centralia erecta concentricis, convergentibus, globosis, collo pro situ plus minus longo, ostiolis longiusculis, crassis, sulcatis, tri-pentagonis, basi connatis, apice liberis saepeque divergentibus instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longe ac tenuiter pedicellatis, octosporis, 40-48 \approx 4-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine et apicem versus attenuato conglobatis, cylindricis curvulis, dilute fuscouscentibus, 7-8 \approx 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea (*Cytispora rubescens* Fr. p. p.); spermatiis allantoideis 4 μ . long., aliisque 35-45 μ . long.; cirrhis rubouscentibus.

Hab. in ramis Sorbi aucupariæ, *S. domesticæ* in Suecia, Belgio, Gallia, Italia, Helvetia, Lapponia, Fennia.

7. **Eutypella pentagona** (Pers.) Sacc. *S. pentagona* Pers. Syn, p. 42. 569

Fr. S. M. II. 407. — Circinata, ostiolis rectis teretibus rugosis ut plurimum pentagonis.

Hab. in ramis Sambuci Ebuli? in Germania (PERS.), in ramis Lauri Sassafras in Amer. bor. (SCHWEIN.). «Ad majores et elegantiores hujus familiæ pertinet; perithecia tota corticis substantia tecta; ostiola atro-nitida, in cylindrum crassum obtusum approximata, primo sulcato-angulata, demum distinctius 4-5-gona. Pers. l. c. — Species mihi ignota et a *S. Sorbi* non diversa videatur; distinctas tamen varii statuunt. Ad hanc vero v. ad *S. prunastri* juvenilia specimina mihi missa pertinent. Speciem tam evolutam in mollibus Ebuli caulis eniti posse, Thomas totus sum! Sed Schweinitzii stirps, a me non visa, forsan melior et sic restituenda hæc species! Fr. l. c. — Revera vix v. non diversa ab *E. Sorbi*.

8. **Eutypella rhizophila** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa rhizophila* Nits. Pyr. 570

Germ. pag. 175. — Stromate valseo, irregulari, e basi suborbiculari vel angulata, nunc angustata nunc contra dilatata, plerumque subcylindrico et vix verticem versus attenuato, cortici interiori innato et ab ejus parenchymate immutato v. tandem ex-pallente formato, nigro-limitato, ligno adfixo, peridermum cum cortice duro connato, varie fissum erumpente et ab ejus laciniis lateribus cincto, haud raro confluente; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-20, erectis v. adscendentibus, sine ordine ac densissime stipatis, exiguis, globosis v. compressis, collo, pro situ peritheciorum, plus minus longo instructis; ostiolis brevibus, nonnihil incrassatis, sulcis 3-4 alte exaratis, plerumque confertissimis, immo in corpus irregulare, tuberculatum connatis; ascis anguste clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 30-40 = 5-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, plus quam solito curvatis, subhyalinis, 5-6 = 1.

Hab. in radicibus Fagi sylvaticæ p. Münster (NITSCHKE) et Aceris p. Neuchâtel (MORTIER).

9. **Eutypella stellulata** (Fr.) Sacc. V. *stellulata* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. 571

p. 311. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 165, *Sphæria stellulata* Fr. *S. fascicularis* Wallr. *S. monadelpha* Fr. p. p.? — Stromate obtuse conoideo vel subsphæroideo, raro subeffuso, latit. plerumque 1-2 mill.; peritheciis paucis vel numerosis in quovis stromate, plerumque dense stipatis, symmetricis vel rarius concentricis, subsphæroideis, e mutua pressione angulatis, minutis, collis convergentibus ostiolisque nunc brevibus, exiguis, nunc plus minus elongatis, rugosis, sulcatis vel 3-6-gonis, omnino vel basi tantum connatis instructis;

ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 40–60 = 5–6 p. sporif.; sporidiis congregatis vel subdistichis luteolis, fusoideo-elongatis, curvulis vel subrectis, 8–12 = 1,5–2. — Spermogonia multilocularia, stromate majore inclusa; spermatiis filiformibus curvatis, 20–25 μ . longis, tandem in cirrhos aureos protrusis.

Hab. in ramis *Ulm*i *campestris* et *U.* effusæ in Suecia, Fennia, Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Italia, Belgio, Amer. bor. (ubi sec. auct. quoque in *Fraxino*, *Moro*, *Liquidambar*, *Xanthoxylon*).

10. **Eutypella angulosa** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. angulosa* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 572 p. 173. *Sphæria Prunastri* β . *Betulæ* Somm. — Stromate conico, disco plerumque ellipsoideo vel triangulare, latit. 2–4 mill.; peritheciis in quovis stromate plerumque numerosis, monostichis, ovoideis, minutis, collis longiusculis, crassis ostiolisque nunc brevibus, erectis, confertissimis, nunc contra longioribus (interdum 1 mill. longit. æquantibus), divergentibus vel secundis, flexuosis, apice obtusiusculis vel leniter attenuatis, atris, rugosis vel leviter 3–5-sulcatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, 28–40 = 4–5 p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, elongatis, curvulis vel subrectis, subhyalinis, 6–8 = 1,5–2.

Hab. in cortice *Betulæ albæ* in Lapponia orientali, Germania et Italia boreali.

11. **Eutypella similis** (Karst.) Sacc. *Valsa similis* Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. 573 p. 134 (nec Nits.). *V. alnifraga* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 171. nec Wahl. — Stromate valseo, e basi orbiculari hemisphærico v. obtuse conico, ligno adnato, corticis parenchymate tecto, minuto, nigricante, ostiolorum fasciculo peridermum perforatum v. varie fissum superante; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4–12 (plerumque 5–8), monostichis, conniventibus, exiguis, stipatis, globosis, collis brevibus, ostiolis in crassatis, elongatis, in fasciculum, basi valde constrictum connatis, sulcis 2–4 alte exaratis instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis 24–30 = 4 p. sporif.: sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque attenuato congregatis, cylindricis, plus quam solito incurvis, subhyalinis, 5–6 = 1.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Alni glutinosæ* prope Driesen, Germania.

12. **Eutypella alnifraga** (Wahl.) Sacc. *V. alnifraga* (Wahlenb.) Fr. 574 Summa V. S. 411, Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 133 (nec Nits.) *V. similis* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 171. — Stromate valseo, e basi orbiculari v. ovali depresso conico, obtuso, ligno adnato, corticis pa-

renchymate tecto, per peridermum, plerumque arcte adhærens, perforatum v. rimis minutis, trasversim directis, fissum erumpente, minuto, nigricante, subinde confluente; peritheciis in singulo stromate paucis tantum (4-9), circa centrale, erectum circinantibus ac convergentibus v. sine ordine densissimeque stipatis minutis, subglobosis, collis brevibus, ostiolis incrassatis, rotundatis v. oblongis, brevibus, obtuse tri-quadrifurcatis, aterrimis, basi connatis, apice divergentibus instructis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 33-40 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine apicem versus attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. rectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 8-10 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus *Alni glutinosæ* et *incanæ* Driesen, Germ.; Belluno, Ital. bor., Jakobstad, Fennia. — *E. Sorbi* affinis.

13. **Eutypella Brunaudiana** Sacc. Mich. I. p. 505. — Acervulis erum- 575 pentibus, prominulis, 1-1 $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam. corticis laciñiis arcte cinctis; peritheciis monostichis, stromate albido immersis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., nigris; ostiolis assurgentibus, cylindricis, apice rotundato integro pertusis, discum nigrum verruculosum formantibus; contextu perithecii sinuoso-parenchymatico, olivaceo-fuligineo; ascis clavato-fusoideis, sursum parum angustatis, apice, tunica incrassata, rotundatis, filiformi-stipitatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis, p. s. 70-80 \approx 12, stipite 60 lgo; sporidiis distichis, botuliformibus 10-12 \approx 2, 2-guttulatis, e hyalino lutescentibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Ribis rubri* prope Saintes (Gallia). 576

14. **Eutypella ventriosa** (C. et E.) Sacc. V. *ventriosa* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. VI. p. 23 (nec *V. ventricosa* Fuck.) — Convexa, gregaria; pustulis cortice tectis, ostiolis congestis, leniter sulcatis; peritheciis paucis, magnis, nigro cinctis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, fuscidulis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice *Ailanthi*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Cum conceptacula dilabuntur, linea nigra circumscribens in matrice manet. — «An eadem ac *E. Ailanthi* Sacc.?».

15. **Eutypella Ailanthi** (Sacc.) V. *Ailanthi* Sacc. Mycol. Ven. Spec. 577 p. 130, t. XII, fig. 51-56. — Conceptaculis plerumque oblongis inæqualibus e 30-50 peritheciis constantibus, epidermide rupta cinctis, cortice duriore immersis; stromate lignescente zona nigra limitato; peritheciis ovato-subrotundis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris extus albido-furfuraceis, collo cylindraceo plus minus brevi, ostiolis capitellatis, 3-5-sulcato-rugosis, discum parum scabrosum plano-

convexum efformantibus, non prominentibus; ascis crassiuscule clavatis, longissime stipitatis, $100 \approx 6$, parte sporifera $50 \approx 6$, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, cylindraceis, parum curvatis, utrinque rotundatis, 1-guttulatisque, luteolis, $12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3$. — Status spermogonicus *Cytisporam* referens: spermogoniis plurilocularibus nigris stromate lignescente nigro-limitato insidentibus; spermatiis filiformibus, incurvis, hyalinis, $15 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, demum in cirrhos aureos intricatos, capillares protrusis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum *Ailanthi glandulosæ* Patavii et Selva (It. bor.). — Affinis *E. cervicullatæ* et *E. stellulatæ*, a quibus forma et magnitudine ostiolorum et sporidiorum satis differt.

16. **Eutypella grandis** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. grandis* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 164. 578

Sacc. Myc. Ven. Sp. t. XII, f. 57-59. *Sph. Radula* Pers. Syn. p. 37 (?), *V. Radula* (Pers.) Cooke Valsei U. S. p. 114. — Stromate valseo, grandi, forma valde irregulari v. fere diatrypeo, cortici crasso, durissimo, ligneo immerso, parte immersa corticis substantia parum v. vix mutata, nigro-limitata formata, erumpente, strati corticalis supremi laciniis, plerumque irregulariter fissis cincto, immo pro parte tecto, superficie inæquali verrucoso-rimoso, ostiolis exasperato; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis, magnis, ovatis, subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, irregulariter monostichis v. fere distichis, collis plerumque longis, ostiolis incrassatis, validis, nunc elongatis ac longitudinaliter sulcatis nunc abbreviatis, depresso conicis v. rotundatis et sulcis plerumque 6 leviter ac radiatim exaratis, tandem poro latiusculo perforatis instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, $30 \approx 7$; sporidiis in ascis lumine utrimque maxime angustato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, fuscis, 9-10, rarius $13 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3$.

Hab. in cortice duriore *Quercus* in Germania et *Aceris*, Padova (Ital. bor.), *Populi*, *Carolina* (Amer. bor.). — Sec. Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1369 stromata intus albicantia, sed non nigro-circumscripta; ostiola saepe seriato-fasciculata. An ergo species *Caroliniana* diversa ab europæa?

17. **Eutypella elegans** Niessl in Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 524. 579

— Stromate valseo, ligno immerso, peritheciis sine ordine confertis, di-tristichis, globosis vel mutua pressione angulosis, numerosis, majusculis, ostiolis fasciculatis crassiusculis, radiatim quatuor-sex sulcatis, atris, nitidis; ascis clavatis, longe pedicellatis, $30-35 \approx 6-7$ p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindraceis, curvulis vel subrectis, fuscescentibus, $7-9 \approx 2,5$.

Hab. in Castaneæ sativæ cortice, Matta d'Alcarraque prope Coimbra, Lusitania (MOLLER).

18. **Eutypella extensa** (Fr.) Sacc. V. *extensa* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. 580 p. 411, Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 166, Sacc. M. V. n. 180, *Sphæria extensa* Fr. S. M. II. 381. p. p. — Stromate valseo, depresso subgloboso, ligno adnato, per peridermum plerumque facile solubile et rimis, transversim directis, fissum erumpente, saepe, peridermio nec non cortice interiore fibroso atroinquinato secesso, in ramo nudato, superficie nigrificato libero, aterrimo; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5–18, dense stipatis, minutis, subglobosis, plerumque multua pressione angulatis, monostichis, circa centrale circinantibus, in collum breve attenuatis; ostiolis in fasciculum, basi plerumque constrictum, cōnnexis, incrassatis, liberis, nunc brevibus, nunc elongatis, obsolete v. evidenter tri- v. quadrigonis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 32–36 ≈ 5–6 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrimque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 5–6 ≈ 2–2½.

Hab. in ramis Rhamni cathartici prope Niemberge (Germany), prope Treviso (Italia bor.) et in Suecia.

19. **Eutypella confluens** (Nits.) Sacc. V. *confluens* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 581 p. 167. — Stromatibus e basi maxime dilatata, ovali, rarius orbiculari depresso conicis v. convexis, confertis saepissime in series longitudinaliter directis, v. sine ordine dispositis et basi v. omnino confluentibus ligni superficie, tandem atroinquinatae, adnatis nec immersis, per corticem erumpentibus, v. in ramis nudatis liberis, ex fusco tandem aterrimis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3–12, minutis, stipatis, subglobosis, monostichis, collis brevibus, ostiolis nunc satis elongatis, nunc brevioribus, in fasciculum, basi plerumque constrictum, collectis, confertissimis, incrassatis, tri- v. quadrigonis instructis; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, apice saepe truncatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 32–48 ≈ 4–5 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrimque angustato conglobatis, cylindricis, vehementer curvatis v. rarius subrectis, subhyalinis, 7–9 ≈ 1,5–2.

Hab. in ramis siccis quercinis, Oestrich, Rhenogovia.

20. **Eutypella Atropæ** (Mont.) Sacc. V. *Atropæ* Mont. Syll. Crypt. 582 n. 762. Fl. Alg. n. 464, sub *Sphæria*. — Innata, stromate corticale ligneo albicante conceptaculo nigro tandem cupulari aperto cincto; peritheciis paucis globosis, collis oblongis conjunctis exsertis; ostiolis rugosis; ascis tenuissimis fusiformibus 8-sporis, sporidiis linearibus curvulis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice *Atropæ frutescentis*, Mostaganem (DUREU). — *Affinis E. cerviculatæ.*

21. **Eutypella juglandina** (C. et Ell.) Sacc. *V. juglandina* C. et Ell. 583

New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. V. p. 92, Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 113. — Peritheciis paucis (3-5) ad basim niveo-pulverulentis; ostiolis prominentibus, profunde sulcatis; ascis lanceolato-clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, 10-12 μ .

Hab. in ramis *Juglandis regiæ*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Certe diverse a *Sph. juglandicola* Schw., pustulæ enim numquam lineares.

22. **Eutypella fraxinicola** (C. et P.) Sacc. *V. fraxinicola* C. et P. 584

29 Rep. of New Jersey St. Mus., Cooke Valsei U. S. p. 112. — Pustulata peridermum perforans; peritheciis ovoideis, nigris, circinibus; ostiolis longiusculis, convergentibus, interdum quadruplicatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis minutis in ascorum apice congregatis, leniter curvis, 8-12 μ . long., succineis.

Hab. in ramis *Fraxini americanæ*, Tyre, New Jersey (Amer. bor.).

23. **Eutypella Leiana** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (Valsa) *Leiana* Berk. 585

Dec. of Fungi n. 97, Cooke Valsei of U. S. 113. — Innata, circinnata; stromate pallido, laxo e cortice et ligno linea circumscripto; peritheciis ellipticis; ostiolis subconfertis elongatis lineolatis, granulatis; ascis lanceolatis, octosporis; sporidiis minimis, curvulis, 7-8 μ . long. pallide olivaceis.

Hab. in ramis *Carpini*, Carol. inf. (RAV.), Ohio (LEA), Amer. boreali.

24. **Eutypella Berchemiæ** (Cooke) Sacc. *V. Berchemiæ* Cooke Valsei 586

of U. St. 112. *V. syngenesia* v. *Berchemiæ* Curt. in litt. — Peritheciis valseis ostiolis sulcatis, collis abbreviatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis 8-10 μ . long., pallide olivaceis.

Hab. in ramis *Berchemiæ* in Carol. inf., Amer. bor. — A *Valsa syngenesia* et *V. monticulosa*, quibus affinis etiam habitu recedit.

25. **Eutypella goniostoma** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa goniostoma* B. et 587

C. in Curtis Cat. p. 142 (?) Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 113. — Peritheciis valseis collis abbreviatis, ostiolis sulcatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, dilute olivaceis 8-11 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis, Carolina, Amer. bor. (CURTIS).

26. **Eutypella exanthemoides** (Mont.) Sacc. *V. exanthemoides* Mont. 588

Syll. Crypt. n. 756 et Fl. Alg. p. 372, sub *Sphaeria*. — Pustula-

ta; peritheciis globoso-ovoideis erectis circinantibus stromate corticali nigro tectis, ostiolis in disco minuto pulverulento approximatis subtetragonis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $100 \approx 10$, sporidiis linearibus, curvulis, 10μ . long.

Hab. in cortice *Anagyridis fætidæ*, Alger (DURIEU).

27. **Eutypella microspora** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa microspora* Cooke 589 et Pl. in Grev. VII. 82 (nec Crouan). — Disco erumpente orbiculari, furfuraceo, brunneo, ostiolis circinantibus sulcatis punctulato; peritheciis 12-20; ascis subclavatis $30-40 \mu$. long.; sporidiis minutissimis, hyalinis, allantoideis, circ. 5μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Betulæ* in Britannia (PLOWRIGHT). — Asci et sporidia e minoribus generis.

28. **Eutypella Myricæ** (C. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa Myricæ* C. et E. New 590 Jersey Fungi, in Grev. VII. p. 8. — Peritheciis globosis, linea nigra varia circumscriptis, ostiolis cylindricis, in disco plano atro subjunctis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis; sporidiis minutis, allantoideis, $10-12 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in ramis *Myricæ* in Amer. bor., New Jersey — Habitat potius *Diatrypes*.

29. **Eutypella monticulosa** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa monticulosa* B. et 591 C., Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 112. — Peritheciis valseis, collis abbreviatis, ostiolis sulcatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis $8-10 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis *Magnoliæ glaucæ*, Carol. Am. bor. (CURTIS).

30. **Eutypella Platani** (Schw.) Sacc. V. *Platani* (Schw.) Cooke Vals. 592 U. S. 113. *Sph.* (circumscript.) *Platani* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1372. — Pustulata in plagas maximas aggregata sub epidermide, sed pustulis singulis multo minoribus quam in prioribus, non revera confluentibus; arcte tecta epidermide circum ostiola stellatim fissa; ostiolis sulcatis in fuscescenti disco, primum punctiformibus, demum sub prominulis, tum disco oblitterato; stromate albescente multo crassiori quam in prioribus et interdum in disco prorumpente; peritheciis aterrimis splendentibus per stroma quidem assurgentibus sed subtus in ipso cortice, absque stromate nidulantibus, vix nigro-circumscriptis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis $10-12 \approx 3$, subhyalinis.

Hab. frequentissima erumpens ex epidermide *Platani*, Bethlehem (Americæ borealis).

31. **Eutypella tumidula** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Valsa tumidula* C. et Peck. 593 in New. York Museum Rep. Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 113. — Erum-

pens, peridermum decoloratum et inflatum perforans, denique discum nigrum exerens; peritheciis 4-6, ligno semiimmersis, linea nigra circumscriptis; ostiolis obtusis, 4-sulcatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis linearibus, rectis curvulisve obtusis, olivaceo-hyalinis, 10-12 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Cratægi et Platani, New York et New Jersey.

32. **Eutypella Tosquinetii** (West.) Sacc. *Valsa Tosquinetii* West., 594

Lamb. Fl. Myc. Belgique. II, p. 375. — Pustulis elevatis, angulosis, nigro-fuscis, superficie inæqualibus, epidermide erupta cinctis; peritheciis sphæricis, nigris, 8-15, stromate albo exceptis; ostiolis plus minus elongatis, teretibus, discum paululum excedentibus et verruculosum reddentibus; ascis fusoideis, longe stipitatis; sporidiis biseriatis cylindricis, rectis curvulisve, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Aceris Pseudo-platani, Mirwart (Belgio). — «An *Diatrype?*»

33. **Eutypella tetraploa** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa tetraploa* B. et Curt. 595

Cooke Handb. n. 2478. — Peritheciis aggregatis; ostiolis 20-30, subquadrangularibus, in fasciculum compactum conjunctis; sporidiis minutis, allantoideis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Mahaleb, Macluræ etc. in Britannia, Carolina, New Jersey in Amer. boreali. — *Eutypellæ stellulatæ* paraffinis.

34. **Eutypella rugiella** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa rugiella* C. et E. in 596

Grev. V. p. 92. — Peritheciis (10-20) minutis, in pustulas orbicularis congestis; ostiolis leniter sulcatis; ascis minutis lanceolatis; sporidiis exiguis, allantoideis, 5-6 μ . long., pallide succineis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris rubri, New Jersey, Am. bor. — Habitat *V. tetraploa*, sed sporidia minora.

35. **Eutypella corynóstoma** (B. et R.) Sacc. *Valsa corynóstoma* B. 597

et Rav. North. Amer. Fungi n. 871. — Pustulis cortice abditis minutis, et vix eum inflantibus; ostiolis fasciculatis, sulcatis, clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, 6-8 = 1,5.

Hab. in cortice Aceris rubri in Carolina inf., Am. bor.

36. **Eutypella innumerabilis** (Peck.) Sacc. *Valsa innumerabilis* Peck. 598

30 Rep. on. the St. Mus. — Pustulis minutis, numerosis, saepius dense gregariis seriatisque; peritheciis 4-10, cortice interiore nudantibus; ostiolis brevibus, stipatis, 4-sulcatis, nigris; sporidiis stipatis cylindricis, curvis, obtusis, succineis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi, Greenbush (Amer. bor.). — In ramis tenuis perithecia potius sparsa quam seriata.

37. **Eutypella Bonariensis** Speg. Fung. Arg. I. p. 181. — Stromati- 599
 bus nigrescentibus, subrotundis vel elongatis, 3-6 mill., inæquali-
 bus, nunc primo tectis, dein erumpentibus, nunc ligno vel cortice
 duriori immersis; peritheciis 15-40 in eodem stromate ovato-sub-
 rotundis $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. extus atris, intus cinerascentibus in colla cylind-
 dracea e stromate longiuscule exserta; ostiolo ruguloso donatis et
 discum spinuloso-hirtum efformantibus; ascis clavatis, minutis,
 part. spor. 15 \approx 3, pedic. 15-20 \approx 1; octosporis aparaphysatis; spo-
 ridiis distichis, valde curvatis, arcuato-falciformibus 5-6 $\approx \frac{3}{4}$ -1,
 utrinque 1-guttulatis, dilute olivaceis (ut in *Diatrypella quercina*).

Hab. ad ramos dejectos Celtidis Talæ et Salicis Hum-
 boldtianæ, Barracas del Sur, Argent. (Amer. merid.). — In-
 terdum stromata fere euvalsea.

38. **Eutypella anthracina** Speg. F. Arg. Pug. IV, n. 124. — Stroma- 600
 tibus orbiculari-ellipticis, 1-1,5 mill. diam., erumpentibus, densiu-
 scule sparsis, prominulis, intus extusque aterrimis, ex ostiolis con-
 coloribus undique prominulis, dense verruculosis; peritheciis pau-
 cis, monostichis, globosis sæpe e mutua pressione ellipsoideis 200-
 250 μ . diam., membranaceis, atro-olivaceis; ascis clavatis sursum
 obtuse rotundatis p. spor. 35-40 \approx 6, deorsum in pedicellum parte
 sporifera longiorem attenuatis, octosporis, paraphysibus mucosis,
 fluxilibus obvallatis; sporidiis distichis, allantoideo-curvulis, utrin-
 que obtusiusculis 8-9 \approx 2, ac 1-guttulatis, subchlorinis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis putrescentibus Scutiæ buxifoliæ
 in sylvis australioribus «Montes largos» dictis (Argent. Am. austr.).

39. **Eutypella paradisiaca** Speg. F. Arg. Pug. IV, n. 125. — Stro-
 matibus primo tectis dein erumpentibus prominulo-exsertis, extus 601
 atris intus candidis, minutis 1-1,5 mill. diam., irregulariter subor-
 bicularibus, sæpe ob confluentiam difformibus, densiuscule sparsis;
 peritheciis subglobosis v. subellipticis 250-300 μ . diam., atris extus
 griseolis, 4-11-gregariis, monostichis, ostiolis quandoque vix exser-
 tis, quandoque longiusculis, crassiusculis, atris, nitidis, levibus v.
 anulatim rugulosis, apice rotundato-umbilicatis; ascis clavatis sur-
 sum rotundato-subtruncatis deorsum longiuscule attenuato-pedicel-
 latis p. spor. 30-35 \approx 5-6, ped. 35-40 \approx 2-3; octosporis, aparaphy-
 satis; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceo-allantoideis, utrinque obtusiu-
 sculis, ac 1-guttulatis, 7-8 \approx 2, dilute chlorinis. — Cum *Eutypa*
ludibunda Sacc. etsi affinis, non comparanda.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Meliæ Azedarach in dumetis, Ba-
 ñado S. José de Flores, Arg. Amer. austr.

VALSELLA Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 203 (Etym. a *Valsa*, quam cfr.). —

Stroma valseum corticale, plerumque nigrolimitatum; ostiola integra; discus sæpius pallens; asci sessiles, polyspori; sporidia allantoidea, hyalina. — Spermogonia, si adsunt, cytisporea.

1. **Valsella amphoraria** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. amphoraria* Nits. Pyr. Germ. ⁶⁰²

p. 236. — Stromatibus exiguis, peridermum superpositum in pustulas minutis, vertice poro angusto pertusas protrudentibus, cortici interiori basi tantum insculpatis v. adnatis ac, peridermio avulso, superficialibus, raro peridermio adhærentibus, dense ac sine ordine sparsis, forma exacte regulari, ampullaceis, infra nigrolimitatis; ostiolis in disculum orbicularem v. angularem, planum dense stipatis, minutissimis, punctiformibus, rotundatis, atris angustissime perforatis; peritheciis pro ratione majusculis monostiche v. subcircinatim ordinatis, subglobosis in quoque acervulo 3-6; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, sessilibus, apice rotundatis v. truncatis, myriosporis, 60-68- multo rarius 48-80 \approx 8-10; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, cylindricis, parum curvatis v. rectis, hyalinis v. dilute fuscescentibus, 6-7 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in trunco et ramis Fagi sylvaticæ prope Münster, Germania.

2. **Valsella furva** (Karst.) Sacc. *V. furva* Karst. Mycol. Fenn. II., p. ⁶⁰³

149. — Stromate conico-truncato, plus minus protuberante peridermio adhærente, 0,7 mill. cr. disco orbiculari vel subellipsoideo, sordide fuscescente, minutissimo; peritheciis in singulo stromate 2-7, subcircinantibus, subsphæroideis, majusculis collis brevibus ostiolisque rotundatis, atris, exiguis, confertis vel sparsis, poro lato pertusis: ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 48-54 \approx 6-7; sporidiis conglobatis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, cylindraceis, 5-8 \approx 1-1,5.

Hab. in ramulis Alni incanæ exsiccatis in Mustiala (Fennia). — A *V. melastoma* disco mox sordide fuscescente, ostiolis dein poro lato pertusis sporidiisque paullo majoribus recedens. Conceptacula subinde per peridermum tenuius translucent.

3. **Valsella Laschii** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa Laschii* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. ⁶⁰⁴

235. — Stromatibus minutissimis, basi exacte orbicularibus, peritheciophoris in discum perexiguum, punctiformem, orbicularem ac sordide albicantem sensim conico- v. rarius abrupte attenuatis, peridermio tenuissimo, translucido, nitido, poro centrali, discum excipiente pertuso, ceterum arctissime adhærente tectis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 2-4, subcircinatim dispositis, perexiguis, globosis v. depresso; ostiolis oculo armato solum perspicuis, in di-

sculo medio plerumque dense gregata, vix prominentibus, rotundatis, aterrimis, nitidis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, sessilibus, polysporis, $42 \approx 7-8$; sporidiis conglobatis, pallide lutescentibus, parum curvatis. v. subrectis, tenuiter cylindricis, $11-13 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporea consociata.

Hab. in ramulis Corni sanguineæ pr. Driesen, Germania (LASCH).

4. **Valsella Cydoniæ** Rehm, in Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 283. — 605

Peritheciis 10-12 in cortice interiore nidulantibus, monostichis, ostiolo poro conspicuo, pertuso, crasso peridermum diffidente, majusculis, fusco-atris; ascis sessilibus, oblongis, hyalinis, $50-58 \approx 8$; sporidiis 32 in ascis superioris parte, distichis, cylindraceo-curvatis, utrinque acutatis, continuis, fuscidulis, $6-7 \approx 2,5-3$.

Hab. ad ramos aridos Cydoniæ vulgaris, Alpenduradas pr. Coimbra, Lusitania, raro (MESNIER).

5. **Valsella minima** Niessl Not. Kr. Pyr. p. 53. — Stromatibus mi-

nutissimis 0,5-0,8 mill. vix æquantibus, lentiformibus, cortici interiori adnatis et penitus immersis, duris, sordide atris; disculo exiguo niveo coronatis; peritheciis paucis 3-5 in singulo stromate, circinantibus, vel stipatis, globosis vel compressis, membranaceis; ostiolis brevissimis haud distinctis, punctiformibus, vix superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis 36-44 $\approx 6-7$, polysporis; sporidiis farctis, cylindricis, curvatis, subyalinis, $8-10 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Viburni Lantanæ, Voitsberg, Morav. (NIESSL). — A *V. Laschii* disculo niveo, ascis sporidiisque minoribus recedit.

6. **Valsella Salicis** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 203, t. II, fig. 36 a. b. — 607

Spermogonium; Cytispora m multicellularem referens; cirrhis pallidis, angustissimis; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, triplo minoribus quam ascosporis; peritheciis 8-10 majusculis, in conceptaculo scutiformi, vel hemisphærico, demum sublibero, lineam lato, atro, extus griseo-pulveraceo, conceptaculis demum vertice lace-ratis, laciniisque extus pallidioribus circumdati, ostiolo aterrimo, prominulo, globoso, disco minutissimo, vix ullo, primo albicante, demum evanescente; ascis oblongis, stipitatis, $56 \approx 8$; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, $8 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Salicis auritæ, prope Estrich, Rhenogovia. — Affinis *V. fertili*.

7. **Valsella adhærens** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II. p. 36. — Conce-

ptaculis immersis, minutis, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. lat., depressis, irregulari-

ter orbicularibus, semper peridermio adhærentibus, stromate fuscidente, peritheciis 3–5, stipatis, minutis, atris, ostiolis in disculis valde elevatis, transverse erumpentibus, semper ellipticis, fuscis emersis, ovatis, papillatis, atris; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, polysporis, 54 = 6–7; sporidiis cylindraceis, continuis, parum curvatis, hyalinis, 6 = 1.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Betulæ albæ; prope Estrich, Rhenogovia. — A *V. polyspora* tute distinguenda.

8. **Valsella nigro-annulata** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, pag. 317. — 609
Conceptaculis gregariis, sæpe confluentibus, minutis, vix 1 mill. lat., distincte orbicularibus, nigro-annulatis, quandoque annulo prominulo, plano-depressis, sub corticis epidermide nidulantibus, stromate albo-cinereo; peritheciis plerumque 4, minutis, globosis, collo brevi; ostiolis in disco minutissimo, sordido, quandoque coronato, punctiformibus, atris; ascis oblongis, 12–16sporis, 28 = 8; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 10 = 2½.

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis Salicis capreæ, raro, prope Estrich, Rhenogovia.

9. **Valsella Rosæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I. p. 317. — Conceptaculis 610 spermatiferis atris, suborbicularibus, subdepressis, poro communi albo apertis, multicellularibus; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, 6 = 1½; conceptaculis ascigeris gregariis, raro confluentibus, 1 mill. diam., orbicularibus oblongisque, obtuso-conicis ventricosisque, aterrimis, perithecia 6–8, globosa, dense stipata, nigra includentibus, ostiolis in disco minuto, orbiculari ellipticove, niveo, punctiformi-prominulis, atris; ascis oblongis, polysporis, 32 = 8; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 10 = 3.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus siccis Rosæ rubiginosæ, prope Estrich, Rhenogovia.

10. **Valsella clopima** (Fr.) Sacc. *V. clopima* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. 611 p. 412? Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 138. — Stromate hemisphærico, depresso, pustulato, fere superficiali, peridermio tenui nigrefacto, disco minutissimo, suborbiculari tantum pertuso, arctissime adhærente tecto; peritheciis 4–16 in quovis stromate, monostichis vel subcircinantibus, subsphæroideis, fuscis, ostiolis sparsis, rotundatis vel suboblongatis, atris, nitidulis vel opacis, poro latiusculo pertusis instructis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sessilibus, 40–46 = 6; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvulis vel subrectis, hyalinis, 5–8 = 1–1,5.

Hab. in cortice Pyri sylvestris vetusto in Fennia australi passim et in Suecia.

11. **Valsella fertilis** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. fertilis* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 238. — 612

Stromatibus minutis, e basi ovali v. suborbiculari, conico-attenuatis, truncatis, protuberantibus, pustulatis, dense gregariis, basi non raro confluentibus; peritheciis conceptaculum integrum occupantibus, plerumque 5–6, rarius 4–10 singulo stromate inclusis, monostichis, saepe radiatim dispositis v. circa centrale circinantibus, confertis, globosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, minutis, in collum tenuissimum attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, punctiformibus, atris in disci albo-pruinosi, orbicularis, rarius ovalis medio confertim emergentibus maculamque aterrimam efficientibus, nec exsertis; ascis oblongis v. fere cylindricis, sessilibus, polysporis, 56–64 \approx 7–9; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 6–7 \approx 2– $2\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia cytisporea; spermatiis allantoideis, 5–7 \approx 2, stipitatis; cirrhis rubentibus.

Hab. in ramis et trunko Salicis capreæ prope Münster, Germania.

12. **Valsella leptostroma** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. App. I, 317. — Con- 613
ceptaculis sub epidermide sparse nidulantibus, 1 mill. lat., orbicularibus, planissimis, nigris, intus albido, perithecia minutissima, globosa, 2–4 in cludentibus, ostiolis 2–4, in disco orbiculari, minutissimo, albido, punctiformibus, nigris; ascis oblongo-ovatis, sessilibus, 12–16 sporis, 32 \approx 8; sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 3.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus exsiccatis Lonicerae Xylostei, raro, Johannisberg et Hallgarten, Rhenog.

13. **Valsella clypeata** Fuck. Symb. mycol. 203 et App. I. 317. — 614
Conceptaculis clypeatis, oblongis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. long., 1 mill. lat., corticis parenchymati immersis, atris, epidermidem pustulato-inflantibus, intus olivaceis, disco orbiculari sed plerumque elliptico, per epidermidem fissam prominulo, albo; peritheciis 4–8 in conceptaculo dense stipatis, globosis, minutis, atris, ostiolis in disco demum punctiformi papillæformibus, non exsertis, atris; ascis sessilibus, oblongis, polysporis, 52 \approx 7 $\frac{1}{2}$. — Spermogonia multicellularia, deplanata, poro albo; spermatiis allantoideis, 6 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis Rubi fruticosi prope Estrich, Rhenog. — *Habitus Clypeosphæriæ!*

14. **Valsella myriotheca** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 187 t. V, fig. 8. — 615
Pustulis sparsis v. interdum confluentibus, tandem erumpentibus, disco orbiculari plano stupido fulvo-lurido; peritheciis membranaceis parenchymate corticali immersis, stipatis, stromateque stup-

peo obvolutis, perpendicularibus copiosis, ovato-oblongis in collum longiusculum attenuatis, ostiolis clavato subcapitatis, non extantibus; ascis copiosis aparaphysatis obovato-lanceolatis, subsessilibus, $50 \approx 6$, polysporis; sporidiis stipatis, allantoideis, curvis, $6 \approx 1-1,3$ hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis aridis Acaciæ, Keren, Abyssinia (BECCARI).

15. **Valsella polyspora** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa polyspora* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 616 p. 238. — Stromate exiguo, e basi orbiculari, depresso conico, omnino immerso nec erumpente v. pustulato, disco rotundo peridermum perforante idque paullo tantum v. vix superante, primo cinereo-albido, deinde fuscenscente; peritheciis in singulo stromate 2-8, circa spermogonium circinantibus, globosis, minutis, in collum tenuissimum attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, punctiformibus, atris, discum non superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis, sessilibus, polysporis, $56 \approx 8-10$; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, curvatis v. subrectis, hyalinis, $9-12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Betulæ prope Münster, Germ. (FÜLSTING).

16. **Valsella melastoma** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. melastoma* et *V. melastoma* 617 Fr. S. M. et Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 411. — Stromate conico-attenuato, plus minus protuberante, peridermio plerumque adhærente, circ. 1 mill. diam., disco orbiculari vel subellipsoideo, minutissimo, primum cinereo-albido, demum fuscenscente; peritheciis in siugulo conceptaculo 2-6, subcircinantibus, subsphæroideis, majusculis collis brevibus, tenuissimis ostiolisque perexiguis, rotundatis, atris, confertis, raro sparsis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 30-50 ≈ 6 ; sporidiis congregatis, cylindraceis, leniter curvulis vel subrectis, 4-7 ≈ 1 .

Hab. in ramulis Pyri Mali in Suecia, Germania, Fennia.

EUTYPA Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II. p. 52 (Etym. *ev* bene et *typoo* insculo, ob perithecia matrice profunde insculpta). — Stroma late effusum ex matrice (ligno v. cortice duriore) plus v. minus mutata, saepius atroinquinata efformatum, initio hyphis conidiophoris vestitum. Perithecia stromati immersa v. semiimmersa plerumque dense et late gregaria. Asci octospori, stipitati, aparaphysati. Sporidia subhyalina. — Spermogonia, ubi adsunt, cytisporoidea.

A) Ostiola radiatim sulcata.

1. **Eutypa Acharii** Tul. Carp. II. 53, t. VII, f. 8-20. *Sph. eutypa* 618 Fr. *Sph. decomponens* Sow. *Sph. astroidea* Fr. *V. eutypa* (Ach.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 130, Sacc. Myc. Ven. Sp. p. 129, t. XIV, f. 32-34.

— Stromate longe lateque effuso ramosque decorticatos sæpe ambiente, ligno alte immerso idque non solum in superficie, sed intus quoque nigrificante, primo pilis atrobrunneis, simplicibus, septatis, breviusculis, conidiferis dense villoso, deinde glabro, aterrimo, ostiolis numerosissimis, plus minus prominulis exasperato; conidiis linearis-cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, in pilis conidiferis solitarie v. fasciculatim acrogenis; peritheciis monostichis dense sparsis, globosis, minutis, ligno, plerumque alte immersis, collis longis v. brevibus, cylindricis, tenuibus ostiolisque paullo incrassatis, minutis, nunc nonnihil elongatis, conicis, nunc omnino obtusis, depressis sed semper rimis 2-5 (plerumque 4) plus minus alte exaratis, angulatis tantum v. radiatim partitis instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis $21-28 \approx 4-5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine, utrinque angustato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscouscentibus, $5-7 \approx 1$. — Spermogonia in stromate recenti convexa unilocularia; spermatiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus decorticatis *Fagi*, *Psedoplatani*, *Populi*, *Carpini*, *Pruni*, in tota Europa et Amer. bor.

2. **Eutypa tuyutensis** Speg. *Fungi Arg.* IV, n. 123. — Stromate per 619 ramos corticatos late ambiente, lignum superficie atro-inquinante lineaque stromatico fere, usque ad medullam producta, nigro-limittato; peritheciis, globosis, majusculis 0,5-0,8 mill. diam., ligno immersis, solitariis v. 3-5 valsatim aggregatis, membranaceis, atro-olivaceis, contextu sinuoso parenchymatico, olivaceo, ostiolo parvo corticem perforante ac vix exerto, levi, atro-carbonaceo donatis; ascis numerosissimis, elliptico-subobovatis, parvulis 10-15 \approx 2,5-4, octosporis, apophysatis; sporidiis distichis v. polystichis, allantoideis, leniter v. vix curvulis 3,5-4,5 \approx 0,7, utrinque obtusiusculis et 1-guttulatis, dilute chlorinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis dejectis *Sambuci australis* in sylva australiore «Monte de Pila» dicta, (Argent. Amer. austr.).

3. **Eutypa aspera** (Nits.) Fuck. *Symb. Myc.* pag. 214. *V. aspera* Nits. 620 Pyr. p. 132. *Sphæria eutypa* β. *aspera* Fr. E. *polycocca* β. *aspera* Karst. — Stromate effuso, in ramis decorticatis maculas ambientes sæpe confluentes efficiente ac ligni superficiem, colore ex fusco v. cinereo tandem sordide nigricante tingentes, ostiolis exasperato, ceterum lœvi, immo nitidulo; peritheciis, stromatis plagiis sterileibus interjectis, gregarie ac sine ordine sparsis, monostichis summo ligni strato haud fucato immersis, exiguis, depresso globosis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo incrassato, conico, acutiu-

sculo v. subhemisphærico, rimis plerumque 4 exarato instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 44-48 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine, utrinque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 8-12 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis Lonicerae Xylostei, nigræ, etruscæ et Sorbi Aucupariæ in Britannia, Fennia, Germania, Gallia, Italia.

4. **Eutypa cyclospora** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. cyclospora* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 621 p. 128. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, ligno omnino innato ejusque superficiem inquinante; peritheciis ligni strato supremo, haud fucato omnino immersis, monostichis, laxe distributis, globosis, minutis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis ostioloque incrassato, elongato, cylindrico-conico, acutiusculo v. truncato-obtuso, rugoso, angulato ac longitudinaliter rimoso v. a latere compresso instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 28-32 \approx 6-7 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque attenuato, conglobatis, cylindricis, maxime curvatis et annulum fere integrum plerumque formantibus, dilute fuscescentibus 6 \approx 2.

Hab. in ligno vetusto Fagi sylvaticæ, Schwerin, Germ.

5. **Eutypa crustata** (Fr.) Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. IV.* p. 16. *Sphæria* 622 *crustata* Fr. S. M. II, 376. *Valsa crustata* (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 135. — Stromate effuso, ramos saepe ambiente, eorumque cortici innato et cum eo in crustam superficie tandem nigricantem, peritheciorum ostiolis valde protuberantibus asperimam, immo fere spiculosam concrescente; peritheciis in corticis interioris parenchymate monostiche nidulantibus, grandiusculis, globosis, nunc densissime ac saepe gregatim stipatis, nunc pro parte, præsertim in stromatis ambitu, sparsis, subsolitariis, peridermio arctissime adhærente, plus minus emergentibus, depresso, rimis 3-4 plus minus alte exarato, immo tri- v. quadricocco, aterrimo et primo pilis conidiferis, fuscis, brevibus, simplicibus, septatis saepe circumdato instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 32 \approx 4-5 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis v. subrectis, pallide fuscescentibus, 8-10- rarius 6-12 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Aceris Pseudoplatani in Scania et Germania, Fagi sylvaticæ in Italia boreali.

6. **Eutypa subtecta** (Fr.) Fuck. *Symb. mycol.* p. 214. *Sphæria subtecta* 623 Fr. S. M. II. 376. *V. subtecta* (Fr.). Nits Pyr. p. 134. — Stromate effuso, maculæformi, brevi, forma varia, irregulari, saepe confluente, rarius in ramis decorticatis ligno elevato innato, plerumque cum corti-

ce coalito eumque plus minus elevante et in superficie mox atroinquinante, primum pilis fusco-atris, conidiferis, simplicibus, septatis, suberectis dense villoso; conidiis cylindricis, utrinque acutiusculis, curvulis, unicellularibus, hyalinis, 30–34 \approx 3; peritheciis in corticis interioris parenchymate nidulantibus, monostichis, plerumque dense stipatis, majusculis, globosis v. nonnihil depresso, collo subnullo, ostiolo minuto, hemisphærico, aterrimo, nitidulo, tandem rimis 4 leviter sulcato, prominulo instructis; ascis angustissime clavatis, immo subcylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 28–44 \approx 5–7 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque valde attenuato, subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus v. subhyalinis, 8–12 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Aceris campestris*, *A. Pseudoplatani* (et *Salicis*, t. Cooke), in Suecia, Germania et America boreali.

7. **Eutypa subcutanea** (Wahl.) Sacc. *S. subcutanea* Wahl. Lapp. 520. 624
Fr. S. M. II. 371. *Conf. Nits. Pyr. Germ.* p. 148. — Effusa, tecta, emergens, peritheciis in stromate fuliginoso-atro nidulantibus; ostiolis prominulis convexis distantibus quadri-sulcatis; sporidiis allantoideis, 12–14 \approx 3–3,5, fusco-olivaceis.

Hab. sub epidermide ramorum *Salicis phylicifoliae* per omnem Lapponiam. — Tumores sistit usque ad pollicem latos, sed saepius minores, determinatos fere, supra corticem interiorem nidulantes, superne cum epidermide vix mutata connatos; stroma crassisculum, fuscum, non circumscriptum; perithecia subglobosa, erecta, in centro confertiora et fere polysticha, ostiolis majusculis aequaliter distantibus. — Affinis *E. nitidæ* et *E. subtectæ*.

8. **Eutypa polycocca** (Fr.) Karst. *Myc. Fenn.* II. 127. *Sph. lata* β. 625
polycocca Fr. *S. M. II.* 370. *Valsa polycocca* Nits. *Pyr. Germ.* p. 129. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, saepe ramos decorticatos ambiente ligno haud vel parum elevato innato ejusque superficiem aequalem, laevem, colore ex fusco vel cinereo nigricante tingente; peritheciis monostichis, ligno haud mutato omnino immersis, subsphæroideis, latit. 0,5 mill., collis brevibus vel brevissimis ostiolisque incrassatis, grandiusculis, obtusissimis, primo hysteriformibus, tandem 3–5–, plerumque 4-coccis; ascis clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 40–50 \approx 5–6, p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, fusoideo-elongatis, vel subrectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 8–12 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Pruni spinosæ*, Münster, Germ., *Salicis* et *Betulæ* in Fennia et Lapponia.

9. **Eutypa polymorpha** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. polymorpha* Nit. Pyr. Germ. 626

p. 128. — Stromate plus minus effuso, plerumque brevi, maculæ-formi, ligno v. cortici crassiori omnino immerso et hæc, ceterum immutata, plus minus atroinquinante; peritheciis in substrato haud fucato nidulantibus, monostichis nunc gregarie sociatis, stipatissimis, nunc contra laxe sparsis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo incrassato, cylindrico, truncato, rarius conico, recto v. incurvo, immo flexuoso, rugoso ac rimis 2-4 per longitudinem plerumque evidenter exarato instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 40-52 = 6-10 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque angustato conglobatis, cylindricis, in arcum curvatis, dilute fuscescentibus, 8-10 = 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in cortice et ligno Platani et Ulmi, Schwerin et Münster, Germania.

10. **Eutypa maura** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria maura* Fr. S. M. II. 370. *Valsa maura* (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 133. — 627

Stromate late effuso, ligno vetusto plus minus elevato profunde immerso extus intusque nigrificante superficie lævigata tandem expallente, ostiolis numerosissimis, densissime sparsis nigropunctato; peritheciis alte immersis, monostichis, globosis, majusculis, plerumque confertissime nidulantibus, collo longiusculo, crasso, ostiolis haud incrassatis, hemisphæricis, immo subglobosis, raro longius extantibus, tunc fere conicis, aterrimis, lævibus, nitidulis, tandem leviter quadrisulcatis instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 30 = 5-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque angustato subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, pallide fuscescentibus, 8-10 = 2.

Hab. in ligno Pruni spinosæ etc. in Suecia et Germania. 628

11. **Eutypa aulacostoma** (Knnze et Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria aulacostoma*

Kunze et Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 545. — Peritheciis inæqualibus, in stromate tenui contiguo tecto fuliginoso stipatis, ostiolis in tuberculis discretis erumpentibus, sulcatis, 4-5-gonis.

Hab. in ramis siccis, Surinam (WEIGELT). — Affinis *E. latæ*, sed perithecia magis irregularia, confertiora, tubercula erumpentia.

12. **Eutypa tetragona** (Duby) Sacc. *Sph. tetragona* Duby Bot. Gall. 629

p. 703. Mont. in Fl, Alg. p. 460. *Cryptosphæria tetragona* C. et De Not. — Effusa interrupta, tecta; peritheciis gregariis aut aggregatis, globosis, cortice lignoque nigrificato immersis, fuscis intus albidis; ostiolo prominulo crasso prismatico-conico acute 4-costato;

ascis cylindrico-clavatis; sporidiis octonis, cylindrico-subreniformibus, pellucidis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. ad ramos Sarothamni, Calycotomes, Anthyllidis, Genistæ, in Gallia, Hispania, Algeria. — *Eutypæ latæ* affinis ex Mont.

13. **Eutypa referciens** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. referciens* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 630

p. 137. — Stromate effuso, inæquali, tumido, sub peridermio summoque corticis strato evoluto, eisque dejectis libero v. pro parte corticis parenchymate tecto, extus intusque nigricante, ligno adnato; peritheciis in stromatis partibus magis tumentibus confertissime stipatis, subpolystichis, majusculis, globosis rarius depresso v. mutua pressione angulatis, collo pro situ, nunc longiusculo, nunc subnullo, ostiolo minuto, depresso, rotundato, rarius obtuse conico, tandem rimis 3–5 leviter ac radiatim exarato instructis; ascis angustissime clavatis, longissimeque pedicellatis, octosporis, 32–40 ≈ 5–7 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine utrinque longe attenuato subdistichis, immo fere monostichis, cylindricis, curvatis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, 8–10– rarius $12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Padi prope Münster, Genistæ Scorpii, Vaucluse Galliæ.

14. **Eutypa leprosa** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sph. leprosa* Pers. in Fr. S. M. II. 631

365. ?*Eut. uberrima* Tul. sec. Nits., *Valsa leprosa* (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 136. — Stromate effuso, cum cortice crassiore, cui innato, coalito et ab ejus substantia tamquam formato, sed strato extimo, atro cincto; peritheciis corticis interioris parenchymati immutato v. in peritheciorum ambitu dealbato immersis, submonostichis, irregulariter sparsis, hinc inde congestioribus, majusculis, globosis v. mutua pressione nonnihil angulatis, saepe plus minus protuberantibus, tunc peridermio arcte adhærente, interdum fissotectis, collo brevi, ostiolo minuto, obtusissimo, rotundato, tandem quadrisulcato instructis; saepissime ostiolis 2–5 subjunctis per perdermii rimam, late ellipticam, communem erumpentibus ac parum v. vix prominentibus; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 30–36 ≈ 8–10 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine plerumque subito angustato subdistichis v. congregatis, subcylindricis curvulis, fuscescentibus, 10–13 ≈ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ –3.

Hab. in cortice Tiliæ europeæ in Suecia, Germania et Galilia, rarius.

15. **Eutypa ludibunda** Sacc. Mich. I. p. 15 et 501. *V. referciens* Sacc. 632

Myc. Ven. 128 p. p. et *V. cerviculata* Erb. critt. ital. ser. II. 641,

(non Fr.) *Valsa lata* Sacc. Myc. Ven. 128 p. p. (non Pers.) tab. XIV. f. 21-28. V. *Vitis* Hazl. Ban. 1873 t. I. f. 4. — Stromate late effuso ex cortice v. ligno immutato vel saepius nigrificato formato; peritheciis globulosis, nigris, extus initio albo-furfuraceis, in ostiola saepius brevia conoidea v. obtusata plus minus profunde 4-5-sulcata productis; ascis clavatis longissime stipitatis, 35-55 = 6-8 p. sporif.; sporidiis distichis allantoideis, utrinque rotundatis, curvulis, luteolis 9-14 = 2-3. — Spermogonia sistit *Cytispora ludibunda* Sacc. Mich. I. 519.

Hab. in ramis corticatis, in cortice duriore truncorum, immo, cortice secedente, in ligno denudato arborum fere omnium in tota Italia bor., nec non in Gallia, Germania et Amer. merid. Cfr. Mich. I. 15, ubi nutrices 38 notavi et formarum characteres ex quibus notabiliores sequentes: 1. *Juglandis regiae*, quaternariæformis; corticola, acervulis parvis gregariis; ostiolis leviter 3-4-rimosis; ascis p. s. 55-60 = 8; sporidiis 11-15 = 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3. — 2. *Aceris campestris*; peritheciis ligno immersis v. semimmersis, in series longitudinales parallele stipitatis; ostiolis obsolete rimosis; a. p. s. 55-60 = 8; sp. 11-14 = 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3. — Species maxime ludibunda; perithelia submonosticha, nunc subsparsa ad instar *Cryptosphæriæ*, nunc in ligni superficie denigrata, densissime stipata ut vera *Eutypa*, nunc in acervulos quasi *Eutypellæ* hinc inde aggregata, initio extus albo-furfuracea; stroma modo latum nigrumque, modo tenue et vix percipiendum; ostiola plerumque brevia, rarius vero longiuscula, non tamen exserta, vertice conoideo vel obtusato, modo profunde 4-5-sulcato, modo leviter rimoso, neutiquam levi, ut *V. lata* (Pers.). A *V. referciente* Nke Pyr. germ. 137 differt præcipue stromate in cortice interiore plerumque nigrolimitato, peritheciis extus albo-furfuraceis, monostichis, sed et haec forte ejusdem speciei formam rariorem sistit. *Valsa leprosa* (P.) Nits. Pyr. 136 et *V. confluens* Nits. ib. 167 verisimiliter a *V. ludibunda* specifice non differunt. *V. leprosa* perfecte congruit cum forma quam in Mycoth. Ven. n. 200 edidi.

16. **Eutypa arundinacea** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 15. — Stromate serialiter extenso, oblongo, sublineari, saepè confluente in cortice atroinquinato et hinc inde parum elevato nidulante, zona nigrigante per lignum saepè excurrente limitato; peritheciis minutis, diam. $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$ mill., sphæroideis v. e mutua pressione subangulosis atris, extus albido-furfuraceis, ostiolis cylindraceis longiusculis, rectis v. raro subvalsiformiter conniventibus, corticem perforantibus

exertisque, apice subrotundatis leviter 3-4-radiatim exaratis; ascis copiosis longissime stipitatis p. s. $50 \approx 6$, stipite 50 micr. lg., pseudoparaphysibus nucleolatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis $12 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3$, curvulis, 2-guttulatis, luteolis.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis Donacis putrescentibus a Vitorio (Treviso) Oct. 1873, sociis spermogoniis (?) globulosis, immersis unilocularibus, atris, spermatia minutissima oblonga, $3 \approx 1$, hyalina sterigmatibus cylindraceis crassiusculis fulta, foventibus.

— Stromatibus parallele seriatis facile dignoscitur.

17. **Eutypa alsophila** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *S. (Valsia?) alsophila* D. 634 et M., Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 828. — Concrescens, effusa; peritheciis sparsis aut aggregatis, ligno semmiimmersis, crusta atra subcorticali tectis ostiolis erumpentibus striatis, ascis tenuissimis cylindricis, sporidiis subreniformibus.

Hab. in ramis Salsolæ oppositifoliæ, Mostaganem Algeriæ (DURIEU).

18. **Eutypa spinosa** (Pers.) Tul. Fung. Carp. II, 59. *Sph. spinosa* 635 Pers. Syn. 34, *Sph. limæformis* Schw., *Valva spinosa* (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 127, *Diatrype Berengeriana* De Not. Sf. ital. 27, t. 26, Sacc. Myc. Ven. Sp. t. XV, fig. 21-23. — Stromate latissime effuso, in ligno, saepius in cortice crassiore et sub ejus strato supremo, mox secedente nato, deinde libero, substrato atroinquinato v. demum in superficie expallenti omnino immerso, crasso, aterrimo, primum pilis septatis simplicibus v. ramosis, conidiferis dense obsito; conidiis (*Trichosporium Bérengerianum* Sacc.) obovatis, basi truncatis, $7 \approx 5$, fuligineis, guttulatis (cylindricis, hyalinis, sec. Nits.) solitarie v. verticillatim acrogenis; peritheciis monostichis, grandiusculis, globosis v. ovatis, densissime stipatis ac mutua pressione plerumque tandem angulatis, in matrice nigricante nidulantibus, ostiolis maximis, crassis, pyramidatis, alte quadrisulcatis, rugosis prominentibus; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $32-40 \approx 5-6$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque acutissimo subdistichis, cylindrico-navicularibus, curvulis v. subrectis, pallide fuscescentes, $8-10 \approx 2$.

Hab. in cortice duriore, rarius in ligno Fagi sylvaticæ in tota fere Europa et Amer. bor. — Cl. Berk. distinguit *E. limæformem* (Schw.) in Quercu et Liquidambar ex Amer. bor. sed specimen in Rav. F. A. n. 92 a typo non differt.

19. **Eutypa anomala** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphæria spinosa anomala* De Not. 636

Micr. ital. Dec. VII, p. 108, fig. III. — Corticola, stromate nigrescente, sub epidermide effuso, hinc inde verticaliter descendente, nigro; peritheciis acervulatim confertis, stipatisque, globosis v. angulosis, nigris, quandoque substantia albicante tectis; ostiolis erumpentibus subpyramidalis, sulcatis v. teretibus, discretis v. coalitis; ascis clavatis, stipitatis $45 \pm 8-9$ (p. sporif.), octosporis, paraphysibus genuinis nullis; sporidiis allantoideis hyalino-luteolis, curvulis, $8-10 \pm 2-4$.

Hab. in cortice ramorum Fici Caricæ, Genuæ (Italia). — *Eutypæ ludibundæ* Sacc. affinis.

B) Ostiola non sulcata.

20. **Eutypa lata** (Pers.) Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. p. 56, *Sphæria lata* 637

Pers., ?*Sph. papillata* Hoffm., *Valsa lata* (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 141. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, contiguo, ligno vel cortici crassiori innato, superficie e peritheciis irregulariter emergentibus inæquabili, e fusco vel cinereo demum nigricante; peritheciis monostichis, ligno vel cortici haud nigrificato immersis, plus minus protuberantibus, sphæroideis, latit. circiter 0,5 mill., collis brevissimis vel fere nullis ostiolisque obtuse conoideis vel subhemisphæricis, integris, rarissime obscure rimosis; ascii cylindraceo-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, $48 \pm 4-5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, elongatis, curvulis v. subrectis, pallide fuscouscentibus, $8-12 \pm 1,5-2$. — Spermogonia hemisphærica vel subconoidea, simplicia, stromati juniori immersa; spermatiis exiliter cylindraceis, varie curvatis, subsessilibus, hyalinis, tandem in cirrhos pallide roseos propulsis, $18-22 \pm 1$.

Hab. in ligno et cortice Quercus, Fagi, Carpini, Pyri, Pistaciæ, Cratægi, Fici, Aceris, Pruni, Rhamni, Ulmi, Salicis, Corni, Coryli, Ulicis, in tota fere Europa et Amer. bor. — Var. *abscondita* Dur. et Mont. Alg. p. 461: peritheciis immersis epidermide atrata tectis crassiusculis, ostiolis punctiformi-umbilicatis, conicis aut radiatis. In caule Ferulæ, Ricini, Dauci in Algeria. — Var. *Arundinis* Dur. et Mont. Alg. p. 461: peritheciis minoribus ovatis basi subapplanatis culmo immutato aut denigrato colliculo immersis. In culmis Arundinis Donacis et A. mauritanicæ in Algeria.

21. **Eutypa lejoplaca** (Fr.) Cooke Handb. n. 2400, *Sph. lejoplaca* Fr. 638

S. M. II, 370, *V. lejoplaca* (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 151. — Stromate latissime effuso, raro breviore, maculæformi v. interrupto,

tenuissimo, ligno plerumque omnino non, multo rarius parum elevato immerso, lœvi, ex dilute fusco tandem sordide nigricante; perithciis monostichis, globosis, minimis, dense stipatis, sub ligni strato superiore, haud nigrefacto, supremo stromate fucato tecto, in matricis substantia mox nigricante nidulantibus, alteque immersis, in collum tenuissimum, cylindricum, longiusculum abrupte attenuatis ostioloque minutissimo, punctiformi, nec incrassato, medio perforato, vix prominulo instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $36-40 \approx 5-6$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute ex viridulo fuscescentibus, plerumque 8-12- rarius 6-16 $\approx 1\frac{1}{2}-3$ (plerumque 2).

22. **Eutypa luteobasis** (Ellis) Sacc. *Sphaeria luteobasis* Ellis North 639

Amer. n. 99. Bull. Torr. Cl. 1877, p. 134. — Peritheciis ligno superficie infuscato immersis, globosis, dense gregariis, stromate flocculoso luteo exceptis, ostiolis emergentibus, rotundis, levi bus dein umbilicatis; ascis clavatis longe stipitatis p. s. $50 \approx 6$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis allantoideis, curvis, 10 ≈ 2 , olivaceis.

Hab. in ligno pineo (et quercino?) putri, New Jersey Americae borealis.

23. **Eutypa scabrosa** (Bull.) Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 215. *Sph. scabrosa* Fr. *Hypoxylon scabrosum* Bull. *Valsa scabrosa* (Bull.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 138. — Stromate perithecitero plerumque tuberculata formante suborbicularia v. ovalia, convexa, confluentia v. subdiscreta, rarius late effuso, subæquali rimis diffracto v. undulato, in ligno, rarissime in cortice crassiore superficiali v. sub peridermio nato moxque erumpente, extus intusque nigricanti, ostiolis numerosissimis, exiguis scabroso; peritheciis ordine valde inæquali, immo polystichis in stromate proprio semper nidulantibus densissimeque stipatis, globosis, exiguis, collo pro situ brevissimo v. longiore ostioloque hemisphærico v. subconico, integro, minutissimo instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $40-48 \approx 4-5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque maxime attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, dilute fuscescentibus 6-12 (plerumque 8-10) $\approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$.

Hab. in ligno Fagi, Quercus, Coryli, Mori, Aceris, in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali.

24. **Eutypa lœvata** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. lœvata* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 144. 641

Sph. eutypa β. *platycrinia* Fr. in herb. Kunze. — Stromate latissime effuso, ambiente, ligno, rarissime cortici innato eaque in

superficie colore ex brunneo mox aterrimo tingente, tenui, tuberoso, ceterum omnino levi, nitidulo; peritheciis monostichis, globosis, minutis, rarius dense stipatis, plerumque plus minus laxe sparsis v. gregatim sociatis, substrato haud fucato immersis, singularis parte superiore, plus minus extante, tuberculo ligneo, e basi orbiculari v. elliptica hemisphærico v. depresso conico inclusis, in collum brevissimum attenuatis, ostiolo nec incrassato, minutissimo, obtuso, integro, nitido, perforato, in tuberculi vertice prominulo instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, minimis, $23-28 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine utrinque angustato subdistichis v. congregatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, pallide fuscescentibus, $7-8 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis et ligno Salicum et Corni sanguineæ in Germania, et Italia.

25. **Eutypa prorumpens** (Wallr.) Sacc. *V. prorumpens* (Wallr.) Nits. 642
Pyr. Germ. p. 143, *Sph. prorumpens* Wallr., Fr. — Stromate effuso, maculæformi, in ramis corticatis corticis parenchymati haud fucato immerso sed ligno tandem in superficie nigricante adnato lineaque atra, flexuosa circumscripto; peritheciis cortici insculptis, monostiche atque irregulariter sparsis, in greges minutos, saepius in series elongatas, irregulares, interruptas densius stipatis et erumpentibus, peridermio immaculato, nunc rimose fisso, nunc peritheciis singulis, globosis v. depresso, minutis, protuberantibus arctissime adhaerente; peritheciorum collis brevissimis v. nullis, ostiolis proportione majusculis, hemisphæricis v. depresso, obtusissimis, rugulosis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $38 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine utrimque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, $8-9 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Viburni Opuli in Thuringia, raro.

26. **Eutypa flavo-virescens** (Hoffm.) Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 57, 643
t. VII, f. 1-7, *Sphæria flavo-virescens* Hoffm., *Valsa flavo-virescens* Nits. Pyr. p. 139. — Stromate nunc plus minus effuso, superficiali, crustiformi, æquali vel e tuberculis difformibus composito, rarius innato, nunc obsoleto, scabroso, atro, intus primo flavo, mox flavo-virente, tandem saepe olivaceo-atro; peritheciis plerumque monostichis, in stromate nidulantibus, haud stipatis, sphæroideis, minutis, collis brevissimis ostiolisque prominulis, laevibus vel rugosis, obtuse conoideis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, $30-50 \approx 4-7$ p. sporif.; sporidiis distichis, elongatis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, $6-10 \approx 2-3$. — Spermogonia

stromati immersa, depresso conoidea, parietibus carnosis, stromati concoloribus; spermatiis cylindricis, curvatis, hyalinis, sessilibus adglutinatis, denique cirrhose protus.

Hab. in corticibus et ligno *Fagi*, *Quercus*, *Carpini*, *Salicis*, *Aceris*, *Pruni*, *Rhamni*, *Ribis*, *Populi*, *Rosæ*, *Betulæ*, etc. in tota Europa. — Plurimæ formæ adsunt inter quas var. *multiceps* Sow. Engl. Fung. III, t. 394, f. 8, stromate tuberculis discretis composito a typo recedens, maxime notanda est. Colore interno stromatis flavovirente facillime dignota species.

27. **Eutypa enteroxantha** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria enteroxantha* Berk. 644

Dec. of fung. n. 110. — Inæqualis suborbicularis, rugosa, nigra, intus pulverulenta, aurea; peritheciis oblongis; ostiolis prominulis punctiformibus; ascis anguste clavatis; sporidiis minimis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis, Guiana britannica (SCHOMBURGK). — *E. flavo-virenti*, cui sporidiis quoque analoga, stromate aureo mox dignoscitur.

28. **Eutypa macrospora** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. macrospora* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 645

p. 145. — Stromate effuso, in ramis decorticatis, rarius in cortice, maculas efficiente fuscas v. sordide nigricantes, irregulares, interruptas v. ambientes, lœves, opacas; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. depressis, matricis substantiæ immaculatæ leviter immersis, plerumque plus minus protuberantibus, in collum brevissimum subito attenuatis ostioloque conico, acutiusculo v. obtuso, integerrimo, nitidulo instructis, nunc sine ordine sparsis, nunc contra in greges minutos densius stipatis, lignique tuberculo communi tectis; ascis clavatis, pedicellatis, octosporis, 80–100 ± 10 p. sporif.; sporidiis distichis, cilindricia v. obtuse fusiformibus, curvulis v. subrectis, fuscis, 18–21 ± 4–5. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea, sed unilocularia: spermatiis allantoideis 7–10 ± 2, breve stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus *Sarothamni vulgaris* prope Münster Germaniæ.

29. **Eutypa maurooides** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa maurooides* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 646

p. 151. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, ramos decorticatos sœpe ambiente, ligno, haud elevato omnino immerso ejusque superficiem æqualem, lœvem, immo fere nitidulam, ostiolis punctulatam colore, tandem aterrimo tingente; peritheciis monostichis, ligno haud fucato satis alte immersis dense stipatis, plerumque valde depressis, minutis, in collum tenue, longiusculum, cylindricum subito attenuatis ostiolisque pere exiguis, haud incrassatis, subglobosis vel hemisphæricis, lœvibus, nitidulis, omnino integris, poro angustissimo

pertusis instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $30-34 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, parum curvatis v. subrectis, subhyalinis, $8-10 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ligno et ramis decorticatis *Salicis*, Coburg, Münster (Germania).

30. **Eutypa nitida** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa nitida* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 147. 647

— Stromate effuso, in ramis corticatis maculas elongatas, oblongas v. ovales ac vix elevatas efficiente, matrici haud inquinatae innato sed strato nigricante et ad lignum suppositum descendente v. in id penetrante circumscripto, primo peridermio tecto, deinde nudato ac pilis conidiferis breviusculis, simplicibus, septatis, fuscis vestitum, denique glabro, superficie ex fusco mox aterrimo; peritheciis corticis interioris parenchymati, specie immutato immersis, ordine monosticho, subæquali denseque stipatis, minutis, globosis, varie angulosis v. depressis, parietibus crassis, collo brevi, tenui ostio-loque exiguo, hemisphærico, papillæformi, integerrimo, poro anguste tandem pertuso instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $40 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, in asci lumine utrinque attenuato conglobatis, $6-7 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis *Salicis capreæ*, prope Münster, Germ., raro.

31. **Eutypa Fraxini** (Nits.) Sacc. *V. Fraxini* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 145, 648

Sphæria Fraxini Curr.? — Stromate brevi, maculæformi, raro latius effuso ramosque ambiente, rarissime ligno nigrescenti, elevato, plerumque corticis interioris parenchymati, fungi stromate mox nigrificato, tumescenti immerso ligno atroinquinato adnato, peridermio arctissime adhærente, nunc incolorato nunc contra cinerascente v. tandem nigricante tecto, rarius, peridermio secesso, denique libero, atro; peritheciis monostichis, majusculis, globosis v. depressis, plus minus alte immersis ac plerumque densissime stipatis, rarius sparsis, erectis v. in stromatum minorum ambitu, collis nonnihil convergentibus, fere symmetrica, collo brevi v. pro situ longiori, crasso, ostiolo incrassato, majusculo, hæmisphærico v. subconico, ruguloso, integro, prominulo instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, in pedicellum prælongum attenuatis, octosporis, $32-40 \approx 5-6$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine, utrinque attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, nonnihil incurvis v. subrectis, fuscescentibus, $5-10$, rarius, $12 \approx 2-3$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis tenuioribus *Fraxini excelsioris*,

Münster, Cappenberg, Germania. — f. *Arbuti*: sporidiis allantoideis, 9–11 $\approx 1\frac{3}{4}$ –2, dilute olivaceis. — In ramis corticatis *Arbuti Unedo nis*, in Gallia.

32. Eutypa milliaria (Fr.) Sacc. Valsa milliaria (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. 649

p. 149, *Sphæria milliaria* Fr. — Stromate nunc late effuso, nunc brevi, maculæformi ac plerumque longitudinaliter expanso sæpeque confluente, ligno, semper elevato, primum immutato v. in superficie æquali, cinereo, deinde extus intusque plus minus atroinquinato immerso, ostiolis nigro-punctulato, ceterum lævi opaco; peritheciis substrato, plus minus fucato omnino immersis, monostichis, dense stipatis, globosis, in collum breve attenuatis ostiolisque subglobosis integris v. spurie ac radiatim sulcatis instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 27 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque angustato subdistichis v. in asci parte inferiore monostichis, cylindricis, parum curvatis, subincoloratis, 7–9 $\approx 1\frac{1}{2}$ –2. — Spermogonia unilocularia: spermatiis filiformibus curvis, 24 \approx 1.

Hab. in ligno duriore *Quercus*, *Fagi*, *Staphyleæ* in Suecia, Italia, Germania et America boreali.

33. Eutypa aneirina (Somm.) Sacc. Mich. I, 18, 574, *Diatrype aneirina* Fr. De Not. Sf. ital. p. 29, t. 29, *Sph. aneirina* Somm. Lapp. 208. — Effusa, tecta, peritheciis confertis in stromate flavescente nidulantibus (peridermio denique denigrato tectis), ostiolis sparsis convexis, parum excedentibus, lævibus; ascis clavatis longe stipatis, p. sporif. 35–40 \approx 6–7, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, 9–10 \approx 1,6–2, luteolis.

Hab. in cortice *Populi tremulæ* et *Populi nigræ* in Lapponia et Italia boreali. — Tumores sistit ultra pollicem latos, ad 4 poll. longos determinatos inter epidermidem et corticem nidulantes. — A *Cryptosphæria millepunctata* præsertim stromate evidenter dignoscitur.

34. Eutypa leucostroma (Mont.) Sacc. Valsa leucostroma Mont. Syll. 651
Crypt. n. 759. — Conica aut placentæformis, atra, impolita; peritheciis paucis nigris in stromate albo nidulantibus conceptaculoque cinctis, ostiolis vix conspicuis; ascis subclavatis 45 μ . long.; sporidiis 9–10 μ . long. brevibus linearibus.

Hab. in ramis *Smilacis mauritanicæ*, Alger (DURIEU), *Smilacis Alpini* in horto Patavino. — «Acervuli corticales, prominuli, epidermide a disco pertusa cincti, quandoque confluentes macula stromatica nigra inter acervulos varie diffusa; ostiola

rotundata lœvia; asci clavati, longe stipitati, p. sporif. 35-40 \approx 7-8, 8spori; sporidia disticha, 9-11 \approx 2- $2\frac{3}{4}$, botuliformia, luteola, 2-guttulata [Michelia] ».

35. **Eutypa Rhodi** (Nits.) Fuck. *V. Rhodi* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 148. 652

— Stromate effuso, maculæformi, determinato lineaque atra sæpe circumscripto, ligno nudato, multo sæpius cortici interiori immerso, matricem plerumque nonnihil elevante atque nigrificante, peridernio arctissime adhærente, ostiolis tantum pertuso, nigropunctato, translucido, incolorato tecto; peritheciis minimis, globosis v. depresso, corticis parenchymati tandem plus minus atroinquinato monostiche denseque immersis, haud raro ordine linearis dispositis, in collum breve v. longiusculum, tenue subito attenuato ostioloque minutissimo, punctiformi, hemisphærico, integro, lœvi, prominulo, poro, minimo denique pertuso instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octospori, 40-44 \approx 5-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine et apicem versus attenuato subdistichis, cylindrincis, curvulis v. subrectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 10-12 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramulis Rosæ caninæ et tomentosæ in Britannia, Gallia. — Var. *Corni sanguineæ*, ascis p. sporif. 40-45 \approx 5-6; sporidiis 8 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinis. — In ramulis Corni, Saintes (Gallia).

36. **Eutypa ambigua** J. Kunze Fungi sel. exsicc. n. 152 (sine diagno- 653 si). — Stromate late effuso ramulosque totos subinde ambiente, corticem adhærentem infuscante; peritheciis dense gregariis v. hinc inde aggregatis, globulosis, cortice immersis, prominulis, ostiolis tantum perforantibus, globulosis, pertusis, integris, parum extantibus; ascis longe stipitatis, clavatis, apaphysatis, apice obtusis, p. sporif. 52 \approx 5-6, octosporis; spordiis distichis allantoideis, curvis, ehyalino chlorinis, 7-9 \approx 1,5-2.

Hab. in truncis emortuis Spirææ ulmifoliae in hortis prope Eisleben (Germania). — Affinis *E. Rhodi*.

37. **Eutypa velutina** (Wallr.) Sacc. Fungi Veneti Ser. IV, p. 16, Fungi ital. t. 472, *Sph. velutina* Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 4066. — Stromate late extenso plano; peritheciis globosis nigris sparsim confertis ligno insculptis latitantibus, in colla brevia tenuatis ostiolo conico-rotundato levi nitido vix emergente; ascis fusoideis longe stipitatis p. sporif. 35 \approx 4,5; spordiis allantoideis, dilute olivaceis, 7-9 \approx 2, leniter curvis. — Status conidicus *Trichosporium velutinum* sistens et matricis superficiem fusco velutinam reddens; conidiis obovoides fuligineis 6 \approx 4,5-5.

Hab. in trunco decorticato Aceris campestris in Ital. bor.

et Germania. — Var. *quercina* Michel. II, 374; ascis minoribus, nempe 22–26 $\approx 3\frac{1}{2}$ –4 (p. sporif.); sporidiis etiam minoribus, 5–6 ≈ 1 , subhyalinis. — In ligno quercino, Newfield, (ELLIS).

38. **Eutypa dimorpha** (Berk. et Curt.) Sacc. *Diatrype dimorpha* Berk. 655 et Curt. Exot. fungi Schwein. p. 287. — Effusa, nigra, ligno immersa; peritheciis majoribus globosis, ostiolo elongato spiniformi; sporidiis minimis, oblongis, curvis, 4–5 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis, Surinam. — Tumores format ligno plus minusve immersos, constantes e pustulis, in quibus 1–2 globosa perithecia rostellata nidulantur. — *Eutypæ latæ* affinis, a qua differt peritheciis majoribus et sporidiis minoribus.

39. **Eutypa comosa** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV. n. 21. — Stromate 656 late ambiente per lignum corticatum v. decorticatum denigratum profunde et tortuose excurrente, linea nigra limitato; peritheciis dense gregariis, immersis, globosis 350–400 μ . diam., atris, membranaceo-carbonaceis, nucleo olivaceo gelatinoso-fluente farctis, in ostiolum exertum, filiforme, saepius prælongum 5–15 $\approx 0,8$ –0,1 mill. atrum, carbonaceum productis; ascis clavato-ovovatis 25–30 ≈ 6 –9 mox a pedicello longo ac fluxili secedentibus, apophysatis (?), octosporis; sporidiis inordinate 2–3-stichis, elliptico-navicularibus, leniter curvulis 5–7 ≈ 2 –2,5, utrinque obtusiusculis ac 1-guttulatis, dilute chlorino-fumosis.

Hab. ad caudices putrescentes vetustos (nec non ramos) Celtidis Talæ prope Buenos-Aires, et in sylvis australioribus (Amer. australis) per annos 1880–81. — Species pulcherrima mox distinguenda, matricem horride hirtam, v. longe atro-comatam efficiens.

40. **Eutypa heteracantha** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 504, *V. heteracantha* Sacc. 657 Mycol. Ven. Spec. p. 129, tab. XIV, f. 35–42. — Stromate corticali, subepidermico tandem liberato, ramos late ambiente, niger-rimo, primitus hyphis, fuscis, ramoso-intricatis, articulatis conidiophoris velutino, tandem ligni superficiem atroinquinante; conidiis obovoideis 6 ≈ 5 –6, 1-guttulatis, fuligineis; peritheciis cortici immersis lignoque adnatis, nunc in acervulos valsiformes per (4–6) aggregatis, nunc subsparsis, sphæricis, majusculis, atris, intus nitidis, $\frac{3}{4}$ –1 mill. diam., ostiolis crasse cylindraceis v. subconicis, perfecte lœvibus, epidermidem fasciculatim erumpentibus alteque exertis, superne divergentibus, apice rotundatis et tandem pertusis, circa basim constanter hypharum fasciculis, rigidis spiniformibus, elongatis, patulisque cinctis, tandem subdenudatis; ascis copiosissimis crassiuscule clavatis, longissime stipitatis, parte sporifera 18–

$25 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}$, stipite 15–20 long., 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis v. inordinatis, cylindraceis, curvulis, utrinque rotundatis, $5-6 \approx 3\frac{3}{4}-1\frac{1}{4}$, dilute luteolis, 2-guttulatis. — Status spermogonicus: spermogoniis subunilocularibus, intus pallidis, sub epidermide elevata nidulantibus, globulosis, sursum fasciculos hypharum (ut perithecia ascophora) eminentibus; spermatiis filiformibus, $20 \approx 1$, arcuatis, hyalinis sterigmatibus brevibus fasciculatis fultis. — St. macroconidicus (fasciculi prædicti hypharum) sistit *Graphium fasciculatum* Sacc.

Hab. in ramis corticatis arborum fruticumque variorum in Italia bor., Germania, Gallia, Lusitania, Amer. merid. frequens, vere. Hucusque lecta in Salice alba, Sambuco nigra, Moro alba, Ailanthe, Hibisco Syriaco, Hedera, Smilace, Rhoe Salice, Vite, Pruno, Celtide Tala, Melia, Bauhinia, Broussonetia papyrifera, Robinia Pseudacacia, Carpino Betulo, Weigelia, Coronilla Emoro, Vitalba, Eonymo, Tilia, Lauro, Alno, Acere. — Species distinctissima, sed n. 41 et 43 forte affinis, quæ, dum proiectior fit, dejecto rami cortice, ostiolis elongatis et hyphis delapsis, valde, habitu, Diaporthem spiculosam v. fasciculatam æmulatur. Dixi heteracantham quia perithecia spinas dimorphas proferre videntur, nempe crassiores seu ostiola, tenuiores seu fasciculos hypharum. — *Valsa atomospora* Ellis North Amer. Fungi n. 690 (in *Corno*) vix differre videtur.

41. **Eutypa bellula** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria bellula* Desm. Not. 1840. 658 p. 186. — Ligno immersa, sparsa, raro confluens; peritheciis nigris, glabris, magnis, globoso-depressis, in parte lignosa culmi nidulantibus, ostiolo longissimo rugoso obtuso; ascis minimis, hyalinis, pyriformi-subclavatis; sporidiis 5–6 oblongis, 2-guttulatis, $5-6 \mu$. long.

Hab. in Gallia, Caen, in culmis Arundinis Donacis. — «*Eut. heteracanthæ* affinis».

42. **Eutypa sepulta** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria sepulta* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 954. — Peritheciis sepultis ostiolo emergente; sporidiis allantoideis minutis.

Hab. in ramis Smilacis, Carolina infer., Amer. bor. — Perithecia immersa, fere ut in *Diaporthe Berkeleyi*.

43. **Eutypa sycina** (Mont.) Sacc. *V. sycina* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 769 660 et Fl. Alg., I, p. 474, sub *Sphæria*. — Peritheciis cortici interiori innatis amplis sparsis aut aggregatis sphæricis, evacuatis intus atro-

nitentibus, crusta atra furfurosa inæquabili tectis, ostiolis erumpentibus sub junctis; ascis diffluentibus fusiformibus $40 \approx 5$; sporidiis 5μ . long. reniformibus tenuissimis.

Hab. in cortice Fici Caricæ, Alger (DURIEU). — *E. hetero-*
canthæ affinis videtur.

44. **Eutypa Julii** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 71. — Stromate corticali,⁶⁶¹
subepidermico, tandem liberato, ramos late ambiente, atro; peri-
theciis in matrice nigricante nidulantibus, dense stipatis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill.
latis, globosis, atris, subtiliter rugulosis, in rostrum cylindricum,
strictum, sinuosum, deflexum, sexies perithecii altitudinem æquans
abrupte attenuatis, rostris fasciculatim erumpentibus secundisque;
ascis fusiformibus 8-sporis, $45-50 \approx 5$; sporidiis distichis, cylindra-
ceis, utrinque obtusis, rectis vel curvulis, continuis, hyalinis $8-$
 $10 \approx 2$.

Hab. ad basim putrescentem Punicæ Granati, semel autum-
no obvia, Vaucluse (Gallia).

C) Species quoad ostiola incertæ.

45. **Eutypa microcarpa** (Fr. et M.) Sacc. *Valsa* (Sphæria) *micro-*⁶⁶²
carpa Fr. et Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1834, I. 299. — Stromate late
effuso tomentoso fusco-atro-obtecta; peritheciis minutissimis glo-
bosis; ostiolis disco nigro prominulis; ascis sporidiis fusoi-
deis curvis pellucidis, globoso-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis ignotis Lyon, Gallia. Perithecia stromate cor-
ticali profunde immersa; ostiola supra discum nigrum, epidermide
rupta cinctum vix prominula; stromatis substantia sæpe pallens
extus nigra velutina «(conidiophora?)». An *E. velutinæ* analoga?

46. **Eutypa penes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Obvallatae) *penes* B. et Br.⁶⁶³
Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1112. — Cortici immersa; ostiolis minimis con-
gestis, tandem emergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis minimis al-
lantoideis.

Hab. in cortice, superficie nigro-maculato, Ceylon.

47. **Eutypa phaselina** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. phaselina* Mont. Syll. Crypt.⁶⁶⁴
n. 855 et Guy., mss. n. 565, t. 6, f. 2. — Seriata, erumpens, li-
neari-lanceolata, elevata, nigra; stromate pallido; peritheciis plu-
riserialibus connatis, oblongis, ostiolis crassis prominulis scutelli-
formibus atris; ascis octosporis, clavatis; sporidiis minutissimis
phaseoliformibus hyalinis, $7,5 \approx 2,5$.

Hab. in Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

48. **Eutypa micropuncta** Cooke in Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 187 et in Grev.⁶⁶⁵

VI. p. 144. — Effusa, atra, undulata; peritheciis minimis; ostiolis punctiformibus, dense stipatis, vix elevatis, nec sulcatis, convexulis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, minutis.

Hab. in ramis quercinis in Florida, Amer. bor.

49. **Eutypa micromeria** (Mont.) Sacc. *Diatr. micromeria* Mont. Syll. 666

Crypt. n. 752. — Immersa, oblonga, prorumpens, longitrorsum confluens, extus intusque atra; peritheciis minutis globosis, ostiolis teretibus gracilibus longis; ascis 15–20 μ . long. sporidiis 4 \approx 1, leviter curvis, exilissimis.

Hab. in cortice arborum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

50. **Eutypa rhypodes** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon rhypodes* B. et C. 667

North Amer. Fungi n. 849. — Linearis; peritheciis congestis minutis albo-pulverulentibus; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ligno quercino, Pensylvania. — Perithecia secundum ligni fibras disposita, minuta, connata, albo-furfuracea.

51. **Eutypa Ulicis** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Versatilis) *Ulicis* Fr. Linnæa 668

1830, p. 544. *Diatrype Ulicis* Berk., Cooke Handb. n. 2453. — Verruciformis, sublibera, extus intusque carbonacea, atra; peritheciis membranaceis, amplis, ostiolis tuberculosis; sporidiis (ex Cooke ms.) allantoideis.

Hab. ad ramos Ulicis in Britannia et in Europa australi (DUFOUR). — Stroma a cortice formatum, subcarbonaceum, fragile; verrucæ erumpentes inæquales, subconfluentes. — *Eutypæ scabrosæ* affinis.

52. **Eutypa viticola** (Schw.) Sacc. *S. viticola* Schw. Syn. Car. n. 64. 669

Mont. in Fl. Alg. p. 463. V. *Vitis* Schw. sec. Cooke. Valsei U. S. p. 113. — Tecta, emersa, in series parallelas crescens, fusco-nigra, stromate brunneo, peritheciis paucis globosis, ostiolis latentibus; crassis rugulosis; ascis tenuibus cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, curvulis, biseriatis, 12–14 μ . long.

Hab. in sarmenis Vitis rotundifoliæ et viniferæ in Amer. bor. (Schw.), Gailia et Algeria (Mont.). Series sparsæ, cum epidermide assurgente prominentes, non vero erumpentes; perithecia magna, globosa, crassa, rariora, 1–3 in singula verruca, stromate brunneo splendente cincta. — Ob stroma brunneum splendens ab *E. ludibunda* mea differre videtur. *Diatrype viticola* (Schw.) Berk. North Am. Fungi n. 854, ob sporidia didyma 15 μ . longa a *Valsaria insitiva* forte non differt.

53. **Eutypa Crouani** Sacc. *Eutypa viticola* Crouan Finist. p. 35 nec 670
Schw. — Peritheciis 2–3 in series digestis, sphæricis, nigris, ostiolo

cylindrico, elongato, apice obtuso, transverse striato; ascis clavatis, minutissimis, octosporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, parum curvis.

Hab. in sarmentis emortuis *Vitis viniferae*, Finistère (Gallia). 671

54. Eutypa urticaria (Mont.) Sacc. *S. urticaria* Mont. Syll. Crypt.

n. 840. — Pustulæformis, epidermide adnata demum nigrata obtecta; peritheciis subsphæricis atris; stromate concolori in series parallelas dispositis, intus albis, ostiolis minutis prominulis; ascis clavatis 40 μ . long.; sporidiis octonis, linearis-oblongis, curvulis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 2.

Hab. in petiolis *Palmarum*, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

ENDOXyla Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I. p. 321 (1871), *Eutypopsis* Karst.

Symb myc. Fenn. (1877). (Etym. *endon*, intus, *xylon* lignum, quia perithecia ligno infossa). — Stroma ligneum, sed vix manifestum; perithecia in greges plerumque seriales v. subsparsa, ligno tota immersa, ostiolis non sulcatis, saepe majusculis; asci stipitati, octospori, (spurie?) paraphysati; sporidia allantoidea, dilute fusca. — Spermogonia, sec. Fuck., *Phomæ* species sistentia.

1. Endoxyla parallela (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. parallela* Fr. S. M. II. 373. 672

Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 47, fig. 100. *Valsa parallela* (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 154. *Eutypa* (*Eutypopsis*) *parallela* Karst. mycon fenn. II, p. 130. — Stroma ligno innato, spurio; peritheciis substrato omnino non fucato v. in superficie cinerascenti immersis majusculis, globosis, in cæspites exiguo, seriatim dispositos, ellipticos v. suborbiculares, hinc inde confluentes seriesque breves, parallelas, interruptas formantes dense stipatis, in collum breve ac tenui subito attenuatis; ostiolis exiguis, incrassatulis, subglobosis, atris, integris, lævibus in cæspitulum superficiale densissime confertis poroque tandem pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 60 \approx 6-7 p. sporif.; sporidiis distichis v. in asci parte inferiore monostichis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, fuscescentibus 10-15 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ligno decorticato putrido *Pini* in Suecia, Fennia, Germania, Scotia. — Sporidia non septata, ut in Grev. I. 174, nec talia pingit l. c. Curr. ex Scler. Suec.

2. Endoxyla operculata (Alb. et Schw.) *Sphaeria operculata* Alb. et 673 Schw. Consp. Nisk. p. 40, Curr. Trans. Linn. XXII, t. 58, fig. 75.

Valsa operculata (Alb. et Schw.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 173. — Stroma substrato omnino innato, spurio; peritheciis ligno, superficie dealbato, ceterum intus extusque non mutato immersis, magnis,

globosis v. ovatis, irregulariter sparsis, nunc singularibus, discretis, nunc contra plus minus confertis, serie simplici v. rarius dupli ligni rimas occupantibus v. sine ordine gregatim stipatis in collum crassum, breviusculum sensim attenuatis; ostiolis grandiusculis, prominentibus, primitus rotundatis, dein medio depresso poro angusto perforatis, postremo excavatis, subpezizoideis fuscis; ascis anguste clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, membrana tenui textis, $60 \approx 6-7$; sporidiis distichis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis v. subreticulis, saturate fuscescentibus, $12-14 \approx 3$.

Hab. in ligno *A betis* in Lusatia et Suecia, rarius.

3. **Endoxyla macrostoma** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I. 322. — Sper- 674
mogoniis ut generis, in series lineares, longas dispositis; spermatiis circ. $4 \approx 1$. — Peritheciis ascigeris in greges plerumque biseriales, raro uniserialis et sparsas dispositis, majusculis in collum, perithecium subæquans attenuatis; ostiolis prominulis majusculis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. lat., sphærulæformibus, globosis seu late ventricoso-conicis, vertice parum umbonatis, papillatis, numquam cupulæformibus, atris, lignum inquinantibus, sed quandoque mycelio (stromate?) byssino, albo vel fusco circumdati; ascis $58 \approx 6-7$ p. sporif.; stipite $40-50 \mu$. longo; sporidiis $10-12 \approx 3$; spermatiis $4 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus et humi dejectis *Quercus*, rarius, Bachweg Rhenogovia. — Ab *E. parallelæ* et *operculata* forma ostiolorum præcipue differt.

CRYPTOSPHÆRIA Grev. Sc. Crypt. t. 201 pro min. parte. De Not. Schema sf. p. 231 p. p. Fuck. Symb. myc. 211 (Etym. *cryptos* abditus, et *sphæria*, quia perithecia peridermio tecta). — Stroma corticale, sed vix manifestum. Perithecia æqualiter et densiuscule gregaria cortici immutato immerse, numquam ligno adnata. Asci stipitati, octospori, aparaphysati. — Spermogonia cytisporoidea.

1. **Cryptosphæria millepunctata** Grev, Crypt. Scot. t. 201, De Not. 675
Sfer. ital. p. 40, t. 47, nec Auct. plur. *Sph. Corticis* Curr. *Val-
sa eunomia* (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 160. *Sph. eunomia* Fr. S. M. II. p. 377. — Stromate effuso, plerumque brevi, maculæformi, rarius ambiente, cortici innato, spurio; peritheciis monostichis, dense gregatis, cortici interiori immutato immersis, globosis, majusculis, peridermio haud colorato v. nonnihil expallente, plerumque pa- rum elevato tectis, in collum brevissimum attenuatis ostioloque mi- nutissimo, punctiformi, nigro, hemisphærico, vix prominulo instru- ctis; ascis clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $60-80 \approx 8-$

10 p. sporif; sporidiis in ascis lumine, apicem versus attenuato subdistichis v. conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 14–18 = 3. — Spermogonia unicellularia; spermatiis filiformi-curvatis, 40–48 = 1; cirrhis roseis v. luteis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Fraxini excelsioris in Suecia, Germania, Italia, Britannia, Lusitania et Gallia.

2. **Cryptosphæria populina** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sph. populina* Pers. Ic. Fung. 676

p. 52, t. 21, f. 5. *Sph. Corticis* Fr. nec auct. Angl. *Sphæria*, *Valsa* et *Cryptosphæria millepunctata* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 161, Fuck., Karst., Sacc. etc. nec Grev. — Stromate effuso, nunc brevi, nunc contra longe lateque effuso, ramosque ambiente, cortici innato, spurio; peritheciis corticis interioris parenchymati incolorato v. tandem atroinquinato immersis, peridermio contiguo, omnino non mutato, rarius parum elevato v. obscurato, ostiolis atropunctato tectis, monostichis, dense confertis v. laxe ac sine ordine sparsis, majusculis, globosis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo minuto, prominulo, hemisphærico, ruguloso, immo obscure sulcato instrutis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis 40 = 5–8 p. sporif.; sporidiis in ascis lumine apicem versus attenuato subdistichis, cylindricis, curvulis, fuscescentibus, 8–12 = 2.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Populi tremulæ, P. nigræ, P. albae in Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Italia, Sibiria, Lusitania, Fennia.

— Var. *Prunorum*; sporidiis minoribus, 7–9 = 1–1,5, subolivaceis.

— Malmedy. — An hæc potius ad *E. myriocapam* referenda?

3. **Cryptosphæria vicinula** (Nyl.) Karst. Mycol. Fenn. II. 101. *Sphæria vicinula* Nyl. in Flora 1863, p. 322. — Stromate effuso, plerumque brevi, maculiformi, discreto vel confluente cortici interiori incolorato vel tandem atroinquinato innato; peritheciis immersis, peridermio plus minus elevato, lævigato, primum immitato, dein cinerascente, tandem in crustam tenuem, continuam, æqualem, atram mutato tectis, sphæroideis vel mutua pressione angulatis, collis brevissimis ostiolisque prominulis, hemisphæricis vel subsphæroideis, rugosis, tandem plus minus sulcatis et rudibus, minutis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 43–60 = 7–9 p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, rectis, inæquilateralibus vel leniter curvulis, oblongatis, subfuscis, 9–14 = 3–5.

Hab. ad corticem Salicū et Alni in Fennia et Lapponia passim. — Habitu, e stromatibus minoribus atque elevationibus pendente, sporidiis et ascis majoribus a *C. millepunctata* diversa.

4. **Cryptosphæria myriocarpa** (Nits.) Sacc., *Valsa myr.* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 678

p. 159. — Stromate corticis parenchymati plus minus elevato innato, nunc longe effuso ramosque ambiente et eorum corticem in crustam continuam, æqualem, superficie punctulato-asperulam mutante, nunc varie interrupto undulato v. maculæformi, cum peridermio immutato v. rarius tandem nigrescente concrescente; peritheciis corticis strato supremo, haud nigrificato immersis, monostichis, densissime stipatis, globosis sed plerumque mutua pressione angulatis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo minuto, punctiformi, hemisphærico, peridermum perforatum parum superante instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $40-48 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrimque angustato subdistichis, cylindricis, parum curvatis v. subrectis, pallide fuscescentibus $8-10 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}-2$. — Spermogonia simplicia; spermatiis cylindricis, curvis, $24 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis *Fagi sylvaticæ*, prope Münster, Germania.

5. **Cryptosphæria sepulta** (Nits.) Sacc. *Valsa sepulta* Nits. Pyr. Germ. 679

p. 162. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, indeterminato, contiguo v. hinc inde interrupto, cortici crassiori innato, spurio; peritheciis corticis parenchymati immutato alte immersis, monostichis, dense stipatis, globosis, peridermio expallente tectis, collo brevi, ostiolo minimo obtusissimo, applanato, punctiformi, atro, ruguloso v. obscure quadrisulcato, peridermum perforante ac vix extante instructis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $80-90 \approx 8$ p. sporif.; sporidiis in asci lumine utrinque maxime attenuato subdistichis v. conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, fuscensibus, $18-22 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in trunco *Erythronii europæi* in Westphalia. — *C. millepunctatæ* affinis, peritheciis profundius infossis, minoribus, densioribus, ascis sporidiisque majoribus etc. differt.

6. **Cryptosphæria ocellata** (Fr.). Ces. et De Not. Schema Sfer. p. 57. 680

Sph. et *Halonia ocellata* Fr. S. M. II. 480, *Sph. brevis* Sow. — Sparsa, peritheciis immersis globosis persistentibus nigris, ostiolis in disco truncato albo exsertis solitariis umbilicatis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis biseriatis, allantoideis, curvulis, hyalinis, 10μ long.

Hab. in ramis *Fraxini*, *Salicis* in Suecia, Belgio, Britania, Germania, Italia. — *Stictis* speciem primo obtutu refert; discus erumpens minutus ceraceus albus, deum vero nigrescens, in cuius centro adest ostiolum depresso opacum nigrum, fere ut in *V. leucostoma*, sed perithecia in cortice interiore nidulantia omnino simplicia, solitaria, glabra, nuda (nec pruinosa) atra, ple-

rumque evacuata, intus cinerascentia nec collabentia. Est quasi Sphæria simplex stromate instructa; structura ad Cytisporas accedente.

7. **Cryptosphæria rimulosa** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 187, t. V, fig. 10. 381
 Peritheciis corticis parenchymati nigrificato immersis, subæqualiter dense sparsis, hinc inde confertioribus, peridermio crebre pulstulato-rimoso tectis, ovoideis v. mutua pressione angulatis, collo brevi et ostiolo vix per rimas perspicuo instructis; ascis anguste clavato-fusoideis longe stipitatis, octosporis 20-25 \approx 4 (ex icono); sporidiis subdistichis curvatis simplicibus e luteo fuscidulis 8 \approx 2; paraphysibus nullis v. spuriis.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Acaciæ, Keren, Abyssinia.

8. **Cryptosphæria ligniota** (Fr.) Auersw. in Rabh. F. E. n. 1269 (non 682 vidi). *Sph. ligniota* Fr. S. M. II. 376. — Tecta, immersa, peritheciis stromate fuliginoso tectis, ostiolis erumpentibus depresso sub-tuberculosis.

Hab. in cortice Populi tremulæ in Suecia et Germania. — Specimina n. 1269 Rabh. F. E. sec. Rehm Asc. n. 433 spectant ad *C. populinam*. — *Eut. subcutaneæ* non absimilis, sed plagas elevatas non format. Perithecia globosa, valde obscura et stromate concoloria, quare nudis oculis in conspectum non veniunt, tenuia, parte inferiori in cortice demersa, superiore stromate floccoso-furfuraceo obtecta; intus evacuata tantum vidi; collis brevissimis, sed ostiola admodum distincta, in superficie corticis prominula, depressa, subrotunda, tuberculosa, nitidula.

9. **Cryptosphæria? rubrocincta** (Schwein.) Sacc. *Sphæria rubrocincta* Schw. B. et C. Exot. fungi Schwein. p. 290. — Subtecta, peritheciis subglobosis brunneis, pruinosis, ostiolo brevissimo pulvere aurantiaco cinto; sporidiis breviter oblongis, curvulis, 6-5 μ . longis, 2-3-guttulatis. 683

Hab. in corticibus, Surinam.

10. **Cryptosphæria fissicola** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria (obtectæ) fissicola* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea, VI, p. 94, t. 100, f. 32. — Tecta, epidermide rimoso-fissa; peritheciis globosis, atris; ostiolis obtusis, erumpentibus; ascis pyriformibus; sporidiis allantoideis, minutis, hyalinis, 8 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Rosæ, New Jersey, Amer. borealis.

11. **Cryptosphæria vexata** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria (obtectæ) vexata* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. V. p. 94. — Subgregaria, subimmersa tecta; peritheciis ovatis, atris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis 685

hyalinis, allantoideis 10 μ . long.; sporiis rectis, linearibus minutis, 5 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Andromedæ ligustrinæ*, New Jersey, Am. bor. — Perithecia gregarie effusa v. seriata, ostiolis conicis erumpentibus. — Spermogonia longius ostiolata.

12. **Cryptosphæria inordinata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria inordinata* 686

B. et C. North Amer Fungi n. 928. — Epidermide tecta, prominens; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis *Rosæ lævigatæ*, Carol. inf., Amer. bor. — Perithecia peridermio, dense et minute ab iisdem exasperato, tecta.

13. **Cryptosphæria propagata** (Plow.) *Sphæria propagata* Plow. in 687

Grev. VII, 73. — Peritheciis seriatis, erumpentibus subsuperficialibus, mediocribus, quandoque confluentibus; ostiolis distinctis, papillatis; ascis cylindraceis 50–60 \approx 8–11, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, 8–10 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in racemis (pedunculis) *Vitis*, in California, Am. bor. — Sec. ipsum Plow. (Grev. VIII. 73) est forma *Eutypæ viticolæ*, quam conferas.

14. **Cryptosphæria secreta** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria (obtectæ) secreta* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. V. p. 94. — Sparsa, epidermide tecta; peritheciis brunneis, globosis, demum applanatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis 10–12 μ . longis.

Hab. sub cortice *Viburni*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia omnino tecta, nec conspicienda nisi cortex secedat.

CRYPTOSPHESELLA Sacc. *Valsa II.* † Nits. Pyr. Germ. 163. (Etym.

a *Cryptosphæria*, cuius est analogia). — Stroma et perithecia *Cryptospheeliæ*. Asci polyspori, stipitati. Sporidia allantoidea, hyalina.

— Genus fructificatione *Cryptovalsæ*, stromate *Cryptospheeliæ*.

1. **Cryptosphærella Nitschkei** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Valsa Nitschkei* (Awd.) 689

Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 163. *Sphæria Nitschkei* Auersw. — Stroma latissime effuso, indeterminato, ramosque, quorum cortici innato, ambiente, spurio; peritheciis corticis parenchymati immutato immersis, monostichis, exiguis, subglobosis, remote sparsis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo minutissimo, punctiformi, peridermium perforante, vix prominulo, atro, obtusissimo, integro instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, polysporis, 44–56 \approx 9–10 p. sporif.; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, exilissime cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, hyalinis, 8–10 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Salicis* e sectione *Capreæ* cultæ in horto botanico, Münster, Germania.

CRYPTOVALSA Ces. et De Not. Schema Sfer. it. p. 29 (Etym. *cryptos* abditus, et *Valsa*). — Stroma effusum, eutypeum plerumque corticale, rarius ligneum, intus sæpius atroinquinans. Perithecia immersa, ostiolo parum emergente, sæpius exarato. Asci stipitati, polyspori, aparaphysati. Sporidia allantoidea, hyalino-luteola. Spermogonia in nonnullis nota, cytisporoidea.

1. ***Cryptovalsa protracta*** (Pers.) De Not. p. p. Sfer. ital. p. 40, t. 46, 690
Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 134, t. XIV, f. 11–13, *Valsa protracta* (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 155. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, corticis crassioris, in superficie immutatæ, substantiam interiorem lignique suppositi superficiem atroinquinante; peritheciis cortici immersis lignoque adnatis monostichis, plus minus dense stipatis, rarius sparsis, sæpissime sub corticis rimis seriatim dispositis, atris, majusculis, ovatis, adscendentibus, in collum breve, crassum, cylindricum sensim attenuatis ostioloque nonnihil incrassato, parum prominulo, rotundato ac rimis 4 leviter exarato, tandem perforato instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, polysporis, 75–100 = 9 (p. sporif.); sporidiis in asci lumine apicem versus maxime attenuato conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 10–12 = 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ –3.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Aceris campestris* in Germania, Gallia, Italia, frequens. — Cl. Fabre, Sphér. Vaucl., ad hanc speciem forte non immerito dicit *C. ampelinam*, *C. Nitschkei* etc.

2. ***Cryptovalsa ampelina*** (Nits.) Fuck. Symb. 312, *C. protracta* De 691
Not. p. p. *Echusias Vitis* Hazl., *Valsa ampelina* (Fuck.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 156. — Stromate nunc longe lateque effuso Vitis sarmenta continue ambiente, nunc contra brevi, maculæformi, cortici immerso ejusque substantiam nec non ligni suppositi superficiem tandem atroinquinante, corticis strato supremo immaculato tecto, haud raro elevato-protuberante; peritheciis ligno adnatis, monostichis, dense confertis, nunc ordine æquali dispositis nunc seriatim ordinatis, majusculis, erectis, atris, exakte globosis, in collum breve, crassum, cylindricum subito attenuatis, ostiolo plus minus prominulo, rotundato v. conico-truncato, ruguloso, vix umquam conspicue sulcato instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, polysporis, 75–90 = 8–9 (p. sporif.); sporidiis in asci lumine apicem versus plerumque vehementer attenuato con-

globatis, cylindricis, curvulis v. subrectis, pallide fuscescentibus, 9–10 $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$; peritheciis spermatoferis seriatis, peritheciis ascigeris plane æqualibus; spermatis copiosis, cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis, rectis, continuis, hyalinis, 16 $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in sarmentis Vitis in Gallia, Italia, Germania. — *Sph. insitiva* Tode, Fr. forte huic spectat.

3. **Cryptovalsa Nitschkei** Fuck. Symb. Myc. 212 (sensu ampl.), Sacc. 692

Myc. Ven. 134, t. XIV, f. 14, *Valsa Mori* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 157, *Crypt. protracta* var. Fabr. — Stromate effuso, corticis parenchymati innato, peridermio adhærente, immaculato ac peritheciorum ostiolis solum perforato tecto, crustam irregularem, sæpe interruptam, brevem, immo stroma valseum imitantem, plus minus elevatam, crustæformem formante; peritheciis ligno adnatis, majusculis, irregulariter monostichis v. fere distichis, plerumque dense stipatis, globosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, rarius laxe sparsis, atris, in collum crassum, cylindricum, breve subito attenuatis, ostiolo valde incrassato, subgloboso, majusculo, tandem leviter quadrisulcato, parum prominenti instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, polysporis, 60–66 ≈ 9 (p. sporif.); sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 8–10 $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Mori, Corni, Cratægi, Carpinii plurimarumque arborum in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Amer. austr. — Cfr. Mich. pag. 22–23 et Fabr. Sphér. Vaucl. pag. 71–74 ubi formæ et nutrices quam plurimæ adnumerantur. — A *Crypt. Rabenhorstii* præcipue differt peritheciis constanter minoribus ($\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.), ascis sporidiisque dimidio angustioribus. — An a præsenti specie rite separandæ sint *C. protracta* (Nits.), *C. ampelina* (Nits.) et *C. effusa* Fckl. dubitare licet.

4. **Cryptovalsa Pruni** Fuck. Symb. Myc. App. I, p. 321. — Stromate 693

diatrypeo, latissime effuso, subcorticali, nigro; peritheciis sub stromate in cortice interiori nidulantibus, plerumque dense stipatis, globoso-ovatis, majusculis, ostiolis ut in *Crypt. Nitschkei* formatis, corticis rimis erumpentibus; ascis longissime stipitatis, clavatis, antice subobtusis, polysporis, 74 ≈ 8 ; sporidiis cylindraceis, sed utrimque parum attenuatis, curvatis, continuis, pallide fuscescentibus (in ascis), 10–12 ≈ 4 .

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis Pruni spinosæ, rarius prope Oestrich, Rhenogovia. — A *C. Nitschkei* et *C. effusa* ascis et sporidiis crassioribus recedit.

5. **Cryptovalsa effusa** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. p. 212. — Stromate sub- 694

corticali, late effuso; peritheciis in stromate irregulariter nidulatibus, majusculis, globosis, nucleo sordido; ostiolis prominulis, obtuso-conicis, opaco-atris; ascis longissime stipitatis, clavatis, polysporis, $56 \approx 8$ (p. sporif.); sporidiis farctis, cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis, curvatis, continuis, dilute fuscis, $8 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Rosæ caninæ, quos sæpius omnino obducit, prope Estrich (Germania).

6. **Cryptovalsa uberrima** (Tul.) Sacc. *Eutypa uberrima* Tul. Sel. 695

Fung. Carp. II, 64. — Stromate corticali late ramos ambiente; peritheciis in acervulos minutos quaternariæ-formes digestis denique aggregatis, linea nigra varie excurrente circumscriptis; ostiolis vix extantibus, minutis, obtusis, rimosis; ascis clavatis, 10μ . cr., polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis exiguis $6,5-8 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis Tiliæ europeæ in Gallia. — Spermogonia: spermatiis filiformibus, valde curvatis in cirrhos aureos denique propulsis fœta. — *Habitus*, sec. Nits., *Eutypæ leprosæ*.

7. **Cryptovalsa platensis** Speg. Fung. Arg. I, p. 181. — Peritheciis 696

in acervulos valsiformes, parvulos, $\frac{3}{4}-1$ mill., digestis cortice immersis totos fere ramulos ambientibus minutis, globulosis $\frac{1}{5}-\frac{1}{6}$ mill., atris, contextu parenchymatico-sinuoso, olivaceo-fuligineo; ostiolis fasciculatis, superficiem matricis attingentibus, sed numquam exsertis, atris; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis p. sporif. $60-65 \approx 10-12$, stip. $20-25 \approx 5$, sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum desinentibus, polysporis, apophysatis; sporidiis botuliformibus, eguttulatis, $6 \approx 1-1\frac{1}{2}$, dilute olivaceis.

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos Salicis Humboltianæ a San José de Flores, Mart. 1880 (Amer. merid.). — *Crypt. uberrimæ* (Tul.) videtur affinis.

8. **Cryptovalsa extorris** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 17 et Fungi 697

ital. tab. 160. — Stromate late ramos ambiente et ligni superficiem infuscante; peritheciis ligno adnatis v. parum infossis, nunc dense valsiformiter stipatis, nunc discretis, e globoso conoideis, $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., e mutua pressione quandoque angulosis, atris, hyphis conidiophoris brevibus dense articulato-nodulosis, fuligineis, præcipue ætate juvenili, vestitis; conidiis ovoideis dilute fuligineis, $5 \approx 3$; ostiolis breve cylindraceo-conoideis, vertice rotundato, 2-4 radiatim exaratis, minuteque pertusis; ascis crebris, clavatis, longe stipitatis p. sporif. $70-80 \approx 12-14$, stipite 70-80 long., myriosporis; sporidiis dense congregatis, minutissimis, cylindraceis, curvulis, $6-8 \approx 1$, lutescenti-viridulis, 3-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis tandem decorticatis Mori albæ, Vittorio (Italia bor.) rarius. — Characteribus conidiorum et sporidiorum statim a ceteris speciebus mihi notis dignoscitur, neque cum *Diatrypella* genere ullo modo conjungi potest.

9. **Cryptovalsa Rabenhorstii** (Nits.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. 135, tab. XIV, 698 fig. 47-20, *Valsa Rabenhorstii* Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 158. *Sph. spiculosa* v. *Robiniæ* Rabh. — Stromate effuso, plerumque brevi, maculæformi, immo valsæformi, peridermio, haud nigrefacto tecto, corticis parenchymati immerso ejusque substantia, specie immutata formato, ligno rimoso-verrucosam; peritheciis submonostichis, densissime stipatis, subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, immersis, atris, collo brevissimo cylindrico, crasso, ostiolo nonnihil in-crassato, obtusissimo, rotundato, tandem obscure quadrisulcato, pa-rum exerto, rarissime elongato, cylindrico instructis, hinc inde, peridermio secesso, tandem liberis; ascis clavatis v. fere oblongis crassiusculis, longissime pedicellatis, polysporis, 70-80 = 14-16 (p. sporif.); sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, fuscouscentibus, 14-16 = 3-4.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Robiniæ, Mori, Coryli, Fici, plurumque arborum in Germania et Italia. — Cfr. Michel. I, p. 21 ubi matraces et formas 22 descripti. — Perithecia globosa, intus, nitida, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., nunc subsolitaria, nunc *Valsæ* vel *Eutypæ* ad instar acervata, nunc seriatim disposita, modo corti-cola, modo ligni basi insculpta; stroma nigrescens inter perithe-cia excurrens plus minus manifestum; ostiola vertice rotundata, pertusa, levia v. rugulosa, numquam vere sulcata.

10. **Cryptovalsa arundinacea** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 17, et F. 699 ital. tab. 159. Mycoh. Ven. III. n. 210. — Stromate serialiter longe effuso sed linea nigra nullo circumscripto; peritheciis in se ries parallelas longiusculas plus minusve dense stipatis, in culmi substantia extima omnino immersis, corticeque lineatim rimoso et elevato tectis, majusculis, globulosis, subdepressis, $\frac{2}{3}$ mill. diam., atris, extus albido-furfurceis; ostiolis breve cylindraceis crassiu-sculis corticem parum excedentibus, vertice rotundatis subincrassatis, levibus v. obsolete rimolosis, tandem late pertusis; ascis copiosis crasse clavatis, longissime stipitatis, apice rotundatis, p. s. 60 = 12-13, stipite 50 lg., polysporis; sporidiis dense conglobatis cylindraceis, curvulis 12-16 = 3, guttulatis, hyalino-lutescentibus.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis Donacis, Vittorio (Ital. bor.).

11. **Cryptovalsa depressa** (Fr.) Sacc. *S. depressa* Fries, in Mont. 700

Syll. Crypt. n. 819. Notice etc., in Ann., 2, 1, p. 297, t. 13, f. 1, Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. 203. — Effusa, immersa; peritheciis extus intusque nigris, sphæricis, confertis, nunc cortici interiori, nunc et ligno inquinato immersis, ostiolis maximis superficialibus demum cupulæformibus; ascis fusiformi–subclavatis sporidia copiosa oblonga incurviuscula inordinate foventibus.

Hab. in ramis Carpinii, Sedan (Gallia). — An var. *Cryptovalsa Nitschkei*?

12. ***Cryptovalsa Citri*** Catt. Arch. Bot. Critt. II. 379, t. XXIII, f. 1–4. 701

— Stromate longe lateque extenso v. valsiformi–interrupto, cortice secedente, emergente, lignum penetrante lineolisque nigris circumscripto; peritheciis ligno immersis confertis non vero coalitis, ostiolis brevibus, papillatis cum stromatis superficie concretis; ascis crasse clavatis stipitatis, p. sporif. 74 μ . longa, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, curvis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 3.

Hab. in radicibus crassioribus, cortice sæpe orbatis, *Citri Limonii*, Brindisi, Ital. merid. et Sicilia.

13. ***Cryptovalsa elevata*** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria elevata* Berk. Decad. 702

of fung. n. 71, Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 47, f. 109, *Eutypa elevata* Cooke Handb. n. 2404, *Crypt. Rabenhorstii* v. *Fici Carricæ* Mich. I. 22. — Elongata, emergens, nigra v. grisea; peritheciis gregariis, globosis, mediocribus, ligno immersis; ostiolis conicis, vertice punctiformi; ascis clavatis, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, olivaceis, 15–17 μ . long. (Curr.).

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Eonymi* in Britannia, *Fici Carricæ*, in Italia. — Sec. Berk. sporidia 7,5–8,5 μ . long. — Lecta quoque in Tasmania.

DIATRYPE Fr. p. p. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 64. (Etym. a *diatrypao*, perforo). — Stroma a matricis substantia heterogeneum, erumpenti–subsuperficiale, effusum v. disciforme. Perithecia stromate immersa, collis v. ostiolis non v. vix convergentibus. Ascii octospori, stipitati, apophysati; sporidia allantoidea, minuta, subluteola. — In nonnullis spermogonia et conidia nota (*Cytispora* et *Libertella*). — Genus, speciebus primariis prædistinctis, rite definitum: quibus additæ sunt plurimæ species, imperfecte descriptæ, quarum pars forte ad *Eutypam* v. *Eutypellam* aptus transferenda videtur.

1. ***Diatrype disciformis*** (Hoffm.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 385. Nits. 703
Pyr. Germ. p. 67. Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 150, t. XV, f. 15–17
et Fungi ital. t. 462. *Sph. disciformis* Hoffm. Veg. Crypt. I, p. 15.

Sph. depressa Sow. — Stromate perithecitero orbiculari, disciformi, plano v. nonnihil convexo, primo hypophloede, ligno adnato, deinde erumpente peridermioque tegente secesso, superne nudato, libero, fuscescente ac tenuiter albido-pruinoso, tandem glabro, superficie nigricante intus albido, parte insculpta nigro-limata; stromate conidifero orbiculari, magnitudine stromatis perithecieri, conico-depresso, saturate aurato leviterque sulcato, deinde nigrescente; conidiis linearis-cylindricis, filiformibus, tenerimis, vehementer curvatis, in sterigmatibus brevibus acrogenis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 25-50, monostiche denseque stipatis, ovatis v. fere angulatis, collis brevissimis ac tenuibus ostiolisque minimis, obtusissimis, vix prominulis, integris v. radiatim quadruplicatis instructis; ascis anguste oblongis, longissime pedicellatis, tenerrimis, octosporis, 25-40 \approx 3-5 p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, cylindricis, curvatis, dilute fuscescentibus, 6-8 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2. — Status conidicus *Libertellæ* speciem sistit.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius Viburni, Pruni, Betulæ, Alni, Rhamni, Quercus, in tota Europa et Amer. bor. — Var. *umbonata*: stromate duplo majori quam in forma normali, medio 1-3 umbonibus colliculoso; ascis et sporidiis non diversis. In ramis Pseudoplatani, Jura (FUCK.). — Var. *Magnoliæ*, Thüm. Differt disco vix convexulo, minore, atro, ostiolis indeterminatis; asci, sporidiaque non diversa sunt. In ramis Magnoliæ glaucæ, New Field, Amer. bor. (ELLIS). — Var. *xanthostroma*: stromate tandem citrino. In ramis Salicis Capreæ, Oestrich, Rhenogovia (FUCK.).

2. **Diatrype bullata** (Hoffm.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 385, Sacc. Myc. ⁷⁰⁴
Ven. Spec. t. 15, f. 10-20, *Sphæria bullata* Hoffm. Veg. Crypt. I. p. 5, *Sph. depressa* Bolt., *Sph. Placenta* Tode. — Stromate sub peridermio nato lignoque adnato, deinde erumpente, superne nudato, orbiculari v. ovali, plano-convexo v. fere disciformi, haud raro confluente, nigricante, intus albido, parte immersa nigro-limata; peritheciis monostichis, numerosissimis, dense stipatis, ovatis v. mutua pressione angulatis, collis brevibus ostiolisque punctiformibus, immersis v. nonnihil prominulis, integris, pertusis instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 40-50 \approx 4-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis v. in ascis parte inferiore saepissime monostichis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 6-10 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Salicum et Populorum (Quer-

cus, Coryli) in tota Europa et Amer. bor., sed parce. — Asci et sporidia præcedentis, nisi paulo majora; sed in *Diatrype bullata* acervuli plerumque irregulares, latiores, perithecia in quoque acervulo numerosiora, subsphærica nec ovoidea, et paulo minora.

3. **Diatrype Stigma** (Hoffm.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 385. Nits. Pyr. 705 Germ. p. 65. *Sph. Stigma* Hoffm. *Sph. undulata* Fr. et *Sph. decorticata* DC. (vix var.) — Stromate per peridermum erumpente, demum nudato, longe lateque effuso, sæpe ambiente, applanato, primo pallescente, dein fuscescente, albido-pulverulento, demum atro, crassit. circiter 1 mill.; peritheciis ovoideis ostiolis subimmersis vel nonnihil prominentibus, planiusculis, integris vel quadrigonis præditis; ascis longissime pedicellatis, 30-50 \approx 4-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis 6-12 \approx 1,5-2. — Stromata conidifera (*Nemaspora microspora* Desm.) peritheciigeris superposita vel propinqua, suborbicularia, plerumque confluentia lateque extensa, reticulatim exarata, læte aurata, deinde ex cinereo nigrescentia; conidiis cylindraceis, curvulis 4-5 \approx 1,5 vel filiformibus, 24-28 \approx 1,5.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fagi, Carpini, Castaneæ, Quercus, Pruni, Tiliæ, Pyri, Cratægi, Betulæ, Coryli, Mespili, Rhamni, Rosæ etc. in tota Europa, Sibiria et Amer. bor.

4. **Diatrype rimosa** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 231. — Stromate erumpente, semper convexo et subhemisphærico, 1-2 lineas lato, demum libero, intus albo, epidermidis laciniis patulis cincto, in superficie atro-fusca, opaco, multi-rimoso, exasperato, ostiolis punctiformibus, non prominulis, obscuris; ascis fusoideis, 25-35 \approx 4; sporidiis allantoideis, 6-7 \approx 1,5, dilute luteolis. 706

Hab. in ramis corticatis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ, rarius, Estrich, Rhenogovia. — Affinis *D. disciformi*, sed certe diversa.

5. **Diatrype platystoma** (Schw.) Berk. N. Am. Fungi p. 164, Ellis in M. U. n. 63, *Sphæria platystoma* Schw. Syn. Car. n. 43, Fr. S. M. 707 Myc. II, 351. — Late effusa, rimosa, nigro-marginata, atra, intus concolor, peritheciis confertis globosis, ostiolis sparsis explanatis; «ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis, 30-32 \approx 3,5-4; sporidiis allantoideis, 7-7,5 \approx 1,5, subhyalinis».

Hab. in ramis Hamamelidis, Aceris rubri etc. in Carolina, New York, Pennsylvania (Amer. bor.). — Similis *D. Stigmati*, longissima, unciam lata, rimosa, margine nigro tenuissimo (sterili) in epidermide exarato cincta; perithecia cinerea, polysticha; Præcipue distinguitur ostiolis latis, Pezizæ formam æmulantibus et defectu stromatis albi.

6. **Diatrype hypoxylloides** De Not. Sfer. ital. 26, t. 24. — Epider- 708
mide decedente demum denudata; stromate oblongo, ambitu mar-
ginato, disco levi plumbeo, vix rimoso, ostiolis impressis punctato,
carbonaceo, fragili, intus atro; peritheciis contiguis, obtuse prisma-
ticis; ascis elongato-clavatis, p. s. 24-28 = 3-4; sporidiis allanto-
deis, curvulis, 5 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in trunco humi strato Juglandis regiæ, prope lacum
Verbanum (Ital. bor.). — Affinis *D. Stigmati*, a qua differt disco
plumbeo, sporidiis minoribus, peritheciis magis stipatis.

7. **Diatrype macrothecia** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. III. n. 51. — Stro- 709
matibus laxe gregariis, ellipticis v. elliptico-elongatis v. conflu-
do difformibus, horizontalibus, primo epidermide tectis, dein erum-
penti-liberis, parum prominulis, atris, magnitudine ludentibus 2-
10 (sæpius 4-5) mill. long., 1-4 (sæpius 2) mill. lat., subcupula-
to-depressis, atris, levibus, ex ostiolis prominulis punctato-aspe-
rulis; peritheciis dense monostiche stipatis 15-50, globosis, atris,
primo intus albis, dein nucleo hyalino-fuscescente farctis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$
mill. diam., in ostiola conica, apice obtusiuscula, integra vix pro-
minulo-exerta elongatis, coriaceo-membranaceis; ascis cylindraceo-
clavatis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, ac crassissime tunicatis, luce
refracta unifoveolatis, deorsum in pedicellum prælongum desinen-
tibus p. sp. 30 = 6-7, ped. 100-120 = 2-3, fasciculatim ex hyphis
proligeris oriundis, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis v.
subdistichis cylindraceo-elongatis, curvulis utrinque obtuse rotun-
datis, et 1-guttulatis, 7-8 = 1-1,5, granuloso-farctis, hyalinis v.
sub-chlorinis.

Hab. in palo corticato vetusto Pruni Cerasi, in hortis a la
Boca del Riachuelo, (Amer. austr.). Jun. 1880. — Primo visu for-
ma parvula v. junior *D. Stigmati* videtur, sed stromatibus hori-
zontaliter erumpentibus, matrice semper arcta corticata, cœterisque
characteribus fructificationis non comparanda. Obturaculus minu-
tus ascorum iodi ope cœrulescit!

8. **Diatrype asterostoma** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 853. — Pu- 710
stulis elevatis; ostiolis stellatis; stromate albo; sporidiis allanto-
deis, majoribus, octonis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis Betulæ, Mori etc. in Carolina, Onei-
da, New Jersey.

9. **Diatrype Hystrix** (Tod.?) Fr. Summa V. S. 385, Berk. et Br. Ann. 711
N. H. n. 840 (nec Curr., nec De Not.) *Sph. Hystrix* Tode F. M.
fig. 127, sec. Berk. — Transverse erumpens, depressa, ovalis, sa-

tis plana, nigra, intus brunnea, ostiolis rostellatis, interdum sursum incrassatis; ascis sporidiis allantoideis, minutis, 5-7 \approx 1-2.

Hab. in ramis Aceris Pseudoplatani in Britannia et Amer. bor. (etiam in Benzoin odorifera).

10. **Diatrype fibrifecta** C. et Ellis New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea n. 33. 712

— Pustulis longitudinaliter erumpentibus, subseriatis; ostiolis prominulis exasperata, stromate atrobrunneo; ascis minimis, clavatis, 40 μ . long.; sporidiis allantoideis, hyalinis, 5 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice Juniperi virginianæ in New Jersy, Am. bor. — Pustulæ minutæ, fibris corticalibus partim velatæ; ostiola sæpe elongata, breviora tamen quam in *D. Hystrice*.

11. **Diatrype Aurantii** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphæria Aurantii* De Not. 713

Micr. ital. Dec. VIII, p. 119, fig. III. — Acervulis corticalis, erumpenti-superficialibus, disciformibus, colliculosis, 2-2,5 mill. diam.; peritheciis globosis, nigris monostichis, ostiolis parum eminentibus, breve cylindraceo-truncatis; ascis fusoideis, sessilibus, apaphysatis, 50 \approx 8-9; sporidiis allantoideis hyalinis, curvulis, 12 \approx 3-3,5.

Hab. ad ramos dejectos Citri Aurantii, Milis (Sardinia). 714

12. **Diatrype corniculata** (Ehrh.) B. et Br. Cooke Handb. n. 2438.

Sphæria corniculata Ehrh., Fr. S. M. II, 584. — Innata, stroma-te albido, conceptaculo nigro tecto, peritheciis decumbentibus, ostio-lis confertis subcylindricis distinctis lœvibus; ascis clavatis, octo-sporis; sporidiis allantoideis, 10-12 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis exiccatis Salicis, Fraxini, Quercus in Suecia, Germania, Britannia, Amer. bor. — Peridermio velata, exceptis ostiolis longe exertis, umbilicatis.

13. **Diatrype chlorosarca** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1080. — Par- 715

va, pustulata, orbicularis, intus viridis, supra plana, ostiolis abdi-tis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis allantoideis 7-9 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis in ins. Ceylon. — Multo minor quam *Eutypa flavo-virens*, cui stromate viridulo affinis.

14. **Diatrype collariata** C. et Ellis New Jersey Fungi in Grevillea 716

n. 33. — Pustulis longitudinaliter erumpentibus, sæpe seriatis, ma-xime elevatis; ostiolis nitidis longissimis, cylindraceis, in collaria brunnea congestis; sporidiis allantoideis, 8-10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Caryæ albæ in New Jersey, Am. bor. — Ostio-la usque ad medium in collarium coalita. Species prædistincta.

15. **Diatrype capensis** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 28. — Erum-pens, elliptica, atra, convexa; peritheciis paucis, magnis; ostiolis, 717

pertusis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis linearibus, curvulis pallide fuscis, $10 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis *Cassinopsis capensis* et *Rubi pinnati* in Africa australi.

16. **Diatrype caminata** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 28. — *Erum-* 718
pens, *suborbicularis*, *convexa*, *nigrescens*; *ostiolis exertis*, *cylindricis*, *obtusis*, *truncatis*; *ascis clavatis*; *sporidiis linearibus*, *curvulis*, *hyalinis*, $12 \approx 3$.

Hab. in ramis in Africa australi. — *Ostiola exerta abrupte truncata.*

17. **Diatrype leucocreas** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 745 et Fl. Alg. I, p. 719
 457, sub *Sphaeria*. — *Effusa*, *confluens*, *convexo-plana*, *rugoso-*
colliculosa, *nigra*, *opaca*, *intus alba*, *linea atra circumscripta*; *peri-*
theciis oblongo-ovatis in *collum breve attenuatis*, *ostiolis vix*
prominulis radiatis; *ascis crasse clavatis*, $60 \approx 6-7$; *sporidiis allan-*
toideis, *minutis*, ut *D. Stigmatis*.

Hab. ad caudicem vetustum, Birmandreis Algeriæ (DURIEU).

18. **Diatrype consobrina** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 747 et Fl. Alg. p. 462, 720
 sub *Sphaeria*. — *Tecta*, *linearis-oblonga*, *confluens*, *atro-inquinans*; *peri-*
theciis membranaceis seriatis, *stromati fuliginoso immersis eva-*
cuatis intus albis, *ostiolis globosis minutis erumpenti-prominulis*; *sporidiis allantoideis*, *minutis*, ut *D. Stigmatis*.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis mauritanicæ putredine fere con-
 sumptis, Alger (DURIEU).

19. **Diatrype Mac-Owaniana** Thüm. F. Austro-Afric. VI. n. 117. — 721
Stromate orbiculari, *elevato-subdisciformi*, *convexo*, *erumpente*, *epi-*
dermide subcincto, *aterrimo*, *intus homogeneo albo*; *ostiolis crasse*
punctiformibus, *atris*, *rotundis*; *peri-theciis numerosis*; *ascis graci-*
libus cylindricis, *subcurvatis*, *apice basive angustatis*, *hyalinis octo-*
sporis, *longissime stipitatis*, $32-36 \approx 6$; *sporidiis cylindricis*, *utrin-*
que rotundatis, *binucleatis*, *simplicibus*, *arcuatis*, *hyalinis*, *vel* *di-*
lute flavescentibus, $5-7 \approx 1,5-2$; *paraphysibus numerosissimis*, *cy-*
lindricis, *simplicibus*, *apice acutatis*, *hyalinis*.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Cassineos capensis* in sylvis
 montis «Boschberg» p. Somerset-East, Promont. bonæ spei. Afri-
 ca (MAC OWAN).

20. **Diatrype laurina** Rehm., Thüm. Contr. ad Myc. Lusit. n. 280. — 722
Stromate irregulari, *erumpente*, *plerumque rotundo*, *nigro*, *1 mill. d.*,
0,8 mill. alto, *hemisphærico-convexulo*, *duodecim perithecia in stro-*
mate albido includente, *ostiolis haud conspicue prominulis*; *ascis*

longestipitatis, cylindrico-clavatis, subrectis vel minime arcuatis, hyalinis, vertice rotundatis, $40 \approx 7$; sporidiis octo, cylindraceo-curvatis vel fusiformibus, utrinque rotundatis, ad polos guttulatis, continuis, achrois, $6-7 \approx 2.5$.

Hab. in Lauri nobilis ramis emortuis, Cerco dos Jesuitas pr. Coimbra (Lusitania) (MESNIER).

21. **Diatrype ruficarnis** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 842. — Peritheciis 723 aggregatis hic illic in pustulas irregulares minutis erumpentibus; ostiolis papillatis; stromate rufo; sporidiis allantoideis, 12μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Dipteris odoratae (Tonka) in Cuba. — Perithecia nunc pustulatim congesta, nunc effusa, ut in *Eutypa lata*.

22. **Diatrype russodes** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1079. — Gre- 724 garia, pustulata; peritheciis ellipticis collo brevi cylindrico, ostiolo obtuso; sporidiis octonis, allantoideis, $8-10 \mu$. long.

Hab. in corticibus in Ceylon. — Affinis *D. Duriae*, ostiolis tamen differt.

23. **Diatrype polycocca** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 231. — Stromate or- 725 biculari, disciformi, parum convexo, erumpente, corticis periderio cincto, atro-fusco, intus nigro, 1-2 lineas lato; ostiolis valde prominulis, crassis, 4-6 sulcatis, obtuso-conicis, atris, peritheciis globosis, numerosis; ascis longissime stipitatis, acuminatis, parte sporifera elliptica, $44 \approx 8$, 8 sporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvatis, dilute flavis, $16 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Aceris opulifolii, vere, in Jura (Helvetia) ubi legit MORTIER.

24. **Diatrype plagia** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 854. — Pustulis trans- 726 versim erumpentibus; ostiolis substellatis; stromate parvo fusco; sporidiis octonis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis Liriiodendri, in Carolina inf., Amer. bor.

25. **Diatrype orthosticha** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 750 et Fl. Alg. p. 520, 727 sub *Sphaeria*. — Tecta; peritheciis gregariis ovoideis, globoso-depressis, stromate subcorticali immersis, longitrorsum seriatis, ostiolis per cuticulam obtritam seorsim aut conjunctim erumpentibus, eumorphis, dein appanato-rugulosis, tandem elabentibus; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis (ut in *Eutypa lata*).

Hab. in trunco Ricini communis, Alger (DURIEU).

26. **Diatrype theloides** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1082. — Pu- 728 stulata; ostiolis laevibus in disco parvo erumpente collectis; sporidiis allantoideis, $7-8 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in ramis, Central province in Ceylon. — Pustulæ peridermio arctæ adnatæ, idemque subinde mere elevantes.

27. **Diatrype tenuissima** Cooke, Rav. Fung. Amer. Cent. III, et in ⁷²⁹ Grev. VI, p. 144. — Tenuissima, effusa, cinerea; ostiolis minutis, punctiformibus, vix elevatis; ascis subcylindraceis; sporidiis linearibus, vix curvulis, hyalinis, 7 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice Perseæ, Aiken, Carol. austr., Am. bor.

28. **Diatrype discostoma** Cooke, Rav. Fung. Amer. Cent. III. Grevill. ⁷³⁰ VI, p. 144. — Elongato-effusa, nigra; ostiolis vix elevatis, discoideis, applanatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis minimis, linearibus, curvulis, 6 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Carpinii, Aiken in Carolina infer. (Amer. bor.). ⁷³¹

29. **Diatrype Durieui** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 748 Fl. Alg. p. 405, t. 25, f. 7, sub *Sphæria*. — Innata, pustulata, confluens; conceptaculo integro atro, stroma corticale crassum cingente; peritheciis confertis oblongis erectis in ostiola discum planum epidermide fissa obvallatum obliterantia hemisphærica rugoso-rimulosa, sicca collapsa cupulæformia productis; «ascis octosporis, 30–40 \approx 7; sporidiis alantoideis minutis, flavidulis, 7–9 \approx 1,5; sec exempl. americana».

Hab. in cortice Quercus Mirbeckii, La Calle (DURIEU), Quercus, Magnoliæ, Aceris, New Jersey, Connecticut, Carolina. — Sec. Cooke *D. Duriae* in Thuem. M. U. n. 275, eadem est ac *D. albopruinosa* Schw.; sed exempl. americana, quæ vidi ex Thuem. Raven. et Ellis, eamdem speciem sistunt. Hæc ad *Eutypellas* nutat, e. g. *E. cerviculata*.

30. **Diatrype Eucalypti** Cooke et Harkn. Grevill. IX 1881, p. 85. — ⁷³² Stromatibus suborbicularibus, convexis, nigris; ostiolis conicis sulcatis; ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis; sporidiis leniter curvis, utrinque obtusis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 1,5.

Hab. in ramis Eucalypti Globuli, in California, America boreali (HARKNESS).

31. **Diatrype Caricæ** De Not. Sf. ital. p. 28, t. 28. — Peritheciis parvis gregibus matrici (ligno) insculptis, stratoqne stromatico atro velatis exceptisque; peritheciis monostichis in quoque acervulo paucis v. subsolitariis, sphæroideis, v. irregularibus, in collum breve attenuatis; ostiolis emergentibus papillatis; ascis subclavatis, deorsum attenuatis, octosporis; p. s. 40 \approx 7; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvulis, hyalinis, 12 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno denudato Fici Caricæ, prope Genuam, Italia boreali.

32. **Diatrype acericola** De Not. Sfer. ital. 28, tav. 27. — Stromati- 734
bus verruciformibus, innato-erumpentibus, scabris, atris, rotundis
v. oblongis, 3-4 mill. long.; peritheciis in quoque acervulo nume-
rosis, ovoideo-oblongis, stipatis monostichis, raro superimpositis,
mutua pressione sæpe angulatis; ostiolis emergentibus, 3-4-sul-
catis, v. rugosis, obtusis; ascis elongato-clavatis, 8-sporis, p. s.
20-22 = 4-5; sporidiis allantoideis, curvulis, hyalinis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Aceris campestris prope lacum
Verbanum (Ital. bor.).

33. **Diatrype Daldiniana** De Not. Recl. Piren. p. 481. — Acervu- 735
lis eminentibus, pulvinatis, peridermio arcte cinctis, aterrimis, ver-
ruculosis, $2\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. intus pallidis; peritheciis grossis submo-
nostichis, ovoideis; ostiolis emergentibus, crassiusculis; ascis te-
reti-clavatis, stipitatis, apice truncatis p. s. 50 = 8; sporidiis disti-
chis, allantoideis, 12-15 = $2\frac{1}{4}$, flavidis.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Mori albæ in Italia boreali et
Gallia.

34. **Diatrype tristicha** De Not. Recl. Piren. ital. p. 481. — Ligno in- 736
nascens, demum denudata; stromatibus subhemisphæricis, atris, ob-
ostiola emergentia scabridis, extus atris, intus pallidis; peritheciis
membranaceis subtristichis, rotundatis v. obtuse angulatis; collis
elongatis; ascii octosporis; sporidiis allantoideis, pallide luteolis.

Hab. in ramis Rosarum sylvaticarum, Valsesia (Ital. bor.).

35. **Diatrype radulans** Berk. et Curt. Exot. Fung. Schwein. p. 287. 737
— Pustulata, minor, circumscripta; peritheciis paucis, pruinosis;
ostiolis elongatis, sulcatis, demum deciduis; ascis octosporis; spori-
diis allantoideis, 6-6,5 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis, Surinam. — Affinis *D. Duricæi*, sed
ostiola longiora.

36. **Diatrype prominens** Cooke et Harkn. Grevill. 1881, p. 85. — Erum- 738
pens, oblonga, convexa, nigra, elevata; ostiolis prominulis sulca-
tis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus; sporidiis leniter curvis, utrinque ob-
tusis, 12-13 = 2, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Arbuti Menziesii et Mimuli («?») in Ca-
lifornia, Am. bor. (HARKNESS).

37. **Diatrype smilacicola** (Schw.) Berk. North Amer. fungi, pag. 165. 739
Sphæria smilacicola, Schw. in Fr. Elench. Fung. II, 71. — Or-
biculatis, hemisphærica, fragilis, lævis, atra, stromate pulverulen-
to fuligineo, ostiolis prominulis; sporidiis allantoideis (Berk.).

Hab. in ramis Smilacis rotundifoliae in Carolina et Pen-

sylvania. — Ab *Hypox. fusco*, cuius formas minores refert, peritheciis immersis recedit. Orbicularis, lineam vix lata, depresso-hemisphærica, basi applanata, opaca, atra, facie Sphæriæ cujusdam simplicis e tribu Sph. pertusæ; intus vero peritheciis plurimis immersis tenuibus fragilibus instructa. Stroma tenue, fragile, demum subpulverulentum. Ostiola minuta, punctiformia, primo latentia. — Ab *Hypox. smilacicolo* Howe prorsus diversa.

38. **Diatrype glomeraria** Berk. in Fl. N. Zel. II, 205, t. CVI, fig. 13. — ⁷⁴⁰
Erumpens, angulata vel confluente elongata, stromate parco, pallido, peritheciis ovatis, collo brevi; ostiolis obscuris; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus; sporidiis octonis curvis, allantoideis, majusculis, 14-15 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis levioribus Rhipogoni parviflori, Dunedin in Nova Zelandia. — Pustulæ 1 mill. crassæ quandoque stromate brunneo connexæ. In exempl. a Cl. Cooke communicatis asci 28-30 \approx 8-8,5; sporidia 12 \approx 2-3, olivacea.

39. **Diatrype?? tinctor** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria tinctor* Berk. Decad. ⁷⁴¹ n. 96. — Effusa, innata, plana, superficie sculpturam matricis e mycelio miniatæ referens, intus atra; peritheciis elongatis, collo brevi, ostiolo inconspicuo.

Hab. in ligno emortuo Platani occidentalis, Ohio (LEA). — Stroma 1 mill. crassum; ostiola externe inconspicua, sub lente depressa. Analogæ *D. Stigmati*; sed fructificatio a Berk. non descripta.

40. **Diatrype? pachyloma** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (lignosa) pachyloma* ⁷⁴² Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. V, 1846, pag. 259. — Receptaculo effuso applanato orbiculari vel ovato intus extusque nigro margine prominulo cincto; peritheciis ovatis immersis, ostiolis depressis.

Hab. in Chili ad cortices (A. GAY in herb. Mus. Par.). — Affinis *Diatrypi Stigmati* sec. Lév. Cl. Spegazzini ad *Hypoxylon* (cfr.) dicit, an res eadem?

DIATRYPPELLA Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. ital. p. 28. (Etym. a *Diatrype*). — Stroma a matricis substantia heterogeneum, erumpenti-subsuperficiale effusum v. disciforme. Perithecia stromate immersa collis v. ostiolis non v. vix convergentibus. Asci crassi, polyspori, stipitati. Sporidia allantoidea, minuta, hyalina v. saepius e hyalino olivacea. — Conidia nota in nonnullis (*Liberella*).

1. **Diatrypella verruciformis** (Ehrh.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 76, *Sph.* ⁷⁴³

verrucæformis Ehrh., *Sph. Avellaneæ* Pers. — Stromate peritheciico per peridermum arctissime adhærens varieque laceratum erumpente, plus minus irregulari, verruciformi, grandiusculo, crasso, fusco-atro vel atro-ferrugineo, dein atro intus albido, discreto, connato vel in crustam inæqualem, rugosam, crassam confluente, 1–6 mill. latit.; peritheciis 6–50 in quovis stromate, distichis vel monostichis dense stipatis, ovoideis vel subsphæroideis, fuligineis, ostiolis prominulis vel latentibus, obtuse conicis, integris vel subradiato-stellatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longe pedicellatis, 100–120 \approx 10–15 p. sporif.; sporidiis curvulis vel subrectis, dilute fuscouscentibus, 5–8 \approx 1–2.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus *Coryli*, *Alni*, *Carpini*, *Cra-tægi*, *Fagi*, *Betulæ*, *Salicum*, *Frangulæ*, *Aceris*, *Fici*, *Mori*, in tota Europa, Amer. bor., Amer. austr. — Var. *Spegazziniana* Sacc. Myc. Ven. n. 771. — Acervulis saepius longitudinaliter seriatis; ascis clavatis, deorsum maxime attenuatis, 80 \approx 14 parte sporif., apice obtusiusculo, myriosporis; sporidiis botuliformibus, minutis, 6 \approx 1, curvulis ex olivaceo hyalinis. — In culmo putri *Arundinis Donacis*, Conegliano, Ital. bor. Junio 1876 (SPEGAZZINI).

2. **Diatrypella favacea** (Fr.) Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. p. 28, Nits. 744

Pyr. Germ. p. 77, *Sph. favacea* Fr. *Sph. grossa* et *variolosa* Pers. *Sph. betulina* Chev. — Stromate transversim erumpente, peridermio saepissime valvatim fisso arcte cincto, vertice nudo, planiusculo, ellipsoideo, rarissime suborbiculari, primo albido, demum atro, intus albido, ruguloso, discreto, rarius connato, 3–6 mill. longit., 2–4 mill. latit.; peritheciis 6–30 in quovis stromate, ovoideis, obovoides vel oblongatis, e mutua pressione variis, mono- vel distichis, ostiolis parum vel vix prominulis, leviter sexsulcatis, stellæformibus, aterrimis, majusculis; ascis clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 60–80 \approx 9–12, p. sporif.; sporidiis curvulis, dilute fuscouscentibus, 6–8 \approx 1,5. — Stromata conidifera obtuse conica, aurata, sulcis varie exarata, peritheciis juvenilibus plerumque imposita; conidiis exilissime cylindricis curvatis, filiformibus, 40 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis et truncis *Betulæ* albæ in tota fere Europa. — Var. *Coryli* Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. t. XV, f. 33–36. Acervuli majusculi, 3–5 mill. lati, tumiduli, disco verruculoso sed levigato; perithecia grandiuscula, $3\frac{1}{4}$ –1 mill. diam., in quoque acervulo parum numerosa, saepè monosticha; ascii clavati longissime stipitati, 70 \approx 12 pars sporif., myriospori; sporidia dense congregata, cylin-

dracea, curvula. $7-8 \approx 1-1\frac{1}{2}$, dilute flava, utrinque 1-guttulata.

— In ramis corticatis Coryli, Treviso (Italia boreali).

3. **Diatrypella nigro-annulata** (Grev.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 81, *Sphæria* 745
nigro-annulata Grev., *Sphæria* et *Valsa angulata* Fr., *Diatrypella angulata* Ces. et De Not. — Stromate erumpente, lateribus peridermio varie lacerato, interdum substellatim fisso vestito, vertice nudato, convexo, demum nigro, verruciformi, truncato-conico, subhemisphærico, suborbiculari vel subangulato, subinde ellipsoideo, discreto vel confluente, 1,5-3 mill. latit.; peritheciis mono- vel distichis, 2-25 in singulo stromate, ovoideis vel subsphæroideis, mutua pressione angulatis, ostiolis plus minus prominulis, conico-rotundatis, integris vel subradiato-stellatis, tandem sæpe cupuliformibus et pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 90-180 \approx 9-13, p. sporif.; sporidiis nonnihil curvatis, dilute fuscescentibus, 5-8 \approx 1,5.

Hab. in ramis Betulæ, Fagi, Ilicis, Cytisi Laburni, Coryli in Germania, Fennia, Belgio, America boreali, Britannia et Italia.

4. **Diatrypella circumvallata** (Nees) Fuck. Symb. Myc. App, I. 325, 746
Sph. angulata β. *circumvallata* (Nees) Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 391.
 — Stromatibus quam in *D. nigro-annulata* majoribus et magis depressis (usque 6 mill. lat.), circulo stromatico crassiore; disco minuto, conico; peritheciis in quoque stromate intus albo, 3-5, majusculis, ostiolis minutissimis; ascis sporidiisque ut in *D. nigro-annulata*, sporidiis vero sec. Nitschke paulo longioribus, nempe 9 μ . longis.

Hab. ad ramos Coryli, raro in Germania. — Stromata peridermio circum circa infosso seu vallato cincta.

5. **Diatrypella Tocciæana** De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 30. t. XXXI, *D. verruciformis* var. Auct. nonnul. — Stromate perithecitero erumpente, subhemisphærico vel obtuse conico, vertice convexiusculo fuscescente vel demum nigricante, exiguo demum denudato, cæterum peridermio vix fisso arctissime tecto, 1-2,5 mill. latit.; peritheciis submonostichis, subsphæroideis fuscescentibus, 3-8 in singulo stromate, collis brevissimis, ostiolis latentibus vel parum prominulis, rotundato-conicis, integris vel subradiato-stellatis, interdum cupuli-formibus; ascis anguste clavatis, 100-150 \approx 12 p. sporif.; sporidiis leviter curvulis, 5-8 \approx 1,5-2. — Stroma conidiferum forma plerumque irregulari, conico-depressum, varie sulcatum, dilute auratum, deinde nigricans; conidiis linearis-cylindricis, filiformibus, cur-

vatis, 28–32 μ . longis, in sterigmatibus brevissimis, parce ramosis, solitarie acrogenis.

Hab. in ramis Alni incanæ et A. glutinosæ in Britannia, Fennia, Germalia, Italia, Amer. bor. — Sec. cl. Karsten *D. favacea, verruciformis, nigro-annulata* et *Toccicæana* non satis specifice differunt. — Forte a *D. Toccicæana* non differt *D. alnifraga* Ces. Hedw 1856, p. 104, t. XIV, fig. D.

6. **Diatrypella protrusa** (Pr.) *Sphærosperma protusum* Pr. Fungi 748 Hoyersw. n. 30. — Peritheciis globosis, magnis, cum collis ostiolatis, sublageniformibus, convergentibus, lineam nigram variam circumscribentibus, basi in stromate e matre formato, immersis, in disco albo, minuto tectum, prominulis; ascis clavatis, longis, tum apice perviis, inter paraphyses; sporidiis fusiformibus, utrinque rotundatis curvatis, minutis, albis, plurimis.

Hab. in cortice Alni, Hoyerswerda (Germania). — An diversa a *D. Toccicæana*?

7. **Diatrypella decorata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 79, *Microstoma vulgare* 749 Auersw. — Stromate transversim erumpente, peridermio valvatim vel varie fisso cincto, vertice nudo, planiusculo vel convexulo, ellipsoideo, subinde fere orbiculari, ex fusco sordide nigricante, intus albido, discreto, raro confluente, minuto, 2–2,5 mill. lat.; peritheciis 6–12 in singulo stromate, monostichis, ovoideis vel subsphæroideis, dense stipatis mutuaque pressione angulatis, ostiolis parum vel vix prominulis, quadrisulcatis, stelliformibus, exiguis instructis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, 40–50 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis curvulis vel subrectis, dilute fuscouscentibus, 4–6 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis corticatis putrescentibus Betulæ albæ in Germania, Gallia, Fennia. — Cum *D. verruciformi* multum commune habet; differens tamen stromatibus minoribus, mox fuscouscentibus, ascis sporidiisque multo minoribus.

8. **Diatrypella exigua** Wint. Myk. Not. Hedw. 1874, p. 133. — Stromatibus minutissimis, e basi subcirculari v. elliptica verruciformibus, erumpentibus, peridermio fisso cinctis, intus pallidis; peritheciis in quoque stromate 2–10, subglobosis; collis brevibus; ostiolis papillatis, non exsertis, 4–6-sulcatis, 300 μ . diam.; ascis tereti-clavatis, longe stipitatis, totis 110–150 \approx 12, myriosporis; sporidiis conglobatis allantoideis, curvulis, 8 \approx 1,5, fuscidulis.

Hab. in ramulis Salicis, prope Halle (Germania). — *D. decorata* affinis, sed multo minor.

9. **Diatrypella pulvinata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 72, *Sphæria* v. *Dia-* 751

trype quercina Auct. p. p. — Stromate perithecitero erumpente, primitus nonnihil conico-attenuato, mox autem irregulariter prismatico, truncato, obtusissimo, planiusculo, ex fusco nigricante, ostiolisque prominulis, minutissimis elevato-punctato, lateribus peridermio fisso, erecto arctissime cincto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 15-30, monostichis v. distichis, minutis, densissime stipatis, oblongis v. ovatis, mutuaque pressione plerumque angulatis, in collum breve subito attenuatis, ostiolo obtuse conico punctiformi, subintegro, prominulo instructis; ascis anguste oblongis, longe pedicellatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus obvallatis, myriosporis, 60-80 = 8-12 p. sporf.; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, leviter curvatis, immo subrectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 6-7 = 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus*, prope Oestrich, Münster et Waldheim, Germania, rara.

10. **Diatrypella intermedia** Karst. Fung. Fenn. 782, Myc. Fenn. II, 752 p. 152. — Stromate perithecitero erumpente, laciniis peridermii stellatim fissi lateribus cincto, pulvinato, orbiculari vel angulato, disco plano-convexo, e fusco nigro, discreto, subinde connato, 2-4 mill. latit.; peritheciis in quovis stromate 20-40, distichis vel monostichis, densissime stipatis, ovoideis, mutua pressione angulatis, in collum longiusculum attenuatis, ostiolis plus minus prominentibus, crassis, alte quadrisulcatis, saepius 0,3-0,4 mill. longit.; sporidiis leniter curvulis, vel subrectis, dilute fuscescentibus, 5-7 = 1-1,5.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus* exsiccatis in insula Ransala sat frequens. — Inter *D. quercinam* (Pers.) et *D. pulvinata* Nits. fere intermedia, differens ab illa sporidiis minoribus, minus curvatis, peritheciisque in stromate singulo pluribus, ab hac ostiolis majoribus, crassioribus, alte quadrisulcatis.

11. **Diatrypella aspera** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 74, Sacc. Fung. it. 753 t. 561, *Sph. aspera* Fr. S. M. II. 354. — Stromate e basi plerumque suborbiculari prismatico v. subcylindrico, erumpente, corticem quam in affinibus altius superante, lateribus arduis peridermii erecti laciniis arctissime adhaerentibus cincto haud raro confluentem, intus albido, vertice nudato, mox aterrimo, planiusculo v. convexo, ostiolis crassis, rugosis, ceterum integris, conicis v. fere cylindricis longe exsertis exasperato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-12, monostichis, circa centrale saepe circinantibus, majusculis, subglobosis v. nonnihil compressis, in collum brevissimum, angustum subito attenuatis; ascis subcylindricis, longe pedicellatis, pa-

raphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus stipatis, myriosporis, 112-120 \approx 10-12 p. sporif.; sporidiis numerosissimis, conglobatis, cylindricis, curvulis, dilute fuscescentibus, 6-7 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius, Quercus, Corni, Alni in Britannia, Germania, Suecia, Gallia, Italia et Amer. bor.

12. **Diatrypella sordida** (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 73, *Sphæria sor-* 754
dida Pers. Syn. p. 25, nec Fr. — Stromate forma eximie regulari, e basi orbiculari hemisphærico-conico v. subcylindrico, emergente ac peridermio arctissime adhærente nec fisso lateribus tecto, in disco nudato, convexiusculo, omnino lævi v. ostiolis prominulnis puncticulato-exasperato sordide nigricante, intus ex cinereo fuscescente; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-18, minutis, subglobosis, ordine inæquali denseque stipatis, in collum breve attenuatis, ostiolisque punctiformibus tri- v. quadrigonis, parum v. vix prominulnis instructis; ascis anguste oblongis, longe pedicellatis, paraphysibus simplicibus, filiformibus, tenerrimis obvallatis, myriosporis, 60 \approx 8-10 p. sporif.; sporidiis conglobatis, cylindricis, non-nihil curvatis, subhyalinis, minimis, 5-6 \approx 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis Fraxini, Lipsiæ, Germania (AUERSWALD).

13. **Diatrypella lœvigata** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. p. 232. — Stromate 755 erumpente, pulvinato, convexo, demum sublibero, 1-2 lineas lato, $\frac{1}{2}$ lineam crasso, inferiore parte epidermide laciniata cincto, nigro, nitido, intus sordido; ostiolis non prominulnis, nonnisi orbiculari-umbilicatis, immersis, nudo oculo non conspicuis, peritheciis 6-10, magnis, globosis; ascis longissime stipitatis multisporis, parte sporifera oblonga, 86 \approx 8; sporidiis cylindraceis, valde curvatis, dilute flavis, 8 \approx 2.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Quercus, rarius, Dombresson (Jura), ubi legit MORTIER.

14. **Diatrypella eutypoides** Niessl Not. Kr. Pyr. p. 55. — Stromati- 756 bus, tuberculata formantibus, nunc suborbicularibus (in cortice) nunc ellipsoideis vel elongatis (in ligno), convexis, demum confluentibus, stipatis, gregariis vel seriatim dispositis, interdum effusis, superficialibus vel parum immersis, rugulosis, extus intusque nigris; peritheciis 2-10, mox in stromate proprio mox in ligni vel corticis parte extima, plerumque irregulariter monostichae nidulantibus denseque stipatis, globosis, majusculis 300-450 μ . diam., rostro peritheciis diametrum vix æquante saepè stromatis superficiem haud superante, crasso, ostiolo obscure sulcato vel integro; ascis anguste clavatis longe pedicellatis 130-180 \approx 10-12 (p. sporif. 80-100 lg.);

sporidiis numerosis, cylindraceis, curvatis, obtusis, dilute fuscescens-tibus, $7-10 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$; paraphysibus filiformibus ascis superantibus.

Hab. in ramis partim decorticatis *Ulmī*, Lautschitz, Moravia.

— Ad *Cryptovalsas* nutat.

15. **Diatrypella minuta** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 75, Fuck. Symb. Mycol. 757
p. 232. — Stromate minuto parumque extante, conico-attenuato,
orbiculari v. angulato, superne truncato, plano v. convexiusculo,
nigricante, intus albido, peridermio fisso, arrecto arcteque adhærente
cincto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-12, monostichis, mi-
nutis, dense confertis, in collum breve et angustum attenuatis, ostio-
lis conicis, obtusis, tri- v. quadrisulcatis, prominentibus instructis;
ascis oblongis v. subclavatis, angustis, longissime pedicellatis, pa-
raphysibus simplicibus, filiformibus superatis, myriosporis, $48 \approx 6-8$
p. sporif.; sporidiis congregatis, cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, di-
lute fuscescentibus, $5-7 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Castaneæ* vescæ, Hallgarten, Nas-
sivia (FUCKEL).

16. **Diatrypella malaleuca** (Kunze) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 80, *Sphæria* 758
malaleuca Kunze in Herb. — Stromate minuto, e basi suborbi-
culari, conico-truncato, subcylindrico, forma fere regulari v. varie
angulato, peridermii laciniis stellatum fissis arctissimeque adhæren-
tibus cincto, vertice nudato, planiusculo, albido peritheciorum ostio-
lis pulchre nigro-punctato, interdum confluente; peritheciis in sin-
gulo stromate plerumque 5-9, monostichis, subglobosis, majusculis,
dense stipatis, collis crassis, brevibus ostiolisque stromatis super-
ficiem vix superantibus, sulcis levibus 4-6 pulchre ac stellatum
exaratis instructis; ascis linearis-oblongis, longe pedicellatis, poly-
sporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, tenuissimis, esepatis
stipatis, membrana apicem versus paullo incrassata textis, $50-60$
 $\approx 7-8$ p. sporif.; sporidiis congregatis, linearis-cylindricis, curvulis,
pallide fuscescentibus, $6-8 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus corticatis *Fagi* in Lusatia (SCHMIDT).

17. **Diatrypella quercina** (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 71, *Sphæria* 759
quercina Pers., *D. Rousselii* De Not. Sfer. Ital. t. 32. — Stro-
mate erumpente, lateribus laciniis peridermii stellatum fissi cincto,
pulvinato, subregulari, orbiculari vel angulato, ruguloso, crasso,
disco plano-convexo, demum nigro, ut plurimum discreto, 2-4 mill.
lat.; peritheciis in quovis stromate 2-15, distichis vel monostichis,
dense stipatis, ovoideis, mutua pressione angulatis, in collum lon-
giusculum attenuatis, ostiolis plus minus exstantibus, crassis, alte

quadrisulcatis; ascis fusoideis, longissime pedicellatis, 80-120 \approx 10-12 p. sporif.; sporidiis valde curvatis, dilute fuscouscentibus, 8-12 \approx 2-3; paraphysibus parce articulatis, gracilibus. — Stromata conidifera obtuse conica, sulcata, peritheciigeris haud raro superposita, conidiis auratis, innumeris, filiformi-cylindricis, tenuissimis, maxime curvatis obruta.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Quercus* in tota Europa et Amer. boreali.

18. **Diatrypella opaca** Cooke Fungi of Texas 143. — Erumpens, sub-
orbicularis, atro-brunnea; ostiolis depressis, sulcatis, vix distinctis;
ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis; sporidiis leniter curvulis, numero-
sissimis, subluteolis.

Hab. in ramis *Ilicis opacæ*, Texas, Florida, Amer. bor. —
Nonnullis notis cum *D. quercina* convenit, sed minor, nitidior, etc.

19. **Diatrypella discoidea** Cooke et Peck. 28 Rep. on St. Mus., Myc. 761
univ. n. 864. — Stromate suborbiculari vel elliptico, transverse erum-
pente, peridermio rupto arcte cincto, vertice nudato, e griseo nigri-
cante; ostiolis parvis, vix exsertis, quadrisulcatis vel fere lævibus;
peritheciis 6-12, ovatis; ascis parvis, anguste clavatis, longissime
pedicellatis, polysporis; sporidiis cylindricis, rectis curvisve; para-
physibus filiformibus.

Hab. in Amer. septentr., Albany, New-York, in cortice emor-
tuo *Betulæ populifoliæ*, Majo (Ch. H. PECK.). — Affinis *D. quercinæ*. Adest forma stromate minuto, angusto, aliaque stromate
latiore et suborbiculari. — Var. *Alni* Rav. Fung. Amer. n. 188.
In ramis *Alni serrulatae*, in Carolina infer.

20. **Diatrypella olivacea** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. VI. 762
p. 9. — Erumpens, convexa, primum olivacea, demum atra; peri-
theциis magnis, paucis; ostiolis obtusis; ascis clavatis, subsessili-
bus; sporidiis numerosis, flavis, linearibus, obtusis, leniter curvu-
lis 10-12 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Nyssæ*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Habitus
D. quercinæ sed initio olivacea, dein atra, levior.

21. **Diatrypella irregularis** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI. 763
p. 92. — Erumpens, angulata, convexa, nigrescens, intus subcon-
color, ostiolis prominulis, sulcatis; ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis;
sporidiis numerosissimis, allantoideis, flaveolis, 8 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis *Pyri communis*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. —
Affinis *D. quercinæ* sed stromata magis angulosa ostiolaque mi-
nus distincta.

22. **Diatrypella subfulva** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Diatrype subfulva* B. et C. 764

Not. North Amer. Fungi n. 856. — Pustulis parvis apice fulvo-pulverulentis; ostiolis nigris pertusis, demum emergentibus; ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis; sporidiis allantoideis plurimis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Nyssæ, in Carolina inf., Amer. boreali.

23. **Diatrypella Frostii** Peck. Bot. Gaz. 1878. — Stromate verrucifor- 765

mi, prominulo, convexo v. hemisphærico, vix 2 mill. diam., interdum confluente, partim peridermio arcte cincto, nigro, intus virescente, maculam albam in ligno relinquente; peritheciis subglobosis, ut plurimum 10–15; ostiolis obsoletis; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, sub-olivaceis, 6–8 μ . long., curvulis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Aceris, Brattleborough, Vermont (Amer. bor.) legit. C. C. Frost. — A *Diatr. verruciformi* differt stromate intus viridulo, a *D. betulina* stromate minori, verrucoso.

24. **Diatrypella betulina** (Peck.) Sacc. *Diatrype betulina* Peck 25 766

Rep. p. 101. — Stromate transverse erumpente, elliptico, prominulo, ligno insculpto, ibique areolas albas nigro-marginatas efformante, intus virente, extus nigricante, superne appanato, ostiolisque numerosis, prominulis, stellatis punctulato; peritheciis sparsis monostichis, ellipticis, nigris: ascis elongatis, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, luteolis, 5 μ . long.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Greig, in ramis emortuis Betulæ luteæ.

— Mox dignoscitur stromate virescente.

25. **Diatrypella melasperma** (Fr.) Sacc., *Sph. melasperma* Fr. S. M. 767

II. p. 389. Sec. Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, fig. 123, t. 47 (nec West., cfr. *Melanconis*). — Elliptica, aterrima, peritheciis erectiusculis ovatis stromate proprio pulveraceo cinctis, disco erumpente rugoso; ascis clavatis, stipitatis, polysporis; sporidiis polystichis, allantoideis, 5–7,5 μ . long., luteolis.

Hab. in cortice vetusto betulino in Suecia (Fr. Scl. Suec. n. 157). — In ætate juvenili pustulæ cortici omnino innatæ, linea fusca circumscriptæ, stromate lutescenti-pallido absque peritheciis; disco erumpente linearí jam atro; in adulta pustulæ ellipticæ, 2 lin. longæ, depressæ, cortici interiori innatæ; conceptaculum subliberum, tenué, fragile, opacum, atrum, epidermide adnatum, ut hac sublata dimidiatum persistit scutelliforme; stroma pulveraceum, ex olivaceo fuligineo-nigricans; perithecia reliquorum majora, pauca, aggregata, erectiusculo-convergentia, ovata, fragilia; discus

erumpens, ellipticus, minutus, niger, ostiolis obsolete prominulis, sparsis.

26. Diatrypella Liriodendri (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Liriodendri* Schw. 768

Syn. Car. n. 60, Curr. in Linn. Trans. XXII, t. XLVI, fig. 72. —

Obovata, rugosa, nigrofusca, intus candida, peritheciis amplis monostichis, ostiolis subprominulis; ascis clavatis, breve stipitatis, polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis, luteolis, 5–6 μ . long.

Hab. gregaria in cortice *Liriodendri Tulpiferæ* in Carolina, Amer. bor. — Erumpens, prominens, subconfluens, 2–3 lin. longa et lata, cortici usque ad basim nigrescenti insidet et junior ab eodem circumdatur; superficies pulverulenta, ostiolis indistinctis variolosa; sed in nostro specimine valde adulto nuda, atra, ostiolis prominulis, intus nigrescens; perithecia 3–6, subglobosa, collo brevi. Fr. S. M. III. 356. — Peraffinis *D. asperæ*, sec. Curr. l. c.

27. Diatrypella Caphalanthi (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Caphalanthi* Schw. 769 /e

Syn. Carol. n. 59, Fr. S. M. II, p. 356. — Subrotunda, verrucæformis, extus intusque atra, basi circumscripta, stromate obliterate ostiolis crassis crenatis confluentibus; ascis clavatis polysporis; sporidiis allantoideis.

Hab. in ramis *Cephalanthi occidentalis* emortuis, Carolina, Buffalo, Alabama (Amer. bor.). — Sec. exempl. a cl. Farlow accepta sporidia 8–10 \approx 1,5, subhyalina, sed plantæ habitus vix *Diatrypellæ*, potius vero *Cryptovalsæ*. — Minor, gregaria, lineam lata, confluens, per epidermidem stellatim v. radiatim ruptam erumpens, prominens, rimas corticis infestans; perithecia aggregata, conica, cortice tenui tecta. Fr. l. c.

28. Diatrypella melæna Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 78. — Stromate plerum-

que majusculo, crasso, e basi ovali per peridermii rimas transversim directas erumpente alteque protuberante, elliptico vel forma plus minus irregulari, verruciformi v. confluendo deformi, verticem versus vix v. omnino non attenuato, lateribus arduis peridermii laciniis fisis arrectisque vestito, mox aterrimo, disco nudato, planiusculo v. convexo ostiolis crassis, conicis, leviter striatis, exsertis exasperato, ceterum læviusculo; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3–20, ovato-subglobosis, monostichis, magnis, collo brevi, crasso instructis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, longissime pedicellatis, paraphysibus filiformibus simplicibusque stipatis, myriosporis, 120 \approx 18 p. sporif.; sporidiis numerosissimis, congregatis, cylindricis, curvulis, fuscescentibus, 6–7 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis *Betulæ albæ* prope Driesen, Germania.

REPERTORIUM

SPHÆRIACEARUM ALLANTOSPORARUM

SECUNDUM MATRICES *)

Obs. C. indicat *Cœlosphæriam*. — Ca. *Calosphæriam*. — Co. *Coronophoram*. — Cl. *Cryptosphærellam*. — Cr. *Cryptosphæriam*. — Cv. *Cryptovalsam*. — D. *Diatrypem*. — Dl. *Diatrypellam* — E. *Enchnoam*. — En. *Endoxylam*. — Et. *Eutypam*. — Eu. *Eutypellam*. — F. *Fracchiam*. — M. *Massalongiellam*. — P. *Pleurostoma*. — Q. *Quaternariam*. — V. *Valsam*. — Vl. *Valsellam*.

Abies — C. 378. — Co. 416. 417. — V. 436. 437. 458. 516. 538. — Eu. 570. — En. 674.	Et. 657. — Cr. 677. — D. 703. — Dl. 743. 747. 748. 753. 761.
Acacia — V. 481. — Vl. 615. — Cr. 681.	Amorpha — Q. 426.
Acer — C. 377. — F. 384. — Ca. 392. — Q. 425. — V. 429. 454. 502. 512. 525. — Eu. 578. 594. 596. 597. — Et. 618. 622. 623. 632. 637. 638. 640. 643. 657. — Eu. 690. — D. 703. 707. 711. 725. 731. 734. — Dl. 743. 765.	Anagyris — Eu. 588.
Æsculus — F. 384.	Andromeda — Ca. 398. — V. 487. 489. — Cr. 685.
Ailanthus — V. 494. — Eu. 576. 577. — Et. 657.	Anthyllis — Et. 629.
Alnus — E. 376. — F. 384. — Ca. 393. 399. 401. 403. 405. — Co. 418. 420. — Q. 425. 428. — V. 429. 431. 457. 459. 463. 505. 506. 207. 508. 512. 542. — Eu. 573. 574. — Vl. 603. —	Arbutus — Et. 648. — D. 738.
	Arundo — Et. 633. 637. 658. — Cv. 698. — D. 720. — Dl. 743.
	Atriplex — V. 464.
	Atropa — Eu. 582.
	Azalea — V. 503.
	Bauhinia — Et. 657.
	Benzoin — D. 711.
	Berchemia — Eu. 586.
	Betula — E. 374. — C. 379. — Ca. 392. 393. 403. 404. 407. — Co. 413.

*) Ad *Eutypam lejoplacam*, n. 638, pag. 160, sequentia typotheta omisit:
Hab. in ramis decorticatis Aceris campestris, Hederae, Fraxini, Pyri in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Italia, Belgio et Amer. bor. — *Sph. immersa* Sow. Fr. S. M. II. 358, in ramis Coryli, vix v. non differt.

- V. 455. 485. 518. 519. 534. — Eu. 572. — Vl. 616. — D. 705. 710. — Dl. 743. 744. 475. 749. 761. 766. 767. 770.
Broussonetia — Et. 657.
Buxus — F. 384.
- Calycotome — Et. 629.
Carpinus — C. 377. — F. 388. — Ca. 402. — Q. 425. — V. 429. 474. 476. 512. — Eu. 564. 585. — Et. 618. 637. 643. 657. — Cv. 692. 700. — D. 705. 730. — Dl. 743.
Cassines — D. 721.
Cassinopsis — E. 717.
Carya — V. 491. 550. 552. — D. 716.
Castanea — Ca. 394. 406. — Q. 425. — V. 429. 433. 512. — Eu. 579. — D. 705. — Dl. 757.
Celastrus — V. 527.
Celtis — Eu. 599. — Et. 656. 657.
Cephalanthus — Dl. 769.
Cirsium — V. 483.
Citrus — Cv. 701. — D. 713.
Clematis — Et. 657.
Clethra — V. 520.
Comptonia — V. 491.
Cornus — C. 379. — F. 388. — Ca. 409. — V. 433. 472. 556. — Vl. 604. — Et. 637. 641. 652. — Cv. 692. — Dl. 653.
Coronilla — Et. 657.
Corylus — C. 378. — Ca. 396. — V. 429. 440. 441. 445. 552. — Et. 637. 638. 640. — Cv. 698. — D. 704. 705. — Dl. 743. 744. 745. 746.
Crataegus — Ca. 392. — V. 429. 433. 456. 500. 512. 537. — Eu. 563. 593. — Et. 637. — Cv. 692. — D. 705. 706. — Dl. 743.
Cydonia — Vl. 605.
Cytisus — Co. 414. — Dl. 745.
- Daucus — Et. 637.
Dipteryx — D. 723.
- Erythrina — F. 385.
- Eucalyptus — F. 384. — Ca. 408. — V. 497. — D. 732.
Evonymus — V. 452. — Et. 657. — Cr. 679. — Cv. 702.
- Fagus — C. 378. — Ca. 395. 409. 410. — Co. 414. — Q. 425. — V. 476. 523. 634. 541. — Eu. 270. — Vl. 602. — Et. 618. 621. 622. 635. 637. 643. 649. — Cr. 678. — D. 703. 705. — Dl. 743. 745. 753.
Ferula — Et. 637.
Ficus — V. 432. — Et. 636. 637. 660. — Cv. 698. 702. — D. 733. — Dl. 743.
Fraxinus — C. 377. — V. 429. — Eu. 571. 584. — Et. 648. 638. — Cr. 675. 680. — D. 714. — Dl. 754.
- Genista — Et. 629. 630.
Gleditschia — C. 377.
Gossypium — V. 496.
- Hamamelis — D. 707.
Hedera — Et. 638. 657.
Hibiscus — Et. 657.
Hippophaë — V. 542.
- Iasminum — Co. 422.
Ilex — V. 470. 543. — Dl. 745. 760.
Juglans — Co. 414. — Eu. 583. — Et. 632. — D. 708.
Juniperus — V. 434. 475. 488. — D. 712.
Iussieua — M. 371.
- Larix — V. 512.
Laurus — V. 528. 531. — Eu. 569. — Et. 657. — D. 722.
Ligustrum — V. 517.
Lindera — V. 554.
Liquidambar — C. 383. — V. 477. 514. — Eu. 571. — Et. 635.
Liriodendron — D. 726. — Dl. 768.
Lonicera — F. 384. — V. 521. — Vl. 613. — Et. 620.
- Maclura — V. 501. 530.

- Magnolia* — Eu. 591. — D. 703. 731.
Massaria — V. 484.
Melia — Eu. 601. — Et. 657.
Mespilus — D. 705.
Mimulus — D. 738.
Morus — V. 429. — Eu. 571. — Et. 640. 657. — Cv. 692. 697. 698. — Dl. 743. — D. 735.
Myrica — F. 387. — Eu. 590.
Nyssa — V. 462. 482. — Dl. 762. 764.
Olea — V. 439. 549.
Ostrya — V. 463.
Paliurus — F. 384.
Palmaceæ — Et. 671.
Persea — D. 729.
Persica — V. 429. — Eu. 566.
Photinia — V. 429.
Pinus — V. 443. 466. 516. 539. 540. 562. — Et. 539. — En. 672.
Pistacia — V. 566. — Et. 637.
Platanus — V. 514. 533. — Eu. 592. 593. — Et. 626. — D. 741.
Populus — C. 379. — Ca. 412. — V. 461. 500. 512. 513. 519. 533. — Eu. 578. — Et. 618. 643. 650. — Cr. 676. 682. — D. 703.
Prunus — C. 377. 379. — Ca. 391. 409. 411. — Co. 413. 414. — V. 429. 438. 499. 512. 532. 537. 545. 446. 547. 561. — Eu. 565. 566. 595. — Et. 618. 625. 627. 630. 637. 643. 657. Cr. 676. — Cv. 693. — D. 703. 705. 709.
Punica — V. 509. — Et. 661.
Pyrus — C. 380. — V. 479. 510. 512. 534. — VI. 611. 617. — Et. 637. 638. — D. 705. — Dl. 763.
Quercus — E. 372. — C. 379. 382. — P. 390. — Ca. 397. — Co. 415. 419. 423. — Q. 427. — V. 431. 444. 460. 465. 469. 471. 472. 580. 490. 492. 512. — Eu. 478. 581. — Et. 635.
639. 640. 643. 649. 654. 665. 667. — Eu. 674. — D. 703. 705. 714. 731. — Dl. 751. 752. 753. 755. 759.
Rhamnus — V. 467. 534. — En. 580. — Et. 637. 643. — D. 705. — Dl. 743.
Rhipogonum — D. 740.
Rhododendron — V. 490.
Rhus — V. 429. 493. — Et. 657.
Ribes — V. 453. — Eu. 575. — Et. 643.
Ricinus — Et. 637. — D. 727.
Robinia — C. 377. — V. 486. 504. — Et. 657. — Cv. 698.
Rosa — Co. 421. — V. 433. 522. 529. VI. 610. — Et. 643. 652. — Cr. 684. 686. — Cv. 694. — D. 705. 736.
Rubus — F. 384. — V. 430. 511. 522. VI. 514. — D. 717.
Sabal — V. 435. — C. 379. — Ca. 409. Co. 418. — Q. 426. — V. 447. 450. 514. 515.
Salix — V. 519. 527. 534. 544. 548. 551. 459. — Eu. 599. — VI. 606. 609. 612. — Et. 623. 524. 625. 637. 641. 643. 646. 647. 657. — Cr. 677. 680. — Q. 989. — Cv. 696. — D. 803. 704. 714. — Dl. 743. 750.
Salsola — Et. 634.
Sambucus — E. 373. 375. — V. 511. Eu. 569. — Et. 619. 657.
Sarothamnus — Et. 629. 645.
Scutia — En. 600.
Smilax — Et. 651. 657. 659. — D. 739.
Sorbus — Ca. 411. — Co. 413. — V. 478. 536. 537. — Eu. 568. — Et. 620.
Spiræa — Et. 653.
Staphylea — Et. 649.
Syringa — C. 377. — V. 448.
Taxus — V. 524.
Tilia — C. 377. — Cr. 413. — Q. 426.

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| — V. 451. 512. — Et. 631. 657. —
Cv. 695. — D. 705.
Ulex — Et. 737. 668.
Ulmus — C. 377. — Q. 426. — V. 429.
512. 626. 560. — Eu. 567. 571. 598.
Et. 626. 637. — Dl. 756. | — VI. 606. — V. 468. 557. 558. —
Et. 642. — Cr. 688. — D. 703.
Vitis — C. 378. — V. 500. 514. — VI.
606.
Weigelia — Et. 657.
Weinmannia — F. 389.
Xanthoxylum — Eu. 571. |
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Sect. 2. Phæosporæ Sacc.

Sporidia continua ovoidea v. subnavicularia, fusca v. fuliginea.

Clavis analytica generum.

A) Simplices v. cæspitosæ.

a) Superficiales v. subsuperficiales.

1. Perithecia longe rostrata.

Ceratostoma. Perithecia carbonacea v. membranacea atra; asci ovoidei v. teretes.

2. Perithecia erostrata.

§ Perithecia submembranacea.

* Sporidia circulo mucoso v. caudâ parentia.

Chætomium. Peritheciæ setæ ramosæ v. uncinatæ v. spirales; asci diffuentes.

Helminthosphæria. Peritheciæ fungicoli sæte simplices apice conidiophoræ; asci persistentes.

** Sporidia circulo mucoso v. caudâ instructa.

(Perithecia glabra v. setulosa, plerumque fimicola; asci persistentes).

† Sporidia octona, rarius quaterna.

Sordaria. Perithecia subsparsa. Sporidia hyalino-caudata.

Hypocopra. Perithecia subsparsa. Sporidia ecaudata, hyalino-obvoluta.

Coprolepa. Perithecia dense (quasi stromate) aggregata. Sporidia hyalino-obvoluta.

‡‡ Sporidia numerosiora.

Philocopra. Perithecia subsparsa. Sporidia sæpius caudata.

§§ Perithecia typice carbonacea.

Rosellinia. Perithecia glabra v. setulosa, ut plurimum phytogena; asci persistentes; sporidia mutica, rarius appendiculata.

\$\$\$ Perithecia coriacea, tenacia.

Bombardia. Perithecia adscendenteli-elongata; sporidia diu vermicularia hyalina, dein ovoidea, fusca, caudataque.

b) Epidermide v. peridermio tectæ.

Anthostomella. Perithecia epidermide adhærente et nigrificata tecta.

Astrocystis. Perithecia initio tecta dein cum volva stellata (epidermica?) erumpentia.

B) Stromaticæ, compositæ.

a) Stroma matrice immersum, sublignum; perithecia membranacea.

Anthostoma. Stroma effusum (eutypeum) v. limitatum, subvalseum.

b) Stroma superficiale carbonaceum v. coriaceum; perithecia carbonacea eo immersa v. extantia.

1. Stroma teres v. fruticulosum v. filiforme.

Xylaria. Stroma fruticulosum, clavatum v. filiforme; perithecia stromate lateraliter subimmersa.

Camillea. Stroma verticale teres apice truncatum; perithecia annulatim circa apicem stromatis verticaliter immersa.

2. Stroma effusum v. cupulatum, adnatum v. substipitatum.

§ Conidia in stromate juniore superficialia.

Poronia. Stroma cupuliforme, brevissime stipitatum; plerumque simicolæ.

Ustulina. Stroma repando-pulvinatum, crassum, senio intus subcavum.

Bolinia. Stroma effusum, solidum; perithecia immersa collis longiusculis.

Hypoxylon. Stroma effusum v. subglobosum, solidum; perithecia in stromate innato-prominula, collis subnullis.

Daldinia. Stroma subglobosum, intus concentrica zonatum; perithecia stromate immersa, collis subnullis.

§§ Conidia sub strato supremo stromatis nascentia.

Nummularia. Stroma disciforme v. cupuliforme, adnatum, marginatum.

CERATOSTOMA Fr. S. Veg. Scand. p. 392, p. min. parte, Sacc. Conspl.

Gen. pyr. p. 7. (Etym. *ceras*, cornu et *stoma*, ostiolum). — Perithecia erumpenti-superficialia, simplicia, atra, subcarbonacea, ostio-lo longo, teretiusculo instructa, glabra v. fibrillosa; asci ovoidei v. cylindracei, breve stipitati; sporidia ovoidea, ovoideo-oblonga, v. subcuboidea, fuliginea. Status conidiophorus et spermogonicus in pluribus cogniti. — A gen. hypocreaceo *Melanospora* differt præcipue contextu fusco, subcarbonaceo.

1. **Ceratostoma Notarisii** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 308, F. ital. 771 tab. 185. *Sordaria rhynchophora* De Notaris, Nuov. Recl. in Comm. Critt. Ital. II. 480. — Peritheciis gregariis, superficialibus, globulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., carbonaceis, atris, rugosis, initio ostio-loque pilis remotiusculis, 150–200 \approx 3, articulatis saepe ramulosis fuligineis patulis vestitis, dein calvescentibus; conidiis ex hyphis oriundis ellipsoideis, $8 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$, guttulatis, fuscis; ostiolo filiformi usque 2 mill. longo, subtortuoso, non sulcato, nigro; ascis cylindra-ceo-subclavatis, apice subtruncatis, ibique crasse tunicatis, deorsum sensim oblique attenuatis, parte sporif. 35–40 \approx 5–7, paraphysibus filiformibus parcis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. pro parte distichis, ovoideis, continuis, $5\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$, 1–2 guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno putrido Pruni Cerasi et domesticæ in Cambiasca et Cadore (Ital. bor.) (DE NOT. et S. VENZO). — Nomen specificum «*rhynchophora*» servare non potui, quia omnia Ceratostomata rostrata sunt.

2. **Ceratostoma quereticolum** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphaeria quereticola* 772 Crouan, Finist. p. 24. — Peritheciis sphæricis, villosulis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., in ostiolum cylindricum æquilongum productis; ascis cylin-

draceis; sporidiis ovoideis majusculis, granulosis; paraphysibus filiformibus ascis dimidios æquantibus.

Hab. in ligno putri quercino, Finistère (Gallia). — Sporidiorum color l. c. non indicatur, sed species prope phæosporas locatur.

3. **Ceratostoma caminatum** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Immersæ) ⁷⁷³ *caminata* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi. Grev. VI, p. 94, t. 100, fig. 30. — Immersum; peritheciis subglobosis, atris, sparsis, vel subgargariis, in collum elongatum productis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, brunneis, $12 \approx 6$.

Hab. in ligno decorticato Aceris in New Jersey Am bor. — Ostiola elongata prominent.

4. **Ceratostoma Avocetta** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria Avocetta* C. et E. ⁷⁷⁴ New Jersey Fungi Grev. VIII, p. 15. — Sparsum, immersum, dein liberum; peritheciis atris, globosis, supra in collum longe attenuatis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, brunneis, $12 \approx 5$.

Hab. in ligno putrescente in New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia, ligno labefacto, libera; initio ostiola tantum emergunt.

5. **Ceratostoma brevirostre** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria brevirostris* Fr. S. M. II. 474. Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 322, fig. 68. — Sparsum, ⁷⁷⁵ glaberrimum, atrum; peritheciis semiemersis, globosis, lævibus; ostiolo peritheciis duplo breviori cylindrico æquali; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, $100 \approx 10$; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis, $15-17 \mu$. long. pallide fuligineis.

Hab. ad ligna mollia cariosa in Suecia. — Juventute immersum, dein magis magisque emersum, subnudum, aternum, lævisimum, fere nitidum, fragile, mox evacuatum; ostiolum breve, cylindricum, crassiusculum, læve, rectum, subobtusum.

6. **Ceratostoma australe** Speg. Fungi Argent. Pug. IV, n. 126. — ⁷⁷⁶ Peritheciis epidermide dealbata sæpius tectis, eaque secedente liberis, globosis, $300-450 \mu$. diam., glabris, atris, membranaceo-coriaceis, contextu indistincte parenchymatico, atro-fuligineo, in ostiolum carbonaceum prælongum $1000-1500 \approx 80-100$, rectum cylindraceum, apice ob sporidia conglobatim protrudentia, grumoso-capitulum productis; ascis obovato-clavatis, v. elongato-clavulatis $40-60 \approx 8-10$, sursum obtusiusculis, deorsum indistincte sed (ut videtur) longiuscule pedicellatis, mox secedenti-liberis, octosporis, paraphysibus crassiusculis, parcis, longissimis, guttulatis, fluxilibus immixtis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, v. distichis, ellipticis, rectis v. rarius subinæquilateralibus, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, $9-10 \approx 4-5$, primo 1-guttulatis, dein eguttatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramulis putrescentibus racemorum fructiferorum Co-cos Yatay, Parque de Palermo, Argent. (Amer. austr.). — Species pulcherrima, primo intuitu facile cum Stilbea dematia quādam commutanda.

7. **Ceratostoma rubefaciens** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria rubefaciens* Peck in 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis minutis, sparsis, subglobosis, nigris, subliberis, in ostiolum longum subulatum abrupte desinentibus; ascis clavatis, fluxilibus; sporidiis ellipsoideis, $4-5 \approx 3,5$, coloratis. 777

Hab. in lignis decorticatis arborum frondosarum, Forestburgh, Buffalo, Amer. bor. — Perithecia ligno cruentato adnata; ostiola sporidiis dein apice obruta, *Calicium* simulant. *C. pilifero* certe affinis species.

8. **Ceratostoma Jani-collinum** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. II, 246, F. ital. t. 184. — Peritheciis superficialibus, gregariis, globulosis, atris, basi hyphis hyalinis cinctis, in rostrum cylindraceum, $300-350 \approx 30$, apice longe et hyalino-penicillatum productis; contextu perithecii parenchymatico, rostri prosenchymatico rufo-fuligineo; ascis obovatis, $55 \approx 35$, subsessilibus; sporidiis e globoso cuboideis 7-8 diam., fuligineis. 778

Hab. in caule putri Rubi fruticosi a Conegliano, (Collis Jani), Ital. bor. raro (SPEGAZZINI).

9. **Ceratostoma graphoides** Sacc. M. V. Cent. XIII, n. 1264, Mich. II, 246, F. ital. t. 183. — Peritheciis superficialibus, hinc inde dense aggregatis, maculasque atras velutinas sistentibus, globosis, in rostrum cylindraceum, $250-300 \approx 30$, apice fimbriatum productis, basi hyphulis cinctis; perithecii contextu distinete parenchymatico, tenui, melleo-fuligineo; ascis ovoideis, $20 \approx 15$, sessilibus, mox evanidis, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis congregatis sphæroideo-ellipticis, utrinque subtruncatis, $5-5\frac{1}{2} \approx 3\frac{1}{2}-4\frac{1}{2}$, cinereo-fuligineis, nucleato-farctis, non guttulatis, denique protrusis et perithecia conspergentibus. 779

Hab. in ligno putrescente Juglandis regiæ, Padova, Ital. borealis (BIZZOZERO).

10. **Ceratostoma caulinolum** Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 130. — Peritheciis immersis, globosis, aterrimis, magnitudine eorum *Pleosporæ herbarum*, ostiolis concoloribus, exertis, strictis, longissimis, apice albo-fimbriatis; ascis 8sporis, mox evanescentibus; sporidiis ovatis, atris, minutis, saepe in ostiolorum apicibus ut globulo aterrimo expulsis. 780

Hab. in caulis exsiccatis *Tanaceti vulgaris*, rarius, vere,
circa Estrich, Rhenogovia,

11. **Ceratostoma culmicolum** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. V, 175. F. ital. 781
t. 186. — Peritheciis emergentibus $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., ostiolis $\frac{3}{4}$ mill.
long., apice non v. obsolete fimbriatis; ascis ovoideis, sessilibus,
 20 ± 15 , aparaphisatis, muco obvolutis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdisti-
chis, cuboideis, angulis obtusatis, $4-4\frac{1}{2}$ diam., minute guttulatis,
brunneis.

Hab. in culmis putrescentibus *Andropogonis Ischæmi*,
Patavii, Ital. bor. (G. BIZZOZERO). — A *Cerat. caulincola* f. *Echii* a
cl. WINTERO benevole communicato vix differt sporidiis distinctius
cuboideis, neque cuboideo-oblongis, $5-5\frac{1}{2} \pm 4$.

12. **Ceratostoma Therryanum** R. et S. Rev. Mycol. 1880, pag. 188, 782
Mich. II. 315. — Peritheciis superficialibus sparsis v. subgregariis,
globoso-conicis, $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris, subcoriaceis, in ostiolum
filiforme subæquilonatum productis; contextu distincte parenchyma-
tico, rufo-ochraceo; ascis.....; sporidiis ellipsoideis utrinque ob-
tuse rotundatis, $15 \pm 7-8$, fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice *Platani orientalis*, socio *Nemalogonio au-*
rantiaco, Lyon (Gallia) legit THERRY.

13. **Ceratostoma Venetum** Speg. Mich. I, 455, F. ital. t. 628. — Pe. 783
ritheciis sub-carbonaceis majusculis, $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$ -mill. diam. sparsis, su-
perficialibus, subglobosis in ostiolum crassum fragile apicem ver-
sus molliusculum, desinentibus, contextu peritheciorum parenchy-
matio-celluloso, ostioli autem prosenchymatico-fibroso; ascis (cito
diffluentibus).....; sporidiis subnavicularibus, inferne inæquilate-
raliter sub-mucronatis, fuliginis, opacis, $6-9 \pm 5$.

Hab. ad putamina *Coryli Avellanæ* putrescentia, Coneglia-
no (Italia bor.), rarissime.

14. **Ceratostoma Vitis** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 129. — Peritheciis gre- 784
gariis, in corticis fissuris nidulantibus, globosis, media magnitudi-
ne, nigris, extus pilosis, pilis pallidioribus, rostro longissimo, pe-
rithecio sexies longioribus, strictis, nigris; ascis nondum inventis;
sporidiis ovatis, continuis, fuscis, 6 ± 4 , uniguttulatis.

Hab. in rimis corticalibus radicum *Vitis viniferae*, rarius,
circa Estrich (Rhenogovia).

Species incertæ.

15. **Ceratostoma fallax** C. et Sacc. New Jersey Fungi Grev. VII. p. 8. 785
— Peritheciis superficialibus, laxe gregariis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{4}$

mill. diam., in ostiolum filiforme subflexuosum, usque 1 mill. long. productis; peritheciis contextu parenchymatico dilute fuligineo ostioli contextu linearis-prosenchymatico, aterrimo; conidii (?) peritheciis conspergentibus globoso-angulosis, 15-25 μ . diam., aterrimis, quandoque hyalino-punctatis; spermatiis intra perithecium orientibus, minimis, oblongis, $4 \times 1-1,5$ copiosissimis hyalinis, saepe in glomerulum subglobosum, pluribus coalitis; ascosporis (?).

Hab. in ligno pineo in New Jersey, Amer. boreali.

16. **Ceratostoma piliferum** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 128, *Sph. pilifera* Fr. S. M. II, 472. — Gregarium, nudum, atrum, peritheciis 786 minimis globosis laevibus, ostiolo capillari longissimo acuminato.

Hab. ad ligna pinea, abiegnæ etc., vulgatissimum in Suecia, Germania, Britannia, Gallia, Belgio, Italia, Amer. boreali. — Admodum subtile, subinde subiculo villoso v. maculæ fuligineo-nigrescenti insidens, sed perithecia glabra. Distinguitur ostiolis longissimis tenerrimis æqualibus laevibus, nunc flexuosis, nunc striatis.

— β) *Pinastri* Nees, Syst. f. 354. Emersum, nudum, ostiolo breviori stricto; spermatiis minutis, cylindraceis, copiosis. — γ) *dryinum* Pers. Syn. p. 58, t. 2. f. 6. Emergens, solitarium, ostiolo breviore flexili; «nucleo sterili. Adsunt hyphæ, quandoque in ipsis ostiolis parasiticæ, simplices, septatae, fuscæ, conidia cylindraceo-clavulata, $14 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$, hyalina gerentes». In ligno mucido quercino, parcus, in Suecia, Italia, Germania. — δ) *capillatum* Fr. S. M. Immersum, peritheciis ovatis, ostiolo longissimo curvato; spermatiis ovatis, hyalinis, 8×4 . In *Polyporos* vetustis. — ϵ) *tenuissimum* Fuck. Symb. myc. 119. Ascis nondum inventis; sporidiis (spermatiis?) oblongo-ovatis, continuis, hyalinis, 8×4 . In ligno Pini in Germania. — Species tota male cognita et forte plures continens. Sec. Berk. Not. North Amer. fungi, sporidia essent alantoidea 5 μ . longa; sec. Nees ovoidea v. globulosa.

17. **Ceratostoma procumbens** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 128, t. IV, fig. 45. 787

— Peritheciis gregariis, superficialibus, *Ceratostomatis piliferi* parum majoribus, longissime rostratis, obverse pyriformibus, plerumque procumbentibus, rostro adscendente, vel verticalibus, rostro recto, laevibus, atro-fuscis: sprematiis cylindraceis, curvatis, minutissimis, in globulum terminalem expulsis.

Hab. in ligno duriore Quercus, Hallgarter Wald (Rhenogovia).

18. **Ceratostoma mucronatum** (Schw.) Sacc., *Sphæria mucronata* Schw. Syn. Carol. n. 4, p. 28, Fr. S. M. II, 326. — Gregarium, atrum, peritheciis minutis nudis conicis glabris, ostiolo brevi cylindrico. 788

Hab. ad ligna in Carolina, Amer. bor. — Inter minimas, saepe plures confluent, sed minime conferta species est. Perithecia adulta innato-superficialia, lævia, rigida, opaca, cum ostiolo breviore recto obtusiusculo confluentia.

19. **Ceratostoma hæmatorhynchum** (Somm.) Fr. S. Veg. Scand. p. 392. 789

Sphæria hæmatorhyncha Somm. Lapp. 215, Fr. El. II. p. 96. — Gregarium, emergens, atrum; peritheciis minutis, globosis, lævibus, ostiolo longissimo inæquabili subclavato, sub apice sanguineo-pruinoso.

Hab. in ligno Salicis capreæ aëri exposito in Nordlandia, parce. — Lignum, in quo sedet, rufescit. *Sph. rostratæ* (forsan et *S. barbirostri*) proximum, attamen rostro longiore, apice incrassato pruinoso satis distinctum.

20. **Ceratostoma cuspidatum** Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 392. *Sphæria cuspidata* Fr. S. M. II. p. 474. 790 — Confertum, glabrum, atrum; peritheciis ovato-globosis rugulosis nudis, ostiolo cylindrico longitudine peritheciorum.

Hab. ad ligna Fagi et Carpini in Suecia et Germania. — Perithecia pauca sparsa, plurima stipata, confluentia, aterrima, opaca, primo immersa, mox nuda, magnitudine minori, intus evacuata atra. Ostiola stricta, firma (nec fragilia), obtusa, læviuscula. Magna cum *S. rostrata* affinitas.

21. **Ceratostoma Stilbum** (Schm.) Fr. Summa V. S. p. 396. *Sphæria Stilbum* Schm. Myc. Heft. I, 63, Fr. S. M. II, 472. 791 — Gregarium, byssisedum, atrum; peritheciis globosis glabris, ostiolis elongatis apice ampliatis; sporidiorum globulo albo.

Hab. ad ligna pinea in Suecia et Germania. — Subiculum floccosum, atrum; perithecia pusilla, ostiolo triplo longiora, stricta, gelatina globuli instar albi erumpente coronata.

22. **Ceratostoma Spina** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria Spina* Schw. Syn. 792 Carol. n. 154, Fr. S. M. II. p. 475. — Sparsum, nigrum; peritheciis emergentibus globosis, ostiolis pyramidato-conicis obtusis nudis.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum juniorum Fraxini in Carolina, Am. bor. — Ex epidermide emergit sphærula, ostiolo spinæformi, crasso, pyramidato-conico, tam duro ut cultello dividi non possit; adscendit ad altitudinem duarum linearum, in tuberculo rami oriens, basi subrotunda cortici affixa. Gelatina alba, ascis flexis.

CHÆTOMIUM Kunze Myc. Heft. I. p. 15. Zopf Entwick. d. Chætom. Halle 1881, ex cl. *Chætomidio* (Etym. *chæta*, seta). — Perithecia

superficialia, carbonaceo-membranacea, subfragilia, typice pilis vestita; ostioloque breve obtuseque papillato pertuso, setis abdito instructa. Asci cito diffuentes, octospori (in *Ch. hispido* tetraspori et in *Ch. fimisedo* polyspori); sporidia continua globosa, ovoidea, typice fuliginea. — Species plures nimium conformes, pluresque heterogeneæ.

Species genuinæ.

1. **Chætomium comatum** (Tode) Fr. Syst. Myc. III. 253. *Sphaeria comata* Tode, *Ch. Fieberi* Fuck. nec Corda. *Ch. elatum* Kunz. et Schm. Myk. Heft. I, p. 15, t. I, f. 3. — Peritheciis gregariis, subovoideis, tenuissimis, atris, pilis, basi radiantibus, superne, præcipue vertice, longissimis, erectis, ramosis, intricatis, badio-atris vel badiis asperulis vestitis; ascis sessilibus, v. breve stipitatis; oblongatis, utrinque obtusis, $40-48 \approx 16$; sporidiis octonis, conglobatis, ellipsoideo-sphæroideis, utrinque apiculatis, fuscis, $10-12 \approx 8-9$, lessimme compressis. — Status conidicus est *Sporodum conopleoides* (Fr.) Corda, sec. Fuck., sed Zopf non confirmat.

Hab. supra culmos putrescentes graminum, præprimis Secalis cerealis, nec non caules et ligna in tota Europa et America bor. — Sec. Fries *Ch. comatum* et *Ch. elatum* duas species sistunt sed discrimina ab ætate pendent. — Var. *helicotrichum* Sacc. a typo setis sursum circinatis recedit quo charactere ad *Ch. murorum* Corda vergit. In fimo vaccino in Italia (Mich. I, 222).

2. **Chætomium lageniforme** Corda Ic. fung. I, 24, t. VII, fig. 293. — 794 Gregarium, olivaceum; perithecio medio constricto semipellucido, pilis longis rigidis ramosis, concoloribus, pulverulentis tecto, ramis patentibus subulatis, acutissimis; sporidiis numerosis primum pellicidis albis, dein olivaceis, ovatis utrinque apiculatis, mycelio spurio.

Hab. in charta impressa putrida Reichenberg (Germania). — Sec. Zopf est forma *Ch. comati*.

3. **Chætomium atrum** Link. Spec. I, 46, Sacc. Mich. II, p. 55. — Peritheciis dense gregaris globulosis 1 mill. diam., aterrimis, dein superne glabratis, nitidulisque, pilis longissimis maxime tortuosis subsimplicibus, 6-7 micr. cr. fuscis vestitis et circumdati; sporidiis limoniiformibus, $12 \approx 9-10$, pluriguttulatis, violaceo-fuscis; ascis (sec. Tul.) ovato-leuceolatis, stipitatis.

Hab. in lignis putridis in Gallia et Germania. — Sec. Zopf Entw. Chæt. p. 83. est forma *Ch. comati*, sed mihi satis diversum videtur.

4. **Chætomium pannosum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 1814, Zopf Entw. Chæt. 796

t. 4 et 5. — Peritheciis globosis majusculis fragilissimis sordide-nigris, pilis stipatis opacis rigidulis implexo-crispis undique ob-textis, glebas pannosas dein confluentes stygias arcte contextas mentientibus; ascis (teste Niessl in Hedw. 1876, p. 104) oblongo-ovoideis, longissime stipitatis, $90 \pm 15-20$, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis utrinque apiculatis, $10-14 \pm 8-9$, obscure olivaceis v. nigrescentibus.

Hab. ad *Helianthi annui* etc. caules in Germania. — *Rhacodium* s. *Sphæriam byssissedam* ejusque incunabula fere refert; habitu externo et sporidiis uberrime superfusis et ex perithecio rarius integro profusis (sub vitro) pannum pulverulentum æmulatur. — Sec. Zopf ex hujus speciei mycelio oritur substantia rufo-tingens, quæ flava est in *Ch. comato*.

5. **Chætomium indicum** Corda Icon. fung. IV, 38, t VIII, fig. 104. ⁷⁹⁷

— Gregarium, atrum; perithecio verruciformi, atro, subacuto; setis longis ramosis, ramis ramulisque dichotomis, arcuatis, atris; ascis clavatis minutis; sporidiis ellipticis utrinque acutis, olivaceis, levibus, nucleatis, $5-6 \pm 4-4-5$, lenissime compressis.

Hab. in charta putri, India, Tenasserim, Maulmain, Burmah nec non in Gallia, Germania et Britannia, ab Indiis tamen verisimiliter allatum.

6. **Chætomium microsporum** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. IV. n. 113. ⁷⁹⁸

Peritheciis laxissime gregariis v. subsparsis, globosis superne tantum penicillato-comatis, $0,3-0,5$ mill. diam., saturate atro-olivaceis, membranaceis, contextu indistincte parenchymatico olivaceo; pilis rigidulis, leviusculis, flexuosis, parce septulatis, 3μ . crass., atro-olivaceis; ascis ellipticis v. obovatis, $35-40 \pm 8-10$ p. sporif.; sursum plus minusve rotundatis deorsum longiuscule stipitatis, stip. $30-40 \pm 3-5$ aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis subglobosis v. ellipticis, utrinque obtusiuscule acutatis, sæpe subinæquilateralibus $5-6,5 \pm 4-5$, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in charta diu loco udo servata in Universitate Bonae-reensi (America australi).

7. **Chætomium globosum** Kunze Myc. Heft. I. 16. — Perithecio minuto, adnato, semigloboso, undique pilis simplicibus divergentibus obsesso; sporidiis ellipsoideis. ⁷⁹⁹

Hab. ad caules herbarum, v. c. *Dianthi Carthusianorum* in Germania etc. — Minutum, punctiforme, basi adnata, globosum, atrum, ore punctiformi dehiscens, demum in discum exiguum pal-

lidum dilatum. Pili totam superficiem æqualiter obducunt, rigiduli, perithecii diametrum æquantes.

8. **Chætomium chartarum** Ehrenb. Sylv. 15, 27. Fr. Syst. Myc. III. 800
254. — Perithecio subgloboso, nigro, macula lète flava cincto, setis simplicibus 2-3 mill. cr., dilute fuligineis asperulis; ascis clavatis, longiuscule stipitatis 45-50 = 14-16, stipite 25-45 = 5; sporidiis limoniiformibus, 8-10 = 6-8, 1-guttatis, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in charta emporetica putri in Anglia, Belgio, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Amer. bor. et austr., socia sæpe *Stachybotryte lobulata*. — Teste Zopf *Ch. globosum*, *chartarum* et *Fieberi* sunt formæ unius speciei, quam *Ch. Kunzeanum* vocat.

9. **Chætomium Fieberi** Corda Icon. Fung. I, p. 24, f. 293, C. *Ch. Kunzeanum* Zopf. 801
Zopf. — Peritheciis subsphæroideis, siccis vertice sæpe leviter collapsis, atris, latit. circiter 180 μ ., pilis prælongis ut plurimum simplicibus, rectis v. apice incurvis; ascis subsessilibus, oblongatis, 40 = 16; sporidiis octonis, subsphæroideis, interdum utrinque obsolete acutis, fuscidulis, 9-11 = 7-8.

Hab. supra chartam, in caulis, tela putridis in Gallia, Italia, Germania, Fennia. — Adest in lignis udis Patavii var. *chlorina* Mich. I, pag. 27 in qua pili perithecii simplices recti vel apice ramosi, asperuli, successive flavi, chlorini, olivacei, atri; ascis clavatis stipitati! p. s. 35-40 = 15, stipite 20 long., octospori; sporidia disticha, limoniiformia, 12 = 8, olivaceo-fuliginea.

10. **Chætomium affine** Corda Ic. fung. IV. p. 37, t. VIII, fig. 101. — 802
Subgregarium; peritheciis globosis, atris; pilis longis, simplicissimis subulatis, olivaceo-atris; mycelio tenui minuto; sporidiis obovatis, infra acutis, olivaceo-fuscis.

Hab. in foliis putridis Quercuum, Pragæ (Germania). — Vix differt a *Ch. Fieberi*.

11. **Chætomium murorum** Corda Ic. fung. II, 29, t. XIII, fig. 103. Zopf. 803
Chæt. t. 6, f. 13-20. — Gregarium, minutum, atrum; perithecio subgloboso pilis septatis laxis flexuosis, cincto; ascis clavatis, stipitatis; sporidiis distichis ovatis utrimque acutatis, longitudinaliter subsulcatis, semipellucidis, 12-17 = 8-9, leniter compressis.

Hab. in muris udis in Germania, Pragæ et in Britannia.

12. **Chætomium streptothrix** Quel. Champ. Jura 531, t. IV. fig. 40. — 804
Peritheciis minutis, nigro-fuscis, setis asperulis, nigris, eximie spiraliter contortis; ascis sporidiis limoniiformibus, brunneis, 12 μ . long.

Hab. agglomeratum in frustulis Solani tuberosi morbosi,

in Jura et Vogesis (Gallia). — Cl. Quelet huc citat, etsi dubitanter, veluti statum conidiophorum *Peronosporam infestantem* sed, ut liquet, ex errore.

13. **Chætomium spirale** Zopf Entwick. d. Chæt. p. 79, t. 6, fig. 21-26. 805

— Peritheciis majusculis ovoideis, v. ellipsoideis, 240-420 \approx 220-360, ostiolo nec non setis ubique sparsis instructis; setis lateralibus subulatis, olivaceo-fuscis, sursum pallidioribus; terminalibus cylindricis, remote septatis, brunneis, levibus v. asperulis, 6 μ . crass., vicies et ultra æqualiter spiraliter convolutis, fasciculum majuscum efformantibus; ascis clavatis, breve stipitatis, 34-43 \approx 18 (p. sporif.); sporidiis oblongo-limoniformibus, olivaceo-brunneis, 12-15 \approx 7-8, lenissime compressis.

Hab. in fimo equino, Berlin German., semel (ZOPF). — An diversum a *Ch. streptothrice* Quel.?

14. **Chætomium bostrychodes** Zopf Entwick. d. Chæt. p. 81, t. 7, fig. 806

14-28. — Peritheciis minusculis, ellipsoideis v. fere fusoideis, 340 \approx 220, ubique setosis, ostiolo minuto, breve papillato, subhyalino; setis lateralibus subulatis remotis, terminalibus densioribus, adscendentibus, pluries (-6-14) spiraliter convolutis, brunneis, parce asperulis; ascis clavatis, minutis, breve stipitatis, 50 \approx 12; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 6-7 \approx 5, lenissime compressis, olivaceo-fuscis.

Hab. in animalculis putridis, Solani tuberibus, fimo etc., non frequens, Berlin et Göttingen (ZOPF).

15. **Chætomium crispatum** Fuck. Symb. Myc. pag. 90. *Sphæria cris-* 807

pata Fuck. F. Rhen. 2022. — Peritheciis gregariis, globosis, media magnitudine, undique olivaceo-pilosis, pilis aliis rectis, septatis, fuscis, diaphanis, aliis crispis, contortis, opacis; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 82-100 \approx 10 (p. sporif.); paraphysibus simplicibus, elongato-clavatis; sporidiis 8, monostichis, globosis seu globoso-ovatis, utrinque apiculatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, liberatis demum fuscis, 12 \approx 10, leniter compressis.

Hab. in tuberibus putridis Solani tuberosi in cellis humidis, Oestrich, Rhenogovia.

16. **Chætomium Cuniculorum** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 89. — Sparsum, 808

erectum, $1/2$ lineam altum; peritheciis ovatis, brevissime pilosis, fu-sco-olivaceis, vertice pilis paucis, comosis, perithecio duplo longioribus, rectis, strictis, articulatis, concoloribus; sporidiis elliptico-ovatis, simplicibus, umbrinis, 12 \approx 6-8, utrinque non v. vix apiculatis.

Hab. in stercore putri Cuniculorum, vere, Freienweinheim, Rhenogovia. — Sporidia juvenilia sæpius octono-conglobata.

17. **Chætomium orientale** Cooke, Coco Palm. Fungi, Grev. V, p. 103, 809 t. 86, fig. 5-11. — Gregarium, olivaceum; peritheciis subglobosis, strigosis; pilis tenuibus, simplicibus, flexuosis, brunneis; ascis pyriformibus, stipitatis; sporidiis globosis, utrinque leniter apiculatis, fuliginosis, 8-10 μ . diam.

Hab. in cicatricibus (unde folia ceciderunt) stipitis Cocos nuciferae, Demerara (Guiana britannica). — Pili et perithecia minute scabra.

18. **Chætomium tomentosum** Preuss, Pilze Hoyersw. n. 147. — Gre- 810 garium atro-fuscum tomentosum; floccis radiantibus laxis, diaphanis fuscis; peritheciis subglobosis, subpubescentibus, atro-fuscis, irregulariter ruptis; sporidiis fuscis subellipticis, nucleo gelatinoso granuloso; ascis clavatis.

Hab. in lignis Quercuum, in domicilio plantarum calefacto sub testis floralibus, Hoyerswerda (Germania).

19. **Chætomium signatum** Preuss, Pilze Hoyersw. in Linnæa vol. XXIV, 811 p. 78. — Gregarium olivaceo-atrum; perithecio globoſo, pilis longis septatis, lœvibus, erectis, apice circinatis; sporidiis oblongis, fuscis, utrinque apicibus nigro-signatis.

Hab. in ligno Pin i putrescente, Hoyerswerda (Germania).

20. **Chætomium lanosum** Peck 28 Rep, on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis 812 minutis, subglobosis, sparsis, v. aggregatis, dense villosis; pilis lanosis; obscure olivaceis v. murinis; ascis brevibus, crassis, fugacibus; sporidiis subglobosis, initio pallidis, dein fuscidulis, 7,5-8,5 μ . diam., grosse 1-nucleatis.

Hab. in gramineis in herbario male exsiccatis, Albany, Am. boreali, Majo.

21. **Chætomium sphærospermum** C. et E. Grevill. 1880, VIII, p. 16. 813 — Peritheciis superficialibus, atris, strigosis, in cæspitulos elongatos congestis, subglobosis; pilis rigidis, erectis, elongatis, tenuibus, atrobrunneis, sursum divaricato-ramosis; sporidiis globosis, brunneis, 10 μ . diam.,

Hab. in disco doliorum in cellis vinariis, New-field, New Jersey (America boreali).

22. **Chætomium olivaceum** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi, Grev. 1878, 814 VI, p. 96, t. 100, fig. 38. — Viridi-flavum, vel olivaceum; peritheciis gregariis, subglobosis, pilis flexuosis simplicibus ornatis; sporidiis subglobosis, utrinque acuminatis, brunneis, 12 \approx 10.

Hab. in caule putri *Erigerontis*, New Jersey (Amer. bor).

— Setæ olivaceæ, sursum viridi-flavæ, scabriusculæ.

23. **Chætomium funicolum** Cooke, Grevill. I, pag. 176. — Peritheciis ⁸¹⁵ sparsis subovatis, nigris; setis ad verticem prælongis, dichotomis, v. simplicibus, erectis, exilibus, acutis, nigris; sporidiis limoniiformibus, atro-brunneis.

Hab. in chorda putrescente in Britannia et in scopis in Am. bor. — Affine *Ch. comato* sed multo minus et levius. Omnino nigrum, setæ tenuiores; sporidia diametro transversali sesquialongiora.

24. **Chætomium melioloides** C. et Peck. 27 Rep. p. 106. — Sparsum ⁸¹⁶ minutum; peritheciis brunneis, globosis, e mycelio ramoso septato oriundis, setulis atro-fuligineis, rigidulis sursum bis terve dichotome ramosis, ramis patentibus; sporidiis ovoideis vel subglobosis, pallide brunneis, 4,5 μ . diam.

Hab. in Amer. bor. North Greenbush, in culmis Maydis.

— Affine *Chætomio funicolo*, sed setis ramosioribus, ramis divaricatis, sporidiis æqualibus etc. differt.

25. **Chætomium griseum** Cooke, Grevillea I, p. 175. — Subgregarium ⁸¹⁷ v. sparsum, griseum; peritheciis globosis brunneis, submembranaceis; pilis longis, elasticis, circinatis, pellucidis, tenuiter laxeque septatis; ascis clavatis, fasciculatis; sporidiis limoniiformibus hyalinis, granulosis nucleatis, 13-17 \times 6-9.

Hab. in tela corrupta King's Lynn, et charta putri Highgate (Britannia). — Pilis molliusculis, sporidiis majoribus hyalinis a *Ch. murorum* recedit.

26. **Chætomium depressum** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 1811. Fuck. Symb. ⁸¹⁸ myc. pag. 90. — Perithecio depresso-globoso nonnisi ovali, a basi inde pilis brevibus rigidis nigris assurgentibus torvo, dein a vertice inde apertis discum sporophorum recludentibus; ascis non visis; sporidiis ovatis subellipsoideis, utrinque apiculatis, fuscis, 14 \times 10.

Hab. ad ramulos sicclos lignaque abietina uda, minime rarus auctumno, in Thuringia et Rhenogovia. — Sec. Fuck. l. c. fungus conidiophorus est *Myxotrichum resinæ* Fr.

27. **Chætomium concinnatum** Preuss, Fungi Hoyersw, n. 146. — Gregarium ⁸¹⁹ minutum, atrum; perithecio globoso, pilis longis rigidis, subramosis subimpellucidis circinatis septatis tecto; ascis longis linearibus; sporidiis atro-fuscis, ellipticis, nucleatis.

Hab. in caulis Georginarum putrescentibus in pagina interiore in hortis, Hoyerswerda (Germania).

28. **Chætomium lanatum** Quel. Champ. Jura 531, t. IV, fig. 43. — Pe- 820
ritheciis sphæricis, lævibus, nigris, pilis longis, lanosis, flexuosis,
intertextis, tenuibus, glabris, nitidis, nigris vestitis; ascis.....;
sporidiis globoso-limoniiformibus, 15 μ . long., guttulatis, fusco-
olivaceis.

Hab. agglomeratum in ligno sub hortorum rejectamentis se-
pulto in Jura et Vogesis (Gallia). — *Chætomio comato* paulo
minus.

Species desciscentes.

29. **Chætomium hispidum** Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. pag. 405. — Gre- 821
garium, atrum; peritheciis hemisphæricis subnitidis, setis rigidis
divergentibus, sparsis; ascis amplis clavatis, pellucidis; sporidiis
quaternis seriatis, continuis, lutescentibus.

Hab. ad caules herbarum in Scandinavia. — Interdum defi-
cit peritheciū (teste Fries). An?.

30. **Chætomium stercoreum** Speg. Mich. I, 222, Fungi ital. t. 622. — 822
Peritheciis dense gregariis v. hinc inde sparsis, superficialibus v.
subimmersis, ovoideo-pyriformibus, undique setis strigosis, ad ver-
ticem longioribus atque densioribus vestitis, peritheciī contextu
laxe parenchymatico fuligineo; setis basi bulboso-incrassatis, pri-
mitus ubique muriculatis dein lævibus, remote septulatis, fuligi-
neis sursum pallidioribus; ascis oblongo-ellipsoideis, apice acutato-
rotundatis, deorsum stipitato-attenuatis, p. sporif. 60-70 \approx 16-22,
stipite 40-50 \approx 7-8, octosporis; sporidiis limoniiformibus utrinque
acutiusculis, primitus 8-9 \approx 6-7, tandem 15 \approx 10, jugiter hyalinis,
luce refracta centro dilutissime chlorino-nucleatis, lævibus.

Hab. in stercore canino udo, Conegliano et Vittorio (Italia)
Sept. Oct. 1877. — Sporidiis jugiter hyalino-chlorinī species præ-
distincta et propter hoc a genere desciscens.

31. **Chætomium calvescens** Sacc. Mich. II, 123. — Peritheciis super- 823
ficialibus e basi applanata globulosis, diam. $1\frac{1}{4}$ - $1\frac{1}{5}$ mill., aterrimis,
contextu distinete cellulo, fuligineo, breve sparse pilosellis; as-
cis..... (diffluentibus?); sporidiis ellipsoideo-limoniiformibus (h.
e. utrinque breve obtuse apiculatis), 10-14 \approx 5- $5\frac{1}{2}$, pluriguttula-
tis, fulvo-ferrugineis.

Hab. in ligno pineo putrescente, socia *Magnusia nitida*, Be-
rolini 1869 (P. MAGNUS); in ligno abietino in agro Veneto (SPRE-
GAZZINI). — Colore et magnitudine sporidiorum facile dignoscen-
da species.

32. **Chætomium rufulum** B. et Br. Ann. Ann. N. Hist. n. 1397 t. X, 824

fig. 14. — Peritheciis subglobosis, rufis, celluloso-contextis, e mycelio parce filamentoso oriundis, astomis; ascis brevibus, clavatis obtusis, subsessilibus; sporidiis octonis vase distichis, sphæricis, 10-12 μ . diam., maturis vero 16-18 μ diam. conspicue muricatis, pallide brunneis, uninucleatis.

Hab. in charta sub campana vitrea, Elmhurst (Britannia).

33. **Chætomium Araliæ** Corda Ic. fung. IV, p. 37, t. VIII, fig. 102. 825

— Gregarium; peritheciis subphæricis, tenuibus, atris, pilis longis confertis subulatis, septatis atris tectis; nucleo atro; sporidiis oblongis glaucis semipellucidis (continuis); mycelio tenui adpresso atro.

Hab. in foliis et caulis Araliæ arboreæ (SPRENGEL, sub *Amphitrichi Araliæ* nomine).

34. **Chætomium amphitrichum** Corda Ic. fung. IV, p. 37, t. VIII, fig. 826

103. — Gregarium, semi-immersum; peritheciis convexis, medio dein perforatis et pilis longis ramosis rectis, sursum uncinatis tectis; sporidiis conglobatis, atris, lentiformibus, depresso, rotundis, episporio crasso, nucleatis, 5-6 μ . diam.

Hab. in foliis emortuis plantarum in India or., Tenasserim.

35. **Chætomium fimisedum** Karst. Enum. Fung. Lapp. p. 218. — Pe- 827

ritheciis dispersis, globosis, exiguis, nigris, opacis, pilis erectis, divergentibus, sparsis, simplicibus, subulatis, concoloribus, longit. 60-80 μ . vestitis, ascis fasciculatis, hinc inde constrictis, cylindraceis, polysporis; sporidiis sphæroideis, incoloribus, diam. 4-6 μ .

Hab. ad fimum caninum prope Soukelo in Lapponia rossica. — Teste ipso auctore est species ulterius inquirenda.

36. **Chætomium Braunii** Rabh. in Bot. Zeitung 1851, p. 453. — Gre- 828

garium, seriatum, subconfluens, atrum; peritheciis subglobosis adnatis vertice umbilicatis fragilibus atris; pilis setiformibus rigidis fusco-atris septatis vestitis; nucleo atro; cellulæ matricalibus (ascis) cylindrico-oblongis utrinque obtusis mox deliquescentibus hyalinis; sporidia subglobosa et granula minuta foventibus.

Hab. in seminibus intra samaris Fraxini excelsioris, Giessen (Germania).

Species dubiæ v. mihi parum notæ.

37. **Chætomium coccodes** Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 1807. — Perithecio 829

globoso sessili sparso verrucæformi atro tenerrimo, undique, pilis

brevibus rigidis porrectis horrido dein caduco, sporidia conglobata nuda relinquentे.

Hab. ad Solani tuberosi tubera mucida hyemis tempore passim in Germania.

38. **Chætomium epiphyllum** Kunze in Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 1804. — 830

Perithecio conoideo sessili punctiformi sparso atro, vertice pilos concolores comosos porrectos emittente.

Hab. ad folia sicca præprimis radicalia pl. herbacearum, v. c.

Dianthi superbi in Germania. — «An Vermiculariæ species?»

39. **Chætomium gelatinosum** Ehrenb. Sylv. Ber. 15, 27. — Perithe- 831
cio subgloboso gelatinoso pellucido, basi pilis fibrosis insidente.

Hab. in caulis putrescentibus in Germania. — Affine *Ch. comato* pro cuius statu immaturo etiamnum magis gelatinoso *Friesius* declarat.

40. **Chætomium viride** Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 1845, pag. 65. — Gregarium. 832
peritheciis ovatis basi coarctatis undique setis viridibus vestitis.

Hab. Paraguay, in graminibus dejectis.

41. **Chætomium Cumingii** Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 1845, p. 65. — Perithe- 833
ciis sparsis turbinatis, nigris, setis simplicibus; sporidiis ellipticis.

Hab. prope Manillam (India) in foliis delapsis. — Affine *Chætomio amphitricho* Corda, differt vero setis simplicibus; sporidiis ellipsoideis, non utrinque acutis.

42. **Chætomium pusillum** Fr. Syst. Myc. III. 255. — Perithecio adnato-globoso, pilis æqualibus brevibus erectis tecto; sporidiis globosis. 834

Hab. in foliis dejectis acerosis, vere, in Scandinavia. — In gre- ges minutos elegantes collectum; ceterum *Chæt. globoso* valde af- fine, loco forsan tantum distinctum. Sporidia generis. Sec. cl. Cor- da Icon. II. p. 29 hæc species cum hodierna *Niesslia Chætomio* conveniret, sed hæc a diagnosi allata Friesii abhorret.

43. **Chætomium Douglasii** Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 2400. — Tomento 835
olivaceo-virente non intertexto sed floccoso-fastigiato, undique sed præsertim ex peritheciorum apice nascente; peritheciis laxe tan- tum cauli affixis, majusculis, globoso-ovatis, fragilissimis, apice apertiusculis intus denum cavis, dense aggregatis, nigro-fuligineis, tomento concolori.

Hab. in caulis Hyssopi anisati adhuc vigentis, versus ra- dices dense investiens caules, in vicinia Lacus Huron Amer. bor. (TORREY). Fungus valde memorabilis affinis *Chætomio comato*.

44. **Chætomium Typhæ** Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 2401. — Minutis- 836

simum, atrum, punctiforme; pilis tam brevibus involutum, ut vix discernantur nisi lente augmentiori; situm inter nervos folii.

Hab. non rarum in folii typhinis, Bethlehem Am. bor.

HELMINTHOSPHÆRIA Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 166 (Etym. a setulis *Helminthosporium* æmulantibus). — Perithecia tomento denso insidentia, demum libera, globosa ovata, minutissime papillata, tota pilis fuscis tecta, apice conidiiferis. Conidia oblonga, utrinque obtusissima, didyma, subopaco-fusca. Sporidia in asco stipitato, cylindraceo, oblique monosticha, oblongo-lanceolata, 2guttulata, simplicia, fusca. Pycnidia ascophoris minora. Stylosporæ ovoideæ, fuligineæ 4-5-guttulatæ, 16-8.

1. **Helminthosphæria Clavariarum** (Desm.) Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 166. 837
Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. tab. XI, f. 43-44, *Peziza* (*Lachnea*) *Clavariarum* Desm. Not. Crypt, 1837, p. 4, t. 2, f. 1. Gill. Discom. Franc. p. 81 cum icon. *Sordaria Clavariæ* Ces. et De Not. — Peritheciis gregariis, globosis, dein pezizoideo-cupulatis pilis conidiophoris, obsitis, conidiis didymis, oblongis, 15-20 = 8, loculis saepe inæqualibus, guttulatis, fuligineis; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, 60 = 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, paraphysibus linearibus brevibus, parcis, obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis subfusoideis, 11 = 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, fuligineis, continuis, guttulatis.

Hab. in truncо Clavariæ cristatæ et griseæ languidae in Germania, Gallia, Italia.

Sordaria Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. 51, pr. p. Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 244 (Etym. a *sorde*, quia in sordidis nascitur et sordem refert). — Perithecia sparsa v. conferta v. in stromate spurio, crustaceo semiimmersa, globosa, conica v. pyriformia pilis vestita v. glabra ostiolo obtuso-conico, atro. Ascii stipitati, 8spori. Sporidia, ellipsoidea, fuliginea basi v. utrinque hyalino-appendiculata. — Conidia et spermatia in nonnullis speciebus nota.

I. *Eusordaria*: ascis octosporis. 1-26

Fimiculæ.

1. **Sordaria coprophila** (Fr.) Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. p. 52. Sf. 838
ital. t. XX, Wint. Sord. p. 26, t. IX, fig. 14, *Sphaeria coprophila* Fr. S. M. II. pag. 342, *Cercophora mirabilis* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 245 (stat. immaturus). — Peritheciis confertis subconfluentibus, primum plus minus immersis tomentoque tenui albido tectis, deinde

Sordaria Delitsch. Schmidb. pag. Cncl. f. 734

plus minus emergentibus nudatisque, ovoideo-sphæroideis vel sphæroideis, sordide atris, ostiolo obtuse conoideo, nigro; ascis pedicellatis, cylindraceo-subclavatis, 130 ± 21 ; sporidiis octonis, subdistichis, ellipsoideis, fuscis, opacis, polo inferiori appendicula sporidio duplo longiori, hyalina instructis, sine appendicula $17-26 \pm 8-10$; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, leporino, asinino in tota Europa et Amer. bor. — *Sec.* Fuck. in peritheciis juvenilibus adsunt spermatia allantoidea, perexigua.

2. **Sordaria natalitia** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra natalitia* Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. II, n. 58. — Peritheciis densissime gregariis, globoso-lenticularibus, in ostiolo acutiusculo cylindraceo-conico attenuatis, minutis, $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{4}$ mill., matrici insculptis, vel superficialibus, contextu tenui-membranaceo, parenchymatico, fuligineo-atro, basi hyphis radicantibus exilibus vestitis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis superne obtuse rotundatis, quandoque subtruncatis, deorsum in pedicellum longiusculum attenuatis, $200-210 \pm 12-14$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, primo hyalinis, cylindraceis, continuis, utrinque rotundatis, $45-50 \pm 6-7$, granuloso-farctis, dein apice elliptico-capitatis, vertice acutiuscule rotundatis, fuligineis, $15-16 \pm 10$, jodi ope nucleo obscuriore hyalino-ocellato ornatis, cauda hyalina recta cylindracea, $30-35 \pm 6-6\frac{1}{2}$, donatis.

Hab. in trunco putri aqua semmiimmerso Pircuniæ dioicæ secus Rio de la Plata, cerca de la Recoleta, America austr. — Species *S. coprophilæ* sat similis, sed sporidiorum magnitudine recedens.

3. **Sordaria minuta** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 44, Wint. Sord. 840 *Dura*
p. 37, t. XI, fig. 21. — Peritheciis sparsis exacte conicis v. elongato-ovatis, 400 ± 220 , antice brevissime setulosis; ascis cylindraceis, substipitatis, 8sporis, 112 ± 14 ; sporidiis oblique monostichis, elliptico-ovatis, nucleatis, demum atro-umbrino-opacis, vertice globulo oblongo, gelatinoso, hyalino, mox deciduo, basi stipite recto, hyalino, sporidiorum dimidium æquante, $16-22 \pm 10$.

Hab. in fimo equino, vulpino, cuniculorum, murino, ovino in Germania, Britannia. — Datur forma 4-6-spora (*S. tetraspora* Wint.).

4. **Sordaria communis** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra communis* Speg. 841 *Dura*
Pug. 2. p. 20. — Peritheciis sparsis v. hinc inde 5-8 gregariis, globoso-lenticularibus, glabris, olivaceo-atris, fimo immersis, ostiolo tereti-conoideo, longiusculo, extante; ascis clavatis, apice truncato-

rotundatis, longiuscule stipitatis, 200–220 \approx 30–35, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ellipsoideis, hyalinis, dein fuligineis, 27–32 \approx 18–20, apice caudâ hyalina contorta, mox fluxâ, basi appendice tereti, recta, hyalina, persistente, 20–30 \approx 4–8, auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino putri secus Rio de la Plata, Amer. austr. — Affinis *S. decipienti*. Sporidia caudaque infera initio simulate 1–3-septata.

5. **Sordaria neglecta** E. et C. Hans. Champ. sterc. Dan. p. 22, t. IX, 842 fig. 12–18. — Peritheciis brevibus, pyriformibus, 1–1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis, gregariis, subimmersis, virescenti-nigris, ostiolo brevi papillato, nigro; ascis stipitatis, fusoideis, apice rotundatis, octosporis, 150–170 \approx 48–60; sporidiis ovoideis 42–57 \approx 30–37, fuligineis, utrinque appendice hyalina sporidium subæquante auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino vetusto, Ribe (Dania). — Adest forma minor in fimo equino, sporidiis 32–40 \approx 18–21. Prope Holte in Selandia Daniæ.

6. **Sordaria hirta** E. C. Hans, Champ. sterc. Dan. p. 22, t. VII. fig. 843 17–24. — Peritheciis sparsis, subimmersis oblongo-pyriformibus, 1–1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis, nigro-olivaceis, ostiolo conico nigro, subinde longiusculo, pilis septatis brevibus obducto; ascis longe stipitatis, clavato-fusoideis, apice rotundatis; sporidiis octonis (raro quaternis) ovoideis, distichis, 30–50 \approx 18–22, utrinque appendicula hyalina sporidium subæquante auctis, brunneis; paraphysibus articulatis asco longioribus.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, Ribe (Dania).

7. **Sordaria fimiseda** Ces. et De Not., Wint. Sord. p. 25, t. IX, f. 13, 844 *Podospora fimicola* Ces., *Cercospora fimiseda* Fuck. Symb. 245. — Peritheciis erumpenti-superficialibus confertis v. sparsis, ovoido-conicis, majusculis, undique pilis fuligineis sursum pallidioribus, 80–100 \approx 5, vestitis, contextu membranaceo; ascis longiuscule stipitatis, oblongo-fusoideis, acutiusculis, parte sporif. 350–400 \approx 50–70, stip. 150–200 μ . longo; sporidiis octonis, plerumque distichis, interdum tamen deorsum monostichis, elliptico-ovatis, 50–60 \approx 28–30 apice appendiculâ crassa subrecta hyalinâ breviori, basi cauda hyalina cylindraceo-fusoidea tortuosâ, 100 \approx 10 auctis.

Hab. in fimo equino, ovino et vaccino in Germania, Fennia, Britannia, Italia, Amer. boreali. — Quandoque cauda secunda accedit in basi sporidiorum cylindraceo-clavulata, hyalina, 55 \approx 5.

8. **Sordaria californica** Plowr. Calif. Sphær. Grev. VII, p. 72, t. 120, 845 fig. 2. — Peritheciis majusculis, indumento brunneo vestitis, spar-

sis v. gregariis, 1 mill. altis, ostiolo nudo ruguloso, subinde striis divergentibus circumdato; ascis crasse cylindraceis breve stipitatis, octosporis 200–300 μ . longis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-ellipsoideis basi subtruncatis, 30–35 \approx 15–18, basi caudâ hyalina curvâ spori-
dium æquante auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino in California. — Sec. Plowr. species prædistincta.

9. **Sordaria carbonaria** (Plowr.) Sacc. *Sphæria carbonaria* Plowr. 846
Brit. Fungi in Grev. II, 188, t. 25, fig. 3. — Aggregata, globosa, semiimmersa, basi pilis hyalinis ramosis septatis cinta; ostiolo papillato, obtuso ruguloso; ascis cylindraceis, apice truncatis paraphysatis; sporidiis 8, subnavicularibus, atro-fuscis, uniseriatis, 9 \approx 3, cauda brevissima hyalina basi auctis.

Hab. in humo carbonacea prope Shrewsbury (Britannia).

10. **Sordaria bombardoides** Auersw. in Niessl Beitr. p. 37, t. VI, 847
fig. 4. Wint. Sord. 22, t. VIII, fig. 11. — Peritheciis sparse cæspitosis, subconfluentibus forma valde variabili, nunc ovoideis, oblongis, nunc subpyriformibus vel utriculiformibus $\frac{3}{4}$ – $1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. altis, inferne contractis, apice late obtuse rotundatis, papillatis umbilicatisque, ceraceo-carnosis crassis, rugulosis, badiis, ostiolo fusco-atro; ascis elongato-clavatis stipite maxime elongato, apice obtusis, 8sporis, p. sporif. 140–160 \approx 15–18; sporidiis oblique monostichis sed saepe inordinatis, obovato-oblongis, plerumque inæqualateralibus, 22–25 \approx 12–14, nitidis, fusco-atris, nucleo oleoso, circulo hyalino; paraphyses ascorum fere longitudine, articulatæ.

Hab. in fimo leporino prope Leipzig, Oederan et Brünn (Germany), in fimo equino in California. — Sec. Rehm sporidia 25 \approx 9, asci cum stipite 270 \approx 15.

11. **Sordaria curvula** de Bary Morph. Pilze p. 209, Wint. Sord. 37, 848
t. XI, fig. 22, *Cercophora conica* Fuck. Symb.-p. 245. — Peritheciis sparsis subsuperficialibus, oblongo-conicis, saepius curvatis, rugulosis, pilis crassis articulatis, plerumque fasciculatis dense ob-sitis, basi filis repentibus ramosis cinctis, 750–800 \approx 380–400; ascis crasse cylindraceis, longissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, p. sporif. 129 \approx 38; sporidiis ovoideis, opaco-fuscis, 18–25 \approx 9–10, vertice hyalino-apiculatis, basi caudâ cylindracea 6 μ . long. hyalina auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, equino, ovino, murino in tota Germania, Britannia, Italia, Fennia. — «Tuberculi peritheciorum distincte papillati; asci cylindracei longe stipitati, 180–200 \approx 18–22, apice rotundati, octospori; sporidia ellipsoidea, 22–25 \approx 14, opace

fuliginea, caudâ hyalinâ cylindrica curvula aucta [Michelia]. — Var. *coronata* Wint. Sord. p. 38 (*Malinvernia breviseta* Fuck. Symb. p. 243). Peritheciis sub apice cirrhis 5–8 curvatis, divaricatis, fuscis, pellucidis coronatis, ceterum glabris. In fimo vaccino in Germania et Nova Zelandia. — Var. *aloides* (Fuck.) Wint. Sord. p. 38. Peritheciis sub apice cirrhis 5–12 elongatis curvatis, fuscis, opacis coronatis. In fimo vaccino in Helvetia.

- Sordaria Winterii* Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 251, *Sord. breviseta* ⁸⁴⁹ Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 52, nec Fuck. — Peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, erumpentibus, demum sæpe liberis, ovoideis, ad apicem obtusum, ostiolo latiusculo hiantem, attenuatis, atris, setulis brevibus, fuscis, subtilibus hirtulis; ascis pedicellatis, octosporis, cylindraceo-clavatis, apicem versus attenuatis, 150 = 30–40 p. sporif.; sporidiis subdistichis, ellipsoideis, fuscis, opacis polo inferiori appendicula sporidium subæquante, hyalina instructis, (sine appendicula) 22–36 = 14–15.

Hab. supra fimum equinum, vaccinum et leporinum in Fennia meridionali et media autumno passim. — Partibus externis simillima est *Sord. simisedæ*.

- Sordaria micrura* (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra micrura* Speg. Pug. 2. p. 20. — Peritheciis minutis, 150–180 μ . diam., levibus, globo-lenticularibus, matrice immersis, ostiolo papillato, subcarbonaceo, exerto; hyphis repentibus anastomosantibus ornatis; contextu membranaceo-parenchymatico, olivaceo-fusco; ascis clavato-elongatis, sursum rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum breviusculum attenuatis, 160–180 = 20–25, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, elliptico-limoniformibus, 20–25 = 15, fuligineis, basi caudâ hyalinâ parvula 8–10 = 2 donatis.

Hab. in fimo Caviæ leucopygæ in pratis prope Buenos Aires, Argent. Amer. austr. — Peritheciis levibus, ascis breve stipitatis etc. a *Sord. curvula* dignoscitur.

- Sordaria appendiculata* (Auersw.) Niessl Beitr. pag. 38, tab. V, ⁸⁵¹ fig. 40. — Peritheciis nunc sparsis, nunc aggregatis, oblongis, cum ostiolo conico sæpe curvato confluentibus, crassiusculis carnose coriaceis, atris, villo brevi fusco-griseo obductis; pilis 40 μ . long.; ascis clavatis longe stipitatis, 150–160 = 26–30 p. sporif.; apice obtuso-retusis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, ovato-oblongis, 26–28 = 14–15, nitidis, atro-fuscis in polo inferiore, rarius utrinque, appendicula recta vel parum curvata subhyalina, attenuata auctis; paraphysibus ascos superantibus angustis guttulatis.

Hab. in fimo leporino prope Leipzig, Brünn etc. in Germania. — Sec. Rehm Asc. Diagn. n. 498 appendicula superior 20–26 \approx 3, denique brunneola, inferior 70 \approx 3, curva, hyalina. — Satis diversa videtur a *Sordaria curvula* quacum jungitur a Wintero.

15. **Sordaria decipiens** Winter Sord. pag. 28, tab. IX, fig. 16, Fuck. 852

Symb. myc. App. II. pag. 44, tab. I. fig. 33. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, usque ad 1 mill. altis, globosis, primo et maturis fusco-diaphanis, extus pilis sparsis, brevibus, ostiolo brevi, truncato, obscuriori; ascis elongatis, utrinque attenuatis, 8sporis, 174–200 \approx 40–50, stipite 80–100 μ . longo; sporidiis distichis, lanceolato-oblongis, 1–2-guttulatis, rectis, umbrinis, demum subopacis, 36–48 \approx 19–22, basi cauda cylindrico-clavulata, 40 \approx 8, lobulata instrutis, apice caudiculis duabus, subliberis perfecte circinatis, indeque saepius unica simulantibus ornatis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, cuniculorum et equino in Germania, Tyrolia et Italia boreali.

16. **Sordaria amphicornis** Ellis Bull. Torr. 1876, p. 109, *Sph. exigua* Peck, 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. p. 78, tab. 2, fig. 14–17. 853

Peritheciis sparsis, subsuperficialibus, ovato-conicis, obtusis $\frac{3}{4}$ –1 mill. altis, villo fusco erecto vestitis; pilis tenuiter septatis; ascis octosporis tereti-clavatis; sporidiis ovoideis v. subnavicularibus, olivaceis denique fuligineis, 30 \approx 12–13, utrinque appendicibus subfiliformibus sporidio multo longioribus, rectiusculis auctis.

Hab. in fimo cuniculorum et leporum Kasoag, Newfield, Amer. bor. — Teste Rehm (Asc. n. 498) est *Sordariæ appendiculatæ* forma, at ex iconе l. c. diversa videtur.

17. **Sordaria valsoides** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria valsoides* Peck, 28

Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis matrice immersis, sparsis, nigris, apice pilis rigidis, erectis, paucis conspersis; ascis subclavatis; sporidiis biseriatis v. sparsis, ellipsoideo-oblongis, 27–33 μ . longis, initio olivaceis, dein fuligineis, saepius uni-guttatis, basi cauda hyalina breviuscula auctis.

Hab. in stercore vaccino, Sageville, Amer. bor. — Cauda plerumque dimidium sporidium æquans. Setulæ vel processus ad apicem peritheciorum Valsam minutam quamdam æmulantur, unde nomen.

18. **Sordaria squamulosa** Crouan Finist. pag. 22. — Peritheciis sub-pyriformibus, solidiusculis, olivaceis, 2 mill. cr., ostiolo nigro pilis

brevissimis obsito; ascis sub-clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, fuligineis, appendiculis hyalinis angustissimis, curvis auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, Finistère (Gallia).

Phylogenæ.

19. **Sordaria lignicola** Fuck. *Symb. Myc. App. I*, p. 38, Wint. *Sord.* p. 856
27, t. IX, f. 15. — Peritheciis massa gelatinosa sordida circumdati,
sparsis gregariisque, aut in ligno molli immersis, aut et plerumque
liberis, majusculis, nigris, e basi globosa sensim in rostrum cras-
sum, truncatum, perithecium dimidium subæquans attenuatis, 650
 \approx 500; ascis amplis, elongatis, 8sporis, 152 \approx 15 p. sporif.; sporidiis
distichis, immaturis cylindraceis, curvatis, multiguttulatis, conti-
nuis, hyalinis, utrinque appendicula spiniformi, recta, diametrum
sporidii æquante, 48 \approx 4; sporidiis maturis plerumque ab appendi-
culis liberatis, ovatis, basi truncatis, antice attenuatis, simplicibus,
opaco-fuscis, 17 \approx 10.

Hab. in ligno putri Fagi prope Eberbach (Rhenogovia).

20. **Sordaria tomentosa** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra tomentosa* Speg. 857
Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 46. — Peritheciis densiuscule gregariis,
ovato-subpyriformibus, majusculis, 1–1,5 mill. alt., 0,5–0,7 mill.
crass., superficialibus, adpresso pruinuloso-lanuginosis, atro-oliva-
ceis, ostiolo conico, crassiusculo, vertice rotundato-truncato, atro,
glabro ornatis, contextu parenchymatico, membranaceo, olivaceo-
fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis, sursum longiuscule attenuatis, apice
truncato-rotundatis, deorsum breviuscule et crasse stipitatis, 240–
300 \approx 35–40, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis,
v. recte subdistichis, ellipticis, utrinque obtusiuscule rotun-
datis, majusculis, 50–70 \approx 25, intense fuligineis, 1-guttulatis, dua-
bus caudibus mucoso-hyalinis ornatis; superâ subæquilongâ, 5 μ .
crass., contorto-revolutâ, inferâ recte flexuosa, nonnihil longiore.
Hyphæ peritheciorum strigoso-intricatae, breves, anastomosantes,
crebre ramulosæ et parce septatae, fuligineo-olivaceæ, 5 μ . crass.

Hab. in ramulis dejectis emortuis Salicis Humboldtianæ
humo obvolutis in paludosis a la Recoleta, Arg., Amer. austr.

21. **Sordaria caudata** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria caudata* Curr. Linn. 858
Trans. XXII, p. 320, t. 58, f. 50, — Peritheciis parvis, sparsis,
v. paucis aggregatis, conoideis v. subglobosis, ostiolo conico; ascis
crasse cylindraceo-fusoideis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis
biseriatis ovoideis, 20 μ . long., fuligineis, basi subtruncatis canda-
que hyalinâ sesquilongiore guttulatâ, curvulâ auctis.

Hab. in ligno putri molli, Twycross (Britannia). — Perithecia modo subimmersa, modo fere libera.

22. **Sordaria lanuginosa** (Pr.) Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. VI. p. 26, *Sph. lanuginosa* Pr. in Linn. 1853, XXVI, 714, *Arnium lanuginosum* Nits., *Sordaria Curreyi* Auersw., Niessl., Beitr. 42 (teste ipso), *Sph. (Sord.) Brassicæ* Kl. — Peritheciis majusculis, globoso-conoideis, saepe curvulis, vertice subtruncatis, sordide griseo-tomentosis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. cr., 1 mill. alt., superficialibus; ascis cylindraceis, 150–160 \approx 25–26 p. sporif., stipitatis apice obtuse rotundatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovato-ellipsoideis, 40–50 \approx 24, opace fuligineis, utrimque v. basi tantum caudâ hyalinâ deciduâ auctis.

Hab. in caulibus ramisque putridis Brassicæ, Serratulæ, Heilanthe, Saponariæ, Ulmi et Sambuci, Selva et Conegliano, Italia bor., Germania et Britannia. — *Sord. lanuginosa* Crouan Fin. p. 22 non videtur diversa.

23. **Sordaria culmigena** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I. 373. F. it. t. 392. — 860
Peritheciis sparsis superficialibus, globoso-conoideis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., molliter atro-villosis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 180–200 \approx 25, breve stipitatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis initio lasiosphæriaceis hyalinis, dein ovoideis, 36–40 \approx 18, 1-guttatis fuligineis, caudâ longissimâ 90–100 \approx 4–5 hyalinâ, quandoque 1-septata utrimque auctis.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis Donacis putridis, Conegliano (Italia bor.). — A *Sord. lanuginosa* appendiculis sporidiorum plusquam duplo longioribus imprimis differt.

24. **Sordaria leucotricha** Speg. Mich. I, 225, Sacc. Fung. Ital. t. 619. 861
— Peritheciis gregariis, superficialibus, globosis 250–350 micr. d., pilis longissimis, remote septatis, 3–4 micr. cr. oblongo-hyalinis obvolutis; ostiolo vix prominulo late pertuso; contextu tenui-membranaceo, parenchymatico, flavo-fuscidulo; ascis cylindraceis apice obtuse rotundatis, breve stipitatis, 210–220 \approx 20–25, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis subsphaericis v. ellipsoideis, 30–32 \approx 18–28, late fuligineis, crasse subhyalino-1-nucleatis, caudâque conicâ saepe curvulâ, 7–8 \approx 5, auctis.

Hab. in ramulis putridis Sambuci nigræ, Conegliano (Italia boreali).

25. **Sordaria austro-americana** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra austro-americana* Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. III, n. 47. — Peritheciis superficialibus v. immersis laxiuscule gregariis v. hinc inde sparsis, minutulis, 0,3–0,5 mill., atris, glabris, globosis, ostiolo papillato-trun-

Podosphaera
franiae (Hd.) W.

cato donatis, e sporidiis exsilientibus sæpius atro-areolatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum longiusculum attenuatis, 100–110 \approx 16–17 p. sporif., 60–80 \approx 4–6 ped., octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, longioribus, crassiusculis obvallatis; sporidiis recte v. oblique distichis, ellipticis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, opace fuligineis, 28–30 \approx 10–12, deorsum caudâ cylindraceo-clavatâ, 14 \approx 5, hyalinâ, facilime deciduâ auctis.

Hab. in parte interiore humo obducta trunci vetusti ac cæsi Pircuniæ dioicæ prope S. José de Flores, Argent. Amer. austr. — Var. *Agavis americanæ* Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 129. A typo recedit peritheciis nonnihil minoribus, 200–250, magis coriacéis, ascis brevius stipitatis crassioribusque, 140–150 \approx 20, paraphysibus ægre visibilibus; sporidiorum magnitudine 24–30 \approx 12–14, colore atque cauda, 15–20 \approx 2–4, ut in typo. Hæc forma in ligno denudato vigens nonnihil ad *Roselliniam* vergit. — In ejusdem ligno dejecto putrescente prope el Bañado de S. José de Flores, Argent. Amer. austr.

26. **Sordaria Cirsii** Crouan Finist. p. 22. — Peritheciis pyriformi- 863 bus, 2–3 mill. alt., nigricantibus, glabris, hinc vero hyphis mycelicis inspersis; ascis magnis, clavatis, apice mamillatis, deorsum attenuatis, e placenta filamentoso-cellulari oriundis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, monostichis, flavis, dein nigricantibus, polis appendicula hyalina incurva, attenuata auctis.

Hab. in basi putrida Cirsii palustris in paludibus Finistère (Gallia).

II. *Malinvernia*: ascis tetrasporis.

27. **Sordaria anserina** (Rabh.) Wint. Sord. 35, t. XI, fig. 20, Sacc. 864 Fungi Ven. V, p. 178, *Malinvernia anserina* Rabh., *Hypocopra anserina* Ces. in litt. — Peritheciis semiimmersis, majusculis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. crass., globoso-conoideis, hyphis repentibus conidiophoris basi cinctis, verticeque setis rigidulis ex hyphis coalitis fuligineis instructis; contextu parenchymatico fuligineo (in forma *anserina* subcarbonaceo, in forma *ovina* et *equina* submembranaceo); ascis fusoideo-clavatis, p. sporif. 160–180 \approx 30–32, stip. 110–115 \approx 7–9, tetrasporis; sporidiis monostichis ovato-ellipsoideis, obtusiusculis, 40–42 \approx 22, opace fuligineis, caudâ hyalinâ, 35 \approx 5, basi donatis.

Hab. in stercore anserino, ovino, vaccino, equino, cuniculorumque in Germania et Italia boreali.

28. **Sordaria australis** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra australis* Speg. Fung. 865

Arg. Pug. III, p. 16. — Peritheciis totaliter immersis atro-olivaceis majusculis, 0,5–0,8 mill., globosis, papillatis, truncato-ostiolatis et atro-rufescentibus, hyphis olivaceo-fuligineis, crebris, longiusculis, repentibus ubique vestitis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sursum obtusissime rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum crassiusculum attenuatis, 240–280 \approx 30, tetrasporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis oblique distichis, majusculis, 60–70 \approx 25–30, utrimque obtusiuscule rotundatis, crassiuscule tunicatis, læte fuligineis, utrinque hyalino-caudatis, cauda superiore minore contorto-cirrhata, inferiore longiore, 50–70 \approx 5, flexuoso-recta.

Hab. in fino vetusto Myopotami coypi ad trunco vetustos in nemorosis paludosis secus el Rio de la Plata a la Recoleta Amer. boreali.

29. **Sordaria erecta** (Speg.) Sacc. *Hypocopra erecta* Speg. Pug. 2, 866

p. 20. — Peritheciis ellipsoideis v. ovoideis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ – $2\frac{2}{3}$ mill. altis, erectis, superficialibus, glabris, v. pruinosis, griseo-fuligineis, basi hyphis radiantibus cinctis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, longe stipitatis, 200–220 \approx 25–30, tetrasporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis monostichis elliptico-navicularibus, utrinque subrotundatis 38–42 \approx 20, caudâ cylindraceâ, rectâ v. uncinata sporidium æquante utrinque auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino prope S. José de Flores, Argentina (Amer. austr.). — Caudæ sporidiorum cito fluxiles. Asci quandoque 5–6-spori.

30. **Sordaria Sarawacensis** Ces. Mycet. Born. p. 22. — Peritheciis 867 ex hyphasmate subicum sat tenax albescens constitente emersis, minutissimis, atris, ovalibus, in ostiolum acutum carbonaceum excurrentibus, cæterum substantia minute vesiculosâ; ascis clavatis tetrasporis, sporidiis ovalibus utrinque obtusis, polo inferiori crasse caudato, 18 \approx 8–10, incl. cauda 10 μ . longa.

Hab. in fimo bubalino? Ceylon et Sarawak, Bornei.

Dubiæ.

31. **Sordaria grisea** Ces. Mycet. Born. p. 22. — Peritheciis aggregatis, majusculis, ovoideis, cinereo-pulveraceis, serius glabratis sed scabridis, nigris, in ostiolum conicum continuis; ascis mox diffluentibus; sporidiis ovalibus, fuscis, simplicibus, guttula centrali sat conspicua; basi truncatis ergo prima ætate probabiliter caudatis. 868

Hab. ad fimum Ceylon, ad Pedrotallagalla.

Sordaria Ces. x 8 M^rs 1863

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Sphæriaceæ, Phæosporæ, Hypocopra.

HYPOCOPRA Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 240 et vix Fr. S. v. Sc. p. 397.

(Etym. *hypo*, sub, *copros*, fimus). — Perithecia simplicia (stromate deficiente), conferta sparsave matrice subimmersa v. insidentia submembranacea ovato-globosa, atra, glabra v. pilosa, ostiolo papillæformi. Ascii cylindracei 4-8-spori; sporidia ovoidea v. ellipsoidea, fusca, ecaudata, circulo hyalino ut plurimum obvoluta.

Fimicolæ.

A) Octosporæ.

1. **Hypocopra fimicola** (Rob.) Sacc. *Sordaria fimicola* Ces. et de Not. 869 Schem. Sfer. p. 52. Wint. Sord. p. 17, t. VII, fig. 6. *Sphæria fimicola* Rob. in Desm. 17 Not. Ann. Sc. nat. 1849, p. 339. — Peritheciis gregariis, confertisve, semiimmersis minutis, $\frac{1}{5}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., subglobosis cum ostiolo conoideo crasso brevi saepe obliquo confluentibus, membranaceo-coriaceis rugulosis, laevibus, atris; ascis cylindricis, stipitatis, 100-150 \approx 14-16 p. sporif.; apice late rotundatis 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoideis, 17-20 \approx 10-12, olivaceo-fuscis, nitidis, nucleo oleoso, circulo hyalino.

Hab. in fimo leporino, ovino, canino, vaccinoque, in Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Britannia, Fennia, Italia, Amer. austr. — Forma quæ describitur in Mich. I, 226 et in Myc. Fenn. II, p. 50, est var. *macrospora*: sporidiis 30-32 \approx 16-18.

2. **Hypocopra humana** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 241. *Sordaria humana* 870 Wint. Sord. p. 21, t. VIII, fig. 9. — Peritheciis confertis, tectis sub crusta rugulosa, globosis, opaco-nigis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. cr. ostiolo emerso, cylindraceo, vel perparum conico, recto, nitido; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 130-140 \approx 15-18; sporidiis monostichis, subglobosis, vel globoso-ovatis, 20-24 \approx 16-18, atro-fuscis, strato hyalina facile fluxili obvolutis.

Hab. in merda humana in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Fennia, Amer. austr. — Conf. Mich. I, p. 223, ubi fusius describitur nec non st. conidiophorus. Sec. Karst. est habenda ut var. *C. simeti*.

3. **Hypocopra discospora** (Auersw.) Fuck. Symb. App. II. p. 43. *Sordaria discospora* Auersw. in Niessl. Beitr. p. 42, t. VI, fig. 44. Wint. Sord. 19, t. VIII, fig. 8. — Peritheciis sparsis, minutis, globosis, cum ostiolo conico obtuso brevi crasso setis rigidis nigris instructo confluentibus, membranaceo-coriaceis, rugulosis, sublaevibus, atris, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. altis; ascis cylindricis, stipite brevi, apice retusotrunctatis 8sporis, 80-90 \approx 12 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, disciformibus, seu subrotundo-ellipticis, a latere compres-

sis, 12–13 μ . diam. e latere 3–5 μ . diam., fuscis, nitidis, nucleo oleoso. Paraphyses exiguae (?).

Hab. in fimo leporino, cuniculorum, equino, pr. Leipzig, Brünn, Oestrich etc. (Germania) in Tyrolia et Britannia.

4. **Hypocopra platyspora** (Plowr.) Sacc. *Sordaria platyspora* Plow. ⁸⁷²
Br. Fungi in Grevill. VI, p. 28, t. 94, fig. 2. — Peritheiis sparsis fimo semiimmersis, conoideis, mediocribus, setulis rigidis, brevibus, crassis obsitis; ascis cylindraceis, subsessilibus, 130×12 , octosporis; sporidiis monostichis e fronte suborbicularibus, 20×18 e latere valde compressis 2–3 μ . cr., nigricantibus.

Hab. in fimo equino, Forres (Britannia) legit rev. J. KEITH. ⁸⁷³

5. **Hypocopra superba** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria superba* De Not.
Recl. Pir. in Comm. Critt. II, p. 479. — Peritheiis sparsis superficialibus, sphæroideis, atris, nudis, vertice nonnihil tenuato obtuse umbonatis ostiolo exiguo hiantibus; cellulis stratosis, in sicco collabascentibus; ascis teretibus, leptodermis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, majusculis, fuligineo-fuscis, opacis, involucro diaphano crasso utrinque truncato obductis.

Hab. in exrementis Arctomydis Marmotæ, Val Grisanche, Italia boreali.

6. **Hypocopra vagans** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria vagans* De Not. Recl. ⁸⁷⁴
Piren. in Comm. Critt. II, p. 479. — Sparsa, superficialis; peritheciis ovoideis vertice crasse mammoso-attenuatis, atris, tenuiter villosulis, cellulis stratosis contextis, in sicco fragilibus; ascis e basi tenuata teretibus, octosporis, juventute apice subcapitellatis, apaphysatis, sporidiis sphæroideis v. sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, badiofuscis parce translucidis.

Hab. in exrementis Leporis variabilis, Riva, Valsesia (Ital. bor.). — Affinis sed satis diversa ab *H. macrospora*.

7. **Hypocopra microspora** (Plowr.) Sacc. *Sordaria microspora* Plowr. ⁸⁷⁵
Brit. Fungi Grev. VI, p. 28, t. 94, fig. 3. — Peritheiis sparsis, majusculis obtuse conicis, parte superiori liberis setulisque rigidis brevibus 40 μ . long. obtusis, basi filis mycelicis paucis cinctis; ascis cylindricis $45-50 \times 6-8$, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, subglobosis, minutis e latere compressis, 7×5 , e latere 2 μ . cr., circulo hyalino obductis, fuligineis,

Hab. in fimo equino, Forres (Britannia) legit J. KEITH.

8. **Hypocopra macrospora** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Sordaria macrospora* Auersw. in Rabenh. fung. eur. n. 954, Niessl Beitr. p. 30, t. VI, ⁸⁷⁶
fig. 43. *Hypocopra stercoris* Fuck. — Peritheiis sparsis vel gre-

gariis subglobosis cum ostiolo conoideo confluentibus, coriaceis, lœvibus, fusco-atris, rugulosis $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$, mill. altis; ascis cylindricis, stipitatis, apice obtuse rotundatis vel retusis 190-200 \approx 22-24 p. sporif.; sporidiis magnis, ovoideis, 26-30 \approx 15-17, nitidis, olivaceofuscis, nucleo oleoso. Paraphyses exiguæ (?).

Hab. in fimo leporino, murino, ovino, vaccinoque pr. Leipzig, Brünn, Zwittau, Schwarzkirchen, Gratz, Giessen etc. (Germany), nec non in Fennia et in Italia boreali.

9. **Hypocopra gigaspora** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sordaria gigaspora* Fuck. 877
Symb. mycol. App. III, p. 26. — Peritheciis absque stromate in fimo immersis, demum vertice liberis, sparsis vel laxe gregariis, e maximis, perfecte globosis, lœvibus, glabris, atris, ostiolo abrupte imposito, cylindraceo, plus minusve brevi, subtruncato; ascis saccatis, maximis, 8sporis, distichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusissimis, continuis, lœvibus, maturis fusco-violaceis, 70 \approx 34.

Hab. in fimo vaccino in passu Bernina (Helvetia).

10. **Hypocopra capturæ** (Speg.) Sacc. *Sordaria capturæ* Speg. F. 878
Argent. Pug. II, p. 21. — Peritheciis majusculis $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. globosis, levibus, matrici immersis vel plus minusve protuberantibus, ceraeo-subolivaceis, ostiolo papillato, exerto, atro donatis, contextu tenui membranaceo-parenchymatico, olivaceo; ascis cylindraceis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, crassiuscule tunicatis, deorsum in pedicellum crassiusculum ac abbreviatum desinentibus, p. sporif. 200-210 \approx 25-28, ped. 50-60 \approx 10-15, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, quandoque ramulosis obvallatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipticis utrinque obtuse rotundatis 32-36 \approx 18-20, opace fuligineis, exappendiculatis, strato hyalino, persistente, mucoso, crassiusculo obvolutis.

Hab. in fimo Caviæ leucopygæ vetusto in pratis circa San José de Flores, Argent. Amer. austr.

11. **Hypocopra aviaria** Karst. Fungi Spetsberg p. 97, n. 28. — Pe- 879
ritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, demum sœpe subsuperficialibus, sphæroideis, ostiolo papillato, atris, glabris, latit. $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mill.; ascis cylindraceis, jodo non cœrulescentibus, 82-110 \approx 12; sporidiis octonis monostichis, ellipsoideis vel sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, simplicibus, fuscis, 14-18 \approx 9-10.

Hab. in stercore anserino, locis humidis, in Beeren Eiland. (Spitzberg). — Ab *H. stercoraria* (Sow.) præcipue forma et magnitudine sporidiorum minore diversa. Crusta fere nulla.

12. **Hypocopra argentina** (Speg.) Sacc. *Sordaria argentina* Speg. 880

F. Argent. Pug. 2, n. 64. — Peritheciis minutis 150-180, matri-
ci semiimmersis, levibus, contextu membranaceo, sinuoso-parenchy-
matico, olivaceo, circa ostiolum coriaceo-subcarbonaceo-atro; ascis
cylindraceis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, crasse tunicatis, deorsum
in pedicellum crassum, abbreviatumque attenuatis 120-130 \approx 16-17,
octosporis, a paraphysatis; sporidis oblique monostichis, ellipticis,
utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, 15-16 \approx 10, primo hyalinis dein
fulvo-flavidis strato mucoso hyalino fluxili obvolutis, postremo fu-
ligineis, liberis.

Hab. in fimo Caviæ leucopygæ prope S. José de Flores,
Argent. Amer. austr.

13. **Hypocopra bombardioides** (Auersw. et Wint.) Sacc. *Sordaria* 881
bombardioides Wint. *Sord.* p. 22, t. VIII, fig. 11. — Peritheciis
superficialibus sparsis, plerumque gregariis, basi subfasciculatis,
ovoideis, subumbilicatis, sub apice, subconstrictis, obtusissime pa-
pillatis, fusco-nigris, glabris, rugulosis, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis; ascis te-
retibus, longe stipitatis, 8-sporis, 170 \approx 15 p. sporif.; lumine apice
foveolato; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoideis, circulo hyalino
obvolutis, opaco-atris, 22 \approx 12; paraphysibus asco longioribus, fi-
liformibus, septatis.

Hab. in fimo leporino Arnstadt, Brünn, Ederan (Germania).
— Forma peritheciorum prædistincta species.

14. **Hypocopra insignis** (Hans.) Sacc. *Sordaria insignis* E. C. Hans. 882
Champ. ster. Dan. p. 21, t. VII, f. 13-16. — Peritheciis grega-
riis subimmersis breve pyriformibus, v. oblongis 1 mill. altis; ostio-
lo papillato, nigro, pilis nigris articulatis, obsito; ascis stipitatis
fusoideis, apice truncatis, octosporis, 240 \approx 68, p. sporif.; sporidiis
distichis ovoideis, atro-brunneis 50-54 \approx 24-31; paraphysibus sep-
tatis ascos superantibus.

Hab. in fimo equino, Holte in Selandia (Dania).

15. **Hypocopra barbata** (Hans.) Sacc. *Sordaria barbata* E. C. Hans. 883
Champ. sterc. Dan. 21, t. IX, f. 19-22. — Peritheciis pyriformi-
bus, subnigris, $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{1}{4}$ mill. altis, pilis copiosis quandoque fascicu-
latis vestitis, sparsis, subimmersis; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, longe sti-
pitatis, 160-200 \approx 44-60 p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis,
hinc acutiusculis, olivaceo-fuligineis, 45-54 \approx 23-31, paraphysibus
septatis ascos subæquantibus.

Hab. in fimo ovino, Rudersdal in Selandia Daniæ. — Peri-
thecia subinde distoma.

16. **Hypocopra scatigena** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria scatigena* B. et 884

Br. Not. Brit. Fungi n. 972, t. 17, fig. 25. — Peritheciis liberis, ovoideis, subtiliter hispidis, pilis brevibus, rigidis; ostiolo papillato truncato; ascis teretibus, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, monostichis, initio circulo hyalino obvolutis, 20 μ . longis e fronte subglobosis, fuligineis.

Hab. in stercore equino King's Cliffe (Britannia).

17. **Hypocopra minima** (S. et Sp.) Sacc. *Sordaria minima* S. et Sp. 885

Mich. I, 373, F. ital. t. 617. — Peritheciis subsuperficialibus e globoso conoideis, 100–150 micr. diam., levibus, glabris, nigris, ostiolo obtuse papillato; peritheciis contextu tenui, minute areolato, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, apice rotundato-truncatis, 50–58 = 5–6, paraphysibus nullis visis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis ovoideis v. subellipsoideis, 8 = 4, fuligineis (egutulatis visis).

Hab. in fimo vaccino in sylva Cansiglio (Ital. bor.) socia *Sporormia fimetaria*, — Minutie peritheciorum sporidiorumque a ceteris speciebus mox dignoscitur.

18. **Hypocopra stercoraria** (Sow.) Sacc. nec Fuck. *Sph. stercoraria* 886

Sow. t. 357, Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 57, fig. 38, Fr. S. M. II, 455. — Nigra, nitida, peritheciis globosis rigidis lœvibus, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis crasse cylindraceis, breviuscule stipitatis; octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideo-limoniiformibus, 30 μ . long.

Hab. in stercore humano et equino in Suecia, Britannia. — Perithecia crassa, firma, non collabentia. — Var. *macrospora* Dur. et M., Fl. Alg. p. 499. Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 805. Denudata, sparsa vel aggregata, passim confluens; peritheciis globosis magnis firmis nigris, ostiolo crassiusculo papillæformi pertuso impresso instructis; ascis amplis cylindricis sporidia 8 maxima elliptica opaca continua foventibus. — In stercore vaccino, La Calle (DURIEU).

19. **Hypocopra leucoplaca** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Sphaeria leucoplaca* B. 887

et Rav. North Am. Fungi n. 913. — Minuta, strato albo floccoso insidiens; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, fuscis, uniseriatis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino in Carolina inf. (Amer. bor.).

B) Tetrasporæ (*Hypocoprina*).

20. **Hypocopra Serignanensis** H. Fab. Spher. Vaucl. p. 77. — Peritheciis superficialibus, sparsis, atris, cylindraceo-conoideis, rugosiusculis, vertice subdepressis poroque minimo perforatis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. cr., 1 mill. alt.; ascis cylindraceis, 4-sporis, longissime stipitatis,

250–300 μ . long. (pars sporifera long. 110–122 μ .); paraphysibus filiformibus, numerosissimis, obvallatis; sporidiis simplicibus, monostichis, ovalibus, annulo hyalino circumdatis, initio magniguttatis, dein opaco-atris, 25–34 \approx 15–20.

Hab. ad stercora exsiccatæ Cuniculorum, in silvis Serignansibus, Sérignan (Gallia).

21. **Hypocopra maxima** (Niessl) Sacc. *Sordaria maxima* Niessl, Beitr. 889 p. 38, t. VI, fig. 42. — Peritheciis gregariis, cæspitosis, forma et structura *H. bombardoidis* sed parum minoribus, $1/2$ –1 mill. alt., fuscō-atris rugulosis; ascis clavato-cylindricis longissime stipitatis, 140–160 \approx 20–25 p. sporif.; apice obtuse rotundatis, 4sporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, majusculis, 34–42 \approx 18–24; nitidis, fuscō-atris, nucleo oleoso, circulo hyalino; paraphysibus ascis vix superantibus angustis.

Hab. in fimo leporino pr. Brünn (Moravia), Forres (Britannia). — Sec. cl. Wint. Sord. p. 23, huc verisimiliter spectat *Sph. stercoris* DC., Fr. Elench. II. 104.

22. **Hypocopra Rabenhorstii** (Niessl) Sacc. *Sordaria Rabenhorstii* 890 Niessl in Rabh. F. E. 1528, Wint. Sord. p. 16, t. VII, f. 5. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, primo immersis dein subsuperficialibus, ovoides, fuscis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis, pilis ramosis basi cinctis; ostiolo crasso elongato-conico, glabro, curvulo; ascis elongato-teretibus, longissime stipitatis, apice rotundatis, 70–80 \approx 10 p. sporif.; 4–5-sporis; sporidiis monostichis ovoides, fuscis, 14 \approx 8, circulo hyalino obvolutis; paraphysibus ascum æquantibus, filiformibus, septatis.

Hab. in fimo Caprearum et Leporum prope Brünn, Moravia.

Non vere fimicolæ.

23. **Hypocopra papyricola** (Wint.) Sacc. *Sordaria papyricola* Wint. 891 Sord., p. 18, t. VIII, fig. 7. — Peritheciis sparsis, superficialibus, ovato-conicis, rugulosis, fuscis, basi pilis tenuissimis, arachnoideis repentibus cinctis, apice in collum crassum, breve conicum obtusatum attenuatis, $3/4$ mill. altis; ascis teretibus, longissime stipitatis, apice attenuatis obtusis, 150–180 \approx 24–26 p. sporif.; paraphysatis; sporidiis subdistichis, ovoides fusco-nigris, 29–38 \approx 17–22.

Hab. in charta bibula putri in calidariis Lipsiæ. — **H. Rehmii* Sacc. (Rehm Asc. n. 300); sporidiis 18 \approx 9, circulo hyalino crasso obvolutis; ascis 125 \approx 10; peritheciis hyphis dichotomis fuscis cinctis. — In charta uda cum graminibus, Berolini.

24. **Hypocopra fermenti** Fuck. Symb. myc. 241. Wint. Sord. 21, 892
tab. VIII, fig. 10. — Peritheciis subsuperficialibus, globosis, media
magnitudine, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., dense villosis, villo sordido (glabris
sec. Wint.), ostiolis papillatis, obtusis, perforatis, atris; ascis cy-
lindraceis, stiptatis, 8sporis, 140 ± 20 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis,
ovatis, fuscis, maturis opacis, $20-24 \pm 15-18$, hyalino-obvolutis.
Hab. in fermento vini aeri diu exposito in Rhenogovia.
- Sordaria* 25. **Hypocopra phyllogena** Sacc. Mich. I, 373. F. ital. t. 391 (ut var. 893
H. fermenti). — Peritheciis in pagina inferiore foliorum putri-
dorum gregariis, superficialibus, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., globoso-conoideis,
regularibus, levibus, glabrisque; contextu distincte parenchymati-
co fuligineo; ascis cylindricis, $115-130 \pm 18$, apice lumine 2-foveo-
lato rotundatis, breve stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis globoso-ellipsoi-
deis, $20-22 \pm 17$, initio olivaceis, strato angusto mucoso obductis,
dein atrofuligineis, crasse 1-guttatis.
Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum putrium Populi albæ, Vittorio
(Ital. bor.). — Ab *H. fermenti* præcipue differt peritheciis regu-
laribus, levibus, habitatione etc.
26. **Hypocopra? lasioderma** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sphaeria lasioder- 894*
ma Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg., I, p. 494, t. 27, f. 5. Mont. Syll. Crypt.
n. 798. — Sparsa, subrumpens, villosa; peritheciis magnis ovoideis
fuscō-atris, cum ostiolo late aperto confluentibus, villo griseo fle-
xuoso mucido undique tectis; ascis maximis, clavato-cylindricis deor-
sum subpedicellatis, inter paraphyses ramosas nidulantibus, spori-
dia 4-6 ovoideo-oblonga fusca maxima includentibus.
Hab. in caule Ferulæ dejecto, Alger (DURIEU).
27. **Hypocopra capillifera** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria capillifera* Curr. 895
Linn. Tran. XXII, p. 317, t. 57, fig. 26. — Peritheciis globosis,
setulis rigidis brevissimis parce vestitis, subiculo pallido insidenti-
bus, ostiolis mamillatis; ascis cylindraceis octosporis; sporidiis mo-
nostichis, late ellipsoideis, 1-2-nucleatis, fusco-fuligineis, $7,5-10$
 μ . longis.
Hab. in Corticio et ligno subjecto in Britannia.
28. **Hypocopra vesticola** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria vesticola* B. et 896
Br. Brit. Fungi n. 874. Cooke Handb. n. 2602. — Peritheciis gre-
gariis ovoideis, obliquis, sursum attenuatis, olivaceo-nigricantibus,
deorsum flocculis v. furfure rugulosis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis
limoniiformibus, uniseriatis 17μ longis, nigricantibus.
Hab. in tela vetusta putri, Batheaston (Britannia).
29. **Hypocopra Rotula** (Cooke). Sacc. *Sphaeria rotula* Cooke Haudb. 897

n. 2598. — *Gregaria v. sparsa*; peritheciis globosis, atrobrunneis, villosulis v. glabris, opacis; ostiolo cylindraceo, crasso, radiatim sulcato, nigro; ascis sporidiis crasse ovoideis, subacuminatis, atro-fuligineis, opacis.

Hab. in humo, near Shere, Surrey (Britannia). — Perithecia minuta; sporidia triplo crassiora quam in *Rosellinia papaverea*, cui nonnullis notis accedit.

Dubiæ.

30. **Hypocopra bolbitoni** Quel. Jura 513 (Gibbera), t. IV, fig. 21. — 898
Peritheciis sphæricis subtiliter tomentosis, fuligineis, ostiolo minuto pertuso; ascis tereti-clavatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, octonis, 2-guttulatis, 20 μ . longis.

Hab. innato-cæspitosa in fimo vaccino in regione Juro-vo-gesiaca.

31. **Hypocopra punctiformis** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria punctiformis* Ces. 899
Mycet. Born. p. 23. — Peritheciis minutissimis in subiculo crустaceo albicante, ovatis, glabris, ostiolo vix conspicuo; contexu grosse vesiculoso; ascis ; sporidiis late ellipsoideis, fuscis, simplicibus, guttula centrali, 8 \approx 7, ecaudatis (an primitus?).

Hab. ad terram stercore animalium inquinatam, Ceylon, ad Pedrotallagalla, m. majo 1865. — Primo obtutu pro *Sordaria discospora*, Awd. (ap. Niessl. bot. Beitr. p. 42, seu *Hypocopra discospora* Fuck. Symb. myc. Zweit. Nachtr., pag. 43), habueram. Conditio speciminum ceylanicorum rem rite eruere non concessit. Calvities peritheciorum in nostro fungillo ex senescenti ejus æta-te peti posset. Forma sporidiorum in utroque congruit; dissentunt dimensiones. Ces. l. c.

32. **Hypocopra hippica** Sacc. *Hypoxyton equinum* B. et Rav. North 900
Am. Fungi n. 847. — Peritheciis e mycelio albo oriundis, ostio-lis nigris papillæformibus; sporidiis breviter cymbiformibus, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in fimo equino in Carol. inferiore (RAVENEL).

33. **Hypocopra equina** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria equina* Fries, in litt. et 901
in Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 797. — Villosa; peritheciis globosis, mi-nimis, villo tenerrimo erecto tectis; ostiolis nigris; sporidiis maxi-mis atris (Ascoboli) oblongis, in ascis hyalinis seriatim dispositis.

Hab. in fimo equino prope Sedanum in Ardennis (MONTAGNE).

34. **Hypocopra macrotheca** (Cr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria macrotheca* Crouan 902
Finist. p. 24. — Peritheciis sphæroideis, 1-2 mill. diam., brunneo-

virentibus, reticulatis, ostiolo apice paullulum incrassato; ascis oblongis, crassis (placenta hexagono-cellulari oriundis), octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, majusculis, initio flavis, dein brunneis, circulo hyalino obvolutis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino vetusto, cum *Splachno ampullaceo*, Finistère (Gallia).

Hypocopra Fr. 1849-

COPROLEPA Fuck. Symb. p. 240 (Etym. *copros*, fimus et *lepos* cortex). — Perithecia crusta stromatica effusa, crassa, extus tomentosa immersa, ostiolo papillæformi, atro, cum peritheciis superiori parte prominulo, majuscula, globosa, intus atra. Conidia in tomenti hyphis, minuta, globosa, fusca. Ascii cylindracei, stipitati, 8spori. Sporidia oblique monosticha, ovoidea, continua, opaca, circulo hyalino circumdata. Paraphyses lineares, multiguttulatæ.

1. **Coprolepa fimeti** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sphaeria fimeti* Pers. Syn. 64. *Hypocopra fimeti* Pers. Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 397, nec Fuck. *Sordaria fimeti* Wint. Sord. 14, t. VII, f. 3. — Peritheciis confertis, immersis, dein emergentibus, sub crusta cinerea vel nigra, tenui, ovoido-sphæroideis, glabris in rostrum breve, late conoideum, subobliquum attenuatis; ascis cylindraceis, brevissime pedicellatis, 8sporis, $147 \pm 17 \mu$, sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis vel sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, fuscis, opacis, $18-20 \pm 10-12$ strato hyalino obvolutis.

Hab. supra finum vaccinum et equinum, in Suecia, Fennia, Germania, Tyrolia, Belgio, Gallia, Britannia et Amer. bor. — Var. canina Karst. Sporidiis sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, fuscis, opacis, $18-26 \pm 14-16$. — In fimo canino æstate et autumno passim in Fennia.

2. **Coprolepa merdaria** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. p. 240. *Sordaria merdaria* Fr. Awd., Wint. Sord. p. 13, t. VII, fig. 1. *Sphaeria merdaria* Fr. Elench. II. 100. — Peritheciis stromate crustaceo nigro totaliter vel semiimmersis, majusculis, globosis, $700-800 \mu$ diam., pauci-aggregatis, extus albido-griseis, subtomentosis, nucleo atro-fuligineo mucoso; ostiolo conico brevi matricis superficiem attinente et circum circa zona atra stromatica cincto; ascis cylindraceis, apice obtusiuscule rotundatis, $200-220 \pm 20-25$, subsessilibus sinuosis, paraphysibus filiformibus remote septulatis, duplo longioribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, $26-36 \pm 15$, primo hyalinis, dein sordide flavis, tandem fuligineis strato hyalino mucoso persistente obvolutis.

Hab. in fimo ovino, cuniculorum, asinino etc. in Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia.

3. **Coprolepa equorum** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 240. *Sordaria equorum* 905 Wint. Sord. p. 13, t. 7, fig. 2. — Peritheciis immersis, majusculis, in stromate crustaceo-suberoso, intus sordido, extus nigro, fuscovilloso nidulantibus, globosis, circa ostiolum emersis, applanatis, glabris, atris, medio papillatis; villo conidiophoro, conidiis minutis, globosis, fuscis, uniguttulatis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, $200 \approx 16$; sporidiis suboblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis (ecaudatis), subinæquilateralibus, utrinque rotundatis, atris, simplicibus, circulo hyalino, lato circumdatis, 20-24 ≈ 10 . Paraphyses adsunt.

Hab. in fimo equino et capreolino in Germania et Britannia. — Villum conidicum longe lateque repit in fimo et e longinquo dignoscitur.

PHILOCOPRA Speg. in Fungi Arg. Pug. I. in tab. (Etym. *philos* amicus, *copros* sterlus). — Perithecia fimo subimmersa, globulosoco-nica, glabra v. hirta, membranacea, nigricantia. Asci amplissimi, polyspori. Sporidia polysticha, ovoidea, fusca, ut plurimum hyalino-appendiculata. — Est *Sordaria*, sed ascis polysporis.

1. **Philocopra plejospora** (Wint.) Sacc. *S. plejospora* Winter, Hedwigia 1871, p. 161. Wint. Sord. p. 29, t. 10, fig. 17. — Peritheciis sparsis, in fimo putrido plerumque totis immersis, usque ad 1 mill. crass., ovato-globosis, primo diaphanis, demum opaco-nigris, junioribus villosis, demum pilis sparsis, fuscis, longiusculis obsitis, ostiolo prominulo, obscuriori, brevi, cylindraceo, obtuso-truncato; ascis lanceolato-clavatis, utrinque acuminatis, subsessilibus, 40-60-sporis, $208-300 \approx 70-120$, p. sporif.; sporidiis farctis, juvenilibus basi appendiculo cylindraceo, curvato, sporidio duplo longiori, maturis elliptico-ovatis, continuis, atro-opacis, $34 \approx 16$ apice appendicula curvata, hyalina, sporidium æquante, basi appendicula primo oblongo-rotundata, demum lacerata, hyalina, mox decidua, sporidium duplum æquante.

Hab. in fimo equino vetusto Lipsiae, Ems, Kirchdorf (Germany), Colfosco et Selva (Ital. bor.). — «Appendicula superior 15 \approx 5, inferior 45 \approx 7-8».

2. **Philocopra setosa** (Wint.) Sacc. *Sordaria setosa* Wint. Sord. p. 907 33, t. 10, fig. 18. — Peritheciis sparsis v. gregariis, subglobosis, basi pilis pallidis cinctis, nigris, in ostiolum breve conicum saepe

curvatum nigro-setosum attenuatis, 465 \approx 378 (cum collo); ascis cylindraceis apice attenuatis, breve pedicellatis, 238 \approx 45, paraphysatis, 128-sporis; sporidiis ovoideis, olivaceo-fuscis, 17-19 \approx 10-12, apice appendice hyalina recta sporidio breviori, infra cauda sporidium subæquante hyalina auctis.

Hab. in fimo anserino Leipzig, Eisleben, Germania.

**Ph. tarvisina* (S. setosa Mich. I. 228). — Peritheciis immersis e globoso pyriformibus, majusculis in ostiolum crassum, breve et circum circa undique penicillato-setulosum productis; ascis fusideo-subnavicularibus, in stipitem brevem attenuatis, apiceque acutatis, 300 \approx 70-75, aparaphysatis (?), 100-128-sporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, 25 \approx 15, opace fuligineis, caudis duabus deciduis hyalinis ornatis, inferiore longissima, 55 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, superiore parvula, 15 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, curvulaque. — In fimo vaccino et equino, Conegliano, Colfosco et cunicolorum, Selva (Ital. bor.).

3. **Philocopra curvicolla** (Wint.) Sacc. *Sordaria curvicolla* Wint. 908
Sord. p. 34, tab. 10, fig. 19. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis ova-
tis, fuscis, pilis sparsis, hyalinis obsitis, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. altis; collo
crasso curvo apice setoso, erumpente; ascis ovato-saccatis, 250-
300 \approx 100, vertice obtusatis, basi breve crasseque attenuato-stipi-
tatis, aparaphysatis, 100-140-sporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, 14-18 \approx
9-12, atro-cyaneis, dein opace fuligineis, cauda minusculâ, 10-
15 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3 $\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinâ auctis.

Hab. in fimo murino, Oederan (Saxonia), cunicolorum,
Selva (Italia boreali).

4. **Philocopra platensis** Speg. *Fungi Arg.* IV, n. 130. — Peritheciis 909
immersis v. semiimmersis, subglobosis, 350-400, olivaceo-atris, gla-
berrimis, membranaceis, contextu angulose parenchymatico, fusco-
olivaceo, ostiolo papillato subcarbonaceo, parvulo, lateraliter ac sub-
oblique 1-3 fasciculis setiformibus ornato; fasciculis erectis sub-
cylindraceis, sursum attenuato-acutatis, 150-250 \approx 20-40, ex hy-
phis rectis exilibus, 2-2,5 μ . diam., simplicibus, conglutinatis, oli-
vaceo-fuligineis compositis; ascis paucis, saepius 5-9, ellipticis, sur-
sum varie rotundatis, deorsum breve crasseque pedicellatis 180-
220 \approx 90-110, aparaphysatis, 60-84-sporis; sporidiis dense conglo-
batis, ellipticis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 20-22 \approx 15-17, fuliginis, deor-
sum cauda parvula 10-12 \approx 3-4, cylindraceo-clavulata, hyalina
ornatis.

Hab. in fimo vetusto Caviæ leucopygæ in paludibus secus
el Rio de la Plata, Barracas de Sur, Argent. Am. austr.

5. **Philocopra similis** (Hans.) Sacc. *Sordaria similis* E. C. Hans. 910
 Champ. sterc. Dan. p. 23, t. VIII, f. 1-3. — Peritheciis pyriformibus, sparsis, subimmersis, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. alt.; ostiolo cylindraceo nigro pilis septatis patulis vestito; ascis longe stipitatis, fusoideis, apice rotundatis, 16-sporis; paraphysibus articulatis ascos subæquantibus obvallatis, 108-200 \approx 40-60 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblongo-ovoideis, olivaceo-fuligineis, 27-34 \approx 17-18, caudâ brevi hyalinâ basi auctis.

Hab. in fimo ovino vetusto, Rudersdal, in Selandia (Dania).

6. **Philocopra canina** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria canina* Peck. Rep. on 911
 the state Mus. — Peritheciis minutis, sparsis, gregariisve subglobosis, fusco-rubiginosis, dein nigricantibus; ascis crassis, oblongis v. fusoideis; sporidiis numerosis, ellipsoideis, dilute coloratis, 6,5-8 μ . longis.

Hab. in fimo canino, Bethlehem, Amer. bor.

7. **Philocopra myriospora** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sordaria myriaspore* Cr. 912
 Finist. p. 22. — Peritheciis immersis sphæroideis, reticulatis, albidis, 1 mill. diam., ostiolo recto, obtuso, brevi, nigro; ascis crassis, subclavatis, polysporis; sporidiis 80-100, ovoideis, brunneis, utrinque appendicula obtusa v. acuta auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, Finistère (Gallia). — Perithecia penitus fere fimo immersa; ostiola tantum emergentia.

8. **Philocopra multifera** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Sphæria multifera* B. et 913
 Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 914. — Minuta nigra subglobosa; ascis brevibus polysporis farctis; sporidiis subglobosis, 6-7 μ . long.

Hab. in fimo vaccino in Pennsylvania (Amer. bor.).

9. **Philocopra dubia** (Hans.) Sacc. E. C. Hans. Champ. sterc. Dan. p. 914
 23, t. VIII, fig. 48. — Peritheciis oblongo-pyriformibus, viridi-nigricantibus, verruculosis, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. alt. sparsis, liberis; ostiolo cylindraceo; hyphis mycelii repentibus; ascis stipitatis fusoideis, 204-280 \approx 36-52 p. sporif.; 16-sporis; sporidiis ovoideis, olivaceo-nigricantibus, 27-34 \approx 15-19, utrinque appendicibus, sporidio ut plurimum multo longioribus hyalinis auctis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino et ovino, Ribe (Dania). — Appendices sporidiorum striatulæ, superior crassior.

10. **Philocopra zygospora** (Speg.) Sacc. *Sordaria zygospora* Speg. 915
 Mich. I, 227, F. it. t. 618. — Peritheciis gregariis superficialibus, v. basi fimo insculptis, ovato-pyriformibus, 400-450 alt., 200-220 cr., in collum breve truncatum desinentibus, undique hyphis fuligineis, 3 micr. cr. non septatis strigose vestitis; contextu paren-

chymatico atro-fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis, 300 ± 40 , deorsum longiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, vertice obtuse rotundatis, crassiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, vertice obtuse rotundatis, crassiuscule tunicatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, duodecim-sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovato-ellipsoideis, basi truncatulis, $40 \pm 20-25$, opace fuligineis, interdum 1-2-guttatis, filamento longissimo, $70-100 \pm 5-6$, hyalino, vermiculari, subtortuoso, per paria longitudinaliter connexis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino vetusto udo, Conegliano (Ital. bor.), rassisime. — Forma prædistincta atque singularis, a ceteris deflectens. Filamentum quandoque utrinque fuscidulum.

ROSELLINIA De Not. Cenno Pir. in Giorn. Bot. ital. II. 334 (1847)

(Etym. a Doct. *F. P. Rosellini*, pisano, Botanices cultori). — Perithecia subsuperficialia, globulosa, papillata, subcarbonacea, nigra, glabra v. hirta, v. byssiseda. Ascii cylindraceo-clavati, paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia globoso-ovoidea v. cymbiformia, fusca, mutica v. appendiculata. — Fungi saprogeni, sed non (nisi rarissime) fimicolæ.

I. Eu-Rosellinia: peritheciis majoribus, non setosis, typice byssō insertis.

Rosellinia byssiseda (Tode) Scop.:

1. **Rosellinia aquila** (Fr.) De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 21, t. 18, Sacc. Fungi 916 ital. t. 586, *Sphaeria aquila* Fr. S. M. II, 442. — Peritheciis gregariis v. dense confertis, globosis firmis 1 mill. diam., quandoque obscure concentrica sulcatis, vertice saepe depresso, papillatis, fusco-atris, e subiculo tomentoso fusco persistente emergentibus; ascis teretibus, longiuscule stipitatis, p. sporif. 120 ± 10 , octosporis; sporidiis submonostichis ovato-cymbiformibus, inaequilateralibus, $16-22 \pm 6-7$, fuligineis, muticis v. appendicula minima hyalina auctis. — Stat. conidioph. sistit *Sporotrichum fuscum*.

Hab. in corticibus, lignisque in tota Europa, Amer. austr. et bor., Asia austr. — Subiculum late effusum, adnatum, e tomento delicato laxe contextum; perithecia magna, subiculo primo tecta subvillosa, mox semiemersa, glabra, bicorticata, papilla acutiuscula nigra. Obturaculum jodi ope cœrulescit. — Var. *glabra* (*Hypoxyylon globulariforme* Fuck.). Peritheciis, byssō fere parentibus, nitidulis; ascis cylindraceis, p. sporif. 100 ± 9 ; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, $15-17 \pm 8-9$, 1-2-guttatis, fuligineis. — Var. *byssiseda* Tode. Peritheciis sparsis depresso-globosis firmis papillatis cine-

reis, subiculo interrupto fibroso griseofusco insidentibus; fructificatione eadem. Nascitur utraque varietas hinc inde cum specie.

2. **Rosellinia Corticum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Corticum* Schw. Carol. 917
infer. n. 173, *Sord. aquila* β. Fr. S. M. — Subiculo orbiculari rufescente; peritheciis sub-solitariis, ostiolo impresso; ascis..... sporidiis cymbiformibus, 33 μ. long. (sec. Berk.).

Hab. in ramis *Quercus* et *Castaneæ* in Carolina superiore et New York (SCHWEIN., LÉV.).

3. **Rosellinia thelena** (Fr.) Rab. Fung. europ. ed. II, 747, Sacc. Fung. 918
ital. t. 587. — Peritheciis discretis gregariis vel dense confertis, subiculo superficiali, laxe adhærenti, dense contexto, subglabrato, tenui, demum evanescenti, fusco-purpurascenti insidentibus, sphæroideis, lævibus, fragilibus, glabris, fusco-atris, latit. circiter 1 mill. «ostio sensim et acutissimo conoideo»; ascis e basi tenuata teretiusculis, apice plerumque nonnihil incrassatis jodoque intense cœrulecentibus, 100-160 ± 9 p. sporif., sporidiis octonis, monostichis, oblique oblongatis, utrinque obtuse attenuatis, hyalino-appendiculatis, rectis, guttulis 1-2 præditis, fuscis, 18-24 ± 6,5-7,5; paraphysibus coalescentibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis et decorticatis arborum variarum in tota Europa, sed parce, — Sporidiorum appendiculæ teretes, curvulæ, 8-10 ± 2-3, hyalinæ. *R. andurnensis* Ces. ab hac vix differt.

E contra *R. thelena* Ces. videtur *R. aquilæ* propior.

4. **Rosellinia andurnensis** Ces. et De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 19, t. XVII. 919
— Peritheciis gregariis superficialibus, subiculo filamentoso fusco insidentibus, globosis, acute breve papillatis, fragilibus; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, copiose paraphysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-navicularibus, ut plurimum utrinque acutissimis, fuligineis (rarius obtusiusculis et hyalino appendiculatis), 30-35 μ. long.

Hab. in truncis variis muscosis in Pedemonte (Italia boreali).

— Sporidiis plerumque utroque polo acutissimis longioribusque, peritheciis vertice minus acutis etc. a *Ros. thelena* satis differre videtur.

5. **Rosellinia Buxi** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 78, t. I, fig. 6. — Peritheciis dense confertis, subiculo byssoides, atro, rigidiusculo, hirtello nidulantibus, conico-globosis, vertice tenue papillulatis, carbonaceis, fragilibus, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, 8-sporis, breve stipitatis, 190 ± 10; sporidiis imbricato-submonostichis, oblongo-fusiformibus, plerumque leniter inæquilateralibus, initio pellicidis, pluriguttatis, dein opacis, atris, 22-36 ± 6-7.

Hab. ad basim putrescentem Buxi semper virentis, Vaucluse (Gallia). — A *R. thelena* sporidiis muticis etc. differt.

6. **Rosellinia Morthieri** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 148. — Peritheciis subsparsis, *Rosellinice aquilæ* forma magnitudineque sed vertice magis applanatis, minute conico-papillatis, fusco-pulveraceis, demum vertice glabris, nitido-fuscis, in massa grumosa, subtomentosa, candida, persistenti, erumpenti, orbiculari oblongave, determinata, conidiophora semiimmersis; conidiis ovato-globosis, minutis, circ. 4 μ . diam., hyalinis; ascis elongatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, utrinque attenuatis, rectis curvatisque, 2-3guttulatis, monoplastis, atrofuscis, 20 \approx 6.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Hederæ Helicis in Jura (Helvetia), Coryli, Kirchdorf (Bavaria superiore).

7. **Rosellinia Desmazierii** (B. et Br.) Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 393, *Sph. Desmazierii* B. et Br., Cooke Handb. p. 854, Curr. Simpl. Sph. tab. 57, fig. 2. — Peritheciis majusculis, globoso-conoideis, dense gregariis, usque $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. subiculo pannoso-setoso conidiophoro insidentibus; ascis cylindricis prælongis, stipitatis, 300 \approx 10, stipite 80-100 μ . longo, apice tunica conspicue incrassata rotundatis, paraphysisibus filiformibus ascos superantibus, guttulatis obvallati, octosporis; sporidiis laxe recte monostichis, anguste fusoideis, curvulis, 38-45 \approx 8, utrinque obtusiuscule attenuatis, regulariter 7-9-guttatis, fuligineis. — Subicum sicut *Graphium Desmazierii* Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 394, setoso-velutinum, fuligineum; stipitibus erectis, 450 \approx 40, ex hyphis pluribus septulatis fuscis conflatum, hyphis superioribus expanso-paniculatis, ramulosis, subhyalinis, ramulis minute flexuoso-denticulatis conidiophoribus; conidiis ovoideis, 3-4 \approx 2- $\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinis.

Hab. in basi putrescente trunci Philadelphi, Betulae, Corni etc. in Britannia, Gallia, Italia. — Magna et nobilis species. Ascorum obturaculum jodi ope cœrulescit.

8. **Rosellinia bunodes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph. (Byssisedæ) bunodes* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1088, t. VIII, fig. 38. — Peritheciis magnis, 2 mill. diam., globosis verrucosis e strato strigoso oriundis; sporidiis maximis fusiformibus, apicibus elongatis acutissimis, multinucleatis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Peradeniya (Ceylon). — Mycelium ex hyphis fasciculatis fuscis, articulatis, ramosis, sursum pallidioribus constans; conidiis moniliformi-catenulatis 4-5 μ . long.; asci lumenis apice capitato-foveolati.

9. **Rosellinia Beccariana** Ces. Note bot. p. 12, t. II, A. — Peritheciis subiculo fuligineo dein crustaceo, scabro insidentibus, stipatis sed omnino distinctis, in genere maximis, $2\frac{1}{2}$ mill. alt., $3\frac{1}{2}$ - $4\frac{3}{4}$ mill, in diametro, crustaceis, e fuligineo nigris, levigatissimis, pulchre tornatis, obverse pyriformibus, vertice areola lata depressa, papilla centrali conica acutiuscula umbonato; cortice carbonaceo sat rigido, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. crasso, senio facile fragili; gleba sporidiifera e rufo brunnea; paraphysibus atque ascis, ob fructificationem quam maxime peractam, nullis visis; sporidiis fuligineis, quadantenuis pellucidis, anguste lanceolatis, cylindraceis, interdum fere curvulis et paullisper asymmetricis, utrinque acutis et calcaratis appendiculis opacis, rigidis, pro more rectis, acutissime subulatis, 50-60 \approx 6, sine appendiculis 36-40 longis, episporio sat tenui; guttulis v. nucleolis nullis.

Hab. in insulæ Borneo territorio Sarawak, ad corticem non determinandum, anno 1865 legit nob. vir OD. BECCARI, florentinus. — Præcedente paraffinis, nisi varietas.

10. **Rosellinia subiculata** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. subiculata* Schw. Car. 925 n. 175, Fr. S. M. II, 443, Curr. Simpl. Sphær. n. 221, t. 57, f. 9, *Hypoxylon subiculosum* Berk. North Amer. Fungi p. 162. — Peritheciis confertis hemisphæricis papillatis atris, subiculo floccoso-furfuraceo sulphureo insidentibus; ascis.....; sporidiis ellipsoideis, subnavicularibus, binucleatis, fuligineis, 10 μ . longis (12-13 μ . sec. Berk.).

Hab. in lignis cariosis Liriodendri, Quercus etc. in Carolina, Amer. bor. — Subiculum longitudinaliter effusum, tenui, pulveraceum, floccis vix conspicuis intertextum, in ambitu album; subinde evanescens, sed basis sulphureo-pulverulenta; perithecia majuscula, in serie elongata sparsa, glabra, lævia, nuda, superficia. — A *R. aquila* differt peritheciis minoribus, depressioribus, magis atris.

11. **Rosellinia leprantha** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. leprantha* Fr. Nov. Symb. 926 131. — Peritheciis hemispærico-globosis congestis connatisque lævibus glabris atris, subiculo floccoso-leproso fusco-atro impositis, ostiolo papillæformi in areola minuta submarginata prominulo; ascis longe pedicellatis linearis-clavatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, continuis, fuscis.

Hab. ad cortices dejectos in insula Nikobar Oceaniæ (DIDRICHSEN). — *R. aquilæ* et *R. mammiformi* affinis.

12. **Rosellinia aucklandica** Rabh. Hedw. 1878, p. 115. — Stromate 927

confluenti-expanso, subtomentoso-pannoso, nigricante, perithecia plus minusve obtegente; peritheciis solitariis subsparsis, opaco-atris, ostiolo subconico prominulo nitidulo, nucleo griseo-albo; ascis linearibus brevi-stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus ascos superan- bus obvallatis; sporidiis ovato-subfusiformibus, uniseriatis rectis, utroque polo acute acuminatis, guttulatis, fuscis, $22 \pm 10-12$.

Hab. in cortice putri, Aucklandia, Oceaniæ (H. KRONE).

13. **Rosellinia pyxidella** Ces. Note bot. p. 14, t. II, D. — Peritheciis ⁹²⁸ minutis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. alt., dense aggregatis, contextu passim vesiculoso, villo brevissimo crispulo rufo ex toto obductis et e tapeto concolori tenuissimo assurgentibus, cylindraceis, vertice plano areolam nudam rubeolam sistente, papilla conica operculi modo decidua; paraphysibus copiosis filiformibus, guttulatis, 130 long.; ascis e clavato cylindraceis, stipitatis 120 ± 8 , membrana tenuissima; sporidiis octonis, monostichis, subnavicularibus, acutiusculis, ecalcaratis, $14 \pm 5-6$, 1-guttulatis, olivaceis.

Hab. Vercellis, ad Rubi cujusdam sarmenta diu humi strata.

— Tota peritheciorum forma et magnitudine verticeque rubeolo *Massarium rhodostomam* (A. S.) simulat (Ces.).

14. **Rosellinia sepulta** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *sepulta* B. ⁹²⁹ et C., Cuban Fungi n. 845. — Hyphasmatis effusi fibris non aculeatis; peritheciis parvis, immersis; sporidiis magnis, subfusiformibus, 50μ . longis.

Hab. in stipitibus palmarum in Cuba et Venezuela. — Habitat *Charotosphæriæ acanthostromæ*.

15. **Rosellinia Tetradeniæ** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *Tetra- deniæ* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1094. — Mycelio repente e fibris tenellis septatis; peritheciis globosis, subliberis; ascis ovatis brevibus; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis, 40μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Tetradeniæ.

16. **Rosellinia subænea** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *subænea* B. et C., Cuban Fungi n. 848. — Aggregata, e stromate fusco oriunda; peritheciis globosis, coffeatis, ostiolo papilliformi minuto; sporidiis breviter subcymbiformibus, $12-13 \pm 5$.

Hab. in corticibus emortuis in Cuba.

17. **Rosellinia immunda** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *immunda* B. et C., Cuban Fungi n. 846. — Gregaria; hyphamate parco atro; peritheciis globosis, floccis aterrimis depresso-vestitis; ostiolo papilliformi emergente; sporidiis monostichis, $35-45 \mu$. longis, hinc acutioribus, magnis, cymbiformibus.

Hab. in truncis in silvis opacis, Cuba.

18. **Rosellinia bothrina** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *bothrina* 933

B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1090. — Peritheciis in foveolis mycelii sitis; sporidiis fusiformibus acutissimis, 45 μ . long.

Hab. in truncis in Ceylon. — Ob sporidia *R. Desmazierii* accedit, ceterum diversa.

19. **Rosellinia emergens** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *emergens* 934

B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1089. — Peritheciis sero e mycelio velutino emergentibus; ostiolo prominulo; ascis clavatis, lumine apice capitato; sporidiis maximis fusiformibus, 60-62 μ . long., tunica obtusissima instructis; paraphysibus tenuibus.

Hab. in fragmentis ligneis in Ceylon.

20. **Rosellinia Marcucciana** Ces. Note bot. p. 13, t. II, B. — Peritheciis 935

e minoribus, vix $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. alt. et cr., e subiculo tenuissimo subcorticali ligno matricis innato per rimas corticis erumpentibus, ceterum omnino denudatis, cæspitosis, depressiusculæ globosis, acute papillatis, atris, sat nitidis, lœvibus; ascis paraphysibus copiosis, filiformibus simplicibus guttulatis obvallatis, cylindraceis, 160 \pm 8-10, stipitatis, stipite filiformi dimidium longitudinis enuntiatæ metenti, vertice obtuso sed vix incrassato; sporidiis 8, olivaceis, oblique monostichis, ovalibus e facie, sublunatis e latere, utrinque pro more obtusiusculis, ecalcaratis, 1-guttulatis, 18-20 \pm 8.

Hab. in ramulis Fici Caricæ exsiccatis, Ogliastri, Sardegna (E. MARCUCCI); in ramis emortuis, Jura (DUBY); Andorno Italæ borealis (CESATI).

21. **Rosellinia ignobilis** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 22. — Subiculo brunneo, 936

e granulari tomentello, tenui, effuso; peritheciis aggregatis, minutis, globosis, asperulis?; ostiolo punctiformi; ascis linearibus diffluentibus; sporidiis uniserialibus, ovoideo-cymbiformibus, 4 \pm 2, fuligineis.

Hab. ad lignum putrescens, sordibus jam obrutum, Sarawak (Borneo).

22. **Rosellinia papaverea** (B. et Br.) Ces. et De Not. *Sphæria papaveræ* 937

B. et Br. Brit. fungi n. 612, t. 6, fig. 14. Cooke Handb. n. 2597. — Subaggregata; peritheciis globosis, areolatis, velo albido, excepto ostiolo, tectis; ostiolo crasso, plano, orbiculari, radiatim sulcato, poro rotundo; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipsoideo-subnavicularibus, fuligineis.

Hab. in truncis putridis, Batheaston (Britannia). — Late effusa subiculo brunneo inserta; ostiolum stigmatis Papaveris æmulum.

23-34 II. *Calomastia*: peritheciis grandiusculis non setosis, subiculo subnullo.

23. **Rosellinia mammiformis** (Pers.) Ces. et De Not. in Comm. soc. 938 critt. ital. I. 227. *Sphæria mammiformis* Pers. Syn. p. 64. *Sph. brachystoma* Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3897. *Hypoxylon mammiforme* Berk. N. Am. Fungi. — Peritheciis gregariis, interdum conglomeratis vel confluentibus, superficialibus, sphæroideis, ostiolo papilliformi, lævibus, opacis, glaberrimis, tenuibus, non collabentibus, facile laceratis, atris, latit. 0,5-0,9 mill.; ascis e basi attenuata teretiusculis, apice plerumque nonnihil incrassatis, jodoque cœrulecentibus, 90-140 \approx 9-10; sporidiis octonis oblique monostichis, oblongatis, inæquilateralibus, 1-2-guttulatis, fuscis, 20-25 \approx 7-9, utrinque hyalino-appendiculatis, appendicula supera 6-7 \approx 7, inferiore 10-12 \approx 2; paraphysibus filiformibus, coalescentibus.

Hab. in lignis ramisque variis in Suecia, Germania, Fennia, Belgio, Britannia, Gallia, Italia, Amer. bor., Nova Zelandia, Ceylania. — Inter *R. mastoideam* meam (F. It. t. 589 sub *R. mammiformi*) et *R. thelenam* (Fr.) Rabh. (F. It. 587) media, sed huic affinior ob sporidiorum formam et appendices; ab eadem distincta tamen ob peritheciorum formam minus acutam et magnitudinem minorem.

24. **Rosellinia mastoidea** Sacc. Mich. II. 54. *R. mammiformis* Sacc. 939 F. ital. t. 589, nec Pers. — Peritheciis superficialibus, gregariis, globosis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., levibus, glabris, ostiolo breve exsquisite papillato; ascis teretibus breve stipitatis, 100-115 \approx 9-10, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovoideis, 20-22 \approx 8, utrinque obtusiusculis, muticis, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis putridis dejectis, Romæ (BAGNIS), in ramis Rucci, Coryli, Rubi, Vaucluse (FABRE). — A *R. mammiformi* sporidiis muticis præ ceteris distinguitur.

25. **Rosellinia medullaris** (Wallr.) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 227. *Sph. medullaris* Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3826. Mont. Pl. cell. Cent. VIII, p. 62. — Peritheciis erumpentibus, magnis, ovato-subglobosis, atris, testaceis, fragilissimis, laxe adnatis, vertice convexo conico-papillatis, extus pulvere fuliginoso delicatissimo obductis spurco-rugulosis, intus massam medullarem grumulosam sphærico-cellulosam candidam (siccando) palpabilem formantibus; ascis ; sporidiis ovoideis, utrinque subacutis, badiis, circ. 25 \approx 11-12.

Hab. ad radices alneas effossas siccas, rarius in Germania.

— Affinis *R. mammiformi* sec. Mont., et sporidiis crassioribus, muticis diversa.

26. **Rosellinia sublimbata** (Dur. et Mont.) Pass. in Thuem. Contr. Lus. 941 n. 294. *S. sublimbata* Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg. I, p. 498. — Gregaria, superficialis; peritheciis rigidis atris, basi expansa hemisphaerico-truncatis bicorticatis, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis cylindricis sporidia uniseriata oblonga inæquilatera fusca 20 \pm 10 foventibus.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis mauritanicæ, Alger (DURIEU) et Donacis, Coimbra, Lusitania (MOLLER).

27. **Rosellinia pruinata** (Kl.) Sacc. *Sphæria pruinata* Klotzsch in Linnæa 1833, p. 489. Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 37, fig. 37. — Peritheciis globosis effusis, concrescentibus, emersis, albido-pruinatis, intus nigris ostiolis prominentibus, atris; ascis crasse cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, 1-4-guttatis, 25 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice interiori arborum, Amer. bor. (DR. RICHARDSON).

— An *Hypoxylon*? Revera *H. serpens* fere æmulatur.

28. **Rosellinia araneosa** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sphæria araneosa* Pers. Ic. et descr. I, p. 24, t. VII, fig. 6 a-h. — Peritheciis globosis, superficialibus, subsolitariis v. saepius confertis, fragilibus, nigris, papillatis, villo tenuissimo albicante obtectis, intus albidis, majusculis; ascis cylindraceis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis, inæquilateralibus, fuscis (ex icone Pers. l. c.).

Hab. ad ramos decorticatos emortuos in Germania. — *Sphæria* (Lasiella) *araneosa* Pers. (sec. Quel.) prorsus differt.

29. **Rosellinia mutans** (C. et Peck.) Sacc. *Sphæria mutans* C. et P. 944 29 Rep. on the St. Mus, — Peritheciis majusculis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{1}{4}$ mill. d., gregariis v. aggregatis, globosis, papillatis, nigris, initio tomento tenui fusco velatis, dein glabrescentibus, nitidis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, brunneis 10-13 μ . long.

Hab. in ligno putri, Tyre in Amer. bor. — Sec. auctores affinis *S. mutabili* Pers.

30. **Rosellinia nitens** Ces. Note bot. p. 13 (1872). *Hypoxylon chalybæum* B. et Br. Ceyl. F. n. 1066 (1873). — Peritheciis gregariis, carbonaceis subiculo pulveraceo opaco, nigrescenti insidentibus, e cylindraceo ovatis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. alt., 1 mill. lat., vertice obtuso areola angusta notato, papilla centrali minutissima, piceis, levigatisimis, nitentibus; ascis . . . ; sporidiis ellipsoideis, 8-12 \pm 4-5, fuligineis.

Hab. in lignis putridis et corticibus, Borneo (BECCARI), Ceylon

(B. et Br.) — Cl. Cesatius distinguit (Myc. Born. p. 17): α) *typica*, peritheciis majoribus in glebas effusas coalitis, singulis hinc inde sparsis (Syn. *Hypoxylon chalybæum* B. et Br. !); β) *congesta*, peritheciis in acervulos convexos (e 7-8 individuis constantes) coalitis; facie magis hypoxiloidea; γ) *minor*, peritheciis dimidio minoribus arctius coacervatis et subiculo densiore obvallatis. Simumilla *Hyp. marginato*, et *H. annulato*, sporidiorum dimensionibus differens.

31. **Rosellinia Julii** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. 79, t. I, fig. 7. — Peritheciis superficialibus, sparsis vel parce gregariis, interdum nonnullis coalitis, majusculis, sphæroideis, fragilibus, carbonaceis, opacocetratis, verrucosis, brevissime papillatis; nucleo albo, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, 8-sporis, sat longe et crasse stipitatis, 200-250 \approx 15; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, nunc regularibus, nunc inæquilateralibus, utroque polo acutiusculis, opacis, atrofuscis, 22-27 \approx 12-14.

Hab. ad cortices ramorum putrescentium *Quercus cocciferae*, et rarius *Quercus Ilicis*, Vaucluse (Gallia). — Ascii maturi simul et integri ægre reperiuntur.

32. **Rosellinia cellarum** Lamb. Myc. Belg. II. 294. — Peritheciis sparsis v. subaggregatis, subovoideis, nigris, rigidulis, glabris, ostiolo poriformi; ascis tereti-clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, cymbiformibus, inæquilateralibus, 2-guttatis, nigricantibus.

Hab. in obturaculis subereis lagenarum vino repletarum in cellis, in Belgio (LAMB.). — Sporidia *R. aquilæ* similia.

33. **Rosellinia rhombispora** Sacc. Mich. I, 372. F. ital. t. 334. — Peritheciis subsuperficialibus, sparsis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., breve papillatis, levibus, carbonaceis, nigris, contextu prosenchymatico fuligineo; ascis resorptis; sporidiis rhomboideo-limoniformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, 25 \approx 16-18, minute (ut videtur) asperulis, crasse 1-guttatis, opace fuligineis.

Hab. in tuberculis putrescentibus erraticis Cyperi esculenti ad ripas fl. Padi prope Sermide, in prov. Mantuae, Ital. bor. (C. MAGNAGUTI-RONDININI). — Forma peculiariter sporidiorum facile dignoscenda species.

34. **Rosellinia obliquata** (Somm.) Sacc. *Sphaeria obliquata* Somm. 949 Lapp. 213. *Sordaria obliquata* Auersw. — Conferta, atra; peritheciis globoso-conicis in ostiolum acutiusculum desinentibus, levibus, lateri adnatis; fructificatione, sec. Auersw. *Sordariæ*, h. e. phæospora.

Hab. in squamis infra superficiem externam strobilorum super exsiccatorum Pini sylvestris per Nordlandiam inferalpinam saltensem (Lapponia) rarius. — Etiam a celeb. Fries ut nova species agnita. Minuta simplex, peritheciis pyriformi-conicis, nitidis. Memorabilis est situ peritheciorum, cum latere non basi affixa sint, qua ex re tota stirps quasi obliquata et adscendens fit.

35-39 III. *Tassiella*: peritheciis majusculis, distincte verrucosis, non setosis.

35. **Rosellinia Tassiana** De Not. Sf. it. 19, t. XVI. — Peritheciis 950 majusculis, subsparsis, sphæroideis, basi saepius subcoarctatis, v. crasso subpedicellatis, verrucosis, pachydermaticis, nigris, intus albidis; ostiolo papillato, zona levi cincto; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis prælongis, octosporis, paraphysibus guttulatis obvallatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis v. subovoideis, utrinque acutiusculis, 25-35 = 14-15, fuligineis, saepius 1-nucleatis.

Hab. in ramis Mori, Siena, Pisa (Italia), Pruni spinosæ, Saintes (Gallia).

36. **Rosellinia callosa** Wint. Hedn. 1874, p. 134. — Peritheciis 951 gariis superficialibus, media magnitudine, globosis v. pressione mutua angulatis, minutissime papillatis, fusco-atris, opacis, profunde areolato-rimosis, callosis, 1 mill. cr.; ascis cylindricis, longe paraphysatis, octosporis, 80-130 = 14 p. sporif., paraphysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. subdistichis ovato-fusoideis, inaequilateralibus, utrinque rotundatis, muticis, 19-26 = 7-8, opaco-fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice duriori Quercus dejecto, prope Lipsiam (Germania). — Affinis *R. Tassianæ*, a qua peritheciis profundius areolato-rimosis, sporidiis minoribus etc. recedit.

37. **Rosellinia megalocarpa** (Plowr.) Sacc. *Sphæria megalocarpa* 952 Plowr. Calif. Sphær, in Grev. VII, 73, t. 120, fig. 1. — Peritheciis superficialibus, magnis, 3 mill. cr., sphæricis, nigricantibus, rugulosis; ostiolis minutissimis, vix prominulis, areola pallidore cinctis; ascis cylindraceis v. clavatis, 70-130 = 10-15; sporidiis ovoides, 12-15 = 3-5, initio hyalinis, dein fuligineis, atris, 2-nucleatis; paraphysibus numerosis flexuosis.

Hab. in cortice putri Aceris in California. — Perithecia magna, sparsa v. subaggregata et tunc mutua pressione subangulosa.

38. **Rosellinia plicatula** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph. (Cæspitosæ) plicatula*, 953 B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1110. — Fasciculato-congesta; peritheciis atris, collapsis, minute granulatis, plicato-rugosis; ascis

clavatis; sporidiis distichis, doliiformibus utrinque leviter attenuatis, nucleo magno 12-20 \approx 8-10.

Hab. in corticibus, Central province, Ceylon.

39. **Rosellinia moroides** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria moroides* Curr. Linn. 954
Trans. XXII, p. 318, t. 57, fig. 34. Cooke Handb. n. 2601. — Peritheciis minutis, rugosis; ascis tereti-clavatis, stipitatis; sporidiis octonis biseriatis, ellipticis, olivaceo-fuligineis, dein fuscis, 10-12 p. longis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Britannia. — Habitu *Bertiae moriformi* accedit sed minor, fructuque diversissima.

40-52 IV. *Amphisphærella*: peritheciis basi insculptis v. semiimmersis.

(Cfr. *Anthostomella*).

40. **Rosellinia amphisphærioides** Sacc. et Sp. in Mycoh. Ven, n. 1274. 955
Mich. I. 352. F. ital. t. 588. — Peritheciis sparsis, basi cortice insculptis, rarius semi-immersis, globosis, $1\frac{1}{4}$ - $1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., atris, carbonaceis, ostiolo conico-papillato; ascis cylindraceis, 90-120 \approx 10-12, apice rotundatis, deorsum brevissime attenuato-stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis recte v. oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis v. oblongo-ellipsoideis, 20-22 \approx 10, utrinque obtusiusculis, quandoque inæquilateralibus, non v. 1-2-guttulatis, olivaceo-fuligineis, subopacis.

Hab. in cortice duriore Populorum, Vittorio (Ital. bor.) et Vaucluse (Gallia).

41. **Rosellinia protuberans** Karst. Myc. Fenniae II, 49, Sacc. Fungi 956
ital. tab. 335. — Peritheciis sparsis vel subsparsis, ligno subin-natis, deinde plus minus emergentibus, parte emersa hemisphæricis cum ligno colore fusco-atro tincto concretis, sphæroideis, ostiolo papillato, prominulo, minuto instructis, fusco-atris, fragilibus, 0,5-0,7 mill. lat.; ascis cylindraceis, 78 \approx 6-8 p. sporif.; stipite 30-40 p. longo; sporidiis octonis, monostichis, ellipsoideis, subinde inæqui-lateralibus, 2-guttulatis, fuscis, 10-12 \approx 5-6; paraphysibus nume-rosis, coalescentibus.

Hab. in ligno salicino in Fennia, in ligno Corni sanguineæ in Italia boreali.

42. **Rosellinia Arausiaca** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 80, t. I, fig. 10. — 857
Peritheciis sparsis, ligno nigrificato semi-insculptis, deorsum glo-bosis, sursum conoideis, rugosiusculis, vertice poro perforatis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 8-sporis, 70-80 \approx

12-13; sporidiis simplicibus, recte monostichis, ellipsoideis, atro-brunneis, tandem opacis, 20-22 \approx 10-12.

Hab. ad ramos exsiccatos Lonicerae etruscae circa Orange (Arausium).

43. **Rosellinia mycophila** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. mycophila* Fr. S. M. II, 958
462, Berk. North Amer. Fungi p. 181. — Sparsa, atra, peritheciis
hemisphaericis levibus subinæqualibus, ostiolo papillato; ascis cy-
lindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, brunneis.

Hab. in Polyporis putrescentibus iu Suecia, Pensylvania et
Carolina inferiore. — Perithecia superficiali-emersa, fragilia, nitida,
irregularia, quando pluria conferta confluunt; perithecia pa-
pillæformia, primo papilla minuta atra tecta, dein hac decidua nuda
pertusa.

44. **Rosellinia prinicola** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. prinicola* B. et C. North 959
Amer. Fungi n. 909. — Erumpens, subglobosa; peritheciis subti-
liter granulatis, perforatis majusculis, obtusis; ascis linearibus;
sporidiis naviculari-oblongis, fuscis, monostichis, 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Prini verticillatae in Pensylvania, Am. bor.

45. **Rosellinia canicollis** Karst. Myc. Fennica II, 49. — Peritheciis 960
sparsis, immersis, fragilibus, tenuibus, sphæroideis, fusco-atris,
majusculis, 0,7 mill. lat., ostiolo emerso, libero, oblongato v. elon-
gato, crasso, rudi, apice excepto, furfure denso cano v. griseo ob-
tecto, 0,3-0,4 mill. long.; ascis cylindraceis, 170 \approx 18 p. sporif.;
sporidiis octonis, monostichis, oblongatis, utrinque acutis, fuscis,
28-38 \approx 11-16; paraphysibus filiformibus.

Hab. in ligno vetusto ramorum Populi tremulæ in oppido
Abo (Fennia). — Lignum, cui innascitur, albicat.

46. **Rosellinia deerrata** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph. (Pertusæ) deerrata* C. 961
et E. New Jersey Fungi Grev. V. 93. — Sparsa; peritheciis erum-
pentibus, paucis, globosis, atris; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uni-
seriatis, ellipticis, brunneis, 12 \approx 7.

Hab. in coniferis (*red Cedar* = Junip. virginiana?) in New
Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia nonnulla pycnidica, *Monotosporæ*
cuidam (conidiis globosis 20 μ . diam. fuscis, hyalino-apiculatis) sæ-
pius adsociata.

47. **Rosellinia mammoidea** (Cooke) Sacc. *Psilosphaeria mammoidea* 962
Cooke in Grev. VIII. 67. — Sparsa, denudata; peritheciis subglo-
bosis, ad basim applanatis, atris, glabris, nitidis; ascis cylindra-
ceis; sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, brunneis, 16-18 \approx 8.

Hab. in ligno putri, Wellington, Nova Zelandia (TRavers).

48. **Rosellinia marcescens** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Denudatæ) *marce-*⁹⁶³
scens B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 854. — Gregaria; peritheciis ova-
 tis rugosis, ostiolo papilliformi, lateraliter compressis; ascis linea-
 ribus; sporidiis fuscis cymbiformibus, 15-20 \approx 3,5-4.

Hab. in fimo in Cuba. — Perithecia basi hyphis parcis brun-
 neis cincta. — «An *Sordaria*?».

49. **Rosellinia Gaudefroyi** H. Fab. *Sphér.* Vaucl. 79, t. I, fig. 8. — ⁹⁶⁴
 Peritheciis sparsis, nonnullisve in cortice duriori semiimmersis,
 sphæroideis, carbonaceis, rugosiusculis, breve papillatis, 1 mill. d.;
 ascis cylindraceis, 8-sporis, 200 \approx 250 \approx 15; sporidiis oblique mo-
 nostichis, ovalibus, fuligineis, fere atris, multiguttulatis, 30-34 \approx
 11-13.

Hab. in cortice duriori, ad basim truncorum *Quercus* pu-
 bescens, Vaucluse (Gallia).

50. **Rosellinia inæquabilis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Pertusæ) *inæquabi-*⁹⁶⁵
lis B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 852. — Sparsa, erumpens; peritheciis
 late conicis; sporidiis ellipticis 15 μ . longis, hinc appendiculatis
 appendicula brevi obtusa.

Hab. in truncis emortuis Coffeæ in Cuba. — Dubia quia co-
 lor sporidiorum indescriptus.

51. **Rosellinia obtusissima** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. obtusissima* B. et C. ⁹⁶⁶
 North Amer. Fungi n. 910, nec Ceylon Fungi n. 853, quæ cfr.
 inter dubias. — Peritheciis ovatis, fibris ligneis semiimmersis;
 ostiolo papilliformi; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis obtusissi-
 mis fuscis, uniseriatis 12-14 μ . long.

Hab. in ligno putri dealbato in Pensylvauia (Amer. bor.). —
Sph. obtusissima B. et C. Ceylon Fungi n. 853 diversa est.

52. **Rosellinia Despréauxii** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Despréauxii* Mont. Pl. ⁹⁶⁷
 Cellul. Cent. VIII, p. 125. — Erumpens, simplex, subseriata; pe-
 ritheciis sphæricis, atris, opacis, apice depresso; ostiolo mammil-
 loso minuto pertuso; ascis (non descriptis); sporidiis maximis con-
 tinuis ex oblongo cymbiformibus fuscis, 40-50 \approx 10-15, circulo hya-
 lino initio obvolutis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis dejectis in insula Terræ - Novæ (DE-
 SPRE'AUX). — Habitus *Melanopsammæ pomiformis*.

53-75

V. *Coniomela*: peritheciis minoribus, glabris, saepius dense gregariis.

53. **Rosellinia pulveracea** (Ehrh.) Fuck. Symb. p. 149, Sacc. Fungi ⁹⁶⁸
 ital. t. 591, *Sph. pulveracea* Ehrh., Pers. Syn. p. 83. — Peri-
 theciis confertis, saepè crustaceo-aggregatis, superficialibus, glo-

bulosis, eximie minute tuberculatis, rigidis, glabris, ostiolo impresso dein latiuscule hiante pertuso, atris, vix 0,3 mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, basi attenuatis, obturaculo jodo vix cœrulescentibus, 70–100 \approx 8–11 p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis, oblique monostichis sphæroideo-ellipsoideis vel ellipsoideis, fuscis, 10–12 \approx 7–9; paraphysis bus filiformibus, haud bene discretis.

Hab. ad ligna *Quercus*, *Sorbi*, *Alni*, *Betulæ*, *Fagi*, *Robiniæ*, *Populi*, *Juglandis* etc. in tota Europa, America bor. et austr. — Sec. Fuck. *Sph. (Coniothyrium) myriocarpa* Fr., stylosporis ovoideis fuscis, est pycnidium.

54. **Rosellinia Millegrana** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (denudatæ) Millegrana* 969

Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1559. — Minutissima, plagis magnis effusa, singulis peritheciis nudo oculo vix distinguendis, sub vitro innumeris seriatim juxta positis, sed non confluentibus, globosis, minute punctato-rugosis, subattenuatis, ostiolis pertusis globulo ascifero magno coronatis; demum intus evacuatis; juniore ætate peritheciis fibris ligni subtectis, demum denudatis aterrimis; ascis (non descriptis); sporidiis late ellipticis, fuligineis, 13–15 μ . longis. (B. et Br.).

Hab. non rara ad ligna quercina, *Platani*, *Liquidambaris* Bethlehem, Amer. bor. — Plagis longis latisque quasi effiguratis ligna occupans. — Sec. Cooke Handb. n. 2600 esset forma *Rosell. pulveraceæ*, de quo ob perithecii formam diversam dubitandum.

55. **Rosellinia inspersa** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sph. inspersa* Berk. Decad. 970

n. 73. — Conferta et sparsa, minor atra; peritheciis, subglobosis rugulosis, rigidiusculis; ostiolo obsoleto; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, brunneis.

Hab. in ligno putri, dealbato ubi crustas atra format, Swan River in Australia. — Probabiliter est forma *Ros. pulveraceæ*, nam cl. Berk. l. c. pro hac specie sumit *Melanomma pulverem pyrium*.

56. **Rosellinia rimicola** Rehm Asc. n. 89, Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, 671

329, Fungi ital. t. 590, Wint. Diagn. etc. p. 9. — Peritheciis glabris, vix rugulosis, nitidulis, globoso-conoideis; ascis 80 \approx 7–8 (p. sporif.), stipite 10–15 micr. longo, ima basi noduloso; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoideis, 10–12 \approx 7–8, saturate fuligineis, eguttulatis.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis v. in corticis rimis *Cytisi*, *Aceris*, *Tamaricis* in Germania, Italia, Gallia.

57. **Rosellinia Rosarum** Niessl Beitr. 32, t. XV, fig. 35. — Peritheciis gregariis sparsisve lignicolis, vel peridermio tectis, subcoñoideis vel subglobosis, rostro conico retuso sæpe obliquo, lævibus, coriaceis crassiusculis, siccis fragilibus, rugulosis, atro-fuscis, vix nitidis, 250–300 μ . diam.; ascis linearī-cylindraceis, obtusis seu retusis stipitatis, 8sporis, 56–66 = 5–6 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis obovatis a latere visis compressis, disciformibus, oliveo-fuscis, 8–9 = 4–5, e latere 2–3 μ . cr., nucleo oleoso, paraphysibus crassis, ascos superantibus, guttulatis.

Hab. in ramulis denudatis Rosæ caninæ et Cratægi, interdum corticalis, prope Brünn (Moravia).

58. **Rosellinia socia** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria socia* De Not. Recl. 973 in Comm. critt. II. 480. — Peritheciis confertissimis, transverse ad corticem seriatis, peridermate demum decadente, nudis, sphæroideis, vertice papillæformi-ostiolatis, setulis perbrevibus confertis scabris, atris, fragilibus, pachypleuris; ascis teretiusculis, octosporis, cum paraphysibus copiosissimis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, fuligineo-translucidis, primum involucro mucilagineo tectis, demum nudis.

Hab. in cortice Cerasi, socia *Calosph. pulchellæ*, Valle Intrasca (Ital. bor.).

59. **Rosellinia etrusca** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 80, t. I, fig. 9. — 974 Peritheciis superficialibus, ligno decorticato, nigrificato insidentibus, carbonaceis, dense confertis, papillatis, amoene mammiformibus, $2/3$ – $3/4$ mill. diam.; ascis non visis; sporidiis ovalibus, opaco-fuscis, nunc regularibus, nunc tenuissime inæquilateralibus, 2–3-guttatis, utroque polo acutiusculis et appendicula brevi, lata, hyalina præditis, 11–13 = 5–6.

Hab. ad ramos exsiccatos Loniceræ etruscæ, Vaucluse (Gallia).

60. **Rosellinia catervaria** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Denudatæ) *catervaria* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1104. — Disseminata; peritheciis globosis opacis ostiolo minuto; ascis linearibus; sporidiis fuscis, ellipticis, 37 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Central province, Ceylon. — Habitus fere *Leptosporæ spermoidis*.

61. **Rosellinia pandanicola** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Foliicolæ) *pandanicola* B. et Br. — Peritheciis superficialibus brunneis, hemisphæricis, basi mycelio parco cinctis, in plagas parvas collectis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, 12 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Pandani odoratissimi, in Ceylon.

62. **Rosellinia apiculata** Sacc. Mich. I. 26, 99, Fungi ital. t. 150. — 977

Peritheciis superficialibus, dense gregariis, carbonaceis, globosis $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., obtuse papillatis, rugulosis, glabris; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, deorsum attenuato-stipitatis, 70 ± 8 -10, p. sporif. 40 longa, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovoideis, $7-9 \pm 4-4\frac{1}{2}$, 1-2-guttulatis, fuligineis, basi appendicula hyalina obtusa brevi auctis.

Hab. in ligno putri quercino in sylva Montello (Ital. bor.).

— Habitus fere *R. pulveraceæ* v. *Melanommatis Pulveris pyrii*.

63. **Rosellinia sylvana** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 329, Fungi ital. 978

t. 149. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, globosis dein depressiusculis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., rugulosis, fragilibus, ostiolo minuto papillatis, tomento ex hyphis fuligineis ramoso-intricatis composito insidentibus; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 150 ± 10 -11, longiuscule nodulosostipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis oblongis v. subpyriformibus basi v. utrinque attenuato-truncatis, ibique breve hyalino-appendiculatis, $12-15 \pm 6$, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno putri Alni glutinosæ(?), Selva (Sylva) Treviso, Ital. bor. — Peritheciis dimidia v. tertia parte minoribus a *R. mammiformi* et *R. aquila* etc. dignoscitur. Sporidia initio cylindracea, flexa, granulosa, hyalina, dein sursum incrassata, postremo ut supra descripta.

64. **Rosellinia spadicea** Ces. Myc. Born. pag. 22. — Peritheciis globosis, coffeinis, pulverulentis, demum circa ostium glabratis, subiculo tenui velutino concolori stipatim insidentibus; ostiolo punctiformi minutissimo; nucleo albicante; ascis jam reabsorptis; sporidiis ovalibus e fronte, sub-cymbiformibus e latere, fuscis, 6 ± 2 .

Hab. ad calnum Bambusæ(?), Sarawak Borneo.

65. **Rosellinia ulmaticolor** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. ulmaticolor* B. et C. 980
North Amer. Fungi n. 952. — Maculis effusis umbrinæ; peritheciis minutis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis fuscis, uniseratis, $7,5-8 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis levibus in Carolina inf., Amer. bor.

66. **Rosellinia umbrinella** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. umbrinella* B. et C. 981
North Amer. Fungi n. 963. — Peritheciis umbrinæ, ostiolo papiliformi nigro; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, fuscis monostichis, biguttulatis.

Hab. in caule Eupatorii coronopifolii in Carolina inferiore, Amer. boreali.

67. **Rosellinia Verrucaria** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Verrucaria* Mont. in Fl. 982

Alg. p. 526, an Fr. S. M. II. 496. — Gregaria v. subcæspitosa; peritheciis innato-superficialibus, hemisphaerico-subconicis, rugulosis, rigidis, astomis (?), extus intusque nigris; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis octonis ellipticis, continuis, opacis, monostichis.

Hab. in ramulo delapso *Salsolæ* oppositfoliæ, Mostaganem (Algeria). — Prorsus diversa a *Melanommate Verrucaria* (De Not.) etsi huic uniendam declaraverit cl. Montagne. Cfr. De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 66.

68. **Rosellinia Winteriana** Speg. Mich. I, 228, Fungi ital. t. 620. — 983

Peritheciis superficialibus vel basi tantum immersis, subglobosis, ostiolo parvulo conoideo, undique glabris, 200–250 micr. d.; contextu subcarbonaceo atro-fusco; ascis cylindraceis, vertice rotundatis, $140 \pm 10-14$ (p. sporif. 80–90 $\pm 10-14$, stip. 50–60 longo) basi attenuato-stipitatis, paraphysibus subclavulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis v. saepius subnavicularibus, $12-14 \pm 7-8$, utrinque rotundatis, opace atro-fuligineis, guttulatis.

Hab. in fimo ovinō vetusto in pratis, Conegliano (Italia bor.). — Etsi fimicola potius *Rosellinia* quam *Sordaria* videtur, teste claro Spegazzinio.

69. **Rosellinia arctispora** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph. (Denudatæ) arcti-* 984

spora C. et E. New Jersey Fungi, Grevill. V. 93. — Gregaria; peritheciis globosis ad basim applanatis, scabrosis, atris; ascis cylindraceis; sporis anguste ellipticis, brunneis, 15 ± 4 .

Hab. in ramis *Andromedæ*, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Cellulæ peritheciæ exteriores exsiliens, 100μ . circ. longæ.

70. **Rosellinia microspora** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria microspora* Ces. 985

Myc. Born. p. 22. — Sparsa; pertitheciis conicis e basi passim oblonga, vertice pertuso; ascis subtilibus; sporidiis uniseriatis, ovalibus, fuscis, 50μ . longis.

Hab. ad lignum nudum marcidum, Ceylon, Peradenya.

71. **Rosellinia dispersella** (Nyl.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 48, *Sph. di-* 986

ispersella Nyl. Herb. Fenn. 112. — Peritheciis sparsis, prominulis, demum liberis, ovoideis vel subsphaeroideis, ostiolo papillari, crassiusculo (fere tuberoso), rigidis, nigris, glabris, mediocribus vel minoribus; ascis cylindraceis, $100-105 \pm 12-14$ p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, saepe inaequilateralibus, simplicibus fuscis, $14-25 \pm 9-13$; paraphysibus haud bene discretis.

Hab. supra corticem *Populi tremulæ* crassiorem e Fennia meridionali ad Lapponiam usque.

72. **Rosellinia hypoxylina** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 22. — Peritheciis mi- 987
nutis, globosis, opacis, ostiolo apiculatis; subiculo carbonaceo in-
determinato in crustam effusam concrescentibus; ascis?; sporidiis
ovoideo-navicularibus, fuscis, $7-7\frac{1}{2} \approx 5$.

Hab. ad lignum decorticatum exesum, Sarawak (Borneo).

73. **Rosellinia Pseudo-Bombarda** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 109, t. X, 988
fig. 45-47, Fung. ital. t. 595. — Peritheciis gregariis, superficia-
libus, ellipsoideis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis, $\frac{1}{3}$ crassis, in ostiolum conico-
prominulum sensim desinentibus, atris, nitidulis; ascis anguste cy-
lindraceis, substipitatis, 80-85 ≈ 5 , pseudo-paraphysibus filiformibus
guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis fusoi-
deis, curvulis, 15-16 ≈ 4 , lutescenti-fuscis, 2-3-guttulatis.

Hab. in ligno denudato, fracido quercino, Selva agri Tarvi-
sini (Italia boreali). — Perithecia ellipsoidea, interdum obliquata
Bombardiam in mentem revocant.

74. **Rosellinia ovalis** Ellis Bull. Torr. cl. VIII, 11 Nov. 1881, p. 125. 989
— Gregaria, v. subcæspitosa; peritheciis ovoideis, rugulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$
mill. diam., ostiolo papillato; ascis anguste cylindraceis; sporidiis
monostichis, continuis, fuligineis, ellipsoideis vel oblongis, 7-8,5
 $\approx 5-6$.

Hab. in caulis (*Sage brush = Salvia?*), New Jersey, Ameri-
ca boreali.

75. **Rosellinia microscopica** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria microscopica* 990
De Not. Recl. in Comm. critt. II. 480. — Peritheciis peregrinis,
nudo oculo vix conspicuis, sparsis, atris, subrotundato-hemisphæ-
ricis, ostiolo papillari, minutissimo hiantibus, laeviusculis, in sicco
fragilibus; ascis teretiusculis, octosporis; paraphysibus copiosis, te-
nuibus; sporidiis ellipsoideis, badio-fulgineis, translucidis 5 μ . long.

Hab. in libro denudato ramorum Cerasi, Valle Intrasca
(Italia boreali).

VI. *Coniochæta*: peritheciis minoribus, setosis, sæpius gregariis.

76. **Rosellinia lignaria** (Grev.) Nits. Fuck. Symb. myc. 150, Sacc. 991
Fungi ital. t. 596, *Sph. lignaria* Grev. Crypt. Sc. I. 82. — Pe-
ritheciis gregariis, globulosis, conicis, nigris, superficialibus, pi-
lis brevibus, unicellularibus, atris laxe vestitis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam.; ascis
cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 80-96 $\approx 10-12$; sporidiis oblique mo-
nostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque obtusis, atro-fuscis, monoplastis,
continuis, 16 ≈ 8 .

Hab. in lignis et corticibus durioribus in Scotia, Belgio, Ger-

mania, Italia, Sibria, Amer. bor. — Formæ: Fagi sylvaticæ (asci 90–100 = 9; sporidia 18 = 8–8 $\frac{1}{2}$), Alni glutinosæ (asci 80–90 = 9–10; sporidia 14–15 = 8–9), Salicis purpureæ (asci 80 = 8; sporidia 14–15 = 8), Cupressi (sporidia 14 = 8), Pini (15–17 = 7–8) etc. — Var. *detonsa* Cooke in Grev. (in ramis Andromedæ, New Jersey) differt peritheciis subglabris, sporidiis paulo minoribus.

77. **Rosellinia Niesslī** Auersw. Beitr. p. 35, t. V, fig. 37. — Peritheciis lignicolis, gregariis, conoideis vel subglobosis, 200–300 μ . diam., ostiolo conico sæpe obliquo confluentibus, membranaceo-coriaceis (fere carnosis) obscure sordide puniceis, brunneis vel nigrescentibus, initio dense, demum sparse et breve pilosis tandem subglabris ostiolo barbato, rugulosis pilis 20–30 μ . longis; ascis cylindricis 110–118 = 9 p. sporif.; stipite brevi obliquo, apice obtuse retusis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis oblongo-ovoideis, atrofuscis, circulo hyalino; paraphysibus crassis articulatis guttulatis. que ascos vix superantibus.

Hab. in ligno Berberidis vulgaris pr. Gratz (Germania) æstate.

78. **Rosellinia malacotricha** (Auersw.) Niessl Beitr. 36, t. V, fig. 36. 993
Sacc. F. ital. t. 593. — Peritheciis lignicolis gregariis, sæpe densissime confertis, conoideis, seu subglobosis 200–300 μ . diam.; coriaceo-carbonaceis, atris, setis rigidis, 40–70 μ . long., fasciculatis divergentibus atris tectis, ostiolo glabro brevi conico nitente; ascis 8sporis, cylindricis, stipitatis, apice retusis 100 = 9–10; sporidiis monostichis disciformibus, seu ellipticis vel suborbicularibus a latere visis lenissime depresso-convexis, 11–14 = 8–10, initio 2-guttulatis luteolis, dein fusco atris, nucleo splendente; paraphysibus ascis vix superantibus guttulatis.

Hab. in ligno denudato Pini silvestris p. Leipzig (AUERSWALD) et Pini Abietis pr. Liezen, Germania (NIESSL); in corticis Salicis pag. interiori in Italia boreali.

79. **Rosellinia sordaria** (Fr.) Rehm Asc. n. 192. F. it. t. 595. *Sphæria sordaria* Fr. S. M. II. 458. *Sordaria* et *Rosellinia* *Friesii* Niessl Beitr. — Peritheciis, gregariis, sæpe confertis, conoideis seu subglobosis, coriaceis, nigris, nitidis, subtiliter rugulosis, 160–200 μ . diam., setulis obtusis (h. e. cellulæ fibrosis peritheciæ liberata), 15–20 = 2, continuis fuligineis crebrius circa ostiolum conspersis; ascis cylindraceis, 60 = 4,5–5, stipite brevi curvato, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, a latere visis lenissime compres-

sis, 7-8 \approx 4-5, initio 4-guttulatis, flavidis, dein opace fuligineis, eguttulatis.

Hab. in ligno fagineo, pineo, quercino, populino in tota fere Europa. — Dimensiones a Niessl datæ l. c. paulo majores quam nostræ. Huc *R. velutina* Fuck. sec. Niessl, pertineret.

80. **Rosellinia hirtissima** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria hirtissima* Peck 28 995

Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis sparsis v. gregariis, superficialibus, ovoideis, v. subglobosis, nigris, pilis rigidulis atris, breviusculis dense vestitis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniseriatis, crasse ellipsoideis v. subglobosis, 12-13 μ . longis, fuscis.

Hab. in ligno putri Pin i, Center, Amer. bor. — Asci fugaces.

81. **Rosellinia foveolata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *foveolata*, 996

B. et C. Cuban. fungi n. 847. — Late effusa, stromate nigerrimo, floccorum ramulis apice acutis; peritheciis globosis demum collapsis, pilis rigidis ornatis; sporidiis hemisphæricis, foveolatis, 5 μ . d.

Hab. in corticibus putridis in Cuba et in Carol. inf. — Sporidia seminibus («capsulis?») *Veronicæ* similia.

82. **Rosellinia ambigua** Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. II. 328, F. ital. t. 594. — 997

Peritheciis dense gregariis, superficialibus, habitu *Roselliniam pulveraceam* æmulantibus, globoso-conoideis, 120-140 diam., aterrimis, setulis continuis, 20-30 \approx 3-4, acutis divergentibus undique ob-sitis, sed densius circa ostiolum brevissime papillatum, denique calvescientibus; ascis cylindraceis, basi attenuatis, 80 \approx 8, paraphysisibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis recte v. suboblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, v. subglobosis, 10-12 \approx 8, latere compres-siusculis, initio viridulis, 2-guttulatis, dein saturate fuligineis, continuis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Sambuci racemosæ in silva Can-siglio (Ital. bor.). — Affinis *Ros. ligniariæ*, a qua sporidiis bre-vioribus, *R. abietinæ*, a qua sporidiis crassioribus et *R. malaco-trichæ* Niessl, a qua setulis laxioribus, brevioribus, ascis sporidiis-que minoribus satis differre videtur. Ex clar. Doct. Winter in litt. *R. ambigua* mea spectaret *R. pulveraceæ*, sed tunc censere co-gor eundem virum pro hac alienam speciem sumere.

83. **Rosellinia abietina** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 150. — Peritheciis gre-

gariis confertisque, *Rosellinia pulveracea* parum majoribus, ova-tis, in ostiolum conicum, obtusum attenuatis, nigris, opacis, setis brevissimis, concoloribus, strigosis; ascis cylindraceis, 95-110 \approx 10-12, obturaculo jodo vix cœrulescente, curvato-stipitatis, 8spo-

1868!

Trichopeltaria
(ad idem)
Sporycides

ris; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongis, subellipticis, monoplastis, fuscis, $14-16 \pm 6-8$.

Hab. in ligno Pini et Juniperi in Germania (Fuck.), Fennia et Lapponia (KARST.). — Var. *trichota* C. et Ell. in Gev.; sporidiis ovoideis v. subglobosis 12 ± 10 ; setulis multo longioribus 90μ . longis. In ligno pineo, New Jersey.

84. **Rosellinia xylarispora** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Villosæ) *xylarispora*. C. et E. New Jersey Fungi. Grev. VII, 94, t. 100, fig. 2. — Peritheciis gregariis, atris, velutinis, globoso-compressis, papillatis, pilis 40μ . long. obtusis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque attenuatis, brunneis, uninucleatis, $16-18 \pm 6$.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis *Andromedæ*, New Jersey, America boreali.

85. **Rosellinia velutina** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 149. — Peritheciis gregariis confertisque, minutis, globoso-ovatis, subtilissime olivaceo-velutinis, ore minuto, subconico, perforato; ascis cylindraceis, oblique stipitatis, 8sporis, $56-72 \pm 8$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, atro-fuscis, 1-2guttulatis, 8 ± 6 .

Hab. in cortice et ligno *Salicis* et *Ulmi*, Hattenheim (Germany).

86. **Rosellinia subcorticalis** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 150. — Peritheciis sparsis, numquam confertis, punctiformibus, ovatis, in ostium brevissimum, conicum, obtusum attenuatis, atris, setis brevissimis, concoloribus, strigosis obsitis, in peritheciis junioribus pilis terminibus longioribus, fasciculatis, conidiophoris; conidiis oblongis, multiseptatis ut *Helminthosporium*, 20 ± 10 , fuscis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 72 ± 8 ; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, monoplastis, uniguttulatis, atro-fuscis, 8 ± 6 .

Hab. in pagina interiore corticis secedentis exsiccati *Alni glutinosæ* pr. Oestrich et in insulis Rhenanis.

87. **Rosellinia Platani** Fuck. Symb. mycol. pag. 150, — Peritheciis minutis, sparsis, e basi globosa conicis, atris, undique pilis concoloribus, perithecii diametrum subæquantibus obsitis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8spori, 80 ± 8 ; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque attenuatis, oblongo-uniguttulatis, pallide fuscis, 12 ± 6 .

Hab. in pag. interiore corticis *Platani* durioris, Hattenheim (Germany).

88. **Rosellinia sanguinolenta** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sph. sanguinolenta* Wallr. Comp. p. 801, Mont. Pl. Cell. Cent. VIII, p. 58. — Peritheciis

parvis confertis (sub cortice delitescentibus) erectis, præter basim adnatam liberis ovoideis nigris, pilis concoloribus brevissimis stipatis undique hirsutis mucoque cruento obductis, apice ostiolo prominulo nudo pertusis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 120 ± 10 , apice hyalino-cuspidatis, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis monostichis sphæroideo-oblongis, primo hyalinis, tandem obscure fuligineis.

Hab. sub cortice mox desquamato Lonicerae Xylostei Her-cyn. infer. rarissime (Germania).

89. **Rosellinia asperula** Mont. (Sacc.) *Sph. asperula* Mont. Pl. Cell. 1004
Cent. VIII, p. 146. — Denudata, sparsa, gregaria sparsimque agglomerata; peritheciis minimis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ovoideis, atris, opacis asperulis; ascis inter paraphyses nidulantibus, cylindricis, sporidia octona oblonga sphæroidea, 10μ . long. continua tandem fuscida, serie unica, foventibus.

Hab. ad ramos dejectos cortice denudatos circa Brixiam Italiæ (CESATI).

90. **Rosellinia Gagliardi** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria Gagliardi* De Not. 1005
Sfer. ital. p. 23, t. 21. — Pusilla; peritheciis sparsis v. gregariis, superficialibus, atris, e basi applanata subglobosis, obtusis, ostiolo minuto vix prominulo hiantibus, aculeolis rigidis fuscis obsitis, siccis vix collabentibus; ascis teretibus, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, fusco-castaneis, $10-15 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in caulis siccis herbarum Domodossola, Valle Intrasca (Italia bor.). — Peritheciis sphæroideis obtusis, nec ovoideo-conicis a *R. lignaria* distinguenda.

91. **Rosellinia horrida** Hazl., Frig. Banat 1873, p. 49, t. I, f. 3. — 1006
Peritheciis liberis, dense aggregatis, rarius sparsis, obovatis, subcarbonaceis, rugulosis, aculeatis, aculeis subradiantibus atris, sursum pellucidis, e tuberculis oriundis; ascis paraphysatis, cylindraceis, octosporis, $120-150 \pm 15-16$; sporidiis monostichis, $18-25 \pm 10-13$, oblongis, fuscis.

Hab. in sarmentis decorticatis Vitis viniferæ ad Mehadiam (Banatus). — Mycelium, quo perithecia inserta, parcum, hyphis septatis, hyalinis contextum, superficiale; conidiis ovoideis, hyalinis, $2-3 \mu$. longis.

92. **Rosellinia chordicola** Sacc. Mich. I. 372, Fungi ital. t. 333. — 1007
Peritheciis sparsis, subsuperficialibus globoso-conoideis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., laevibus, nigris, papillatis, circa ostiolum setulis 25-30 \pm 3, esep-tatis, aterritim ornatis; peritheciis contextu parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindricis, $80-90 \pm 8$, apice rotundatis, breve sti-

pitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, $8-10 \approx 6-7$, fuligineis, eguttulatis.

Hab. in chorda putrescente dejecta in Horto Patavino, vere 1877. — A *Rosellinia ambigua* Sacc., peritheciis sparsis duplo majoribus, sporidiis angustioribus, non 2-guttatis, matrice aliena etc. differt.

93. **Rosellinia pachydermatica** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria pachydermatica* 1008

Ces. Myc. Born. p. 22. — Peritheciis in macula nigricante effuse aggregatis, parabolicis, nigris, primitus scabris, serius præsertim ad verticem denudatis, pariete crassa carbonacea; ostiolo impresso; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniseriatis, elongato-ellipticis acutiusculis, simplicibus, fuscis, $5 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ligno marcescente, Etich River, ditionis Sarawak (Borneo).

94. **Rosellinia calva** (Tode) Sacc. *Sph. calva* Tode sec. Quel. Champ. 1009

Jura p. 517 (sub *Lasiella*), t. V, f. 30. — Peritheciis globulosis, papillatis, supra glabris, fusco-nigris, nitidis, deorsum pilis rigidulis brevibus conspersis, ostiolo convexo; ascis cylindricis breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, 20μ . long., fusco-olivaceis, 2-guttutis.

Hab. in ligno putri Alni, Pruni spinosæ in Vogesis et Jura.

95. **Rosellinia Hystricula** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *Hystricula* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1092. — Peritheciis e strato hispido oriundis, rugosiusculis, cito collapsis, setis rigidis lanceolatis ornatis; ostiolo minuto; ascis farctis, 75μ . long. clavatis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis, 2-3-nucleatis, $10 \approx 3,5-4$.

Hab. in corticibus in Ceylon. — Habitus *Cœlosphærice tristis*.

VII. *Cucurbitula* Fuck., peritheciis cæspitoso-erumpentibus.

96. **Rosellinia conglobata** (Fr. et Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. conglobata* Fr. 1011

S. M. II, 414, *Cucurbitula conglobata* Fuck. Symb. mycol. 171, t. IV, f. 7. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, subglobosis, rugulosis, nigris, ostiolo papilliformi, obsoleto; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis $96 \approx 8$, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, $12 \approx 8$, bi-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice secedente Betulæ albæ et Coryli in Suecia (FRIES), Germania (Fuck.), Jura et Vogesis (QUELET). — Cfr. *Cucurbitaria conglobata*.

97. **Rosellinia Myricariæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Cucurbitula Myricarie* Fuck. 1012

Symb. myc. App. II, p. 32. — Peritheciis ascigeris in corticis rini cæspitosis, elongato-dispositis, paullulo majoribus quam in fungo stylosporifero et magis regularibus, ovato-globosis, in ostiolum obtuso-conicum demum perforatum, aterrimum protractis, opaco-nigris; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis, 88 ± 8 ; sporidiis oblique monostichis, forma in eodem asco valde variabili, aliis sub-ellipticis, aliis ovatis vel subrotundis, continuis, fuscis, $10 \pm 5-8$; paraphysibus filiformibus, multiguttulatis; peritheciis pycnidicis irregulari-globosis, cæspitulosis; stylosporis ovoideis $10 \pm 4-6$, fuscis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Myricariæ germanicæ, rarius, Ragaz ad ripas Rheni (Helvetia).

98. **Rosellinia Syringæ** (Kickx) Sacc. *Sph. Syringæ* Kickx Fl. cr. 1013.

Fl. I. 337, *Cucurbitula Syringæ* (Kickx) Lamb. Fl. myc. belg. II. 323. — Peritheciis semierumpentibus emersisque, aggregatis, globosis, rugosis, nigris, opacis, glabris, ostiolo minuto granuliformi; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis ovoideis, obtusis, continuis, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Syringæ vulgaris, Termonde, in Belgio (Westendorp). — Habitus potius *Cucurbitariæ*.

VIII. Lichenicolæ.

99. **Rosellinia Cladoniæ** (Anzi) Sacc. *Sordaria Cladonice* Anzi Anal. 1014

lichen. p. 26 — Peritheciis sparsis, atris, minutis, sphæricis, semi-immersis, rugosis, tandem deformibus et cupulari-apertis; ascis 4-6-sporis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, fuligineo-opacis, $22-30 \pm 13-15$.

Hab. in podetii Cladoniæ deformis senio infuscatis, Valfurva 1800 metr. alt. (Italia boreali).

100. **Rosellinia Nephromatis** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sph. Nephromæ* Crouan 1015

Finist. p. 25. — Peritheciis sphæricis, nigris, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis subclavatis, 4-sporis; sporidiis ovoideis, lutescentibus, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in thallo Nephromatis resupinati, Finistére (Gallia).

101. **Rosellinia aspera** Hazl. in Hedw. 1874, pag. 140, Frig. Banat. 1016

1873, t. III, f. 12. — Peritheciis aggregatis, globosis, ostiolo mammillari, demum pertuso, scaberrimis atris; ascis linearibus, octo-sporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ovoideis, demum opacis $19-20 \pm 12-13$, monostichis.

Hab. in thallo Aspiciliae cinereæ in Alpe Retyezat Transylvaniæ. — Mycelium torulosum, superficiale, dendritice effiguratum, nigrum.

IX. *Sphaeropyxis* Bon., peritheciis breviter stipitatis; sporidiis globosis.

102. **Rosellinia hispida** Bon. Abhandl. p. 157 (*Sphaeropyxis*). — 1017

Peritheciis aggregatis, ovoideis, breviter pedicellatis, pilis brevibus continuis obsitis, ostiolo simplici pertusis; ascis cylindricis, paraphysibus simplicibus obvallatis; sporidiis globosis, fusco-nigris.

Hab., in ligno denudato in Guestphalia (Germania).

X. *Desciscentes v. dubiae*

103. **Rosellinia rhypara** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Denudatæ) *rhypara* 1018

B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1106. — Peritheciis globosis coffeicoloribus, sordidis; ostiolo minuto; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque attenuatis, 22-25 = 10-12.

Hab. in ligno putri in Ceylon. — Dubia quia sporidiorum color non indicatur.

104. **Rosellinia Tulasnei** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sph.* *Tulasnei* Crouan Finist. 1019

pag. 24. — Peritheciis obtuse pyriformibus, nigris, granulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. contextu reticulato; ascis fusoideis, utrinque obtusis, bisporis; sporidiis subfusoideis, fuligineis, granulosis.

Hab. parasitica in Zygodonte viridissimo, Jungermannia dilatata, Cenomyce in truncis arborum, Finistère (Gallia).

105. **Rosellinia Schumacheri** (C. E. Hasn.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Schumacheri* E. C. Hans. Champ. sterc. Dan. p. 16, t. VI, fig. 24-27. — 1020

Peritheciis sphæroideis, papillatis, nigris, quandoque pilosulis, 130-150 μ . altis, submembranaceis, sparsis, subinnato-erumpentibus; ascis oblongo-ovatis, subsessilibus, apophysatis; sporidiis polystichis oblongo-cymbiformibus, inæquilateralibus, 9-10 = 3-4, oliveo-brunneis.

Hab. in excremento murino et cuniculorum, Bassnäs in Selandia (Dania).

106. **Rosellinia melioloides** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *melioloides* B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 849. — 1021 Soris orbicularibus; hyphasmathe radiante delicato, demum pulvere cinnabarino plus minus peritheciisque globosis obsitis.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum coriaceorum in Cuba. — Pulchra species, sed, ob sporidia immatura, dubia.

107. **Rosellinia plana** (Preuss) Sacc. *Sph. plana* Preuss, in Linnæa 1022

XXVI, p. 712 (1853). — Sparsa; peritheciis, umbilicato-depressis, atris; ostiolis nudis, punctiformibus, intus fuscis; ascis clavatis,

quatuor sporas foventibus, sporidiis oblongis, paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in ligno vetusto, Hoyerswerda (Germania).

108. **Rosellinia prorumpens** Bon. Abhand. p. 151 (*Ascotricha*). — 1023

Peritheciis globosis atris, aggregato-confluentibus, subimmersis, papilla parva conica præditis; ascis clavatis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipticis, curvatis, fusco-nigris, bipunctatis.

Hab. in ligno denudato in Germania.

109. **Rosellinia pulverulenta** Bon. Abhand. p. 151 (*Ascotricha*). — 1024

Peritheciis globosis v. ovoideis, nigris, punctatis, cæspitosis, pulvere fusco ferrugineo adspersis, ostiolo simplici; ascis cylindricis, paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, bipunctatis, fuscis.

Hab. in ligno putrido in Guestphalia. — Lignum eodem pulvere circumcirca inspersum.

110. **Rosellinia brunnea** Bon. Abhand. p. 152 (*Ascotricha*). — Pe- 1025

ritheciis brunneis, conico-clivosis, rotundatis, basi applanatis, carbonaceis, astomis, liberis; ascis cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, brunneis, opacis.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Cerasi in Germania.

BOMBARDIA Fr. Summa Veg. S. p. 389 (in nota) (Etym. *bombarda*, ob perithecia bombardæ similia). — Perithecia superficialia, coriaceo-cornea, verticaliter elongata, fasciculata, glabra, minute papillata. Asci pedicellati, octospori. Sporidia, diu vermicularia, continua, hyalina, tandem ovoidea, fusca, hyalino-caudata. — Lignicolæ.

1. **Bombardia fasciculata** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 389. Wint. in 1026

Hedw. 1874. p. 56, cum icono, *Sphaeria Bombarda* Batsch, Elench. Cont. I. fig. 181. *Bertia Bombarda* (Batsch) Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. it. in Comm. I. 225. — Peritheciis fasciculatis, superficiis, elongatis, ventricosis, coriaceis, numquam collabentibus, humidis badio-fuscis, siccis nigricantibus, lœvibus, glabris, ostiolo papillæformi, nigro, minuto, majusculis; ascis in pedicellum filiformem, longissimum attenuatis, 115–165 = 9–12; sporidiis diu conglobatis, cylindraceis, vermicularibus, simplicibus, chlorino-hyalinis, 40–55 = 4, denique ovoideis, 14 = 7, fuligineis caudâ hyalina, 1-septata, 24 = 4 basi auctis.

Hab. in ligno fagineo, salicino, betulino, carpino etc., præcipue in discis cæsis, in tota fere Europa et Amer. bor.

2. **Bombardia bertioides** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 21. — Late effusa in 1027

subiculo tenuissimo maculari, plagas nigras ad lignum decorticatum seu potius ad ambientem stratum peridermicum efficiens; pe-

ritheciis rugosis s. grosse granulatis, brunneis, ovatis, ostiolo vix prominente perforato; contextu consistente chartaceo; intus albis; sporidiis octonis, biseriatis, ex oblongo breviter cylindraceis, leniter curvulis, episporio tenuissimo, $13-18 \approx 8$, simplicibus, hyalinis, vel turbidulis, omnino conidia *Oidiorum* referentibus (tandem?); ascis mox diffluentibus nisi ex seriata sporarum dispositione divinandis.

Hab. in Sarawak (Borneo) in lignis putrescentibus. — Forma altera adest decalvata, quam omnino pro statu senescenti habere liceat. Tertia quoque forma magis abnormis, peritheciis irregularris, turbinatis vel oblongis, in stipitellum passim attenuatis, sed sterilibus.

ANTHOSTOMELLA Sacc. Consp. Gen. Pyr. ital. p. 8. (Etym. sb *An-thostoma*, quia ejusdem analogum genus). — Perithecia submembranacea, globoso-depressa, peridermio typice circa ostiolum vix erumpens denigrato tecta. Asci octospori, rarissime tetraspori, typice paraphysati. Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga, continua, fuliginea, mutica v. hyalino-appendiculata.

I. *Euanthostomella*: sporidiis muticis. 1-34

§ In Monocotyledoneis. 1-23

1. **Anthostomella punctulata** (Rob. et Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria punctulata* Rob. et Desm. XIX, Not. p. 19. — Epi- rarius hypophylla, gregaria v. sparsa; peritheciis minutissimis globosis, innatis, atris, epidermide nigrificata tectis, $\frac{1}{8}$ mill. diam., ostiolo erumpente prominulo papilliformi nitido; ascis cylindricis $60 \approx 5$; sporidiis octonis ovoideo-oblongis, monostichis, brunneis, 10μ . long.

Hab. in Gallia, Caen, in foliis vetustis *Caricis pendulæ*. — Sec. Niessl Beitr. p. 59, in ipsis exemplaribus Desmazierii ascis sunt $40 \approx 5$ p. sporif.; sporidia $6-8 \approx 3-4$, saepe fabæformia.

2. **Anthostomella minima** Sacc. Mich. II. 255. Ab *Anth. punctulata* recedit sporidiis multo minoribus; peritheciis gregariis minutis globulosis, $70-90 \mu$. diam., epidermide punctiformi-nigrificata tectis; ascis cylindricis breve stipitatis, $45-55 \approx 4-5$, octosporis paraphysatis; sporidiis, monostichis ovato-oblongis, inæquilateralibus, $4-5 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$, fuligineo-olivaceis, minute 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in culmo donacino, Conegliano (Italia boreali).

3. **Anthostomella lugubris** (Rob. et Desm.) Sacc., *Anthostoma lugubre* Niessl, Beitr. p. 58, t. VII, fig. 47. *Sphæria lugubris* Roberge in Desm. Not. An. Sc. nat. VIII, 1847, p. 172. *Sordaria*

lugubris Ces. et de Not. Schem. p. 52. — Peritheciis majusculis, parenchymati haud mutato insidentibus vel subinnatis, gregariis solitariisve, epidermide nigro-maculosa tectis, subglobosis, coriaceo-carbonaceis, 400 μ . diam., ostiolo brevi conoideo, vix erumpentibus; ascis cylindricis, breviter stipitatis, apice rotundatis, 112-138 \times 10-11 p. sporif.; membrana interna crassa, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis elliptico-oblongis utrinque attenuato-rotundatis, 19-20 \times 9, opacis, atro-fuscis, nucleo oleoso, circulo hyalino; paraphysibus articulatis ascorum longitudine.

Hab. in foliis siccis Calamagrostidis arenariæ ad «Dune de Lyon sur. mer.» Calvados (ROBERGE).

4. **Anthostomella nitidissima** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. nitidissima* 1031
Dur. et Mont. Syll. n. 831 et Fl. Alg., I, p. 523. — Gregaria confluens; peritheciis ovoideo-depressis, culmo atrato-nitido tectis, ostiolo prominulo obtuso; ascis subcylindricis, 80 \times 5; sporidiis 8 oblongis simplicibus, brunneis, 10 \times 3-4.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis Donacis, Alger (DURIEU).

5. **Anthostomella nigro-annulata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. (Obtectæ) nigro-annulata* 1032
B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 889. — Peritheciis epidermide circum circa nigra, medio pallida, tectis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniseriatis oblongo-subellipticis fuscis, 13-15 \times 7-7,5.

Hab. in foliis putridis Yuccæ aloifoliæ, Aloes lineatæ in Cuba, Carolina sup., Africa australi.

6. **Anthostomella Yuccæ** Thuem. M. U. n. 1853. — Peritheciis sparsis gregariisve, epidermide circum circa breve nigrificata tectis, conico-hemisphæricis, nigris, parvis, ostiolo brevi perforante; ascis elongato-cylindraceis, breviter stipitatis, interdum curvis, apice rotundatis, 100 \times 6-7, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, fuligineo-fuscis, monostichis, 8 \times 4, eguttulatis; paraphysibus filiformibus ascos æquantibus.

Hab. in foliis Yuccæ aloifoliæ, Coimbra (Lusitania).

7. **Anthostomella phæosticta** (Berk.) Sacc. Mich. I, 374, F. it. t. 374. 1034
Sphaeria phæosticta Berk. Crypt. Antarct. p. 59, t. 68, fig. IV.
Curr. Simpl. Sph. t. 59, fig. 127. *Leptosphæria phæosticta* Awd. in Mycol. Europ. t. 11, fig. 154. — Peritheciis minusculis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., globoso-depressis, innatis, ostiolo punctiformi-papillato vix erumpente, epidermide circum circa atro-inquinata; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis apice rotundatis, 45-60 \times 4, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis, curvulis, utrinque rotundatis, $-8 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$, saepe 1-2-guttulatis, olivaceo-fuscis.

Hab. in foliis putridis Hierochloës Brunonis, Caricis pendulæ, Arundinis Donacis, in Aucklandia, Britannia, Gallia et Italia.

8. **Anthostomella contaminans** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. Mich. II. 313. — 1035

Sph. contaminans Dur. et Mont. Syll. n. 865 et Fl. Alg. p. 522.

— Sparsa vel gregaria, maculans; peritheciis minutis cortici immersis tectis, globosis aut ovoideis depresso-ostiolisque vix prominulis atris; ascis tereti-clavatis, apice rotundatis breve stipitatis, 90–110 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, 15–18 \approx 6–8, olivaceis, dein atrofuscis, initio strato hyalino obvolutis.

Hab. in petiolis foliorum Phænicis dactyliferæ et Chamaeropis humilis, Mostaganem et Alger (DURIEU, TRABUT).

9. **Anthostomella pisana** Pass. Micr. ital. in Rev. Myc. II, 35. — 1036

Peritheciis sparsis, pustulatim prominulis, epidermide nitido-nigricante tectis; ascis cylindricis brevissime stipitatis, rectis vel curvis, 8sporis, 45 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$; sporidiis uniserialibus ovalibus subinæquilateris, tandem fuscis, 10 \approx 5; paraphysibus continuis, intus granulosis.

Hab. ad petiolas aridos Chamaeropis humilis, in R. Horto Botanico Pisano (Ital. media). — Accedit forma spermatifera *Leptothyrium* referens, spermatiis bacillaribus hyalinis 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ \approx 1 $\frac{1}{2}$.

10. **Anthostomella platensis** Speg. F. Arg. Pug. III. p. 14. — Macul. 1037

lis stromaticis, epidermicis, parvulis, suborbicularibus $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris, sparsis v. laxe gregariis, rarissime confluentibus, ambitu determinato, areola latiuscula pallescente cinctis; peritheciis, globosis, atris, glabris, sub maculis profundiuscula immersis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ostiolo conoideo, superficiem attingente, non exerto ornatis, contextu coriaceo-membranaceo, indistincte parenchymatico, fuligineo-atris; ascis cylindraceo-subclavatis, sursum obtuse truncato-rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum gracilem, breviusculum desinentibus, 90–110 \approx 10–12, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, elliptico-navicularibus, utrinque inæquilateraliter rotundatis, inferne appendice parva, globoso-hemisphærica ornatis, 20 \approx 7–8, obscure fuligineis, grosse uniguttulatis.

Hab. in culmis emortuis ad ripas fluminis Rio de la Plata dejectis putrescentibus, Amer. merid.

11. **Anthostomella Puiggarii** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 127. — 1038

Peritheciis minutis, 110–120 μ . diam., globosis, atris, immersis sparsis, membranaceo-subcarbonaceis, contextu indistincte parenchymatico, macula elongata, majuscula, vix fuscescente, linea stro-

matica atra, tortuosa limitata insidentibus; ascis cylindraceis sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum breve crasseque stipitatis, 65-70 = 6-7, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis recte v. oblique monostichis, elliptico-navicularibus, e latere valde compressis, 10-12 = 4-5 e latere 1,5-2 crass. utrinque obtusiusculis, opace fuligineis, primo strato mucoso tenui obvolutis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Bambusaceæ cujusdam prope sepulchretum de Iporanga, Brasilia meridionali (J. PUIGGARI).

12. **Anthostomella Tenacis** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphæria Tenacis*, Cooke 1039
N. Zeal. Fungi in Grev. VIII. p. 67. — Sparsa, punctiformis, tecta; peritheciis subglobosis, depressis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis; sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, 10 = 5, brunneis.

Hab. in Phormio tenace, Waitaki, Nov. Zelandia.

13. **Anthostomella eliminata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria eliminata* B. 1040
et C. North Am. Fungi n. 943. — Peritheciis epidermide nigriticata supra ostium alba tectis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis anguste oblongis uninucleatis, 14 = 3,5-4, monostichis.

Hab. in caule Smilacis, Alabama, Amer. bor.

14. **Anthostomella Smilacis** H. Fab. *Sphér.* Vaucl. p. 80, t. I, fig. 11. 1041
— Peritheciis numerosissimis, epidermide tectis, semi-insculptis, globulis, atris, vertice papillatis, diam. $\frac{1}{5}$ mill.; ascis cylindraceis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 100-112 = 14; sporidiis, oblique monostichis, ovatis, atro-fuscis, 1-2-magniguttatis, 16-18 = 11-12.

Hab. ad ramos exsiccatos Smilacis asperæ. — A *Sphæria Smilacis* Cast. certe diversa.

15. **Anthostomella sepelibilis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria sepelibilis* B. et 1042
C. North. Am. Fungi n. 928, Cooke New Jersey f. — Hysteriformis, cuticula nigriticata tecta; sporidiis ellipticis, 1-2 nucleatis, 18 = 8, brunneis.

Hab. in caule Smilacis laurifoliæ in Carolina infer. et in New Jersey. — Sec. Berk. sporidia, 12-13, longa.

16. **Anthostomella smilacinina** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria (caulicole) smilacinina* Peck 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis copiosis, minutis, epidermide nigriticata initio tectis, prominulis; ascis cylindraceis v. subclavatis; sporidiis stiptatis, ovoideis, v. inæqualiter ellipsoideis, flavo-olivaceis, 12-15 μ . longis, saepius 1-nucleatis.

Hab. in caule Smilacinae stellatae, Center (Amer. bor.).

17. **Anthostomella sphæroidea** Speg. Fung. Arg. I, 179. — Peritheciis sphæroideis, minutis, 200-250 μ . diam., dense gregariis, atris contextu membranaceo-sub-carbonaceo, fuligineo-atro, superne epi-

dermide extus punctiformi-nigrificata adnata tectis macula late albicante insidentibus; ascis cylindraceis sursum subtruncato-rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum brevem desinentibus, $75-80 \pm 6$, apaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis recte vel oblique monostichis, non vel 1-2 guttulatis, $9-12 \pm 4-5$, intense fuligineis.

Hab. ad folia emortua putrescentia *Yuccæ glriosæ*, a la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. boreali.

18. **Anthostomella Tomicum** (Lév.) Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. IV*, 1, F. 1045
ital. t. 373. *Sph. Tomicum* Lév. *Ann. S. N.* 1848, p. 144, Cooke
Hndb. p. 894. — Peritheciis innatis, e basi planata convexulis,
nitidulis, epidermide circum circa nigrificata tectis, ostiolo perforante obtusiusculo; ascis cylindraceis, apice rotundatis, subsessilibus
 $100-115 \pm 15-18$, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis,
sæpe inæquilateralibus $15-16 \pm 8-9$, 1-guttatis, fuligineis, muticis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Typharum Juncorum*, Graminumque in Italia, Gallia, Belgio, Britannia. — Var. *leptospora*; ascis $100 \pm 6-7$; sporidiis $16 \pm 5-6$. In foliis *Cladii Marisci* in Gallia.

19. **Anthostomella tumulosa** (Rob. et Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria tumulosa* Rob. et Desm. XIX Not. p. 14. — Sparsa minuta epidermide nigricante tecta; peritheciis immersis evoideis nigris; ostiolis erumpenti-punctiformibus, nucleo livido v. nigro; ascis elongatis, cylindricis, $150-200 \pm 10$; sporidiis majusculis, $20 \pm 6-6\frac{1}{2}$, octonis, brunneis, semi-opacis, oblongo-semiellipsoideis v. sublunulatis, uniseriatis, 1-3-guttulatis.

Hab. in Gallia, in caule *Junci articulati*.

20. **Anthostomella consanguinea** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria consanguinea* Cesati in Rabh. F. E. 2661. — Peritheciis sparsis, punctiformibus, epidermide, vix nigrificata obtectis, demum perforantibus et verticem obtusum convexum revelantibus; ascis linearibus, $60-70 \pm 16$; sporidiis 8, uniserialibus, ellipticis, ad utrumque polum subacutiusculis, primitus viridibus, dein fuscis, omni ætate in medio ocellatis.

Hab. in lamina exsiccata foliorum *Sabal Adansonii* in Horto Bot. Neapolitano, sub diu (CESATI).

21. **Anthostomella Trabutiana** Sacc. et R. Rev. mycol. III, f. IX, p. 27. 1048
— Peritheciis gregariis cortice nidulantibus, epidermideque ad ostiolum punctiforme-nigrificata velatis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindricis, 100 ± 5 , p. sporif. 80-90, paraphysibus guttulatis obval-latis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis, $10-11 \pm 4$, utrinque rotundatis, 2-guttulatis, olivaceo-fuscis.

Hab. in foliis emarcidis Agaves americanæ in Algeria (TRABUT).

22. **Anthostomella Parmula** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (obtecta) *Parmula* 1049
Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 52. — Gregaria; peritheciis globosis immersis nigris, collis in scutum discoideum dilatatis, 1-2 mill. diam.; ostiolis centralibus papillatis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, utrinque subattenuatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in insula Borbonia, ad culmos Gramineæ dictæ *Calumet* (PERVILLE).

23. **Anthostomella clivulosa** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. clivulosa* Mont. Syll. 1050
crypt. n. 853, et Guy., n. 563, t. 6, f. 4. — Culmicola, epidermide atrata semper tecta, linearis, confluens; peritheciis convexis depresso-uni- aut pluriserialibus intus nigris, ostiolis minutis prominulis; ascis linearis-clavatis, breve stipitatis, sporidia 15 μ. longa, monosticha, 8 oblonga fusca foventibus.

Hab. in culmis arundinaceis?, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

§§ In Dicotyledoneis.

24. **Anthostomella clypeata** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria clypeata* De 1051
Not. Sfer. ital. p. 24, t. XXII, — Peritheciis sparsis, peridermio atrato adhærente nigricante tectis, sphæroideis v. sphæroideo-depressis, ostiolo papillato brevi, perforante, subcarbonaceis, basi in secco subcollabascentibus; ascis teretiusculis, tenuibus, 8-sporis, filiformi-paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, 10 μ. longis, initio luteolis, 1-guttatis, maturis badio-fuligineis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi fruticosi, Valle Intrasca, It. bor.

25. **Anthostomella conorum** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Amphisphæria conorum* 1052
Fuck. Symb. myc. App. III, p. 20. — Peritheciis sparsis subgregariisve, sub conorum squamarum epidermide, grisea, pustulatim elevata nidulantibus, 1 mill. diam., globosis, atris, ostiolo prominulo, brevi cylindraceo, truncato, aterrimo, perforato, primo spermatoferis, spermatiis cylindraceis, continuis, rectis, hyalinis, 20-24 × 4; demum ascigeris, ascis cylindraceis, in stipitem attenuatis, 8sporis, 104 × 11; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrimque obtusis, continuis, fuscis, demum totis opacis, 15 × 10.

Hab. in squamis conorum dejectis Pini sylvestris sæpius pag. sup., Vollrads (Rhenogovia).

26. **Anthostomella nitidula** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 2, F. ital. 1053
t. 131. — Peritheciis densiuscule gregariis sub epidermide pustulatim elevata et nitide circa quodque peritheciū nigrificata nidu-

lantibus, e globoso lenticularibus, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., membranaceis, nucleo in vivo subolivaceo, ostiolo brevi conoideo-papillato epidermidem tandem perforante; ascis cylindricis, apice obtusatis, 110-120 \pm 10, breve crasseque stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformis saepe guttulatis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblongo-fusoideis, inæquilateralibus, pluriguttulatis, diu hyalinis et 25 \pm 6-7, tandem fuscis, 20 \pm 5.

Hab. in ramulis tenuioribus Carpini Betuli, Selva, Treviso (Italia boreali).

27. **Anthostomella nigrolecta** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Sphæria nigrolecta*. 1054
B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 972. — Peritheciis nitidis centro e cuticula albis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, fuscis monostichis.

Hab. in foliis Ilicis in Carolina inf., America boreali.

28. **Anthostomella limitata** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, pag. 1, Fungi ital. tab. 129. — Peritheciis gregariis sub epidermide leniter tumefacta et circum circa breviter infuscata nidulantibns, membranaceis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam., atris; ostiolo breviter papillato, non vel vix perforante; ascis cylindricis, 70-85 \pm 4-5, breve crassiuscule stipitatis, apice rotundatis, paraphysatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis ovoideis utrinque vel uno apice acutiusculis, continuis 10-12 \pm 4-5, dilute fuligineis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in caulibus ramulisque tenuioribus Corni sanguineæ, (asci 85 \pm 5; sporidia 10-12 \pm 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ -5), Rubi fruticosi (sp. 10-11 \pm 4 $\frac{1}{2}$), Kerriæ japonicæ (sp. 10 \pm 5), Viburni Lantanæ (asci 80 \pm 5; sp. 10-12 \pm 4-5), Rusci aculeati (asci 80-90 \pm 5; sp. 10-11 \pm 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ -5), Angelicæ sylvestris (asci 70 \pm 4; sp. 10-11 \pm 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$), Vincæ majoris et Salicis babylonicae, in agro Tarvisino (Italia bor.); in ramis Salicis Humboldtianæ (asci 90-100 \pm 7-8; sp. 14-16 \pm 5-6), prope Buenos Aires Amer. australis.

29. **Anthostomella Olearum** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 25, Fungi ital. t. 176. — Peritheciis innatis, sparsis, epidermide tumidula et leniter nigrificata velatis, globulosis, breve papillatis, subcarbonaceis; ascis cylindricis, longiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, 130-150 \pm 7-9, apice tunica integra, paraphysibus filiformibus spuriis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis recte monostichis, ellipsoideis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, 12-15 \pm 6-7, saepe 2-guttatis, exappendiculatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice duriore Oleæ europeæ, Conegliano (Italia

bor.). — Accedit ad *Anth. clypeatam* (De Not.) Sacc., quæ ascis subclavatis, peritheciis distincte clypeatis satis recedere videtur.

30. **Anthostomella intermedia** Sacc. Mich. I, 327, Fungi ital. t. 172, 1057
Anthostoma intermedium Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 18, vix
 Nits. — Peritheciis gregariis, cortice nidulantibus, globosis $\frac{1}{2}$ mill.
 diam., breve papillatis, epidermidem denique perforantibus, parum
 nigrificantibus; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis,
 rotundatis, 70–80 \approx 6, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis obvalla-
 tis, octosporis; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, 12–14 \approx 5, quandoque cur-
 vulis, minute 2–3-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis putrescentibus *Salicis vitellinæ*,
 Selva et Treviso (Italia boreali).

31. **Anthostomella Unedonis** (De Not.) Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 175, Mich. 1058
 I, 328, *Sph. Unedonis* De Not. Microm. ital. Decad. IX, fig. VI.
 — Peritheciis gregariis e basi appanata, lenticularibus, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill.
 diam. peridermio circum circa nigrificato tectis, ostiolo brevi erum-
 pente; ascis crasse cylindraceis, apice obtusis, 150 \approx 12–14, stipite
 25 micr. longo, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis asco longio-
 ribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis utrinque rotundatis,
 25 \approx 12, rectis, 1-guttulatis, fuligineis, initio strato hyalino exiguo
 cinctis.

Hab. in truncis corticatis emortuis *Arbuti Unedonis*, Ge-
 nova allo Scoglietto (DE NOTARIS).

32. **Anthostomella Intybi** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc., *Sph. Intybi* Dur. et 1059
 Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 827 et in Fl. Alg. p. 518. — Tecta, atro-
 inquinans; peritheciis sparsis immersis ovato-globosis persistenti-
 bus atris subprominentibus, pro ratione magnis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., pa-
 pilla decidua ostiolatis, nucleo fulvescenti evacuato intus nitidis;
 ascis clavatis 120 \approx 20; sporidiis distichis cymbiformibus, altero la-
 tere gibbis, initio biguttatis fuscidulis, dein 4-guttulatis intense
 fuligineis.

Hab. in caulis *Cichorii Intybi*, Alger (DURIEU). — Ha-
 bitus *Anthostomatis Xylostei* (Pers.).

33. **Anthostomella Baptisiæ** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sph. Baptisiæ* Cooke, Rav. 1060
 Fungi Amer. n. 200, et in Grev. — Sparsa vel subgregaria; pe-
 ritheciis depressis, epidermide nigrificata tectis; ascis obclavatis;
 sporidiis elongato-ellipticis, binucleatis, 14 \approx 4.

Hab. in caulis *Baptisiæ perfoliatae*, Aiken, Carolina
 infer., socia *Phoma Baptisiæ* Cooke.

34. **Anthosnomella chionostoma** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. chiono-* 1061

stoma Dur. et Mont. in Syll. Crypt. n. 845 et in Fl. Alg. p. 521.

— Caulicola; peritheciis innato-erumpentibus convexo-hemisphæricis, atris, epidermide nigricante tectis, ostiolo zona alba farinosa cincto; ascis linearibus, 150-180 \pm 15; sporidiis, 25-30 \pm 12, simplicibus, brunneis, late cymbiformibus, uniseriatis.

Hab. ad caules herbarum, Alger (DURIEU).

II. *Entosordaria*: sporidiis hinc v. utrinque hyalino-appendiculatis.

35. **Anthostomella perfidiosa** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sordaria perfidiosa* De 1062

Not. Recl. pir. in Comm. II, p. 481 (1867). — Corticola; peritheciis majusculis, sparsis, rotundatis, peridermio pustulato et circum circa nigricante tectis, ostiolo valido, mucroniformi, nitido, apice emergente; ascis teretiusculis, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, vertice papillula brevi obtusa hyalina auctis, badio-fuscis.

Hab. in cortice Aceris Pseudoplatani, Riva, (Italia boreali (CARESTIA)).

36. **Anthostomella Poëtschii** Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 41 (1876), *Amphisphaeria umbrinella* Fuck. Symb. myc. 159, Fungi rhen. 2028, nec De Not.! — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, demum erumpentibus, strato pseudostromatico conico elevato apice retuso, atro fusco primitus tectis, majusculis, 0,8 mill. diam., globosis, fragilibus carbonaceis, ostiolo conico; ascis tubulosis, stipite brevi 160-180 \pm 12, sporidiis octonis, monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, rectis, atro-fuscis, episporio fragili subopaco, antice appendiculo brevi conico hyalino, 20-24 \pm 10-12; paraphysibus multis, tenuibus guttulatis, simplicibus vel sparse ramosis.

Hab. in cortice Aceris Pseudoplatani prope Estrich et Kremsmünster (Germania). — Sporidiis non utrinque appendiculatis inox dignoscitur ab *A. umbrinella*. Verisimiliter vero non diversa ab *A. perfidiosa* (De Not.) Sacc.

37. **Anthostomella appendiculosa** (B. et Br.) Sacc. Mich. II, 234 et 1064

Fungi ital. t. 174, *Sphaeria appendiculosa* B. et Br. Brit. Fungi n. 613, t. 7, f. 20. — Peritheciis gregariis v. subsparsis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam.; peridermio circum circa nitide nigricante et adhærente velatis; ostiolo papillato breviter extante; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 130-135 \pm 10-11, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis diu subfusoides sursum acutis, basi appendicula rostriformi obliqua 8 micr. longa, facile secedenti auctis (una cum appendice) 28 \pm 7-8, 4-guttulatis, vel 1-nucleatis, hyalinis, tandem

(etsi rarius et extra ascos) ovoideo-oblongis, continuis, 15-16 \approx 5-6, subfuligineis.

Hab. in sarmenis emortuis Ruborum in Britannia, Italia, Lusitania, Gallia et Argentina (Amer. austr.).

38. **Anthostomella confusa** Sacc. *Sph. appendiculosa* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 967, nec R. et Br. — Peritheciis hic illic congestis, basi epidermide arcte cinctis; ascis oblongis; sporidiis biseriatis fusiformibus quadrinucleatis, 12-13 μ . longis, utrinque appendicula filiformi, recta, hyalina auctis.

Hab. in foliis Sapindi, Texas (C. WRIGHT). — Ab *A. appendiculosa* certe diversa, etsi, ut videtur, immatura descripta.

39. **Anthostomella umbrinella** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphæria umbrinella* De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. IX. fig. V. — Peritheciis globulosis, laxe gregariis, cortice immersis, ostiolo erumpente et circum circa peridermium clavante et nigrificante; ascis teretibus breve stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis 160 \approx 12 sporidiis oblique monostichis ellipsoideis fuligineis, 22-24 \approx 12-14, utrinque apiculo minuto hyalino auctis.

Hab. in cortice Castanearum dealbato prope Genuam (Italia).

40. **Anthostomella Closterium** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. Closterium* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 933. — Minuta, initio epidermide nigro-nitente tecta, dein erumpens; ascis lanceolatis; sporidiis ellipticis utrinque appendice longa curvata, totis 50 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Spirææ opulifoliæ, in montanis New York, America boreali. — Rarius sporidia in duas partes ellipsoideas dividuntur.

41. **Anthostomella rostrispora** (Gerard) Sacc. Mich. I, 25, *Sph. rostrispora* W. R. Gerard, Torr. bot. Cl. Jun. 1874. — Peritheciis gregariis subglobosis, stromate nigro fibrilloso insidentibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ovoideis, fusco-brunneis, 15 \approx 5, appendicula seu rostello hyalino auctis.

Hab. in basi caulis Inulæ Helenii, Amer. bor. — Var. *foliicola* Fungi ital. t. 177; peritheciis epidermide circum circa nigricata tectis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindricis, 91-115 \approx 5, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, 9-14 \approx 4, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis, utrinque rostro curvo hyalino auctis, rostro inferiore 7 μ . longo, superiore 5 μ . longo. — In foliis putrescentibus Castaneæ vescæ, Conegliano (Italia boreali).

42. **Anthostomella achira** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV. n. 128. — Macula nulla; peritheciis sparsis, immersis, lenticulari-globulosis, co-

riaceo-membranaceis, glaberrimis, atris; ascis cylindraceis v. clavatis, sursum plus minusve rotundatis, crasse tunicatis, operculatim dehiscentibus, deorsum breve attenuato-stipitatis, 90-140 \approx 7-10, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis, ellipticis, 16-17 \approx 5 (25 μ . long. cum caudis), quandoque inæquilateralibus, primo hyalinis dein fuligineis, strato mucoso ac ntrinque cauda conico-acutiuscula, sæpe leniter curvula ornatis, grosse 1-guttulatis, levissimis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis putrescentibus Cannæ glaucæ (vulg. Achira) in uliginosis nemorosis, Palermo, Argent. Amer. austr.

43. **Anthostomella mirabilis** Speg. in Rev. Mycol. 1880, p. 28 nota 4, 1070 Mich. II, 313. — Peritheciis globosis subcarbonaceis, atris, parenchymate immersis, ostiolo papillulato exerto donatis, 180-200 micr. diam.; ascis cito diffluentibus; sporidiis elliptico-sublimoniiformibus e latere compressis curvulis, fuligineis, utrinque apiculo hemisphærico, hyalino auctis, strato mucoso obvolutis, sæpe uni-guttatis, 15 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ -6, e latere 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -4 μ . cr.

Hab. in foliis putridis Ananassæ, Toulouse (Gallia).

44. **Anthostomella scotina** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. scotina* Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg. pag. 534 et Mont. Syll. n. 852. — Subinquinans; peritheciis immersis sparsis punctiformibus extus et intus atris cum ostiolo late conico tandem erumpente ovoideis; ascis numerosis cylindricis, sporidiis 6-8 oblongis, 10 μ . longis, tandem fuscis, ex utroque fine obtuso appendiculatis aculeatisve.

Hab. in culmis Scirpi lacustris, La Calle (DURIEU).

45. **Anthostomella unguiculata** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. unguiculata* Mont. 1071 Syll. Crypt. n. 861 et Fl. Chil., VII, p. 464, t. 9, f. 8. — Hypophylla; peritheciis globosis, endogenis, atris; ostiolo eumorpho prominulo; ascis cylindricis 8-sporis; sporidiis, oblongis, simplicibus, fuscis, altero fine unguiculo hyalino instructis.

Hab. in foliis Desfontainiæ?, in Chile (GAY).

46. **Anthostomella italica** Sacc. et Speg. Michel. I, 328, Fungi Ital. 1073 t. 178. — Peritheciis gregariis, foliorum parenchymate immersis, epidermide vix perforata et circum circa breve nigrificata velatis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., brevissime papillatis; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 80-90 \approx 10, paraphysibus (spuriis?) crassisculis, pluriguttulatis, obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, obovatis, curvulis, 18-22 \approx 6-7, 2-guttatis, fuligineis, cauda hyalina 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2 obtusiuscula basi auctis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Sacchari stricti* nostratis, nec non *Bambusæ* cultæ, Susegana (Italia boreali).

***Anthostomella affinis** Sacc. Mich. I. 439. — A typo differt peritheciis duplo majoribus, sporidiis paulo brevioribus; nempe peritheciis $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam.; ascis 90–100 \approx 8; sporidiis 15–16 \approx 6. — In caulis putrescentibus *Galii sylvatici*, Belluno (SPEGAZZ.).

47. **Anthostomella Bambusæ** (Lèv.) Sacc. *Sph.* (conferta) *Bambusæ* 1074

Lèv. Ann. Scien. nat. 3, 1845, p. 50, *Hypopteris Bambusæ* Berk. Dec. of Fungi n. 485. — Peritheciis globosis, confertis, intus albidis, stromate subeffuso carbonaceo nigro obtectis, ostiolis prominulis obtusis; ascis cylindraceis, paraphysatis; sporidiis (sec. Berk.) ellipsoideo-oblongis, fuscis, 14 μ . longis, appendicula hyalina basi auctis.

Hab. ad culmos *Bambusæ arundinaceæ*, in montibus Nangki, in India orientali.

48. **Anthostomella Rehmii** (Thuem.) Rehm Asc. Diagn. n. 387, *Am-* 1075

phisphaeria Rehmii Thuem. Myc. univ. n. 464. — Peritheciis solitariis, epiphyllis, epidermide tectis, demum perforantibus, atris; ascis cylindraceis, curvulis, apice obtusis, hyalinis, 120 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis ovatis, utrinque acuminatis, saepe inaequilateribus, 1–2-nucleatis, polo altero obtusiore ibique appendiculâ hyalina, brevissima caudatis, fuscidulis, uniseriatis, 15 \approx 4,5–5; paraphysibus elongatis, tenuibus, ramosis, hyalinis, Jodi solutione adhibita valde cœrulescentibus.

Hab. in Bavaria, Bayreuth, in *Abietis pectinatae* foliis emortuis ad ramos adhuc vivos, raro.

49. **Anthostomella tomicoides** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, 1, Fungi 1076

ital. t. 130. — Peritheciis sparsis gregariisve membranaceis sub epidermide circum circa nitide nigrificata et adhaerente nidulantibus, sphæroideo-applanatis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris; ostiolo argute conoideo epidermidem perforante et parum superante; ascis cylindricis brevissime crasseque stipitatis, 90–100 \approx 7–8, 8sporis, apaphysatis; sporidiis suboblique monostichis, ovoideis, inaequilateralibus, continuis, minuteque hyalino-appendiculatis.

Hab. ad caules putrescentes *Carlinæ vulgaris*, *Galii sylvatici*, *Salviæ glutinosæ*, *Melampyri nemorosi*, in sylva Montello, Treviso (Italia bor.). — *Anth. Tomico* (Lèv.) et præcipue *Anth. perfidiosæ* (De Not.) affinis, sed satis distincta.

III. *Desciscentes* (Macula stromatica nigra circa ostiolum nulla,
v. saltem non indicata).

50. **Anthostomella Genistæ** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphaeria Genistæ* Crouan 1077

Finist. p. 25. — Peritheciis ligno semiimmersis peridermio tectis,
sphæricis, 1 mill. diam.; ostiolo brevissimo peridermum perforante;
ascis cylindraceis, octosporis, monostichis, cymbiformibus, brun-
neis, 4-guttulatis,

Hab. in ramulis Genistæ scopariæ, Finistère (Gallia).

51. **Anthostomella abdita** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria (Obtectæ) abdita* 1078

B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 857. — Gregaria, epidermide tecta, cor-
tice immersa; ascis brevibus; sporidiis late cymbiformibus quater-
nis cornicoloribus, 15–25 = 8–12.

Hab. in ramis Dipteris odoratæ in Cuba.

52. **Anthostomella Cytisi** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Myriocarpa Cytisi* Fuck. Symb. 1079

myc. p. 116, t. VI, fig. 36. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, sub epi-
dermide nidulantibus, aterrimis, vertice epidermidi dealbatæ ad-
natis simulateque albo-papillatis; ascis breviter stipitatis, oblongis,
obtusis, octosporis 68 = 12; sporidiis lanceolatis, rectis, continuis,
primo 2–4 guttulatis, hyalinis, demum fuscis, 24 = 8.

Hab. in ramulorum alis Cytisi sagittalis prope Oestrich
(Rhenogovia). — Sec. Fuck. spermogonium sistit *Septoriam* (*Psi-*
lothecium) *innumerabilem* Fuck.; peritheciis punctiformibus, sub-
cutaneis; spermatiis tereti-fusoideis, curvatis, 6–7-septatis, 44 = 4,
hyalinis.

53. **Anthostomella Loniceræ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Myriocarpa Loniceræ* 1080

Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 117. — Peritheciis gregariis, numerosissimis,
punctiformibus, subglobosis, atris, tectis, simulate albo-papillatis;
ascis stipitatis, amplis, oblongis, retrorso-attenuatis, curvatis, 8-
sporis, 40 = 10; sporidiis sublistichis, oblongis, utrinque attenuatis,
simplicibus, 3guttulatis, hyalinis (an semper?), 14 = 4.

Hab. in ramis vivis Loniceræ alpigenæ, rarius, Jura
(MORTIER).

54. **Anthostomella africana** (K. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria africana* Kalch. 1081

et Cooke Grev. 1880, p. 29, Tab. 137, f. 29. — Sparsa, caulincola,
erumpens; peritheciis subglobosis, atris, nitidis, pertusis, semi-emer-
sis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, amygdaliformibus,
atro-fuscis, opacis, 22–32 = 12–15.

Hab. in caulis herbaceis in Africa australi.

55. **Anthostomella sulcigena** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. sulcigena* Mont. Syll. 1082
 Crypt. n. 856 et Guy., mss., n. 566. — Seriata; peritheciis tectis,
 hemisphæricis dimidiatis superne fusco-lanatis, epidermidi adnexis,
 ostiolo erumpente punctiformi; ascis diffluentibus; sporidiis ovo-
 deis, fuscis a latere visis plano-concavis, $20 \approx 10$, e latere 5μ . cr.
Hab. in petiolis Palmæ cujusdam, sub epidermide, Cayenna
 (LEPRIEUR).
56. **Anthostomella stegophora** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. stegophora* Mont. 1083
 Syll. n. 854 et Guy. mnss., n. 564. — Bullato-erumpens, tecta,
 lineari-oblonga elongataque; peritheciis seriatis, atris, sphæricis,
 nigro-farctis, stromate concolori immersis; ostiolis globosis pro-
 minulis; sporidiis fuscis ex oblongo amygdaloideis.
Hab. in culmis arundinaceis? Guyana (LEPRIEUR).
57. **Anthostomella oblectans** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria oblectans* Ces. 1084
 Myc. Born. p. 23. — Peritheciis e corticibus grgatim erumpenti-
 bus obovatis vel obconicis, 2–3 mill. altis, atris, lœvigatis, vertice
 rotundato in ostiolum minutum acutum abrupte desinente; nucleo
 albido; paraphysibus capillaribus ascum paullo superantibus; ascis
 filiformibus pro $\frac{2}{3}$ longitudinis in clavulam cylindraceam exeuntibus,
 $30 \approx 2$; sporidiis minutis, $2 \approx 1$, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, simpli-
 cibus, fuscis, octonis.
Hab. in corticibus Sarawak Bornei. — Dimensiones sporidio-
 rum (an ex errore?) justo minores videntur.
58. **Anthostomella palmacea** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphæria palmacea* Cooke 1085
 Calif. Fungi in Grev. VII, p. 12. — Immersa, tecta; peritheciis
 minimis, subglobosis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, unise-
 riatis, constrictis, brunneis, $13 \approx 6$.
Hab. in foliis emortuis Palmarum in California. — Solum-
 modo conspicitur si cuticula tegens madefiat.
59. **Anthostomella Paliuri** H. Fab. Sphær. Vaucl. p. 81, t. I, fig. 12. 1086
 — Peritheciis sparsis, nonnullisve confertis, ligno fracido infixis,
 epidermide tectis, globosis, atris, vertice erumpenti papillatis $\frac{2}{3}$
 mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8-sporis, $70-80 \approx 8$; spo-
 ridiis simplicibus, oblique monostichis, plus minusve regulariter ova-
 libus, fusco-fulvis, $10-15 \approx 5-6$.
Hab. ad ramos emortuos Paliuri aculeati, Vaucluse (Gallia).
60. **Anthostomella delitescens** (De Not.) Sacc. Mich. I, 328. *Sphæ- 1087*
ria delitescens De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. VIII, p. 124, fig. IX. —
 Peritheciis gregariis subcutaneis, globoso-depressis, ostiolis conoi-
 deis vix perforantibus; ascis teretibus, subsessilibus, octosporis,

100–110 \approx 10–12; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, guttulatis, fuligineis, 28–30 \approx 7–7,5.

Hab. ad ramos Ericæ arboreæ prope Genuam (Italia). — Cutis supra perithecia sæpius cinerascit.

61. **Anthostomella nobilis** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 328, F. ital. t. 173. 1088

Peritheciis macula stromatica vix ulla cinctis, globosis papillulatis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., nigris; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis p. sporif. 90 \approx 8, octosporis, paraphysibus guttulatis obvallatis; sporidiis oblongo-ovoideis, 15–16 \approx 6–7, fuligineis, eguttulatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Lauri nobilis putrescentibus, Cogniano (Ital. bor.).

62. **Anthostomella acanthina** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. acanthina* Mont. 1089

Syll. Crypt. n. 866 et in Fl. Alg. p. 533. — Confertim sparsa, epidermide innata, semper tecta; peritheciis globosis minutis pachydermaticis, prominulis, extus intusque atris, poro simplici pertusis; ascis cylindricis 70 \approx 10; sporidiis 15 \approx 6, continua ellipticis obscuris.

Hab. in petiolis foliorum Acanthi mollis, Alger (DURIEU).

63. **Anthostomella Pandani** (Rabh.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Pandani* Rabh. 1090

Hedw. 1878, p. 45. — Gregaria; peritheciis minutis, innatis, atris, glabris; ostiolo brevi, depresso-conico; ascis fasciculatis, anguste cylindraceis, octosporis, tunica tenuissima; sporidiis monostichis, 9–14 \approx 8, continua fuscis.

Hab. in Pandani furcati foliis, sociis spermogoniis, Calcutta.

64. **Anthostomella caulincola** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sordaria caulincola* Cesati 1091

Myc. Born. p. 23. — Gregarie effusa, erumpens, peritheciis depresso-hemisphæricis, brunneis, glabris, opacis, ostiolo minuto coronatis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis octonis, uniserialibus, ovoideis subcymbiformibus, simplicibus, fuscis, 4 \approx 2–3.

Hab. ex epidermide caulino Monocotydoneæ cujusdam marcescentis erumpens, Sarawak (Borneo). — Si volva stellata adesset, certissime habuisse pro *Astrocystide mirabilis*, B. Br. in *fungis Ceylanicis*, p. 87. Dubium prorsus me subigit, num in fungo Berkeleyano de vera volva, a matrice rite discreta, agatur, num disrumpendo epidermis caprina fortuito volvæ formam sumpserit (Ces.).

65. **Anthostomella duplex** Sow., sec. Crouan Finist. p. 25 (*Sphaeria*). 1092

— Sparsa, peritheciis sparsis, tectis, globosis, nigris, ostiolo erumpente, latiusculo, hemisphærico: ascis.....; sporidiis brunneis, cymbiformibus, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in Luzula maxima, Finistere, Gallia (CROUAN); in petiolis Sparganii in Britannia (SOWERBY).

66. **Anthostomella? picacea** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Immersæ) *pi-* 1093
cacea C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. — Peritheciis globo-
 sis, subgregariis, ligno superficie nigro-maculato immersis; ascis
 cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, cylindricis, obtusis, rectis, fuscis,
 $10 \approx 4$.

Hab. in caulis decorticatis Vaccinii, New Jersey. — An
 Anthostoma?

67. **Anthostomella? Visci** (Kalchbr.) Sacc. *Dothidea Visci* Kalchbr. 1094
 Spes. Gomb. in Hedw. 1869, p. 117. — Peritheciis dense grega-
 riis, confluentibusve, globoso-complanatis, epidermide rupta cinctis,
 atris, nucleo albo firmo; ascis amplis, cylindraceis octosporis, pa-
 raphysibus ramosis obvallatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, majusculis,
 fuscis.

Hab. in Visco in Ungaria.

68. **Anthostomella? Steinheilii** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Steinheilii* Mont. 1095
 Syll. n. 868 et in Ann., 2, I, p. 285, t. 13, f. 8 (*Sphæria*). —
 Innata, amphigena, convexa, oblonga lanceolatave, nigra nitida,
 macula fusca cincta; peritheciis minimis tectis atro-farctis, stro-
 mate fuscescente immersis, ostiolis aliis impressis; ascis....; spo-
 ridiis ellipsoideo oblongis, 2-3 guttatis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Chamæropis humilis, Bone (Gal-
 lia) (STEINHEIL). — Species perdubia. Cl. Montagne primitus spo-
 ridia pro ascis habuit et guttulas pro sporidiis, quæ emendavit in
 Sylloge sua. De colore quoque sporidiorum cl. auct. silet.

ASTROCYSTIS B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon p. 123, t. 7, f. 36. (Etym.
aster et *cystis*, ob indumentum stellatum peritheciorum). — Pe-
 rithecia opaca, globosa, peridermio tecta, mox erumpentia papil-
 lata, sigillatim e volva stellata erumpentia. Ascii cylindracei, octo-
 spori. Sporidia ovoideo-oblonga, fusca.

1. **Astrocystis mirabilis** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon l. c. n. 1078. — 1096
Hab. in culmis emortuis Bambusæ, Peradeniya (Ceylon). —
 Dense gregaria; volva ((an ex peridermio orta?)) saepius in 6
 lacinias fissa, perithecium unicum rarissime bina includens; peri-
 thecia obtusiuscule papillata pertusa (ex icone), minuta, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. cr.;
 ascii teretes deorsum attenuati; sporidia oblique monosticha, ovoi-
 deo-oblonga, 1-nucleata, 12-13 \approx 6-7.

ANTHOSTOMA Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 110 (Etym. *anthos*, flog, et *sto-
 ma*, ostiolum, ob formam ostiolorum *Anth. decipientis*). — Stro-

ma late effusum eutypeum v. vaseum v. verruciforme, corticolum v. lignicolum. Perithecia membranacea, nunquam vere carbonacea, stromate immersa. Ascii typice cylindracei, octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia ellipsoideo-oblonga, fuliginea, — Spermogonia in paucis nota cytisporea.

I. *Euanthostoma*: stromate late effuso, eutypeo.

1. **Anthostoma melanotes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. Mich. I, 326, Fungi ital. 1097

t. 164, *Sph. melanotes* B. et Br. Fungi n. 634, t. 9, fig. 6 (1852).

— Stromate effuso ligno omnino immerso, ejusque superficiem nigriticante ac maculas formante, plerumque elongatas, saepe confluentes, fuscescentes vel tandem nigricantes, opacas, postremo intus quoque nigro-limitato; peritheciis exiguis, depresso globosis, omnino immersis, monostichis, laxe sparsis, ostiolo exerto, minutissimo, integro, conico v. hemisphaerico, nitidulo, tandem perforato instructis; ascis cylindricis breviter pedicellatis, octospori, paraphysibus simplicibus, esepatatis obvallatis, $70 \pm 7,5$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, obtuse fusiformibus, rectis v. rarius nonnihil inaequilateralibus, nigricantibus, $12-14 \pm 5-6$.

Var. *Schmidii* (Auersw.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 116, Sacc. Fungi italicici t. 163. A specie vix differt ascis sporidiisque paulo angustioribus, primis $80 \pm 4-5$, postremis $13-14 \pm 4-5$.

Hab. species et varietas in ramis decorticatis Fraxini, Fagi, Quercus, Rhamni, Castaneæ, Alni, Pyri Mali in Germania, Helvetia, Italia, Britannia et Fennia.

2. **Anthostoma tomentosum** (Ehrenb.) Sacc. Cfr. Nits. Pyr. Germ. 1098

p. 117. — *A. melanoti* affine, differt stromatibus brunneo-ochraceis, pilis conidiophoris subtomentosis; ostiolis minoribus, rotundis, nitidis; ascis..... resorptis; sporidiis ovoideis, 6 ± 4 , rectis fuligineis.

Hab. in lignis in Germania (herb. KUNZE).

3. **Anthostoma ferrugineum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 118. — Stromate 1099

immerso, effuso, in ligno superficie maculas ferrugineas, elongatas, striæformes, raris ellipticas v. suborbicularis ac parum elevatas efficiente, parte immersa tamquam ligni substantia nigricante formata ac tandem nigro-limitata; peritheciis alte immersis, monostichis sed ordine inaequali dispositis, singulis in soros arctius confertis quorum mediis concentricis, marginalibus vero conniventibus, symmetricis, omnibus autem globosis, minutis, aterrimis, in collum longum, tenui, cylindricum subito attenuatis; ostiolis nunc vix exsertis, minutissimis, perforatis, umbilicatis, nunc contra elongatis.

gatis, cylindricis vel nonnihil ventricoso-incrassatis, subtorulosis, dense stipatis; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, eseptatis, crassiusculis obvallatis, octosporis, 80–100 = 8 p. sporif.; sporidiis recte v. oblique monostichis, ovalibus, rectis, nigricantibus, 12 = 5–6.

Hab. in ligno putrido Carpini, Betuli et Salicis prope Münster et Oestrich (Germania). — *Habitus fere Endoxylæ.*

4. **Anthostoma venetum** Sacc. Mich. I, 25, Fungi ital. tab. 128. — 1100
Peritheciis laxe gregariis ligno immutato v. parum infuscato immersis, globosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., aterrimis, ostiolo conoideo-truncato, ligni superficiem attingente, dein perforato; ascis cylindraceis, 120–130 = 18, breviter stipitatis, apice tunica integra crassiuscula truncatis, octosporis; sporidiis, oblique monostichis, ovato-oblongis, 30 = 12–13, utrinque obtusiusculis, crasse 1–3-nucleatis (nucleis quandoque oblique rimosis), intense fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno putrescente Pyri v. Mali socia *Propoli versicolori* Fr. f. *lactea*, Conegliano, Italia bor. (SPEGAZZINI).

5. **Anthostoma urophorum** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 327, Fungi ital. t. 166. — *Stromate superficiali in lignum breve penetrante, albicans, perithecia singula v. pauca ambiente, subcirculari, minuto; peritheciis ligno immersis, globulosis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam. nigris, ostiolo breve papillato parum emergente; ascis cylindraceis, 100–110 = 8, breve stipitatis, apice, lumine integro, obtusis, paraphysibus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-ovoideis, 15–22 = 5–6 $\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque acutiusculis, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis, basi apiculo hyalino, raro sub-lobulato auctis.*

Hab. in ligno decorticato (Ulm?) putrescente, Conegliano, Italia bor., vere 1877, rarissime.

6. **Anthostoma atro-punctatum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. atro-punctata* Schw. Carol. n. 44, Fr. S. M. II, 351, *Diatrype atro-punctata* Berk., Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 66, fig. 70. — *Latissime effusa, laevis, ligni superficiem dealbans, intus aterrima, peritheciis sparsis, ostiolis punctiformibus nigris; ascis crasse cylindraceis, breve stipitatis; sporidiis submonostichis, ovoideo-navicularibus, 25–30 = 8–9, fuligineis, granulosis.*

Hab. in ramis decorticatis crassioribus, quercinis præsertim, Carolina, Ohio, Florida, New York, Amer. bor. — *Latissime, interdum viginti pedum longitudine ambit arbores emortuas, adhuc stantes, subæquale, hinc inde rugulosum, margine nigro undulato limitatum; perithecia monosticha, non conferta, tecta stromate tenui*

nitente, adeo rigido, ut cultro dissecto, strideat; ostiola convexa, lævia, nitida, superficiem nigro-punctatam reddunt.

7. **Anthostoma areolatum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 115. — Stromate effuso, ligno immerso, parte immersa ligni substantia, specie immutata formata sed undique nigro-limitata, in superficie sæpe non-nihil elevata ac peritheciis parum protuberantibus tuberculosa, ceterum lævi, fere nitidula, mox nigrificata, maculas sistente, nunc breves, ovatas v. ellipticas, nunc contra elongatas sæpeque confluentes; peritheciis subglobosis v. sæpius a latere parum compressis, majusculis, irregulariter sed plerumque dense ac monostichae sparsis, parte superiore plus minus emergentibus, ligno v. stromatis strato extimo, tenuissimo, nigrificato tectis, ostiolo minutissimo, papillæformi, integro, tandem poro angusto pertuso in vertice coronatis (rarissime occurrunt ostiola elongata, cylindrica, recta v. fasciculatim erumpentia); ascis cylindricis, breviter basim versus attenuatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus simplicibusque ob-vallatis, 65-72 \pm 9-10; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovalibus, utrinque rotundatis, obtusissimis, rectis, nigrificantibus, 10-12 \pm 6-7.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus decorticatis *Fagi sylvaticæ*, prope Münster (Germania).

8. **Anthostoma discinolum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. discincola* Schw. Carol. n. 63, Fr. S. M. II, 368, Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 106, fig. 105. — Emerso-superficiale, peritheciis globosis confertis nigris truncato-annulatis, furfure cinereo-albo obrutis; ascis..... jam resorptis; sporidiis subgloboso-ovoideis v. ellipsoideis, 15 μ . long., atro-fuligineis.

Hab. in disco truncorum cæsorum Mali in Carolina (America bor.). — Irregulare, subrotundum, rugosum, stromate tenui nigro in ligno profunde penetrans; perithecia sparsa, majuscula, urceolata, ore minuto orbiculari coarctato, apice aperta, sed ex massa farinacea (papilla insititia) obturata.

9. **Anthosoma exutans** (Cooke) Sacc. *Diatrype exutans* Cooke Fungi of Texas p. 143. — Late effusum, nigrum, subcuticulare; ostiolis punctiformibus, depresso; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque attenuatis, brunneis, uninucleatis, 15 \pm 8.

Hab. in ligno vetusto quercino, Houston, Texas (Amer. bor.) et Maungaroa (Nova Zelandia).

10. **Anthostoma inquinans** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 114. — Stromate effuso, interrupto, ambiente v. brevi, maculæformi, matrici omnino innato, superficie sola, atro-inquinata, immo aterrima, opa-

ca, peritheciis irregulariter v. gregatim sparsis, paullo prominentibus taberculosa; stromatis maculis, saltem in matrix superficie, finibus certis haud circumscriptis; peritheciis exiguis, subglobosis, laxe sparsis ac vix umquam compressis, parietibus crassis instructis substrati strato supremo, haud fucato immersis, plus minus extantibus, singulis tuberculo ligneo inclusis, ostiolis minimis, papillæformibus, integerrimis, tandem poro, pro ratione latiusculo pertusis, tubercula coronantibus; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, octosporis, membrana crassa, paraphysibus tenuissimis, filiformibus simplicibusque obvallatis, 140–180 \approx 12; sporidiis oblique v. recte monostichis, ovalibus, utrinque rotundatis, obtusissimis, rectis, nigricantibus, 20 \approx 7–8.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis *Aceris campestris*, Cappenberg (Germania) raro.

11. **Anthostoma italicum** Sacc. et Speg. Michel. I, 326, Fungi ital. 1107 t. 165. — Stromate superficiali, hinc inde varie effuso, nigricante; peritheciis gregariis cauli decorticato immerso-prominulis, globoso-depressis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., papillulatis, nigris; ascis cylindraceis, 80–100 \approx 8–10, breve stipitatis, apice obtusis, lumineque sub-trifoveolato, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, 25 \approx 7–8, curvulis, 2– (raro 1–) guttulatis, utrinque brevissime hyalino-apiculatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in caulibus herbarum majorum putrescentibus, Conegliano, Febr. 1877.

12. **Anthostoma intermedium** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 117. — Stromate 1108 ligno v. cortici innato et in eorum superficie ceterum haud mutata v. peritheciis protuberantibus parum pustulato-elevata maculas formante minutis, irregulares, approximatas, immo confluentes, ex cinereo sordide nigricantes, rarius peridermio adhærente, atro-inquinato tecto, sæpissime contra tandem, peridermio secesso, libero; peritheciis in singula macula paucis tantum, immo singulibus, minutis, depresso globosis, monostichis, matrix substantiæ incoloratae nunc omnino immersis, nunc plus minus emergentibus, collo brevissimo ostioloque pro ratione majusculo, conico v. truncato, nitidulo; peritheciis 2–6 sæpe confertioribus, conniventibus, symmetricis; ascis cylindricis, breviter pedicellatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, unicellularibus, crassiusculis longe superatis, octosporis, 72 \approx 8 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovalibus, rectis, fuscis, 12 \approx 6.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Pruni spinosæ* prope Münster (Ger-

- mania). — Inter *A. melanotes* et *A. ferrugineum* fere medium.
13. **Anthostoma pithodes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Diatrype pithodes* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1081. — Latissimum, stromate tenui nigro; superficie picea nitente; peritheciis oblongis; ostiolis papillæformibus; sporidiis magnis cymbiformibus apiculatis, 25×12 .
Hab. in ligno putri, Ceylon et Borneo. — Affine *S. Clypeo* (Schw.) quæ vero sporidiis minutis, ellipsoideis, utitur.
14. **Anthostoma polynesia** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. polynesia* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 931. — Oblongum; peritheciis conditis; ascis filiformibus, sporidiis fuscis, oblongis, 7μ . longis.
Hab. in lignis in montanis Virginiae, Amer. bor. — Format maculas oblongas, nigras ostiolis punctulatas.
15. **Anthostoma carbonescens** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 114. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, forma varia, irregulari, sæpe interrupto nec in ligni superficie finibus certis circumscripto, matrici omnino immerso ejusque stratum supremum ex fuligineo nigrificans ac tamquam in carbonem mutante; peritheciis grandiusculis, exacte globosis, rarius a latere compressis, sine ordine sparsis, nunc laxe distributis, nunc in cæspites v. series elongatas densius congregatis parte inferiore substrato immersis, superiore protuberante, ligni strato extimo, nigrificato, tenui tectis, in collum brevissimum subito angustatis, ostiolis hemisphæricis, papillæformibus, integerim, majusculis tandemque poro angustissimo pertusis; subinde peritheciis 2-3 tantum, immo singularibus stromate minimo, maculæforme exceptis; ascis cylindricis, breviter pedicellatis v. subsessilibus, octosporis, paraphysibus simplicibus, filiformibus obval-latis, 120×10 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, inæquilateralibus, atrofuscis, $16-18 \times 7-8$.
Hab. in ligno Carpinii Betuli, Estrich (Rhenogovia) ubi legit FUCKEL.
16. **Anthostoma microplacum** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Diatrype* (Lignosæ) *microplaca* B. et C. Cuban Fungi u. 839. — Tenui, orbiculare, hy-pophœum, ostiolis minutis papillæformibus parce notatum; «ascis teretibus, stipitatis, $37-50 \times 4-5$ octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, inæquilateralibus, $5-6 \times 3,5-4$, monostichis, olivaceo-fuligineis».
Hab. in corticibus Laurorum in Carolina infer. et Cuba. — Affine *A. hypophœo*.
17. **Anthostoma capnoides** (Berk.) Sacc. *Diatrype capnoides* Berk. Dec. of Fung. n. 70. Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 69, fig. 74. — Effusum nigro-griseum, leviusculum, sed ostiolis prominulis punctulatum;

ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis 10–12 \approx 5–6, fuscis dein atro-fuligineis, minute guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis, in Nova Hollandia (Australia). — *Habitus fere Diatrypes Stigmatis.*

18. **Anthostoma grandineum** (B. et R.) Sacc. *Diatrype grandinea* B. 1114 et R. North Amer. Fungi n. 851^{bis}. — Late decorticans, transversim rimosum, ostiolis frequentissimis asperum; stromate subrufo; ascis clavatis; sporidiis fuscis subellipticis.

Hab. in ram quercinis in Carolina infer., Amer. bor. (RAVENEL). — Atiquot uncias latum, rufescens.

19. **Anthostoma anceps** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. Myc. Lib. II, n. 50, 1115 t. XIX, fig. 2. — Peritheciis cortice innatis, globosis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. d., ostiolo obtuso pertuso parum emergente; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 140–150 \approx 11–14, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis ellipsoideo-oblongis, 22–25 \approx 10–11, fuligineis, superne obtuse hyalino-apiculatis, crasse 1-guttatis.

Hab. in corticibus crassioribus Coniferarum, Malmedy (Germania). — Affine *A. Veneto*, a quo sporidiis apiculatis recedit; habitu admodum accedit ad *Valsarium apiculatum*, sed sporidia continua.

20. **Anthostoma Phillyreæ** (Mont.) Sacc. *Diatrype Phillyreæ* Mont. 1116 Syll. crypt. n. 746 et in Fl. Alg. p. 458 (*Sphæria*). — Effusum, serpens, convexo-depressum, ambitu repandum, nigrum, initio albo-punctatum, tandem inæquabile; peritheciis ovoideis, erectis in collum attenuatis, rufo-farctis, evacuatis, atris, nitidis; ostiolis impressis; ascis clavatis, 90 μ . longis; sporidiis 8 amygdaliformibus fuscis, altero latere gibbosis, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice et ligno *Phillyreæ* mediæ, Philippeville Algeriæ (DURIEU).

21. **Anthostoma defossum** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. defossa* Dur. 1117 et Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 820. Fl. Alg., I, p. 513, t. 26, f. 5 a-h. — Immersum; peritheciis globosis, in tuberculo ligneo aterrimo nidualibus, intus cinereis, ostiolo in foveola vix prominulo; sporidiis cymbiformibus, fuscescentibus, biserialibus, 4-guttulatis, 20 \approx 10.

Hab. in caulis *Atropæ frutescentis*, etc. Algeria (DURIEU).

22. **Anthostoma cubiculare** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 119. *Sphæria cubicularis* Fr. S. M. II, 477. *Sordaria Fleischhackii* Auersw. 1118 Corticis crassioris v. ligni substantia in peritheciorum circuitu ac

præsertim in superficie, ut videtur (fungi stromate), exalbescente ac tubercula sistente minuta orbicularia elevata albida, haud raro confluentia, peritheciis ostiolis pulchre nigropunctata; peritheciis in tuberculo (stromate) nunc singularibus nunc contra gregatim sociatis, globosis, confertis, 2-6, plerumque seriatim ordinatis, minutis, v. depresso, matrici omnino immersis, collo brevi, pro ratione crassiusculo, ostiolo aterrimo, minuto, hemisphærico, integro, poro tandem pertuso, parum v. vix exerto; ascis cylindricis, breviter basim versus attenuatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, tenuissimis, simplicibus stipatis, 160 \pm 16; sporidiis oblique monostichis, late ovalibus, rectis, utrinque rotundatis, obtusissimis, rarius acutiusculis, fuscis, 18-22 \pm 10-14.

Hab. in ligno putrescente Cratægi, Ulmi, Pini in Suecia, Germania, Gallia et Britannia.

23. **Anthostoma syciospermum** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. syciospermum* Dur. et Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 838, et Fl. Alg. p. 519. — Subglobosum, erumpens, uniloculare, stromate ligneo extus aterrimo tectum; perithecio simplici sphærico, membranaceo, nigro-farcto, evacuato fulvo, ostiolo nullo; ascis clavato-cylindricis, sporidia oblongo-attenuata, peponis seminibus simillima, brunnea, opaca, 25 \pm 15 foventibus.

Hab. in ramulo Quercus cocciferæ, Alger (DURIEU).

24. **Anthostoma sustentum** (Plow.) Sacc. *Sph. sustenta* Plowr. Calif. 1120 Sphær. Grevill. VII, p. 73. — Peritheciis immersis; ostiolis inter fibras dealbatas matricis erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis, 150 \pm 10-15; sporidiis ovoideis, atrofuscis dein nigricantibus, 20-25 \pm 10-11.

Hab. in ramis dealbatis Arctostaphyli in California. — Stroma minus manifestum, ligni fibras dealbans.

25. **Anthostoma Oxyacanthæ** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Oxyacanthæ* Mont. 1121 Syll. Crypt. n. 836 et in Cast. Suppl., p. 48. — Obiectum; peritheciis sphæricis in ligno albescente semiimmersis confertis, extus intusque nigris opacis, ostiolo conico-acuminato; sporidiis ellipticis continuis brunneis, a latere visis coffeæformibus.

Hab. in ramis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ in Gallia australi (CASTAGNE).

26. **Anthostoma Xylostei** (Pers.) Sacc. F. ital. t. 162. *Sph. Xylostei* Pers. Disp. p. 4. *Amph. Xylostei* Pers. De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 71, t. LXXIV. — Peritheciis sparsis vel adproximatis seriatis, ligno v. cortice insculptis, peridermio nigrificato tectis, dein emergentibus, sphæroideis, ostiolis conoideis, apice subtruncatis, prominulis,

poro exiguo hiantibus, fragilibus, atris; ascis brevissime pedicellatis, cylindraceis, $140-150 \approx 12-14 \mu.$; sporidiis octonis, oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, vel sphæroideo-ellipsoideis, sæpe plasmate bipartito et simulate uniseptatis, non constrictis, fuscis, $15-17 \approx 9-11$; paraphysibus gracilibus, brevibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis v. denique decorticatis *Loniceræ Xylostei* et *L. balearicæ* in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Fennia, Italia, Algeria. — Prima ætate ad *Anthostomellam* nutat.

27. **Anthostoma alpigenum** (Fuck.) Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. IV. 18, F. ital. 1123

t. 161. *Amphisphæria alpigena* Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 304.

Anth. oreophilum Sacc. M. V. n. 228. — Peritheciis subgregariis sparsisve, sub epidermide nigrificata nidulantibus, *Anth. Xylostei* minoribus, globosis, nigris; ostiolis conico-papillatis, senio, papilla delapsa, latiuscule hiantibus; ascis cylindraceis, $120-130 \approx 13$, apice rotundatis, basi breviter attenuato-stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, minute guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, amplis, ovoideis, sed e latere conspicue compressis, $20-25 \approx 12-13,5$, utrinque obtusiusculis, sæpius curvulis, multiguttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis ramulisque *Loniceræ alpigenæ* et *nigræ* in sylvaticis alpinis Helvetiæ et Italiæ bor. — Ad *Anthostomellam*, saltem in ætate juniore, nutat.

28. **Anthostoma Hederæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Amphisphæria Hederæ* Fuck. 1124

Symb. Myc. App. I. p. 16. — Peritheciis e maximis, sparsis, sub epidermide nigrificata nidulantibus, depresso-globosis, nigris, subtilissime papillatis, demum perforatis; ascis cylindraceis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, cum guttulis 4, magnis, fuscis, $26 \approx 10$.

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis *Hederæ Helicis*, Neuchâtel (Helvetia) ubi legit cl. MORTIER.

29. **Anthostoma hiascens** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 113. *Sph. hiascens* Fr. S. M. II. 477. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, indeterminato, ligni durissimi strato supremo nigrificato, in superficie tandem expallenti immerso, primum pilis longiusculis (conidiferis), ex fusco nigricantibus dense obsito; peritheciis omnino immersis depresso globosis, monostichis, nunc fere sparsis nunc contra, sed rarius, dense confertis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis valde incrassatis, grandiusculis, superficialibus, abbreviatis, rimis plerumque 4 alte ac radiatim quadripartitis, deinde fere

cupiliformibus; sporidiis obtuse fusiformibus, obscure nigricantibus, rectis v. inæquilateralibus, 32-36 \approx 8.

Hab. in trunco decorticato duro Fagi sylvaticæ in Suecia et Germania, ut videtur, rarius.

30. **Anthostoma decipiens** (De C.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 111. Sacc. 1126

Myc. Ven. p. 142. t. XIV, fig. 43-46, F. it. t, 167. *Sphæria decipiens* DC. Fl. fr. II, 285. *Sph. floriformis* Sow. — Stromate latissime effuso, indeterminato, cortici crassiori innato eumque ex cinereo mox extus intusque atroinquinante, superficie tandem exalbescente primum vero pilis aterrimis conidiferis suberectis, septatis, longiusculis, apice simpliciter v. verticillatim ramosis, rarius omnino simplicibus dense vestito; conidiis subcylindricis, utrinque acutiusculis, curvulis, hyalinis unicellularibus, in pilis eorumque ramulis acrogenis; spermogoniis sub corticis strato extimo natis, plerumque oblongis, margine repandis, seriatim saepe ordinatis, multilocularibus, auratis, locellis innumeris, ordine haud perspicuo dispositis; spermatiis linearis-cylindricis, tenuissimis, curvatis, in cirrhos v. glebas rubras v. aureas tandem eructatis; peritheciis, monostichis, densissime stipatis, crassiusculis, ovatis v. subglobosis, aterrimis, omnino immersis, collis longiusculis ostiolisque in crassatis, apice rimis plerumque 6 exaratis pulchreque radiato-stellatis; ascis cylindricis, brevi-pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, basi septatis longissime superatis 60-70 \approx 5-6 stip. 15-20 μ . longo; sporidiis ovalibus, rectis v. rarius non-nihil inæquilateralibus, oblique monostichis, nigricantibus, 7-8 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in truncis decorticatis corticatisque Carpinii, rarius in Acere, Betula, Quercu, Fago in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Britannia et Belgio.

31. **Anthostoma? scoriadeum** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. scoriadea* Fr. El. II. 1127

87, *Verrucaria conferta* Tayl. — Innatum, stromate late effuso latente nigro, peritheciis corneis confertis hemisphærico-prominulis nitidis pertuis albofarctis; ascis.....; sporidiis distichis, fusoides sublageniformibus, rufo-brunneis, utrinque pallidioribus, 40-70 μ . longis, junioribus hyalino-obvolutis.

Hab. in cortice Betulæ albæ et lentæ in Britannia, Suecia. — Perenne! lichenosum, facie *Verrucariæ nitidæ* Ach., a qua vero abunde differt stromate subpulverulento nigro sub epidermide omnino latente, late effuso, ramos ambiente et cortici interiori innato. — Perithecia cornea! subglobosa, innata, hemisphærico-prominula, lœvia, nitida, atra, ostiolo simplici pertusa, admodum

conferta, sed non confluentia. Nucleo albo evacuato, intus nigrescunt. An lichen? Cfr. Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 188, fig. 187.

II. *Fuckelia* Nits. em.: stromate valseo, v. erumpenti-verruciformi.

32. **Anthostoma turgidum** (P.) Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 121. Sacc. F. it. t. 1128 168. *Sphaeria turgida* Pers. Obs. myc. I. 17. *Valsa turgida* Fr. S. V. S. 412. *Sphaeria sphinctrina* Fr. S. M. II. 400 (verisimiliter). — Stromate valseo, corticis interioris parenchymate, specie immutato formato ejusque strato supremo basi innato, pustulato ac peridermio arcte adhærente tecto, depresso hemisphærico, obsoleto; spermogoniis late conicis, multilocularibus; spermatiis cylindricis, curvulis, hyalinis, minimis, in sterigmatibus densissime cæspitosis, brevibus, simplicibus, unicellularibus acrogenis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-8, majusculis, globosis, circinantibus, confertis, adscendentibus, aterrimis, rigidis, ostiolis in discum minutum, concavum, ex fusco nigricantem conjunctis, rarissime plus minus exsertis, obtuse conicis; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, crassiusculis, esepatatis stipatis, octosporis, 100-120 \approx 7-8; sporidiis monostichis, late ovalibus, rectis, utrinque rotundatis, nigricantibus, 8-12 \approx 5-7.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Fagi sylvaticæ* in Britannia, Suecia, Belgio, Italia, Gallia, Germania. — Huc forte spectat *Pyrenodochium atrum* Bon. Abhandl. p. 164.

33. **Anthostoma gastrinum** (Fr.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 143, Tab. 1129 XIV, f. 52-57, Fungi ital. t. 169-170. *Sphaeria gastrina* Fr. S. M. II. 379. *Sph. irregularis* Sow. *Hypoxylon gastrinum* Fr. serius. *Melogramma gastrinum* Tul. *Quaternaria Nitschkii* Fuck. (forma *corticola*), *Phæosperma gastrinum* Nits. — Acervulis majusculis, sparsis, subrotundis, repandisque applanatis, subinde confluentibus, cortici immersis lignoque adnatis et epidermide parum sublevata et nigrificata tectis; stromate corticolo e substantia corticali parum mutata efformato sed zona nigra, saepe 2-3 acervulos complectente, undique limitato; peritheciis majusculis sphæroideis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris, intus nitidis, varia profunditate immersis, in quoque acervulo 8-42, ostiolis cylindricis pro loco plus minusve elongatis $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ mill. rectis v. subconvergentibus, apice non incrassato in discum leniter convexum lævigatum obscure punctato-areolatum, nigrum, plerumque epidermide atroinquinata tectum desinentibus; ascis cylindricis breviter stipatis, 90-120 \approx 5, paraphysibus filiformibus simplicibus, guttulatis, obvallatis, 8spo-

ris; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, $10-14 \times 4\frac{1}{2}-5$, utrinque rotundatis, fuligineis, dein opacis, sæpiissime 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in cortice trunci v. ramorum Ulmi, Rhamni, Carpinii, Quercus, Castaneæ, Mori in Britannia, Belgio, Gallia, Germania, Suecia, Italia, Amer. bor. — Sec. Fuck. hujus st. conidicus sistit *Myxosporium sanguineum* Fuck. conidiis oblongis, 20×8 , hyalinis, stipitatis. — Species hæc statu normali et perfecte evoluto reperitur qualis supra descripta est, i. e. stromate in corticem omnino immerso et e substantia corticali parum mutata efformato; serius vero, cortice ex parte v. ex integro dejecto, conceptacula in ligni superficie libera evadunt, crasseq. pulvinata et *Melogramma* v. *Hypoxylon* quodammodo æmulantur: sed hoc Valseis quoque sæpiissime accedere solet: satius igitur videtur *Anthostomi* subjungi quam inter Melogrammeas speciem litigiosam, sed typice valseam, collocari.

34. **Anthostoma tæniosporum** Sacc. Mycol. Ven. Spec. p. 143, t. XIV, 1130 f. 47-51. Fungi it. t. 171. — Acervulis minutis, sparsis, subrotundis repandisve, convexo-depressis, fuscis, libro immersis et epidermide nigrificata primo tectis, dein lacerata cinctis, stromate subvalseo nigricante, tandem subevanescente et perithecia subnuda relinquent; peritheciis submonostiche circinatis, in quoque acervulo 6-10, atris intus nitidis, diam vix $\frac{1}{3}$ mill., ovato-subrotundis, leniter conniventibus, ostiolis brevissimis, v. latentibus, tandem perforatis; ascis cylindricis basi attenuatis, breve stipitatis, 120×15 , 8sporis, paraphysibus crasse filiformibus simplicibus obvallatis; sporidiis recte v. suboblique monostichis ellipsoideis, plerumque 18-20 \times 10, rarius 15×12 , 2-3-guttulatis, primo luteolis, tandem fuligineo-nigricantibus, vitta angustissima alba sæpe tortuosa longitudinali (ex interruptione plasmatis orta) notatis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum emortuorum Quercus pedunculatæ in sylva Montello (Ital. bor.), raro. — Ob sporidia magna ad *A. cubiculare* accedit sed stromate, sporidiorum vittis aliisque differt: ab *A. turgido* peritheciis minoribus et sporidiorum fabrica recedit: ab utroque loco natali diverso.

35. **Anthostoma ostropoides** Rehm, Ascom. n. 520 et in Diagn. n. 520. 1131 — Stromatibus albidis, convexis vel subglobosis, sæpe pisiformibus, $2-3 \mu$. diam., in cortice vel ligno immersis, denique, cortice dilacerato et elapso, fere sessilibus; peritheciis in stromate 1-4 monostichis, magnis, globosis, in colla discreta, usque ad 1 mill. long., 0,5 mill. lat. elongatis; ostiolis integris sæpe tuberculiformiter supra

corticis superficiem extantibus, poro concavo, griseo, haud pertuso; ascis clavatis, apice incrassatis, 8sporis, 180 ± 15 ; sporidiis 2-stichis, fuscis, ellipticis, 2-3 nucleis magnis præditis, 36 ± 10 ; paraphysibus longis, filiformibus, nucleatis, c. 3 μ . cr.

Hab. ad ramos sicclos Rosæ caninæ in monte apud «Ham-melburg» Franconiæ bavaricæ (DR. RHEM.).

36. **Anthostoma linospermum** (Mont.) Sacc. *Diatrype linosperma* Mont. 1132

Syll. Crypt. n. 749 et in Fl. Alg. p. 467 (*Sphæria*). — Conico-truncatum, magnum; stromate lutescenti-olivaceo; peritheciis ovato-oblongis amplis intus atro-nitidis, in collum elongatum attenuatis, conceptaculo dimidiato cingente tectis, ostiolis hemisphæricis supra discum planum aut convexum aterrimum prominulis; ascis cylindricis, 160 ± 15 ; sporidiis 8, imbricatis, cymbiformibus 18-20 \pm 3, fuscis.

Hab. ad corticem trunci Pistaciæ Lentisci, Mostaganem Aigeriæ (DURIEU).

37. **Anthostoma Eterio** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (confluentes) *Eterio* 1133

B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1115. — Peritheciis in glebulam um-brinellam conglomeratis; ostiolis punctiformibus prominulis; sporidiis late ellipticis $11 \pm 6,5$.

Hab. in truncis, Habgalla (Ceylon).

38. **Anthostoma Plowrightii** (Niessl) Sacc. *Fuckelia Plowrightii* Niessl 1134

in Hedw. 1875, p. 130. *Dothidea tetraspora*. Plowr. Sph. brit. n. 18 (nec B. et Br.). — Stromatibus erumpentibus, 2-3 mill. lat. nigris, gregariis; peritheciis stromate immersis et cum eo concre-scentibus, subsphæricis, vertice conico prominentibus; ascis cylindricis, longe stipitatis, octosporis, $140 \pm 7-8$, tunica apice incrassata, paraphysatis; sporidiis monostichis continuis oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, fuligineis, opacis, $10-14 \pm 6-7$.

Hab. in ramis Ulicis in Britannia.

39. **Anthostoma conostomum** (Mont.) Sacc. *Valsa conostoma* Mont. 1135

Syll. Crypt. n. 763 et Cent. II, n. 51, in Ann., 2, XIV, p. 321. — Gregarium, obovatum, initio velo tomentoso umbrino vestitum, de-mum nigrum transversim striatum, bicorticatum, cortice exter-iori seu conceptaculo rugoso fragilissimo; peritheciis in singulo conceptaculo paucis, 2-3, oblongo-quadratis, amplis; intus evacua-tis fuscis, ostiolis conicis brevibus apice, nitidis; ascis magnis clavatis 8-sporis, sporidia subcymbiformia pellucida, nucleo tandem obscuro, foventibus.

Hab. ad cortices arborum juxta ripas amnis Conana et cir-ca Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

40. **Anthostoma cercidicolum** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Diatrype cercidicola* 1136

B. et C. Peck. 25, Rep. p. 101. — Stromate nigro, applanato epidermide erupta cincto, subcirculari, 6-8 mill. diam., cortice nigritato nidulante, ostiolis minutis depresso-umbilicatis, denique perforatis; peritheciis sparsis, ellipticis ovatis; sporidiis inaequilatero-ovoideis, coloratis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Buffalo, in cortice trunci ignoti.

41. **Anthostoma hypophlæum** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Diatrype hypophlæa* 1137

B. et Rav. North. Am. Fungi n. 852. — Suborbiculare tenue ostiolis prominulis exasperatum; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis 50-60 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis elliptico-ovoideis, monostichis, 4-6 \approx 2-3, olivaceo-fuligineis».

Hab. in ramis putribus Magnoliæ glaucæ, Carolina infer., Amer. bor. — Format plagas suborbiculares, e peridermio erumpentes.

42. **Anthostoma Auerswaldi** Niessl Beitr. p. 55, tab. VI, fig. 45. — 1138

Stromate valseo, pustulato, peridermio adhaerente tecto, corticis interioris parenchymate fere immutato formato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-6-10, mono- vel irregulariter distichis, majusculis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., subcarbonaceis, fragilibus, globosis, atris, ostiolo crasso cylindrico saepe umbilicato erumpentibus; ascis cylindricis stipitatis, 8sporis 110-113 \approx 9-10 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis oblongis saepe inaequilateralibus, utrinque acutiusculis vel apiculatis, unicellularibus, 24-28 \approx 6-7, olivaceo-fuscis, circulo hyalino; paraphysibus crassis, guttulatis ascorum longitudine.

Hab. in ramulis Alni glutinosæ, prope Gratz (Austria).

43. **Anthostoma insidiosum** (Crouan) Sacc. *Valsa insidiosa* Crouan 1139

Finist. p. 32. — Peritheciis 4-8 valsiformi-aggregatis, stromate flavido exceptis, peridermio denique erupto, tectis, sphæroideis, nigris $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. cr., brevicollibus; ascis cylindraceis, apice truncatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis elliptico-oblongis, majusculis, brunneis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Fagi sylvaticæ, Finistère (Gallia).

44. **Anthostoma rumpens** (Cooke) Sacc. *Diatrype rumpens* Cooke 1140

Fungi of Texas 143. — Ellipticum, tenue; ostiolis vix prominulis, cuticula erupta cinctis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis late amygdalæformibus, atro-brunneis, opacis, 15 \approx 9.

Hab. in corticibus Galveston Bay, Texas (Amer. boreali).

45. **Anthostoma Massaræ** (De Not.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon Massaræ* De Not. 1141

Sfer. ital. 17, t. 14. — Stromatibus cortice immersis, nigro-limittatis, obconicis, erumpentibus, disco orbiculari applanato nigro, et peritheciis protuberantibus colliculoso, ostiolis minute papillatis;

peritheciis subglobosis, immersis, molliusculis, in quoque stromate 10–20; majusculis; ascis teretibus, stipitatis, paraphysatis octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideo-oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 20 \approx 8, fusco-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis, Valtellina, Ital. bor. (MASSARA). — Peritheciis non carbonaceis ab *Hypoxylo* differt et *Anth. gastrino* accedere videtur.

46. **Anthostoma adustum** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Diatrype adusta* C. et P. 1142
in Rep. on the St. Mus. — Pustulis minutis, prominulis, subconicis, nigricantibus, peridermio tectis, disculo minuto erumpente; stromate albido; ostiolis paucis, nigris; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, fuligineis, 18–22 p. longis.

Hab. in ramis putridis, New Baltimore, Amer. boreali.

47. **Anthostoma microsporum** Karst. Fungi Fenn. 860, *Phæosperma* 1143
microspora Kart. Myc. Fenn. II, 53, *Ph. helvetica* Fuck. Symb. p. 224, t. VI, fig. 40 (teste Karst.). — Stromatibus per corticis epidermidem erumpentibus, valde tumidis, ventricosis, hemisphæricis, oblongisve, 3–4 mill. lat., 2–3 mill. cr., plerumque confluentibus crustam magnam constituentibus, fusco-nigris, intus concoloribus; peritheciis in stromatis inferiori parte nidulantibus, majusculis, ovatis, monosticho-stipatis, concoloribus, ostiolis longis, in stromatis culmine dense laxeque exsertis, conicis, obtusis, 1 mill. altis, concoloribus, pertusis; ascis longissime stipitatis, elliptico-oblongis, 8sporis, 22 \approx 5 p. sporif.; paraphysibus filiformibus; sporidiis inordinatis, quandoque transversaliter jacentibus, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque obtusissimis, continuis, biguttulatis, fusco-olivaceis, 5 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in cortice crassiore Alni et Betulæ in Fennia et Helvetia.

48. **Anthostoma rhenanum** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Fuckelia rhenana* Fuck. 1144
Symb. myc. p. 224. — Stromatibus erumpentibus pulvinatis; ascis cylindraceis, oblique stipitatis, 8sporis, 176 \approx 18; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, curvatis, utrinque oblique apiculatis, simplicibus, 2–4guttulatis, atro-fuscis, 30 \approx 12.

Hab. in ramis siccis Aceris Pseudoplatani et Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius prope Mappen et Oestrich (Rhenogovia). — Sporidia diu circulo inæquali hyalino obvoluta.

49. **Anthostoma amœnum** (Nits.) Sacc. *Fuckelia amœna* Nits. in Fuck. 1145
Symb. mycol. p. 224, t. III, fig. 5. — Peritheciis majusculis, 4–6 in acervulo erumpente, liberis subconfluentibusve et stromate nivo demum evanescente insidentibus, ostiolo crasso, cylindraceo-

conico, obtuso, perforato coronatis, nigris, opacis; ascis sessilibus, oblongis, 138 ± 20 ; sporidiis 8, submonostichis, ovatis, utrinque breviter apiculatis et irregulariter mucosis, parum curvatis, simplicibus, uniguttulatis, atro-fuscis, 30 ± 14 .

Hab. in ramis siccis Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius, prope Oestrich (Rhenogovia).

50. **Anthostoma Ellisii** Sacc. *Diatrype microspora* Ellis, nec Karst. 1146
(Anth.) in Bull. Torrey. Cl. 1881, p. 74. — Stromate tuberculiformi 5-6 mill. diam., olivascenti-nigro; peritheciis 15-20, stromate subimmersis, oblongis, subcoriaceis, stipatis; ostiolis papillatis, prominulis; ascis linearibus, angustis, tenuistipitatis, $35-45 \pm 5$; sporidiis monostichis, obliquis, oblongis, obtusis, pallide fuligineis, 1-nucleatis, $4-5 \pm 1,7-2$.

Hab. in ramis Alni, Wells, Amer. boreali (BLAKE).

51. **Anthostoma amygdalinum** (Cooke) Sacc. *Melanconis amygdalina* 1147
Cooke in Grev. V, p. 55, t. 81, fig. 4. — Laxe circumscriptum, stromate pallido; peritheciis circinantibus, globosis; ostiolis convergentibus in disco fusco, prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis amygdalæformibus, fuligineis, $22-25 \pm 12$, appendicula tenui hyalina filiformi utrinque auctis.

Hab. in cortice Liquidambaris, Carolina infer. (RAVENEL).

— Appendiculæ 20-30 μ . long.

52. **Anthostoma denigrans** (Curr.) Sacc. *Diatrype denigrans* Curr. 1148
Linn. Trans. XXII, n. 74, fig. 78, Cooke Handb. n. 2450. — Peritheciis conicis vel depressis, ligno penitus immersis, lignum in pustulas minutas nigras elevantibus, lineaque nigra circumscriptibentibus; ostiolis longis corticem penetrantibus; ascis teretibus, breve stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, $12-13$ μ . longis, stipatis, 2-plurinucleatis, vel enucleatis, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis in Britannia.

53. **Anthostoma dryophilum** (Curr.) Sacc. *Diatrype dryophila* Curr. 1149
Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 279, fig. 75, Cooke Handb. p. 2449. — Peritheciis immersis ovoideis vel subglobosis, stromate fusco-viridi exceptis, pustulas compactas sparsas formantibus; ostiolis longis, convergentibus, corticem perforantibus; ascis linearibus, breve stipitatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, angustis, 2-nucleatis, olivaceo-nigricantibus, $10-15 \pm 3-4$.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus Quercus in Britannia.

XYLARIA Hill. Hist. Plant. (1773), p. 62 et 63, Fr., Nits. etc. (Etym. *xylon*, lignum, quia fungus lignosus). — Stroma erectum, teres, clavatum v. subglobosum, saepius stipitatum, tuberosum v. coriacium; perithecia stromate immersa v. adnata, carbonacea, papillata; asci teretiusculi, typice octospori. Sporidia ovoidea v. subnavicularia, continua, fuliginea. Conidia saepissime stromatis summitatem occupantia, laeticoloria. — Genus vastissimum; species europeæ paucæ, tropicæ multo copiosiores.

Sect. I. *Xyloglossa* Fr. N. Symb. 124: clava undique fertili, stipite glabro.

A) Basis stipitis subæqualis. = B p. 326

1. **Xylaria polymorpha** (Pers.) Grev. Flor. Edin. p. 35, Nits. Pyr. 1150

Germ. p. 17, *Sph. polymorpha* Pers. Comm. p. 17. — Stroma tibus 2–6, rarius pluribus basi in cæspites connatis, rarissime solitariis, erectis, crassis, glabris, ex argillaceo-fusco nigricantibus, nunc simplicibus ac teretibus, basi apiceque plus minus attenuatis v. obtusissimis, subcylindricis, nunc obovatis, compressis, emarginatis v. furcato-ramosis, nunc denique subglobosis; clavula peritheciæ, excepto stipite brevissimo v. subnullo, stroma integrum formante, peritheciis prominulis rugulosa; hymenio conidifero æruginoso-cinereo; conidiis obovato-subglobosis, minutissimis; peritheciis majusculis, densissime stipatis, ovatis v. subglobosis, ostiolis papillæformibus; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 140–180 ≈ 8–10 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, subfusiformibus v. fere ovatis, utrinque acutiusculis, rarius obtusis, inæquilateralibus, immo curvulis, fuscis, 20–32 ≈ 5–9.

Var. α) *acrodactyla* Nits. l. c. Stromate elongato-fusiformi v. e basi incrassata apicem versus sensim attenuato, tereti, forma regulari; cæspitosa; sporidiis 20–24 ≈ 6–7.

Var. β) *pistillaris* Nits. l. c. Stromate cylindrico, apice rotundato, obtusissimo, in stipitem brevissimum v. subnullum plerumque sensim attenuato, forma regulari; cæspitosa; sporidiis 24–28 ≈ 8.

Var. γ) *Menzeliana* Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 9. Clavula subcylindrica, crassissima, apice obtusissima, in stipitem brevem subito attenuata, plus minus deformi; cæspitosa; sporidiis 24–32 ≈ 8.

Var. δ) *spathulata* Pers. Obs. myc. II, p. 64, t. II, f. 2. Stromate compresso, obovato, apice obtusissimo, emarginato v. furcato, immo ramoso, clavulas 2–3 gerente, in stipitem nunc brevissimum nunc elongatum sensim attenuato, deformi; cæspitosa v. solitaria; sporidiis 24–28 ≈ 8–9.

Var. ε) *hypoxylea* Nits. l. c. Stromate subgloboso, tandem tumuloso-rimoso, deformi, in stipitem brevissimum subito attenuato; solitaria; sporidiis 24-30 \times 7-9.

Hab. species cum varietatibus in basi truncorum putrescenti in tota Europa, Asia merid., Java, Australia, Tasmania, America meridionali et boreali.

2. **Xylaria leptopus** (Fr.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon leptopus* Fr. Nov. Symb. 231. — Suberoso-lignosa, clava obtusa lævi atra, velo contiguo tenuissimo glabro innato ærugineo-griseo primo obducta, intus solida fibroso-radiosa alba, stipite discreto glabro gracili basi scutato; peritheciis immersis, ostiolis minutis papillæformibus; sporidiis generis, curvulis.

Hab. in India occidentali (KREBS). — Fungus 2-3 unc. altus, (stipes $\frac{1}{2}$ unc.) stipite gracili, tegumentoque glabro ærugineo-griseo a *X. polymorpha*, cui accedit, distinguitur.

3. **Xylaria curta** Fr. Nov. Symb. 126. — Subsessilis, verticalis, oblonga, solida, atra, stromate turgido obtuso papuloso-corrugato, intus solido albo, peritheciis globosis immersis periphæricis, ostiolis papillæformibus; ascis sporidiisque ut *X. polymorpha* sed minoribus.

Hab. ad trunco in insula Oceanica Oahu (DIDRICHSEN). — *X. polymorphæ* affinis, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ unc. alta, 3 lin cr.

4. **Xylaria siphonia** Fr. Nov. Symb. 126. — Sessilis, verticalis, cylindrica, stromate cavo! æquali obtusiusculo lævi glaberrimo æneofusco, ex ostiolis prominulis nigro-punctata; peritheciis periphericis globosis; sporidiis, oblongis, opacis, continuis.

Hab. ad ligna muscosa in ins. oceanica Pulo Milu (DIDRICHSEN). — Affinis *X. papyriferae*, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ uncias longa, 2 lin. crassa.

5. **Xylaria protea** Fr. Nov. Symb. 125. — Stromate suberoso-indurato lanceolato, obtuso, corrugi, nudo, atro, intus albo, stipite tenui æquali glabro; peritheciis globosis subimmersis periphericis, ostiolis prominulis depresso-hemisphæricis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniserialibus oblongis, curvulis, opacis.

Hab. ad trunco in Costa Rica prope Antillas (ÆRSTED). — *X. corniformi* satis affinis.

6. **Xylaria turgida** Fr. Nov. Symb. 124. — Stromate suberoso indurato ovali sordide gilvo ex ostiolis prominulis nigro-punctato, ceterum lævi, intus cinereo, stipite tenui brevi, glabro-nitente; peritheciis immersis globosis periphericis; sporidiis oblongis, fuscis, minutis.

Hab. in insulis Nikobaricis (DIDRICH.). — Stipes 2–3 lin. longus, 2 lin. cr., clava $1\frac{1}{2}$ –2 unc. alta, 1 unc. cr. Affinis *X. eu-glossæ*.

7. **Xylaria variabilis** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. pag. 280, t. 18, 1156
Hab. Simplex vel ramosa, tota glabra, 2–6 unc. longa, fuliginoso-atra, peritheciis . . . non visis; substantia medullari siccando contracta.

Hab. sparsa ad trunco vetustos dejectos cariosos in sylvis primitivis de Quisucula prope Bango, Golungo alto (Angola).

8. **Xylaria axillaris** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 279, t. 17, fig. 1157
 24–25. — Stromate suberoso, nigro glabro (sterili longiore et fragiliore); peritheciis irregulariter sparsis, protuberantibus, globosis, mammillatis; sporidiis nigro-fuscis, elliptico-acuminatis, 25–30 × 12–14.

Hab. ad axillas ramulorum arboris e familia Artocarpacearum juxta ripas fluvii Coango, Golungo alto (Angola). — Affinis *X. Hypoxylo v. uviformi* Mont. sed perithecia laxiora et sporia majora.

9. **Xylaria arenicola** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 280, t. 17, 1158
 fig. 5–6. — Stipite fragili, elongato, nigro-fusco, glabro, profunde sepulto, 1–3 unc. longo; capite fusco, maculato, ostiolis minutis nigris scabro, $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ unciae longo, conico vel subcylindrico, apicem versus acuminato vel rotundato, aliquando leviter curvato, toto fertili; peritheciis nigris, subglobosis; sporidiis minutis, nigro-fuscis, cymbiformibus, 5 μ. longis.

Hab. ad terram sabulosam humidam prope Cazella, Pungo Andongo (Angola) — Ad *V. polymorpham* accedit.

10. **Xylaria Myosurus** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 700. — Simplex, cornea, 1159
 atra, myosuroidea, subsessilis; peritheciis exiguis, immersis, ostiolis sub prominulis, nitidis; ascis clavatis diffluentibus, paraphysibus ramosis obvallatis; sporidiis 8 seriatis oblongis ob guttulam oleosam specie septatis, 10 μ. longis,

Hab. ad lignum denudatum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

11. **Xylaria melanaxis** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 16. — Sparsa, nigra, qua-tuor, usque quinque pollices alta, pro $2\frac{1}{2}$ ad stipitem saepius tortuosum, pro residuo ad clavulam spectantes; stipite anguloso, glabro, nitente, sensim in clavulam abeunte cylindraceam, obtusam longitudinaliter rugosam, ostiolis emergentibus exasperatam; stromate extus carbonaceo, intus fuscescente, axi filiformi nigro percurso.

Hab. in truncis Sarawack, Borneo.

12. **Xylaria marasmoides** B. et Cooke. Fungi of Braz. n. 406. — Spar-
sa, stipite setaceo penetrante; capitulo globoso primum dealbato,
dein secundum perithecia condita fisso. 116

Hab. in corticibus, Capana Brasiliæ. — Stipes vix 7 mill. altus,
penetrans apice minute collariatus; capitulum 1 mill. diam. Species
quam *X. aristata* minor, ostiolisque non exertis.

13. **Xylaria intermedia** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 16. — Hinc *Xylariæ mas-*
sulæ Ces., illinc *Hyporylo pauxillo* Ces. forma adproximans; spo-
ridiis $3 \approx 2$; pulvillis irregulariter globosis, 2 mill. diam., atris, su-
perficie rudi, intus albidis, compactis. 116

Hab. ad Sarawak a Kutein, Bornei.

14. **Xylaria hæmorrhoidalis** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1035. — 116
Subglobosa vel oblonga obtusissima, sessilis, rugosiuscula.

Hab. in ligno putri, Ceylon, — Exemplaria verisimiliter coni-
diophora, nuda deorsum, sursum valde ramosa; conidiis copiosis glo-
basis 5 μ . diam.

15. **Xylaria Gardneri** Berk. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1038. — Stipite elon-
gato ramoso radicante; capitulo cylindricis, primum dealbatis ru-
gosis; ostiolis papillæformibus, demum nigricantibus; sporidiis late
cymbiformibus, $5 \approx 4$; conidiis 5 μ . diam. 116

Hab. in ligno putri, Peradenya (GARDNER, BECCARI). — Alta
7-12 cent., radix sæpe æquilonga; capitulum 5-10 cent. long.
Exemplaria conidiophora sunt acicularia et angustiora. — Var. *mi-*
nor (*Sph. Gardneri* Berk. Dec. of Fungi n. 190). Suberosa, clavulæ
simplicibus cylindricis obtusis, rugosis, 3-5 cent. long., gri-
seo-nigris, a stipite discretis, ostiolis obtusiusculis; stipite elongato
3-5 cent. longo e radice sclerotiformi oriente, atro, glabro; spo-
ridiis brevibus, minutis. — In Ceylon.

16. **Xylaria guyanensis** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 679 et Cent. II, n. 27, 116
tab. 9, fig. 2. — Suberosa, clavæformis, maxima, crassa, simplex,
subcompressa, lævis, fuliginoso-atra, intus alba; stipite lacunoso-
plicato; peritheciis periphæricis globoso-depressis immersis, ostiolis
in disco excavato plano, primo albo-velato, demum nigro promi-
nulis; ascis teretibus; sporidiis generis, $18 \approx 4-5$.

Hab. ad trunco putrido in Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

17. **Xylaria fulvella** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 788. — Clavata, rubi-
ginosa, papillata; peritheciis semiprominulis, ostiolis nigris; stipite
cylindrico, pallide fulvo, lineato-rugoso; sporidiis oblongis 7,6 μ .
longis. 116

Hab. in ligno putri, Cuba, Alabama. — Affinis *X. phosphoreæ* Berk. a qua differt defectu anuli albi circa ostiolum.

18. **Xylaria phosphorea** Berk. Austr. Fungi n. 232. — Rufa; stipite brevi, cylindrico, striato in clavam brevem sursum dilatato; peritheciis superficiem in verrucas læves elevantibus; disco pallido, ostiolis prominulis nigris.

Hab. ad truncos, Victoria, Australiæ, (MÜLLER):

19. **Xylaria papyrifera** (Link. et Fr.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 126, *Sph.* 1168 *papyrifera* Link. et Fr. Linnæa, 1830, p. 536. — Carnoso-suberosa, clavæformis, simplex, lævis, nigrificans; intus determinate cava, stipite glabro; peritheciis periphericis, immerso-prominulis, stipatis, globosis, atris, ostiolis punctiformibus.

Hab. in Brasilia ad basim truncorum (BEYRICH et LUND). — Tres uncias alta; *X. Gompho* subaffinis sed pluribus notis diversa.

20. **Xylaria pumila** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. pumila* Fr. in Linnæa, 1830, 1169 p. 538. — Mollis, fragilis, clavata, difformis, glaberrima, atra, intus alba; stipite brevi; peritheciis periphericis pallidis, prominulis; ascis *Hypoxylorum* (nec ut in *Hypocreis*).

Hab. in ramis virescentibus Lantanæ mutabilis in Brasilia (BEYRICH).

21. **Xylaria portoricensis** Kl. Fungi Portor. pag. 364 (Linnæa). — 1170 Clavis magnis obtusis, pallide fuscis fistulosis, in stipitem brunneum glabrum satis longum basi incurvum attenuatis; peritheciis magnis, subinde confluentibus; ostiolis minutis, atris; sporidiis elongatis, nigricantibus.

Hab. ad ramos vetustos, prope Naguabo (Portorico). — Stipes 1–2 pollices longus, crassitudine pennæ anserinæ; clava 1–2 poll. longa, 6–10 lin. cr. velo farinaceo gilvo-fusco obducta.

22. **Xylaria fistuca** Berk. Decad. n. 482. — Clavula regulari, sursum 1171 incrassata obtusa, lineis obscurioribus ostiola gerentibus picta; stipite cylindrico abrupto; ostiolis superficialibus; sporidiis minutis, breve cymbiformibus. 8–9 μ. longis.

Hab. in lignis Nepal, Myrong, India. — Totus fungus 30–32 mill. altus, *X. corniformi* affinis.

23. **Xylaria clavicularis** Kl. Fungi Portor. p. 365 (Linnæa). — Clavis magnis fistulosis, utrinque attenuatis, stipiteque velo farinaceo sordide fusco obductis; peritheciis parvis sparsis globosis; ostiolis minutissimis atris; sporidiis fusiformibus.

Hab. ad ligna putrida prope Naguabo (Portorico). — Stipes pollicaris, 2–3 lin. cr.; clava 1–1½ poll. long., 4–5 lin. cr.

24. **Xylaria abnormis** Berk. Dec. n. 618. — Pallida, hic illic ostiolis ¹¹⁷ depressis nigris notata, cerebriformis, subglobosa, nodulosa, durissima, intus concolor; peritheciis pallidis oblongis crassis; ascis gracilibus; sporidiis minutissimis, 5 μ . longis, monostichis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Panuré, Brasilia. — Nonnullis notis ad *Hypocreaceas* vergit.

25. **Xylaria piliceps** Berk. Challeng. not. III, n. 186. — Clavula sub- ¹¹⁷ turbinata, coffeata, rimosa, molli, fragili; ostiolis subprominulis punctata; stipite gracili concolori laccato, rimoso, contextu pallido.

Hab. in truncis, Aru prope Moluccas. — Stipes 2 cent. altus; clavula 12 mill. alt., 8 cr. Sporidia non reperta.

26. **Xylaria coronata** West. Prodr. Fl. Bat. Fungi pag. 42, Kickx ¹¹⁷ Fl. crypt. crypt. Flandr. I, 311. — Stromate elongato, tenui, stipitiformi, tortuoso et inæquali, fusco-nigricante intus albo; capitulo conico apice laciniis 3–5 digitiformibus 2 mill. longis coronato; peritheciis rariss, immersis, prominulis, ostiolo papillato; ascis cylindricis, 8sporis 100 μ . longis; sporidiis monostichis fuligineis ovoideis, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in radice putri lignosa, Maastricht in Belgio (WESTENDORP).

27. **Xylaria conocephala** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 781. — Maxima, ¹¹⁷ cæspitosa, e basi obtuse conica, umbrina, rimulosa, exsiccatione hic illic contracta; ostiolis sparsis prominulis; stipite brevi longitudinaliter sulcato-rugosa.

Hab. in ligno putri Cuba, Bareellos Brasiliæ.

- Specimina
Wrightianæ
Gaudiana
modicæ
sistunt!*
28. **Xylaria cubensis** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 782 et Cent. II, n. 29, et ¹¹⁷ Cuba, p. 347, t. 13, f. 1. — Clavæformis, junior cæsio-pruinosa obtusa, adulta longitrorsum medio sulcata v. subbipartita, lævigata, nuda, nigra, initio cæsio-pruinosa, breviter stipitata, clavula intus cava crusta tenui secedente fragili obducta; peritheciis periphericis confertis globosis strato interiori pallido immersis, ostiolis punctiformi-prominulis; sporidiis generis.

Hab. ad ligna putrida, in Cuba (RAMON DE LA SAGRA), in Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

29. **Xylaria allantoidea** Berk. Cuban Fungi n. 782, *Sph.* (*Cordyceps*) ¹¹⁷ *allantoidea* Berk. Exot. Fungi Hook. p. 397 (1839). — Stromate clavato, obtuso, compacto, nigro-crustato, coriaceo, stipite brevissimo glabro; peritheciis minutis globosis, ostiolis minutis prominulis.

Hab. in Brasilia, S. Domingo, Guyana, Cuba, Ceylon et Borneo. — Stroma 100 mill. altum, 1 cr., denique intus cavum.

30. **Xylaria biceps** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV. n. 137. — Stromati- 1179
bus dense gregariis, extus atris, opacis, intus candidis, basi parce
ramosis; ramis erectis longiusculis, compressis, 10–30 mill. long.,
1–1,5 lat., 0,5 crass., ruguloso–subtortis, glaberrimis, apice sim-
plicibus v. bifidis v. brevissime bis dichotomis, primo vertice com-
pressissimo, dilatatulo, truncato, roseolo–aurantio v. roseo–albo (co-
nidiis nondum visis), dein biclavuligero; clavulis elliptico–cylindra-
ceis, saepius e latere compressiusculis, 8–10 mill. long., 2 mill. lat.,
1–1,5 mill. crass., binis in quoque ramulo, dorso connato–confluen-
tibus, ad tertium v. usque ad medium, sursum liberis ac divergen-
tibus, apice breviter conico–attenuatis, deorsum abrupte subtrun-
cato–rotundatis, ac in ramulo coarctato–attenuatis, undulatis, parce
minuteque hinc inde papillulatis, extus atris, opacis, glaberrimis,
intus primo spongioso–flocculoso farctis, dein subvacuis, albis; pe-
ritheciis subglobosis, 350–400 μ . diam., atris, crassiusculis, coria-
ceo–membranaceis, contextu minute parenchymatico, fuligineo–oli-
vaceo; ascis cylindraceo–clavatis, sursum obtusiusculis, deorsum
longe attenuato–stipitatis, 70–90 \approx 6–8 p. sporif., stip. 44–45 \approx 2–5.
octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis oblique
monostichis, elliptico–navicularibus, quandoque curvulis, utrinque
obtusiusculis, 14–15 \approx 5, opace fuligineis.

Hab. in ollis ligneis plantarum cultarum en el Patio «Empren-
ta Coni» Buenos–aires, Argent. — A *Xylaria* (*Sphæria*) *dicerca*
(Pers.) videtur valde distincta.

31. **Xylaria dicerca** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 128, *Sph.* (*Cordyceps*) 1180
dicerca Pers. mss. Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 43. — Ni-
gra, stipite elongato, compresso, nudo, sursum bifido, clavulis diva-
ricatis clavatis obtusis, rugoso–undulatis; peritheciis globosis im-
mersis, ostiolis minimis sparsis prominulis; sporidiis in ascis linea-
ribus paraphysatis, navicularibus utrinque acutis, opacis.

Hab. in Hispaniola, ad truncos (Poiteau). — Stipes 3–4 cent.
longus.

32. **Xylaria divaricata** (Fée) Sacc. *Sph. divaricata* Fée Not. sur 1181
trois esp. nouv. de *Sphæria* exot. p. 1. — Suberosa, bifurcata,
rugosissima, atro–rubra, depressa; clavulis divaricatis, acumina-
tis; peritheciis inæqualibus, remotis, crassis; sporidiis ovoideis,
subfuscis.

Hab. in S. Domingo ad ligna vetusta. — Stroma 1 dec. altum.

33. **Xylaria Domingensis** (Berk.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon Domingense* Berk. 1182
enum. Fungi St. Domingo p. 11. — Maxima, cylindrico–clavæfor-

mis, deorsum furcata, rigida, laccata, fusco-purpurea ostiolis prominulis asperula, sursum involuta.

Hab. in ligno putri St. Domingo (SALLÉ).

34. **Xylaria echinata** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. 126, *Sph.* (Cordyceps) 1183
echinata Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 43. — Cæspitosa-fasciculata, clavulis ovatis obtusis nigris subsessilibus, peritheciis stromate griseo immersis, ostiolis exertis conicis; ascis paraphysatis octosporis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, monostichis, opacis.

Hab. Java, ad cortices (KORTHALS). — Affinis *X. anisopleuræ* Mont. Clavulæ 4-7 cent. long., 2-4 cr.

35. **Xylaria escharoidea** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sph. escharoidea* Berk. Notic. 1184
Fungi Herb. British Museum p. 385 (1843), *Clavaria pistillaris membrana escharoidea tecta* Fl. zeyl. — Suberosa, simplex, clavula cylindrica apiculata ex ostiolis conicis prominulis scabra, pallida; stipite elongato, cylindrico, radicato.

Hab. in Ceylon (KÖNIG). — Sporidia nondum evoluta.

36. **Xylaria fistulosa** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 126, *Sph.* (Cordyceps) 1185
fistulosa Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 42. — Suberosa, simplex, clavæformis, crustaceo-laccata, nigro-opaca, cava, cum stipite brevi nudo confluente, peritheciis globosis, ostiolis prominulis confertis atro-nitidis; ascis paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongis monostichis, 1-guttatis.

Hab. in Java ad truncos. — Inter *X. proteam* et *siphoniam* media; stroma 4-9 cent. altum. 5-7 mill. cr.

37. **Xylaria fissilis** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 16. — Cæspitosa, clavulis nigriscenti-brunneis, linearibus, 5-6 cent. altis, quatuor usque quinque millimetra latis, stipitatis, torulosis et transverse rugosis, obtusis, saepius longitrorsum sulco dimidiatis, stromate carbonaceo, intus secernibile, filamentoso; peritheciis brunneis, depresso-globosis, ostiolis vix prominulis; sporidiis 20-5 (teste Cooke).

Hab. Sarawak Bornei, ad ligna muscosa putrescentia.

38. **Xylaria Gomphus** Fr. Nov. Symb. pag. 127, *Sph. Gomphus* Fr. 1187
Elench. Fung. II. 54. — Lignosa, clavæformis, simplex, lacunoso-rugosa, undique crustaceo-laccata, opaca atra, stipite lævi glabro.

Hab. ad basim truncorum in Brasilia (LUND). — Maxima inter species hactenus descriptas (majores in Java a Blumeo lectas acceptimus), 3-6 unc. alta, $\frac{1}{2}$ unc. et ultra crassa, sursum sensim incrassata, statura *Clavaræ pistillaris b. herculeanæ*, sed *Sph. Ghomphi* clava difformis, superficie, *Morchellæ instar!*, cuius speciem primo obtutu habui (sic mire ludit in maxime affinis stro-

matis figura, dum receptaculi in Elvellaceis constans est!), lacunoso-reticulata plicataque, lacunis oblongis, undique peritheciis cincta; stipes clavula multoties brevior est, inæqualis, sed omnino lœvis deorsum attenuatus, vix radicatus; superficies omnis crusta lacata, glaberrima, opaca, piceo-atra; intus longitudinaliter cava est; ceterum substantia suberosa, dura, crassiuscula, alba, contextu obscurius floccoso; perithecia periphærica, *rare sparsa*, globosa, primo pallentia; ostiola latentia, tantum sub lente conspicienda, punctorum instar prominula (Fl. l. c.).

39. **Xylaria gracilis** Kl. in Hook. Herb. Berk. A. N. H. X. p. 398. 1188
Sph. digitata Hook. — Coriacea; stipite glabro, furcata, fastigiata, angusta, acuta, apice sterili; intermedia inter *X. digitatam* et *X. multiplicem* Kl.

Hab. in Andibus (HUMBOLDT). — Perithecia quandoque infra bifurcationem extensa. Stroma 36-40 mill. altum, 2-3 mill. cr.

40. **Xylaria grammica** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 680 et Cent. II, n. 23, 1189 t. 9, f. 1. — Magna, suberosa, clavæformis, crustaceo-laccata, rigida, fragilis, fuliginoso-atra, glabra; clavula elongata cum stipite confluente, apice acuminato obtuso sterili, lineolis (sulcis planis) longitudinalibus flexuosis anostomosantibus vix impressis percursa, intus cava; peritheciis carbonaceis, tenuibus, determinate seriatis, ostiolis in medio sulcorum papillatis; ascis sporidiisque generis.

Hab. Ad trunco putridos in Guyana centrali (LEPRIEUR), Cuba, S. Domingo, Brasilia.

- 41 **Xylaria Kegeliana** (Lév.) Fr. Nov, Symb. p. 125, *Sph. (Cordyceps) Kegeliana* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 256. — Receptaculis stipitatis cylindricis apice abrupte acuminatis, crista pallide fulva obtectis, ab ostiolis minutis sparsis prominulis nigro-punctatis, stipibus nudis brevibus nigris; ascis linearibus, stipitatis; sporidiis oblongis, navicularibus, fuligineis.

Hab. in Guyana Batava ad trunco (KEGEL). — Affinis *X. escharoidæ* Berk. Stipes 1-3 cent. long.

42. **Xylaria obovata** Berk. Cub. F. n. 785. *Sph. (Cord.) obovata* Berk. 1191 Exot. Fungi Hook. — Stromate brevi stipitato, sursum sensim breviterque clavato, intus cavo, indumento subpapyraceo vestito, cortice nigro; peritheciis majusculis, sparsis, ostiolis exiguis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis octonis coffeiformibus.

Hab. in ligno putri in S. Vincentii ins. (Rev. GUILDFORD), Guiana, Venezuela, Cuba. — Affinis *X. papyraceæ* sed dimensione et forma diversa. Stroma 20 mill. alt., 12 mill. cr. fragile, intus

fulvescens. — *Sph. obovata* Berk. A. N. H. III. p. 397, seu *Hyp. obovatum* Mont. sec. Berk. ex Brasilia, eadem species videtur.

43. **Xylaria Poiteani** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 125. *Sphæria* (Cordyceps) *Poitei* Lév. Ann. sc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 40. — Suberosa, clavæformis, simplex, obtusa, nigro-violacea cum stipite brevi crasso nudo confluente, ostiolis prominulis nitidis; peritheciis magnis rugosis ostiolis prominulis, nigro-lucidis; ascis linearibus paraphysatis, sporidiis 8 oblongo-ovalibus, utrinque acutiusculis, opacis.

Hab. in Hispaniola ad truncos (Poiteau), in insula S. Crucis Antillarum (BENZON).

44. **Xylaria Lingua** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 126. *Sphæria* (Cordyceps) *Lingua*. Lév., Ann. scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 41. — Suberosa, simplex compressa, linguæformis, atra cum stipite brevissimo nudo confluente; peritheciis hemisphæricis prominulis pertusis.

Hab. Java, ad truncos. — Stromata 4-7 cent. longa, 12-15 mill. cr., extus nigra, intus alba.

45. **Xylaria obtusissima** (Berk.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon obtusissimum* Berk. Fungi St. Domingo, p. 11. — Capitulo brevi, late elliptico-clavato, obtusissimo, stipite brevissimo, cuticula fragili tenui, ostiolis minutissimis.

Hab. in insula St. Domingo (SALLE).

46. **Xylaria plebeja** Ces. Myc. Born p. 16. — Plus minus cæspitosa, curta, pollicem et semis alta, clavulis compressis rudibus, lacuno-so-rugosis, nunc simplicibus, nunc digitatis, peritheciis stipatis, ostio lo obtuso prominente.

Hab. ad Sarawak Bornei. — Fructificatio ob ætatem nimis pro vinctam ignota. Haud dissimilis a *X. digitata* pro qua primitus eam habui; nunc, monente cl. Berkeleyo, distingo. Media intercedit dictæ speciei et *X. polymorphæ* (Ces. l. c.).

47. **Xylaria pyramidata** B. et Br. F. of Ceyl. n. 1036. — Stipite elongato, deorsum attenuato; capitulo hemisphærico sublentiformi, subtus striato; peritheciis pyramidato-prominentibus; sporidiis 5 μ . longis, obliquis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Kandy, Ceylon. — Stipes, 35 mill. alt., 1 mill. cr.; capitulum 5-6 mill. cr.

48. **Xylaria ectogramma** Berck. Austr. Fungi n. 231. — Clavula ob longo-lineari, obtusa, laccata, dealbata, hic illic rimosa; ostiolis determinato-seriatis; stipite fusco brevi vel elongato, subinde par tim fertili.

Hab. Victoria Australiæ. — A *V. aciculari* differt ob ostiola

seriata a *X. grammica* quia rumpendo non collabascit. Stroma simplex v. furcatum, intus album, extus griseum, 5 cent. alt.

49. **Xylaria retipes** (Lév.) Fr. Symb. p. 126, *Sphæria* (*Cordyceps*) 1198
retipes Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 257. — Stromatibus cæspitosis elongatis cylindricis, pruina alba pulverulentis, demum denudatis, nigris; peritheciis globosis, immersis, ostiolis minutis papillatis, stipitibus nigris nudis alveolato-rugosis.

Hab. in Java ad truncos (ZOLLINGER).

50. **Xylaria rhizocola** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 684 et Cent. II, n. 28, 1199
t. 9. f. 3. — Elata, gracilis; stipite elongato lœvi, e radicibus plantæ cujusdam enato, extus opaco, intus solido pallido; clavula proportione brevi lanceolata, apice fertili; peritheciis periphericis confertis minutis atris prominulis rugoso-colliculosa, ostiolis punctiformibus atris; ascis sporidiisque generis.

Hab. in sylvis Guyanæ centralis (LEPRIEUR), in radice herbarum, Sarawak, Borneo (BECCARI). — Habitus sec. Ces. a *X. Guepini* non dissimilis.

51. **Xylaria rhytidophloea** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 687 et Guy., mss., 1200
n. 480. — Simplex; stromate indurato corneo tereti-compresso obtuso vel corniformi, atro, opaco, intus fuliginoso stipiteque brevissimo, tenuissime rugoso-reticulatis; peritheciis periphericis, globosis immersis atro-farctis, ostiolis prominulis; ascis generis; sporidiis minimis, oblongo-ovoideis, fuscis.

Hab. ad ligna denudata, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR), Melbourne, Australia (MÜLLER).

52. **Xylaria ruginosa** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 689 et Guy., mss., n. 485. 1201
— Elata, dichotoma, compressa, scruposa, atro-fusca, opaca; clavulis terminalibus, ellipticis, glabris, profunde rugoso-rimosis, intus corneis rigidis; peritheciis majoribus periphericis immersis, ostiolis minutis (ad lentem) prominulis; ascis sporidiisque generis.

Hab. in Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

53. **Xylaria scotica** Cooke Grev. IV, p. 112. — Suberosa; stromate 1202 longissimo, pallido, rhizoide, tenui, sursum 1-3-dichotomo-ramoso, ramis elongatis, v. brevissimis fasciculatisque; capitulis elongatis, subcylindricis, apice plus minus attenuatis, griseo-brunneis, dein nigris; peritheciis copiosis, subpapillatis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, brunneis, minutis, 5-6 × 3.

Hab. ad terram Meihlouer, Scotia (MATHESON). — Tota 5-15 cent. longa; clavulæ 2-3 cent. longæ. Minutie sporidiorum mox dignoscenda species.

54. **Xylaria stilboidea** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. 1880, p. 28, tab. 137, 1203

fig. 26. — Parva, stipitata; capitulo subgloboso, atro (1-2 μ . diam.) ostiolis exertis asperatum; stipite cylindrico, fusco (1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. long.) gracili; stromate albo; peritheciis atris, immersis; ascis cylindrlicis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, atro-fuscis 14-15=5.

Hab. in ligno putri in Africa australi. — Minuta stirps, habitu *Stilbi* cuiusdam æmula.

55. **Xylaria Telfairii** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Cord.) *Telfairii* Berk. 1204

Exot. Fungi Hook. p. 397. — Coriacea, clavata, apice obtusiuscula solida, cortice fragili cervino obducta, ostiolis peritheciorum punctulata; peritheciis majusculis subglobosis; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis; sporidiis coffeiformibus, sæpe 1-guttulatis.

Hab. in insul. Mauritia (TELFAIR). — Adest in h. Klotzsch sub nomine *S. involutæ*. — Stroma 50 mill. alt., 12 miil. cr. — Sec. Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 7. fig. 8 (*S. involuta* Kl.) fungus siccando finditur et cortex cum peritheciis secedit; sporidia monosticha elliptico-reniformia, 16-18 μ . longa, fuliginea.

56. **Xylaria tentaculata** B. et Br. (ex Rav.) Cuban F. n. 796, North 1205

Amer. Fungi n. 826. — Stipite elongato, tenui, glabro fusco; capitulo brevi cylindrico, ostiolis adscendentibus asperato, apice processibus longis tentaculiformibus coronato.

Hab. in lignis muscosis putridis in Cuba, Ceylon, Carolina inf., Cordova. — Stroma 2 cent. alt., 2 mill. cr., capitulum 2-4 mill. longum; ostiola prominula; tentacula 12-12 mill. longa. Affinis *X. comosæ* Mont. Sporidia non descripta. Conidia elliptica 5 μ . longa.

57. **Xylaria Thrysus** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria Thrysus* Berk. Notic. fun- 1206

gi Herb. British Museum. p. 384 (1843). *Clathrus acuminatus* Roxb. — Suberosa, simplex, clavula obovata acuminata pallida; peritheciis sursum spectantibus magnis, ostiolis subelongatis obtusis nigris; stipite elongato cylindrico deorsum longissime radicato; ascis linearibus obtusis, 8-sporis; sporidiis subcymbiformibus, fuligineis, utrinque hyalino-mucesis.

Hab. in horto botanico, Calcutta, Ind. Or.

58. **Xylaria Titan** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 823. — Gigantea, 1207
allantoidea, dura, extus albida; ostiolis nigris prominentibus.

Hab. in truncis in Texas Amer. bor. — Alta 12 cent., 5 cent. crassa, botuliformis, hinc convexa, hic concava, solida, alba, sporidiis fœdata, ostiolis prominulis punctulata.

59. **Xylaria tortuosa** Sow. MS. in Herb. Kew., Cooke in Grev. VIII, 1208

p. 10. — Suberoso-fragilis, repetito-ramosa, angusta et rhizomo-

phoidea, nigra, 10 cent. alta, hinc inde ramulos clavatos obtusos fertiles exerens; peritheciis prominulis, aggregatis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, anguste fusoideis, utrinque obtusis, leniter curvis, fuligineis, 20–22 \approx 4.

Hab. ad terram in Mead Place Britanniæ (SOWERBY). — *Habitus* *X. Guepini* var. *eupiliacæ* Ces., sed sporidia multo ampliora, v. *X. rhizomorphæ* Mont. sed huic sunt sporidia minutissima.

60. **Xylaria zelandica** Cooke N. Zeal. Fungi, in Grevillea VIII, p. 66. 1209

— Simplex, gracilis, stipitata, atra; capitulis cylindricis, rugosis, supra obtusis; ostiolis minutis, nervisequis; stipite glabro, canaliculato, convoluto; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis late fusiformibus, uninucleatis, atro-brunneis, 32–35 \approx 10.

Hab. in ligno putri Wellington, N. Zelandiæ (TRAVERS). — Stipes 25–35 mill. alt.; capitulum 18–20 mill, longum. — *X. zeylanica* Berk. aliena est. Cfr.

61. **Xylaria zeylanica** Berk. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1039. *Sphæria* (Cor- 1210

dyceps) *zeylanica* Berk. Dec. n. 189. — Suberosa; clavulis lan- ceolatis, compressis, levibus, atro-laccatis, cum stipitibus rugosis, brevibus confluentibus; ostiolis minutissimis; sporidiis ellipticis, minutis,

Hab. in ligno putri, Ambagamo in insula Ceylon (GARDNER). — 3–4 cent. alta, ostiolis granulat nigra, pruinâ ferruginea con- spersa.

62. **Xylaria microceras** (Mont.) Berk. Cub. Fungi n. 803. *Hypoxyylon* 1211

microceras Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1840, XIII, p. 348, t. 9, fig. 4. Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 17, fig. 18. — Pumila, simplex, raro furca- ta; stipite vix ullo; clavula incurviuscula, corniformi, extus velo albo, persistente obducta, intus cinerea, subpulveracea; peritheciis periphericis atris, immersis, ostiolo nigro prominulo; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis irregulariter ellipsoideis, 10 μ . longis, fuscis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Cuba, Guiana, Java. — Minuta, 15 mill. alta, 1 mill. cr.. albo-velata, ostiolis nigro punctata.

63. **Xylaria Wrightii** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 787. — Stipite cylin- 1212

drico, rimoso, exiccatione rugoso, coffeato e basi spongiosa oriundo; capite subelliptico obtusissimo pallide rufo, deorsum præcipue lituris oblongis brunneis notato, ostiolis prominulis; sporidiis cym- biformibus, 22–24 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Cuba. — Stipes 25 mill. alt.; capitulum 25 mill. altum, 10 mill. cr.

64. **Xylaria Cudonia** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 824. — Sublaccata; stipite curto sursum dilatato; capitulo hemisphærico e peritheciis papillato; ostiolis minimis.

Hab. in truncis putridis Carolinæ inf. Santee Canal. — Stipes 12 mill. altus, 4 mill. cr.; capitulum 12 mill. diam.

65. **Xylaria enterogena** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 683 et Cent. II, n. 25. — 1214
Stroma clavatum, intus solidum, pallidum, extus velo argilla-
ceo polito plane obductum, stipitatum, stipite brevi compresso sul-
cato; peritheciis (anormaliter) dimorphis, aliis normalibus periphe-
ricis minoribus et minimis ostiolo subtilissimo instructis, aliis en-
dogenis maximis crassis carbonaceis astomis, nucleo libero cera-
ceo; sporidiis ovato-globosis, hyalinis, 30-10, intermixtis aliis nor-
malibus generis.

Hab. in sylvis Sinnamariensibus ad trunco putrido (LEPRIEUR).

66. **Xylaria ænea** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 685 et Guy., mss., n. 477. — 1215
Stromate suberoso clavato obtuso plicato-rugoso tandem æneo gla-
bro, ex ostioliis prominulis crassis exasperato, intus pallido, in sti-
pitem brevissimum basi convexa dilatatum confluente; peritheciis
periphericis minutis immerso-latentibus; sporidiis maximis.

Hab. in ligno emortuo, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

67. **Xylaria Acicula** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 15. — Sparsa in petiolis fo- 1216
liisque coriaceis exsiccatis, stipite capillari 1-3 centimetra alto, gla-
bro, abrupte abeunte in clavulam globosam, vel obovatam vix mil-
limetrum et semis diametro metientem, asperitatibus obsitam, atram.
Fructificatio ignota.

Hab. ad Sarawak Bornei (BECCARI).

68. **Xylaria exalbata** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1043. Ces. Myc. 1217
Born. p. 16. — Stipite cylindrico nitido; capitulo clavato niveo
ostiolis nigris punctato, demum nudo nitido.

Hab. in ligno putri Central province, Ceylon. — Alta 50 mill., 6
mill. cr.; stipes clavulam subæquans. Iunior tota albido-pruinosa,
clavulis intus cava, saepius sulco mediano in longitudinem bi-
partitis.

69. **Xylaria columnifera** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 686 et Guy., mss., n. 1218
481. — Stromate columella filiformi suberosa pallida persistente
percurso; clavula cylindracea compressa rugosa cortice rigido fra-
gili vestita, intus cava, extus fulvo-velata, tandem glabra cinereo-
nigrescente stipiteque longissimo atro-carbonaceis, fragilissimis; pe-
ritheciis membranaceis.

Hab. ad ligna prope Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

70. **Xylaria anisopleura** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 688. Cent. II., n. 32. 1219

— Solitaria, lignosa, durissima; clavula cum stipite obliquo obconicis leprosis opacis intus pallidis solidis; peritheciis in parte supra in subhemisphærica tuberculosa submarginata obviis, globosis, parum prominulis, monostichis, ostiolis discoideis, centro papillatis; sporidiis generis.

Hab. ad ligna emortua in sylvis Guyanæ (LEPRIEUR), Peradeniya (BERK.) — Conidia globosa, 5 μ . diam.; sporidia 30 μ . longa (Berk.).

71. **Xylaria Clavulus** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 825. — Parva, 1220

seriata; stipite brevi crassiusculo penetrante; capitulo convexo.

Hab. in culmo putrescente graminum Texas Amer. borealis.

— Stroma integrum circ. 2-3 mill. alt. non laccatum. Species minuta, pulchella, solidiuscula.

72. **Xylaria complanata** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 16. — Tres pollices alta, 1221

ad basim interdum ramosa, brunnecenti-nigra, glabra, stipite brevissimo; clavulis utriusque attenuatis, complanatis, tortis; peritheciis stipatissimis ostiolo obtuso prominentibus (Specimina nimis evoluta, evacuata).

Hab. ad Sarawak, Borneo (BECCARI).

73. **Xylaria Schweinitzii** Berk. et Curt. Exot. fungi Schw. p. 284. 1222

Sphaeria capitata Schw. MS. — Capitulo elliptico, obtuso, suberoso, compacto, stipite elongato discreto laccato laevissimo, parce rimuloso; peritheciis globosis; ostiolis sparsis vix prominulis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, 30 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Surinam et Ceylon. — Specimina zeylanica brevius stipitata quam surinamensia. *Xyl. polymorphæ* subaffinis.

74. **Xylaria dealbata** Berk. et Curt. Exot. fungi Schw. p. 284. Berk. 1223

Dec. N. 616. — Capitulo elliptico in stipitem cylindricum deorsum attenuato, toto crusta fragili dealbata tecto; sporidiis magnis 30 μ . longis.

Hab. in truncis putridis in Surinam et in Brasilia. — Capitulum 18-20 mill. alt., 12 cr.

75. **Xylaria cerebrina** (Fée) Sacc. *Sph. cerebrina* Fée Not. sur trois 1224

esp. nouv. de *Sphaeria* exot. p. 2. — Aggregata, fusco-nigra; stipitibus basi connatis; clavulis apice dilatato-congestis, confluentibusque; exterioribus simplicibus, rotundato-depressis; interioribus abbreviatis, deformibus, angulosis, complanatis; peritheciis in tota superficie conspersis, papillatis; papilla crassa, nitida, poro pertusa.

Hab. in Brasilia, Rio Janeiro, ad truncos emortuos.

76. **Xylaria tuberiformis** Berk. Fl. Nov. Zel. II, pag. 204, tab. CV, 1225

fig. 11. — Suberosa, subglobosa, pileiformis; stipite brevissimo, vel obsoleto; ostiolis latiusculis prominentibus; sporidiis magnis, navicularibus, 25 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri secus Manavatu, Nov. Zeland. (COLENZO).

Bay ob Islands, Winton (COOKE). — Stroma 6-8 mill. cr., rugulosum nec laccatum, fuscum intus album; perithecia ellipsoidea.

77. **Xylaria gigantea** (Zipp. et Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 127. *Sphæria* 1126

(*Cordyceps*) *gigantea* Zipp. et Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 41. — Suberosa, simplex clavæformis, compressa vel subcylindrica obtusa, rugoso-undulata, crustaceo-laccata, luridâ cum stipite brevi nudo confluente; peritheciis immersis, ostiolis prominulis distantibus punctiformibus, atris nitidis; ascis paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, continuis, opacis.

Hab. in Java et Borneo, ad truncos (ZIPP., BECCARI). — Clavulæ ultra tres pollices longæ, dimidium crassæ, quandoque, dum compressæ fiunt, usque ad pollicem latæ, in stipitem brevissimum attenuatæ, cæterum cylindraceæ, vel linguæformes, vel clavatæ, semper obtusæ, fulvæ, ostiolis obscurioribus punctatæ; senio nigrefactæ longitudinaliter lacerantur et cavas se præbent. Stroma albidum (Ces. Myc. Born. p. 16).

78. **Xylaria euglossa** Fr. Nov. Symb. 124. — Stromate clavato, nu-

do, sursum incrassato, obtuso lævi, argillaceo ex ostiolis subtilissimis, nigro-punctato, intus centro albido-cinereo, in ambitu nigricante, peritheciis totis immersis subglobosis atris; stipite tenui elongato glabro nigricante; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, fuscis.

Hab. in Costa Rica, prope Antillas (ERSTED). — Fungus 3 unc. et ultra altus, habitu fere *Geoglossi difformis*.

79. **Xylaria tabacina** (Kickx) Berk. Decad. n. 482*, *Hypoxyton taba-*

cum Kickx Bull. Acad. Bruxell. VIII, p. 11 (1841). — Affinis *X. euglossæ* Fr., sed ochracea luteo-fuscescens, intus alba, robusta, concava, mucoso-obvoluta; sporidiis 10 \approx 5.

Hab. in ligno putri Kala Panee, Indiæ orient., Peradenya Ceylon, Sikhim, Khasia, Xelapa, Surinam, Cuba.

80. **Xylaria aurantiaca** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 806. — Subglobosa, 1229 inflata, aurantiaca, polita, subtus pallidior, ostiolis impressis.

Hab. ad terram in sylvis Cubæ. — Immatura, sed certe gregi *X. compunctæ* pertinens.

81. **Xylaria splendens** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 807. — Globosa, coccinea, exsiccatione rugosa, stipite brevissimo.

Hab. ad terram in Cuba. — Capitulum 25 mill. diam. vel amplius. *Xyl. aurantiaca*. proxime cognata, ceterum immatura.

82. **Xylaria compuncta** (Junghuhn) Berk. Decad. 482*, *Sphæria compuncta* Jungh. Præm. Jav. p. 21, *Hypoxylon compunctum* Fr.

Symb. p. 130. — Globoso-diformis, basi constricta, glabra, alutaceo-pallida, nigro-punctata, intus pallida radiatim fibrosa; peritheciis maximis concentricis, globoso-ovoideis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, 12–14 \approx 7–8, fuscis,

Hab. in trunco prostrato mont. Burang-rang Javæ, nec non in Ceylon et Khasia Indiæ orient. — Subglobosa eximia, magnitudine pomi majoris. Differt substantia molliori a gen. *Xylaria*, ceterum *Xylariæ tabacinae* subaffinis (Berk.). Secundum Friesium vero potius *Hypoxylo* adscribenda.

83. **Xylaria Puiggarii** Speg. Fungi Argent. IV, Pug. p. 139. — Stro-

matibus majusculis, 10–30 mill. diam., 10 mill. alt., compactissimis, superne subæqualiter hemisphærico-applanatis, suborbicularibus, v. confluenti-diformibus, inferne irregulariter subconicis; contextu atro, glaberrimo, levi, opaco, fragili, carbonaceo-corticato, intus primo albo-farcto, dein fusco et laxe medulloso, postremo saepius cavo; basi tuberculato-diformi, ligno v. cortice innato-prominula; ramis plus minus elongatis, subrepenti-exsurgentibus, crebre ramulosis; ramulis gracilibus, densissimis, brevibus, strigoso-intricatis, teretibus v. mutue compressis, apice abrupte subgloboso-capitatis; clavulis solitariis in quoque ramulo, dense aggregatis, obovato-subglobosis, e mutua pressione obtuse angulatis, 2–3 mill. diam., sursum truncato-applanatis, margine late obtuso, parce et laxissime papilloso-asperulis, saepè centrum versus anulatim depresso, centro tamen umbonato-prominulo, levissimo; peritheciis omnibus verticalibus (!!), marginem clavulæ occupantibus, ellipticis, v. ovoideis, atro-carbonaceis, fragilibus, paucis, 10–12 in quaque clavula, majusculis, 0,7–1 mill. alt., 0,5–0,7 mill. lat., apice in ostiolum parvulum vix exertum papilliforme abeuntibus; ascis cylindraceis, apice obtuse ac crasse tunicatis, deorsum longe stipitatis, 80–100 \approx 9–10 p. sporif., 40–50 \approx 5–8 stip., tetrasporis, paraphysibus mucosis obvallatis; sporidiis recte monostichis, elongato-cymbiformibus, utrinque obtusiuscule rotundatis, centro tumidulis, e latere compressis, 28–30 \approx 5–6 e latere, 3–4 p. crass., non v. minute 2-guttulatis, opace fuligineis.

Hab. ad cortices truncorum putrescentium, Apiah, Brasilia meridionali, leg. cl. Dr. J. PUIGGARI. — Species mox distinguenda clavularum forma atque constipatione, notis fructificationis peritheciisque autem omnibus verticalibus facile ad novam sectionem ducenda; *Hyp. cetrarioidi* Curr. et W. facile, ut videtur, affinis.

— An ergo potius e sect. *Cœnopodis Hypoxyli*?

84. **Xylaria contracta** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 139*. Affinis X. 1233

Puiggarii; ramis et ramulis brevioribus crassioribusque (tota planta vix 5–10 mill. alt.), densius evolutis, sæpius fasciculatis, mox in clavulas productis; clavulis in quoque ramulo binis, tereti-subcompressis, gibbuloso-undulatis, papilloso-asperulis, sursum non v. vix attenuato-acutatis, sæpius truncatis v. crasse obtusatis, minoribus, 3–5 mill. long., 1,5–2 mill. crass., quandoque vix basi parce confluentibus, bene evolutis ac divergentibus, quandoque (sæpius) una abortiva, minuta tuberculato-diformi, altera autem perfecte evoluta. Cetera ut in *X. Puiggarii*.

Hab. in ollis plantarnm cultarum hinc inde per Bonariam, Argent., nec non ad palos vetustos in montosis «Sierra del Tandil» (Dr. E. L. HOLMBERG).

85. **Xylaria rhopaloides** (Kunze) Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1855, III, 99, 1234
Sphæria (Hypoxylon) rhopaloides Kunze Exs. Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1840, XIII, Cent. II, n. 27.

Hab. in lignis putridis, Guiana, Amagon, Mexico, Natal, Cuba, Ceylon, Brasilia. — Asci cylindracei breve stipitati, octospori. Sporidia 8–10 μ . longa. Speciei diagnosim loc. cit. non inveni.

B) *Basipeltis*: basi stipitis peltato-dilatata.

86. **Xylaria platypoda** (Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. 127, *Sph.* (Cordyceps) 1235
platypoda Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 40. — Gregaria, clavula simplici, ovata, crassa, undulata, obtusa, crustaceo-alba, peritheciis globosis prominulis, ostiolis papillatis, stipite brevi, nigro, lævi basi scutato-dilatato; ascis cylindraceis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis utrinque acutis, fuligineis, monostichis.

Hab. Pic de Tolima, Cuchilla de la Divisadera (Just. GOUDOT). Stroma 2–3 cent. altum.

87. **Xylaria hyperythra** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 681 et Cent. II, n. 26. 1236
 — Simplex, suberosa; clavula lanceolata stipitata, stipite glabro basi scutulata affixo, intus pallida, extus atro-corticata veloque subpulverulento rubiginoso persistente obducta, rugosa; peritheciis peri-

phericis immersis carbonaceis atris, ostiolis papillatis, prominulis; sporidiis generis.

Hab. in sylvis Sinnamariensibus ad trunco putridos (LEPRIEUR); nec non in Guiana, Cuba, Brasilia.

88. **Xylaria pallida**, B. et Cooke Fungi of Braz. n. 394. — Suberosa, 1237 claviformis, simplex, pallida; clavula cylindracea, apice subacuminato; stipite gracili, ad basim discoideo; sporidiis cymbiformibus, fuscis, $15 \approx 5$.

Hab. in lignis, Papunha Brasiliæ (TRAILL). — Tota 25–40 mill. alta, stipes 15–20 mill. longus. Ostiola punctiformia minuta nigra.

89. **Xylaria clavulata** (Schw.) B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 701, *Sph.* 1238 (*Cordyceps*) *clavulata* Schw. Synops. Amer. bor. n. 1155. — Subicolo clypeato, ovato, regulari, contextu fibrilloso-membranaceo arcte epidermide incidenti, centro incrassato-elevato, marginibus subliberis inflexis, ad quartam partem uncine expanso; clavulis ex subicolo patellari, basilari, assurgentibus rigidulis, subdivergentibus, ad 7–10; tres lineas altis, substantia suberosa, intus albis, extus nigris, et apice obtuso cinereo-pulveraceis; stipite attenuato, et in capitulum oblongum obtusum sensim abeunte, capitulo a stipite denique distincto; peritheciis parallelis nigris prominulis cum ostiolis minutis, et demum dejacentibus corticem exteriorem cinereo-pulverulentum; intus albis farctis.

Hab. in ramulis vivis *Quercus palustris* et *coccinea*, onustis operibus *Cynipum*, Bethlehem, Amer. bor., Venezuela, Cuba.

Sect. 2. *Xylocoryne* Fr. l. c.: clava undique fertili, stipite vestito.

90. **Xylaria corniformis** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 381, Nits. Pyr. 1239 Germ. p. 13, *Sph. corniformis* Fr. El. II, 57. — Stromate omnino simplici nec furcato nec ramoso, cylindrico, nunquam compresso v. dilatato, crassiusculo, fragili, ex fusco nigricante, apice nonnihil angustato, obtusiusculo plus minus incurvo, corniformi, basi incrassata, subhemisphærica v. conica, villosa substrato adfixa, peritheciis undique obsito; stromatibus congregatis quidem sed liberis nec inter se conjunctis paginæ inferiori ligni, humi prostrati, sæpe adpressis, horizontalibus; peritheciis subglobosis, confertissimis, minutis, plus minus protuberantibus, ostiolis papillæformibus, minimis; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, 60–75 \approx 6–7 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, nonnihil inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, utrinque rotundatis, obtusissimis, fuscis, 8–10 \approx 5.

Hab. in truncis prostratis Fagi, Populi, Aceris etc. in Britannia, Germania, Italia, Smolandia, Amer. bor., Ceylon, Nova Zelandia. — Var. *obovata*, New York. — Var. *irregularis*, stromate irregulari et compressiori. Amer. bor. — *X. surcata* (Schw.) Berk. et Curt. Exot. Schw. Fungi p. 284 (nec Fr.), seu *Hypoxylon corniforme* Mont. (ex Guiana) differet a *X. corniformi* Fr. sporidiis angustioribus; sed sec. Currey (Linn. Trans. XXII, tab. 45, fig. 20-21) vix varietas.

91. **Xylaria longipes** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 14, *X. polymorpha* Auct. 1240 p. p.: — Stromatibus erectis v. assurgentibus varieque curvatis, stipitatis in ramis crassis putrescentibus ac plerumque decorticatis prostratisque sparsim v. multo rarius 2-3 basi tantum conjunctis, clavula peritheciæ in plerisque omnino simplici, tereti exacte cylindrica, crassa, apice obtusissima, rotundata, rarius ventricoso-inflata, oblonga, rarissime compressa, integra v. bipartita, superficie reticulato-rimosa, ex argillaceo nigricante peritheciorumque ostiolis exiguis, hemisphæricis, extantibus nigropunctulata, in stipitem longitudine nunc breviorem nunc contra subæqualem, immo longiorem sed semper multo tenuiorem sensim attenuata; stipite basi tuberoso-incrassato, pilis crassiusculis, patentibus v. contextis atque adpressis, rubescensibus dense hirsuto, superne glabro, pliato-rugoso, ex argillaceo fuscescente; hymenio conidifero cinereo-albido, mox disparente; conidiis obovatis, exiguis, $8 \approx 4-5$, in sterigmatibus brevissimis, septatis solitarie acrogenis; peritheciis clavulæ omnino immersis nec protuberantibus, minutis, globosis vel compressis, dense ac monostiche stipatis; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, $80-100 \approx 7-8$ p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, $11-14 \approx 5-6$.

Hab. in basi putrida truncorum Fagi, Aceris, etc. in Westphalia et Rhenogovia Germaniæ.

92. **Xylaria aphrodisiaca** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 280, t. 18, 1241 fig. 3-4. — Cæspitosa, glabra, clavulis, subcylindricis, 1-2 unc. altis, fusco-cinereis, tota superficie inordinate areolatis; medulla centrali albissima; peritheciis . . . ?; basi communis tomento fuscō delicato vestita.

Hab. rarer in sylvis primitivis densis ad trunca diu putrefactos, juxta rivum Delamboa, distr. Golungo alto, Angola (ubi fungus uti aphrodisiacus habitus est). — Ex iconæ clavula tota est peritheciæ.

93. **Xylaria fastigiata** Fr. Nov. Symb. 127. — Dense cæspitoso-con- 1242
nata, fistulosa, atra, stipitibus elongatis compresso-inæqualibus e
leproso glabratibus, clavulis contiguis brevibus, oblongis, cylindricisve
obtusis, papilloso-scabris, peritheciis immersis periphericis globosis,
ostiolis papillæformibus; sporidiis oblongis, curvulis, opacis.
Hab. ad truncos in Costa Rica, prope Antillas (ERSTED). —
Clavulæ vix 2 lin. cr. Affinis *X. scruposæ* et *multiplici* Fr.
94. **Xylaria Beccariana** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 185. — Stromate com- 1243
presso, spathulato, apice rotundato vel truncato, peritheciis undique
obsito, siccitate durissimo, in stipitem brevissimum vel elongatum
villosum attenuato; ascis cylindricis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique mo-
nostichis ovatis, lateribus parum inæqualibus, apicibus obtusis, sim-
plicibus, fuscis, 4-5 \approx 2.
Hab. ad Sciotel, in montibus Zelamba (Abyssinia). — A *X. polymorpha* (Pers.) differt præ ceteris sporidiis dimidio minoribus et a
X. corniformi Fr. et *X. longipede* Nits. saltem forma et duritie
lignosa stromatis. Clavulæ solitariæ vel geminatæ saltem in spe-
ciminibus visis; centim. 5 sine stipite metientes.
95. **Xylaria multiplex** (Kunze et Fr.) B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 795, 1244
Sph. multiplex Kunze et Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 532. — Cæspi-
tosa, suberosa, fusco-atra, clavulis tereti-compressis, subdivisis, læ-
vibus intus albis, stipitibus elongatis leproso-villosis; peritheciis
prorsus immersis, globosis, confertis, ostiolis punctiformibus, dein
subdilatatis; sporidiis ovoideis, 20-22 μ . long.
Hab. ad truncos, Surinami, Java, Nova Zelandia, Guiana, Juan
Fernandez. — *X. Hypoxylo* affinis.
96. **Xylaria Geoglossum** (Schw.) Fr. Nov. Symb. 126, *Sph.* (Hypocrea) 1245
Geoglossum Schw. New Amer. Sphær. p. 4, t. I, f. 4 et in Linnæa
IV, Litt. 44. — Subcarnosa, geoglossides, intus albida, extus ater-
rima; capitulo linguiformi, medio compresso et canaliculato, apice
obtuso; peritheciis parvis confertis immerso-prominulis; stipite
clavula triplo longiore, subhirsuto, intus albō, extus atro.
Hab. New York, Amer. bor. — Totus fungus pollicem altus,
valde gracilis.
97. **Xylaria castorea** Berk. Fl. Nov. Zel. I, p. 204. t. CV, f. 10. — 1246
Stipite brevi, primum spongioso-velutino demum nudo, rugoso; cla-
vula obtusa ovata vel subelliptica, valde compressa minutissime
areolata, ostiolis prominulis punctato-aspera; ascis angustis; spo-
ridiis ovoideo-oblongis, fuligineis, 10 μ . longis.
Hab. in ligno putri in Nova Zelandia (COLENZO), Wellington

N. Z. (TRAVERS). — Stroma 2-3 cent. alt., 12-16 mill. cr. Habitus fere *X. Linguae* Lév.

98. **Xylaria collabens** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 696 et Cent. II, n. 31, 1247 t. 9, f. 6, *Acrosphaeria collabens* (Mont.) Corda Anlæit. p. 136. — Fragilissima, stipitata; stipite nigro-villoso, villo patent, simplici aut furcato; clavula magna sphærica, Cerasi magnitudine, nigra, intus cava, extus subsquarroso, appendice apicali brevi aut nullâ instructa; peritheciis periphericis magnis membranaceis fuscis colabentibus, ostioli papillæformis prominuli limbo interno circulari adnatis; sporidiis generis at duplo majoribus.

Hab. in cortice arborum in Guyana centrali (LEPRIEUR).

99. **Xylaria adscendens** Fr. Nov. Symb. 128, *Sph. adscendens* Fr. 1248 Linnæa 1830, pag. 537. — Suberosa, simplex ramosave, clavulis compressis longitudinaliter costato-rugosis, laccatis, atris, stipitibus adscendentibus subglabris lacunoso-sulcatis; peritheciis immersis, haud prominulis globosis amplis, sparsis.

Hab. in truncis demortuis prope Tifuca Brasiliæ (BEYRICH). — Stirps 3-4 unc. alta, a *X. Hypoxylon* non multum absimilis.

100. **Xylaria alpina** Speg. Nov. Add. n. 64, Mich. II, 253. — Stroma. 1249 tibus sæpius solitariis, rarius in cæspitibus 2-3 connatis, clavæformibus rarius subcylindraceis, rarissime lateraliter compressis, 2 cent. altis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ diam.; extus atris ruguloso-scabrosis, intus candidis; clavula peritheciis subglobosis, totaliter immersis, vix apice ostioli exsertis, confertissimis, undique ornata; stipite atro, brevi, ligno immerso, sæpe subbulboso, pulvinulo depresso, subcirculari, tomentoso-ozoniaceo, atro-olivaceo circumdato; ascis longissime pedicellatis, 40-45 \approx 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ -5 p. sporif., 100-110 \approx 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ stip., paraphysibus crassis torulosis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, navicularibus, rarius subellipticis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 1-guttulatis, fusco-fuligineis, 7-10 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in trunco carioso putrescente Abietis in sylva alpina Cansiglio, in Italia boreali.

101. **Xylaria portentosa** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 677 et Cent. I, n. 33, 1250 Fl. Boliv., sub *Sphaeria* (1839), p. 46, et Fl. Chil., VIII, p. 420, t. 9, f. 1, *Sph. antilopea* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1846. — Lignosa; stipite basi ramoso-subfasciculato, clavulis elongato-linguiformibus atris intus cavis, undique perithecia magna superficialia ova-to-globosa crassa papillata gerentibus; ascis cylindraceis longe stipitatis, paraphysatis; sporidiis cymbiformibus binucleolatis.

Hab. ad lignum emortuum in Chile (A.L.C. d'ORBIGNY), Guade-

lupa (L' HERMINIER). — *Stromata cylindracea*, 6-12 cent. longa, basi 3-5 mill. cr.

102. **Xylaria radicata** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 780, *Sph. radicata* 1251 Schw.! herb. — *Cylindrica*, simplex vel e radice longa tomentosa subcæspitosa oriunda, ex atropurpureo nigra, rugosa, leviter rimosa, ostiolis prominulis papillata; stipite brevissimo; sporidiis cymbiformibus 15-20 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri Cubæ et Surinami. — Radix 2-5 cent. longa; capitulum fere æquilongum.

103. **Xylaria scruposa** (Fr.) Berk. Cub. Fungi n. 802, *Sph. scruposa* 1252 Fr. El. II, p. 55. — *Cæspitosa*, suberosa, clavulis simplicibus scruposo-rugosis undique peritheciis tectis, intus griseis, stipitibus subvillosis.

Hab. ad truncos Brasiliæ, Indiæ occidentalis et Cubæ. — Species eximie distincta! Stipites plurimi conjuncti, inferne in radicem deorsum attenuatam, truncos intrantem, connati, longitudine clavulæ, leproso-villosi, lineam crassi; variant glabrescentes. Clavulæ oblongatae, obtuse, simplicissimæ, undique peritheciis cinctæ et tuberculosæ, superficie insuper rugoso-scruposa et adspectu quasi leprosa, ut varii fungi Brasiliani, opaca, atra. Intus tota solida est, molliuscula, grisea, haud pulveracea. Perithecia globosa, conferta, passim polysticha (immatura stromati immersa), pro ratione majuscula, prominentia, atra. Ostiola ipsa superficie leprosa oblitterantur. Tota 1-2 unc. alta, clavulis 2-3 lin. diametro.

104. **Xylaria comosa** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 696 et Cent. II, n. 30, 1253 t. 9, f. 5, *Sph. echinocephala* Schw. MS. — Simplex, stipitata; stipite coriaceo-suberoso nigro-velutino; clavula brevi elliptica etiam villosula, crusta rimosa (velo) juniore ochroleuca, demum fuscescente obducta, apice varie fimbriata, fimbriis comam fingen-tibus, intus initio fibris transversis farcta, dein columella axili pallida tantum percursa; peritheciis globosis, sparsis membranaceis mollibus flaccidis collabentibus, ostiolis papillatis ad rimulas crustæ sæpius insidentibus.

Hab. ad ligna emortua in sylvis Sinnamariensibus (LEPRIEUR), Cuba, Surinam, S. Domingo (BERK.).

105. **Xylaria Culleniæ** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1047. — Stipite 1254 elongato strigoso quandoque furcato; capitulo simplici vel fasciculato-partito; peritheciis prominulis rugosis; sporidiis cymbiformibus curvulis.

Hab. in capsulis aculeatis Culleniae spinosæ, Ceylon. — Pili stipitis septati.

106. **Xylaria hispidula** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 804. — Stipite elongato æquali nigro floccis patentibus demum depresso vestito; capitulo subcylindrico obtuso subfulvo venis flexuosis nigris ornato; peritheciis prominulis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, 14–15 μ . longis. 1255

Hab. in ligno putri, Cuba. — Stipes 5 cent. longus; capitulum 25 mill. long. deorsum attenuatum. Affinis *X. escharoidi*, sed rite distincta.

107. **Xylaria microcephala** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 692 et Fl. Chil., VII, p. 432, t. 9, f. 2. — Cæspitosa, minuta, 4 mill. alta; stipibus teretibus ramosis, fusco-tomentosis; capitulo globoso depresso millim. crasso concolori; peritheciis paucis immersis intus albis. 1256

Hab. ad cortices arborum emortuarum in Chile (BERTERO).

108. **Xylaria spathulata** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1040. — Capitulo late obovato castaneo ostiolis nigris punctato; stipite brevi brunneo basi penetrante materie fusca spongiosa prædicto; carne pallida; sporidiis minutis 10 μ . longis. 1257

Hab. in ligno putri, Central province, Ceylon. — Stipes 20 mill. long. capitulum æquans; perithecia in stipitem decurrent.

109. **Xylaria tenuissima** (Zipp. et Lév.) Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 128, *Sphæria* (Cordyceps) *tenuissima* Zipp. mss. Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 44. — Nigra; stipite gracili elongato, scruposo-velutino deorsum attenuato, sursum bifido, claviculis torulosis elongatis mucronatis, peritheciis globosis semi-immersis, ostiolis obsoletis. 1258

Hab. in Java et Clili, ad truncos. — Stipes 3 cent. altus. Accedit ad *Xyl.* (Thamn.) *hispidissimam* Fr.

Sect. 3. *Xylodactyla* Fr. l. c.; clava apice sterili, stipite villoso.

110. **Xylaria pedunculata** (Diks.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 382. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 8 *Sph. pedunculata* Dicks. Crypt. Brit. IV. p. 27, t. XII, f. 8. — Stromate e terra emergente, crassiusculo, flexuoso, fusco-nigricante, simplici v. rarius parce ramoso; hymenio conidifero cinereo; clavula peritheciigera crassa, subglobosa, peritheciis prominentibus verrucosa, apice conico, acuto, sterili; ascis cylindricis, brevi-pedicellatis, octosporis; sporidiis late ovatis, obtusisimis, rectis, oblique monostichis, ex fusco nigricantibus, opacis, strato mucoso, crasso, hyalino cinctis, 40 \times 20. 1259

Hab. ad terram uliginosam plerumque stercoratam in Gallia, Britannia et Missouri, Amer. bor.

111. **Xylaria Hypoxylon** (Linn.) Grev. Flora Edin. p. 355. Nits. Pyr. 1260
 Germ. p. 5, *Clavaria Hypoxylon* Linn. Fl. Suec. ed II, p. 457.
Sph. Hypoxylon Pers. Obs. myc. I, p. 20. — Stromate erecto, compresso-dilatato varieque partito, rarius tereti ac simplici, atro et basin versus villoso; hymenio conidifero albido, conidiis fusiformibus, minimis; clavula peritheciigera stipite multo crassiore peritheciis ovatis, paullo prominentibus, dense stipatis rugosa, apice sterili; stipite clavula plerumque breviori; peritheciis rarius in stromate fere integro irregulariter sparsis; ascis cylindricis, octosporis, longe pedicellatis, $80 \approx 7-8$, parte sporif.; sporidiis fusiformibus obtusis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, oblique monostichis, $12-14 \approx 5-6$.

Hab. ad ligna putrida, cortices muscosos truncorum in tota Europa, Amer. merid. et bor., Asia merid., Cuba, Java, Australia, Natal. — Var. *Bowmanni* Müll.; gracilis, brevior, 18-24 mill. alta. In Australia, King's Creek. — Var. *mucronata* Berk. Ceylon. — Var. *pedata*, glabra, nigra, clavula subdiscreta pedato-incisa; stipite clavulam superante. Cum vulgari. — Var. *cupressiformis* Pers. *X. cupressiformis* (Woodw.) Fr., minor, simplex, clavula discreta, cylindrica conico-acuminata. In Suecia et Germania.

112. **Xylaria cupressiformis** Becc. in Erb. critt. ital. n. 1278, *Lichen-* 1261
agaricus cupressiformis Mich. N. pl. gen. 104, t. 55, fig. 2, nec
 Pers. — A *X. Hypoxylo* differt indumento basilari pannoso, rufo-brunneo, nec hirsuto; sporidiis oblongo-navicularibus, latitudine sua fere triplo longioribus (in *X. Hypoxylo* latitudine vix duplo longiora sunt).

Hab. in truncis Populi in sylva Pisana (Ital. media) ubi legit O. BECCARI. — *X. cupressiformis* Ces. Myc. Born. p. 17, ex Sarawak (Borneo) huc forte quoque spectat.

113. **Xylaria Massula** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 15. — *Xylarie cupressi-* 1262
formi aliquantulum similis; clavulis gregariis, dimidium centimeter ad summum altis, ovatis in stipitellum abrupte attenuatis, obtusis, rugosis, atris; ascis linearibus, sporidiis cymbiformibus alternatim versis, uniseriatis, utrinque obtusis, continuis, e virenti fuscidulis, sub-opacis, $8 \approx 5$.

Hab. in Sarawak Bornei ad Mattang, in corticibus et ligno denudato.

114. **Xylaria aristata** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 694 et Guy.. mss., n. 497, 1263
 t. 5, f. 6. — Simplex aut furcata, filiformis, carnosso-suberosa; clavula ex ovoideo sphærica, mucronato-aristata, umbrina, lævi;

peritheciis sphæricis latentibus membranaceis, ostiolis prominulis atris; stipite patentí-villoso attenuato; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 80 ± 5 , paraphysatis; sporidiis minutis cymbiformi-gibbis, 10μ . longis.

Hab. ad folia Guttiferæ cujusdam, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR), Borneo (BECCARI), Cuba in foliis Clusiæ etc. (BERK.). — Sparsa, in foliis coriaceis insititia. Stipes simplex, e basi parum crassiori filiformis, ultra pollicem et dimidium longus, rigidus, interdum paulisper flexuosus, desinens in clavulam oblongam, 3-4 mill. longam, $\frac{1}{2}$ crassam, ostiolis exasperatam, mucronatam. Totus fungus umbinus, glaber, levis (Ces.).

115. **Xylaria apiculata** Cooke Nev. Zeal. Fungi in Grev. VIII, 66. — 1264

Simplex, gracilis, stipitata, atra; capitulis cylindricis, superne apiculatis; peritheciis prominulis, papillatis; stipite velutino; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, lanceolatis, subcurvulis, atro-brunneis, $20-22 \pm 7$.

Hab. in ligno putri Maungaroa Novæ Zelandiæ. — Stipes 25-38 mill. altus, clavula 12 mill. long. 2 mill. cr. apice spinulosa.

116. **Xylaria Tulasnei** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 8, *X. pedunculata* var. 1265

pusilla Tul. Carp. II, p. 18, t. II, fig. 1-28. — Stromate e terra v. e fimo cuniculari apice clavuligero erumpente, simplici, nigricante, gracili, filiformi, flexuoso v. contorto, basi plerumque varie incrassato, sclerotiformi, plerumque sub clavulam nec non ad basin versus pilis copiosis hirsuto, ceterum variæ longitudinis; hymenio conidifero cinereo; conidiis obovato-globosis minutissimis; clavula peritheciigera subglobosa vel e basi maxime incrassata in apicem sterilem acutum sensim attenuata, peritheciis prominulis mammillosa; ascis cylindricis, breviter pedicellatis, octosporis, pseudoparaphysibus longissimis, filiformibus, tenerrimis, septatis obvalbatis; sporidiis submonostichis, late ovatis, obtusissimis, rectis, nigricantibus, strato crasso, hyalino, involutis, $24 \pm 12-14$.

Hab. in humo fimo Cuniculorum stercorata in Gallia, Britannia et Germania. — A *X. pedunculata* statura multo minori differt.

117. **Xylaria stuppea** (Wallr.) Nits. Hedw. 1868, p. 83. *Sph. stup-* 1266

pea Wallr. Crypt. Germ. n. 4114. *Sph. digitala* β *rhizoides* Fr. El. II. 56. — Stromate nigro fusco, tegmine stupposo stipato-contexto, stratum medullare album ambeunte tecto, molli, e basi rhizode ramosissima implexa in stipites proliferis, inferne bulbosos, superne in apicem primum albo-pruinatum tenuatum, dein perithe-

ciis globosis, vertice acuto papillato prominentibus, nucleo nigro farctis asperum cylindricum desinente, plexus fasciculatos rhizomoideos mentiente; ascis cylindricis, stipitatis, 160 \approx 8, p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis, oblongis, inæquilateralibus, 20–27 \approx 6–7, fuligineis.

Hab. ad ligna quercina aquæductuum northusanorum Germ. semel at abundanter. — Clavula 6–20 mill. longa, 2–3 mill. crassa.

— A *X. digitata* et *X. polymorpha* satis recedit.

118. **Xylaria polyclada** (Lév.) Fr. Symb. myc. 128. *Sphæria* (Cordyceps) *polycladia* Pers. mss. Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 44. 1267

— Carnoso-suberosa, ramosa subdichotoma, clavulis elongatis crустaceo-laccatis rugosis cylindricis opacis compressis dilatatis albis, peritheciis globosis immersis, ostiolis punctiformibus atris nitidis prominulis, stipite scruposo fuligineo; ascis densis, 8-sporis; sporidiis navicularibus, monostichis, opacis.

Hab. in Hispaniola (POITEAU). — Stroma 12–15 cent. altum, stipite 6–7 cent. long.

119. **Xylaria persicaria** (Schwein.). B. et C., Thuem. F. Pomic. p. 101. 1268
Sph. persicaria Schwein. Syn. Carol. n. 9. — Suberosa, simplex, clayula nuda albo-carnea, stipite flexuoso villoso rugoso.

Hab. in defossis putaminibus Persicarum in Carolina, sat frequens. — Cæspitosa. Caulis flexuosus, raro ramosus, radicatus, 3 unc. longus et ultra, crassitie pennæ corvinæ, primo villosum virescens, demum niger (in nostris speciminibus ferrugineus), perithecia continens valde prominula, in medio sita. Clavula alba, in colorem albo-carneum v. lutescentem mutatur. In profunde defossis matricibus longitudinem acquirit 6 unc.

120. **Xylaria Guepini** (Fr.) Ces. Comm. critt. I, p. 71, t. V. *Sph. Guepini*, Fr. Elench. II, 58. — Stipite radicoso extus intusque stuppeo albo, clavulis digitatis testaceis, apice sterilibus, ostiolis granulosis atris; ascis cylindricis breve stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis ovoideis, inæquilateris, fuligineis. 1269

Hab. ad terram fimetosam Italiæ borealis, Galliæ occidentalis (GUEPIN), Brasiliæ (FRIES), Ceylon et Borneo (BECCARI). — Inter Sphærias recentiori seculo in Europa detectas nulla memorabilior. Stipes ad 6–7 unc. extensus, lineam crassus, erectus, æqualis, firmulus, sed mollis, undique vellere stupposo obductus, velut Rhizomorpha xylostroma Ach!, sursum dichotome divisus in clavulas plures digitato-congestas. Clavulæ 3–5-digitatæ, simplices aut bifidæ, (est enim in toto fungo dichotomiæ nitus), breves, unciam

haud attingentes, utrinque attenuatæ, mucrone sterili obtuso terminatæ; colore pallide testaceo, sed ex ostiolis nigris demum granulosis atræ; intus solidæ, stupposæ, albæ. Perithecia pro ratione ampla, atra, confertissima, immo polysticha, ostiolis prominulis conicis. Fr. l. c. — Var. *eupiliaca* Ces. l. c. in quo a specie differat nescio.

121. **Xylaria carpophila** (P.) Fr. Sum. Veg. Scand. p. 382. Nits. Pyr. 1270

Germ. p. 6. *Sphæria carpophila* Pers. Obs. myc. I. 19. — Stromate assurgente, flexuoso, gracili, filiformi, nigricante, simplici et terete, v. apice paullo spathuliformi-dilatato, immo bipartito, duasque clavulas gerente, basi plus minus villoso; hymenio conidifero cinereo v. cinereo-olivaceo; conidiis minutissimis, ovatis; clavula perithecigera stipite crassiore ac plerumque breviore, subulata, peritheciis nonnihil extantibus tuberculosa, apice sterili; peritheciis subglobosis; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, 80 ± 6 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, obtusis, atrofuscis, inæquilateralibus, $12-16 \pm 4-5$.

Hab. in pericarpiis putrescentibus Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius Diospyri, Goniothalamii, Liquidambaris, in Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia, Suecia, Amer. bor. Ceylon.

122. **Xylaria Oxyacanthæ** Tul., Carp. II, p. 15, tab. 13, fig. 1-10. X. 1271

Fuckelii Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 7. — Stromate primo hypogæo, deinde e terra emergente, nunc simplici et terete, nunc contra versus apicem dilatato-compresso, varieque partito, nigerrimo, basi villoso; hymenio conidifero ex albido dilute flavicante; conidiis, globosis, minimis; clavula perithecigera crassa, apice sterili; peritheciis dense stipatis, vix prominentibus; ascis cylindricis breviter pedicellatis, octosporis, $80-100 \mu$. longis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, inæquilateralibus, atrofuscis, 10 ± 4 .

Hab. in fructibus humi dejectis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ, in Gallia. — A *X. carpophila* (Pers.) recedit stromate robustiore breviore, magis diviso, parte conidiophora flavicante etc.

123. **Xylaria Delitschii** Auersw. Hedw. 1868, p. 136. X. *Fuckelii* 1272

Nits. (p. p. in fructibus Carpini). — A typo differt stromatibus simplicibus cylindricis, nec bifidis, compressis; ascis et sporidiis ut *X. Hypoxylia*, a qua differt conidiis globosis nec lanceolatis.

Hab. in fructibus Carpinii, Lipsiæ (AUERSWALD.).

124. **Xylaria flabelliformis** (Schw.) B. et Curt. Cuban Fungi n. 793. 1273

Sph. flabelliformis (Schw.) Fr. Elench. II, 58, Schw. Syn. Am. bor. p. 189, *Merisma nigripes* Schw. Syn. Carol. p. 85. — Coria-

cea, clavula palmato-incisa, fimbriata, pubescente, luteo-carnea, stipe subbulboso nigro, villoso.

Hab. in ramis et lignis dejectis Carolinæ, Pensylvaniæ, Ceylon, Cuba. — Valde singularis plantula, in statu sterili *Isariæ* æmulia. Specimina solitaria, $\frac{1}{2}$ unc. alta vel paulo ultra; basi bulbosa, ovata, villosa, abrupte nigricante; clavula apice sterili compressa, irregulariter fimbriata dentataque, tuberculata; subinde in ramos palmatos finditur. Color in siccis ob pubescentiam pulverulentam albicans. Perithecia minuta. Junior *Thelephoram* quamdam in memoriam revocat.

125. **Xylaria Feejensis** (Berk.) Fr. Nov. Symb. 128. *Sphæria* (Hypoxylon) *Feejensis* Berk. descrip. fung. Hinds p. 10. — Suberosa, simplex, vel sursum palmata, fusco-purpurea, rugosa, rimulosa; peritheciis minutis subglobosis subprominulis, ostiolis nigris; stipite brevi vel nullo; sporidiis minutis, segmentiformibus.

Hab. in truncis putridis Feeje, insulæ m. Pacifici (R. B. HINDS).

126. **Xylaria dichotoma** Mont. Syll. p. 204. Cuba, p. 351, t. 13, f. 3, 1275 sub *Hypoxylo*, nec Lév. — Cæspitosa, subcarnosa, teres, dichotoma, sub axillis compressa, atro-fusca opaca, solida, intus pallida, undique, apicibus stipitibusque villosis exceptis, peritheciis minutis, globosis prominentibus papillatis tecta.

Hab. ad ligna dejecta, Cuba (RAMON DE LA SAGRA).

127. **Xylaria Arbuscula** Sacc. M. V. n. 1192. Mich. I. 249. Fung. ital. 1276 t. 583. — Gregaria, fasciculata, arbusculiformis, atra; stipitibus gracilibus, cent, $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$ alt. mill. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 cr., adscendentibus, tomentosis; clavulis (conidiophoris) attenuatis, saepe compressis, apice albicantibus (conidiis nondum visis), clavulis pyrenophoris teretibus, apice breviter sed acute cuspidatis, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 cent. long., 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. cr., initio longitudinaliter cinereo-rivulosis, tandem, ob perithecia, depresso tuberculatis; peritheciis globosis immersis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. papillatis; ascis cylindraceis longiuscule stipitatis, p. sporif. 80-8-10, stip. 30-40 long., apice rotundatis, aplanata, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, 14-16=5-7, curvulis, 1-2-guttatis, initio hyalinis, dein cinereis, tandem atro-fuligineis.

Hab. in cistis ligneis putrescentibus muscosis Orchideas tropicales hospitantibus in calidario Horti LEVI, Treviso, Ital. bor. — A *Xyl. Hypoxylo* (L.) Grev., *X. cupressiformi* (Mich.) Becc. et pluribus exoticis satis diversa.

128. **Xylaria acuta** Peck, 25 Rep. p. 101. — Gregaria aut cæspito-

sa, 1-1,5 alta; stromate cylindrico aut subfusiformi, sæpius apice sterili acuto, nigricante, intus albo, radiato-contexto; stipite tomento mucedineo pururascente obvoluto, simulateque bulboso; peritheciis globosis nigris; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, interdum curvulis, coloratis, 15-18 μ . long.

Hab. in Amer. boreal. Greig, in truncis muscosis. — A *X. digitata* differt habitu cæspitoso, stipite et substantia interiore.

129. **Xylaria Cornu-Damæ** (Schw.) Berk. North Am. Fungi p. 158, 1278
Sph. (Cordyceps) *Cornu-Damæ* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1163. — Suberosa, aterrima, crassiuscula, trunco subradicato, varie torto, atro-floccoso in radice, compresso, in apice furcato-ramoso, dilatato; plerumque apicibus abrupte acuminatis, demum fertilibus, exacte ut cornu damæ; apice juniori squamuloso-cinerascente, ceterum tomento atro undique brevissimo vestito; peritheciis majusculis prominulis, ostiolis obtusato-cylindricis brevibus; intus candidissimo; sporidiis (teste Berk.) curvulis, angustis, 15-26 μ . longis.

Hab. in truncis antiquis dejectis subdefossis, Bethlehem Am. bor.
— *X. Hypoxylo* affinis sed multo crassior.

130. **Xylaria mucronata** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. mucronata* Schw. New 1279
Sphær. Amer. p. 5. t. 1, fig. 1. Fr. S. M. II, 326. — Carnosa, simplex, badia, clavula incrassata lutescente, apice sterili mucronata, peritheciis atris.

Hab. in trunco Liriodendri Carolinæ Amer. bor. — Stipes badius, subsquamatus, inflexus, compressus, unciam altus, 4 lin. crassus. Clavula incrassata, irregularis. Perithecia majora, prominula, ostiolis globosis, nigris. Asci moniliformes, post evacuationem teretes. Sporidia subglobosa, atra.

131. **Xylaria piperiformis** Berk. Decad. n. 481. — Clava gracili, cylindrica, sæpius apice acuminata sterili; stipite elongato flexuoso lineato-rugoso radicante; ostiolis prominentibus; sporidiis minimis, 6 μ . longis, cymbiformibus. 1280

Hab. in India, Sikkim. — Stipes 50-70 mill. alt., 2 mill. cr.; clavula 25-50 mill. longa, vix 2 mill. cr.; ostiolis rugulosa, subinde pruinosa; perithecia elliptica.

132. **Xylaria subterranea** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (Hypoxylon) subterranea* Schw. New Am. Sphaeriæ p. 4, t. 1, fig. 3, et in Linnæa IV. Litt. 45. — Caulescens suberosa, indivisa, longissima, apice elongato griseo, pulverulento, integro, ex reliquo nigricans, $\frac{1}{2}$ ped. alta, basi flexa hirsuta, indeque usque ad medium tenui-fusco-tomentosa; peritheciis sparsis, in parte pulverulenta rarioribus. 1281

Hab. in fodinis et puteis, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

133. **Xylaria ianthino-velutina** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 690 et Cent. II, 1282

n. 34 et Guy., n. 492. — Simplex vel ramosa, teres, apice acuto compressa, undique villo longo violaceo-brunneo hirta aut vestita; peritheciis superficialibus, subliberis ovoides depresso sparsis demum pertusis inter setulis; sporidiis monostichis naviculari-subpyriformibus, 12-13 μ . long.

Hab. in fructu putrido Hymeneæ Courbaril in Guyana (LEPRIEUR), in legumine ligneo in Brasilia (TRAILL). — An eadem cum *X. Apeibæ* Mont.?

Sect. 4. *Xylostyla* Fr. l. c. clava apice sterili, stipite glabro.

134. **Xylaria digitata** (Linn.) Grev. Flor. Edin. 356. Nits. Pyr. Germ. 1283

p. 9. *Clavaria digitata* Linn. S. Veg. ed. XV, p. 1010. — Stroma erecto, crasso, fusco, leproso-velutino, glabro, terete ac simplici, apice sensim attenuato, rarius obtuso, immo emarginato v. in ramos 2-3 dichotome partito, rarissime plus minus compresso ac furcato, basi connato v. tanquam in corpus solidum, crassissimum confluente hymenio conidifero ex albido-fuscescente; conidiis obovato-subglobosis, minimis; clavula peritheciigera medium stromatis partem occupante, et in stipitem brevem et in apicem sterilem continuo transiente, peritheciis numerosissimis, denseque stipatis, paullo prominentibus rugosa; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 120 \pm 7 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, obtusis, inaequilateralibus, atrofuscis, 18-20 \pm 5-6.

Hab. in lignis fabrefactis et trabibus putrescentibus uidis in Britannia, Germania, Suecia, Gallia, Italia, Helvetia, America bor., Brasilia, Java, Ceylon. — Var. *Americana* Peck.; sporidiis minoribus, 12-13 μ . longis ceterum non diversa. New York. — Var. *torulosa* Jungh. Præm. Fl. Java, p. 22; clavulis torulosis. In truncis Javæ. — Var. *dubia* Jungh. l. c. stromatibus sphæroideis stromati communi effuso subimmersis; peritheciis magnis. In truncis, Javæ. Hæc verisimiliter spectat ad sect. IV. *Xypoxylī* (CÆNOPUS).

135. **Xylaria grandis** Peck, 26 Rep. p. 85. — Magna, nigrobrunnea, 1284

irregularis, apice sterili obtusa acuminata, rubiginosaque, basi abrupte attenuata, intus albicante; peritheciis subglobosis; sporidiis fusoideis, utrinque acuminatis, rectis vel curvatis, 20-23 μ . long.; stipite ramoso, radiante, saepe valde elongato.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Portage ad terram. — Planta 7-12 cent. alt., clava 3-7 cent. long., 16-20 mill. cr. Stipite ramoso, apice sterili

acuto, mole majori differt a *X. polymorpha*; sporidiis majoribus a *X. digitata*.

136. ***Xylaria bulbosa*** (Pers.) Berk. et Br. in Berkeley, Outl. of Brit. 1285 Fung. p. 385, t. 24, f. 2, *Sph. bulbosa* Pers. Obs. mycol. II, 63, t. I, f. 1. — Stromate erecto, crasso, simplici v. apice furcato, tereti v. rarius apicem versus paullo dilatato-compresso, glabro, nigricante, basi tuberoso; clavula peritheciæ apice sterili, simplici v. bi-tricruri, peritheciis dense stipatis, nonnihil prominentibus mammillosa, tereti v. subcompressa, stipite brevi; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, plerumque pseudoparaphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, septatis longe superatis, 80–84 = 6–7 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, obtusis, inæquilateralibus, fuscis, 12 = 4.

Hab. inter muscos et folia Pinorum ad terram in Germania, Britannia, Italia, Carolina, rarius.

137. ***Xylaria graminicola*** Gerard, in Peck 26 Rep. n. 85. — Tenuis, 1286 cylindrica, indivisa, intus viridi-pulverulenta, dein nigro-brunnea, ob perithecia globosa prominula exasperata, vertice sterili, acuto; stipite levi, recto vel flexuoso, brunneo; sporidiis monostichis, inæqualiter ellipsoideis, 10 = 5.

Hab. in Amer. bor., Ponghkeepsie in rhizomate graminum languentium (GERARD). — Planta 2 circ. alta, *Xylariæ Hypoxylon* affinis.

138. ***Xylaria cæspitulosa*** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 15. — Dense cæspitosa, 1287 cæspitibus pollicem altis e stipite basi ramoso, ramis erectis vel adscendentibus filiformibus, compressis, in clavulam tenuem cylindraceam torulosam apice sterili producto desinentibus; tota brunnea glabrata; sporidiis (ex Cooke) 12 = 3,5.

Hab. in truncis ad Sarawak, Borneo. — Ex mente cl. Berkeleyi ad veram *X. scopiformem* reduci posset; dissentit cl. Cooke.

139. ***Xylaria scopiformis*** Mont. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1840, XIII, p. 349, 1288 *Hypoxylon scopiforme* Kunze (Diagnosim reperire non potui. Cfr. ad *X. cæspitulosam* Cesati).

Hab. in radicibus et truncis putridis in Guiana, Surinam, Brasilia, Ceylon, Cuba. — Sporidia 10 μ . longa. — Adest var. *elatior*: clavulis elongatis torulosis. Ceylon (BECCARI).

140. ***Xylaria fasciculata*** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. II, p. 19. — Stomatibus rimis ligni et corticis innatis, non vel vix exertis, 15–50 densissime gregarie congestis; stipitibus glabris rugulosis, atris, longissime subrhizomorphoideis, ligni profunde radicatis, saepius

mycelio albo-fibroso, sub-arachnoideo vestitis; clavulis, 1-1 $\frac{1}{3}$ cent. alt., basi subteretibus undulato-gibbulosis et peritheciis, 3-4 mill. long., sursum sterilibus compressis, apice obtuso vel acuto, integro vel lobulato donatis, quandoque strato conidiophoro griseo-croceo vestitis, minute ruguloso-foveolatis, extus atris, intus albis; ascis clavatis, sursum acutiusculo rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum longiusculum attenuatis, 90-100 \approx 18-20, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus crebris obvallatis; sporidiis distichis vel inferne monostichis, elliptico-elongatis, 15 \approx 5, utrinque attenuato-rotundatis ac uniguttulatis, inæquilaterali-cymbiformibus, dilute griseo-fuscis.

Hab. in trunco dejecto subputrescente *Salicis Humboldtianæ* secus Rio de la Plata, cerca de la Recoleta, Argent. Americæ australis.

141. **Xylaria cristata** Speg. Fung. Arg. I. p. 179. — Stromatibus, 1290 1-2,5 cent. alt., solitariis, sparsis, rarius 2-5 gregariis vel 2-con-natis; stipite brevi, quandoque deficiente compresso vel tereti, gla-bro, ruguloso, atro; clavula subtereti, undulato-gibbulosa, ob perithecia prominula scabrosula, intus alba in apicem, parti peritheciæ subæquilonium, sterilem quandoque (sed rarius) teretem quandoque, saepius, compressum 2-5 laciniato-cristatum, albido-roseo-croceum, conidiis vestitum, producta; peritheciis stromati im-mersis, globulosis, e mutua pressione quandoque angulosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., atris, ostiolo inconspicuo perforatis; ascis cylindraceis, 70 \approx 6-8 p. sporif., 30 \approx 5 ped.; apice rotundatis in stipitem deor-sum attenuatis, octosporis, a paraphysatis (?); sporidiis oblique monostichis, elongato-navicularibus, 12-15 \approx 4-5, utrinque obtusius-culis, granuloso-farctis, opace fuligineis.

Hab. ad caudices vetustos emortuos *Salicis Humboldtianæ* in umbrosis secus Rio de la Plata a la Recoleta, Argent.

142. **Xylaria coccophora** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 699 et Guy., mss., 1291 n. 502. — Dichotoma, suberosa, tereti-compressa, gracilis; stipite atro, axillis dilatato-complanato; clavulis teretibus apice mucro-natis torulosis velo fulvo rimuloso primitus vestitis; peritheciis prominulo-exsertis; ascis cito diffluentibus, octosporis; sporidiis inæqualiter cymbiformibus, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. ad ligna putrida, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

143. **Xylaria vaporaria** Berk. Curr. Linn. Trans. XXIV, t. 25, f. 17, 1292 26. — Stromate sclerotioideo, suberoso, rugoso, irregulari, sursum protuberantiis brevibus terminato; clavulis conicis stipitatis, tantum inferius peritheciophoris, atris, sursum attenuatis, pulverulentis.

rubescenti-fuscis; peritheciis subsparsis, prominulis, nucleo nigro glutinoso; sporidiis octonis, navicularibus, biseriatis, nigricantibus, 40-50 μ . longis.

Hab. in Slerotio inter fungos cultos, Cornwell (Britannia).

144. **Xylaria phyllophila** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 15. — Abunde paginam 1293 utramque foliorum arboris mihi ignotæ obsidens; stipite pollicem et semis longo, filiformi, atro, glabro, in longitudinem striato; clavula tenui, cylindracea, dimidii centimetri usque centimetrum et ultra longa, umbrina, torulosa, apiculata, immo aristata.

Hab. in Sarawk, Mattang, Borneo. — An eadem ac *X. Phyllocharis* Mont.?

145. **Xylaria Phyllocharis** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 698 et Guy., mss., 1294 n. 501. — Simplex, filiformis; clavula cylindrica carnosa, stipite glabro striatulo atro longiori mucronulata; peritheciis membranaceis innato-periphericis, ostiolis atris prominulis; ascis subtetrasporis, sporidiis ovoideis minutis brunneis, 13 μ . longis.

Hab. ad folia dejecta prope Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

146. **Xylaria inæqualis** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 805. — Receptaculo 1295 filiformi rugoso, peritheciis sparsis papilloso; e basi conica spongiosa oriundo; sporidiis gibbis, utrinque acutiusculis 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri, in Cuba et Brasilia. — Basis conica 5 mill. longa, clava 20 mill. longa.

147. **Xylaria filiformis** (Alb. et Schw.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 382, 1296 Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 12, Sacc. Fungi it. t. 584, *Sph. filiformis* Alb. et Schw. Lus. p. 2, *X. subularis* Fr. S. V. S. 382, *Thamnomyces hippotrichoides* Sacc., olim, nec B. et Br. — Stromate erecto, nigricante, glaberrimo, lœvi, immo nitidulo, simplici, furcato v. varie ramoso, filiformi, subflexuoso, plerumque compresso, rarissime apicem versus dilatato, bincruri; clavula perithecigera stipite breviori ac vix crassiori a stromatis parte superiore sterili, rosea, saepe incurva, apicem versus sensim attenuata longe superata; peritheciis globosis valde prominentibus papillatis aspera; «ascis cylindricis longiuscule stipitatis, apice rotundatis 80-100 \approx 6-7 p. sporif., 70 μ . longa, paraphysibus veris nullis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, inæquilateralibus, 12-15 \approx 5, 2-3-guttatis, fuligineis».

Hab. in foliis putridis, ligni corruptis, corticibus dejectis in Suecia, Germania, Fennia, Belgio, Gallia, Italia, Brasilia, Amer. bor., Venezuela, Cuba.

148. **Xylaria tricolor** Fr. Nov. Symb. 128. — Simplicissima, tenaci, 1297

subulata, gracili, longitudinaliter rugosa, undique glabra, basi nigra, medio fertilis cinerea, apice sterilis fulvella, peritheciis latentibus, ostiolis punctiformibus.

Hab. ad truncos in insula oceanica Oahu (DIDRICHs.). — Fungus 1-2 unc. altus, *X. filiformi* subaffinis.

149. **Xylaria furcata** Fr. Nov. Symb. 128, *Sph.* (Cordyceps) *dichotoma* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 45, nec Mont. (teste Friesio) *Sph. scoparia* Lév. MS. — Gregaria, filiformis, teres nuda, nigra, dichotoma, axillis compressis, ramulis ultimis subulatis, albis.

Hab. in Java ad truncos (KORTHALS), Sarawak, Borneo (BECCARI). — Stroma 1 decim. longum. *X. scopiformi* affinis.

150. **Xylaria gracillima** Fr. Nov. Symb. 128, *Sph. gracillima* Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 538. — Simplex, tenax, teres, subcapillaris, glabra lineolis nigris in ligno serpens, nigrescens, apice testaceo-pallens; peritheciis lateralibus, raris immerso-latentibus, globosis, nigris.

Hab. ad ligna putrida sylvarum Cayennensium, cum *Thamnomycè*. — Clavulæ filiformes, 4-6 lin. longæ, simplices.

151. **Xylaria Rhizomorpha** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 678 et Cent. II, n. 24, 1300 *Rhyzomorpha guyanensis* Fr. Summa V. S. 382 et Nov. Symb. 128. — Carnoso-suberosa, atra, intus nigrescens, a basi ramosa, dichotoma, teres, lævis, apicibus filiformi-attenuatis; peritheciis superficialibus sparsis, raro confluentibus, depresso-globosis vel ovoides, ostiolo papillæformi; sporis generis.

Hab. in sylvis Guyanæ (LEPRIEUR), Sarawak ad Mattang (BECCARI).

152. **Xylaria axifera** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 695 et Guy., mss., n. 498, 1301 t. 3, f. 7. — Stipite axiformi filiformi rufo-fuscescente puberulo; clavula prope apicem irregulariter globosa extus intusque atra; peritheciis paucis magnis prominentibus ostiolis inconspicuis; sporidiis subquaternis, oblongo-fusiformibus fuscis.

Hab. in ramis arborum circa Cayennam (LEPRIEUR), Sarawak, Borneo (BECCARI), in petiolis putridis *Sciadophylli* in Cuba (BERK.).

153. **Xylaria Apeibæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 693, Guy., mss., n. 493. — 1302 Suberosa, filiformis, dichotoma, divisionibus patenti-erectis hirsutiuscula; peritheciis sparsis exertis mamillatis, atris; sporidiis.....

Hab. in fructibus Apeibæ, Guyana (LEPRIEUR), Brasilia (TRAILL).

Subg. *Thamnomyces* Ehrenb. *Rhizomorpha* Auct. p. p. — Stroma rigidum carbonaceum, subfragile, teres vel filiforme. Perithecia superficialia, laxa. — Plures Xylariæ species e. g. n. 147, 149, 150 etc. in hoc subgenus transeunt.

154. **Xylaria hippotrichoides** (Sow.) Sacc. *Sph. hippotrichoides* Sow. 1303
t. 200, *Hypox. loculiferum* Bull., *Ceratonema hippotrich.* Pers.,
Rhizomorpha tuberculosa Ach., *Cryptothamnium usneæforme*
Wallr., *Rhizomorpha setiformis* Roth., *Chænocarpus setosus* Reb.,
Chænocarpus Simonini Desm. — Subfasciculata, filiformis, adscen-
dens, nigra, ramosa; peritheciis sparsis, superficialibus, globoso-
conicis, obtuse papillatis; ascis ; sporidiis ovoideis inæquila-
teralibus, atrofuscis, $16 \approx 10$.

Hab. in udis, cellis vinariis ad fragmenta lignea, telas, sube-
rem etc. putrescentia, in Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Britannia. —
Perithecia quandoque brevissime stipitata, initio tomentella. Asci
sec. Kickx subclavati; sporidia oblique monosticha.

155. **Xylaria rostrata** (Mont.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces rostratus* Mont. 1304
Syll. crypt. n. 701, Cent. II, n. 21, t. 6, f. 2. — Ramosa, ramis
teretibus, longissimis, erectis; peritheciis lateralibus, sessilibus,
ovoideis, patentibus, ostiolo longo acuto rostratis; sporidiis fuscis,
phaseoliformibus, $7-8 \approx 3-3.5$.

Hab. ad truncos prostratos in sylvis Cayennæ (LEPRIEUR), Pa-
nuré, Brasilia (SPRUCE). — Var. *similis* Berk. Dec. of Fungi n. 620*:
peritheciis suberostratis. In Brasilia.

156. **Xylaria adnata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Rhizom. adnata* Fuck. Symb. myc. 1305
p. 237, t. IV, fig. 24. — Stromatibus late effusis, primo ligno pu-
trido adnatis, demum (carie consumpto) liberis, $\frac{1}{4}$ lin. crassis, atro-
fuscis, superficie rugulosis, fragilissimis; peritheciis superficialibus,
conicis, sparsis; sporidiis (ascis?) $16-20 \approx 8$, aut sporidiolis repletis,
aut vacuis, lutescentibus.

Hab. in ligno putrido excavato Fagi sylvaticæ pluribus lo-
cis Wiesbaden inter et Rüdesheim (Germania).

157. **Xylaria fragilis** (Roth) Sacc., *Rhizomorpha fragilis* Roth, Cat. 1306
I, 231. Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 231. — Stromatibus subrepentibus sub-
corticalibus, subinde erumpentibus, glabris, cylindraceo-filiformi-
bus, subcompressis, tortuosis vase et repetitive ramosis, fusco-nigri-
cantibus, ramulis pallidioribus; peritheciis subsparsis conico-ovatis,
papillatis, superficialibus; ascis octosporis; sporidiis curvulis Hy-
poxylorum (teste Fries l. c.).

Hab. sub cortice arborum variarum, Salicium, Quercuum, Fagorum in tota fere Europa, rarissime fructificans.

158. **Xylaria hispidissima** (Fr.) Sacc. *Rhizomorpha hispidissima* Fr. 1307

Nov. Symb. 129. — Simplicissima, fragillima, usque ad perithecia depresso-globosa papillata strigoso-hispidissima, atra, apice tenuissimo, subulato, concolori; peritheciis subliberis, depresso-globosis, papillatis, glabris; ascis sublinearibus, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, inæquilateralibus, fuligineis.

Hab. in insula Nikobar majori (DIDRICKS.) — Affinis *X. siliformi*, sed fragilitate, peritheciis exogenis etc. distincta.

159. **Xylaria Chamissonis** (Ehrenb.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces Chamissonis* Ehrenb. F. Chamiss. p. 79, t. XVII, fig. 1. — Stromate rigido peritheciis concolore fusco-nigro, caudicibus repetito-dichotomis teretibus ad 6 poll. altis, basi 2 lin. crassis, sensim gracilioribus ramis apice crebrioribus brevioribus; peritheciis ramulis adnatis, hinc inde 2-4 aggregatis, globosis, papillatis, ostiolo pertuso albo; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideis.

Hab. in insula brasiliensi S. Catharina in rupibus (CHAMISSO, et nuperius SPRUCE).

160. **Xylaria annulata** (Ehrenb.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces annulatus* 1309

Ehrenb. Fungi Cham. p. 82. — Fusco-nigricans, intus concolor, cava, stromate rigido in ramos abeunte, ramis simplicibus teretibus ultra 4 pollices longis, cylindricis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ lin. crassis, sub lente annulatis ubique peritheciis sparsis, globosis, papillatis obsitis.

Hab. in India occidentali (HORNSCHUCH). — Natura cum *X. Chamissonis*, habitu vero cum *X. hippotrichoide* convenit.

161. **Xylaria chordalis** (Fr.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces chordalis* Fr. in 1310

Linnæa 1830, p. 534. — Cæspitosa, stricta, filiformis, simplicissima subfarcta, atra; peritheciis ad latera protuberantibus, sparsis, globoso-ovatis, obtusis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis globulosis.

Hab. in sylvis Cayennensibus (RICHARD, DUFOUR). — Fungus 20-24 cent. alt., filo vix crassior, rigidus, levis, sursum longe cuspidatus.

162. **Xylaria fuciformis** (Berk.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces fuciformis* 1311

Berk. Dec. n. 620. — Stipite crassiusculo filiformi, flexuoso, 2 mill. cr.; ramulis rectis 4 mill. longis regulariter vestito; ramulis centro inflatis cavisque; peritheciis

Hab. in truncis putridis Panuré, Brasilia (SPRUCE). — Habitus Fuci cujusdam potius quam fungi.

163. **Xylaria annulipes** (Mont.) Sacc. *Thamnomyces annulipes* Mont. 1312

Syn. Xylaria monosporia B. & C. # 1161?

Syll. n. 702 et in Ann. 2, p. 75, t. 4, f. 4. *Acrosphæria annulipes* Corda Anl. p. 136. — Cæspitosa, simplex, flexuosa, annulata, pollicaris, atra, farcta; perithecio terminali sphærico, extus granulato; ascis oblongis octosporis, subsessilibus; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-globosis pellucidis.

Hab. ad cortices in Monte Corcovado Brasiliæ (GAUDICHAUD). — Ex iconæ Mont. sic dictum peritheciū sphæricum granulatum potius ut capitulum, e peritheciis pluribus formatum, habendum mihi videtur.

Species mihi ignota.

164. **Xylaria fulvo-lanata** Berk. Lond. Journ. (1842) I. pag. 154, X. 1313
fulvo-velutina Fr. Novæ Symb. mycol. p. 128. — In insulis Philippinis. — Diagnosim reperire non contigit.

CAMILLEA Fries, Summa V. S. p. 382. Mont. Syll. Crypt. p. 207 (Etym. ab ill. *Camillo Montagne*). — Stroma verticale, terminiforme, carbonaceum, stipitem mentiens, basi sæpius annulo matri-cali helciiformi cinctum. Perithecia heterogenea, linearia aut phialiformia, membranacea, stromate immersa, in orbem disposita et ad apicem truncatum excavatum marginatumque stromatis spectantia, subostiolata vel modo poro pertusa. Ascii cylindrici, gelatino-si, deliquescentes, paraphysibus capillaribus immixti, octospori. Sporidia oblonga aut cymbiformia, continua, typice fusca, appendiculo ut plurimum uromorpho fine altero caudata.

Mens erat hoc memorabile genus nec non forte *Kretschmariam*, *Leveilleam*, *Cordieritem* etc. in subordinem proprium seorsim ponere, sed analogia *Camilleæ* cum *Hypoxylo* nimia est et quoad cetera genera modo citata, eorum cognitio nondum satis plena.

1. **Camillea Leprieurii** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 703 et Cent. II, n. 40, t. 10, f. 3, sub *Bacillaria* et Guy., n. 507, t. 5, f. 1. — Cylindrica, carbonacea, polita, extus intusque atra, basi annulo stromatico ochreata, apice primum cortice orbiculatim rupto sublevatoque velata, dein disco abrupte excavata; margine disci obtuso; peritheciis amplis oblongis erectis, periphericis, collo brevissimo aut nullo, ostiolo in areola insculpta papillato; ascis linearibus prælongis 8-sporis; sporidiis cymbiformibus primo seriato-concatenatis, dein liberis, 22-25 = 6-7, caudatis; paraphysibus acicularibus.

Hab. ad cortices ramorum emortuorum in sylvis Guyanæ (LEPRIEUR), Caripi Brasiliæ (SPRUCE).

2. **Camillea Bacillum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 704. Cent. I. n. 32; sub 1315 Thamnomyce; Cuba, p. 343, sub Hypoxylo, et Guy., n. 509, t. 5, f. 3. — Simplex; stipite cylindrico, basi annulato-ochreato, sursum in clavulam teretem æqualem obtusam, apice punctulatam abeunte; peritheciis paucis oblongo-attenuatis; collo subtilissimo ostioloque impresso instructis; sporidiis reniformibus, fuscis.
Hab. in cortice corrupto ad S. Marcos Cubæ (AUBER), in Antillis (MOUGEOT), Guyana (MONT.).
3. **Camillea Cyclops** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 705 et Cent. II, n. 41, t. 1316 10, f. 4, et Guy., n. 510, t. 5, f. 2. — Stroma e ligno erumpens, carbonaceum, cylindricum, crassum, breviusculum, durissimum atro-nitens apice obtuso rotundato cupuliformi-excavatum; peritheciis immersis inordinatis erectis elongatis pressione mutua difformibus, ostiolis in disco parvo crasse obtuseque marginato vix prominulis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporiis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, fuscis.
Hab. ad ligna emortua prope Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).
4. **Camillea Labellum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 706 et Guy., mss., n. 511, 1317 t. 5, f. 5. — Erumpens, velo crasso verrucoso primitus involuta, dein libera; stromate tereti brevi crasso apice cupulari-aperto, margine tenuissime granulato; peritheciis erectis oblongis in collum attenuatis et ostiolo prominulo papillæformi instructis; sporidiis fusoideo-navicularibus, 30 μ . longis, inæquilateris, fuscis.
Hab. in truncis emortuis sub cortice nascens, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).
5. **Camillea mucronata** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 707 et Guy., mss., n. 1318 508, t. 5, f. 4. — Stromate cylindraceo-conico, limitiformi, $6 \approx 3$ mill. carbonaceo atro polito longitrosum striatulo, basi nudo, apice excavato crasse marginato, centro disci valide mamillato-mucronato; peritheciis inordinatis confertis elongatis circa basin mucronis discum ostiolo potentibus; ascis tubulosis 100 μ . longis; sporidiis ellipsoideo-oblongis, 2-guttatis, $10 \approx 3,5-4,5$.
Hab. ad ligna emortua nigrefacta in Guyana (LEPRIEUR). — In disco stromatis adsunt perithecia conica spermatiis minimis fæta; an st. spermogonicus *Camilleæ*?
6. **Camillea surinamensis** Berk. et Curt. Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 285. 1319 — Subcongesta, opaca, non polita, brevis, apice obtuso, plano, leviter umbilicato; peritheciis.....
Hab. in cortice putri, Surinam, Amer. merid. — Erumpens, ut species congeneres, gregaria, 4 mill. alta, $2\frac{1}{2}$ cr. Differt a *C. Sa-*

græana defectu papillarum apicalium et a *C. Cyclope* quia opaca et vix umbilicata.

7. **Camillea Sagræana** (Mont.) B. et C. Exot. Fungi p. 285. *Hypox.* 1320
(Pulvinatæ) sagræanum, Mont. Cub. p. 341, tab. 12, fig. 4. Berk.
 Cub. Fungi n. 821. *Phylacia Sagræana* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 921.
 — Cæspitoso-connata, obovata, nigra, nitida, fragilis, a basi sub-
 stipitata, stipitibus stromate atro conjunctis, in capitulum ovoideum
 lœve dilatata; peritheciis erectis linearibus demersis, fuscis com-
 presso-angulatis, ostiolis latentibus.

Hab. in ramis dejectis in Cuba (RAMON DE LA SAGRA) et Nicara-
 gua pr. Panama (BERK). — Sporidia 10 μ . longa, utrinque ob-
 tuse rotundata, inæquilateralia, fuliginea (Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 23,
 fig. 24).

PORONIA Willd. Flor. Berol. Prodr. p. 400 (Etym. *poros*, quia di-
 scus punctato-porus). — Stroma carnosò-suberosum, primo cla-
 viforme, deinde cupuliforme, stipitatum v. subsessile, albicans v.
 nigricans. Perithecia stromatis parti superiori disciformi tantum
 immersa, carbonacea, atra. Ascii cylindracei octospori. Sporidia el-
 lipsoidea, fusca, muco hyalino involuta. — Hymenium conidiferum
 stroma recens vestiens. Conidia sphæroidea, minima. — Fungus
 pezizoideus, fimicola.

Nonnullæ species jam *Poronie* relatæ (e. g. *P. candida*, *P. Pocula* etc.).
 merito ad *Ensliniam* adductæ sunt, quod genus, hie Sphæriaceis, hinc
 Hypocreaceis et illinc tandem Discomycetibus affine, in Appendice cum non-
 nullis aliis ancipitibus describam.

1. **Poronia punctata** (Linn.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 382, Nits. Pyr. 1321
 Germ. p. 16, *Peziza punctata* Linn. Fl. Suec. p. 458, *Sph. Po-
 ronia* Pers. Syn. p. 15, *Sph. truncata* Bolt. Fung. III, t. 127,
Lecidea bovina Vis. Spec. Dalm. p. 21. — Stromate erecto, sim-
 plici, primo clavato, mox aperto, cupuliformi, denique deplanato in
 stipitem plus minus longum, tomentosum attenuato, hypocrateri-
 formi, extus nigricante, disco albo, peritheciorum ostiolis promi-
 nulis atro-punctato; hymenio conidifero stroma recens vestiens, ex
 cinereo fuscescente; conidiis globosis, minimis; ascis cylindraceis
 breviter pedicellatis, octosporis, 160 \approx 16-18; pseudoparaphysibus
 longissimis; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, rectis, nigricantibus, muco
 hyalino involutis, 18-26 \approx 10-14.

Hab. in simo equino, vaccino, asinino, elephantino
 in Suecia, Germania, Britannia, Gallia, Belgio, Sibiria, Dalmatia,

Fennia, Natal. — Sec. Hans F. fim. dan. *Peziza coriacea* Bull.
est forma monstrosa *Poroniæ punctatae*.

2. **Poronia Oedipus** Mont. Syll. Plant. Crypt. p. 209, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 1322
p. 20, *Sph. incrassata* Jungh., *Por. Oedipus* β. *cladoniooides* Ces.
in Comm. critt. I, 70, t. IV, f. IV. — Stromate erecto, extus ni-
gricante, simplici v. ramoso, stipite glabrescente, longiusculo, ba-
sim versus clavæformi-incrassato, apice in cupulam, tota superfi-
cie nigricantem, peritheciorum ostiolis prominulis papillatam, pri-
mo excavatam, deinde deplanatam dilatato; conidiis subglobosis,
minimis; ascis subcylindricis, brevissime pedicellatis, octosporis,
120±24; pseudoparaphysibus, longissimis, crasse filiformibus, se-
ptatis; sporidiis monostichis v. pro parte distichis, ovatis, rectis,
nigricantibus, strato mucoso, hyalino, crasso cinctis, 28-30±16.

Hab., in fimo equino et vaccino in Italia boreali, Cayenna,
Cuba, Java, Borneo, Amer. bor., Australia.

3. **Poronia pileiformis** (Berk.) Fr. Nov. Symb. 129, *Sph. pileiformis* 1323
Berk. Lond. Journ. Bot. 1842, I, 155, t. VIII, f. 6, Curr. Comp.
Sph. n. 3, t. 45, f. 4. — Stromate ramoso, leviusculo, ramis in
cupulas pileiformes terminatis; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis,
octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoideis utrinque acutius-
culis, guttulatis, fuligineis, 7-8 μ. longis.

Hab. in insulis Philippinis. — Sec. Cesat., Myc. Born. p. 14,
hæc non differt a forma cladonioide *Poroniæ Edipodis*. E contra
Tul. Carp. II, 29, novi generis typum censem, in nonnullis notis *Xy-
lariæ pedunculatæ* analogum. Certe *Poroniæ Edipodis* sporidia
quadruplo majora sunt.

4. **Poronia Heliscus** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 709, Curr. Comp. Sphær. 1324
n. 12, f. 13, Cent. II, n. 44, t. 10, f. 5, sub *Hypoxylo*. — Cæspito-
sa, minima, gomphodes, suberosa, leproso-scabriuscula, atra, intus
alba, disco placentæformi, peritheciis globosis immersis supra col-
liculoso, ostiolis prominulis umbonatis; sporidiis (ut videtur) mo-
nostichis, naviculari-pyriformibus, 7,5-10 μ. long., atro-fuligineis.

Hab. ad truncos emortuos, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR). — Cl. Monta-
gne l. c. sporidia bilocularia describit, sed continua pingit cl. Cur-
rey sec. specimina originalia.

5. **Poronia macrorrhiza** Speg. Fungi Argent. Pug. III, n. 43 et IV, 1325
n. 140, — Sclerotio horizontali, coriaceo-tenaci, plus v. minus pro-
funde delitescente, saepius subrhizomorphoideo, crasso, elongato, 2-
5 cent. long., 2-4 mill. cr., intus albo, carnosæ-coriaceo, compacto,
extus atro, levi v. ruguloso; ramulis solitariis, vel 2-5 gregariis

e sclerotio exsurgentibus, gracilibus, atris, coriaceo-tenacibus, 1-3 cent. long., 0,5-1,5 mill. cr., longiusculis, apice abrupte in stromata peritheciæ dilatato-capitatis; stromatibus cupulato-patellariibus, applanatis, v. (in juventute) subconvexis, superne albis, atque ostiolorum apicibus, laxe scabre atro-punctatis, 2-6 mill. d., margine integro, rotundato, crassiusculo, inferne sordide fusco-rufescens; peritheciis carne alba stromatis profundiuscule immersis, atris, globosis v. subellipticis sursum in ostium longiusculum superficiem attingens ac prominulum desinentibus, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ascis cylindraceis, abrupte breve stipitatis, 150-160 = 15-25, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis v. subdistichis, ellipsoideis v. subrhomboideis, 28 = 13-14, fulvo-fuligineis, 1-guttatis, muco hyalino obductis. In juventute stromata pruinula albo-carna, conidiifera obtecta, ex hyphis repentibus crebre ramosis ac torulosæ-septatis, hinc inde inordinate in superficiem ramorum papillosis, ac conidia globosa, hyalina, 3-4,5 μ . diam., gerentibus composita.

Hab. in fimo equino vetusto in ollis plantarum en el patio del señor Coni, Buenos Aires, Argent. Amer. austr. — *Por. (Edipodi)* valde affinis.

6. **Poronia scutellata** Fr. S. V. Scand. p. 382, *Lichen-Agaricus scutatus albus* Mich. Nov. pl. gen. p. 105, t. 54, II, f. 3. 1326

Hab. in agris prope Telamonem Etruriæ et in Scandinavia. — Sessilis, tota alba, disciformis, ostiolis majusculis nigris punctata.

7. ?**Poronia cupularis** (Fr.) Rabh. Deutsch. Crypt. Fl. I, 824. *Sph. cupularis* Fr. Linnæa 1830, p. p. 530, *Sph. pallida* Willd. — Stromate carnosæ, cupulari, marginato, luteo, extus villoso, disco depresso; peritheciis periphericis tecto. 1327

Hab. ad ligna putrida agri berol. (WILDENOW.). — Sec. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 21 ad Pyrenomycetes non pertinet.

USTULINA Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 23 (Etym. *ustulatus*, ob stroma veluti deustum). — Stroma superficiale, subeffusum, crassissimum, determinatum, primo suberinum, hymenio conidifero, concreto undique vestitum ejusque conidiis pulverulentum, albido-cinerascens, deinde rigidum, carbonaceum, atrum, nudum, intus denique saepius subvacuum. Perithecia immersa, magna, cornea, ostioli papillæformibus. Asci pedicellati, octospori, paraphysibus obvallati. Sporidia ovoido-fusiformia, continua, fuliginea. — Genus ægre

ab *Hypoxylo* distinguendum et re vera *Hypoxyli* plures species æquo fere jure *Ustulinæ* adscribi possent.

1. ***Ustulina vulgaris*** Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 23, t. III, f. 1-6, 1328

Sph. maxima Web. Spic. Gott. n. 301, *Sph. deusta* Hoffm. Veg. Crypt. I, p. 3, t. I, f. 2, *Sph. versipellis* Tode, *Hypoxylon ustulatum* Bull. — Stromate superficiali, subeffuso, repando-pulvinato, maximo, crasso, undulato-tumuloso, tandem aterrimo, carbonaceo, fragili, intus denique excavato; peritheciis magnis, ovatis, dense stipatis, monostichis, periphericis, ostiolis solum punctiformibus prominentibus; ascis anguste cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, 250 \approx 8-10 p. sporif.; paraphysibus tenuissimis, simplicibus, unicellularibus, mox diffluentibus; sporidiis oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, inæquilateralibus, immo curvulis, nigricantibus, 32-40 \approx 8-10; hymenio conidifero stroma initio vestiente, albido-cinerascente: conidiis ovoideis, minutis, subhyalinis breve stipitatis.

Hab. ad caudices carie vexatos Fagi, rarius Tiliæ, Carpinii etc. in tota Europa, Cuba, Guyana, Venezuela, Juan Fernandez, Amer. bor., Ceylon.

2. ***Ustulina brasiliensis*** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 136. — Stro. 1329

matibus repando-pulvinatis, magnis, 20-40 mill. diam., exertis, crassis, 5-8 mill. crass., inferne applanatis, late laxeque adnatis, ambitu liberis, irregulariter repando-sinuosis, margine crasso, obtusissimo, disco parce undulato-gibboso, cortice crassiusculo, fragili, atro, opaco, inferne irregulariter ruguloso-scruposo, superne plano sed densiuscule papilloso-aspero; carne infera, cortici basali adnata, tenui, alba, fibrosula, mox evanida; peritheciis densissime constipatis, verticalibus, cylindricis, e mutua pressione angulosis, 2 mill. long., 0,3-0,4 mill. crass., tenui-pelliculo-membranaceis, subcoriaceis, griseo-plumbeis, basi rotundatis, vertice in ostiolum carbonaceum, corticem perforans exeruntque, obtusulum productis; ascis cylindraceis sursum truncato-rotundatis, crasse tunicatis, deorsum breviter attenuato-stipitatis, 250-280 \approx 12, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis naviculari-fusoideis, utrinque attenuato-rotundatis, primo grosse 2-guttulatis, 40-45 \approx 10, opace fuligineis.

Hab. in truncis dejectis putrescentibus prope Freguesia de Ribeira, Apiah, Brasilia meridionali (ROCHA et J. PUIGGARI).

3. ***Ustulina macrosperma*** (Mont.) Sacc. *Hypor. macrospermum* Mont. 1330

Syll. Crypt. n. 724, Cent. II, n. 39, in Ann., l. c., p. 351, t. 10, f. 6. — Hemisphærico-subglobosa, depressa, crustaceo-laccata, ni-

gricans, intus lurida; peritheciis amplis erectis oblongis, ostiolis exertis conico-truncatis pertusis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, maximis, 60 μ . longis, opacis.

Hab. ad lignum putridum secus ripam amnis Conana, Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

4. **Ustulina zonata** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sph. (globosa) zonata* Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 48, — Effusa, undula, zonata e fusco nigricans, peritheciis oblongis stromate nigro carbonaceo immersis, ostiolis minimis punctiformibus nigris; ascis paraphysatis, cylindraceis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, continuis, monostichis.

Hab. Java, ad palmas (ZIPPEL). — Affinis *Ustul. vulgari*.

BOLINIA Nits. ut subg. Pyr. Germ. p. 26 (Etym. *bolinos*, glebosus ob stromatis formam). — Stroma superficiale, effusum. Perithecia stromate alte immersa, collo elongato ostioloque umbilicato instructa. Asci cylindracei, octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia ovoidea, continua, fuliginea.

1. **Bolinia Tubulina** (Alb. et Schw.) Sacc. *H. Tubulina* Alb. et Schw., 1332 Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 383, Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 26, *Sph. Tubulina* Alb. et Schw. Consp. Nisk. p. 6, t. IV, f. 4. — Stromate effuso, determinato, oblongo v. ovali, ligno duriori, tandem superficie nigricanti adnato, omnino superficiali, ligno putredine molliori vero basi plus minus immerso, crasso, superficie, peritheciis omnino extantibus, planiusculo, v. tumuloso-undulato, primo intus extusque ex terreo ferrugineo, deinde nigricante fragili, margine repando; peritheciis maximis, monostichis, stromate omnino immersis, densissime stipatis, ovatis v. mutua pressione angulatis, subprismaticis, in collum longum sensim attenuatis, ostiolis haud prominentibus, pertusis ac stromatis superficiem porosam efficientibus instructis; ascis cylindricis longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 36-45 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, exiguis, ovatis, utrinque obtusissimis, rotundatis, vel rarius ovoideis, rectis, nigricantibus, 6-7 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in truncis putridis Abietis, rarius Jugandis et Alni in Lusatia (Germ.), Suecia et America boreali, raro.

HYPOXYLON Bull. Champ. de Fr. I, p. 168 (1791), p. p. — Stroma nunc subsphæroideum vel hemisphæricum, nunc plus minus effusum, crustiforme, primitus e conidiis jam primo nudis, sphæroideis vel ovoideis, varie coloratis, minimis pulverulentum, dein nudum,

lignoso-suberosum, extus intusque fusco-nigricans vel rubiginosum. Perithecia periphærica, monosticha, rarius polysticha, concentrica, stromati plus minus immersa, forma varia. Asci pedicellati, cylindracei, octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia continua, ovoidea vel oblonga, fuliginea. — Pyrenomycetes majores vel mediocres, sæpius lignicolæ vel corticolæ, ubique terrarum copiosi.

I. *Eu-hypoxylon*: stromate globoso, pulvinato v. subeffuso, superficiali.

II *Placozyle*
III *Eudonylo*

A) Stroma extus rubescens v. ochraceum v. saltem non nigrum
v. pruina pallidiore obductum. 1-37

1. **Hypoxylon coccineum** Bull. Champ. Fr. p. 174, tab. 345, f. 2 (1791), 1333

Nits. Pyr. p. 28. *Sph. fragiformis* Pers. Syn. p. 9, nec Hoffm. *Lycop. pisiforme* Sow., *Sph. rubra* Willd. — Stromate per pe-ridermium erumpente dein superficiali, subgloboso, nunc fusco-vio-laceo v. cervino, hymenio conidifero pulveraceo concolori, cinereo v. æruginoso primum vestito, nunc contra lateritio, maturo vero semper rubiginoso, intus atro-fuligineo, mox solitario, mox con-nato, subcæspitoso; conidiis (*Institale acariforme* Fr. et *Anthina flavo-virens* Fr.) obovatis, minimis; stromatibus rite evolutis, ma-turis, minute mammilosis, fragiformibus; peritheciis minutis, ova-tis periphericis, monostichis, confertis, nonnihil extantibus; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus longis-simis, filiformibus, simplicibus, stipatis, 70-88 = 5-7 p. sporif.; spo-ridiis oblique monostichis, obovatis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, 10-12 = 4-5, sæpe 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis Fagi, rarius Quercus, Pruni, Salicis, Car-pini, Ostryæ, Betulæ, Coryli et (teste Berk.) etiam in Ustulina parasiticum in tota ferme Europa, Amer. bor., Cuba, Tas-mania, Amer. arctica, India or.

2. **Hypoxylon Scleroderma** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 716. Cent. II, n. 37, 1334

t. 10, f. 1. — Carnoso-suberosum, obpyriforme globosumve, spu-rie stipitatum, basi attenuatum sessile, intus determinate cavum extusque lœve, rubro-sanguineum; peritheciis heteromorphis ob-longis globosive, polystichis, cellulæformibus, in strato concolori peripherico (lineam crasso) nidulantibus, ostiolis demum prominu-lis confertis nigris perforatis, ascis breviter clavatis, 30 = 4-5 p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis oblongis, 5 = 2-2.5.

Hab. ad lignum emortuum in sylvis Cayennæ (LEPRIEUR).

3. **Hypoxylon pulchellum** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 21 et F. ital. 1335

t. 147. — Stromatibus typice globoso-hemisphæricis, parvis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 mill. diam., v. quandoque effuso-pulvinatis, ambitu elongato variove, initio rubiginosis extusque velutino conidiophoris, tandem cupreo-fuscis, intus cinnamomeis; conidiis minimis ovoideis, $3 \approx 2$, hyalinis, hyphis fasciculatis, pallide fuligineis, filiformibus, $60 \approx 2$, suffultis; peritheciis in stromatis periphæria distiche v. subtristichæ crebre stipatis, exiguis, subrotundis, atris in ostiolum acute conoideum prominulum desinentibus; ascis cylindraceis, $60 \approx 5$, p. sporif., pseudoparaphysibus guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, naviculari-fusoideis, $8 \approx 4$, utrinque acutiusculis, plerumque 2-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis semidecorticatis putrescentibus *Fagi sylvaticæ*, in sylva Cansiglio, Treviso, Italiæ bor. — Stromatibus parvis typice semiglobosis, peritheciis minutis subtristichis et præsertim ostiolis acute papillatis prominulis a cæteris speciebus mihi notis distinctum.

4. **Hypoxylon hypomiltum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 733, Berk. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1072. — Convexo-applanatum, orbiculare, effuso-confluens, minutissime granulosum, atro-purpureum, lignum circum circa rubigine tingens, intus manifeste rubiginosum, peritheciis colliculosum prominulis monostichis ovato-oblongis, intus nigris pulvere rubiginoso interspersis, collabentibus, ostiolis punctiformibus vix conspicuis; sporidiis 8,5-10 \approx 5.

Hab. ad lignum putridum. Cayenna (LEPRIEUR), ad ramos putres, Central province, Ceylon (BERK.).

5. **Hypoxylon argillaceum** (Pers.) Berk. Outl. 387. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 1337 29, *Sph. argillacea* Pers. Syn. p. 10, nec Friesii quæ ad *H. multifforme* spectat. — Stromate peridermio erumpente, deinde superficiali, subgloboso, discreto, rarius connato, argillaceo, intus nigricante, maturo peritheciis monostichis, raro irregulariter polystichis, ovatis, exiguis, confertis, prominulis minute mammilloso, fragiformi; hymenio conidifero ex albido cervino v. pallide argillaceo; conidiis exiguis, ovatis, hyalinis; sterigmatibus longis, parce ramosis, septatis; ascis cylindricis, longissime ac tenuiter pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenuissimis, simplicibus longe superatis, $140 \approx 16$ p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, late ovatis, obtusisimis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, strato mucoso, hyalino, tenui cinetis, $22-24 \approx 10-12$.

Hab. in truncis præcipue *Fraxini*; rarius *Fagi* et *Betulae* in Germania, Britannia, Belgio, Italia, St. Unit., Canada. —

Var. *abyssinicum*, Pass. F. Abiss. p. 186, differt sporidiis minoribus. In corticibus Keren, Abyss.

6. **Hypoxylon Howeianum** Peck 24 Rep. p. 98. — Globosum sessile, 1338 crusta rubra ostiolis minutis nigris dense punctulata tectum, dein lutescens, vel atrum, 6–12 mill. diam., peritheciis, densis, ovatis, nigris, nitidis, stromate denso æneo-nigricante, lucido non v. vere obsolete zonato, radiato-fibroso.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Center, in ramis dejectis arborum frondosarum, novembri. — Affine *H. coccineo*, sed majus, punctatum, leve, sporidiis minoribus.

7. **Hypoxylon palumbinum** Quel. Champ. Jura 491, t. IV, f. 6. — Glo- 1339 bulosum v. hemisphæricum, 2–5 mill. diam., sæpe confluens, colore palumbino, pruinatum, dein granulosum, griseo-cervinum, intus incarnatum denique griseolum; peritheciis globulosis, minutis, periphericis, nigris, ostiolis punctiformibus, albis; ascis . . . ; sporidiis amygdaloideis, nucleatis, olivaceis, 12 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Fraxini in Vogesis. — Cl. Quelet ut var. *H. argillacei* censem, sed in hoc sporidia subdupo longiora sunt.

8. **Hypoxylon distillatum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon. n. 1062. — Ex- 1340 tus pulverulentum coffeicolor, basi dilatum, peritheciis prominulis dein papillosum, apice planum, ostiolo depresso, intus nigrum.

Hab. in ligno putri, Ceylon. — Subaffine *Hyp. fusco*.

9. **Hypoxylon sclerophæum** B. et C. Austral. Fungi n. 234. — Expan- 1341 sum, pulvinatum, crassum, superficie rubiginosa subtiliter e peritheciis prominulis rugosa, contextu duro nigro; peritheciis oblongis.

Hab. in truncis, Adelaide Australiæ et Surinam. — Affine *H. multiformi*.

10. **Hypoxylon lycogaloides** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1058. — Sub- 1342 globosum, luteum, e mycelio contexto lutescente oriundum; peritheciis nigris, ostiolis prominulis, carne alba; sporidiis ellipticis verruculosis.

Hab. in corticibus, Central Province, Ceylon. — Stroma 8 mill. diam. *Xylariæ compunctæ* subaffinis, etsi multo minor. Mycelium *Geasterem mirabilem* in memoriam revocat.

11. **Hypoxylon Blakeii** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 842. — Erumpens; 1343 peritheciis minoribus congestis ferrugineis; ostiolo papillæformi prominulo; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, 20 μ . long. 1–2-nucleatis.

Hab. in Salicibus, Maine Americæ borealis.

12. **Hypoxylon rutilum** Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II. p. 38, Nits. Pyr. 1344

Germ. p. 32. — Stromate in ramis corticatis erumpente mox libero, superficiali, pulvinato; plerumque forma irregulari, saepe vertice depresso, discreto, connato v. confluente in ligno nudato contra plus minus effuso; hymenio conidifero cervino; conidiis ovatis, minutissimis, in sterigmatibus parce ramosis fasciculatim acrogenis; stromatibus junioribus argillaceis, cervinis v. læte rubris, maturis fusco- v. atro-rubris; peritheciis monostichis v. pro parte irregulariter polystichis, exiguis, subglobosis, densissime stipatis, nonnihil prominulis minutissime mammillosis; ascis cylindricis, longissime ac tenuiter pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus prælongis, filiformibus, stipatis, 56–80- plerumque 70 \pm 5–8 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique v. recte monostichis, ovatis, obtusis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, 8 \pm 4–5.

Hab. in ligno et cortice Fagi pr. Münster, Cappenberg, Nienberge, Oestrich Germaniæ, Rockhampton Australiæ. — *Hypoxyli coccinei* æmulum.

13. **Hypoxylon Laschii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 36. — Stromate pulvino- 1345
nato, deplanato, basi orbiculari v. late elliptica, per peridermum fissum erumpente ejusque laciniis cincto, superficie ferrugineo-rubro, intus læte rubro, peritheciis pro ratione majusculis, subdistichis, periphericis, vertice rotundatis prominulis mammilloso, plerumque discreto, rarissime connato; ascis longissime pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus obvallatis, 80 \pm 7 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, subrectis v. plus minus inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, 10–12 \pm 5–6.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Populi, Driesen Germaniæ (LASCH). — Inter *H. rutilum* et *H. multiforme* medium.

14. **Hypoxylon suborbiculare** Peck 30 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York, pag. 62, nec Curr. — Stromate tenui, applanato, erumpente, suborbiculari; peridermio erupto cincto e libro oriundo, purpureo-fusco dein nigro, superficie inæquali subareolato-rimosa; peritheciis monostichis subglobosis, ostiolis impressis perforatis, subinde albidis; sporidiis inæqualiter ellipsoideis, 10–14 μ . longis, fuligineis. 1346

Hab. in cortice Aceris saccharini, Sandlake Amer. bor. — *Hypoxylo Laschii* Nits. affine et nonnullis notis ad *Nummularias nutans*. *Sph. suborbicularem* Curr. videoas inter *Nummularias*.

15. **Hypoxylon luridum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 31, Sacc. Fungi it. t. 568. 1347
— Stromate erumpente, deinde libero, superficiali, raro discreto, hemisphærico v. subgloboso, plerumque connato v. in crustam cras-

sam, tumulosam subeffuso, ex ochraceo sordide umbrino, peritheciis irregulariter polystichis, majusculis, globosis, obtusissimis, vertice pertusis, prominentibus rugoso; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus longissimis, filiformibus obvallatis, $90 \approx 6-7$ p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, late ovatis, obtusissimis, inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, nigricantibus, muco hyalino tenui involutis, $12 \approx 5-6$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis *Coryli* et *Carpini*, Münster, German., Treviso, Italia bor. — *Hypox. leucostigmati* affine.

Var. minus: acervulis constanter minoribus; ascis p. sporif. $70-80 \approx 7$; sporidiis octonis oblique monostichis ovoides inæquilateralibus, $9-11 \approx 5-6$, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis, quandoque (an ex ascis secedentibus?) muco hyalino parce involutis. — In ramis corticatis *Populi nigræ*, Vittorio (Italia boreali).

16. **Hypoxylon Bagnisii** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 24, Fungi ital. t. 148. — 1348
 Acervulis subglobosis, superficialibus, basi coarctatis, superne complanato-convexis, minutis, $2\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., atrorufis, intus nigrescentibus, stromate parco, ideoque a peritheciis fere omnino constantibus; peritheciis in quoque acervulo paucis (7-10), majusculis, $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., verticaliter ovoides, vertice conoideis papillatis-que; ascis cylindricis fasciculatis, $90 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}$, p. sporif., 70 longa, stipitatis, paraphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-coffiformibus, $9-10 \approx 4$, 2-guttatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis fagineis, S. Onofrio prope Romam, socia *Quaternaria Persoonii* Tul. (C. BAGNIS). — Ab *H. Botry* Nits. peritheciis papillatis, ab *H. cohærente* (Pers.) Fr., acervulis minoribus, atrorufis, quasi coarctatis, sporidiis minoribus etc. differt.

17. **Hypoxylon Botrys** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 34, *Sph. botryosa* Fuck. 1349
 nec Fr. — Stromate per peridermum erumpente, deinde libero, superficiali, forma varia, nunc maculæformi, pulvinato v. fere globoso, connato v. confluente, rarius discreto, nunc plus minus effuso, crustiformi, crasso, tumuloso, peritheciis majusculis, globosis, maxime protuberantibus, sæpe tamquam coacervatim conglomeratis, irregulariter monostichis botryoso, ex aureo farrugineo-rubro, hymenio conidifero concolore, pulverulento tecto, tandem glabro, aterrimo; ascis longe pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus stipatis, $76-80 \approx 6-7$ p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, obtusissimis, inæquilateralibus v. fere rectis, nigricantibus $12-14 \approx 5\frac{1}{2}-7$.

Hab. in ramis salicinis, quercinis et acerinis, Schwe-

rin, Münster, Oestrich (Germania). — *Sph. botryosa* Fr. S. M. II, 342, Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 46. f. 46: ascis clavatis corpusculis innumeris hyalinis farctis, adhuc mihi incerta manet. Hæc lecta est in Vogesis, in Britannia et in ramis decorticatis Mori, Malaga New Jersey Americæ borealis.

18. **Hypoxylon commutatum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 33, Sacc. Fungi it. 1350 t. 567. — Stromate peridermio erumpente, deinde libero, superficiali, plerumque pulvinato, depresso, rarius hemisphærico v. fere globoso, aggregato, discreto v. connato, superficie ex argillaceo rubro-ferrugineo, intus nigricante, peritheciis majusculis, globosis, laxe ac subdistiche stipatis, periphericis, prominulis, rotundatis mammilloso; ascis longissime ac tenuiter pedicellatis cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus, filiformibus obvallatis, 88–92 = 7 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, obtusis, inæquilateralibus, fuscis, 10–12 = 6.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Carpini Betuli, prope Oestrich, Rhenogovia et prope Treviso, Italia boreali.

19. **Hypoxylon sclerotioideum** B. et C. Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 286. 1351 — Pulvinatum, lœve, vinosum; intus concolor; peritheciis oblongis stipatis, ostiolis obsoletis.

Hab. in cortice fibroso, Surinam (Amer. austr.). — Pulvinatum, 4 mill. lat., 2 mill. cr.

20. **Hypoxylon solidum** B. et C. Exot. fungi Schwein. p. 286. — Orbiculare, lobatum, irregulare, rubiginosum, ex ostiolis minute punctato-papillatum; intus subconcolor; margine libero; peritheciis oblongis minutis, gelatina rubida farctis (immaturis).

Hab. in cortice muscoso, Surinam (America austr.). — Stroma 20–25 mill. cr. intus primitus spongiosum.

21. **Hypoxylon gilvum** (Jungh.) Sacc. *Sph. gilva* Jungh. Præm. flor. Jav. p. 20. 1353 — Globosum, atrum, helvolum, intus concolor, peritheciis ovatis magnis periphericis, dein papilloso-prominulis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis, in monte Merapi Javæ. — *Hypox. coccineo* proximum, semine sinapeos paullo majus, globosum, basi affixum, sordide gilvum subochraceum, primum lœve, dein ostiolis prominentibus papillosum.

22. **Hypoxylon decorticatum** (Schw.) Berk. North Amer. Fungi in Gray., *Sph. (Pulvinatæ) decorticata* Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1179. 1354 — Subpulvinatum, appланatum præsertim in ligno decorticato, rarius in cortice; externa superficie griseo-rubiginosa, tuberculis rugosis, sphærulæformibus dense tecta, ad instar ostiolorum, et pro-

inde veluti exasperata nigris granulis, exterioris corticis ceterum experti; peritheciis periphæricis, pluribus seriebus in stromate rubiginoso-fuligineo immersis, ovato-globosis; pulvinulis subrotundis aut difformibus, $\frac{1}{4}$ uncialibus, saepe confluentibus.

Hab. ad ligna et in cortice, in Nova Anglia (DR. TORREY), Bethlehem (SCHW.), Carol. inf. (BERK.). — *H. rubiginoso* subaffine.

23. **Hypoxylon enteromelum** (Schw.) Berk. North Amer. Fungi p. 161, 1355

Sph. enteromela Schw. New Amer. Sphær. p. 10 et in Linnæa IV, Litt. p. 46. — Ovatum, oblongum, pulvinatum subconfluens, rubiginoso-brunneum, e peritheciis vix prominulis granulatum intus nigricans; peritheciis immersis minutis subglobosis, ostiolis obsoletis.

Hab. in cortice rimoso Fraxini, seriatim erumpens prope Bethlehem, in Fago Pensylvaniæ et Novæ Scotiæ, Amer. boreali. — Affine *H. coccineo*, 7–8 mill. diam.

24. **Hypoxylon vividum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1070. — Pulvinatum, extus aurantiaco-ferrugineum, pulverulentum, intus nigrum; peritheciis oblongis; ostiolis abditis; sporidiis 18–8–9.

Hab. in ligno putri in Ceylon. — Saepius confluens et irregulare, subinde per aliquot centimetra effusum.

22. **Hypoxylon ceramichroum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1059. — 1357
— Globosum, superficiale, facile caducum, coccineum, carne pallida subconcolori, ostiolis puactiformibus.

Hab. ad ramos plantæ cujusdam scandentis monocotyledoneæ. — Inter *Hypoxylon* et *Hypocream* fere medium. Stroma 6–7 mill. diam. Fructificatio ignota.

26. **Hypoxylon? Gangræna** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 19. — Tuberculis confluentibus, gyrosis, ramulos ambientibus præcipue ad axillas, e stromate sterili pulverulento efformatis, illa *Hypoxyli fusi* vel congenerum steriliscentia colore et velo pruinoso simulantibus, intus aterritimis, compactis, cultro sat duris.

Hab. ad Sarawak Bornei, in ramulis.

27. **Hypoxylon suberosum** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 823. — Globosum, 1359 superficie minutissime areolato-rimosa subruginosa, contextu albo suberoso; peritheciis globosis immersis, ostiolis latentibus.

Hab. in ligno putri. — Stroma 3–4 mill. diam.

28. **Hypoxylon notatum** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 835. — Peritheciis paucis majoribus in pulvinulos congestis, rubiginosis, ostiolo demum truncato perforato; sporidiis breve cymbiformibus, magnitudine variis.

Hab. in ramis Celtidis, Viburni dentati in Carolina et Pennsylvania, Amer. boreali.

29. **Hypoxylon Peckianum** Sacc., *H. xanthocreas* Curt. in herb., nec ¹³⁶¹ B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 839. — Pulvinatum, indumento mucedineo compacto flavido conidiophoro initio obductum; conidiis ellipsoideis 4-5 μ . longis, dein denudatum, purpureo-brunneum, luteo-marginatum, superficie inæquali, intus pallidum, prope corticem flavum; ascis; sporidiis oblongis 10-15 μ . longis, fuscis.

Hab. in truncis Alni prostratis, Center, Amer. bor. — Ab *H. xanthocreas* mox dignoscendum. Cfr. Peck in 31 Rep. on the St. Mus. p. 49.

30. **Hypoxylon endoxanthum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 725, Guy., mss., ¹³⁶² n. 528. — Erumpens, subglobosum, fragile, subsimplex, aut confluendo compositum, fusco-atrum, opacum, velo argillaceo inspersum, intus pallidum; peritheciis globosis endoxanthis, ostiolis crassis prominulis obtusis.

Hab. e rimis corticis longitrorsum erumpens, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

31. **Hypoxylon discolor** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1076. — Pulvinato-effusum, albo-vestitum; peritheciis materie citrina vel candida colligatis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis late ellipticis utrinque apiculatis, 9-6-6,5.

Hab. in lignis putridis, Central province, Ceylon.

32. **Hypoxylon glomiforme** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 828. — ¹³⁶⁴ Hemisphæricum, ferrugineo-pulveraceum, demum denudatum, nitidum, lœve; peritheciis conditis; stromate atro-fusco; ascis

Hab. in cortice Quercus nigræ, Connecticut, Amer. boreali (WRIGHT). — Stroma 6-7 mill. diam. Ostiola obsoleta.

33. **Hypoxylon vinosum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 734, Cent. II, n. 46, ¹³⁶⁵ l. c. — Orbiculare effusumque ad cortices, unciale, tenue, granulosum, pulvere vinoso-violaceo conspersum, intus luteo-cerinum, margine sterilis; peritheciis confertis minutis oblongis prominulis intus atris, apice umbilicato pertusis.

Hab. ad cortices dejectos in sylvis, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

34. **Hypoxylon quisquiliarum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 727 et in Cent. II, n. 52, in Ann., Ser. 2, XIV, p. 321, Berk. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1065. — Erumpens, hemisphæricum, liberum, simplex vel compositum, stromate corticali primitus luteo dein fusco furfuraceo-velatum; peritheciis magnis crassis conceptaculo integro circumscriptis, globosis, intus atro-fuscis, ostiolis papillatis, papilla cin-

gulo albo cincta; ascis (sec. Berk.) linearibus, amplis; sporidiis cymbiformibus acutiusculis, $30 \pm 12-13$, binucleatis.

Hab. ad ramos dejectos, Guyana (LEPRIEUR), in corticibus et lignis, Peradeniya, Ceylon (BERK.). — Perithecia late ovata, ostiolo furfure luteo vestito, teste Berk.

35. **Hypoxylon majuscum** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 80, *H. multiforme* var. 1367
Cooke Fungi Brit. I, 374, *H. fragiforme* v. *major* Berk. — Globosum v. confluens, rubro-fuscum, dein nigrum; peritheciis ovoides, stromate fuligineo-nigro; ostiolis denique prominulis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, saepe curvulis, utrinque leniter acutis, atro-fuligineis, 18 ± 7 .

Hab. in lignis putrescentibus in Britannia. — Ab *H. coccineo* sporidiis multo majoribus mox dignoscitur.

36. **Hypoxylon fuscum** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384, Nits. 1368
Pyr. Germ. p. 35. *Sph. fusca* Pers. Syn. p. 12. *Sph. fragiformis* Hoffm. Veg. Crypt. I. 20, nec Pers., *Sph. confluens* Willd. Fl. Berol. p. 416. — Stromate saepius per peridermum erumpente, deinde superficiali, libero, maculiformi, depresso pulvinato, hemisphaerico v. rarius subgloboso, discreto, connato v. confluente, rarius in ligno nudo, rarissime in cortice omnino superficiali, plus minus effuso, ex purpureo fuscescente, tandem aterrimo, maturo peritheciis globosis, irregulariter monostichis, stipatissimis, verticibus rotundatis prominulis minute mammilloso; hymenio conidifero pallide argillaceo fuscescente, pulveraceo; conidiis minimis ovatis, in sterigmatibus brevibus, parce ramosis solitarie acrogenis; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, superatis, $84-110 \pm 6-8$ p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis obtusis, plus minus inaequilateralibus, nigricantibus, $12-16 \pm 5-7$.

Hab. in cortice Alni, Coryli, Betulæ, Fagi, Cratægi, Carpini, Castaneæ, Fraxini, Quercus, Ulmi, Corni, Lauri etc., in tota Europa, Africa et Amer. boreali.

37. **Hypoxylon gemmatum** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 831. — 1369
Parvum, pulvinatum, rubiginosum, ostiolis prominulis nigris, centro perforatis gemmatis.

Hab. in ramis Liquidambaris Carolinæ inf., Amer. bor. — Stroma vix 2,5 mill. lat. pulvinato-applanatum.

B) Stroma extus atrum, v. initio fuscescens, dein atrum.

38. **Hypoxylon cohærens** (P.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384. Nits. 1370
Pyr. Germ. p. 42. Sacc. Fung. Ital. t. 750. *Sphæria cohærens* Pers.

Synop. p. 11. — Stromate erumpente, mox omnino superficiali, libero, subgloboso v. deplanato-pulvinato, crasso, arcte approximato v. connato, rarius confluente, primo sordide fusco, deinde nigricante, lævi, peritheciis monostichis, grandiusculis, globosis v. ovatis, parum tantum prominentibus, minutissime papillatis, obtuse mammilloso; hymenio conidifero pallide argillaceo, cinerascente; conidiis obovato-subglobosis, minimis; ascis cylindricis, longissime ac tenuiter pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus simplicibusque stipatis, 80-92 \approx 7 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, obtusissimis, inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus, 12 \approx 6.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ, rarius Quercus, Nyssæ, Aceris in Britannia, Belgio, Germania, Gallia, Suecia, Italia, Helvetia, Java, Borneo, Carolina, New-Jork. —

Var. minor. In Polyporo putri in Borneo.

39. **Hypoxylon smilacicolum** Howe, New Fungi, Hedw. 1875, p. 188. — 1371
Minutum, nigrum, subrotundum, v. ellipticum, irregulariter confluens, pulvinatum; peritheciis subglobosis; ascis cylindraceis subclavatis; sporidiis subnavicularibus, fuligineis, 15-20 \approx 7,5, saepe nucleolatis.

Hab. in trunculis emortuis Smilacis, Yonkers, New-York, America boreali. — *Sphæria smilacicola* Schwein., Fr. Elench. Fung. II, pag. 71, aliena est et sistit *Diatrypem smilacicolam*. Cfr. n. 739.

40. **Hypoxylon sertatum** Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg., I, p. 455, sub *Sphæria*, Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 732. — Orbiculare ellipticumve, confluens, cupulæforme, atrum, extus margineque elevato rugosum, intus concolor; peritheciis oblongis paralleliter stipatis erectis, ostiolis prominulis hemisphærico-conicis; sporidiis fuscis oblongo-ellipticis, 18-20 μ . longis. — 1372

Hab. in ramis Quercus Suberis, La Calle; Juglandis regiæ, Perigueux (DURIEU). — An *Nummularia*?

41. **Hypoxylon pauperatum** Karst. Enum. Fung. Lapp. p. 211. Myc. 1373
Fenn. II, p. 42. *Sphæria mammata* Nyl. Not. pro Fauna et Fl. Fenn. n. 7 (1869), p. 88. — Stromate per peridermum transversim erumpente, lateribus ab laciniis ejus arcte adhærentibus cincto, orbiculari vel subellipsoideo, deplanato-pulvinato, crasso, cortici interiori vel rarius ligno adnato; peritheciis protuberantibus tuberoso, atro, discreto, raro connato, longit. 4-10 mill., latit. 2-4 mill.; peritheciis irregulariter monostichis, subsphæroideis, vertice rotundato plus minus prominulis, papilla minuta subconoidea instructis, fuscis, paucis, 1-16, in quovis stromate, magnis diam.

1-2 mill.; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis, pedicellatis, obturaculo apicali minuto jodo cœrulescente, 120-160 \approx 11-12 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, oblongatis vel subellipsoideis vel subcylindraceis, rectis vel nonnihil inæquilateralibus, 1-2-guttulatis, fuscis, 18-31-, plerumque 19-26 \approx 8-12; paraphysibus filiformibus, gracilescentibus 2-3 μ . cr.; hymenium conidiferum pulveraceum, tandem fuscescens; conidia subsphæroidea, minima.

Hab. in cortice truncorum ramorumque Salicis phyllicifoliæ, Salicis nigricantis et Sorbi Aucupariæ in Fennia et Lapponia.

42. **Hypoxylon pavimentosum** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 18. — Glebis difformi-orbicularibus depressis, in crustam effusam appланатам stictatis, tuberculosis, ostiolis subtectis nigro-punctatis, intus concoloribus; ascis ob nimiam maturitatem specimenum nullis observatis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, fuscis 9-17 \approx 4-7.

Hab. ad Sarawak, Borneo, ad cortices.

43. **Hypoxylon pauxillum** Ces. Myc. Bor. p. 18. — Glebulis pusilis, e peritheciis 5 vel 6 (ubi plura adsint, biseriatis), stromate atro-nitenti tenuissimo obvolutis, tuberculosis, appланatis, intus albidis, puncto centrali matrici (ligno mucido) adfixis; fructificatio-ne non visa.

Hab. ad Sarawak, Borneo, ad trunco-s.

44. **Hypoxylon multifforme** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384. Nits Pyr. 1376 Ger. p. 43. *Sph. multiformis* Fr. S. M. II, 334. *Sph. rubiformis* Pers. Syn. p. 9. *Hyp. granulosum* Bull. Champ. t. 487, f. 2. — Stromate in ramis corticatis per peridermum erumpente, lateribus, ab ejus laciniis cincto v. tandem libero superficiali, hemisphærico, crasso, subglobosum, elliptico ac deplanato v, convexo, særissime autem deformi, in ligno denudato contra plus minus effuso, omnino superficiali; stromatibus raro discretis, plerumque connatis v. confluentibus, primo rubiginoso-fuscescentibus, deinde atris, lœvibus, peritheciis majusculis, globosis, irregulariter monostichis, vertice papillatis, protuberantibus tuberculosis; hymenio conidifero sor-dide luteo, deinde fuscescente; conidiis minimis, obovatis; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenuissimiis, filiformibus, simplicibus, superatis, 72-100 \approx 6 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, fusiformibus, inæquilateralibus, fuscis, 10-12 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in ramis truncisque Betulæ, Alni, Sorbi, Quercus, Castaneæ, in tota Europa, India or., Nepal, Amer. bor., Kamts-

chatka. Adest var. *granulosa*, effusa subnuda, peritheciis ad dimidium liberis papillatis; habitu *H. serpenti* simillima, sed ascis cylindricis longissime stipitatis, 70–80 \approx 4 p. sporif.; stipite usque 100 micr. long.; sporidiis fusiformibus, 12–15 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ –4 $\frac{1}{2}$, saepius curvulis, utrinque longiuscule attenuatis, 2-guttulatis, pallide fusco-olivaceis statim dignoscenda. In lignis Italiæ bor. etc.

45. **Hypoxylon Kalchbrenneri** Sacc. *Hypoxylon Placenta* Kalch. in 1377

Grev. 1880, p. p. 28 (nec Link et Fr.). — Corticolum, applatum, atrum, erumpens; stromate discoideo, margine tenui, sterili, centro ostiolis punctiformibus punctato; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, atro-fuscis, 12 \approx 6.

Hab. in ramis in Africa australi. — *Anthostomati exutanti* Cooke (n. 1105) affine, immo forte varietas, sec. Cooke.

46. **Hypoxylon stigmoideum** Ces. Myc. Corn. p. 17. — Glebis tenui- 1378

bus, complanatis, determinatis, nigris, e cortice erumpentibus, ostiolis latentibus; sporidiis ovoideis, utrinque obtusis, 5 \approx 2.

Hab. in Sarawak, ad corticem mollem, pseudosuberousum.

47. **Hypoxylon Pseudo-tubulina** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 17. — Acervulis 1379

atris, e subiculo concolori tenui hypophloëode per corticem ramosum, ad arborem mihi ignotam spectantium, erumpentibus, *Hypoxylon serpenti* subaffinibus; singulis glebis applanatis, circumscriptis, elongatis, obtusis, saepius rimosis magisque sensu longitudinis, omnino *Tubulinam* præmature exsiccatam referentibus; sporidiis (teste Cooke) oblongis, 35 \approx 13.

Hab. ad Sarawak, Bornei.

48. **Hypoxylon heterostomum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 739, Cent. II, n. 49, 1380

l. c., p. 358, t. 10, f. 8. — Erumpens, convexo-planum, suborbiculare, lave, atrum; peritheciis confertis, oblongis, erectis, monostichis, ostiolis polymorphis, centralibus annularibus, cæteris aut cantierios, aut puncta admirandi, aut et lirellas opographæ e centro radiantes referentibus, anguli apice aut lineæ parte incrassata ad peripheriam versis; ascis elongato-clavatis, sporidia 6–8 elliptico-subreniformia foventibus.

Hab. ad corticem truncorum dejectorum in sylvis Montis Tigre insulæ Cayennæ (LEPRIEUR).

49. **Hypoxylon porosum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 723, Guy., mss., n. 523. 1381

— Stromate pulvinato, carbonaceo, crasso, hemisphærico, extus intusque atro; peritheciis elongatis erectis phialiformibus, ostiolis erumpentibus tandem late porosis; ascis clavatis, 30 μ . longis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, minimis, 5 \approx 3,5.

Hab. ad cortices? Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

50. **Hypoxylon Javanicum** (Zipp. et Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (pulvinata) 1882

Javanica Zipp. mss. Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 46. — Convexum suborbiculare, verrucis prismaticis asperum, fuscum; peritheciis subglobosis stromate albo immersis, ostiolis obsoletis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis.

Hab. ad truncos in Java. — Corticolum, centro adfixum.

51. **Hypoxylon anthracodes** (Fr.) Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1840, XIII, p. 1383

359. *Sph. anthracodes* Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 544. — Subeffusum, contiguum, leve, aterrimum, stromate carbonaceo; peritheciis irregularibus; ostiolis minimis punctiformibus; ascis.....; sporidiis (sec. Speg.) elliptico-limoniformibus, saepius inaequilateris, 12-14 = 6-8, 2-guttulatis, atro-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis in Brasilia, Argentina, Borneo; in trunco Tiliæ, Trenton Falls, Amer. bor. — Linea nigra stomatica de cortice per lignum excurrit.

52. **Hypoxylon annulatum** (Schw.) Mont. Syll. Crypt. p. 213. *Sph. an-* 1384

nulata Schw. New. Sph. Am. p. 11. t. 2. f. 8 et Fr. Elench. II, 64. — Hemisphærica, confluens, nigricans, intus concolor; peritheciis subglobosis, ostiolis in disco dilatato, annulato-marginato prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ovoideis, curvulis fuligineis.

Hab. ad cortices et ligna Quercus, Magnoliæ etc. Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Chili et Nova Zelandia. — Singulari charactere ab omnibus recedit, ceterumque nobilissima species. Pustulae superficiales (etiam in cortice) hemisphæricæ, subregulares, 2-4 lin. latæ, mox confluentes, opacæ, atræ, sed juniores procul dubio pruinosa et pururascentes; stroma carbonaceum, nigrum; perithecia numerosa, magna, subglobosa aut obovata; discus dilatatus, planus, annulato-marginatus supra singulum perithecium huic speciei privus est; ostiolum, in medio disci elevatur, papillæforme.

Var. *depressum* Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 283, *Sph. annulata* ß. *depressa* Fr., irregulariter effusum, crassiusculum, innato-pruinosa pururascenti-nigrum, peritheciis prominulis, amplis dein apice lato depresso-truncato marginato papillatis; sporidiis ovoideis inaequilateralibus, 7-8 µ. long., fuligineis. — In corticibus Pensylvaniæ et Angolæ, Africæ occid.

52. **Hypoxylon diathrauston** Rehm, Ascom. n. 274 et Diagn. n. 274. 1385

— Peritheciis carbonaceis, fragilibus, in corticis superficie sessilibus, solitariis vel plerumque in plagas irregulares, usque ad 1 cent. longas latasque conglobatis, itaque vario modo angulatis, globosis,

apice in papillam conicam, obtusam protractis, atrocinereis, nitentibus, c. 1 mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, apice valde incrassatis, jodoque cœrulescentibus, 200 ± 12 , 8-sporis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis, nucleo centrali magno instructis, circulo mucoso angusto circumdatis, 1-stichis, 20 ± 10 ; paraphysibus teneris, articulatis, c. 6 μ . crassis.

Hab. ad ramos emortuos Pini Mughi et pumilionis in alpe Kühtai Tyrolensi.

53. **Hypoxylon areolatum** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 824. — Hemisphæ-
ricum, pulvinatum, superficie areolata, cute durissima, contextu ni-
gro; ostiolis sparsis demum prominulis; sporidiis utrinque obtusis,
 $30-35 \mu$. long.

Hab. in cæspitibus, in sylvis Cubæ. — Stroma 8-10 mill. latum.

54. **Hypoxylon exsurgens** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 728 et Guy., mss., 1387
n. 532. — Erumpens, oblongum, pulvinatum, convexum, marginu-
latum, atrum, opacum; peritheciis in stromate fuligineo-atro zo-
nato periphericis ovoideis ostiolatis, ostiolis prominulis confertis
minimis.

Hab. ad cortices, Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

55. **Hypoxylon leucocreas** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 837. — 1388
Parvum pulvinatum e peritheciis prominulis papillatum, nitidum,
intus niveum; ascis linearibus; sporidiis parvis, ellipticis, mono-
stichis, fuligineis.

Hab. in truncis cæsis Quercus in Carolina infer., Amer. bor.

— Stroma minutum $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.

56. **Hypoxylon comedens** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 19. — Tuberculis, penitus 1389
Nummulariæ facie, fossulas ab ipsius pyrenomycetis prostromate
excavatas replentibus, ovalibus vel elongatis, rarius difformibus,
 $\frac{1}{3}-3$ pollices longis, vel confluentibus convexis, plano-marginatis,
a basi solubilibus (dimidiatis), et tunc superficiem internam pla-
nissimam, e basi peritheciorum magnorum crassiorumque disrupta,
grosse ocellatam ostendentibus, extus nigris albo-pruinatis si zo-
nulam marginalem demas; ascis....; sporidiis (teste Cooke) 20 ± 8 .

Hab. ad Sarawak, Borneo. — Comparandum cum *H. exsur-*
gente Montagne (Cesati).

57. **Hypoxylon lucidulum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 729, Cent, II, n. 43, 1390
in Ann., 2, XIII, p. 354. — Sessile, orbiculare, subcupulæforme,
centro umbonato, extus intusque carbonaceum, atro-nitidum; pe-
ritheciis paucis amplis globosis, concoloribus, ostiolis punctiformi-
prominulis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, elongatis.

Hab. ad ligna in sylvis prope amnem Conana, Guyana (LEPRIEUR), Cuba (BERK.).

58. **Hypoxylon leucostigma** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sph. leucostigma* Lev. Fragm. 1391
mycol. p. 142. — Stromatibus subglobosis cohærentibus, fusco-ni-
gricantibus, intus nigris; peritheciis periphericis prominulis, ostiolis
pertusis albis; ascis cylindraceis, tenuibus, octosporis, parce para-
physatis; sporidiis ovoideis inæquilateralibus, opacis, monostichis,
subinde uniguttatis.

Hab. ad corticem Quercus, Vincennes prope Parisios.

59. **Hypoxylon xanthocreas** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 839. — 1392
Pulvinatum, nigrum, demum confluens e peritheciis prominulis pa-
pillosum; stromate flavo; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniserialibus
ellipticis 7,5 μ . longis.

Hab. in truncis, New England Amer. bor. — Stromata con-
fluentia 12–15 mill. lata. Differt ab *H. endoxantho* Mont.

60. **Hypoxylon Fragaria** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 18. — Globosum, sparsum, 1393
singulis glebis a pisi ad majoris avellanæ magnitudinem, nunc omni-
no sphæricis ad basim parum contractis, nunc basi applanata ad
cortices adfixis, tuberculo-rugosis, umbrinis vel atris, sæpe rore
vel pulvere lætius colorato velatis; ostiolis papillæformibus atris
quandoque emergentibus; stromate duro intus nigrescente, fere ex
toto a peritheciis replete; peritheciis magnis, imo ubi paucioribus
maximis, minoris nempe pisi magnitudine, pyriformibus vel glo-
bosis, ex mutua pressione obtuse angulosis, pellicula fibrillosa se-
ricea umbrina indutis; parietibus crassis carbonaceis; intus hy-
phasmate quodam luteolo farctis; sporidiis maximis, 12–14 \approx 7–8 (?),
cylindraceis utrinque obtusis, nigro-brunneis, subopacis, ascorum
vestigiis nullis.

Hab. in Ceylon ad Pedrotallagalla et ad Sarawak. — Confe-
rendum cum *Ustulina macrosperma*.

61. **Hypoxylon Glomus** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 836. — Erum- 1394
pens, pulvinatum, subangulare, nigrum; peritheciis paucis; ostiolis
hic illic erumpentibus perforatis.

Hab. in corticibus, New England Amer. bor. — Stroma nigrum,
apice subrubescens; perithecia 5–6 in quoque stromate, majuscula.
Fructificatio jam dispersa.

62. **Hypoxylon Berterii** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 719 et Fl. J. Fern., 1395
n. 58, sub *Sphæria*, et Fl. Chil., VII, p. 538, t. 9, f. 3. — Orbi-
culare, subsessile; peritheciis globosis, prominulis, papillatis in stro-

mate crasso albo, plano-convexo, undulato, atro-corticato immersis; sporidiis cymbiformibus.

Hab. ad ligna in insula Juan Fernandez (BERTERO).

63. **Hypoxylon monticulosum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 731 et Guy., mss., 1396
n. 538. — Pulvinatum, carbonaceum, pulvinis convexis orbicula-
ribus confluentibus colliculosis extus intusque atris; peritheciis pe-
riphericis monostichis obovoideis sursum prominulis, ostiolo mam-
millari; sporidiis cymbiformibus.

Hab. ad ligna, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

64. **Hypoxylon Murrayi** B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 829. — Subglo- 1397
bosum, gregarium, extus intusque nigrum, ostiolis dense papillosum.

Hab. in corticibus putridis, Boston Amer. bor. — Stroma 2,5-
3 mill. diam. Ostiola minuta. Affine *Hypoxylo Bombæ* Mont. sed
dense mammulosum.

65. **Hypoxylon Comaropsis** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 720 et Cent. II, 1398
n. 36, in Ann., Ser. 2., XIII, p. 350. — Globosum, fragilissimum
intus et extus atro-fuscum; peritheciis erectis globosis discoideo-
prominulis fuscis collabascentibus, ostiolis in disco applanato papil-
latis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, fuscis.

Hab. ad ligna putrida in sylvis Sinnamariensibus (LEPRIEUR).

66. **Hypoxylon Bombæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 720 et Cuba, pag. 338, 1399
t. 12, f. 3. — Cæspitosum, raro solitarium; peritheciis amplis glo-
bosis lævibus, apice poro sensim ampliato regulariter terebratis,
basi anfractuoso-vacua lignum nigrefactum penetrantibus.

Hab. ad cortices dejectos circa S. Marcos Cubæ insulæ (AUBER)
et in Brasilia (BLANCHET).

67. **Hypoxylon carabayense** Mont. Pl. cellul. cent. VII, p. 372. — 1400
Erumpens, initio globosum, dein supra deplanatum, subdisciforme
marginatum, fuscum, intus pallidum, margine disci fuliginei repandum;
peritheciis sphæricis 1 ad 8, immersis intus nitidis, nucleo
atro farctis, ostiolo punctiformi instructis; ascis magnis cylindraceis
8-sporis, paraphysibus stipatis; sporidiis amygdalinis brunneis gra-
nulosis, oblique uniseriatis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum in provincia Barabaya, Peruviæ. —

H. Comaropi Mont. subaffine. — An *Nummularia*?

68. **Hypoxylon obesum** Fr. Nov. Symb. 129. — Carbonaceo-durissi- 1401
mum, nudum, atrum, stromate pileato lentiformi, immarginato pa-
rum exidente stipitem crassissimum breve, intus radiante cinereo-
atro, peritheciis immersis periphericis bullato-prominulis, ostiolis
papillatis, area orbiculari elevato-marginata cinctis.

Hab. ad truncos in Costa Rica (ŒRSTED.). — Ob areolas circa ostiolum *H. annulato* affine.

69. **Hypoxylon congestum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1054. — In ¹⁴⁰² glebas elevatas multipartitas congestum; peritheciis in stromate vi- ridi sitis; sporidiis subglobosis, 12–17 μ . diam.

Hab. in ligno putri Ceylon. — Sporidia illis *Nummulariæ* spe- ciei conformia.

70. **Hypoxylon deciduum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1057. — Pul- ¹⁴⁰³ vinatum, pruinatum vel scabrum, facile deciduum; peritheciis im- mersis; ostiolis abditis vel tantum prominulis.

Hab. in foliis Palmarum, Central province, India or. (BERK.), Bintula, Borneo (BECCARI).

71. **Hypoxylon Placenta** (Link. et Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. Placenta* Link. et ¹⁴⁰⁴ Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 539. — Hemisphærico-globosum, extus in- tusque atrum, intus azonum; peritheciis periphericis, polystichis, globosis; ostiolis papuloso-hemisphæricis.

Hab. in trunco ad Friburgo novo Brasiliæ (BEYRICK). — Spe- cies habitu fere *Daldiniæ concentrica*, sed intus azona; perithe- cia in hac tribu majuscula.

72. **Hypoxylon Scriblita** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 730 et Guy., mss., n. ¹⁴⁰⁵ 537. — Orbiculatum, placentæforme, ambitu depresso, atro-fu- scum; peritheciis magnis ad marginem attenuatum sphæricis, cæ- teris subcubicis, ostiolo annulari in depressionibus stromatis car- bonacei subconfluentibus prominulo; sporidiis subfusiformibus.

Hab. in cortice ramorum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

73. **Hypoxylon Petersii** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 822. — Stromate ¹⁴⁰⁶ pulvinato hemisphærico duro, ex umbrino nigro, intus umbrino; peritheciis stratos elongatis; superficie papillosa, ostiolis minutis nigris; sporidiis 7–8 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri Quercus etc, Cuba et Alabama. — Stro- ma 25 mill. lat., 9 mill. cr., interdum diffractum.

74. **Hypoxylon turbinulatum** (Schw.) Berk. North Am. Fungi in Grev. ¹⁴⁰⁷ *Sph. (Hypoxyl.) turbinulata* Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1204. — Turbinato-pulvinatum, applanatum, subconfluens, tamen pulvinulis semper distinctis; peritheciis non periphericis sed per totum stro- ma ad basim usque dispersis, majoribus; superficie externa granu- lata, pulveraceo-rugosa; ostioliis minutis prominulis; stromate par- co pro magnitudine peritheciorum, e fuliginoso albido.

Hab. in ligno fagineo montis Pocono, Pensylvaniæ, Ame-

rica hor. — Pulvinuli seriatim siti quasi litteras hebraicas formant, et insident crustæ nigræ in cortice effusæ.

75. **Hypoxylon Cycliscum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 742, Guy., mss., n. 544. 1408
— Orbiculare, applanatum, læve, aterrimum; stromate carbonaceo; peritheciis ovoideis, ostiolis minutissimis, depressionibus punctiformibus immersis; sporidiis generis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

76. **Hypoxylon campstotrichum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 14¹, Cent. VI, 1409
n. 96, in Ann., Ser. 3., XII, p. 314, sub *Sphæria*. — Globosum, extus intusque atrum; peritheciis paucis amplis, membranaceis, furfure pallescente obductis cristaque tectis, ostiolis prominulis rugosis; paraphysibus uncinatis.

Hab. e cortice ramorum prorumpens in insula Mascarena (ADOLPHE DELESSERT).

77. **Hypoxylon undosum** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sph.* (pulvinata) *undosa* Lév. 1410
Ann. Sc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 46. — Convexum, pulvinatum, undulatum, nigrum, nitidum; peritheciis oblongis stromate fibroso-celluloso immersis; ostiolis obsoletis; ascis linearibus, paraphysatis; octosporis; sporidiis continuis opacis.

Hab. in Java ad truncos (ZIPPEL). — Corticolum, 5-6 mill. lat., 2-3 crass., basi centro fixum.

78. **Hypoxylon Macrocenangium** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 19. — Tuberculis 1411
a matrice ignota solutis *Cenangium* quoddam dimensionibus insigne in mentem revocantibus, applanatis, orbicularibus v. ellipticis, pollicaris diametri, margine rotundato sterili distincto, disco depresso æquabili ostiolis vix conspicuis punctato, colore pyreniorum Coffeæ adustorum, obscuriori, fere atro in disco; stromate intus concolori, gleba peritheciorum difformium stipatorum discreta, compagm verticaliter lamelloso-cellulosam sistenti, strato crastaceo involuta; sporidiis (teste Cooke) oblongis, 6-3.

Hab. in truncis, Sarawak Bornei. — Cl. Cesati fructificationem spermatogonicam tantum reperit.

79. **Hypoxylon macromphalum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 740, Guy., mss., 1412
n. 543, t. 5, f. 8. — Erumpens, orbiculare, plano-convexum, lenticulare, atrum, nitidum, centro determinate discoideo-umbilicatum; peritheciis ovideis erectis monostichis, centralibus ostiolatis, ostiolis 5-6 centro disci prominulis; sporidiis oblongis, fuscis, opacis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum circa Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

80. **Hypoxylon Malleolus** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 827, H. 1413
concentricum Rav. Fungi Amer. n. 181, nec aliorum. — Globo-

sum confluens, ostiolis annulo depresso circumdatis, stromate nigerrimo.

Hab. in truncis quercinis et populinis in Carolina, Am. boreali. — Globosum 20 mill. diam. subinde lateraliter confluens. Ostiola fere *H. marginati*.

81. **Hypoxylon marginatum** (Schw.) Berk. Cuban Fungi n. 830, *Sph.* 1414
marginata Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1176. — Hemisphæricum, confluens, denique nigrum, intus concolor, ostiolis singulis in areola disciformi marginata sitis; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis subreniformibus, saepe 2-nucleatis, 6–9 μ . longis, pallide fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice et ligno denudato in Britannia, Ceylon, Cuba, Borneo, Amer. bor., Venezuela, Africa occid. præcipue in Quercu, Myrica, etc. — *Sph. marginata* Fr. Elench. fung. II, 69, ni fallor, ad *Nummulariam discretam* est referenda. — Adest forma effusa.

82. **Hypoxylon microstictum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 741, Cent. II, n. 50, 1415
 sub *Sphæria*, l. c., p. 358. — Erumpens, orbiculare vel oblongum, applanatum, punctis minutissimis exasperatum, extus albo-pruinosum, intus nigrum; peritheciis ovoides membranaceis, immerso-lalentibus, ostiolis papillatis, papilla marginata; ascis linearibus sporidia cymbiformia utroque fine acuminata, hinc caudata, quaterna foventibus.

Hab. ad cortices dejectos in sylvis Sinnamariensibus (LEPRIEUR). — An *Nummularia*?

83. **Hypoxylon culmorum** Cooke in Rav. Fungi Amer. in Grevill. VII, 1416
 p. 51. — Parvum, convexum, ellipsoideum, atrum, nitidum; ostiolo papilliformi; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis navicularibus, curvulis, nucleatis, brunneis, 15–18 \times 5.

- Hab.* in culmis Arundinariæ, Darien, Georgia Amer. bor.
 84. **Hypoxylon microsporum** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 17. — Pulvinulis nigris, opacis, late effusis, minutis 3–4 mill. latis, rarius confluentibus, orbicularibus, depressis, peritheciis 10–20 minutis nisi ostioli punctiformibus emergentibus; ascis linearibus 50 μ . longis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoides opacis, 6–7 \times 3.

- Hab.* ad Sarawak, Borneo, ad lignum nudum durum.
 85. **Hypoxylon mauritanicum** Dur. et Mont., Fl. Alg., I, p. 45, sub 1418
Sphæria, Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 718. — Tuberculis in crustam crassam margine repandam subtus productam tandem fusco-nigricantem connatis; peritheciis periphericis ovatis, stromati immersis,

ostiole papillato; ascis cylindraceis 120 ± 10 , sporidia 20 ± 5 , oblonga serie simplici duplative foventibus.

Hab. in caudicibus robustis Chamæropis, La Calle (DURIEU). 1419

86. **Hypoxylon Melanaspis** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 738, Cent. II, n. 48, sub *Sphæria*, in Ann., Ser. 2., XIII, p. 357, t. 10, f. 7. — Erumpens, ellipticum, planum, centro subumbonato, extus et intus atrum; peritheciis centralibus ovoideis, ostiolis punctiformibus in areolis vix prominulis orbicularibus confluentibus; sporidiis monostichis, navicularibus, octonis, $22-24 \pm 6-7$, fuscis, hyalino-caudatis.

Hab. ad cortices ramorum emortuorum in sylvis Guyanæ centralis et circa Cayennam (LEPRIEUR).

87. **Hypoxylon pachyloma** (Lév.) Mont. Speg. Fungi Arg. IV, n. 132. 1420 — Stromatibus suborbicularibus, 5-20 mill. diam., superne inferneque applanatis, tenuiusculis, 1 mill. crass., erumpentibus, certice laciniatim disrupto cinctis, subtruncato-marginatis, disco densiuscule papillulato-aspero, ambitu obtusiusculo latiuscule sterili ac levi, intus extusque atro-carbonaceis, opacis, glaberrimis; peritheciis immersis, globosis, e mutua pressione ellipticis, 300 ± 200 , monostichis, a margine stromatis remotiusculis, ostiole subconico, prominulo, subexerto, latiuscule umbilicato; ascis cylindraceis, sursum rotundatis crasseque tunicatis, deorsum breve attenuato-stipitatis, $80-85 \pm 4-5$, paraphysibus longioribus, filiformibus, guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis rectis v. oblique monostichis, elliptico-elongatis, inæquilateralibus, subcurvulis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 8-12 $\pm 3-3,5$, 1-vel 2-guttatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis, a Thermitibus necatis, Erythrinæ Cristæ-galli en las Conchas, Argent. Amer. austr. — An *Numularia*?

88. **Hypoxylon Moselei** Berk. Fungi Chall. n. 74. — Orbiculare, 1421 erumpens, leviter depresso, marginatum, primum cortice velatum, margine tenui circumratum, peritheciis oblongis; ostiolis papillæ-formibus deciduis; strato exteriore rigido.

Hab. in lignis putrescentibus in insulis Atlanticis. — Stroma 6-7 mill. diam. Affine *Hyp. subaffixo* Schw., sed substantia firmiter. In utroque asci nulli reperti.

89. **Hypoxylon turbinatum** Berk. Fungi Chall. Exp. II, p. 4, n. 72, 1422 Speg. Fungi Arg. IV, n. 134. — Laccatum, erumpens, coffeicolor dein nigricans, demum omnino liberatum; receptaculo exacte turbinato deorsum attenuato, apice convexo, centro supra perithecia oblonga membranacea leviter depresso; ascis ellipsoideis breve pe-

dicellatis, paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongis 12–14 \approx 8–10, pallide fuligineis e latere leniter compressis.

Hab. in lignis truncisque dejectis in Brasilia prope Apiah. — Stromata 7–14 mill. alt., 8–16 cr., intus ad basim albo-flocculosa, parte intermedia compacta, castaneo-brunnea, subfibrosa, superiore peritheciophora. — Generi *Phylaciae* Lév. toto habitu accedit nec differt nisi præsentia ascorum: *Phylacia* ergo sistit forte statum pycnidicum ejusdem.

90. **Hypoxylon? Aceris** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Melogramma Aceris* C. et E. 1423

New Jersey Fungi, Grevill. VII, p. 8. — Irregulariter erumpens; peritheciis confluentibus, subdepressis, atris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis longe ellipticis, subcurvulis, brunneis, 35–40 \approx 15.

Hab. in ramis Aceris, New Jersey Amer. bor. — An *Hypoxylon?* sed profecto non *Melogramma*, nec *Botryosphaeria*.

91. **Hypoxylon iradians** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 717 et Cent. II, n. 38, 1424

t. 10, f. 2. — Pulvinatum, basi constrictum, obtuse marginatum, papulatum, cinereo-umbrinum; stromate fuliginoso-olivaceo e fibris discoloribus a basi ad peripheriam flabellatim radiantibus composto; peritheciis globosis in strato peripherico (millimetrum crasso) monostichis, ostiolis brevissimis in papilla poro pertusis.

Hab. in sylvis montosis secus amnem Conana in Guyana (LEPRIEUR).

92. **Hypoxylon Avellana** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 18. — Globosum, lœve, 1425

nigrum, a pisi ad avellanæ majoris magnitudinem; peritheciis globosis periphericis atris; stromatis strato corticali tenui sed sat duro, subcorneo, extus nunc glabro, nunc pulverulento, sed minime rugoso; intus suberoso ex alutaceo albido; peritheciis ab invicem dissitis, parum numerosis, ostiolis ad stromatis superficiem vix conspicuis punctiformibus; ascis linearibus, 40 μ . longis, paraphysum loco mucilagine plus minus hyalina interposita; sporidiis uniseriatis, opacis, navicularibus, utrinque acutis, (teste Cooke) 35 \approx 10.

Hab. ad Sarawak, Borneo. — Ab *H. globoso* sat diversum præsertim superficie non rugosa.

93. **Hypoxylon globosum** Fr. Nov. Symb. p. 130, *Sph. globosa* Fr. S. 1426

M. II, 331, *H. pilæforme* Berk. et Curt. Sillim. Journ. 1850, p. 95.

— Globosum, rugosum, atrum, intus suberosum album fibroso-radians; peritheciis globosis periphericis atris.

Hab. in truncis emortuis Portoricci et in insula oceanica Oahu.

— Solitarium, pisi v. nucis majoris magnitudine, nudum, tubercu-

losum, opacum; perithecia majuscula, subconferta, tota immersa, passim disticha. Ostiola latentia. Subinde stipitatum, transitumque præbens ad *Xylarias*.

94. **Hypoxylon aggregatum** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. pag. 282, 1427 t. 17, f. 22. — Aquilum, late cæspitosum, sessile; stromatibus sphæroideis conico-rostratis vel irregulariter expansis, plurima ostiola præstantibus; sporidiis

Hab. ad trunco vetustos, totam eorum superficiem obtegens, prope Bumba, Golungo alto, Angola (Africa). — Affine *H. cœnopodi* sed sessile.

95. **Hypoxylon tuberiforme** (Wallr.) Mont. Pl. Cell. Cent. VIII, p. 70, 1428 *Sph. tuberiformis* Wallr. MS. — Globoso-depressum, supra convexum, subtus cavum, extus tuberosum, atrum, opacum, intus suberosum, pallidum; peritheciis periphericis amplis obovoideis, ostiolis exsertis, minutis confertis, ascis ; sporidiis fusiformibus continuis inæquilateris, fuscis, 20–30 = 5, 1–2-guttatis.

Hab. rarissime sub terra in Germania. — Magnitudo nucis juglandinæ. An *Ustulinæ* species?

96. **Hypoxylon Kurzianum** Curr. Linn. Trans. (non vidi). — Stroma- 1429 tibus minutis, gregariis, depresso-pulvinatis ex 2–6 peritheciis constantibus, atro-fuscis; peritheciis globoso-depressis, contiguis vel subdiscretis, breve papillatis, sæpe annulo minuto corticali cinctis, fragilibus; ascis jam resorptis; sporidiis ellipsoideo-oblongis, fuligineis, 10–12 = 5–5,5.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus, Pegu, Asia. — Descripti sec. exemplaria a Cookeo benevole communicata. Perithecia $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. Ad *Roselliniam* vergit.

II. *Placoxyllum*: stromate late et vage effuso, subsuperficiali.

A) Stroma rubescens v. ochraceum, v. saltem non nigrum,
pruina pallidiore obductum. 97–114

97. **Hypoxylon purpureum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 37. Sacc. F. it. t. 571. 1430 — Stromate in ligno superficiali, late ac tenuiter effuso, ex fusco-purpureo tandem nigricante, peritheciis dense stipatis, minutis, globosis, prominulis, vertice rotundatis, poro perforatis mammilloso; hymenio conidifero pulveraceo-floccoso, primo pulchre vidente dein de fulvo v. lâte ochraceo, demum purpureo-fuscescente; conidiis minutis, obovatis in sterigmatibus longis, septatis, simpliciter v. sæpius verticillato-ramosis solitarie acrogenis; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus simplicibus, tenuissimis

obvallatis, 80–88 = 6–7 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, nigricantibus, 12 = 5.

Hab. in truncis decorticatis Fagi sylvaticæ prop. Treviso, Italia bor., pr. Münster, Germania, socio *Dematio virescente* A. et S. (= *Botrytis geniculata* Corda?).

98. **Hypoxylon perforatum** (Schw.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. pag. 384. 1431

Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 40. *Sph. perforata* Schwein. Syn. Carol. n. 45. — Stromate in ligno v. rarius in cortice superficiali, effuso maculiformi, brevi, immo subhemisphærico, crasso, contiguo, peritheciorum in stromatis superficie ceterum, sæpe omnino non discernibilium foraminibus minute cribroso-perforato, rubiginoso- v. purpureo-fusco, tandem nigricante sæpe confluente, hymenio conidifero, cinereo-albido, dilute rubescente, pulveraceo; conidiis minutissimis, ovoideo-subglobosis; sterigmatibus breviusculis, subsimplicibus v. ramosis septatis; peritheciis monostichis, stipatis, ovatis v. subglobosis mutuaque pressione haud raro compressis, nunc omnino immersis, nunc contra prominulis, ostiolis umbilicatis, hymenii reliquiis primo sæpe albido-pulverulentis, in stromatis superficie apertis; ascis longe pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenerrimis, filiformibus simplicibus superatis, 60–90 = 7–9 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusis, rarius acutiusculis, subrectis, v. inæquilateralibus, nigricantibus plurumque 12– rarius 10–14 = 5–7.

Hab. in lignis putridis Betulæ, Corni, Arundinariæ, Bambusæ, Liquidambaris, Fagi, Salicis, Fraxini in America bor., India orient., Ceylon, nec non pr. Münster et Cappenberg Germaniæ.

99. **Hypoxylon miniatum** Cooke, Grev. VII, p. 80. — Effusum, irregulare, convexum, lateritio-brunneum; peritheciis connatis, ovoides, leviter papillatis; stromate vivide aurantio-rubro; sporidiis late ellipsoideis, inæquilateralibus, 10 = 5–6, brunneis. 1432

Hab. in lignis decorticatis in Britannia. — Stromate miniato mox dignoscenda species,

100. **Hypoxylon atropurpureum** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384, Nits. 1433
Pyr. Germ. p. 48. Sacc. F. ital. t. 577. *Sphæria atropurpurea* Fr. S. M. II. 340, an Tode? — Stromate in ligno nigrificato longe lateque effuso, ambitu vario sæpeque interrupto, superficiali tenui, tamquam ex peritheciis, basi plerumque appanatis, vertice depresso rotundatis, prominulis, minutissime papillatis, majusculis, ordine sæpe irregulari connatis formato, primo purpureo-fusce-

scente, deinde atro, subnitido; ascis pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, $52-62 \pm 6-7$ p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, utrinque acutiusculis, nonnihil inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, nigricantibus, $10-12 \pm 5-6$, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. ad ligna putrescentia Fagi, Aceris et Quercus, in Suecia, Gallia, Italia, Britannia, Java, Amer. bor.

101. **Hypoxylon rubiginosum** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384, Nits. 1434

Pyr. Germ. p. 38, Sacc. F. it. t. 574, *Sph. rubiginosa*. Pers. Syn. p. 11, *Rosellinia Delacourei* Fabr. Sph. Vaucl. p. 78 (teste auct.). — Stromate in ligno, rarius in cortice crassiore superficiali plerumque longe lateque effuso, v. brevius, maculiformi, lète ferrugineo-rubro, tandem nigricante, crassiusculo, peritheciis densissime atque irregulariter monostiche stipatis, obovatis v. subglobosis, majusculis, vertice rotundatis, pertusis, plus minus prominentibus, mammilloso; hymenio conidifero pulveraceo, tenui, initio sordide lutescente deinde lète rubiginoso; conidiis obovatis v. ovalibus, minimis in sterigmatibus parce ramosis, brevibus acrogenis; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, tenuissimis, simplicibus stipatis, 60 ± 6 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, nigricantibus 10 ± 5 .

Hab. in ramis emortuis Fagi, Fraxini, Pruni, Quercus, Coryli, Salicis, Betulæ, Populi, Pini, Oreodaphnes, Aceris, Pyri, Tiliæ in tota fere Europa, California, Texas, Carolina, Ceylon, Java, Tauria, Algeria et Cuba.

102. **Hypoxylon hæmatostroma** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 737, Cuba p. 344. 1435

— Irregulariter effusum, confluens, convexum, purpurascenti-nigrum; peritheciis periphericis elongato-clavatis, immerso-prominulis, stromate sanguineo junctis, intus nucleo celluloso griseo farctis, tandem apice poro pertusis; sporidiis navicularibus, hinc gibbosis.

Hab. ad cortices dejectos, Cuba (RAMON DE LA SAGRA).

103. **Hypoxylon chrysoconium** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1064. — 1436

Effusum, e mycelio albo, pulvere aurantiaco insperso, oriundum; peritheciis hemisphæricis, demum emergentibus, ostiolo prominulo; ascis linearibus; sporidiis 9 \pm 5.

Hab. in ligno putri, Central province, Ceylon. — Format crustas minutas secernibiles.

104. **Hypoxylon crocopeplum** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 830. — 1437

Irregulare, depressum, pulvere crocino tectum; peritheciis prominulis, ostiolo minuto; sporidiis breve cymbiformibus, atro-filigineis.

Hab. in corticibus emortuis in Carolina inf. America boreali. —
Stroma 12 mill. latum.

105. **Hypoxylon crocatum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 735 et Fl. Chil. VII, 1438
p. 443. — Late effusum, tenue, planum, superficiale, pulvere (velo) 443
croceo tectum; peritheiis oblongis vel obovatis vix prominulis,
ostiolo minutissimo atro papillatis.

Hab. ad lignum, Monte la Leona Chiles (BERTERO).

106. **Hypoxylon trugodes** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1073. — Effu- 1439
sum, pulvere vinoſo hic illic transversim deficiente ornatum; pe-
ritheiis oblongis brevibus, sursum papillatis, hic illic undatis; spo-
ridiis cymbiformibus, 7,6 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Ceylon. — Superficies stromatis, pul-
vere nuda, nitet. Initio *Reticulariam* fere æmulatur.

107. **Hypoxylon florideum** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 833. — 1440
Effusum undulatum vinoſo-pulverulentum; peritheiis abditis; ascis
linearibus; sporidiis cymbæformibus, uninucleatis, 9-10 μ . longis.

Hab. in Acere rubro, Carolin. infer. Amer. bor.

108. **Hypoxylon Morsei** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 841. — Erum- 1441
pens; peritheiis magnis congestis rubiginosis; ostiolo papillæfor-
mi; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, monostichis, 1-2-nuclea-
tis, 25 \approx 8.

Hab. in ramis Alni, Sandlake, Center, New England, Maine
(Amer. bor.). — Adest quoque forma stromatibus in crustas, 20-
25 mill. extensas confluentibus.

109. **Hypoxylon anthochroum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1063. — 1442
Pulvinatum effusumque, pulverulentum, basi plerumque dilatatum,
atropurpureum; contextu nigro; peritheiis prominulis; ostiolo pa-
pillæformi; sporidiis 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Ceylon.

110. **Hypoxylon subgilvum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1060. — Ef- 1443
fusum, tenue, rubiginoso-pulveraceum; peritheiis subprominulis,
ostiolo perforato minuto; sporidiis 10-13 \approx 5-6.

Hab. in corticibus, Ceylon. — Format stratum tenue, quod
mox finditur et decorticatur, dein crassius fit. Habitus *H. corrugati*, sed superficies non corrugata.

111. **Hypoxylon epiphæum** B. et C. North Am. Fungi 843. — Peri- 1444
theciis paucis connatis e macula rubiginosa oriundis; ostiolo pa-
pillæformi; ascis cylindraceo-clavulatis breve stipitatis, 72-75 \approx 5-
6, octosporis; sporidiis breviter cymbæformibus, inæqualibus, 7-8
 \approx 3-4, fuligineis, monostichis.

Hab. in cortice Magnoliæ glaucæ Carolina infer. et New Jersey Americae borealis.

112. **Hypoxylon jecorium** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 832. — 1445
Effusum pulvere fulvo primum tectum ostiolis obscurioribus, de-
mum jecorinum; ostiolis prominulis punctatum.

Hab. in ligno Aceris rubri in Carol. infer. Amer. bor. —
Adest quoque forma in Platano peritheciis magis prominulis.

113. **Hypoxylon fusco-purpureum** (Schw.) Berk. Cub. Fungi n. 835. 1146
Sphæria fusco-purpurea Schw. New Am. Sphær. t. II, f. 1, et
in Linnæa IV, Litt. p. 48. — Late expansum, maculas varie effigu-
ratas, monstrosas, margine sæpius steriles sistens, superficie pur-
pureo-fuscum, interdum tomentellum, intus nigrum; peritheciis im-
mersis, prominulis, hinc inde tubercula varia, grandi-granulata exe-
rentibus, oblongo-ovoideis pluriseriatis, atronitentibus; sporidiis
(teste Berk.) 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno molliori corticibusque, in quibus subsuperficiale
sed non separabile, Sandlake, Bethlehem in Amer. bor. et in Cuba.
— Matricem atroinquinat.

114. **Hypoxylon durissimum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. durissima* Schw. Car. 1447
n. 46. Fr. S. M. II. 335, Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 29, fig. 29. — Ef-
fusum, irregulare, ligneum, rubiginosum, intus nigrum, peritheciis
globosis immerso-periphericis; ascis cylindricis, stipitatis, octospo-
ris; sporidiis elliptico-curvulis, 7,5-10 μ . longis, fuligineis, sæpe
1-guttatis.

Hab. in cortice Cercidis canadensis in Carolina Amer.
bor. — Affine *H. multiformi*, sed obscurius, stromate in ambitu
lutescente, ostiolis minus papillatis etc.

B) Stroma nigricans v. initio fuscescens.

115. **Hypoxylon serpens** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384, saltem 1448
p. p., Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 45, Sacc. Fungi it. t. 575, *Sph. serpens*
Pers. Syn. p. 20, *Sph. Macula* Tode Meckl. II, f. 106. — Stro-
mate in ligno, rarissime in cortice in crustam plerumque angu-
stam ac sæpissime brevem, tenuem effuso, superficiali, forma varia,
irregulari, plerumque longitudinaliter expanso, nunc ovali v. elli-
ptico ac minuto nunc contra fere linearí, plus minus elongato, di-
screto, v. confluente, primo hymenio conidifero pulverulento cine-
reo vestito, deinde nudato, glabro, fusco-atro v. aterrimo, opaco;
peritheciis subglobosis, densissime stipatis, majusculis, verticibus
rotundatis v. rarius circa papillam medium, exiguam nonnihil de-

planatis, paullo tantum prominentibus et stromatis superficiem verruculosam efficientibus; conidiis subglobosis, minutissimis in sterigmatibus longiusculis, ramosis, septatis acrogenis; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, stipatis, 75–100 \approx 6–8 pars sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongis utrinque rotundatis, inæquilateralibus v. fere curvulis, rarius rectis, nigricantibus, 12–14 \approx 5–6.

Hab. in ligno putri Salicis, Aceris, Fagi, Alni, Quercus, Celtidis, Populi, Coryli, Ailanthi, Oreodaphnes, Carpini etc. in tota Europa, Sibiria, Borneo, California, New Jersey, Alabama, Argentina.

116. **Hypoxylon Archeri** Berk. Fl. Tasm. II. p. 280. — Aterrimum; 1449 peritheciis subglobosis, truncatis, rugosiusculis, umbilicatis, ostiolo papillæformi; sporidiis brevibus, 10 \approx 4–5, fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Tasmania (ARCHER). — Ostiola in centro areolæ depressæ sita.

117. **Hypoxylon effusum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 48. Sacc. F. ital. t. 572. 1450 — Stromate in ligno superficiali, longe lateque effuso, tenui, fusco-atro v. tandem aterrimo, lævi, nitido; peritheciis prominulis densissime stipatis, majusculis, subglobosis, vertice rotundatis v. saepius depressis, disciformi-planis, medio papillatis; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, paraphysibus tenuissimis, simplicibus stipatis, 44–60 \approx 5 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusissimis, rectis v. nonnihil inæquilateralibus, fuscis, minimis, 6–8 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis corticatisque Salicis et Castanæ pr. Coburg, Oestrich, Germaniae et Padova Italiæ bor. — In exemplaribus italicis asci 50 \approx 3,5; sporidia 5–5,5 \approx 3. Toto habitu *Hypoxylo Archeri* accedit.

118. **Hypoxylon Sassafras** (Schw.) Berk. N. Amer. Fungi p. 162. 1451 *Sph. Sassafras* Schwein. Syn. Car. n. 10. — Erumpens, nigra, peritheciis paucis maximis, stromate fulvo-ferrugineo cinctis, ostiolis minimis deciduis; ascis ; sporidiis oblongis, 20 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice Sassafras officinalis et Perseæ, Georgia, Carolina, Yonkers, Americæ borealis. — Intra rimas longitudinaliter effusum, demum ubi cortice orbatur dilatatum; perithecia pisi fere magnitudine, globosa, extus intusque atra; raro e mutua pressione varia, superne stromate tenui bicorticato tecta; ostiola minuta, distantia, decidua, unde superficies pertusa; occurrit etiam subsimplex.

119. **Hypoxylon stygium** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (connata) *stygia* Lév. 1452

Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, pag. 258. — Stromate effuso applanato nigro, conceptaculis globosis immersis circa ostiolum papilliforme nitidum in orbem depresso; ascis parvis linearibus; sporidiis ovoides, continuis, hyalinis (?).

Hab. in Guadelupa ad cortices, (POITEAU, herb. mus. Par.).

120. **Hypoxylon stigmatum** Cooke, Calif. Fungi in Grev. VII, p. 4. 1453

— Effusum, nigrum, incrustans, ex ostiolis prominulis papillosum; ascis linearibus; sporidiis lanceolatis, brunneis, $28 \approx 8$, rectis vel leniter curvulis.

Hab. in cortice putrescente quercino in California Americæ borealis.

121. **Hypoxylon vogesiacum** Pers. in Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 64, t. 1454

XLVI, fig. 67-68. — Affine *Hypoxylo serpentis*; ascis.....; sporidiis prob. monostichis, ellipticis, inæquilateralibus, subinde pyriformibus, $17-20 \approx 6-9$, pallide brunneis, dein fuligineo-opacis, granulosis.

Hab. ad trunco emortuo Aceris Pseudoplatani in Vogenesis (MOUG. et PERS.) et in Italia (CES. et DE NOT.). — Sec. Tul. (Cfr. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 35) esset mera forma *H. fusci*, sed Ces. et De Not. in Schema sfer. ital. distinguunt. *Sph. vogesiaca* in Roum. F. G. n. 249, ad *H. atro-purpureum* potius spectare mihi videtur.

122. **Hypoxylon fossulatum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 743 et Guy., mss., 1455

n. 545. — Erumpens, longe lateque effusum; stromate carbonaceo, applanato, subundulato, atro-fusco, foveolato; peritheciis oblongo-ovoideis concoloribus, ostiolo in quaue fovea primo albo-pruina sa dein nuda punctiformi-prominulo, centrali.

Hab. ad cortices arborum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

123. **Hypoxylon oodes** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1071. — Late ef- 1456

fusum, coffeicolor; peritheciis parce confluentibus globosis opacis; ostiolo papillæformi, annulo parvo impresso circumdato; ascis linearibus; sporidiis breviter subcymbiformibus, binucleatis, $12-13 \approx 6,5$.

Hab. in ligno putri, Central province, Ceylon.

124. **Hypoxylon epirrhodium** B. et Rav. North Amer. Fung. n. 840. 1457

— Effusum tenui, parvum, nigrum, ex ostiolis prominulis papillosum; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseriatis.

Hab. in ramis Rosarum Carolinæ infer., America boreali. — Crustæ 5 mill. lat.

125. **Hypoxylon Lenormandi** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 831. — Peri- 1458

theciis parvis, connatis, coffeato-pruinosis, ostiolo parum notato;

ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniseriatis, cymbiformibus, 25 p. longis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Cuba, Tahiti.

126. **Hypoxylon fragile** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 39. — Stromate in ligno 1459 nigrificato superficiali, effuso, maculiformi, ex fusco tandem aterrimo, lœvi, contiguo v. rimis diffracto atque areolato, e peritheciis densissime ac monostiche stipatis tamquam integro composito; perithecis ovatis mutuaque pressione angulatis, vertice liberis, circa porum medium sæpe deplanatis, immo impressis; ascis pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus obvallatis, 80 ± 7 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis v. late fusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis v. obtusis, inæquilateralibus v. rarius subrectis, nigricantibus, $10-12 \pm 4\frac{1}{2}-6$.

Hab. in ligno putri salicino prope Münster, Germ. — *Hyp. purpureo* subaffine.

127. **Hypoxylon Broomeanum** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 851. 1460 — Crassum, fuscum, marginatum, ostiolis punctatum; stromate fuscum; peritheciis ostiolo excepto abditis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, monostichis.

Hab. in lignis putrescentibus Carol. infer. Amer. bor. — Irregularē, 30 mill. lat. margine subelevato, 8 mill. cr. An *Nummularia*?

128. **Hypoxylon bicolor** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 838. — Ir- 1461 regulare, undulatum, placentæforme, granulatum, intus niveum.

Hab. ad Vermout Amer. bor. — Stroma 25-30 mill. lat., varie undulatum. Etsi sterile, prædistinctum.

129. **Hypoxylon subterraneum** Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 235. — Peritheciis liberis, sparsis confluentibusque, magnitudine plerumque variis, *Roselliniæ aquilæ* forma magnitudineque, sed vertice non applanatis, minute papillatis, nigris, stromati tenui, concolori insidentibus, subtilissime rugulosis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, inæquilateralibus, monoplasticis, fuscis 1-2guttulatis, 8 ± 4 .

Hab. in radicibus putridis muscosis Fagi, in Hallgarter Schirm, Rhenogovia. — *H. crustaceo* affine videtur.

130. **Hypoxylon crustaceum** (Sow.) Nits Pyr. Germ. p. 49. *Sph. crustacea* Sow. t. 372, fig. 11, *Sph. serpens* Fr. p. p. — Stromate in ligno, longe lateque nigrificato, superficiali, plus minus effuso, crassiusculo, fuligineo, opaco, interdum griseo-pruinoso, tamquam ex peritheciis connatis solum formato; peritheciis grandiusculis, exacte globosis, nunc dense stipatis, nunc contra laxiuscule confertis

immo sæpe subliberis, vertice rotundato, libero, minute papillato, raro solito duplo minoribus; ascis cylindricis, longissime pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus prælongis, filiformibus, obvallatis, 76–80 = 6 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusis, inæquilateralibus v. subrectis, fuscis, 8–10 = 4–5.

Hab. in ligno quercino et fagineo nec non in Polyporo resinoso putri prope Münster, Schwerin, Hattenheim (Germany) raro.

131. **Hypoxylon reticulatum** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, pag. 43. *Sphæria* 1464 et *Hypoxylon crustaceum* Sow. et Nits p. parte. — Stromate superficiali, effuso, plerumque plus minus elongato, sublineari, reticulatim confluente, subinde crustam latam, forma varia, irregularem formante, fusco- v. fuligineo-atro, opaco, longit. 1–3 cent., lat. circiter 2 mill.; peritheciis dense stipatis subsphæroideis, verticibus rotundatis, paullo v. vix exstantibus, papilla perexigua instructis, majusculis; ascis cylindraceis, 65–76 = 6–7 p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongatis v. subellipsoideis, interdum ovoideis, inæquilateralibus, 2-guttulatis, fuscis, 10–13 = 5.

Hab. in Polyporo pinicola indurato in Fennia, rarius, — Ab *H. crustaceo* forte haud satis diversum.

132. **Hypoxylon tormentosum** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 19. — Effuso, tenui, subareolato, peritheciis ovatis v. conoideis vertice emergentibus, ostiolo acutiuscolo, sed omnino carbonaceis sterilentibus; colore, compage, toto habitu *H. serpentis* æmulum a quo, quoad characteres extiores, peritheciis ex dimidio emergentibus acute ostiolatis differt.

Hab. ad Sarawak Bornei, in truncis.

133. **Hypoxylon Phœnix** (Fr.) Berk. et Curt. Exot. Fung. Schwein. 1466 p. 287, t. XXV, fig. 7. *Sphæria Phœnix* Kunze et Fr. Linnæa 1830, p. 541. — Stromate subcarnoso extus umbrino intus albo; peritheciis mediis, globosis, centro papillatis semi-prominulis nigris umbrino-velatis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque acutiusculis, atro-fuligineis, 20–22 p. longis.

Hab. in radicibus graminum combustis, Surinam (Amer. austr.), — Accedit ad *Roselliniam subiculata*, sed mollius fere hypocreaceoides.

134. **Hypoxylon bipapillatum** Berk. et Curt. Exot. Fungi Schwein p. 1467 286. — Effusum, connatum, nitidum, intus pallidum; peritheciis globosis sursum prominulis et prominentias latiusculas efficientibus; ostiolo papillæformi.

Hab. in lignis putridis Surinam (Amer. austr.). — Subaffine *H. lucido* Mont., sed minus nitidum, et elevationes minus latæ.

135. **Hypoxylon? arecarium** Bory, Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 543 (sub 1468 Sphæria). — Effusum, applanatum, crassiusculum, rigidum; peritheciis stipatis linearibus, ostiolis demum cingulo albo cinctis.

Hab. in ligno Palmarum emortuo, Insul. Bourbon (BORY).

136. **Hypoxylon gregale** (Schw.) Berk. N. Am. Fungi in Grev. *Sph.* 1469 (connatæ) *gregalis* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1211. — Late effusum super crustam inæquabilem et nigrofuscescens; peritheciis tamen majusculis valde prominulis quasi applanato-convexis, ex approximatione varie compressis, crusta tenui connexis, nigrofuscis, primum papillatis demum pertusis, papilla decidua, superficie rugosis, stromati rubro-fusco aut nigro simplici seriatim insertis.

Hab. raro in Carolina in ligno udo molli. — Sporidia, sec. Berk. anguste oblonga, 12-14 μ . longa, (spurie?) 1-septata; perithecia destructa et diffracta sæpe dimidiata manent in crista.

137. **Hypoxylon investiens** (Schw.) Berk. Cub. n. 837. *Sph.* (connatae) *investiens* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1210. — Crusta atra, tenui, in ambitu sterili longe lateque lignum atrotingente, pallio granuloso aterrimo, sensim in crustam abeunte; peritheciis dense stipatis, regulariter oblongis, ad basin stromatis parcissimi et tantum superne perceptibilis penetrantibus; in superficie externa, rugulosa, subconice elevatis, ostiolo papillato deciduo præditis.

Hab. in lignis non duris, exsiccatis, decorticatis, Bethlehem, Salem, Texas et Cuba. — *Hyp.* *fuscopurpureo* affine. Plagas sicut 2-3 unciales.

138. **Hypoxylon hydnicolum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. hydnicola* Schw. New. 1471 Amer. Sphær. t. II, f. 9 et in Linnæa IV, Litt. p. 47. — Undulatum, effiguratum, crassum, breve, elevatum, subinde confluens, extus atro-corticatum, granulosum inque tubercula elevatum, intus album; peritheciis immersis, globosis, nigris, ostiolis prominentibus.

Hgb. in subulis Rydni emortui substantiam ejus sæpe penetrans. Proximum *H. confluenti* et *udc.* — Tubercula 3-4 mill. cr.

139. **Hypoxylon callostroma** (Schw.) Berk. North Am. Fung. in Grev. 1472 *Sph. callostroma* Schw. New Am. Sphær. t. II, f. 10 et in Linnæa, IV, Litt. p. 48. — Late expansum, maculas irregulares 30-50 mill. longas sistens, extus nigrum, corticatum, intus viride rubro-ochraceum, crasso-pulverulentum; peritheciis confertis globosis, atris, apice truncatis, ostiolo conico obtuso, leniter elevato; sporidiis (teste Berk.) oblongis, 10 μ . long.

Hab. in cortice emortuo Coryli, Benzoin, Prini in Pennsylvania, Alabama etc. Americæ borealis.

140. **Hypoxylon macrosporum** Karst. Enum. Fung. Lapp. p. 211 et ¹⁴⁷³

Myc. Fenn. II, p. 40. — Stromate per peridermum erumpente, ab laciniis ejus cincto, tandem libero, superficiali, effuso, forma varia, plerumque longitudinaliter expanso, linearis, plus minus elongato, contiguo, discreto vel confluente, atro, intus fusco, long. circiter 2-4 cent., 2-10 mill. lat.; peritheciis densissime monostichie stipatis, obovoideis vel subsphæroideis, vertice rotundatis vel truncato-subconice coarctatis, plus minus prominulis, pertusis, minutis; ascis pedicellatis octosporis; sporidiis oblongatis vel fusoideo-subelongatis, 2-3-guttulatis, fuscis, vix translucidis, rectis v. inæquilateralibus, 24-37 \approx 8-13. — Hymenium conidiferum cinereo-albidum.

Hab. in ligno salicino juxta mare glaciale in Fennia.

141. **Hypoxylon concurrens** B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 845. — ¹⁴⁷⁴

Peritheciis minutis confluentibus, sursum tantum denudatis, minutissime granulatis; ostiolo minuto, papillæformi; sporidiis breve cymbiformibus, 1-nucleatis.

Hab. in lignis in Carolina infer. Amer. bor. — Format stratum granulatum, nigrum, semiemersum.

142. **Hypoxylon umbrino-velatum** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 834. — ¹⁴⁷⁵

Peritheciis subhemisphæricis, subapplanatis, circa ostiolum papillæforme leviter depresso, umbrino-velatis, parce confluentibus; sporidiis magnis cymbiformibus, 40-42 p. longis.

Hab. in lignis putridis in Cuba.

143. **Hypoxylon unitum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 44, Fungi ital. t. 578, ¹⁴⁷⁶

Sph. unita Fr. Elench. II, 67. — Stromate in ligno v. in cortice, plerumque longe lateque nigrificato superficiali, effuso, contiguo, brevi, maculæformi, tenui v. rarius tumidulo, ex fuligineo v. purpureo-nigro tandem aterrimo, peritheciis vix extantibus læviusculo, ostiolis minimis, prominulis puncticulato; hymenio conidifero pulcherrime aureo, rubescente, floccoso; sterigmatibus longiusculis, ramosis; conidiis ovatis, exiguis; peritheciis majusculis globosis, v. compressis, subcubicis, monostichis, stromati omnino immersis v. parum tantum protuberantibus, semper autem stromatis strato supremo, continuo tectis atque conjunctis, ostiolis papillæformibus; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenuissimis, simplicibus longe superatis, 80-100 \approx 8 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis subrectis v. inæquilateralibus, obtusis v. acutiusculis, nigricantibus, 12-16- plerumque 14 \approx 5-6.

Hab. in ligno et cortice *Coryli*, *Alni* etc. in Gallia, Germania et Italia.

144. **Hypoxylon colliculosum** (Schw.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 44, *Sph.* 1477
colliculosa Schw. Syn. Carol. n. 82, Fr. S. M. II, 341. — Effusum,
 tenue, colliculosum, rugosum, nigrum, peritheciis maximis crusta
 tectis, ostiolis minutis papillatis.

Hab. in truncis *Quercus* in Vogesis et in Carolina. — Sec.
 Nits. l. c. differt ab *H. unito* ostioliis in medio areolæ depressæ
 sitis. — Præcedentibus maxime affine, sed perithecia majora, irregulæ,
 fragilia, basi applanata (non ligno immersa v. linea am-
 biente cincta) subdistantia, sed stromate tenui suffuso cohærentia.
 Maculas sistit margine varias, nitore quasi oleoso, superficie valde
 inæquali, rimosa.

145. **Hypoxylon murcidum** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1077. — 1478
 Late effusum; peritheciis oblongis in strato fusco, pulverulento in-
 sidentibus; ostiolo papillæformi.

Hab. in ligno putri, Central province, Ceylon.

146. **Hypoxylon polyspermum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 736 et Cuba p. 1479
 345. — Effusum, convexum, crassum, subtus applanatum; stromate
 crustaceo atro rigido fragili secedente; peritheciis immersis stipatis
 linearibus, mollibus stromate, parco, fusco, junctis, ostiolis puncti-
 formibus annulo prominulo marginatis; ascis subhorizontalibus octo-
 sporis lineari-subclavatis, sporidia oblonga, opaca, uniserialia fo-
 ventibus.

Hab. ad cortices et ligna, S. Marcos insulæ Cubæ (RAMON DE
 LA SAGRA).

147. **Hypoxylon allantoideum** Cooke N. Zeal. Fungi in Grevill. VIII,
 p. 66. — Parallelum, convexo-planum, atrum, elongatum, utrinque
 truncatum; ostioliis punctiformibus; intus fuligineo-atris; ascis cy-
 lindraceis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, continuis, atro-brunneis, 12-
 14 \times 4,5.

Hab. in ligno denudato Waitaki Novæ Zelandiæ.

148. **Hypoxylon approximans** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 18. — Ab *H. ser-*
pente cui valde affine differt quia minus, simplicius, tuberculis ma-
 gis applanatis sessilibusque, ostioliis minime exertis; ascis 90-100
 μ . longis; sporidiis uniseriatis spadiceis, irregulariter lanceolatis,
 obscure binucleatis,

Hab. Singapore, Sarawak ad Etich-River, ad cortices vetustos.

149. **Hypoxylon Michelianum** Ces. et De Not. Schm. Sfer. 25 et Sfer.
 ital. p. 16, tab. 13, *Lichen agaricus crustaceus* etc. Mich. Nov. 1482

Plant. gen. 104, tab. 55, fig. 1. — Stromate in ligno superficiali, longe lateque effuso, atro, levi, opaco; peritheciis densissime stipatis, grandiusculis subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, vertice rotundatis, liberis, prominulis, circa papillam minutissimam impressis; ascis longe pedicellatis, cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenuissimis, filiformibus simplicibusque stipatis, $88-100 \approx 8$ p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, late fusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, rectis v. plus minus inæquilateralibus, fuscis, $16 \approx 5-6$.

Hab. in basi truncorum emortuorum *Lauri nobilis*, Pisa, Treviso (Ital. media et sup.).

150. **Hypoxylon bifrons** De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 18, t. 16, Sacc. Fungi ¹⁴⁸³ ital. tab. 579. — Stromate effuso, subspongioso, tenui, superficie crustaceo-corticato, scabro, fusco-atro, perithecia majuscula, discreta, pustulæformi-protuberantia excipiens; peritheciis $1,1\frac{1}{2}$, 2 mill. diametro, medullæ stromatis ipsius basi insidentibus, discretis, rarius geminatis, tota parte superiore emergente velo grumoso læte aurantiaco intercedente, strato superficiali crustaceo stromatis obtectis, verrucas hemisphæricas, atras, scabridas, astomas in cubilium superficie portentibus, speciem simplicem facile mentientibus; ascis, teretibus, 8-sporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, oblongis, $20-25 \mu$. long. dilute fuligineis, translucidis.

Hab. in ramis *Lauri nobilis* Locarno Ital. bor. (DALDINI). Romæ (BAGNI).

151. **Hypoxylon aeneum** Nits Pyr. Germ. p. 47. — Stromate in ligno ¹⁴⁸⁴ denudato v. in cortice crassiore immaculato superficiali, effuso, tenui, margine plerumque sterili, æneo, nitido, peritheciis exiguis, globosis, papillatis, dense stipatis, prominentibus tuberoso; hymenio conidifero virescenti-cinereo, pulveraceo; conidiis subglobosis, minimis, in sterigmatibus longiusculis, simpliciter v. apice verticillato-ramosis, septatis acrogenis; ascis cylindricis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus tenuerrimis, simplicibus, esepbatis superatis, $124-140 \approx 9-10$ p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipticis, obtusis, inæquilateralibus v. rectis, fuscis, $20-24 \approx 7-8$.

Hab. in ligno fagineo, coryleo, quercino, pr. Münster et Schwerin Germaniæ. — Stromata 1-4 cent. longa, 2-10 mill. lata.

III. *Endoxylon* Nits.: stromate matrice plus v. minus immerso, nigricante.

152. **Hypoxylon udum** (Pers.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 384. Nits. Pyr. ¹⁴⁸⁵ Germ. p. 52. *Sph. uda* Pers. Syn. 33. *Sph. confluens* Tode Meckl. p. 19, *Sph. albicans* Pers. Syn. 70, *Sph. ordinata* Fr. S. M. II.

454. *Sph. lineata*. DC. — Stromate ligno, rarius cortice crassiori immerso, forma varia, irregulari, plerumque elongato, perithecia perpaucata tantum v. plura (2-30) cingente, raro plus minus emerso v. denudato, verruciformi, ex brunneo tandem aterrimo; hymenio conidifero floccoso, ex albido cinerascente; conidiis subglobosis v. obovatis, minimis in sterigmatibus ramosis solitarie acrogenis; peritheciis minutis, subglobosis, papillatis v. papillis tantum v. ipsis plus minus prominulis; ascis longissimis, 150 ± 15 cylindricis, pedicellatis, paraphysibus prælongis immixtis; sporidiis recte v. oblique monostichis, oblongis v. subcylindricis, obtusisimis, raro obtuse fusiformibus, rectis v. nonnihil inæquilateralibus, ex hyalino tandem fuscescentibus, $28-30 \pm 10-11$.

Hab. ad ligna arida Quercus, Fagi, Coryli, Populi in Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Fennia, Gallia, Suecia, Italia, India orient. et Borneo. — Spermogonia (sec. Fuck.) peritheciis ascigeris multo minora; spermatiis allantoideis 6-8 \pm 2-3, hyalinis.

153. **Hypoxylon minutum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 54. *Sphæria confluens* 1486

Fr. S. M. II, 342 (ut videtur p. p.). — Peritheciis minutis, globosis, vertice conico-attenuato, minutissime papillato emersis, ceterum ligno superficie immaculato v. dealbato ac fungi stromate, omnino immerso, parum tantum mutato insculptis, binis ternisve in seriem simplicem, linearem brevem confluentibus, rarius pluribus (-6), ordine vario conglomeratis v. solitariis, primum brunneis, mox autem aterrimis, opacis; hymenio conidifero albido, byssino, cæspitulum juniores vestiente; conidiis ovato-subglobosis, exiguis; sterigmatibus longis septatis, ramosis; ascis cylindricis pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, obvallatis, $72-80 \pm 8$; sporidiis monostichis, ovalibus v. fere globosis, rectis, fuscescentibus, $10 \pm 6-7$.

Hab. in ligno putri quercino prope Münster, Germania. — Stromata 2-5 mill. longa.

154. **Hypoxylon semiimmersum** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 50 *Sphæria uda* 1487

Auct. p. p. — Peritheciis paucis stromate brevi, basi solum ligno immerso conjunctis, tractu linearis, simplici v. sine ordine congregatim dispositis, parte superiore protuberantibus, tamquam confluentibus v. subliberis, grandiusculis, globosis, apice saepius depressis, fusco-nigris, tandem aterrimis, papillatis; hymenio conidifero albido, tenuissimo, byssino; conidiis obtuse ellipticis v. subcylindricis, minutis; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus superatis, $120-140 \pm 10-12$ p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique

monostichis, late ellipticis, utrinque acutiusculis, rectis v. parum inæquilateralibus, ex hyalino tandem obscure fuscis, 16–18 = 8–9.

Hab. in ligno duriore fagineo pr. Münster, Oestrich Germaniae et in ligno putri Novæ Zelandiæ.

IV. *Cœnopus*: stromate, effuso supra tuberoso v. subfruticuloso.

(Ad *Xylariam* vergit; cfr. *Xylaria digitata* v. *dubia*, *Xyl. Puiggarii* etc.).

155. **Hypoxylon cœnopus** (Fr.) Mont. Cub. p. 341. *Sphæria cœnopus* 1488

Fr. in Linnæa 1830, vol. V. p. 542. — Nigrum, tuberculis planis deorsum angustatis substipitatis in crustam undulatam stipatis; peritheciis subimmersis; ostiolis punctiformibus; ascis . . . ; sporidiis 10 p. longis (teste Berk.).

Hab. ad cortices et ligna putrescentia in Cuba, Surinamo, Ceylon, Brasilia, Borneo. — Perithecia in singulo tuberculo pauca, magna, ovoidea. Adest v. *apoda* et var. *major* (Brasilia).

156. **Hypoxylon cetrarioides** Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 282, 1489

tab. 18, fig. 5–6. — Stromate decumbente, laciniato, habitu et crescendi modo *Cetrarium tristem* simulante; laciniis dilatatis, multifidis, apicem versus in perithecia transeuntibus; peritheciis dense aggregatis aliquando complanatis, irregularibus, plurima ostiola præstantibus; sporidiis

Hab. ad truncos magnos putrescentes in sylvis primitivis prope Quilanga, Pungo Andongo, Quibolo, Golungo alto (Africa occ.).

— Species pulchella *H. cœnopodi* subaffinis.

157. **Hypoxylon xylarioides** Speg. Fung. Arg. I, p. 179. — Stroma- 1490

tibus parvulis, 2–4 mill. d., globosis v. depressis, densiuscule gregariis, numquam vel rarissime confluentibus, intus albis extus atris, gibbulosis, sessilibus vel stipite 1–3 mill. long. $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$ crass. lateraliter compresso, levi, glabro, atro fultis; peritheciis paucis in eodem stromate 18–24 gregariis, minutis $\frac{1}{2}$ – $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. non vel vix prominulis ostiolo minutissimo, vix sub microscopio perspicuo, perforatis, atris; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis sursum acutiuscule rotundatis deorsum in stipitem longiusculum desinentibus, p. sporif. 70–75 = 12–15; stip. 30–35 = 5, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, guttulatis longioribus obvallatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis rarius distichis, elliptico-subnavicularibus, primo 1-magni-guttatis, opace fuligineis, 16–18 = 8–9.

Hab. in caulis dejectis putrescentibus Jussieuæ (?) in paludosis secus Rio de la Plata a la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. Austr.

— Species dubia inter genus *Xylaria* et genus *Xypoxylon*; huic vero proprius accedit ob stromata sæpius stipite carentia.

158. **Hypoxylon micropus** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria micropus* Fr. in Linnaea 1830, p. 542. — Nigra; peritheciis stipatis ovali-oblongis, apice liberis conico-papillatis, deorsum stipitato-productis, basi stromate effuso conjunctis; ascis ; sporidiis cymbiformibus 30-38 \approx 9-12.

Hab. ad truncos et ligna arborum in Brasilia, Borneo, Cuba, Peradenya Ceylon. — Adest quoque forma pycnidica.

159. **Hypoxylon Colensoi** Berk. in Hooker Handb. of N. Zeal. Fl. 1492 p. 756. — Stromate e densis clavatis massulis constante, extus atropiceo, intus sæpe strатoso, rugoso, punctato; peritheciis oblongis.

Hab. in truncis, Northern Island, N. Zeland. (COLENSO). — *X. cœnopodi* affine etsi exemplaria imperfecta observata.

160. **Hypoxylon teres** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. teres* Schw. New Am. Sphær. 1493 p. 10, t. II, f. 7. — Subtereti-cylindricum, apice obtuse rotundatum, superficiale, sparsum, extus rubiginosum; prominentiis, vix elevatis sed latiusculis rugosum, intus fuligineo-nigrum, substratum; peritheciis immerso-protuberantibus, majusculis, confertis.

Hab. in cortice ignoto in Amer. boreali. — Tota planta 7-8 mill. alta, $2\frac{1}{2}$ cr. Quodam modo *H. rubiginoso* affine.

161. **Hypoxylon glebulosum** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 17. — Stromatis effusi vix vestigium; tuberculis stipatis et stipitellatis, a grani cannabini ad pisi magnitudinem, umbrinis, levibus, glebulosis e peritheciis amplis globosis protudentibus; ostiolis e conica basi punctiformibus nitidis; ascis anguste clavatis 70 μ . longis; sporidiis octonis, biseriatim dispositis, lanceolatis, asymmetricis, interdum curvulis, opacis, 30-32 \approx 7,5; tuberculorum substantia alutaceo-albida; stipitello haud raro obsoleto.

Hab. ad truncos Ceylon ad Pedrotallagalla. — Nonnullis notis ad *H. cœnopodem* et ad *Kretschmariam Clavum* vergit (CESATI).

X. Species desciscentes v. dubiae.

162. **Hypoxylon palmigena** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 32. — Effusum; peritheciis depressis, furfuraceo-subtomentosis, rugosis, nigris in glomerulos parvos congestis, ostiolo papillæformi; sporidiis hyalinis, gibbosum 15-20 μ . longis. 1620x6-8

Hab. in foliis Palmarum, interdum cum *Meliola glabra*, Cuba. — Perithecia 5-6 in quoque soro.

163. **Hypoxylon? Ravenelii** Sacc., *Hyp. erinaceum* B. et Rav. North 1496

Amer. Fungi n. 850, nec Mont. — Peritheciis ovatis, connatis pulverulentis, collo elongato; sporidiis clavatis, infra attenuatis.

Hab. in trunco Liquidambaris in Carol. inf., Amer. bor.

— Vere curiosum et ex brevissima diagnosi vix hujus generis.

164. **Hypoxylon erinaceum** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 726 et Cent. II, n. 47, 1497
in Ann., l. c., p. 356. — Erumpens, convexo-pulvinatum, colliculosum, confluens, tomento cinereo-fuscescente vestitum, intus corneum; peritheciis ovoideis oblongisve polystichis prominentibus, evacuatis intus albis, ostiolis exsertis teretibus lævibus, longissimis, flexuoso-divergentibus atris; ascis brevissimis clavæformibus, sporidia globosa 6–8 hyalina includentibus.

Hab. ad truncos dejectos in sylvis Sinnamariensis (LEPRIEUR).

— Species abnormis vix hujus loci. An *Cryptosporellæ* affinior?

165. **Hypoxylon allantosporum** B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 836. — Effusum; peritheciis parvis innumeris dense catervatis obovatis fuscis; ostiolo papillato; sporidiis allantiformibus, magnis, 50 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice putrescente in Cuba.

166. **Hypoxylon lobatum** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria lobata* S. M. II, 343. — 1499
Atrum, stromate crustæformi tenui, ramoso-lobato; peritheciis connatis globosis, pertusis.

Hab. in cortice Pinis sylvestris in Kamtschatka (WORMSK.).

— Species elegans. Crusta plane superficialis, effusa, effigurata, opaca, atra, sœpe ramosa et lobata, inæquabilis. Perithecia nuda. connata, lævia, opaca, semine Sinapeos minora, non e crista emergentia. Crusta numquam, vel rarissime, deest.

167. **Hypoxylon Uraniæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 721 et Cent. IV, n. 91, 1500
in Ann., Déc. 1843 (sub *Sphaeria*). — Stromate carnosum, orbiculari, basi coarctato, disco plano, atro-virente; peritheciis periphericis globosis monostichis immersis atris, in collum attenuatis; ostioliis prominentibus, atro-nitentibus.

Hab. ad folia Uraniæ guyanensis, in consortio *Meliolæ Musæ*, Surinam (SPLITGERBER). — An *Hypocreæ* species?

168. **Hypoxylon exertum** Fr. Elench. II, 65 (*Sph. exserta*). — Subrotundum, depresso, demum late confluens, atrum, stromate crasso pulveraceo-fuliginoso; peritheciis superficialibus minutis pertusis.

Hab. ad cortices arborum in Helvetia (SCHLEICHER). — Primitus per epidermidem erumpentis apparent tubercula valde inæquabilia, opaca, atra, mox superficialia evadunt, *H. fusco* subsimilia, hemisphærica, subdepressa, dein late supra epidermidem effusa, in plaga latas interruptas confluunt, magis liberata. Stroma quoque cras-

sum et omnino proprium, pulveraceum, primo olivaceum, dein fuliginosum, cortice tectum peritheciophoro. Perithecia cortici stromatis adnata, pæne superficialia, stipata, at non confluentia, minuta, subglobosa, lævia, atra, raro papillata, sæpius pertusa.

169. **Hypoxylon afflatum** Schwein. Syn. Carol. n. 68. (*Sph. afflata*) 1502

Effusum, tenuissimum, effiguratum, nigerrimum, peritheciis confertissimis, minimis prominulis dense punctatum.

Hab. in lignis siccis Carolinæ Amer. bor. — Omnium hujus seriei specierum tenuissima, maculas atramentosas opacas variæ figuræ et sæpius lobatas exhibens, ligno quasi afflata (nullo modo immersa), uti mappa geographicæ effigurata; perithecia minima superficialia, stipatissima, plane concreta stroma sistunt.

170. **Hypoxylon atramentosum** Fr. S. M. II. 344. (*Sph. atramentosa*) 1503

Sph. insidens Schwein. in litt.—Atrum, peritheciis confertis hemisphæricis lævibus subastromis, e stromate crustaceo tenui inæquabilis nigro prominulis.

Hab. in asseribus et ligno decorticato Mali in Suecia et America bor. — Crescendi modus maculæformis omnino *H. rubiginosi*, sed minus et perithecia prominent omnino ut in ejus ætate vetusta, in ambitu sterile; perithecia perexigua.

171. **Hypoxylon incrustans** (Pers.) Mont. Ann. Sc. nat. 1855, III. 119. 1504

Sph. incrustans Pers. Syn. p. 62 et Fr. S. M. II. 343. — Crusta effusa nigra; peritheciis subrotundis rugosis, subconfluentibus, atris, ostiolis crassiusculis conicis obtusis.

Hab. ad truncos populinos, acerinos in Gallia et Germania. — Crusta late effusa, contigua, indeterminata, glabra, tenuis, aterrima, etiam supra cortices superficialis; perithecia ampla, superficialia, rugosa, nunc solitaria, nunc omnino connata, extus intusque atra; pro more bicorticata, exteriori in crustam extenso; ostiola perforata, demum decidua.

172. **Hypoxylon transversum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (Hypoxyl.) transversa* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1180. — Magnum, subpulvinatum, cortice subimmersum et pulvinatum prorumpens, difformiter aut turbinatim angulatum, superficie irregulariter rugosum aut æquabile, nigrum; peritheciis ovatis, periphæricis, intus splendenti-nigris; stromate nigro-fusco pulverulento; ostiolis manifestis prominentibus plano-conicis.

Hab. in trunco Betulæ carpinifoliae rarius, Mauch, Chunk, America borealis. — Stromata transverse erumpentia unciam longa, $\frac{1}{4}$ unc. crassa.

173. **Hypoxylon exaratum** (Sckw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Hypoxyl.) *exarata* 1506

Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1206. — Effiguratum effusum, longitudinaliter sulcis profundis parallelis in superficie exaratum, primum epidermide (in sulcis persistente) subtectum; peritheciis valde prominulis in summis jugis sulcorum, irregularibus, nigrofuscis, nigropapillatis, majusculis, monostichis, stromate parco circumdati; sulcis subinde confluentibus.

Hab. in cortice ramorum juniorum Juglandis tomentosæ, Salem et Bethlehem, Amer. bor. — Stromata margine sterili subrepando instructa; crustæ subjacenti, ex substantia corticali nigricata formata, insident.

174. **Hypoxylon xanthostroma** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Hypoxyl.) *xantho-* 1507

stroma Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1212. — Insidens crustæ tenui nullimodo effusæ; tuberculis serie simplici valde elevatis difformibus, subconfluentibus, fusco-nigris, vix ostiolatis, majoribus mixtis minoribus in eodem cespite; peritheciis singulis vel pluribus in eodem tuberculo, majusculis, globosis, omnino immersis in stromate lutescenti, grumosis.

Hab. seriatim erumpens e rimis ramorum decorticatorum Quercus, Bethlehem, Amer. bor. — Tubercula extus nigra; passim ad unciam longitudinem protracta est series.

175. **Hypoxylon sphæriostomum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Hypoxyl.) *sphæ-* 1508

riostoma Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1213. — Breve, subpulvinatum, carbonaceum, aternum, 2-3 lineas longum, oblongum, utrinque acuminatum, superficie externa longitudinaliter striatum; ostiolis sphæriomorphis, sparsis, globosis, ore rotundo pertusis, ductu longiusculo connexis cum peritheciis internis, ipso ligno immersis, absque ullo stromate genuino, tamen externo cortici communi tenuissimo superficiali nigro tectis; peritheciis ipsis majusculis et massa atra repletis, ovatis.

Hab. in ligno carioso emolito rarius, Bethlehem Amer. bor. — Nucleus peritheciorum, sub lente augmentissima, ex sporidiis fere Melanconiorum constat.

176. **Hypoxylon Catalpæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Hypoxyl.) *Catalpæ* Schw. 1509

Syn. Am. bor. n. 1214. — Seriatim e rimis corticis erumpens, primum rubiginosum, demum nigrum; cæspitulis aut potius pulvinulis longitudinaliter confluentibus; cortice externo subtenui superficie a subjacentibus peritheciis granuloso rubiginoso, quasi pulverulento, demum nigro rugoso; peritheciis crebris, stromate parco nigro, primum ostiolis papillatis, tum pertusis, ostiolis nempe deciduis.

Hab. in cortice Catalpæ non raro, Bethlehem, sed plerumque statu subexoleto obvium. — Multam habet affinitatem cum *H. multiformi*, sed minus nec effusum.

177. **Hypoxylon Caries** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Glebosæ) *Caries* Schw. 1510
 Syn. Am. bor. n. 1222. — Vix separabile, subrotundum aut elongatim effusum, crassiusculum, ambitu sublobato, aterrimum, superficie undulatim inæquali, rugosa; ostiolis crebris, obtuse conicis, demum pertusis; peritheciis majusculis, subdepressis, in stromate parco nigrescente.

Hab. in lignis cariosis, Bethlehem Amer. bor. — *Hypoxylon serpens* primo adspectu referens nec dissimile ab *Ustulina*. Longitudo stromatum semi- aut uncialis.

178. **Hypoxylon illitum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Hypoxyl.) *illita* Schw, Syn. 1511
 Am. bor. n. 1205. — Latissime effusum, confluens, stratis sæpe superimpositis, sistens plagas subeffiguratas, ligno emollito quasi illitas; superficie undulata inæquabili, primum eleganter olivaceo virente, demum nigra; peritheciis majusculis, granulatim prominentibus; ostiolis acutis, conicis aut indistinctis coronatis; ceterum crasse corticatis, intus cavis e stromate parco albescente circumdatis.

Hab. non infrequens ad latera perpendicularia truncorum præsertim Platani, quos plagis latis inæqualibus confluentibus investit, Bethlehem in America boreali.

179. **Hypoxylon cupreum** Fr. Summa V. S. p. 384. In Suecia merid. 1512
 180. **Hypoxylon stereoides** Fr. S. V. S. p. 384. In Finlandia. 1513
 181. **Hypoxylon omphalostoma** Fr. S. V. S. p. 384. In Suecia boreali. 1514

Hæ tres species nomine tantum notæ sunt.

DALDINIA De Not. et Ces. Schema Sfer. ital. in Comm. Critt. I. 197.

(Etym. a cl. Abb. *Daldini Locarnensi*). — Stroma superficiale, sub-sphæroideum, cortice carbonaceo, nigricante, intus fibrosum, concentrice discolori-zonatum. Asci cylindracei, octospori, pedicellati. Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga, fusca. Perithecia stromati omnino immersa nec protuberantia; ostiolis umbilicatis.

1. **Daldinia concentrica** (Bolt.) Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. it. in Comm. 1515
 I, 198. *Hy. concentricum* (Bolt.) Grev. Scot. Flor. VI, t. 324. Nits.
 Pyr. Germ. p. 25. *Sph. concentrica* Bolt. Fung. Halif. t. 180. *Hemisphæria concentrica* Kl. Ex. fungi p. 241. — Stromate sphæroideo vel subsphæroideo vel hemisphærico, raro obovoido, intus stratis concentricis zonato, nigro v. fusco-nigricante, latit. 2-5 cent.;

peritheciis monostichis, obovoideis, mutua pressione angulatis, ostiolis vix prominentibus, punctiformibus, minimis; ascis longissime pedicellatis, 80–110 = 8–10 p. sporif.; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, sæpe inæquilateralibus, fuscis, 12–15 = 7–10; paraphysibus longissimis, filiformibus. — Hymenium conidiferum ex cinereo fuscescens. Conidia ovoidea.

Hab. ad truncos Fraxini, Alni, Betulæ, Juglandis, Aceris, Coryli, Salicis, Ulmi, Fagi, etc. in tota Europa, Siberia, America boreali et australi, India, Ceylon, Borneo, Tasmania, Nova Zelandia, Java. — Adest var. *ovovata* (Nees Syst. f. 308), basi angustata substipitata et var. *Eschscholzii* (Ehrenb. F. Cham. p. 59, t. XVIII, f. VIII) extus cuprea, peritheciis oblongis. Brasilia.

2. **Daldinia vernicosa** (Schw.) Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. in Comm. 1516 critt. I, 198 *Sph. vernicosa*. Schw. New. Am. Sph. p. 9, t. 1. fig. 2 et in Linnæa IV, Litt. p. 46. — Maxima, 25–30 mill. alta, 12–14 cr., subturbinata, subito in stipitem crassum attenuata, superficie atra, vernicosa, levis, intus alba, concentrica stratosa; peritheciis polystichis, crebris, minutis, nigris, ostiolis perexiguis; ascis teretiusculis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblongis, 20 = 6,5–7.

Hab. ad truncos, in partibus sepimentorum prope terram, Salem, Poughkeepsie Amer. bor., Gallia, Valentienne, Suecia, Algeria, Cuba, Ind. or. — *Dald. concentrica* var. *ovovata* affinis, sed differt cortice laccato-nitente undulato, stratis interioribus albis linea atra sejunctis concentricis transversisque. Sec. Berk. Cub. F. n. 819 datur variatas ostiolis prominulis, altera ostiolis impressis.

3. **Daldinia durissima** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. concentrica* Wahl. nec Auct. 1517 *Hyp. durissimum* Fr. S. V. S. et Nov. Symb. p. 130, nec Schw. (Cfr. n. 1447). A *Dal. concentrica* differt quia semper atra, rigido-durissima, persistens (nec demum fragilis), perennis, sporidiis fœde atroinquinans.

Hab. in Smolandia et Uplandia ad truncos (FRIES).

4. **Daldinia Asphalatum** (Link et Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria Asphalatum* 1518 Link et Fr. in Linnæa 1830, p. 540. — Globoso-diformis, crusta atra, nitida, discreta obducta; intus fuliginoso-atra, obsolete zonata, peritheciis linearibus peripherico-immersis, ostiolis minimis punctiformibus.

Hab. in truncis emortuis arborum Brasiliæ (BEYRICH.) — *Daldinia concentrica* valde affinis, 25–30 mill. diam.

5. **Daldinia angolensis** (Welw. et Curr.) Sacc. *Hypoxyylon angolense* Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 282, t. 17, f. 19. — Clavi-

formis, nigerrima, lucida; peritheciis dense aggregatis, ostiolis minutis parum prominentibus; sporidiis nigro-fuscis, ovatis vel leviter curvulis, 12-15 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice putrescente, Guibolo, Golungo alto, Angola Africæ occidentalis.

6. **Daldinia Féei** Sacc. *Sphæria vernicosa* Fée not. sur trois esp. 1520
nouv. de *Sphæria* exot. p. 2, nec Schw. — Suberosa, simplex, fragilis, dura, torulosa, vernicosa, glaberrima, apice subacuta; peritheciis latissimis, distinctis; sporidiis ovoideis.

Hab. in S. Domingo Antillarum, supra arborum truncos emortuos.

7. **Daldinia cingulata** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (concentrica) cingulata* 1521
Lév. Ann. scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 47. — Obovata, erecta, substipitata crustaceo-laccata, e fusco nigra nitida, cingulis peritheciis notata: peritheciis interioribus demum albis, stromate immersis, ostiolis obsoletis.

Hab. ad truncos prope New-York (MENAUD.). — Stroma 1-2 dec. alt., 1 dec. crass.

8. **Daldinia loculata** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (concentrica) loculata* Lév. 1522
Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 47. — Globosa, substipitata, atra, opaca; peritheciis obovatis stromate nigro immersis, ostiolis prominulis, nitidis, subhemisphæricis; ascis sporidiisque generis.

Hab. in America, ad truncos. — Stipes brevis asperulus.

9. **Daldinia Thouarsiana** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria Thouarsiana* Lév. 1523
Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 258. — Stromate hemisphærico, carbonaceo-fibroso, fusco-nigricante; peritheciis ovatis immersis prominulis circa ostiolum papilliforme applanatis; ascis minutis, linearibus; sporidiis oblongis continuis curvulis, fuligineis.

Hab. in insulis Galapagos ad truncos (DU PETIT-THOUARS), — Affinis *Dald. concentricæ*.

NUMMULARIA Tul. Sel Fung. Carp. II, p. 42 (Etym. *nummus*, quia stroma sæpius numiniforme). — Stroma orbiculare, cupuliforme, intus in matrice nigrolimitatum superficie, nigricans, marginatum, margine substerili. Perithecia stromati peripherice et monostiche immersa, magna, numerosa, atra. Ascii breve stipitati, cylindricei octospori. Sporidia monosticha subellipsoidea, continua fusca. — Conidia sub stromatis immaturi strato supremo nata, deinde libera, sphæroidea, hyalina, minutissima. — Genus ab *Hypoxylo* ægre distinctum, et verisimiliter plures *Hypoxyli* species, e. g. *H. Broo-*

meanum, *H. marginatum* etc. rectius inter Nummularias adnumeranda.

1. **Nummularia Bulliardii** Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 43, tab. V, f. 11- 1524
 19. Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 60. *Sphæria nummularia* DC. Fl. fr. II,
 290. *Sph. authracina* Schm. Myk. I, 55. *Hypoxylon nummularium* Bull. Champ. t. 468, fig. 4. *Sph. Clypeus* Schw. — Stroma-
 te, peridermio destructo, emergente, fere superficiali liberoque,
 planissimo, plerumque determinato, orbiculari, v. ovali, rarius for-
 ma irregulari, longe lateque effuso, extus intusque aterrimo, pe-
 theciorum ostiolis minutissimis, prominulis punctulato, primitus stra-
 to carnoso, varie tuberculoso, sordide albido, peridermio adhæren-
 te tecto; hymenio conidifero strato singulari corticali, cervino,
 stroma recens peritheciigerum vestienti imposito; conidiis globosis,
 minimis in sterigmatibus densissime stipatis, brviusculis, parce ra-
 mosis, septatis solitarie acrogenis; peritheciis majusculis, ovatis,
 atris, stromatis locellis confertis inclusis, subliberis; ascis cylindri-
 cis. brevissime pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus,
 longe superatis 100-120 = 10; sporidiis monostichis, ovali-subglo-
 bosis, rectis, nigricantibus, 12-14 = 9-10.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Fagi, rarius Carpinii, Casta-
 neæ, Quercus, Aceris, Tiliæ, Platani in Britannia, Gallia,
 Suecia, Germania, Italia, Belgio, California, Carolina.

2. **Nummularia repanda** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 57. *Sphæria re- 1225*
panda Fr. S. M. II, 346. — Stromate cortice interiori lignoque
 innato, nigro-limitato, parte superiore erumpente v., cortice de-
 jecto, in ligno superficiali libero, orbiculari, cupuliformi; stromatis
 superficie undique nigricante et excepto disco subrotundo, concavo,
 rimulo, sublævi corrugata; substantia partis immersæ a substra-
 to specie immutato v. tandem fucato formata, erumpentis vero pro-
 pria, albida, cinerascente; peritheciis sub disco peripherice ac mo-
 nostiche nidulantibus, omnino immersis, ovatis v. subglobosis, con-
 ferta mutuaque pressione haud raro angulatis, collis brevibus ostio-
 lis rotundatis, poro angustissimo pertusis, subprominulis, nitidulis
 instructis; ascis cylindricis subsessilibus, octosporis, membrana cras-
 siuscula textis, paraphysibus filiformibus, vix longioribus stipatis,
 112 = 8; sporidiis oblique monostichis, anguste ovatis, utrinque ob-
 tusis, nonnihil inæquilateralibus v. rectis, sæpe guttulatis, fuscis,
 15-16-(rarius 12) = 6-7.

Hab. in ramis et truncis Sorbi Aucupariæ in Suecia, Ger-
 mania, Helvetia, Fennia, Ruthenia, raro.

3. **Nummularia repandoides** Fuck. Symb. 236, t. II, fig. 46, Sacc. Myc. 1526

Ven. Spec. t. XV, fig. 37-40. — Stromatibus erumpentibus, demum liberis, orbicularibus elongatisve, $\frac{1}{2}$ -2 uncias latis, planis subconvexisve, margine distincto, subrepando, lacerato, primo atro-fuscis, dein aterrimis; peritheciis immersis, ovatis, verticalibus, majusculis, ostiolis valde prominulis, conico-apiculatis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 120-126 \approx 8-10; sporidiis suboblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, opacis, 16-20 \approx 7-8 (« 15-16 \approx 8-9 »).

Hab. in cortice duriore Fagi, Populi etc. in Rhenogovia et in Italia boreali.

4. **Nummularia succenturiata** (Tod.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 58. *Sphæ-* 1527

succenturiata Tode Meckl. II, 37, fig. 109. — Stromate parte inferiore ligno innata eique concolori sed strato extimo nigricante circumscripta, superiore primo per peridermum arcte adhærens erumpente, deinde, cortice putredine consumpto, in ramis decorticatis superficiali nunc e basi oblonga rarius suborbiculari v. elliptica pulvinata, crassa, deplanata, nunc contra e basi plus minus constricta cupuliformi, orbiculari, intus ex griseo-fusco nigricante extus fuliginoso-atra, corrugata v. callosa; peritheciis ovatis v. oblongis, saeppe compressis, verticalibus v. ascendentibus, irregulariter polystichis v. submonostichis, majusculis, pariete, crassissimo præditis, stromati omnino immersis et in collum pro situ plus minus longum attenuatis; ostiolis poro angusto pertusis, haud prominentibus; ascis cylindricis subsessilibus, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 120 \approx 8-9; sporidiis oblique monostichis, fusiformibus v. ovatis, utrinque obtusis, rectis v. parum inaequilateralibus, fuscis, 16-(rarius 18) \approx 5-7 (Sec. Berk 12-15 μ . long.).

Hab. in ramis quercinis et acerinis in Germania et Britannia. — Var. *lævis*; elliptica, *lævis*, nigra, intus albida, peritheciis immersis ovatis, astomis. — *Sowerb.* t. 394, f. 8. — Ad ligna in Anglia. An hujus loci?

5. **Nummularia lutea** (Alb. et Schw.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 59, *Sph.* 1528

lutea Alb. et Schw. Consp. Nisk. p. 10, t. I, fig. 1, Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 46, fig. 56. — Stromate in ligno decorticato superficiali, orbiculari, crasso, cupuliformi, margine rugoso, superficie ex fusco nigricante, intus luteo; peritheciis polystichis, dense stipatis, ovatis v. subglobosis, magnitudine variis, superioribus tantum collis ostiolisque subprominulis instructis; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, exiguis, ovatis, rectis, fuscescentibus, 5-6 \approx 3.

Hab. in ligno truncorum Alni, Salicis etc. in Germania, Britannia, Suecia, raro.

6. **Nummularia discreta** (Schw.) Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 45, t. V, 1529

fig. 1-10, Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 60, *Sph. discreta* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. p. 195. — Stromate peridermio erumpente, determinato, orbiculari, disciformi, margine incrassato, cinereo-fusco, tandem aterrimo; hymenio conidifero ob conidia numerosissima pulveraceo, cinereo-albido, in stromatis strato corticali, mox secedente expanso, primo strato carnoso tecto; peritheciis atris, numerosissimis, loculis inclusis, stromate omnino immersis, collis brevibus ostiolisque haud prominentibus instructis; ascis cylindricis, pedicellatis, octosporis, paraphysibus longissimis filiformibus, stipatis, 150-180 \approx 13; sporidiis monostichis, subglobosis, nigricantibus, 13 \approx 10 (« 15-18 \approx 12 »).

Hab. in ramis crassioribus Mali, Sorbi, Cercidis, Magnoliæ, Ulmi in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Carolina, Alabama, New-York, Cuba.

7. **Nummularia dryophila** Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 48. — Stroma- 1530

pulvinato, ambitu subcirculari, 1-3 cent. extenso, 2-3 mill. crasso, atro; peritheciis immersis, ostiolis non prominentibus; ascis cylindricis, 50-80 \approx 10-13, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, 16 \approx 6,5, fuligineis, muco destitutis.

Hab. in cortice quercino in Gallia.

8. **Nummularia gigas** Plow. Grevill. VIII, p. 106, t. 130, fig. 3. — 1531

Erumpens, e cortice interiore ligno subacente oriunda, initio suborbicularis, denique elliptica v. elongata; extus nigra, concava, subrepanda, ob ostiola prominula rugulosa, intus fibrosa albido-cinerea; peritheciis periphericis, densis, pyriformibus, mutue compressis, collis longis, ostiolis prominulis, rotundis nigris; ascis cylindricis, stipitatis 120-150 \approx 12-15, p. sporif. 50-60 μ . longa; sporidiis octonis monostichis, ovoideis v. subrotundis, subinde nucleatis, 10-12 \approx 8-10.

Hab. in cortice Betulæ, Ringstead Downs, Britannia. — Stroma 3-4 cent. long. 1 cent. lat., 3-4 mill. crass.

9. **Nummularia frustulosa** (B. et C.) Sacc. Hyp. (Glebosæ) *frustulosum* 1532

B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 817. — Minor, gregaria, irregularis, depressa, subtus, centro excepto, libera, intus alba suberosa; peritheciis immersis vel semiimmersis; ostiolis prominulis; ascis filiformibus rectis; sporidiis brunneis, minutis 5 \approx 2,5.

Hab. in ligno putri in Cuba.

10. **Nummularia Wrightii** (B. et C.) Sacc. Hyp. (Glebosæ) *Wrightii* B. 1533

et C. Cuban Fungi n. 816. — Pulvinata, margine infexo libero, intus basim versus e flavo ferruginea, vel brunnea; contextu radiante, superficie papillata; peritheciis subglobosis parvis, ostiolis latentibus.

Hab. in ligno et cortice in Cuba et Brasilia. — Stroma 35-40 mill. lat., 8 mill. cr.

11. **Nummularia punctulata** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Diatrype punctulata* 1534

B. et Rav. in Grev. IV, p. 94, *Hyp. punctulatum* Berk. — Latissime effusa, nigra, peridermio rupto cincta, levissima; peritheciis exiguis ovoideis, stipatis; ostiolis punctiformibus, impressis, crebris signata; «ascis tereti-clavatis, longe stipitatis, p. sporif. 90 \approx 9, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis, utrinque subtruncatis, 7-8 \approx 4,5, asco diu inclusis, initio hyalinis, dein fuscidulis».

Hab. in ramis subputridis *Quercus albæ* etc., in New Jersey, Carolina, Amer. bor. — Ad *Anthostoma nutat*. Stroma centimetra aliquot extensum.

12. **Nummularia placentiformis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Hyp. (Glebosæ) placentiforme* B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 815. — Magna, depresso-pulvinata, margine infexo libero, contextu nigro, superficie e rubiginoso nigra; peritheciis oblongis immersis, ostiolis papillæformibus; sporidiis subellipticis, fuligineis, 12-14 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Cuba. — Stroma 40-50 mill. long.

13. **Nummularia suborbicularis** (Welw. et Curr.) Sacc. *Hypoxyylon suborbiculare* Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 281, Tab. 17, fig.

18. — Stromate suborbiculari, $1\frac{1}{2}$ unc. lato, $\frac{3}{8}-\frac{5}{8}$ unciæ crasso, subtus leviter concavo, centro adfixo; super plano vel plano-convexo et leviter undulato, intus favoso et albido, extus nigro, pulvere rubiginoso consperso; margine inverso et crassescente; peritheciis stipatis, immersis, stromatis faciem superiorem et marginem inversum occupantibus; ostiolis prominentibus, papillatis; sporidiis nigro-fuscis, ellipticis vel cymbiformibus, 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in truncis vetustis in sylvis inter Monino et lacum Ivan-tala, Huilla, sed rarum, Angola (Africa occid.). — Var. *Cookeanum* Sacc. Stromate fibroso-compacto, intus ochraceo-fuligineo, extus rubiginoso, margine non incrassato vix obtusiusculo; ostiolis non v. vix extantibus; sporidiis 10-12 \approx 6-7. — Ad trunco in Pegu (Asia). Dedit M. C. Cooke.

14. **Nummularia tenuis** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 186, t. IV, fig. 6. — 1537

Stromate ligno adnato, effuso, peridermio, quo tegitur, tandem evanido, denudato, tenui, fusco-rubiginoso, opaco; peritheciis oblongis

parallele stipatis, erectis, ostiolis prominulis hemisphæricis, punctiformibus; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, regularibus vel lateribus vix inæqualibus, junioribus sordide flavicantibus, medio ample guttulatis, translucidis; maturis fuscis opacis, $16-20 \approx 6-7$ (ex icone); ascis et paraphysibus non visis.

Hab. in fragmentis ligneis secus flumen Kelseret (Abyssinia).

15. **Nummularia regia** (De Not.) Sacc. *Hypoxylon regium* De Not. 1538

Sfer. ital. p. 15, t. 12. — Stromate cortice innascens, epidermide qua primitus tegitur, varie secedente, denudato, crustiformi, late linearī-oblongato, planiusculo, 7 cent. longit. attingente, centimetrum lato, vel elliptico, ovato, convexo, 3 cent. latit. æquante, ceterum crassiusculo, carbonaceo, fragili, extus, intusque fusco, toto ambitu margine undulato, repando, erosive, adpresso, atque halone sterili limbato, disco verruculis minutis, hemisphæricis, vertice papillatis, crebre tuberculato, intus loculoso, loculis exiguis e mutua pressione subprismaticis, innumeris; peritheciis ovoideis, vertice in collum breve attenuatis, tenuiter membranaceis, subtilissime lineolato-reticulatis; ascis copiosissimis, 8-sporis, teretibus, cito evanidis; paraphysibus tenuissimis, filiformibus, guttuliferis; sporidiis ellipsoidis, badiis, translucidis, 15 μ . long.

Hab. in trunco Juglandis, Valle Intrasca, Italiæ borealis.

16. **Nummularia mediterranea** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sph. mediterranea* 1539

De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. VI, p. 96, fig. II. — Denudata adnato-superficialis, diam. bi-tripollicaris, crass. vix mill., planiuscula v. subundulata, atra, ambitu sinuosa v. sublobata, margine sterili nigricante, stromate carbonaceo, fragillimo; peritheciis minutis, numerosis, arce stipatis, atris, mutua pressione oblongo-prismaticis, vertice breve attenuato in ostiolum erumpens, punctiforme, bullula cinctum desinente; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, paraphysatis, octosporis, $140-150 \approx 10$; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, badio-fuscis, guttulatis, monostichis, $16 \approx 7,5$.

Hab. in truncis decorticatis quercinis prope Iglesias (Sardinia).

17. **Nummularia obularia** (Fr.) Sacc. *Hyp. obularium* Fr. Nov. Symb. 1540

130. — Immersa, erumpens, demum late effusa, determinata, applanata, impolita, stromate proprio atro, peritheciis immersis oblongis, ostiolis hemisphærico-prominulis umbilicatis; sporidiis atris.

Hab. in truncis emortuis arborum in Costa Rica (ERSTED). — Proxima *N. Bulliardii*, at diversa stromate cum matrice connato, nec demum secedente.

18. **Nummularia Glycyrrhiza** (Berk. et Curt.) Sacc. *Hypox. Glycyrrhiza* B. et C., Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 285, *Sph. nummularia* Schw. nec Auct. — Suborbicularis, margine tenui, centro pulvinata punctis papillæformibus centro depresso notata; peritheciis oblongis.
Hab. in corticibus, Surinam, Amer. merid. — Pulvinata, 25 mill. longa, 12 mill. lat. A *N. Bulliardii*, cui valde affinis, peritheciis oblongis stipatissimis recedit.
19. **Nummularia spondylina** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. spondylina* Fr. S. M. 1542 II, 347, *Hypoxylon spondylinum* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 383. — Erumpens, difformis, convexa, subrugosa, extus intusque atra, peritheciis demersis, ostiolis latentibus.
Hab. in cortice *Fraxini*, rarissima, in Suecia. — Quamvis erumpens, omnino libera evadit nec basi adnata. Minor, 1-2 lin. lata et crassa, bullata, situ admodum gregario et saepius confluente, unde difformis v. spondylorum instar seriata; specimina solitaria regularia, convexa, cortice duro leviusculo. Perithecia ovata, demersa; vetustate corrupta, rigido-fragilia, ut *Ustulina*.
20. **Nummularia constricta** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. constricta* Fr. Elench. 1543 II, 70. — Effusa, crustacea, plana, secedens, tuberculosa, atra, intus concolor; peritheciis stipatis, parallelis, oblongo-linearibus; ostiolis in tuberculis pertusis.
Hab. ad ligna denudata Galliae (GUEPIN, MOUGEOT). — Stroma tenui, rigidum, atrum, ut videtur, latissime effusum et incrustans, indeterminatum; superficies opaca, adulta saltim nuda et atra, supra perithecia tuberculosa, sed perithecia non prominent. In his tuberculis adsunt ostiola simplicia (non papillata), pertusa; perithecia atra, stipata, oblongo-linearia, collo brevi, sed stromati nulli substrato imposita. Affinis *Numm. Bulliardii*.
21. **Nummularia Artemisiæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (Glebosæ) Artemisiæ* 1544 Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1227. — Minor, bilinearis, ovata, subangulata, subcupulata et marginata ex epidermide stellatim revoluta erumpens, interdum confluens, aterrima, disco rugoso opaco, ostiolis parum prominentibus umbilicatis crebris; stromate aterrimo, in quo nidulant perithecia globosa minuta cava.
Hab. in ramis emortuis *Artemisiarum*, Bethlehem, Am. bor. — Stroma quasi liberum, insidens libro corticali, utrinque nigrum, rugosum. Non omnino confluens sed potius perithecia invicem adpressa. *Nummulariae repandæ proxima*.
22. **Nummularia subaffixa** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. (Glebosæ) subaffixa* 1545 Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1226. — Transversim ramulos subambiens,

crassa, elevata, ligno adnata more *Nummulariæ Bulliardii*, applanata, plerumque orbiculata, margine sterili, sed non libero, superficie externa subrugosa atra; peritheciis stipatis, oblongis, stromate parco circumdatis; ostiolis crassiusculis, non impressis, conice protrusis.

Hab. frequens in ramis dejectis pyrinis, Bethelehem Amer. bor. — Long. et lat. $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 uncialis. Sæpe confluens; primum epidermide cincta, demum denudata.

REPERTORIUM
SPHÆRIACEARUM PHLEOSPORARUM
SECUNDUM MATRICES

Obs. A. indicat *Anthostoma*. — Al. *Anthostomella*. — As. *Astrocytis*. — B. *Bombardia*. — Bl. *Bolinia*. — C. *Ceratosloma*. — Ca. *Camillea*. — Ch. *Chætomium*. — Co. *Coprolepa*. — D. *Daldinia*. — H. *Hypoxylon*. — Ha. *Hypocopra*. — He. *Helminthosphæria*. — N. *Nummularia*. — Ph. *Philocopra*. — Po. *Poronia*. — R. *Rosellinia*. — S. *Sordaria*. — U. *Ustulina*. — X. *Xylaria*.

Monenda. Numeri specierum post 1000, brevitatis causa, citantur omissis mille; e. g. 1005, 1252, citantur: 5, 252. Iterum moneo matrices non specificiter definitas v. zoogenas — in hac sectione copiosissimas — ut si num, ligna etc. consulto omissa esse.

Abies — Ch. 818. 823. — Al. 75. — X. 249. — Bl. 332.	Artemisia — N. 544. Artocarpaceæ — X. 157.
Acanthus — Al. 89.	Arundinaria — H. 416. 431.
Acer — R. 952. 671. — Al. 62. 63. — A. 106. 126. 144. — X. 239. 240. — H. 346. 349. 370. 423. 433. 434. 440. 445.	Arundo — S. 860. — R. 941. — Al. 29. 31. 34. 50. 83.
Agave — Al. 48.	Aspicilia — R. 16.
Ailanthus — H. 448.	Atropa — A. 117.
Alnus — R. 940. 968. 978. 991. 1. 9. — A. 97. 138. 143. 146. — Bl. 332. H. 361. 368. 376. 441. 448. — D. 515.	Bambusa — R. 979. — Al. 38. 73. 74. As. 96. — H. 431.
Aloe — Al. 32.	Baptisia — Al. 60.
Ananas — Al. 70.	Benzoin — H. 472.
Andromeda — R. 948. 999.	Berberis — R. 992.
Andropogon — C. 781.	Betula — R. 922. 968. 11. — B. 26. — A. 99. 126. 127. 143. — H. 333. 337. 868. 376. 431. 434. 505. — D. 515. — N. 529.
Angelica — Al. 55.	Brassica — S. 859.
Apeiba — X. 302.	Buxus — R. 920.
Aralia — Ch. 825.	Calamagrostis — Al. 30.
Arbutus — Al. 58.	
Arctostaphylos — A. 120.	

- Canna — Al. 69.
 Carex — Al. 28. 34.
 Carpinus — C. 790. — B. 26. — Al. 53. — A. 99. 111. 126. 129. — X. 272. — U. 328. — 333. 347. 350. 468. 448. — N. 524.
 Carlina — Al. 76.
 Castanea — R. 917. — Al. 66. 68. — A. 97. 129. — H. 368. 450. — N. 524.
 Catalpa — H. 509.
 Celtis — H. 360. 448.
 Cenomyce — R. 19.
 Cerasus — R. 973. 990.
 Cercis — H. 447. — N. 529.
 Chamærops — Al. 35. 36. 95. — H. 418.
 Cichorium — Al. 59.
 Cirsium — 863.
 Cladium — Al. 45.
 Cladonia — R. 14.
 Clavaria — He. 837.
 Cocos — C. 776. 809.
 Coffea — R. 965.
 Coniferæ — A. 115.
 Cornus — R. 922. 956. — Al. 55. — H. 368. 431.
 Corticum — Ha. 895.
 Corylus — C. 783. — R. 921. 939. 11. — H. 333. 347. 368. 434. 448. 472. 484. 485. — D. 515.
 Crataëgus — R. 972. — A. 118. 121. X. 271. — H. 368.
 Cullenia. — X. 254.
 Cupressus — R. 991.
 Cyperus — R. 948.
 Cytisus — R. 671. — Al. 79.
- Desfontainea — Al. 72.
 Dianthus — Ch. 799. 830.
 Diospyros — X. 270.
 Dipteryx — Al. 78.
- Erica — Al. 87.
 Erigeron — Ch. 814.
 Erythrina — H. 420.
 Eupatorium — R. 981.
- Fagus — C. 790. — S. 856. — R. 968. 991. 994. — B. 26. — A. 97. 103. 125. 126. 128. 139. 144. 145. — X. 239. 240. 270. 305. 306. — U. 328. H. 335. 337. 344. 348. 355. 368. 370. 407. 430. 431. 433. 434. 448. 462. 463. 484. 485. 487. — D. 515. — N. 524. 526.
 Ferula — Ha. 894.
 Ficus — R. 935.
 Fraxinus — C. 792. — Ch. 828. — A. 97. — H. 337. 339. 355. 368. 431. 434. — D. 515. — N. 542.
- Galium. — Al. 72. 76.
 Genista — Al. 77.
 Georgina — Ch. 819.
 Goniothalamus — X. 270.
 Graminaceæ — C. 793. — Ch. 812. 832. Al. 45. 49. — X. 286.
 Guttiferae — X. 263.
- Hedera — R. 921. — A. 124.
 Helianthus — Ch. 796. — S. 859.
 Hierochloa — Al. 34.
 Hydnus — H. 471.
 Hymenæa — X. 282.
 Hyssopus — Ch. 835.
- Ilex — Al. 54.
 Inula — Al. 68.
 Juglans — C. 779. — R. 968. — Bl. 332. — H. 372. 506. — D. 515. — N. 538.
 Iuncaceæ — Al. 45.
 Iuncus — Al. 46.
 Jungermannia — R. 19.
 Juniperus — R. 961. 998.
 Lussieua — H. 490.
- Kerria — Al. 55.
- Lantana — X. 169.
 Laurus — Al. 88. — H. 368. 483.
 Liquidambar — R. 969. — A. 147. — X. 270. — H. 369. 431. 496.
 Liriodendron — R. 925. — X. 279.

Lonicera — R. 857. 974. 3. — Al. 80.
— A. 122. 123.

Luzula — Al. 92. — A. 112.

Magnolia — A. 137. — H. 384. 444.
N. 529.

Melampyrum — Al. 76.

Monocotyledoneæ — Al. 91.

Morus — R. 950. — A. 129.

Myrica — H. 414.

Myricaria. — R. 12.

Nephroma — R. 15.

Nyssa — H. 370.

Olea — Al. 56.

Orchidaceæ — X. 276.

Oreodaphne — H. 434. 448.

Ostrya — H. 333.

Paliurus — Al. 86.

Palmaceæ — R. 929. — Al. 82. 85.
— H. 403. 468. 495.

Pandanus — R. 976. — Al. 90.

Persea — H. 451.

Persica — X. 268.

Philadelphus — R. 922.

Phillyrea — A. 116.

Phœnix — Al. 35.

Phormium — Al. 39.

Pinus — C. 785. 786. 791. — Ch. 811.
823. — R. 949. 991. 993. 994. 995.
998. — Al. 52. — A. 118. — X.
285. — H. 385. 434. 499.

Pircunia — S. 839. 862.

Pistacia — A. 132.

Platanus — C. 782. 969. — R. 2. —
H. 445. 511. — N. 524.

Polyporus — R. 958. — H. 463. 464.

Populus — Ha. 893. — R. 955. 960.
968. 986. 994. — X. 239. 261. — H.
345. 347. 413. 434. 448. 485. 504.
N. 526.

Prinos — R. 959. — H. 472.

Prunus — C. 771. — R. 950. 9. 25. —
A. 108. — H. 333. 434.

Pyrus — A. 97. 100. 104. — H. 434.
503. — N. 529. 545.

Quercus — C. 772. 787. — Ch. 802.
810. — R. 917. 925. 946. 951. 964.
968. 969. 977. 988. 994. — A. 97.
102. 105. 114. 119. 126. 129. 130.
149. — X. 238. 266. 306. — H. 333.
349. 364. 368. 370. 372. 376. 384.
388. 491. 406. 413. 414. 433. 434.
448. 453. 463. 477. 484. 485. 486.
507. — N. 524. 527. 529. 534. 539.

Rhamnus — A. 97. 129.

Robinia — R. 968.

Rosa — R. 968.

Rubus — C. 778. — R. 928. 939. —
Al. 51. 55. 64.

Ruscus — R. 929. — Al. 55.

Sabal — Al. 47.

Saccharum — Al. 73.

Salix — C. 789. — S. 857. — R. 956.
991. 993. 1000. — B. 26. — Al. 55.
57. — A. 99. — X. 289. 290. 306.
— H. 333. 343. 349. 373. 431. 434.
450. 45?. 473. — D. 515.

Salsola — R. 982.

Salvia — R. 989. — Al. 76.

Sambucus — S. 859. 861. — R. 997.

Sapindus — Al. 65.

Saponaria — S. 859.

Sassafras — H. 451.

Scirpus — Al. 71.

Secale — Ch. 793.

Serratula — S. 859.

Smilax — Al. 40. 41. 42. 43. — H. 371.

Sparganium — Al. 92.

Spiræa — Al. 67.

Solanum — Ch. 804. 806. 807. 829.

Sorbus — R. 968. — H. 373. 376. —
N. 525. 529.

Syringa — R. 13.

Tamarix — R. 671.

Tanacetum — C. 780.

Tetradenia — R. 930.

Tilia — U. 328. — H. 383. 434. — N.
524.

Typha — Ch. 836. — Al. 45.

Ulex — A. 134.

Ulmus — S. 859. — R. 1000. — A.
101. 118. — H. 368. — D. 515. —
N. 529.

Urania — H. 500.

Vaccinium — Al. 93.

Viburnum — Al. 55. — H. 360.

Vinca — Al. 55.

Viscum — Al. 94.

Vitis — C. 784. — R. 6.

Yucca — Al. 32. 33. 44.

Zea — Ch. 816.

Zygodon — R. 19.

Sect. 3. Hyalosporæ Sacc.

Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga v. fusoidea, continua, hyalina v. sub-hyalina.

Clavis analytica generum.

A) Simplices.

a) Perithecia rostrata (Asci 8-spori).

Ceratostomella. Perithecia subcarbonacea, insculpto-superficialia, glabra, v. nigropilosa, saepius xylogena.

Camptosphaeria. Perithecia subcarbonacea, innato-erumpentia, sulphureo-to-mentella, caulogena.

Gnomoniella. Perithecia submembranacea, initio epidermide tecta, saepius phyllogena.

b) Perithecia erostrata.

1. Tectæ.

† Asci 4-8-spori.

§ Perithecia pseudostromate radiosso nullo adnata.

Læstadia. Perithecia lenticularia membranacea, poro minuto pertusa. Asci clavulati, aparaphysati. Sporidia mutica.

(*Stigmatula*. Est *Stigmata* amerospora, ad interim huic generi subjuncta, quod videas inter *Didymosporas*).

Phomatospora. Perithecia globulosa, membranacea, papillata. Asci cylindrici, aparaphysati. Sporidia mutica.

Physalospora. Perithecia globulosa, solidiuscula papillata. Asci clavulati, typice paraphysati. Sporidia mutica.

Urospora. Perithecia globulosa papillata. Asci clavulati, aparaphysati. Sporidia longe caudata.

§§ Perithecia pseudostromate radiosso nigro phyllogeno adnata.

Trabutia. Perithecia innato-erumpentia, pertusa. Asci et sporidia Phyllosporæ.

†† Asci polyspori.

Ditopella. Perithecia peridermio tecta, glabra.

Polytrichia. Perithecia innato-erumpentia, strigoso-pilosa.

2. Nudæ, subsuperficiales. (Asci 8-spori).

Trichosphaeria. Perithecia setulosa, pilosa v. byssiseta, subcarbonacea.

Wallrothiella. Perithecia glabra, subcarbonacea.

(*Zignoina*. Est *Zignoella* amerospora, ad interim huic generi subjuncta, quod videas inter *Phragmosporas*).

B) Cæspitosæ v. stromaticæ (Asci 8-spori).

Botryosphaeria. Perithecia erumpenti-superficialia, basi stromaticæ suffulta, cæspitosa; collis peritheiorum nullis.

Cryptosporaella. Perithecia peridermio tecta, valseo-aggregata, collis peritheiorum manifestis.

CERATOSTOMELLA Sacc. Mich. I, 370 (Etym. a *Ceratostomate*, cuius est analogum genus). — Perithecia subcarbonacea, subsuperficialia v. basi insculpta, glabra v. vestita; ostiolo tereti v. filiformi peritheiis plerumque longiore. Ascii typice aparaphysati, octospori. Sporidia continua, globosa, ovoidea v. suboblonga, hyalina. Spermogonia et conidia in nonnullis nota.

1. **Ceratostomella rostrata** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria rostrata* Fr. S. M. 1546 II, 473. *Ceratostoma rostratum* (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 127. — Peritheiis sparsis, semiimmersis, sphæroideis, glabris, atris, rugosis, latit. 0,3–0,7 mill.; rostro stricto, bisulcato v. quadrangulari; ascis subsessilibus, cylindraceo-clavatis, octosporis, 45–46 \approx 9; sporidiis oblongatis vel subellipsoideis, eguttulatis vel guttulis 2 præditis aut spurie tenuiter uniseptatis, rectis, chlorino-hyalinis, 9–12 \approx 4. — Spermogonia peritheiis similia (perithecia juvenilia?); spermatiis ellipsoideis, hyalinis, 5–6 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in ligno carioso molli præsertim *Alni*, *Quercus*, *Aceris*, *Fagi*, *Betulæ*, in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Fennia, Cuba, Amer. bor. — *Var. levirostris* rostro non v. vix sulcato. Cum specie. — *C. cirrhosa* ab hac præcipue differt sporidiis monostichis.

2. **Ceratostomella cirrhosa** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sphæria cirrhosa* Pers. 1547 Syn. Fung. p. 59 Fr. S. M. II, 475, *Ceratostoma cirrhosum* Pers. Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 127. — Peritheiis sparsis, subinde conglomeratis, primitus immersis, demum semiemersis, subsphæroideis, fibrillis ligno irrepentibus, fuscis obsitis, deinde parte denudata glabris, atris, lœvibus, latit. 0,4 mill. vel ultra, rostro rudi, noduloso, subfalcato, glabro, longiusculo; ascis subsessilibus, cylindraceo-subclavatis, 65–75 \approx 7–9, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis vel suboblongatis, guttulis 1–4, plerumque 2 præditis, chlorino-hyalinis, 9–12 \approx 3,5. — Spermatia in peritheiis immaturis (?) ovoido-cylindracea, hyalina, 4 \approx 2 μ ; conidia in fibrillarum apicibus, ovata, atro-fusca, 28 \approx 14.

Hab. in ligno carioso *Quercus*, *Carpini*, *Alni*, *Pini* in Germania, Suecia, Fennia, Britannia, America.

3. **Ceratostomella lejocarpa** Sacc. Mich. I, 370 et F. ital. 345. — 1548 Peritheiis laxe gregariis, ligno infossis, globulosis, $1/3$ mill. diam., nigris, contextu minute parenchymatico, solido, ostiolis cylindricis, exertis, glabris $1/2$ – $3/4$ mill. longis; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, 75–85 \approx 6, apice lumine 2-crenulato, rotundatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoido-oblongis utrinque ro-

tundatis, 9–11 $\approx 4\frac{1}{2}$ –5, nubilosis v. 2-guttulatis hyalinis (rarissime extra ascos obsolete 1–3-septatis).

Hab. in ligno putri fagineo in sylva Cansiglio, Ital. bor. —

A *C. cirrhosa*, cui valde affinis, imprimis ostiolis glabris, ascis angustioribus diversa.

4. **Ceratostomella ampullasca** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria ampullasca* 1549

Cooke Hand. n. 2628. — Peritheciis gregariis v. subsparsis, ligno immersis, globulosis, nigris; ostiolis perithecio subtriplo longioribus, cylindricis, flexuosis; ascis clavatis, breve attenuato-stipitatis, sursum subconstrictis truncatisque (h. e. fere ampulliformibus) 60–70 μ . long.; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, inordinatis, oblongo-cylindraceis, utrinque rotundatis, 2-guttatis, 12–13 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno putri quercino, Shere, Britannia (CAPRON). —

Forma ascorum mox dignoscenda species.

5. **Ceratostomella vestita** Sacc. Mich. I. 370, F. ital. t. 344. — Pe- 1550

ritheciis sparsis, subsuperficialibus, globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., pilis tortuosis, septulatis, 200–250 \approx 3, laxe vestitis, in ostiolum cylindraceum denudatum, perithecium subæquans desinentibus; contextu distinete parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindricis, 50–55 \approx 4, apice obtusis, breve stipitatis apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis, 6 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{3}$ –4, saepe inæquilateralibus, distincte 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno fagineo putri, denigrato, socia *Bispora pusilla* Sacc., pr. Treviso, Ital. bor. — A *Ceratostomate Notarisii* Sacc. habitu subsimilis pluribus notis differt.

6. **Ceratostomella De Baryana** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Gnomonia De Ba-* 1551

riana Auersw. in Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 23, t. 10, fig. 140 (nec 138).

— Peritheciis ligno immersis, sparsis v. gregariis, atris, globulosis ovatisve, 140 μ . diam.; contextu subalutaceo; rostro subcylindraceo, rigido, perithecium subæquante, ex ligno emergentibus; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, octosporis, 68 \approx 6; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, continuis, granulosis, subhyalinis, 9–10 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in ligno putri fagineo, am Inselsberge, Germania (FLEISCHAK).

7. **Ceratostomella rhenana** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Gnomonia rhenana* Auersw. 1552

Mycol. Eur. Pyr. p. 23, t. 10, fig. 139. *Sph. cirrhosa* Fuck. F. rhen. 1804, p. p. — Peritheciis ligno immersis, sparsis v. gregariis, atris, globulosis, 300 μ . diam.; rostro cylindrico, rigido, perithecium subæquante emergente; ascis cylindraceis, in stipitem

brevem attenuatis, octosporis, 154 ± 12 ; sporidiis distichis elongato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, curvulis, continuis, 24 ± 7 , subhyalinis, 4-nucleatis.

Hab. in ligno putri molli quercino, carpineo etc. — A *Cer. cirrhosa* abunde diversa.

8. **Ceratostomella dubia** Sacc. *Melanomma dubium* Sacc. F. Ven. 1553

Ser. III, p. 5. F. ital. fig. 299. — Peritheciis remote sparsis, superficialibus, subglobosis, vix $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., in ostiolum cylindraceo-conoideum perithecium æquans attenuatis, minutissime rugulosis basi hyphis brevibus cinctis, ceterum glabris, carbonaceis, atris; ostiolo obtuso dein minute perforato; ascis cylindraceis, angustis; 150 ± 8 , paraphysibus nullis visis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, $20-25 \pm 7-8$, plerumque curvulis, utrinque acutiusculis, majuscule 1-2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno denudato putrescente fagineo in sylva Cansiglio Treviso, Ital. bor. parcissime.

9. **Ceratostomella barbirostris** (Duf.) Sacc. *Sph. barbirostris* Duf. in 1554

Turp. Icon. fig. 1, Fr. S. M. II, 473. — Conglomerata, atra, peritheciis globosis scabris, ostiolo elongato clavato patentim pubescente; «ascis tereti-clavatis, deorsum attenuatis $36-40 \pm 5-6$, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongo-ovoideis, $5-6,5 \pm 2-3$ granulosis, hyalinis».

Hab. ad ligna Galliae et New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia plura, conglomerata in cæspites subregulares, exacte globosa, minoris magnitudinis. Ostiola peritheciis sextuplo longiora, apice incrassata, subincurva, tota pubescens.

10. **Ceratostomella stricta** (Pers.) Sacc. Mich. II, 53. *Ceratostoma* 1555

strictum Pers. Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 127. *Sph. stricta* Pers. Syn. p. 59. — Peritheciis confertis vel seriato-conglomeratis, mox emerisis, sphæroideis, levibus, rigidis, fragilibus, glabris, atris, rostro stricto, rigido, obtusiusculo, perithecio vix duplo longiore; ascis in pedicellum gracillimum attenuatis, cylindraceo-clavatis, $30-35 \pm 5$ p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis distichis, elongatis, leviter curvatis, simplicibus, $6-8 \pm 1,5-2$, 2-4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ligna putria quercina in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Fennia, Amer. bor. — *β. cingulata* Fr. S. M. II, 474. Peritheciis nigris, apice cingulo fusco, ostiolo longitudine perithecii, incurvo. In Suecia.

11. **Ceratostomella? trichina** (Moug.) Sacc. Mich. II, 53. *Sph. tri-* 1556
china Pers. in Moug. Stirp. Vog. n. 666 et Roum. F. Gall. n. 187.

— *Cer. strictæ* paraffinis, a qua differt præsertim peritheciis setulosis. Nucleum vero albo-cellulosum asporum tantum vidi.

Hab. in ligno putri quercino in Vogesis.

12. **Ceratostomella dispersa** (Karst.) Sacc. *Ceratostoma dispersum* 1557

Karst. Fung. Fenn. exsicc. 966 et Myc. Fenn. II. p. 116. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, deinde erumpentibus, interdum demum subsuperficialibus, sphæroideis, atris, glabris, parte superiore interdum fuscō-fibrillosis, latit. 0,6–0,7 mill., rostro emerso, subfalcato, rigido, obtuso, pilis brevibus fuscis obsesso, perithecio vix duplo longiore; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, pedicello filiformi, $45 \approx 4,5$ octosporis; sporidiis, distichis, elongatis vel oblongatis, rectis, guttulis 4 majusculis præditis, chlorino-hyalinis, $6-8 \approx 2$ paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in pagina interiore corticis Betulæ vetusti ad Mustiala Fenniæ. — *Cerat. strictæ*, præcipue quoad partes internas, proxime accedit, notis vero allatis facile distinguitur.

13. **Ceratostomella subpilosa** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Ceratostoma subpilosum* 1558

Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 128. — Peritheciis sparsis, subsuperficialibus, magnitudine formaque ut in fungo spermogonio, nec non extus subtiliter fusco-pilosus, dein glabris, rostroque breviori, obtuso, perforato, glabro; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, $58 \approx 5$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, uniguttulatis, hyalinis, $7 \approx 4$; peritheciis spermogonicis, sparsis gregariisque, subsuperficialibus, media magnitudine, carbonaceis, aterrimis, globosis, rostro gracili, plerumque abrupte cylindraceo, perithecium æquante, ostiolo perforato, plerumque subtiliter bilabiato, obtusove; spermatiis ovatis, biguttulatis, hyalinis, episporio crasso, $8 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ligno putri salicino pr. Hattenheim Germaniæ; aestate spermogonia, hieme insequente perithecia ascophora.

14. **Ceratostomella multirostrata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Ceratostoma multi-* 1559

rostratum Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 127, t. IV, fig. 41. — Peritheciis subsuperficialibus, rugulosis, globosis, aterrimis, magnitudine valde varia, $1/4-1/2$ lineæ diam., cum rostro perithecio plerumque æquali, cylindraceo, obtuso, perforato, antice plerumque cupulato-dilatato, aliis 2-6rostratis, rostris divergentibus, peritheciis 2-6nucleatis; ascis stipitatis, obliquis, oblongis, 8sporis, $44 \approx 10$; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, continuis, $10 \approx 4$, hyalinis. — Spermogonia *Sphæronematis* speciem sistunt, ostiolis acicularibus; spermatiis cylindraceis $6 \approx 2$ (nec $3 \approx 2$ ut in *Sph. cylindrico* Tode).

Hab. in ligno putri Pini sylvestris prope Budenheim, Germania.

15. **Ceratostomella subsalsa** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sph. subsalsa* Crouan F- 1560
nist. p. 25. — Peritheciis sphæroideis, in rostrum longum curvum
attenuatis, 1-2 mill. diam., fusco-virescentibus; ascis crasse cla-
vatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis hyalinis, crasse 2-guttatis.
Hab. in caulis emortuis putridis Obiones, Finistere Galliæ.
16. **Ceratostomella sphærosperma** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Ceratostoma sphæ- 1561*
rospermum Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 127. — Peritheciis gregariis
semiimmersis vel totis liberis, globosis, atris, in rostrum conicum
seu abrupte cylindraceum, perithecium æquans attenuatis; ascis
stipitatis, cylindraceis, 24 μ . long. p. sporif., sporidia 8, monostichia,
simplicia, globosa, hyalina, 3 μ . diam., incurrentibus.
Hab. in truncis putridis Pini sylvestris prope Johannisberg
Germaniæ.
17. **Ceratostomella Stevensoni** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph. Stevensoni* B. 1562
et Br. Ann. Hist. Nat. n. 1728. — Peritheciis sparsis v. hinc inde
aggregatis, ovoideis, sursum attenuatis; ascis angustis; sporidiis
monostichis, anguste ellipticis, 5 μ . long., 2-3-nucleatis.
Hab. in ligno putri, Glamis Britanniæ.
18. **Ceratostomella canulata** (Preuss) Sacc. *Sph. canulata* Preuss, 1563
Fungi Hoyersw. n. 296. — Sparsa; peritheciis immersis globosis;
ostiolis superficialibus, cylindricis, supra calvis, ad basin hyphis
longis vestitis, ligno penetrantibus, atris, intus albis; ascis cylin-
dricis, octosporis; sporidiis ovatis, albis, nucleum continentibus.
Hab. in ligno vetusto, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ.
19. **Ceratostomella nyssæcola** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. Nyssæcola* B. 1564
et C. North Am. Fungi n. 917. — Semiimmersa, subglobosa; collo
elongato; sporidiis ellipticis, vel brevissime cymbæformibus, 7-8
 μ . longis.
Hab. in ramis Nyssæ in Pensylvania Amer. bor. — Spori-
diorum color non indicatus.
20. **Ceratostomella leptorrhyncha** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. leptor- 1565*
rhyncha Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 510 et Syll. Crypt. n. 817. —
Gregaria; peritheciis minutis, basi immersis, sphæricis, atris, opa-
cis, ostiolo longissimo, tereti, flexuoso nodosoque; ascis minimis, cla-
vatis, 17 \approx 4, innumeris; sporidiis continuis, oblongis, 4-5 μ . long.
hyalinis.
Hab. in cortice Chamæropis humilis, La Calle Algeriæ.

CAMPTOSPHÆRIA Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 140 (Etym. *camptos*, flexus
ob rostellum curvum). — Perithecia carbonacea, innato-erumpen-

tia, pyriformia, in collum obliquum, truncatum, cernuum, perforatum sensim attenuata, extus tenuissime sulphureo-villosa. Asci elongati, 8spori. Sporidia oblique monosticha, pyriformia, sæpe obliqua, continua, hyalina. Paraphyses filiformes.

1. **Camptosphæria sulphurea** Fuck. l. c. t. III, fig. 18. — Caulicola; 1566 peritheciis gregariis, majusculis, tectis, sulphureo-villosis, dein glabris, atris, ostiolis prominulis, crassis, cernuis, atris; ascis 148 \approx 16; sporidiis oblique monostichis, subpyriformibus, hyalinis, 27 \approx 10 (in parte latiori).

Hab. in caulis putridis Peucedani officinalis, prope Hattenheim, Germania. — An *Sph. curvirostra* Sow. huc spectet improbabile videtur. Curiosum quod forma peritheciorum illam sporidiorum fere æmulatur.

GНОМОНИЕЛЛА Sacc. Mich. II, p. 312 (Etym. a *Gnomonia*, cuius generis pars erat). — Perithecia submembranacea, subglobosa, subcutaneo-erumpentia, ostiolo rostellato centrali v. laterali. Asci cylindraceo-clavati, octospori, aparaphysati, sæpius lumine apice bifoveolati. Sporidia continua, hyalina, ovoidea v. oblonga, v. rarius subfiliformia. Spermogonia in nonnullis nota.

I. *Eugnomoniella*: peritheciis discretis; sporidiis oblongis, nec bacillaribus.

1. **Gnomoniella tubiformis** (Tode) Sacc. *Gnomonia tubiformis* (Tode) 1567 Auersw. Syn. Pyr. p. 22, t. 8, fig. 121, *Sph. tubæformis* Tode Meckl. II, 51, fig. 128, *Ceratostoma tubæforme* Ces. et De Not. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, parenchymate innatis, gregariis vel subsparsis, subsphæroideis, brunneis, rostro stricto, cylindraceo, rigido, obtuso, perithecium fere æquante, concolore, epidermidem fuscata et utrinque inflatam ad inferiorem folii paginam perforantibus, 0,4 mill. latit.; ascis oblongatis, e basi ampliata, paullisper attenuatis, subsessilibus, 45–70 \approx 10–14, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongatis vel ellipsoideo-oblongatis, ut plurimum inæquilateralibus, simplicibus, vulgo guttulis minutis 2–4 præditis, hyalinis s. chlorino-hyalinis, 13–15 \approx 5,5–6,5. — Spermogonia (*Leptothyrium cylindrospermum* Bon.) epiphylla, convexa, depressa, orbicularia s. ovoidea, scutiformia, atra, nitida, ore simplici pertusa; spermatiis elongatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 8–11 \approx 1,5–2.

Hab. in foliis Alni glutinosæ (rarius Betulæ, Carpini, Ulmi?) in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali.

2. **Gnomoniella amœna** (Nees) Sacc., *Gnomonia amœna* (Nees) Fuck. 1568

Symb. myc. p. 120, *Sph. amœna* Nees Act. Nat. Cur. IX, n. 4, t. 6, f. 24. — Peritheciis tectis subglobosis, ostiolis duplo longioribus filiformibus compressiusculis, discum elevatum roseum perforantibus, fragilissimis; ascis stipitatis oblongis, octosporis, 36 ± 8 ; sporidiis distichis fusiformibus, ellipticis, curvatis, continuis, 8 ± 4 , 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in petiolis foliorum *Coryli Avellanae* in Germania, Suecia, Belgio, Gallia. — Var. *petiolorum* Schw. Syn. Car. n. 153. Peritheciis tectis, tuberculo albicante immersis atris, ostiolo tereti longiusculo rigido. In petiolis foliorum *Liquidambaris*, *Fraxini* etc. in Amer. boreali.

3. **Gnomoniella Avellanæ** (Schm.) Sacc. *Sph. Avellane* Schm. Myc. 1569

Heft. I, 84. — Sparsa, subhemisphærica, nigra, villis griseo-fuscis radiatim divergentibus obducta, ostiolo papillæformi atro-nitente; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis; sporidiis ovoideis, majusculis.

Hab. ad folia decidua *Coryli* in Suecia, Britannia et Germania. — Perithecia exigua, opaca, intus lutescenti-alba.

4. **Gnomoniella spilota** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sph. (epiphylla) spilota* Lév. Ann. 1570

Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 162. — Peritheciis gregariis minutissimis innatis nigris, ostiolis exsertis spinosis; ascis clavatis, paraphysatis (?), 8sporis; sporidiis ovoideis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia ignota

5. **Gnomoniella emarginata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnomonia emarginata* Fuck. 1571

Symb. myc. p. 122. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, majusculis, lenticularibus, latere emarginatis, atris; ostiolis $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ lin. longis, gracilibus, perithecii latere emarginato insertis, atris, teretibus, acutis; ascis ellipticis, stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis fusiformibus, sæpe curvatis, simplicibus, biguttulatis, hyalinis. — Status spermogonicus *Discosiam Artocreas* f. *Betulæ* sistit.

Hab. in *Betulæ* albæ petiolis foliisque putridis raro, prope Oestrich Rhenogovia. — Perithecia in nervis foliorum jam putredine exesorum tantum maturant. — Sec. Auersw. forma *G. setacea* (Pers.). An?

6. **Gnomoniella mirabilis** (Peck) Sacc. *Sph. mirabilis* Peck, 28 Rep. 1572

on the St. Mus. Now York, p. 80, t. 2, fig. 18–21. — Peritheciis sparsis, innatis, subglobosis, membranaceis, nigris; ostiolis longis tenuibus curvis v. flexuosis, lateralibus; ascis late fusoideis; sporidiis stipitatis, elongato-fusoideis, $25-30 \mu$. longis, 4-pluriguttulatis, hyalinis, hinc v. utrinque breve appendiculatis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Betulæ, Bethlehem, Amer. bor. — Species ostiolo lateralí, peritheciū æquante mox dignota.

7. **Gnomoniella nervisequa** (Wall.) Sacc. *Sph. nervisequa* Wallr. Fl. 1573

Crypt. n. 3879. *Gnomonia nervisequa* (Wallr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 122. — Peritheciis depresso-globosis exiguis atris erumpentibus, sparsis nervisequis, e vertice umbonato collum setaceum cylindricum triplo longius nitidum flexuosum libere prominens exserentibus; ascis curvato-stipitatis, oblongis, $36 \approx 4$, 8sporis; sporidiis ellipticis vel fusiformibus, $8 \approx 2$ simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. ad nervos foliorum putridorum Salicis, Coryli, Alni, Carpinii, in Germania frequens.

8. **Gnomoniella fasciculata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnomonia fasciculata* Fuck. 1574

Symb. myc. p. 121. — Peritheciis gregariis, fasciculatis seu seriatim dispositis et confluentibus, tectis, media magnitudine, globosis; ostiolis longissimis, 1 lineam altis, fasciculato-exertis, rigidis, nudo oculo facile discernibilibus, atris; ascis amplis, utrinque acuminatis, 8sporis, $28 \approx 8$; sporidiis cylindraceis, utrinque obtusis (non acuminatis), curvatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, $12 \approx 2$.

Hab. in petiolis nervisque primariis foliorum Quercus, rarius, pr. Oestrich Rhenogoviæ.

9. **Gnomoniella lugubris** (Karst.) Sacc. *Gnomonia lugubris* Karst. 1575

Myc. Fenn. II, p. 121. — Peritheciis sparsis parenchymate innatis, sphæroideis, siccis depresso-sphæroideis, atris, rostro cylindraceo, obtuso, perithecii diametrum fere æquante, subconcolore, latit. 200–225 mill.; ascis sessilibus, fusoideo-oblongatis, $65-70 \approx 12-15$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-oblongatis, inæquilateralibus, guttulis 4 majusculis, subchlorinatis præditis, hyalinis, $18-20 \approx 6$.

Hab. in foliis Comari palustris putridis socia *Sphærellæ innumerellæ* prope Mustiala Fenniæ.

10. **Gnomoniella Comari** (Karst.) Sacc. *Gnomonia Comari* Karst. Myc. 1576

Fenn. II. p. 122. — Peritheciis sparsis, epidermide subimmutata tectis eique detractæ subtus adhærentibus, sphæroideis, siccis depresso-sphæroideis, basique cupulæ instar collapsis, atris, rostro brevissimo, conoideo, epidermidem breviter perforante, 0,2–0,3 mill. diam.; ascis brevissime pedicellatis fusoideo-elongatis vel fusoideo-bacillaribus, $30-39 \approx 6-7$; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, vulgo rectis, guttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis, $6-9 \approx 2$.

Hab. ad petiolos Comari palustris vetustos in insulis Quarcken, circa Mustiala et in regione aboensi (Fennia). — Facile jun-

gitur cum *Gnomoniella devexa* (Desm.) a qua fere modo sporidiis ascisque minoribus recedit.

11. **Gnomoniella? circinata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. circinata* Fuck. Symb. 1577
myc. p. 111. — Peritheciis gregariis, minutis, tectis, circa maculam fuscam circulariter dispositis, papillatis, atris, ostiolis prominulis; ascis oblongis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, triguttulatis, hyalinis. — Sec. Fuck, st. conidicus sistit *Gloeosporium Ribis* (Lib.).

Hab. in pag. sup. sol. Ribis alpini prope Johannisberg Germaniæ. — An *Physalospora*?

12. **Gnomoniella vulgaris** (Ces. et De Not.) Sacc. *Gnomonia vulgaris* 1578
Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. p. 57, *Sph. Gnomon* Tode Meckl. II, 50, fig. 125, *Cryptosphæria Gnomon* Grev. — Peritheciis sparsis, hypophyllis, primitus sphæroideis, innatis, tectis, deinde emergentibus, cupulato-collapsis (saltem in statu sicco), atris, rostro elongato, recto, saepe apicem versus paullisper incrassato, perithecium æquante v. paullo excedente, concolore instructis, circiter 0,2 mill. diam.; ascis fusoideo-elongatis breviter et acute pedicellatis, 32-42 = 5-6; sporidiis conglobatis, bacillaribus, utrinque acutiusculis, 4-guttulatis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, hyalinis, 12-18 = 1-2.

Hab. in foliis deciduis Coryli Avellanæ, Ostryæ virginicæ, in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali.

13. **Gnomoniella Rosæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnomonia Rosæ* Fuck. Symb. 1579
mycol. p. 122. — Peritheciis sparsis, hypophyllis, tectis, majusculis, epidermidem pustulatim inflantibus; ostiolis perithecio triplo longioribus, exsertis, atris, strictis; ascis longe anguste stipitatis, ellipticis, 8sporis; sporidiis anguste cylindraceis, curvatis, 3-4guttulatis, hyalinis, asco duplo brevioribus. — Status spermogonicus, sec. Fuck., sistit *Discosiam clypeatam* f. *Rosæ*.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Rosæ rubiginosæ, rarius, prope Estrich, Rhenogovia.

14. **Gnomoniella Pruni** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnom. Pruni* Fuck. Symb. myc. 1580
p. 122. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, majusculis, globosis, atris, ostiolis perithecio duplo longioribus, strictis, rectis, aterrimis; ascis minutissimis, clavatis, in stipitem anguste protractis, 24-27 = 5-6, 8sporis; sporidiis anguste cylindraceo-fusiformibus, curvatis, saepe 2- rarius 3-4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 10 = 1,5.

Hab. in foliis putridis Pruni domesticæ et P. spinosæ, pr. Estrich, Rhenogovia. — Var. *Padi* Lib. Lamb. Myc. Belg. II. p. 255, ostiolis perithecio triplo v. quadruplo longioribus. In foliis Pruni Padi in Belgio.

15. **Gnomoniella perfidiosa** (Karst.) Sacc. *Gnomonia perfidiosa* Karst. 1581

Symb. myc. II. p. 119. — Peritheciis sparsis, erumpentibus, dein liberis, sphæroideis, rostro brevi, conoideo, atris, latit. circiter 0,4 mill.; ascis subsessilibus, cylindraceis, 50–75 ≈ 6–7, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, inæquilateralibus, simplicibus, hyalinis, eguttulatis, 6–9 ≈ 3–4.

Hab. in culmis foliisque graminum (Poæ?) exsiccatis prope Mu-stiala, Fennia, raro.

16. **Gnomoniella Angelicæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. Angelicæ* Fuck. Symb. 1582

Mycol. p. 113. — Peritheciis sparsis, laxe seriatis, profunde, recte immersis, globosis, parvis, in collum aciculare, perithecio duplo longius, apice vix prominulum, ut punctiforme appareat, attenuatis, atris; ascis elongatis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque obtusis, simplicibus, 10 ≈ 3, hyalinis. — Spermogonium, sec. Fuck., sistit *Phomam complanatam* (Tode) Desm.

Hab. in caulis putridis Angelicæ sylvestris, rarius, pr. Oestrich, Rhenogovia; forma spermogonica quoque in Belgio.

17. **Gnomoniella devexa** (Desm.) Sacc. *Gnom. devexa* (Desm.) Auersw. 1583

Myc. Eur. 23, fig. 58, 126, 137. *Sphæria devexa*, Desm. 24 Not. 1857, p. 21. — Caulicola, tecta; peritheciis minutis, gregariis vel sparsis, nigris, subhemisphæricis, inclinatis, intus griseis; ostiolis obliquis conico-elongatis, obtusis, subnitidis, epidermidem perforantibus; ascis subfusiformibus, clavatis, 35–40 ≈ 7–8; sporidiis octonis, rectis, utrinque obtusis, 4-guttatis, 15 ≈ 2–3.

Hab. in caulis exsiccatis Polygoni Persicariæ, P. Fagopyri etc. in Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Britannia. — Var. *me-dia* Sacc. (nec *Sph. Euphorbiæ* Fuck.). Ascis clavatis, apice sub-truncatis lumineque 2-foveolatis, 50 ≈ 14 p. sporif., deorsum attenuatis octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis curvulis v. rectis, medio constrictis, 18–20 ≈ 4, 4-guttulatis, utrinque breviter apiculatis, hyalinis, peritheciorum ostiolis, rectiusculis. In caulis Euphorbiæ dulcis et palustris in Italia bor. et Gallia.

18. **Gnomoniella curvicolla** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria curvicolla* Peck 1584

31 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis minutis, 80–100 μ . diam., sparsis v. 2–3 confluendo aggregatis, erumpentibus, denique nudis, hemisphæricis, nigris; ostiolis brevibus subcylindricis, leniter curvis; ascis oblongis; sporidiis stipatis v. distichis, 15–23 ≈ 7,5, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule putri Polygoni articulati, Center, Amer.

bor. — Ostiolo curvulo tereti v. compressiusculo, sæpius versus plantæ matricis apicem inclinato mox dignoscenda species.

19. **Gnomoniella excentrica** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Sphæria excentrica* C. 1585
et Peck. 25 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis sparsis, depresso-nigra, initio epidermide tectis, dein ostiolo acuto rostellato laterali erumpentibus et subsuperficialibus; ascis subclavatis; sporidiis stipatis v. distichis, fusoideis, 8,5–9 μ . longis, 4-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule putri Polygonorum, Albany et Portville, America boreali.

20. **Gnomoniella Amygdalinæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnomonia Amygdalinæ* 1586
Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 121. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, globosis, *Pleosporæ herbarum* magnitudine, atris, ostiolis exertis, perithecio duplo longioribus, concoloribus, cylindraceis, rectis; ascis oblongis, 46 \approx 8, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, parum curvatis, utrinque subtilissime apiculatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, 14 \approx 4.

Hab. in caulibus siccis Euphorbiæ amygdalinæ in Jura Helvetiæ (MORTIER). — *Gnomoniæ devexæ* v. *medicæ* et *Gn. Euphorbiæ* valde affinis, at distinguenda.

21. **Gnomoniella Euphorbiæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Gnomonia Euphorbiæ* Fuck. 1587
Sacc. Mich. II, 312, *Sphæriæ Euphorbiæ* Fuck. Enum. Fung. Nass. p. 69, t. I. fig. 23. — Peritheciis tectis, subitus collabascendo excavatis, *Pleosporam herbarum* subæquantibus, aterrimis, ostiolis papillatis, obliquis, epidermidem perforantibus; ascis tereti-clavatis, deorsum attenuatis, apice 2-foveolatis truncatisque, 90 \approx 20; sporidiis distichis, breve fusoideis, inæquilateralibus, 20 \approx 8, 2-4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus Euphorbiæ palustris et verrucosæ in Nassovia et Helvetia. — A *Gnom. devexa* præcipue sporidiis duplo crassioribus differt.

22. **Gnomoniella idæicola** (Karst.) Sacc. *Gnomonia idæicola* Karst. 1588
Symb. myc. II, p. 126. — Peritheciis epidermide plerumque infuscata tectis eique solutæ adhærentibus, solitariis vel 2–5 in soros stipatis, sphæroideis, siccis, collapsis, nigra, ostiolis sphæroideis, per epidermidem erumpentibus, subinde confluentibus, concoloribus instructis, latit. 0,2 mill.; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, 30–40 \approx 6–7 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, rectiusculis vel leviter curvulis, guttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 8–12 \approx 2–2,5.

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos Rubi idæi circa Mustiala Fenniæ.

II. *Mamiania*: peritheciis sub pseudostromate phyllogeno nigro hinc
inde congregatis; sporidiis ovoideis.

23. **Gnomoniella fimbriata** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sph. fimbriata* Pers. Symb. 1589
p. 36. *Gnomonia fimbriata* (Pers.) Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 120.
Mamiania fimbriata (Pers.) Ces. et De Not. — Tecta, peritheciis
confertis in tuberculum nigrum confluentibus, ostiolis erumpenti-
bus spinulosis, basi fimbria albicante cinctis; ascis fusoideo-oblon-
gis, 45–50 = 10–12, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ellipsoideis, hic
obtusiusculis hinc acutiusculis, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis v. dilute chlo-
rinis, 10–11 = 5. St. conidicus refert *Gloeosporium Carpini* Desm.

Hab. in foliis *Carpini* Betuli in tota fere Europa et Amer.
bor. — Tubercula in utraque folii pagina prominent, primo pla-
niuscula atra, demum convexa, ob epidermidem cinerascenti-atra;
perithecia in parenchymate folii nidulantia globosa; ostiola in pa-
gina inferiori tantum erumpunt distantia, teretia, lævia, æqualia
v. clavata, recta v. deflexo-flexuosa.

24. **Gnomoniella Coryli** (Batsch.) Sacc. *Gnomonia Coryli* Batsch. 1590
Auersw. Syn. Pyr. eur. p. 23, t. 8, f. 123. *Sphæria Coryli* Batsch.
El. Fung. Cont. II. fig. 231. — *Mamiania Coryli* De Not. Sche-
ma p. 57. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, distinctis, in circulum dispo-
sitis, parenchymati innatis, epidermide atrata et inflata utrinque
tectis, depresso-sphæroideis, subicoloratis, rostro crasso, cylindra-
ceo, atro, perithecii altitudinem feræ æquante, discum minutum,
pallidum perforante præditis, latit. 0,3 mill.: ascis clavatis, in pe-
dicellum brevem, tenuem acuminatis, 36–40 = 7, 8sporis; sporidiis
distichis, obovoideis, simplicibus, subhyalinis, intus granulosis, 7 =
3. — Spermogonia (*Leptothyrium Coryli* Fuck.) scutiformia, in
macula exarida, obscuriori sparsa, demum applanata plicataque,
atروفusca, nitida, minutissima; spermatiis vermicularibus, curvatis,
linearibus, multiguttulatis, hyalinis, 18 = 2.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Coryli* Avellanæ in tota fere
Europa et Amer. bor., plerumque in montosis:

III. *Ophiognomonia*: sporidiis bacillari-filiformibus.

25. **Gnomoniella melanostyla** (DC.) Sacc. *Gnomonia melanostyla* (DC.) 1591
Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 122. *Sph. melanostyla* DC. Fl. Fr. VI. p.
129. — Peritheciis subrotundis tectis e rufescente-nigris, ostiolo
gracili æquali nigro, 5–6-plo longiore; ascis elliptico-oblongis, deor-
sum attenuatis, stipitatisque, 60 = 5, aparaphysatis, tunica apice in-

crassata; sporidiis octonis, elongato-filiformibus, 25–35 \approx 1–2, parallelis, utrinque acuminatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Tiliæ europeæ et americanæ sæpius hypophylla in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, America boreali. — Ostiola modo stricta, modo subtorta. Asci jodi ope apice leniter cœrulescunt.

LÆSTADIA Auersw. in Hedw. 1869, p. 177 reform. (Etym. a Doct.

C. P. Læstadio, Sueco). — Perithecia lenticularia, innata, membranacea, typice poro simplici pertusa, subinde subastoma. Asci apaphysati, octospori, sæpius clavulati. Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga, continua, hyalina. — Fungilli minuti, sæpius foliicolæ, *Sphærellæ* analogi, sed amerospori,

1. **Læstadia punctoidea** (Cooke) Auersw. in Hedw. 1869, n. 12, p. 178 1592 et in Myc. Eur. t. 1, fig. 8, *Sphærella punctoidea* Cooke Handb. n. 2751. — Peritheciis epiphyllis rarius hypophyllis, epidermidi innatis, in maculas minores collectis, humidis depresso-sphæroideis, siccis pezizoideo-collapsis, atris, nitidis, 180 μ . latit.; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, curvulis, octosporis, 50–60 \approx 10; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongatis, utrinque attenuatis, simplicibus, eguttulatis, hyalinis, 10–16 \approx 4–6.

Hab. in pag. superiore foliorum Quercuum in Britannia, Belgio et Fennia.

2. **Læstadia alnea** (Fr.) in Hedw. 1869, n. 12, p. 177 et in Myc. Eur. Pyr. t. II, fig. 15, *Sph. alnea* Fr. S. M. II, 520. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, sparsis, epidermide tectis eaque sublata liberis, depresso-sphæroideis, siccis cupulæ instar collabentibus, 0,2 mill. latit. ostiolo papillato, erumpente, dein, in peritheciis collapsis, obsoleto, ascis clavatis in pedicellum tenuem attenuatis, 60–80 \approx 10–12, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-oblongatis v. fusoideo-elongatis, utrinque acutiusculis, rectis, 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 14–18 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in foliis putridis Alni glutinosæ in Suecia, Fennia, Germania, Belgio.

3. **Læstadia Rosæ** Auersw. Hedw. 1869, p. 178, *Sph. Rosæ* Auersw. 1594 in Myc. Eur. t. 7, fig. 97. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, epidermidi adnatis, nigris, nitidulis, siccis rugulosis, *Discosiam* fere æmulantibus, gregariis, 100 μ . fere latis; ascis amplis obovato-oblongis, brevissime stipitatis octosporis, 50 \approx 18; sporidiis distichis, ellipticis utrinque rotundatis, continuis, granulosis, 15 \approx 7, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum Rosæ caninæ prope Arnstadt Germaniæ (FLEISCHHACK).

4. **Læstadia Cerris** Pass. *Micr. ital.* n. 2, in *Rev. myc.* II, p. 33. — 1595
 Maculis discoideis in foliis vivis expallentibus; peritheciis immersis globosis, atris, luce transversa præsertim perspiciendis, cellulis amplis irregulariter hexagonis vel trapezoideis contextis; ascis clavatis basi attenuato-stipitatis, numerosis, cæspitosis, $42 \approx 7$, 8-sporis; sporidiis ovalibus, integris, endoplasmate granuloso opaco, $10 \approx 5$; paraphysibus non visis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Quercus Cerris, per hyemem tantum humi maturans, Collechio Parmæ, in Italia boreali.

5. **Læstadia Cookeana** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser.* V, p. 175, 1596
Fungi ital. t. 544, *Sphærella punctiformis* Cooke *Handb.* n. 2750,
 nec Pers. *Sph. Cookeana* Auersw. in *Myc. Eur. Pyr.* 2, t. 1. f. 6.
 — Sparsa; peritheciis innatis, punctiformibus, globoso-lenticularibus, dein umbilicatis; ascis clavulatis $40-45 \approx 9-10$, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, $6-9 \approx 3-4$, continuis, granulosis, chlorino-hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis quercinis in Britannia, Germania, Gallia et Italia.

6. **Læstadia radiata** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sphæria radiata* Wallr. *Crypt.* 1597
 n. 3729, *Mont. Pl. Cellul.* VIII, p. 66. — Peritheciis hypophyllis minutissimis sparsis, nigris, hemisphæricis, summam epidermidis pelliculam tenuissimam hyalinam veluti in fibrillulas radiantes divulsam elevantibus; ascis exiguis clavato-lanceolatis, obtusis, octosporis; sporidiis fusiformi-oblongis, conformibus, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia Sorbi terminalis in Germania. — *Læstadia Cookeanæ* peraffinis videtur.

7. **Læstadia Niesslpii** Kunze *Fungi sel. exsic.* n. 241, Rehm. *Ascom.* 1598
 n. 593, Hedw. 1881, p. 53. — Peritheciis sæpius epiphyllis, hinc inde dense gregariis, initio epidermide velatis, globoso-depressis, 150μ . diam., ostiolo obsoleto, denique subumbilicatis, nigris; ascis clavatis, crasse tunicatis, $60 \approx 9$, octosporis, pseudoparaphysatis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, rectis curvulisve, obtusiusculis $9-11 \approx 3,5-4$, hyalinis, distichis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Populi dilatatae prope Eislaben Germaniæ.

8. **Læstadia socia** Penz. *Fung. Agrum.* n. 20. — Peritheciis hinc 1599
 inde laxiuscule gregariis, epidermide velatis, globoso-depressis, subinde umbilicatis, poro pertusis, $180-200 \mu$. diam., contextu paren-

chymatico, fusco; ascis clavulatis breve et crassiuscule stipitatis, 50–60 = 10–13, aparaphysatis, apice rotundatis, octosporis; sporidiis imbricato-distichis, ex oblongo breve fusoideis, subinde inæquilateralibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, 14–18 = 5–6, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in utraque pagina foliorum Citri Limonii dejectorum, Carini, Sicilia (BELTRANI), sociis *Sphærella sicula* Penz. et *Volutella fusarioide* Penz. — Partes foliorum expallentes inhabitat, dum *Sphærella* maculas nigro-cinerascentes efficit.

9. **Læstadia Veneta** Sacc. et Speg. Mycoh. Ven. n. 1266, Mich. I, 1600 351, Fungi ital. t. 355, — Peritheciis sparsis, foliorum parenchymate immersis, denique epidermidem operculatim dirumpentibus, e globoso lenticularibus, nitidulis, 120–150 micr. diam., atris, ostiolo minutissimo papillulato, contextu dense parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascie late cylindraceis v. cylindraceo-clavatis breve attenuato-stipitatis, 48–55 = 12–13, apice tunica incrassata perforataque rotundatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel inordinate tristichis, oblongo-fusoideis, 14–16 = 4–5, anguste limoniiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, raro leniter inæquilateralibus, non v. utrinque minute 1-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Platani occidentalis dejectis, Padova, Italiæ (C. SPEGGAZZINI). — Sporidia tandem prope basim (ex interruptione plasmatis) spurie septata fiunt, quo charactere ad *Apiosporam* nutant.

10. **Læstadia cylindrasca** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 369, Fungi ital. 1601 t. 356. — Peritheciis ut præcedentis, diam. 100 μ ., ostiolo 30 diam. contextu laxe parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis 75–80 = 5–6, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-lioniiformibus, 12–15 = 3–4, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Platani orientalis, Conegliano, Ital. boreali (SPEGGAZZINI). — A *L. Veneta*, cui peraffinis, præcipue ascis cylindraceis angustis diversa.

11. **Læstadia contecta** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Depazea) *contecta* Desm. 1602 14. Not. p. 37, 1847. — Maculis amphigenis, subrotundatis vel irregularibus, pallide rufescensibus, exaridis, ambitu brunneo-cinctis; peritheciis hypophylis, subglobosis, demum depresso, epidermide tectis; ascis clavatis, subtorulosis 50 μ . longis; sporidiis ovoideis 20. μ . long. 1–2-globoso-guttulatis.

Hab. ad folia viva Quercus cocciferæ, in Gallia.

12. **Læstadia Areola** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphærella Areola* Fuck. Symb. 1603 Myc. p. 105, Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. 2, fig. 85. — Peritheciis

hypophyllis, in macula areolata, cinerascenti, gregariis, hemisphæricis, opacis, atris, subtilissime papillatis, 80–100 μ . diam.; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 40–60 \approx 10; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-ovatis subclavatisve, simplicibus, 12 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in foliis putridis *Quercus*, prope Budenheim Germaniæ.

13. **Læstadia acerifera** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphærella acerifera* Cooke 1604
Handb. n. 2755. — Hypophylla; peritheciis sparsis, innatis, globosis, minutis, nigris; ascis late cylindraceis; sporidiis navicularibus, hyalinis, 2-guttulatis, 20 \approx 6–7.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Aceris campestris*, Shere, Surrey, Britanniæ.

14. **Læstadia sylvicola** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. mycol. Libert. II. n. 1605
114, t. XIX, f. 8. — Peritheciis gregariis, innatis, globoso-depressis, 100–120 μ . diam., contextu parenchymatico ochraceo-fusco circa ostiolum punctiforme subhyalino; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, 80–90 \approx 9–10, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis saepius monostichis ellipsoideo-oblongis, 10–12 \approx 5–6, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis *Quercus Roboris amphigena*, Malmedys, Gallia et Germania.

15. **Læstadia Systema solare** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. Systema-solare* 1606
Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 111, tab. III, fig. 27. *Depazea Systema-solare* Crié, Dep. p. 38, t. VI, fig. 5. — Peritheciis circa discum appanatum, orbicularē, lineam latum, atrum, glabrum gregarie-dispositis, pusillis, ab epidermide albicante tectis, globosis, ostiolis prominulis, parum setulosis, atris; ascis stipitatis, linearibus, rectis, 8sporis, 58 \approx 6; sporidiis monostichis, obovatis, simplicibus, uniguttulatis, dilute flavis, 7 \approx 5. — Spermogonium sistit *Phyllostictam cornicolam* (DC.) Rabh.

Hab. in pag. sup. *Corni sanguineæ*, rarius prope Hattenheim Germaniæ, Sarthe Galliæ.

16. **Læstadia excentrica** (Crié) Sacc. *Depazea excentrica* Crié, Sur 1607
les Depazées, p. 38, tab. VI, fig. 8. — Maculis excentricis amphigenis albidis zona nigra cinctis; peritheciis epi-hypophyllis, nigris; ascis clavatis crassiusculis, breve crasse stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis continuis, ovato-oblongis, hyalinis, 10–12 \approx 4–5. — Spermogoniis *Phomam cylindrosporæ* affinem sistentibus, spermatiis cylindraceis utrinque obtusis, 25–30 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis *Buxorum hiemali* tempore in Gallia.

17. **Læstadia perpusilla** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria (foliicola) perpusilla*, 1608
Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 80. — Epiphylla; peritheciis minutissimis

sparsis, nigro-fuscis, innato-prominulis, poro pertusis; ascis tubulosis, 50 μ . longis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis 5 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis siccis Phragmitis et Graminum variorum in Gallia, Britannia, Belgio, Italia.

18. **Læstadia microspora** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Sphærella microspora* 1609

Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 16, fig. 76. — Peritheciis hypophyllis nigris, epidermide tectis translucentibus, undique dense sparsis v. inter fibras subseriatis, globosis, poro pertusis, 60 μ . diam.; ascis ovato-oblongis e basi ampliata, substipitatis, octosporis, 36 \approx 10; sporidiis subtristichis, stipatis, oblongo-fusoideis, utrinque acutiusculis, rectis, continuis, 4-nucleolatis, 10 \approx 1,5, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis siccis Milii effusi in Germania.

19. **Læstadia canificans** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphærella canifaciens* Fuck. 1610

Symb. myc. p. 101. — Peritheciis sparsis gregariisve, Sphæriæ punctiformis magnitudine, globosis, papillatis, dein liberis, atris; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-clavatis, 8sporis, 50 \approx 10; sporidiis subdistichis, ovato-oblongis, hyalinis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis Tritici repentis pr. Oestrich, Rhenogovia. — Folia fungillo infecta fere cana evadunt.

20. **Læstadia rhytismoides** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria rhytismoides* Bab. 1611

et Berk. Brit. Fungi n. 178, *Sphærella rhytismoides* De Not. Recl. Pir. p. 12. *Sph. Dryadis* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 108, t. II, fig. 41. — Epiphylla; peritheciis majusculis, in macula indeterminata, fusca semiimmersis, globosis, aterrimis, perforatis, demum depresso-deprimatis; ascis fasciculatis, stipitatis, clavatis, 8sporis, 50–58 \approx 14–16; sporidiis distichis v. inordinatis, oblongo-ovatis, subinæquilateralibus, utrinque obtusis, guttulatis, 14–16 \approx 5–6, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum nondum emortuorum Dryadis octopetalæ in Britannia, Spitzbergia, Sibiria asiatica, Germania, Italia. — Nucleus peritheciorum roseus.

21. **Læstadia attenuata** (Crié sub Dep.) Sacc. Crié Sur les Depazées 1612

pag. 39, tab. VI, fig. 7. — Maculis indeterminatis; peritheciis epi-hypophyllis nigris; ascis longe pedicellatis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, continuis v. diblastis, guttulatis, 13–14 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in Gallia, in foliis arborum nostratium, hieme, sociis spermogoniis (*Septoria*) et pycnidibus (*Hendersonia*).

22. **Læstadia angulata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphærella angulata* Fuck. Symb. 1613

myc. App. II, p. 20. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, dense gregariis, gregibus inter foliorum nervos primarios maculas angulatas, a nervis limitatas, nigras formantibus, minutis, globoso-conicis, sub epi-

dermide natis, demum subliberis, perforatis, lævibus; ascis fasciculatis, subcylindraceis, sessilibus, plerumque curvatis, 8sporis, 40 \approx 8; sporidiis distichis, lanceolato-clavatis, continuis, plerumque curvatis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 2.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum putrescentium Berberidis vulgaris, raro prope Estrich, Germania. — Peritheciis nitidis, densis, minutis a *Sphaerella Berberidis* Nits. mox dignoscenda.

23. **Læstadia echinophila** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sphaeria echinophila* Ces. Unio 1614
it. crypt. n. XXI, *Sphaerella echinophila* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 3, fig. 103. — Peritheciis nigris, adnatis, sparsis, depresso-globosis, poro pertusis, variæ magnitudinis; ascis clavato-teretibus, sessilibus, 27 \approx 4, octosporis; sporidiis distichis cylindraceo-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, curvulis, continuis, 4 \approx 1, hyalinis.

Hab. in spinis capsularum Castaneæ vescæ in Italia.

24. **Læstadia Cephalariæ** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Cephalariæ* 1615
Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 14, fig. 67. — Peritheciis epiphyllis olivaceis, epidermide tectis, centro maculæ minutæ pallidæ insidentibus, subglobosis, poro pertusis, subconfluentibus, 90–100 μ . d.; ascis clavato-oblongis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 46 \approx 10; sporidiis distichis obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, continuis, 12–14 \approx 4, subluteolis, subinde 1-guttulatis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Cephalariæ alpinæ emortuorum in Germania. — An sporidia tandem septata?

25. **Læstadia lusitanica** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Sphaerella lusitanica* Auersw. 1616
Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 15, fig. 62. — Peritheciis nigris, epidermide tectis, depresso-globosis, poro pertusis, dense sparsis, copiosis, 60–100 μ . diam.; ascis obovatis, breve stipitatis, 55 \approx 21, octosporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, obovatis, apice rotundatis, infra obtusis, continuis, 14 \approx 5–6, pallidis, nubilosis.

Hab. in Dianthi lusitanici caule in Sierra nevada Lusitaniae. 1617

26. **Læstadia Marii** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Marii* De Not. Recl. Piren. in Comm. II, p. 488. — Epidermide primum tecta, demum denudata, sparsa, punctiformis, atra; peritheciis rotundatis, vertice obtuse conoideis, ostiolo latiusculo dehiscentibus, basi cubilibus insculptis, fibris dematiaceis villosis, molliusculis, cellulis turgidis fuscis contextis; ascis copiosis crassis, oblongatis, octosporis; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis oblongatis, simplicibus, hyalino-luteolis, granulis exiguis fœtis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Nicotianæ Tabaci, Chiasso, Cantone Ticino, Italiæ bor. et Helvetiæ.

27. **Læstadia minutissima** (Auersw.) Sacc. *Sphærella minutissima* 1618

Auersw. in Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 3, fig. 89. — Peritheciis hypophyllicis et epiphyllis, nigris, subnitidulis, epidermide innatis, gregariis, maculas nigras angulosas, minutis, nudo oculo inconspicuas, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 mill. diam., formantibus, globosis v. depresso-globosis, poro pertusis, 70-80 μ . diam.; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, 27 \approx 4-5; sporidiis distichis, stipatis, v. submonostichis, oblongis, continuis, hyalinis, 8-2, guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis Alni glutinosæ languidis in Germania.

28. **Læstadia carpinea** (Fr.) Sacc. F. it. t. 543. *Sph. carpinea* Fr. 1919

M. II. 523. *Sphærella carpinea* (Fr.) Auersw. *Ascospora carpinea* Fr. S. V. S. p. 425 (Nec *Sphærella* (*Apiospora*) *carpinea* Rehm, Asc. n. 496 (Cfr. *Hypospila*). — Gregaria, innata; peritheciis globoso-depressis, inæqualibus, nigris, ostiolo obsoleto; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, deorsum attenuatis, 50-60 \approx 8, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, inæquilateralibus, hyalinis, 14-15 \approx 4-5, varie guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis exaridis Carpini Betuli et C. Americanæ in Britannia, Germania, Suecia, Belgio, Gallia, Italia et America boreali. — Perithecia, epidermide consumpta, subnuda, vix pertusa, late gregaria.

29. **Læstadia millepunctata** (Desm.) Sacc. *Dothidea millepunctata* 1620

Desm. 14 Not. p. 177. *Stigmatea millepunctata* Kickx Fl. crypt. Fl. I. 366. — Peritheciis minutissimis punctiformibus, copiosis, sparsis v. aggregatis, nigris, erumpentibus epidermidem non atrantibus ostiolo obsoleto; nucleo albo; ascis subclavatis, 40 μ . longis; sporidiis ovoideis v. subcylindraceis, brevibus, utrinque obtusis, 2-3-guttulatis, 7-10 μ . longis.

Hab. in utraque pagina foliorum Rhododendri arborei in hortis Galliæ et Belgii.

30. **Læstadia Pinastri** (DC.) Sacc. *Sphæria Pinastri* DC. Fl. Fr. VI. 1621

p. 133. *Sphærella Pinastri* Cooke Handb. n. 2757. — Peritheciis globosis depressis immersis, in collum breve epidermidem perforans productis, ostiolo non prominulo; ascis clavatis; sporidiis stipatis, ellipticis, subinde acuminatis, hyalinis, 7,5-10 μ . longis.

Hab. ad folia dejecta Pinorum in Gallia, Britannia, Germania, Suecia. — Perithecia sparsa, in parenchymate foliorum nidulantur, plerumque ad alterutrum latus nervi medii disposita, nigra, collo brevi truncato in utraque folii pagina erumpente.

31. **Læstadia cooperta** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria (foliicola) cooperta*, 1622

Desmaz. 17 Not. 1849, p. 29, *Sphærella cooperta* Auersw. in Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 6 (nec fig. 13). — Hypophylla, sparsa; peritheciis minutis, numerosis, astomis, nigris, in parenchymate folii nidulan-tibus, epidermide tectis; ascis octosporis exacte clavatis 50 μ . longis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, 7 \times 3, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis delapsis *Quercus cocciferæ* in Gallia.

32. **Læstadia? jasminicola** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (foliicola) *jasmi-nicola* Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 83. — Amphigena, gregaria, innato-prominula, atra; peritheciis minutissimis poro apertis, intus cinereis, in macula albida insidentibus; ascis; sporidiis exillimis 4–5 μ . longis, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis *Jasmini officinalis* in Gallia.

33. **Læstadia Bupleuri** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Bupleuri* Dur. et 1624 Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 538. Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 876. — Amphigena; peritheciis gregariis epidermide sublevata decolorataque tectis, innato-prominulis, minutissimis subglobosis atris, intus albis, poro simplici pertusis; ascis sacciformibus, 50 \times 20, sporidia 8 fusiformia hyalina granulosa, 25 \times 6, foventibus.

Hab. in foliis *Bupleuri spinosi*, in summo monte Atlan-te Algeriæ (DURIEU).

34. **Læstadia Acetabulum** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (foliicola) *Acetabu-lum* Berk. in Fl. Nov. Zel. II, 206, t. CVI, fig. 2. — Hypo- et epiphylla; peritheciis tectis depresso subirregularibus, omnino astomis, supra collapsis, subtus convexis; ascis oblongis attenuato-truncatis breve stipitatis; sporidiis (immaturis) oblongis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis *Corynocarpi* lœvigatae, Apiti Novæ Zelandiæ (COLENZO).

35. **Læstadia fraxinicola** (Curt. et Peck) Sacc. *Depazea fraxinicola* 1626 Curt. et Peck 23. Rep. on the St. Mus. p. 65. — Maculis arescen-tibus, subcircularibus, subinde fusco-marginatis, 7–14 mill. diam.; peritheciis nigris, subumbilicatis, centroque papillatis; ascis fusoidis, 4–8-sporis; sporidiis dense stipatis, oblongo- v. angusto-elipticis, utrinque minute guttulatis, 12–15 \times 4–5.

Hab. in foliis *Fraxini americanæ*, Albany, Amer. bor.

35. **Læstadia minuscula** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (foliicola) *minuscula* 1627 Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 260. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, adnatis, sparsis, punctiformibus hemisphæricis nitidis, ostiolis nul-lis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis ovoideis v. subpyriformibus, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Java ad folia *Codiæi variegati* (ZOLLINGER).

36. **Læstadia Mappa** (Berk.) Sacc. *Depazea Mappa* Berk. Dec. n. 305, 1628 t. I, fig. 3. Hook Journ. 1851, p. 18. — Amphigena; maculis subannulatis, sinuositis versicoloribus fusco-limitatis; peritheciis punctiformibus, olivaceis; ascis brevibus fusoideis, fasciculatis, subsesilibus, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, tereti-oblongis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis coriaceis, Caripi Brasiliæ (SPRUCE).

37. **Læstadia nebulosa** (De Not.) *Sphærella nebulosa veneta* De Not. 1629 in Hedw. vol. V. (1866) p. 44. — Peritheciis subepidermicis, rotundatis, vertice obtuse umbonato ostiolatis; ascis e placenta basali grumosa, deorsum attenuatis, oblongatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis, minute-pluriguttulatis, hyalinis, 10-5.

Hab. in caulinis siccis Peucedani Veneti pr. Bolzano Tyroliae (HAUSMANN). — Habitus *Sphærellæ nebulosæ*, sed ame-

rospora.

38. **Læstadia fœda** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (epiphylla) fœda* Lév. Ann. 1630 Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 261. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, innatis, macula pallida insidentibus, globosis nigris, ostiolis punctiformibus; ascis oblongis v. cylindraceis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideis continuis, hyalinis, 1-nucleatis.

Hab. in Chili ad folia Graminearum (GAY).

39. **Læstadia Melastomatum** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (epiphylla) Melastomatum* Lév., Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 54. — Hypophylla, peritheciis innatis gregariis globosis rugulosis nigris, ostiolis minimis papillatis; ascis linearibus, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis continuis, monostichis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Bolivia, ad folia Melastomatum (PENTLAND).

40. **Læstadia Rhododendri** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphærella Rhododendri* De 1632 Not. Sf. ital. p. 86, t. 96. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, parenchymate innatis, dilute ferrugineis, vertice nigro epidermidem perforante, sparsis, globosis, 200 μ . diam.; ascis elongatis, breve stipitatis, 120-140 \approx 34, octosporis; sporidiis imbricato-distichis, cylindraceo-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, continuis, 44-48 \approx 10-12, intus granulosis, lutescentibus.

Hab. in foliis rufo-maculatis Rhododendri ferruginei in Italia boreali. — An *Anthostomella*, an *Physalospora*?

41. **Læstadia Rouxii** (Mont.). Sacc. *Sphæria Rouxii* Mont. Ann. Sc. 1633 nat. 1858, XII, p. 184. *Sphærella Rouxii* Ces. et De Not. Schema Sfer. p. 237. — Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, epidermide atra-

ta nitida tectis, gregariis v. subconfluentibus, depresso-globosis, poro simplici pertusis, 280–300 μ . diam.; ascis elongatis e basi turgidula sensim attenuatis, breve stipitatis, 85 \approx 17, octosporis; sporidiis mono-distichis, fusoideo-oblongis, utrinque subacutis v. obtusatis, rectis v. curvulis, continuis, 27 \approx 8, nubilosus, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Ericæ multifloræ in Gallia. — An *Physalospora*?

42. **Læstadia maculiformis** (Bonord.) Sacc. *Carlia maculiformis* Bonord. Abhandl. p. 152, t. 1, fig. 21 (nec *Sph. maculiformis* Auct.) 1634
— Peritheciis minimis atris punctiformibus, epidermide tectis, ostio-
lo simplici apertis; ascis brevibus clavato-lanceolatis aparaphy-
satis; sporidiis fusiformibus ventricosis; utrinque obtusiusculis,
hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis vivis arborum in Germania. — Forma sporidio-
rum medio subventricosa facile species dignoscitur.

43. **Læstadia Oxalidis** (Rabh.) Sacc. *Carlia Oxalidis* Rabh. sec. Bonord. Abhandl. p. 152 et Fuck. Symb. 103 (*Sphærella Carlii* Fuck).. 1635
— Peritheciis nigris, minimis, globosis, epidermide tectis, prominu-
lis; ascis sessilibus, brevibus, lanceolatis et fasciculatim conjunctis,
32–36 \approx 8; sporidiis fusiformibus, ventricosis, 14 \approx 4, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Oxalidis Acetosellæ vivis in Germania; in foliis Oxalidis corniculatae Cairo (Thüm.) et Peradeniya, Ceylon (BERK. Ceyl. Fungi n. 1122). In hac forma perithecia basi hy-
phis paucis ramulosis instructa sunt; asci deorsum crassiores 37 \approx 10; sporidia oblonga, 10–14 μ . longa, 1–3-guttulata.

Species quoad genus dubiæ

44. **Læstadia? brunnea** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Depazea brunnea* B. et C. 1636
North Amer. fungi n. 974, *Sphærella brunnea* Cooke. — Macu-
lis orbicularibus brunneis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis distichis angu-
stis fusiformibus quadrinucleatis, subinde curvulis.

Hab. in foliis Aceris rubri in Carolina inferiore, Amer. bor.
Maculæ atro-brunneæ 6–7 mill. latæ.

46. **Læstadia glaucescens** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphærella glaucescens* Cooke 1637
Rav. Fungi Grev. VII, p. 54. — Hypophylla; peritheciis semi-im-
mersis, in maculas orbiculares, minimas congestis; ascis clavatis
30 \approx 10; sporidiis ellipticis 5 \approx 3.

Hab. in foliis Aceris rubri, Aiken Carolinæ Amer. borealis.

47. **Læstadia epilobiana** Sacc. *Sphærella Epilobii* Fuck. Symb. p. 103, 1638
Dothidea maculæformis Desm. Ann. Sc. nat. 1847, VIII, p. 176,

sec. Fuck. F. rh. 1023. — Epiphylla; peritheciis innatis, prominulis, sparsis v. gregariis minutissimis, nigris, maculæ brunneæ insidentibus; ascis oblongis, sporidia 8, disticha, ovata, simplicia, multi-guttulata, hyalina includentibus.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Epilobii montani prope Oestrich Germaniae. — Sec. Desm. l. c. asci sunt breves subclavati 50 μ . long.; sporidia oblonga obtusa, septata, olivacea 10 μ . longa. An ergo species diversæ? *Læst. Epilobii* (Wallr.) quoque diversa est.

48. **Læstadia Mali** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Ascospora Mali* Fuck. Symb. myc. 1639 p. 95. — Peritheciis sparsis, minutissimis, conicis, perforatis, atris, epidermidem radiatim tumefacientibus, dein erumpentibus; ascis oblongis, stipitatis, curvatis, minutis, sporidia 6, ovata, simplicia, hyalina, minuta includentibus; cirrhis candidis, fasciculatis. — Sec. Fuck. l. c. spermogonium sistit *Asteroma Mali* Desm.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Pyri Mali, rarius prope Oestrich, Germaniae et in Belgio.

49. **Læstadia comedens** (Pass.) Sacc. *Sphaerella comedens* Pass. Hedw. 1640 1878, p. 171. — Peritheciis minimis atris, in maculis aridis subcircularibus v. irregularibus insertis; ascis clavatis, in basim attenuatis, stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis, continuis, hyalinis, triguttulatis (maturis?).

Hab. ad folia viva Ulmi campestris prope Parmam Italiæ. — Adsunt simul *Phomæ* et *Ascochytae* species.

50. **Læstadia perusta** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph. (Depazea) perusta* B. et 1641 Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1123. — Orbicularis, limitata, fusca, centro pallida; ascis oblongatis, 75 μ . longis; sporidiis ellipticis 12-13 μ . longis (maturis?).

Hab. in foliis Dioscoreæ tomentosæ, Ceylon.

51. **Læstadia caricicola** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphaerella caricicola* Fuck. 1642 Symb. mycol. p. 101. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, minutissimis, globosis, atris, epidermidem pustulato-inflantibus, ostiolis subtilissime punctiformibus, prominulis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, 8sporis, 46 μ . long.; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, 9 μ . long., hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Caricis ripariæ, Rauenthal Germ., Padova Italiæ.

52. **Læstadia Cicutæ** (Kirchn.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Cicutæ* Kirchn. in 1643 Thuem. Fungi austr. n. 964. — Peritheciis gregariis, demum sub-liberis, multiformibus, depressis, papillatis, atris, ostiolis prominulis; ascis vermiculato-curvatis, fasciculatis, 8sporis, sporidiis ovatis, simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in Bohemia merid. circa lacum «Plöckensteiner See» ad Cicutæ virosæ caules putridos (L. KIRCHNER).

53. **Læstadia oenanthicola** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphærella oenanthicola* Fuck. 1644

Symb. mycol. p. 102. — Peritheciis tectis, gregariis, demum sub-liberis, punctiformibus, depressis, papillatis, atris, ostiolis prominentibus; ascis vermiculato-curvatis, fasciculatis, 8sporis; sporidiis ovatis, hyalinis, simplicibus (?).

Hab. in caulis exsiccatis Phellandri aquatici prope Oestrich Germaniæ.

54. **Læstadia Epilobii** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sph. Epilobii* Wallr. Comp. II, 1645

p. 771, *Sphærella Epilobii* (Wallr.) Auersw. M. Eur. Pyr. p. 14, fig. 59. — Peritheciis nigris, epidermidi innatis, depressis, sublentiformibus, sparsis, poro simplici pertusis, 130–140 μ . latis; ascis clavatis breve stipitatis, 8-sporis, 50 \approx 10; sporidiis subdistichis, elliptico-oblongis, utrinque obtusatis, continuis, 17 \approx 4–5 subhyalinis.

Hab. in caulis siccis Epilobii angustifolii, plerumque cum *Gnomonia Epilobii*, in Germania.

55. **Læstadia cocophila** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphærella cocophila* Cooke in 1646

M. Un. n. 1452 et in Just Bot Yahresb. 1877, p. 186, Grevill. V, 102, tab. 86, fig. 7. — Hypophylla, gregaria; peritheciis minutis, atris, epidermide nigrificata tectis; ascis obclavatis sessilibus; sporidiis distichis minutis, tereti-oblongis, rectis, continuis, 10 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Cocos nuciferæ, Demerara in Guyana britannica. — Perithecia hinc inde maculiformi-aggregata, subinde linea nigra circumscripta, quæ vero ad alienum fungum (*Diaporthe?*) spectare mihi videtur.

56. **Læstadia? Vaginæ** (Lasch.) Sacc. *Sphærella? Vaginæ* Lasch. in 1647

Kl. Hb. myc. 663, Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 100. — Peritheciis . . . ; ascis nondum visis; sporidiis fusiformibus, arcte curvatis, simplicibus, 14 \approx 3–4, hyalinis.

Hab. in vaginis Phragmitis communis in Germania et Italia.

57. **Læstadia Violæ** (Lib.) Sacc. *Coniosporium Violæ* Lib. Kickx, 1648

crypt. Flandr. I, p. 367. — Peritheciis minutis, innatis, dein erumpentibus, globulosis, nigris, in soros suborbicularis aggregatis, quandoque confluentibus, maculas in matrice olivascentes efformantibus; ascis fugacibus; sporidiis ovoideis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Violæ odoratæ in Belgio.

58. **Læstadia Rabenhorstii** (Ces. et De Not.) Sacc. *Sphærella Raben-* 1649

horstii Ces. et De Not., Schema Sf. it. p. 238, *Pleospora herbarum* var. *Euphrasice* Rabh. F. E. n. 258. — Peritheciis *Pleosporæ herbarum*: sporidiis oblongis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in *Euphrasia* in Germania.

PHOMATOSPORA Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 306. (Etym. a *Phoma*, quia ejusdem sporidia spermatiis *Phomæ* similia sunt). — Perithecia membranacea, minuta, tecta v. erumpentia, discreta, ostiolo papillato. Asci cylindraceo-filiformes, a paraphysati, sporidia octona, monosticha, phomatoidea, continua, hyalina, 2-guttulata includentes. — Status spermogonicus *Phomam* referens.

1. **Phomatospora Berkeleyi** Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. II, p. 306, F. ital. 1650 t. 605, *Sph. phomatospora* B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 647, t. 11, fig. 33. — Peritheciis minutis, 140–200 μ . diam., sphæroideis, immersis v. epidermide tectis v. erumpentibus, ostiolo papillulato, punctiformi, nucleo roseolo; ascis cylindrico-filiformibus, basi longiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, 100–115 $\approx 3\frac{1}{3}$, p. sporif. 50–60 $\approx 3-3\frac{1}{2}$, 8-sporis, paraphysisibus nullis obvallatis; sporidiis recte v. suboblique monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis v. subcylindraceis, 6–8 $\approx 2-2\frac{1}{2}$, rectis, utrinque 1-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogonium: peritheciis, ascophoris similibus sed magis superficialibus, spematia cylindracea, 8–10 ≈ 2 , 2-guttulata, hyalina sed coacervata dilutissime lutescentia foventibus.

Hab. in caulibus putrescentibus *Solani tuberosi* (sp. 7,5–10 μ . long.), *Arabis* (a. 60 ≈ 3 , sp. 6–8 $\approx 2,5-3$), *Andropogonis* (sp. 10 μ . long.), *Scirpi lacustris* (a. 80–90 $\approx 3,5-4$, sp. 7 ≈ 3) *Lapparum* (sp. 8 $\approx 2-2\frac{1}{2}$), *Lathyri sylv.* (sp. 6–7 $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$), *Galeopsis versic.*, in ramulis hornotidis *Sambuci nigræ* (sp. 7 ≈ 2), *Selva*, Vittorio, Covolo, Padova, Ital. bor., Britannia, Gallia et Amer. bor. — Var. *macropoda* Sacc. Fungi it. t. 604; peritheciis sphæroideo-oblongis, subacervatis; ascis longius stipitatis 120 ≈ 3 , p. sporif. 60 μ . long.; sporidiis 6 $\approx 2,5-3$. In ramulis *Hippophaës rhamnoidis* in Italia boreali.

2. **Phomatospora Argentina** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. I, pag. 178. — 1651 Peritheciis gregariis, minutis, 120–150 μ . diam., lenticulari-globosis, tectis, ostiolo epidermidem perforante acutiusculo donatis, atris, contextu membranaceo, densissime et indistincte parenchymatico-fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis, sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum in pedicellum desinentibus, 100–105 ≈ 5 , a paraphysatis,

octosporis; sporidiis recte monostichis, elliptico-elongatis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, 12-13 \approx 3-4, bi-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad caules emortuos putridos Jussienæ longifoliæ in paludosis secus Rio de la Plata, a la Recoleta, Argent., Americæ australis.

3. **Phomatospora therophila** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sph. therophila* Desm. XIX 1652

Nat. p. 16, *Leptosphæria therophila* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. t. 12, fig. 158. — Peritheciis minutissimis, $1/8$ - $1/10$ mill. diam., ovoideis nigris, intus fulvis, sparsis v. subgregariis, immersis, macula minuta subnigra tectis, collo brevissimo, ostiolis superficialibus, nigris, nitidis, punctiformibus; ascis tenuibus, cylindricis 75 \approx 4; sporidiis octonis, ovoideo-ellipsoideis, 7,5 \approx 3,3, monostichis, hyalinis.

Hab. in culmis exsiccatis Junci articulati in Gallia.

4. **Phomatospora ovalis** (Pass.) Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, 303, *Sph. ovalis* Pass. Erb. critt. ital. Ser. II, n. 642 et N. G. bot. it. 1872

p. 296. — Peritheciis primo epidermide tectis, dein denudatis, oblongo-ovatis, ostiolo minuto præditis; ascis oblongo-linearibus, membrana tenuissima facile diffluente ægre conspicuis, 8-sporis; sporidiis subuniseriatis, oblongo-ellipticis, continuis, biguttulatis, hyalinis, «10-12 \approx 4-4½».

Hab. in Italia, Vigheffio presso Parma, in caulis emortuis Dauci Carotæ, socia *Heterosphæria*, Sept. 1871 (PASSEPINI).

5. **Phomatospora argyrostigma** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria argyrostigma* 1654

Berk. Dec. n. 140. — Late dispersa; peritheciis minoribus depresso-globosis, epidermide tectis, astomis; maculis epidermicis punctiformibus nigris centro candidis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis cymbiformibus hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Yuccæ filamentosæ, Cincinnati, Ohio, Amer. bor. (LEA). — Sporidia sere *Phoma* sed ascis ad sunt. In aversa Yuccæ pagina adest *Phoma dispersa*.

5. **Phomatospora Molluginis** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sphæria Molluginis* Mont. 1655

Syll. Crypt. n. 849. — Peritheciis innatis, $1/3$ - $2/3$ mill. diam., gregariis aut sparsis, e rotundo oblongis, madidis convexis, siccitate collabentibus, astomis?, epidermide semper tectis, basi filis radian-tibus instructis; ascis linearibus 70 \approx 2,5, 8-(12?)-sporis; sporidiis globosis hyalinis uniserialibus 2 μ . diam.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Galii Molluginis circa Sedanum, in Ardennis, Galliæ. — Quoad genus haud prorsus certa.

sis vesica, quia sporidia vesiculosa). — Perithecia globulosa, tecta, membranacea v. coriaceo-membranacea, atra, ostiolo typice papillato erumpente. Asci paraphysati, tereti-clavati, paraphysati, crasse tunicati, octospori. Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga continua, hyalina v. subhyalina. — A gen. *Læstadia* paraphysibus, ostiolo etc. differt (ut *Didymella* a *Sphærella*) sed plurimæ species, adhuc imperfecte descriptæ, ancipites manent, hinc in utroque genere quærendæ.

1. **Physalospora alpestris** Niessl Not. Pyr, p. 10. — Peritheciis sparsis 1656 in matrice immutata, tectis, globosis, minutissimis 90–120 μ . d., fuscis, membranaceis, ostiolo punctiformi prominulo, glabris; ascis oblongo clavatis stipite brevi 84–96 \approx 25–28; sporidis 8, stipatis 2–3-stichis, cuneato-oblongis vel dactyloideis, inæquilateralibus, curvatisve, utrinque rotundatis, continua, dilute luteo-virescentibus, 22–26 \approx 7–9; paraphysibus superantibus tenuibus simplicibus.
Hab. in foliis Caricis semperfurentis et C. albæ in Pan-nonia et Helvetia.
2. **Physalospora Festucæ** (Lib.) Sacc. Mic. I, 27, F. it. t. 600. *Sphaeria Festucæ* Lib. Exs. n. 246. *Sphaeria sancta* Rehm et Thüm. Myc. Univ. et in Giorn. bot. ital. 1866, p. 252. *Sphærella Festu-cæ* Awd. Myc. Eur. 16, fig. 111, Cfr. Sacc. F. V. ser. II, 309 sub *Pleosp. pyrenophoroide* Sacc. — Peritheciis gregariis, epiphyllis, interdum amphigenis, globosis, innatis, papillatis, atris; ascis clavatis, crassis, crasseque tunicatis 90–100 \approx 16–8, octosporis; sporidiis subrhombœo-ellipticis, 25–30 \approx 10–12, distichis grosse 1–3-guttatis, hyalinis initio strato mucoso obvolutis, denique (teste Rehm.) fuscidulis; paraphysibus crassis, ramosis perpaucis.
Hab. in foliis Festucæ, Arundinis, Phragmitis, An-dropogonis, Holoschæni etc. in Gallia, Germania, Italia.
3. **Physalospora montana** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 378. — Peritheciis la-1658 xiuscule et seriatim gregariis, globoso-lenticularibus, innatis, de-nique vix erumpentibus, $1/6$ mill. diam., ostiolo brevissimo obtuse conoideo; contextu laxiuscule celluloso fuligineo; ascis oblongo-clavatis, 50–60 \approx 12–14, breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, paraphy-sibus bacillaribus asco longioribus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-fusoideis, 15–18 \approx 6, quandoque inæqui-lateralibus, nubiloso-guttulatis, hyalinis.
Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Sesleriæ cœruleæ in M. Genero-so, Italia et Helvetia (PENZIG).
4. **Physalospora Corni** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 329, F. it. t. 182. *Sphaeria* 1659

corniella Cooke in Grev. *Botryosphaeria Corni* Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, 4 (non *Sphaeria Corni* Sow.) — Peritheciis cortice nidulantibus, gregariis epidermide pustulatim tumidula, denique disrupta, velatis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill., papillatis, nigris; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 70-80 \times 12, deorsum attenuatis, apice rotundatis, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis, oblongis v. subfusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 18 \times 5, curvulis, 1-2-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis *Corni sanguineæ* putrescentibus, Selva Ital. bor., Shrewsbury Angliae. — A *Sph. Corni* Sow. sec. descrip. Cooke et Curr. etc. omnino diversa est.

5. **Physalospora gregaria** Sacc. F. ital. t. 432. Mich. I, 491, 506. — 1660

Peritheciis dense gregariis peridermio tectis, globosis, brevissime papillatis atris, intus candidis; ascis clavatis, rotundatis, crasse tunicatis, breve stipitatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis ovoideo-oblongis 30-40 \times 6-8, granulosis, guttulatisve hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Pruni*, *Salicis*, *Alni*, *Corni*, *Eriobotryæ*, *Fici* *Caricæ*, *Rosæ* etc. in Italia bor., Gallia, Sibiria Asiatica, Amer. austr. — Var. *foliorum*; peritheciis minoribus, innato-protuberantibus, epidermide subvelatis; ascis clavatis, 85-90 \times 15; sporidiis distichis, ovato-oblongis, 20 \times 7-8, granulosis hyalinis. — In foliis *Taxi baccatae* dejectis, Padova, Italia borealis.

6. **Physalospora Wrightii** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Wrightii* B. et C. 1661

North Am. Fungi n. 970. — Subcuticularis, cupulari-collapsa; ascis lanceolatis obtusis; sporidiis biseriatis oblongis curvulis 25-32 μ . long., subinde strato angusto hyalino obductis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis *Statices Limonii*, California, in America boreali (C. WRIGHT).

7. **Physalospora rosicola** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphaeria rosæcola* Fuck. 1662

Symb. myc. p. 114. — Peritheciis gregariis, epidermide nitida, nigricata tectis, minutis, globosis, atris, nucleo albo, ostiolis prominulis, papillatis, perforatis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-ovatis, 8-sporis, 40 \times 15; sporidiis obovato-oblongis, simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Rosæ caninæ* in Germania, frequens.

8. **Physalospora pustulata** Sacc. *Botryosphaeria pustulata* Sacc. Fun-

gi Ven. Ser. IV, pag. 3, F. it. t. 137. — Peritheciis subsolitariis in cortice nidulantibus et epidermidem infuscata pustulatim elevantibus, ramulos late et dense ambientibus, globulosis, subdepressis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., breve conico-papillatis, nucleo albo; contextu

peritheciis densiuscule parenchymatico fuligineo; hyphis ramosis anastomosantibus parce septatis, fuligineis inter perithecia undique repentibus; ascis clavatis, deorsum substipitatis, 110-120 \approx 16-20, crasse tunicatis, pseudoparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-rhombeis, 26-30 \approx 13-15, episporio crassiusculo hyalino, dilutissime flavidis, granulosis, initio cymbiformibus hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis ramulisque Aucubæ japonicæ Patavii, Ital. bor., Coryli et Cerasi in Amer. bor. — Fabrica et colore sporidiorum et dispositione peritheciorum *Phys. gregariae* cognata, etsi ab ea bene distincta.

9. **Physalospora alpina** Speg. in Roum. Rev. Mycol. II, p. 32. t. I, 1664 fig. C. Mich. II, p. 159. — Peritheciis sparsis, parenchymate foliorum immersis, globosis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., siccitate quandoque cupulatis, contextu crasse membranaceo, fulvo-fuligineo, ostiolo plus v. minus protuberante obtuso, atro, subcarbonaceo; ascis fusoides, apice truncato-rotundatis crasseque tunicatis, 110-120 \approx 20, basi in stipitem brevem et nodulosum abrupte attenuatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, guttulatis, obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, 35-40 \approx 8-9, continuis, granuloso-farctis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis putrescentibus Rhododendri ferruginei, M. Serva (Belluno), Ital. bor., SPEGAZZINI — *Læstadiæ Rhododendri* affinis, sed paraphysum præsentia sporidiis minoribus etc. distinguenda videtur.

10. **Physalospora euganea** Sacc. Mich. I, 244, F. it. t. 601. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, subcutaneis, globoso-depressis, 130-150 micr. diam., pertusis; contextu parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 80-100 \approx 17-18, apice tunica integra, rotundatis, brevissime crasse stipitatis, aplanatis, paraphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-fusoides, utrinque obtusiusculis, 20-25 \approx 8, leniter curvulis, initio strato tenui mucoso obductis, intus granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Spartii juncei in colle Venda, Euganeorum Ital. bor. (BIZZOZERO).

11. **Physalospora Euphorbiæ** (P. et Ph.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Euphorbiæ* Pl. et Ph. in Grev. VI, 28. — Peritheciis minutis, epidermide tectis, applanatis, gregariis sparsisve; ascis subcylindricis 70 \approx 10-15, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ellipticis, utrinque acutis, 15-18 \approx 6-8, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Euphorbiæ amygdaloidis, Diu more Bri-

tanniæ. — Ostiolis brevibus, sporidiis majoribus etc. mox dignoscitur a *Gn. Euphorbiæ* (FUCK.).

12. *Physalospora minutula* Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, 369. F. ital. t. 354. — 1667

Peritheciis hinc inde gregariis, epidermide velatis, punctiformibus, globoso-lenticularibus, 150–160 micr. diam., ostiolo 20 micr. diam. pertuso, vix papillato; perithecii contextu parenchymatico, atro, coriaceo-membranaceo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $60 \approx 10-12$, breve noduloso-stipitatis, apice tunica integra obtusatis, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-navicularibus, $12-16 \approx 4-6$, 1-2-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis *Euphorbiæ Cyprissiæ*, Conigliano, Majo 1877, socia *Phoma cyclospora* Sacc. (forte stat. spermogon. *Physalosporæ*) sic definienda; peritheciis lenticularibus, subcutaneis, distincte et firme parenchymaticis, pertusis; sporiis globulosis v. quandoque obtuse angulosis 1-3-pluriguttatis, $5\frac{1}{2}-6\frac{1}{2} \mu$. diam., hyalinis, basidiis cylindraceis, $5 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, facillime deciduis fultis.

13. *Physalospora Astragali* (Lasch) Sacc. Mich. I, 276, 121 (*Phys.* 1668

Kœhneana F. ital. t. 603. *Sph. Astragali* Lasch Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. tab. 12, f. 160 (non *Sph. Astragali* Curr. Simpl. Sphær. n. 362 quæ *Diaporthis* spec.). — Peritheciis gregariis subcutaneis, tectis dein epidermide fissa semi-erumpentibus, aterrimis, globoso-lenticularibus, $\frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam., contextu distincte celluloso fuligineo, ostiolo minutissimo papillato; ascis cylindraceis quandoque cylindraceo-fusoideis, $100 \approx 15-20$, subsessilibus, apice, lumine leniter coarctato, obtusatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis v. subdistichis, rarius transverse positis, ellipsoideis, $14-16 \approx 8$, strato mucoso hyalino diu obvolutis, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum languidorum *Astragali* cuiusdam prope Fürstenwalde in Marchia Brandenburg (KOEHNE in herb. MAGNUS). — Perithecia epidermide leniter nigrificata tecta. Si sporidia dein fuliginea fiant, tunc species ad gen. *Anthostomellam* migraret.

14. *Physalospora megastoma* (Peck) Sacc. *Sph. megastoma* Peck, 1669

Bot. Gaz. 1879. — Peritheciis minutis, numerosis, amphigenis, initio epidermide tectis, dein erumpentibus, nigris; ostiolis amplis circularibus, intus pallidis; ascis subcylindricis; sporidiis monostichis v. inordinatis, oblongo-ellipticis, $10-15 \mu$. long., intus granulosis, chlorino-flavidis.

Hab. in foliis adhuc vivis Astragali bisulcati, Colorado Amer. bor. (JONES). — Folia viva adit, quæ deinde necantur.

15. **Physalospora fallaciosa** Sacc. Mich. I, 121, Fungi ital. t. 602. — 1670

Peritheciis sparsis gregariisque innato-erumpentibus e globoso lenticularibus 150 micr. diam., aterrimis, breve papillatis, contextu distincte celluloso fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis breve crassiuscule stipitatis, 75–85 \approx 12–15, apice, lumine initio leniter coarctato, obtusis, paraphysibus filiformibus evanidis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, ovato-oblongis, 15–18 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ –7, rectis curvulisve utrinque obtusiusculis, strato exiguo gelatinoso primitus obvolutis, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis bracteisque languidis Aletridis et Musæ in horto botanico Berolinensi, Germaniæ (P. MAGNUS).

16. **Physalospora citricola** Penz. Fung. agrum. n. 21. — Peritheciis 1671 laxe gregariis, epidermide velatis, denique subnudis, globoso-depressis, obtusis, ostiolo impresso pertusis, 180–220 μ . latis nigris, contextu parenchymatico fuligineo, solidiusculo; ascis tereti-fusoides, brevissime stipitatis, sursum attenuatis truncatisque, 47–54 \approx 10–14, paraphysibus filiformibus asco longioribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis stipate distichis ellipsoideo-oblongis utrinque rotundatis, subinde inæquilateralibus, 14–17 \approx 6–8, 2-guttatis v. granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in partibus arescendo dealbatis foliorum Citri Limonii in frigidariis, Strà, Cattajo presso Padova Italiæ borealis (PENZIG).

17. **Physalospora disrupta** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. disrupta* B. et C. 1672 North Amer. Fungi n. 946. — Peritheciis cuticula tectis, tumenibus, ostiolo punctiformi perforante; ascis crasse obovatis; sporidiis biseriatis ellipticis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Smilacis in Carolina infer. Amer. boreali. — Adest simul pycnidium: stylosporis ellipticis fuscis 2-nucleatis.

18. **Physalospora disseminata** Sacc. Mich. II, 137. — Peritheciis hy- 1673 pophyllis dense et late gregariis, initio velatis, lenticularibus, $\frac{1}{10}$ – $\frac{1}{8}$ mill. diam., ostiolo impresso pertuso, contextu minute celluloso, fuscō; ascis clavatis, breve stipitatis, apice tunica integra rotundatis, 50 \approx 8, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-cylindraceis, inæquilateralibus, 10 \approx 3, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Clematidis glaucæ, prope Minussinsk in Sibiria asiatica.

19. **Physalospora Claræ-bonæ** Speg. Dec. Mycol. 88, Mich. II, 159, 1674 *Sphaeria vacciniicola* Lib. Herb. — Peritheciis globoso-lenticula-

ribus, 150–180 micr. diam., parenchymate foliorum immersis, epidermideque minutissime bullulato-umbilicata, mellea tectis; contextu parenchymatico fulvo-fuligineo, ostiolo impresso saturatiore; ascis cylindraceis, 100 \approx 7–8, paraphysibus obvallatis v. subnavigularibus, utrinque acutiusculis, 14–16 \approx 5, crasse-1-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis aridis adhuc pendulis Vaccinii Vitis-ideæ in sylva Cansiglio, Ital. bor., Malmedy Galliæ et Germ.

20. **Physalospora pertecta** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sph. pertecta* Cooke Fungi 1675 of Texas 143. — Subtecta seriata; peritheciis globosis, atris, demum supra conspicuis, poro pertusis; ascis clavatis sessilibus; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque attenuatis hyalinis, 20–23 \approx 10.

Hab. in Texas, Galveston Bay, in ramis dejectis (RAVENEL).

21. **Physalospora hyalospora** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sphaeria hyalospora* Ces. 1676 Hedw. 1859, n. 4. tab. II, fig. 11. — Peritheciis solitariis, majusculis depressiusculis, mollibus, papyraceis, fuscis, calvis; paraphysibus numerosis, crassis, rigidiusculis, clavulatis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, 90–100 \approx 16–24, paraphyses æquantibus; sporidiis hyalinis, ellipsoideis, obtusiusculis, 2-guttatis, 20 \approx 10–15.

Hab. in foliis Salicis cum *Venturia chlorospora*, in Ital. bor.

22. **Physalospora citrispora** (B. et B.) Sacc. *Sphaeria citrispora* B. 1677 et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 938. — Epidermide omnino tecta; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis citriformibus, distichis, 30–32 μ . l.

Hab. in ramis Tiliæ glabræ in montibus Virginiae Am. bor.

23. **Physalospora Salicis** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. Salicis* Fuck. Symb. myc. 1678 p. 115, t. III, fig. 16. — Peritheciis tectis sparsis, atris, obtusis, minute papillatis perforatisque; ascis stipitatis, oblongis 8sporis, 58 \approx 10; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, vix curvatis, utrinque obtusis, simplicibus, guttulatis, hyalinis, 14 \approx 2. — *Spermogonium Phomæ* speciem sistit: spermatiis 8 \approx 4, 3-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Salicis fragilis, rarius prope OEstrich Rhenogoviæ.

24. **Physalospora Cupressi** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. Cupressi* B. et C. 1679 North Amer. Fungi n. 940. — Peritheciis epidermide tectis prominulis applanatis, ostiolo distincto; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis clavatis vel breviter fusiformibus.

Hab. in ramis Cupressi thyoidis in Carolina inferiore, America boreali.

25. **Physalospora gelsemiata** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sph. gelsemiata* Cooke, 1680 Rav. Fungi in Grev. VI, 145. — Tecta, sparsa vel subgregaria;

peritheciis subglobosis, prominulis; ostiolis papillatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis breviter lanceolatis, hyalinis, 30–35 \approx 10–12.

Hab. in ramis Gelsemii, Aiken, Carol. infer. Amer. bor.

26. **Physaloapora Lathyri** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Lathyri* Dur. 1681 et Mont. Fl. Alg., I, p. 488, Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 862. — Follicola, tecta, colliculosa; peritheciis innatis pro ratione amplis, sphæricis, in utraque folii pagina atra prominulis, intus albis, poro vix conspicuo pertusis; ascis e placenta basilari erectis, 80 \approx 20, initio utrinque acuminatis ventricosis apice truncatis, adultis late clavatis, sporidiis 8 ovato-oblongis, continuis, hyalinis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Lathyri amphicarpi, Mascara (DURIEU).

27. **Physalospora hypericina** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. hypericina* B. et 1682 C. North Amer. Fungi n. 947. — Stictoidea; peritheciis depresso-epidermide cinctis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, hyalinis, 25 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulinis Hypericorum in Carolina inf. Amer. bor.

28. **Physalospora phomatooides** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sp'. phomatooides* Mont. 1683 Syll. Crypt. 784 et Cent. n. 62, in Ann., 2, XIV, p. 328, t. 19, f. 7, sub *Ascospora*. — Epiphylla, gregaria; peritheciis dimidiatis plano-convexis, epidermide tectis, astomis, atro-nitentibus, interdum confluentibus; ascis oblongis vel obovatis, 60–70 \approx 20 breve stipitatis; sporidiis 8 ellipticis limbo lato pellucido cinctis, 16–18 \approx 8, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia delapsa in sylvis ad Oyapock Guyanæ (LEPRIEUR).

29. **Physalospora protuberans** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. protuberans* Fuck. 1684 Symb. myc. 109, t. IV, fig. 12. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, globosis, atris, majusculis, ostiolis breviter conicis, prominulis, atris; ascis e basi lata breviter stipitata, amplis, ovato-oblongis, antice acuminatis, 8sporis, 80 \approx 26; sporidiis inordinatis, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, perparum curvatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 24 \approx 7.

Hab. in petiolis putridis nervisque foliorum Alni glutinosæ, rarius pr. Estrich, Rhenogovia.

30. **Physalospora philoprina** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria philoprina* B. 1685 et B. North Am. Fungi n. 917. — Peritheciis nitidis centro e cuticula albis; ascis oblongis brevibus; sporidiis biseriatis cymbiformibus hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Ilicis in Carolina sup. Amer. bor.

31. **Physalospora minutella** (Peck) Sacc. *Sph. (caulicole) minutella* 1686 Peck, 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis minutis, subinde appanatis, nigris, parte superiore denique circumscissa, inferiore ma-

trici adhærente; ascis sublanceolatis; sporidiis oblongis, continuis, hyalinis, 7–8 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis herbarum, North Greenbush, America boreali.

32. **Physalospora Ænotheræ** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria œnotheræ* B. 1687
et C. North Am. Fungi n. 952. — Minutissima; ostiolo punctiformi prominulo; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis breviter fusiformibus utrinque obtusis.

Hab. in caule Ænotheræ sinuatæ in Carolina infer. America boreali. — An *Læstadia*?

33. **Physalospora consociata** (Ell. et H.) Sacc. *Sphaeria consociata* 1688
Ell. et Harkn. in Bull. Torr. bot. Cl. 1881 May. — Peritheciis depresso-mammiformibus, 370 μ . diam., ostiolo breve papillato, nigro; ascis angustis; sporidiis fusoideis, acutis, 10–13 μ . long., 2–3-nucleatis subhyalinis v. luteolis.

Hab. in foliis Sequojae giganteæ, California (HARKNESS). — An *Læstadia*?

34. **Physalospora uvispora** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria uvæspora* Cooke 1689
Fungi of Texas 144. — Gregaria, tecta, peritheciis subglobosis, parvulis, brunneis, poro pertusis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis breviter clavatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 12–15 \pm 5.

Hab. in pedunculis florum Yuccæ, Houston, Texas, America boreali (RAVENEL). — Sporidia (immatura?) pyrenia uvæ simulant.

An *Læstadia*?

35. **Physalospora Bidwellii** (Ellis) Sacc. *Sph. Bidwellii*. Ellis Bull. 1690
Torrey Bot. Cl. Aug. 1880, p. 90. — Peritheciis minutis globosis epidermide tectis, demum suberumpentibus, apice poro pertusis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis obtusis 67 \pm 12,5; sporidiis octo, irregulariter ellipticis vel oblongis, continuis, 12–17 \pm 4,5–5, intus granulosis, paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in baccis Vitis, socia *Phoma uvicola*, quæ forte ejus spermogonium, Vineland New Jersey, America boreali (BIDWELL). — An *Læstadia*?

36. **Physalospora Althææ** (Kirchn.) Sph. *Althææ* Kirchn. in Thuem. 1691
F. austr. n. 1265. — Peritheciis gregariis, lentiformibus, convexis, atris; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 100 \pm 10, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, subobliquis, hyalinis, 20 \pm 8.

Hab. in Bohemia meridion. in horto ducali Krumauensi in Althææ roseæ caulinis emortuis (L. KIRCHNER).

37. **Physalospora ceanothina** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphaeria (obtectæ) ceano-* 1692

thina Peck, 29. Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis minutis sparsis, raro 2-3 aggregatis, levibus, subglobosis; ostiolis epidermidem perforantibus, subinde rugolosis, v. inæqualibus; ascis octosporis; sporidiis stipatis v. distichis, oblongis obtusis, interdum inæquilateralibus, hyalinis, 12-15 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Ceanothi americanus, Center Amer. bor.

38. **Physalospora Eunotia** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria Eunotia* B. et C. 1693

North Amer. Fungi n. 939. — Peritheciis peridermio tectis, erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis, utrinque medio tumidis, hyalinis, 20-25 μ . long.

Hab. in caule Hederæ in Carolina Amer. bor. — Sporidia *Eunotiam* feræ æmulantur.

39. **Physalospora Echii** (Kirchn.) Sacc. *Sph. Echii* Kirchn. in Thuem. 1694

F. austr. n. 868. — Peritheciis gregariis, epidermide nitida tectis, minutis, globosis, atris, nucleo albo, ostiolis prominulis, papillatis, perforatis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-ovatis, 8sporis, 40 \approx 15; sporidiis obovato-oblongis, simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in Bohemia merid., Krumau, in caulis aridis *Echii vulgaris* (L. KIRCHNER).

40. **Physalospora Eupatorii** (Kirchn.) Sacc. *Sphæria Eupatorii* Kirchr. 1695

in Thuen. F. austr. n. 958. — Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, atris, nucleo griseo, demum evacuatis; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 80 \approx 12; sporidiis 8, oblongis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Bohemia merid., circa lacum «Plöckensteiner See» in caulis putridis *Eupatorii cannabini* (L. KIRCHNER).

41. **Physalospora erratica** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph. (Orectæ) erratica* 1696

C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, 95, t. 100, fig. 35. — Gregaria, subcongesta; peritheciis globoso-depressis, atris, demum erumpentibus, hinc inde confertis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 25-26 \approx 12-13, intus granulosis.

Hab. in ramis Rosæ, Lonicerae, caulisque Solidaginis, New Jersey in America boreali.

42. **Physalospora palustris** (Mont.) Sacc. *Stigmata palustris* Mont. 1697

Pl. Cell. Cent. VII, n. 45, pag. 36. — Amphigena; peritheciis conico-depressis atris opacis in macula brunnea congregatis, ore ampio tandem apertis, nucleo niveo; ascis cylindrico-clavatis; deorsum attenuato-stipitatis, 45 \approx 10 octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-fusoideis, utrinque obtusis, 15 \approx 4, quadriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Elodis palustris (seu Hyperici Elodis) in Gallia (GUEPIN).

43. **Physalospora Melaleucæ** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (epiphylla) *Melaleucæ* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 261. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, amphigenis, subglobosis, glabris, intus extusque nigris, macula pallida insidentibus, ostiolis obsoletis; ascis clavatis, crassis, copiose paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis v. subglobosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Manilla ad folia Melaleucæ Leucadendri (herb. Mus. Par.).

44. **Physalospora trochiformis** (Preuss) Sacc. *Sph.* (obtusatæ) *trochiformis* Preuss, F. Hoyersw. n. 293. — Gregaria atra; peritheciis primo subglobosis, obsolete papillatis, tum supra collabascentibus, concavis, trochiformibus, albo-farctis; ascis cylindricis, octosporis; paraphysibus furcatis mixtis; sporidiis globosis, albis, nucleum includentibus.

Hab. ad caules herbarum majorum, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ.

45. **Physalospora atro-splendens** (Preuss) Sacc. *Sph.* *atro-splendens* 1700 Preuss F. Hoyersw. n. 291. — Gregaria minuta, erumpens; peritheciis subglobosis, lœvibus, atris, nitidis, submicroscopicis, basi applanatis; ostiolo nudo; ascis ovatis, basi attenuatis; sporidiis albis continuis, ovatis.

Hab. ad caules herbarum, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ.

46. **Physalospora subsolitaria** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* *subsolitaria* Schw. 1701 in Fr. El. II. 86. — Stromate tenuissimo effuso tecto nigro, peritheciis erumpentibus subsolitariis, intus albis, ostiolo prominulo albo.

Hab. in ramis Rhois in Carolina et Pensylvania. — Stroma tantum est nigredo sub epidermide corticem interiore penetrans. Perithecia geminatim connata aut omnino solitaria, globosa, atra. Asci elongati, suberecti.

47. **Physalospora eriostega** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph.* (obtectæ) *eriostega* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 14, t. 95, fig. 2. — Gregaria, peritheciis leniter fusco-lanosis demum glabris, tectis, in maculas bullatas congestis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, late lanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, 35×12 , granuloso-hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Lauri Sassafras, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Extra ascos adsunt sporidia 2-septata, brunnea (« mihi visa potius stylosporea »). — Var. *glabrata*: peritheciis calvis. In sarmentis Rubi Idæi, ibidem.

48. **Physalospora entaxia** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph.* (obtectæ) *entaxia* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 14, t. 95, fig. 14. — Pe-

ritheciis seriatis, erumpentibus, globosis, atris, papillatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, hyalinis, 30–32 \approx 12; pycnidii in consortio perithecia ascophora imitantibus; stylosporis diplodioideis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, brunneis, 22 \approx 10.

Hab. in ramis Andromedæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

49. **Physalospora phomopsis** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph.* (obtectæ) *phomo-* 1704
psis C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VII, p. 41. — Peritheciis numerosis, minimis, membranaceis, brunneis, subapplanatis, epidermide tectis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis naviculoideis, hyalinis, nucleatis, 12–14 \approx 6.

Hab. in caulis Desmodii, New Jersey Amer. bor. — An sporidia tandem 1-septata?

50. **Physalospora phlyctænoides** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph.* *phlyctænoides* 1705
B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 953. — Irregularis, fusca, deplanata; ascis late lanceolatis brevibus; sporidiis biseriatis cymbæformibus, endochromate utrinque retracto, 12–14 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis Dolichi, Alabama Amer. bor. — Maculas format minutas, fuscas, varias in matrice dealbata.

51. **Physalospora crustulata** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (obturata) *cru-* 1706
stulata Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 52. — Peritheciis sparsis globosis, subiculo crustaceo cinerascente semi-immersis, ostiolis papillatis; nucleo albo; ascis cylindraceis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ramos Xanthoxylī (BERTERO).

52. **Physalospora Cassiæ** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (epiphylla) *Cassiæ* 1707
Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 53. — Innata, epiphylla, sparsa, peritheciis hemisphæricis nigris nitidis, intus albicantibus, ostiolis prominulis conico-depressis; ascis clavatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Cassiæ (ubi?).

53. **Physalospora sporadina** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (epiphylla) *spora-* 1708
dina Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 53. — Epiphylla, peritheciis gregariis, basi applanatis, subglobosis, lævibus, demum culpati, crista nigra, secedente insidentibus; ostiolis minimis papillatis; ascis brevibus, inflatis, paraphysatis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, continuis, inordinate dispositis,

Hab. in Insula Mauritii, ad folia Myristicæ aromaticæ (COMMERSON).

54. **Physalospora depressa** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (foliicolæ) *depressa* 1709
Berk. Crypt. antarct. p. 60, t. LXVIII, fig. V. — Gregaria, minor,

atra, peritheciis tectis subglobosis, lœvibus collo destitutis, siccitate depresso-depressis; ascis teretibus, paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, lanceolatis, continuis, hyalinis, 2-nucleatis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Luzulæ crinitæ in insula Campbell. 1710

55. Physalospora Idæi (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Idæi* Fuck. Symb. myc.

p. 114, non *Sphaeria clypeiformis* de Lacr. in Rabh. Fungi eur. 331. — Peritheciis gregariis, concavo-depressis, epidermidi nigritatæ innatis, tectis, ostiolis prominulis, minutissimis, papillatis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, $88 \approx 6$; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, utrinque attenuatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, $12 \approx 4$.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi idæi prope Oestrich, Rhenogovia.

56. Physalospora fœniculacea (Mont.) Sacc. *Sphaeria fœniculacea* 1711

Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 841 et Cent. VI, n. 29, Ann., 3, XI, p. 40.

— Seriata, maculæformis, cinerea; peritheciis minimis, stromate fusco immersis, tectis, globoso-depressis, siccitate cupulari-collabentibus, ostiolo brevi, vix ullo; ascis oblongo-cylindraceis, $125 \approx 15$, basi hinc gibbosa conjunctis, sporidiis 8 ellipticis, $20 \approx 10$, hyalinis, granulosis.

Gab. in caulis Anethi Fœniculi apud Montaud-lez-Miramont Galliæ australis (CASTAGNE).

57. Physalospora viscosa (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (Obtectæ) *viosa* 1612

C. et E., Grev. V, p. 34, t. 75, fig. 3. — Gregaria; peritheciis tectis, applanatis, nigris; ostiolo erumpente; ascis crasse clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, naviculoideis, hyalinis, $35 \approx 10$.

Hab. in ramis Azaleæ viscosæ, Clethræ et Aceris, New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Perithecia lenissime prominula, ostioli erumpentibus.

58. Physalospora thyoidea (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Immersæ) *thyoidea* 1713

C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI. 14, tab. 96, fig. 19. — Gregaria; peritheciis semi-immersis, atris, collo elongato; ascis clavatis; sporidiis naviculoideis, hyalinis, $35 \approx 10$.

Hab. in ramis Cupressi thyoidis et Juniperi virginianæ, New Jersey Americæ borealis. — Sporidia subinde ellipsoidea et crassiora; an denique septata? Adsunt simul spergonia et pycnidia.

59. Physalospora microtheca (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphaeria microtheca* 1714

C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 14. — A *Ph. thyoidea*, cui valde affinis, differt tantum peritheciis subnudis (e cortice secesso?).

Hab. in ligno quercino expallente, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

60. **Physalospora Ecastophylli** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (epiphylla) *Eca-* 1715
stophylli Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 54. — Epiphylla, spar-
sa, innata; peritheciis conico-rotundatis. basi applanatis, nigris, ni-
tidis, nucleo nigro; ostiolis prominulis; ascis ovoideis, paraphysatis,
subsinuosis; sporidiis globulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Porto-Rico, in foliis *Pterocarpi Ecastophylli* (BERTERO).

61. **Physalospora nitens** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (conferta) *nitens* Lév. 1716
Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 51. — Innata, epiphylla, maculæfor-
mis, effusa, atra, nitida; peritheciis globosis, stromate cinerascente
immersis, nucleo albo, ostiolis prominulis albis; ascis clavulatis,
octosporis; sporidiis oblongis subvermicularibus, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Peruvia ad folia *Psoraleæ* ignotæ (DOMBEY).

62. **Physalospora coccodes** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (conferta) *coccodes* 1717
Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 50. — Innata, epiphylla, sub-
globosa, nigra, nitida, peritheciis globosis, congestis, intus albis,
ostiolis obsoletis; ascis paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipticis, continuis
hyalinis, inordinatis.

Hab. in Brasilia, ad folia Leguminosæ ignotæ.

63. **Physalospora subsimplex** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (Obturatae) *sub-* 1718
simplex Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1679. — Primum tenerrima,
epidermide alba tecta, ostiolis translucentibus, dein epidermide seces-
sa, subdenudata; peritheciis dense aggregatis, cortici subimmersis,
sæpe confluentibus, oblongo-hemisphæricis, depresso-rugosis, atris,
papillatis, papilla decidua, tum pertusis; sporidiis (teste Berk.) el-
lipoideis, hyalinis, 14–15 μ . long.

Hab. in junioribus ramis *Rhois glabræ* frigore emortuis, Be-
thlehem et New York., Amer. bor.

64. **Physalospora Bambusæ** (Rabh.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Bambusæ* Rabh. 1719
Hedw. 1878, p. 45. — Peritheciis erumpentibus, numerosissimis,
sparsis v. plus minus approximatis (passim stromate confluente),
rotundatis, oblongis, atris, parum nitentibus, ostiolo umbilicato;
ascis elongato-linearibus, angustis, breviter stipitatis, octosporis;
paraphysibus filiformibus, crispatis obvallatis; sporidiis (in ascis)
monostichis, oblongis, utroque polo obtusis rotundatis, 9–11 \times 5,
hyalinis.

Hab. in horto botanico, Calcutta Ind. orient., in utraque pa-
gina foliorum *Bambusæ spinosæ*.

65. **Physalospora Ludwigiae** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria Ludwigiae* Cooke 1720
Hedw. 1868, p. 39. — Gregaria; peritheciis epidermide nigrificata

tectis elevatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, vel pyriformibus, continuis, hyalinis, biseriatis, $25 \approx 10$.

Hab. in caulis Ludwigiae, in Carolina australi (RAVENEL).

66. **Physalospora Callunæ** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphærella Callunæ* De Not. Sfer. it. p. 88, t. 100. — Peritheciis sparsis, innato-emergentibus, exiguis, punctiformibus, atris, nitidulis e basi applanatis, filamentis aliquot repentinibus, fuligineis stipatis, hemisphæricis, vertice obtuso, osculo tornato, simplici, vix prominulo dehiscentibus, cellulis ægre conspicuis, fuscis contextis; ascis e basi breviter tenuata oblongato-teretibus, obtusis, paraphysibus filiformibus stipatis 8-sporis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, $15 \approx 5$, hyalinis nucleis binis subpolaribus instructis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Callunæ vulgaris, Valle Intrasca, Lago Maggiore, in Italia boreali.

67. **Physalospora Laburni** (Bon.) Sacc. *Carlia Laburni* Bon. Abhandl. p. 152, t. I, fig. 23. — Peritheciis globosis, nigris, epidermide testis, gregariis; ascis clavatis, ventricosis, brevibus; sporidiis fusiformibus, ventricosis, utrinque obtusiusculis granulosis, subhyalinis.

Hab. in caulis subvivis Cytisi Laburni prope Treviros Germaniæ.

68. **Physalospora Labecula** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (conferta) Labecula* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 51. — Innata, epi-hypophylla, maculiformis, lævis, nigra, nitida; peritheciis prominulis subglobosis, intus nigris, stromate albo immersis, ostiolis obsoletis; ascis paraphysatis, ovato-oblongis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, cylindraceis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Nova Hollandia, ad folia Acaciæ verticillatæ.

69. **Physalospora Miconiæ** (Duby) Sacc. *Sphæria Miconiæ* Duby Crypt. de Bahia p. 3, tab. II, fig. 1. — Superficialis, orbicularis suborbicularisve demum diffracta, prominula, nigra, rugulosa punctata, punctis prominulis, peritheciis globosis subseriatis, astomis, albo-faretis; paraphysibus elongatis, asco subdupo longioribus; ascis clavatis longe stipitatis; sporidiis parvis globosis, monostichis, quaternis v. octonis.

Hab. in foliis Miconiæ calvescentis Brasiliæ, in prov. Bahia (SALZMANN). — An hujus loci?

70. **Physalospora inanis** (Schwein.) Sacc. *Sphæria inanis* Schw., in B. et C. Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 291, t. XXV, fig. 13. — Hypophylla, sparsa, tecta; peritheciis globosis, apicibus summis epidermide adnatis, demum cum epidermidis particula centro circumscissis; ascis

tereti-oblongis, subsessilibus; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-linearibus, 25 μ. longis.

Hab. in pag. infer. Aroidæ cujusdam, Surinam. — An potius e genere *Massalongiella*?

71. **Physalospora Ænanthes** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphæria Ænanthes* Cr. 1726

Finist. p. 25. — Peritheciis inter fibras caulis subimmersis, nigris, sphæricis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., ostiolo apiculato; ascis fusoideis, octosporis; sporidiis navicularibus, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in caule emortuo Ænanthes crocatæ, Finistère Galliæ.

72. **Physalospora Corallinarum** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphæria Corallinarum* 1727

Crouan Finist. p. 24. — Peritheciis hemisphæricis v. subconicis, nigris, solidiusculis, 1-2 mill. diam., ostiolo nullo; ascis crassis ovoideis vel pyriformibus, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis, hyalinis granulosisque.

Hab. in fronde Corallinæ officinalis et Janiæ corniculatæ, Finistère Galliæ.

73. **Physalospora Obionis** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphæria Obionis* Crouan 1728

Finist. pag. 25. — Peritheciis nigris, sphæricis, 1-2 mill. diam., ostiolo brevi; ascis cylindracies elongatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis oblongis, crasse 2-guttutis.

Hab. in caule putri Obionis, Finistère Galliæ.

74. **Physalospora Hepaticarum** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphæria Hepaticarum* 1729

Crouan Finist. p. 25. — Peritheciis hemisphæricis, nigris, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., epidermide pustulata tectis; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis, 4-guttulatis.

Hab. in thallo Lunulariæ, Finistère Galliæ.

Species imperfecte cognitæ.

75. **Physalospora Veselskyi** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. t. 12, fig. 157, 1730

(*Leptosphaeria*). — Peritheciis ; ascis clavatis, paraphysatis, brevissime stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, obovatis, granulosis, hyalinis. — *Hab.*

76. **Physalospora nubilosa** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. tab. 12, fig. 159, 1731

(*Leptosphaeria*). — Peritheciis ; ascis crassis, clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis tristichis, ovato-fusoideis, fuscidulis. — *Hab.*

UROSPORA H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 75 (Etym. ab *oura*, cauda, ob sporidia caudata). — Perithecia simplicia, tecta. Asci octospori.

Sporidia continua, hyalina, oblongo-lanceolata, in caudam longe attenuata.

1. **Urospora Cocciferæ** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. pag. 75, fig. 1. — Pe- 1732
ritheciis sparsis, punctiformibus, minimis, globosis, atris, in cortice
nidulantibus et epidermidem pustulatim inflantibus, ostiolo erum-
pente, papillato; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, breve et crasse stipita-
tis, 8-sporis, 50-55 \approx 6-8; sporidiis distichis, hyalinis, plurigutta-
tis, oblongo-lanceolatis, antice acuminatis, postice in setam vel cau-
dam hyalinam multo longiorem productis, 10-15 \approx 3-4 (absque seta).

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos *Quercus cocciferæ* prope Oran-
ge, Vaucluse Galliæ.

TRABUTIA Sacc. et Roum. Rev. Mycol. 1881, p. 27, t. XIV, fig. 2.

(Etym. a cl. Doct. L. TRABUT, Floræ Algeriensis indagatore). — Stroma phyllogenum, atrum, radioso-asteromatoides, applanatum. Perithecia stromati adnata, discreta protuberantia; ostiolo pertusa. Ascii octospori, obsolete paraphysati, facile fluxiles. Sporidia ovoideo-oblonga, continua, subhyalina. Genus habitu *Phyllachoræ* vel *Rhytismatis*, sed characteribus *Hypospilæ* magis affine, ideoque Pyrenomycetibus sphæriaceis genuinis adscribendum.

1. **Trabutia quercina** (Fr. et Rud.) Sacc. et R. *Rhytisma quercinum* 1733
Fr. et Rud. in Linnæa (1830), *Asteroma parmeloides* Desm. (1847). *Rhytisma riccioides* Let. Champ. Bull. t. 629, fig. 4 (1831). *Sphæ-
ropsis riccioides* Lév. A. S. N. 1848, IX, 257. — Peritheciis he-
misphæricis, subcarbonaceis, atronitentibus, ostiolo rotundo minu-
to pertusis, denique collabascendo umbilicatis v. subplicatis; nun-
quam vero disco aperta ut in *Rhytismate*; ascis cylindraceo-cla-
vatis, 100-110 \approx 18, paraphysibus vagis obvallatis, tunica apice in-
tegra præditis, breve stipitatis mox resorptis; sporidiis distichis,
oblongo-navicularibus utrinque obtusiusculis, 28-30 \approx 8-10, granu-
losis e hyalino pallidissime melleis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum *Quercus Ilicis* in Gallia, Italia,
Germania, Algeria, Q. laurifoliæ. Florida Amer. bor. — Var.
Terraciani Erb. cr. ital. II. n. 646; sporidiis utrinque paulo acu-
tioribus (ascis vero similibus). In foliis *Quercus sessilifloræ*
v. affinis in Italia meridionali.

2. **Trabutia? cayennensis** (DC.) Sacc. *Xyloma cayennense* DC. Mem. 1734
Mus. II, p. 321, t. III, fig. 6. *Sphaeria Cayannensis* (DC.) Fr. S.
M. II, 438, Linnæa 1830, p. 546. — Innata, suborbicularis, con-

vexula; peritheciis, in macula atra innatis, superne tuberculato-prominulis; ascis elongatis; sporidiis late ellipticis 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Psidii, Myrtacearum, Fici Roxburghii in Brasilia, Surinam, India orient. — Pustulæ nigræ, 1 lin. latae, mamillis 2-3 vix prominulis onustæ; folium circa pustulam decoratum, parte limitata linea nigra. Subinde maculæ magis applicatae et margine prominulo cinctæ. Ostiola obsoleta. Quoad genus mihi dubia species.

DITOPELLA De Not. Sfer. ital. pag. 42 (Etym. a *ditopa*, epitheton jam specificum speciei primariæ). — Perithecia corticola, tecta, ostio lo suberumpente. Asci subclavati, polyspori, apophysati. Sporidia oblonga v. fusoidea, continua, subhyalina.

1. **Ditopella fusispora** De Not. Sfer. ital. t. 48. *Sphaeria ditopa* Fr. 1735
S. M. II, p. 481 p. p. *Cryptospora suffusa*, *minor*, *polyspora* Tul. Carp. II, 145. *Cr.?* *ditopa* (Fr.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 80. — Peritheciis sparsis, peridermio tectis eique soluto adhaerentibus, sphæroideis, mox collabentibus, cupuliformibus, glabris, nigris latit. 0,7 mill.; ostiolo in disco minimo, sordide pallido, denum per peridermum elevatum suberumpente, nigro; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, breviter tenuissimeque pedicellatis, polysporis, 90-115 = 15-18; sporidiis congregatis, fusoideo-elongatis, plerumque rectis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 16-24 = 2,5-3,5, paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Alni glutinosæ in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia, Belgio, Germania, Fennia, Italia bor. Sporidia, teste Rehmio, in quoque asco 24, subinde simulate (ob plasma divisum) 1-septata.

2. **Ditopella Cryptosphaeria** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. Cryptosphaeria* Fuck. 1736
Symb. p. 110. *Gnomonia polyspora* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 24, t. 9, f. 124. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, sphæroideis, rostro conoideo, emerso, dimidium perithecium longo vel paullo longiore, epidermidem immutatam leviterque inflatam perforantibus, atris, 0,3-0,5 mill. lat.; ascis polysporis, clavatis, breviter acuteque pedicellatis, 100 = 15-17; sporidiis congregatis, fusoideo-elongatis, rectis vel rectiusculis, simplicibus, minute guttulatis; 15-20 = 2-3.

Hab. in petiolis foliorum Alni glutinosæ putrescentium, Estrich Germaniae et in Fennia.

3. **Ditopella farcta** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph. farcta* B. et Br. Ann. N. 1737 H. n. 631, t. 10, fig. 15, Cooke Handb. n. 2659. — Tecta, sparsa; peritheciis solitariis, globosis, denique collabentibus, collis bre-

vibus, ostiolo obtuso, denique peridermum perforante; ascis clavatis, apice obtusis, brevissime stipitatis, polysporis; sporidiis tereti-oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 3-4-nucleolatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis putridis Ulmi, Batheaston Britanniæ. — *Habitu* *Cryptosporellæ hypodermicæ* affinis. Sporidia (ex iconæ) 12 v. plura in quovis asco, hinc diversa a *Sph. farcta* Plowr. *Sph. Brit.* n. 68, quæ *Diaporthe*.

4. **Ditopella Vizeana** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. II, 248, F. it. t. 205. *Nectria* 1738 *caulinæ* Cooke Fung. Brit. Ser. II, n. 479. — Peritheciis gregariis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., epidermide sæpe cinerascente, dein fissâ, velatis, nigris; ostiolo exiguo obtuso; peritheciis contextu distincte parenchymatico, atro-fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, breviuscule stipitatis, 110-115 \pm 15-18, apice crassiuscule tunicatis, obtuseque rotundatis, aparaphysatis, polysporis; sporidiis (30-50) polystichis, fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis v. leniter inæquilateralibus, 15-18 \pm $4\frac{1}{2}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$, pluriguttulatis v. nubilosis e hyalino dilute olivaceis.

Hab. in ramulis Buxi semper virentis emortuis, Colfosco, Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI), Forden Britanniæ (VIZE).

5. **Ditopella Hosackiæ** (Cooke et Harkn.) Sacc. *Sphærella?* *Hosackiæ* 1739 C. et H. in Grevill. IX, p. 86. — Sparsa, tecta, punctiformis; peritheciis globoso-depressis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, polysporis; sporidiis circ. 16, ellipsoideis continuis, hyalinis, 6 \pm 2,5.

Hab. in ramis Hosackiæ in California (HARKNESS).

POLYTRICHIA Sacc. (Etym. *polys*, plures et *thrix* seta, ob perithecia setosa). — Perithecia subtecta, dein erumpentia, globulosa, coriacea, setis tortuosis obsita. Asci clavati, polyspori. Sporidia minuta continua, hyalina. — Genus mihi nondum observatum, fide diagnoseos accuratissimi Montagnei (qui specimina ex locis variis a Lacroix, Mugeot et Wallroth accepit) conditum.

1. **Polytrichia Wallrothii** Sacc. *Sphæria polytricha* Wallr. Comp. 794. 1740 Mont. Cell. Cent. VIII, p. 60 (ex specim. Lacroix, Mugeot et Wallroth). — Peritheciis innato-erumpentibus, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., majusculis nigris, vertice convexo epapillato, pilis tortuosis concoloribus undique obsesso prominulis, ovato-subrotundis, hemisphæricis, intus albo-farctis, ceraceis; ascis clavatis maximis, polysporis, 160-200 \pm 40; sporidiis minutis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad culmos secalinos et triticeos putres, in Germania et Gallia. — Setæ septatae, fuligineæ, 300 v. longæ. Cl. Tulas-

ne, Fuckel etc. ducunt *Sph. polytricham* Wall. ad *Pleosporam*, sed ab hoc genere descriptio supra data abhorret.

TRICHOSPHÆRIA Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 144, em. Sacc. Cons. gen. pyr. p. 6. (Etym. a *thrix*, seta, ob perithecia setulosa). — Perithecia globulosa superficialia, sparse v. dense pilosa, quandoque villo insidentia. Asci oblongi v. cylindracei, 8spori. Sporidia continua, ovata seu oblongo-ovata v. subcylindracea, rarissime appendiculata, semper hyalina. — Conidia et spermogonia in nonnullis nota.

1. **Trichosphæria pilosa** (Pers.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 145, *Sph. pilosa* 1741 Pers. Syn. Fung. p. 73. — Peritheciis sparsis vel confertis, superficialibus, rotundato-ovoideis, læviusculis, ostiolo simplici atris, breviter pilosis, 0,2 mill. latit., vel paullo ultra; ascis cylindraceis, 50–60 ≈ 4–5, octosporis, spurie paraphysatis, brevissime stipitatis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, guttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 5–8 ≈ 3–4.

Hab. ad corticem et ligna Betulæ, Coryli, Quercus, Pini, in Suecia. Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Fennia, Italia et America boreali.

2. **Trichosphæria tarda** Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 145. — Peritheciis 1742 sparsis, seminis Papaveris magnitudine, globosis, undique strigoso-pilosis, olivaceo-fuscis, ostiolis minutissimis; ascis stipitatis, oblongis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, elongato-lanceolatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 4guttulatis. — Spermogonia peritheciis ascophoris similia: spermatiis suballantoideis 8 ≈ 2, 4guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putridis Coryli Avellanae, raro, prope Johannisberg Germaniae.

3. **Trichosphæria Punctillum** Rehm et Britz. Augsb. Pilzfl. p. 82. — 1743 Peritheciis minutissimis, globosis, papillatis, sessilibus in mycelio fusco tenerrimo sparsis; ascis sessilibus oblongis, 60–70 ≈ 9, apice incrassatis truncatisque, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, 15 ≈ 5, distichis, subacuminatis, intus granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad lignum pineum putrescens, Augsburg Germaniae. — Pili peritheciorum longi, simplices, fusi, 3–4 v. cr.

4. **Trichosphæria superficialis** (Curt.) Sacc., *Sphaeria superficialis* 1744 Curt. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 317, tab. 57, fig. 25, Cooke Handb. n. 2567. — Peritheciis subglobosis, minutissimis, pilosis, subiculo villoso insidentibus; ascis cylindricis, breve stipitatis, octosporis;

sporidiis monostichis, ellipticis v. oblongo-ovoideis, rarius leniter curvis, 7,6–10 μ . longis, 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno abietino in Britannia.

5. **Trichosphæria erythrella** (Wallr.) Fuck. Symb. p. 105, *Sph. ery-* 1745
thrella Wallr. Fl. crypt. II, n. 3839. — Peritheciis superficialibus minutis sparsis v. confertim gregariis, subglobosis, basi nuda leviter adfixis, nigro-fuscis, extus præter verticem tenuiter papillatum vel lere delicato rufo-ferrugineo, dein sordide fusco vestitis, demum calvis, nucleo albo tenui; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, sporidia 8, monosticha, ovato-oblonga, hyalina inclientibus. — Sec. Fuck. ejus status conidicus sistit *Acrostalagmum cinnabarinum*.

Hab. in caulis valde putridis Brassicæ oleraceæ in Germania et Belgio raro. — Status conidicus fere ubique.

6. **Trichosphæria cæsia** (Carm. et Curr.) Sacc. *Sph. cæsia* Carm. et 1746
 Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 316, tab. 57, fig. 17, Cooke Handb.
 n. 2563. — Peritheciis albo-pilosis; ascis cylindraceis, apice rotundatis, stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis elliptico-ovoideis, interdum inæquilateralibus, minutis, $5 \approx 2$, 1-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno putri in Brittania.

7. **Trichosphæria fissurarum** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. fissurarum* B. et 1747
 C. North Amer. Fungi n. 921. — Peritheciis parvis, globosis, breviter villosis, collo crassiusculo, sursum attenuato; ascis parvis, sporidiis minutis, oblongis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno pineo in Carolina infer. America boreali.

8. **Trichosphæria exosporioides** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 145 (nec *Sph. exosporioides* Desm. quæ *Venturia*). — Peritheciis minutissimis, superficialibus, aterrimis, globosis, pilis concoloribus-vestitis; ascis oblongis, substipitatis, 8sporis, $28 \approx 7$; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque appendiculis fasciculatis, minutissimis, simplicibus, $8 \approx 3$, hyalinis. — Spermogonia peritheciis ascophoris similia: spermatiis ellipticis, $10 \approx 3$, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putridis Caricis et Luzulæ, prope Oestrich, Rhenogovia.

9. **Trichosphæria nobilis** Sacc. et Spieg. Mich. II, 247, F. ital. t. 306. 1749
 — Peritheciis superficialibus, sparsis gregariisque globulosis, conico-papillatis, nigris, setulis filiformibus, obtusiusculis, rigidulis, continuis, fuligineis sursum pallidioribus undique vestitis; ascis cylindraceis, breviuscule subnoduloso-stipitatis, apice rotundatis, $70-80 \approx 8-10$, aparaphysatis, tetrasporis; sporidiis recte vel oblique mo-

nostichis, ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusis, 2-guttulatis, 14–17 \approx 8, e hyalino chlorinis.

Hab. in fragmentis ligneis Lauri nobilis vix putrescentibus, Conegliano, Italiæ bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — Inter perithecia adsunt fasciculi hypharum (setulis perithecii simili) e ganglio stromatico (perithecio incipiente?) oriundis, forte statum conidicum sistentes: sed conidia hue usque non vidimus.

10. **Trichosphæria regulina** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Byssisedæ) *regulina* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1095. — Peritheciis minutissimis ovatis obtusis e mycelio tenui oriundis; ascis clavatis, 75 μ . long.; sporidiis biseriatis oblongis curvatis tenuibus, 20 \approx 4.

Hab. ad ligna Peradeniya, Ceylon.

11. **Trichosphæria regulinoides** Sacc. ? *Sph. regulina* B. et Br., Ces. 1751 Myc. Born. p. 21. — Peritheciis minutissimis, ovatis, obtusis ostiolo impresso, insidentibus subiculo intense brunneo ex hyphis dense septatis simplicibus constituto; ascis linearibus, 50 μ . longis, mox diffluentibus; sporidiis curvulis, tenuibus, altero fine crassiori, hyalinis, turbidulis, simplicibus (an guttulatis?) 7–8 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. ad lignum denudatum, Sarawak, Borneo (BECCARI). — Sporidiis plus dimidio minoribus etc. a *Trich. regulina* differre videtur.

12. **Trichosphæria rhodochlora** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. rhodochlora* Mont. 1752 Syll. crypt. n. 795 et Ann. Scienc. nat. 2, I, p. 307, t. 12, f. 2. — Villosa; peritheciis globoso-ovoideis villo læte viridi tectis, intus sanguineis, ostiolis primo oblongis roseis denum papillula nigra decidua pertusis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, coarcervatis roseis, simulate (ob plasmatis partitiones?) clathratis.

Hab. in cortice Alni glutinosi emortuæ, ad Rochecardon Lugduni Galliæ. — An novi generis typus? an *Teichosporæ* species?

13. **Trichosphæria subcorticalis** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphæria subcorticalis* 1853 Peck, 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis pro genere majusculis, molliusculis, subinde collabascentibus, nigris, tomento fusco-nigro denso obductis, eodemque effuso insidentibus; ascis . . . ; sporidiis oblongis, hyalinis, 7–8 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice interiore relaxato Carpini Americanæ, North Greenbush, Amer. bor. — Ubi perithecia conferta sunt, tomentum subiculum effusum sistit, ubi laxiora, sigillatim ea circumdat. An *Enchnoa*?

Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 792 et Guy., n. 558. — Byssiseda; peritheciis minutissimis globosis gregatim confertis, lœvibus, nigris, epapillatis, mox centro depresso, late pertusis, subiculo concolori tenui cinctis; fibris subiculi septatis, in ramos breves aculeiformes divisis; sporidiis ovoideo-cymbiformibus, exiguis, 5-6,5 μ . longis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. ad cortices et ligna arborum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR), Ceylon (BERK.), in Acere, Quercu, Myrica in Amer. bor. (RAVENEL).

WALLROTHIELLA Sacc. (Etym. ab ill. F. G. Wallroth). — Perithecia superficialia, globulosa, glabra, nigra. Asci teretiusculi, octospori. Sporidia ovoidea vel suboblonga, continua, hyalina. — Est quasi *Rosellinia* (*Coniomela*) sed hyalospora.

1. **Wallrothiella congregata** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sph. congregata* Wallr. 1755 Comp. 786, Mont. Pl. Cell. Cent. VIII, p. 61. — Peritheciis minutissimis, confertissimis, cubilibus laxe adhærentibus, subrotundis atris, nitidis, subtilissime rugulosis, vertice depresso tenuiter papillato demum pertusis, nucleo albido tenui farctis; ascis cylindricis, minutis 20 ± 2 , octosporis; sporidiis globulosis, 2 μ . diam., monostichis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ligna salicina putredine exesa, Thuringia in Germania.

2. **Wallrothiella Arceuthobii** (Peck) Sacc. *Sph. Arceuthobii* Peck, 17 1756 Rep. p. 111, t. I, fig. 10-14. — Peritheciis minutis, dense cæspitosis, oblongis vel cylindraceis, obtusissimis, nitidis, nigris; ascis subclavatis, fugacibus; sporidiis sparsis, globosis, hyalinis 4 μ . d.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Forestburgh in capsulis Arceuthobii pusilli. — Perithecia subastoma, bombadioidea.

3. **Wallrothiella minima** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Rosellinia minima* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 149. — Peritheciis gregariis, minutissimis, globoso-conicis, subtilissime, papillatis, atris, opacis, parce concolori-setulosis, subglabrisve; ascis in cirrhos, candidos expulsis, cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, $48 \pm 4-6$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis cylindraceis, monoplastis, hyalinis, 8 ± 3 ; paraphysibus linearibus seu attenuatis, ascis longitudine.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis Betulae albae, rarius, prope Mappen Germaniae.

4. **Wallrothiella macilenta** (Cooke) Sacc. *Cucurbitaria macilenta* Cooke Grev. VII, 4. 1758 — Cæspitulis minimis, erumpentibus; peritheciis atris, papillatis, sub-nitidis, sicco collapsis; ascis cylindra-

ceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, utrinque attenuatis, binucleatis, $15 \approx 6$.

Hab. in ramis Abietis et Libocedri in California Americae borealis.

5. **Wallrothiella squalidula** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Denudatæ) *squalidula* C. et Peck. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis gregariis globosis, semiimmersis, vertice pertusis, 300μ . diam., nigris, ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis, $12-17 \mu$ long.

Hab. in ligno putri Castaneæ, Portville, Amer. bor.

6. **Wallrothiella melanostigma** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Pertusæ) *melanostigma* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 13, t. 95, fig. 16. — Gregaria, minima, atra; peritheciis subglobosis, 150μ . diam., papillatis, e ligni fibris emergentibus, submembra-naceis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, parvulis, hyalinis, nucleatis, initio 1-2-guttatis, $10 \approx 8$.

Hab. in ligno quercino expallente, New Jersey Amer. bor. 1761

7. **Wallrothiella minutissima** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphæria minutissima* Crouan Finist. p. 23. — Peritheciis subsphæricis, papillatis, nigris minutissimis, $\frac{1}{10}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindricis, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis ovoideis, hyalinis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino vetusto inter muscos et palmellas, Finistère Galliæ.

BOTRYOSPHÆRIA Ces et De Not. Schema Sfer. it. in Comm. I, p. 211, ex parte, Sacc. Mich. I, 42 (nota), *Melanops* Nits. in Fuck. Symb. p. 225 (Etym. *botrys*, racemus, ob perithecia botryoso-aggregata). — Perithecia stromate pulvinato v. discoideo instrata v. semiinfossa, erumpenti-superficialia, globulosa, atra, intus sæpius alba, subcoriacea, ostiolo minuto impresso v. breve papillato. Asci clavati, octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia ovoidea v. suboblonga, continua, granulosa, hyalina. — Cum multas species exoticas de visu non agnoscam, omnes admisi, sed pro certo habeo inter plures discrimina nulla v. nimis levia intercedere.

1. **Botryosphæria Quercum** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria Quercum* Schw. 1762 Car. n. 125, p. 40, *Melogramma Quercum* (Schw.) Berk., *Melanops Quercum* (Schw.) Rehm., *Sph. fuliginosa* M. et N. nec Pers. Syn. quæ *Cenangium fulig.* immaturum videtur. — Subelliptica, planiuscula, fusca, nigra; peritheciis subglobosis albofarcitis, connatis, papillis prominulis; ascis clavatis, crassis, $105 \approx 27$, sub-

octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis obtuse ellipticis, inæquilateris, continuis, bi-guttatis, 33 ± 12 .

Hab. in cortice *Quercus* in Carolina, New York, New Jersey etc. in Amer. boreali. — *Gregaria*, minuta, lineam circiter longa, difformis, elliptica v. lanceolata, ostiolis prominulis rugulosa, opaca, tota atra. Perithecia stromate tenui insident, sed nullo tecta v. cincta, demum evacuata intus atra. — Cl. Ellis (Proc. Nat. Sc. Phil. 1879, p. 66), ad hanc speciem permultas dicit quæ fructificatione revera satis inter se conveniunt sed vegetatione nimis differunt ut tute conjungi possint.

2. **Botryosphaeria Bérengeriana** De Not. Sfer. ital. 82, fig. 90. Sacc. 1763
Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 116, t. XI, f. 45. — Stromatibus erumpentibus superficialibus, pulvinatis angulosis, v. circulari-discoideis; peritheiis stromati semiimmersis, globulosis, obtusiusculis v. acutiusculis, nigris, intus albis; contextu atro-fusco; ascis elongato-clavatis, basi attenuatis, $70-80 \pm 18$, paraphysibus filiformibus densis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis primo sphæroideis, dein ovoideo-fusiformibus, $20-25 \pm 10-12$, subdistichis, hyalinis, nucleatis. — *Dothiorella Berengeriana* Sacc. sistit pycnidium.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Magnoliae grandifloræ*, *Frangulae*, *Deutziae scabræ*, *Menispermi canadensis*, *Rhois radicantis*, *Tiliæ europææ*, *Ailanthi*, *Quercus sessilifloræ*, *Rosæ centifoliæ*, *Juglandis regiæ*, *Sophoræ japonicæ*, *Mori albæ*, *Æsculi Hippocastani*, *Populi*, *Polygalæ*, *Pruni*, *Aceris*, *Platani* etc. in Gallia, Germania, Lusitania, Amer. austr. — **B. acutior* Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 431. Peritheiis liberis, subaggregatis, ostiolo acuto; cetera typi. In ramis *Philadelphiae*, *Selva*, Ital. bor. — **B. melanommoides* Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 433. Peritheiis liberis, gregariis, ostiolo acutiusculo; cetera typi. In ligno nudo populino, Vittorio, Ital. bor.

3. **Botryosphaeria Arctostaphyli** (Plowr.) Calif. Sphær. in Grev. VII, 1764
 p. 73. — Peritheiis superficialibus, inæqualibus, varia magnitudine subglobosis, depressis, collabascentibus; ostiolis obsoletis; ascis clavato-pyriformibus $70 \pm 15-20$; sporidiis continuis, ovoideis, subinde curvulis, $15-18 \pm 4-5$, hyalinis. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis ovoideis, hyalinis $3-4 \pm 1$.

Hab. in ligno *Arctostaphyli glauci*, California Amer. bor. — Accedit ad var. *melenommoidem* *B. Bérengerianæ*.

4. **Botryosphaeria Juglandis** (Mont.) Sacc. *Dothidea Juglandis* Mont. 1765
 Pl. cellul. Cent. VIII, p. 126 (1860), *Botr. juglandina* De Not.

Sfer. ital. p. 82, t. 89. — Erumpens; stromatibus subcutaneis rugosis, subrotundis, confluentibus extus intusque atris; peritheciis immersis, vel semiimmersis oblongis, ostiolis conicis, intus niveis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis, 150 μ . longis, paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongis vel subcymbiformibus, continuis, medio subventricosis, 25 \times 10, granulosis, hyalinis (sec. icon. De Not. utrinque obtusis).

Hab. in ramis corticatis Juglandis regiae in Italia et Gallia. — Species Notarisiana vix differt a Montagneana peritheciis paulo magis prominentibus.

5. **Botryosphaeria Cerasi** (C. et Ell.) Sacc. *Dothidea Cerasi* C. et E. 1766
New Jers. Fungi in Grev. V, p. 34, t. 75, fig. 2. — Stromatibus gregariis, partim erumpentibus, elongatis, peridermio cinctis, atris; peritheciis papillatis; ascis clavatis, breve stipitatis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, 25 \times 12–14.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Cerasi, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

6. **Botryosphaeria advena** Ces et De Not. Schema Sf. p. 212 Sacc. 1767
F. it. t. 434. *Dothidea advena* Ces. Erb. critt. ital. ser. I, n. 495.
D. melanops Tul. Carp. II. 73. *Melanops Tulasnei* Fuck. Symb. 225. — Stromatibus innato-erumpentibus, corticolis, 1–2 mill. diam., depresso-pulvinatis nigris, superficie vix tuberculosis; albo-farctis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolis obtusis; ascis magnis, clavatis, 150 \times 25, apice lumine leniter coarctato, breve crasse stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis, sporidiis distichis, oblongo-rhombeis, 40–44 \times 15, guttulatis, nubilosique hyalinis; stylosporis in peritheciis distinctis fusoideo-elongatis, 45–50 \times 12, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis quercinis in Gallia, Britannia, Germania et Italia boreali.

7. **Botryosphaeria aterrima** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Melanops aterrima* Fuck. 1768
Symb. myc. p. 225. — Stromatibus plerumque in corticis vetusti rimis nidulantibus, erumpentibus, aterrimis, 1–4 lineas latis, orbicularibus elongatisve, planis concavisque, subrepandis, corrugato-callosis, intus concoloribus, duris, epidermidis laciniis circumdati; loculis macrostylosporiferis plane inordinate immersis, globosis oblongisve, verticaliter dispositis, nucleo albo; macrostylosporis in cirrhis candidis, longis expulsis, oblique fusiformibus, monoplastis, hyalinis, in sterigmatibus ortis, 48 \times 8; asci nondum visi.

Hab. in rimis corticis annosi Ulmi campestris pr. Oestrich

Rhenogoviæ. — Peraffinis *B. advenæ*, secund. Fuck., sed tantum pycnidica, ergo dubia.

8. **Botryosphaeria Cratægi** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Cratægi* Schw. Syn. 1769

. Am. bor. n. 1445. — Cæspitulis plerumque ellipticis, prorumpentibus, nigris, aut fuscescentibus, laxe nempe ad dimidiam partem involutis tomento furfuraceo-fusco; peritheciis majusculis, paucis, difformibus, semiliberis, demum pertusis (an primum papillatis?) intus albofarctis, demum evacuatis.

Hab. in variis speciebus *Cratægi*, Bethlehem, Amer. bor. — Horizontaliter secto cæspitulo, perithecia subcircinnatim disposita, in ipsa massa corticali nidulantia conspicuntur. Sec. Ellis fructificatio *Botryosphaeriæ*.

9. **Botryosphaeria pyriospora** (Ellis) Sacc. *Sphæria pyriospora* Ellis 1770

Bull. Torr. Cl. 1874, p. 46. — Peritheciis cortice interiore nidulantibus sparsis v. confluentibus, subinde seriate dispositis, peridermum longitudinaliter perforantibus, initio albo-farctis; ostiolis leniter prominulis, minutis; ascis turgidis cylindricis; sporidiis oblongo-pyriformibus, 30 μ . long., stipatis.

Hab. in ramis *Chionanthi virginicæ*, Newfield, New Jersey, in America boreali.

10. **Botryosphaeria ambigua** (Schw.). Sacc. *Sph. (confluent.) ambigua* 1771

Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1442. *Melogramma ambiguum* (Schw.) Berk. Grev. V, 34, t. 75, f. 5. — Prorumpens; cæspitulis subrotundis nigris, satis elevatis; peritheciis non ostiolatis, denique pertusis, subirregularibus, oblongis, imo sub flexuosis et globosis, paucis tantum confluentibus; extus quamquam non glabris, quasi nitentibus, intus albofarctis; ascis tereti-clavatis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongo-subrhombatis, 32-37 \times 12, hyalinis.

Hab. in sarmentis *Rhois radicantis*, *R. copallinæ*, Carolina, New Jersey, Florida et Pensylvania, Amer. bor.

11. **Botryosphaeria Wisteriæ** (Rehm) Sacc. *Thuemenia Wisteriæ* 1772

Rehm Myc. E. n. 971. *Melogramma Wisteriæ* (Rehm) Cooke. — Peritheciis aggregatis, minimis, ex matrice nigerrima oriundis, dein elevatis, conoideo-subpapillatis, apice vix pertusis, nigerrimis, corticem, in plagas hysteriformes plerumque verticaliter diffidentibus itaque lirellas aterrimas, peritheciis mamillosas præbentibus; ascis clavatis, longe stipitatis, crassis, vertice præsertim incrassatis, 150 \times 16-18, octosporis, parce ramoso-paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, obtuse rhomboideis, uni-, tri-plurinucleatis, unicellularibus, 18-21 \times 8.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Wisteriæ sinensis, Aiken Carolina austr. Amer. bor. (H. W. RAVENAL).

12. **Botryosphæria Delilei** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Dothidea Delilei*. Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 546. Syll. Crypt. n. 771. — Subcutanea, minuta, sparsa, aut linearis-seriata aggregataque, cuticula erosa arcte cincta, ostiolis tenuissimis granulosa, cellulis albo-farctis; ascis clavatis 70–100 μ . long., sporidiis 20 \approx 10, cymbiformi-ventricosis.

Hab. ad ramos salicinos, Monspelii Galliæ (DELILE); in ramis Ricini apud Alger (DURIEU).

13. **Botryosphæria Dothidea** (Moug. et Fr.) Ces. et De Not. Schema 1774 Sfer. p. 212 *Sph.* *Dothidea* Moug. in Fr. S. M. II. 423. *Dothidea Rosæ* Fr. S. V. S. p. 386. — Subrotunda, erumpenti-innata, stroma pallide fusco, peritheciis globosis subimmersis, albofarctis; ascis clavatis, crasse stipitatis, apice rotundatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, amygdaloideis, hyalinis v. pallide flavis, 17–20 \approx 8–9, intus granulosis.

Hab. in ramis Fraxini et Rosæ in Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia. — Sub cortice tenui observantur tumores orbiculares, 2–3 lin. lat., epidermide in rimas flexuosas dehiscente tecti, sub qua latet stroma fusco-atrum, tuberculo corticali sub prominente incumbens. Perithecia primo immersa, cellulas albas referunt; adulta procul dubio emersa.

14. **Botryosphæria Persimon** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphaeria (confluentes) Persimon* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1444. *Dothidea parsimons* Fr. Elench. II. 122. — Cæspitulis gregarie confluentibus, varie flexuosis, planiusculis, nigris, ex epidermide elevata prorumpentibus; peritheciis convexis, semiprominulis, papillatis, intus albo-farctis, demum evacuatis.

Hab. passim in cortice Diospyri virginianæ (vulgo Persimon) Salem, Amer. bor. — Differt a *B. Quercum*, cui affinis, peritheciis valde prominulis et ostiolo manifestiori conico-papillato, nec non apice peritheiorum subtruncato.

15. **Botryosphæria venenata** (C. et Ell.) Sacc. *Dothidea venenata* C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. V. 95. — Erumpens; pustulis parvulis, gregariis, convexo-planis, atris; epidermide fissa cinctis; ascis clavatis, stipitatis; sporidiis amygdaloideis, hyalinis, 45 \approx 12–15; microstylosporis ovalibus, 8 μ . long.; macrostylosporis ellipticis, brunneis, 30 \approx 10.

Hab. in ramis Rhois venenatae, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Affinis *Botr. ambiguæ*, sed pustulæ multo tenuiores.

16. **Botryosphaeria syconophila** (De Not.) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 1777
Sphaeria syconophila Micr. ital. D. VI, p. 100, fig. V. *Dothidea syconophila* Dur. et Mont. Alg. 545. — Acervulis erumpentibus, atris, 1-2 mill. lat., parum prominulis, discoideis v. oblongis; peritheciis minutissimis, numerosis subastomis, atris, vertice saepe acutis, nucleo albo, saepius biseriatis; ascis clavatis, deorsum attenuatis, saepe torosis, paraphysatis, octosporis, 140-145 ± 20-25; sporidiis ovoideis intus guttulatis v. grumosis, pallidis, 25 ± 8-10.
Hab. in cortice emortuo Fici Caricæ prope Genuam (Italia) et in Algeria.
17. **Botryosphaeria Meliae** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (confluent.) *Meliae* 1778
 Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1443, Fr. El. II, 86. *Melogramma Meliae* (Schw.) Berk. in Grev. — Satis polymorpha; junior ex epidermide prorumpens et ab ea cincta, cæspitulum sclerotioideum subrotundum, griseo-fuscum sistente; peritheciis in superficie vix prominentibus, intus albo-farctis; provectiori ætate cæspitulis elongatim et seriatim confluentibus, peritheciis fere omnino liberatis, pluribus tamen in unum connatis, apice applanato, ceterum rugosis, difformibus vix alhofarctis; ostiolis indistinctis hysteriomorphis: fructificatione (teste Ellis) *Botryosphaeriæ*.
Hab. vulgatissima in ramulis Meliae Azedarach, Carolina, America boreali.
18. **Botryosphaeria Hibisci** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph.* (confluentes) *Hibisci* 1779
 Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1444. *Melogramma Hibisci* (Schw.) Berk. in Grev. — Cæspitulis elongatis confluentibus, saepe varie flexuosis, ex epidermide prorumpentibus, epidermide substellatim fissa, circum circa erecta, sed non cæspitulum denudante; superficie cæspituli applanata; peritheciis nigris, pulvere parco fusco-atro adspersis, papillatis, ovatis intus albo-farctis, prominentibus.
Hab. rarius in truncis emortuis Hibisci rosei, Salem, Amer. bor. — Fibræ corticales quibus adhærent cæspituli cum ligno nigriscunt. Fructificatio *Botryosphaeriæ*, teste Ellis.
19. **Botryosphaeria præstans** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (cæspitosa) *præstans* Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 259. — Stromate corticali effuso nigro, peritheciis erumpentibus, prominentibus, ovatis, rugulosis, atris; ostiolis conicis pertusis; ascis magnis clavatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis continuis, hyalinis.
Hab. in Insula Galliae ad cortices (A. DU PETIT-THOUARS).
20. **Botryosphaeria sorosia** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (cæspitosa) *sorosia* 1781
 Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 49. — Erumpens; peritheciis

periphericis, globosis, nigris, intus albis, stromate proprio nigro carbonaceo suffultis, ostiolis pertusis punctiformibus, nucleo albo; ascis paraphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad caules Ricini.... ubi? (GAUDICHAUD).

21. **Botryosphæria lanaris** (Welw. et Curr.) Sacc., *Sphaeria lanaris* 1782

Welw. et Curr. Fungi Angol. p. 283. — Peritheciis conicis, vel subglobosis, sub epidermide nigrificata in acervos vel tubercula irregulariter stipatis, ostiolis minutis prominentibus; stromate fusco, lanuginoso e folii substantia formato; sporidiis 1-2 seriatis, pallidis, ellipticis vel subpyriformibus, interdum 1-2 nucleatis, 15-18 p. longis.

Hab. ad folia variarum specierum Fici, Golungo alto, Angola.

22. **Botryosphæria catervaria** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Diatrype catervaria* 1783

Berk. et C. in N. Pac. expl. p. 128, n. 156. — Stromatibus parvis in maculas aggregatis, papilla centrali notatis, quandoque confluentibus; ascis brevibus; sporidiis globosis.

Hab. in foliis Fici, Hong-Kong, Ceylon.

23. **Botryosphæria euomphala** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria euomphala* 1784

B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 904. — Peritheciis cupularibus, congestis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis, subellipticis, distichis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis in udis Carolinæ inferiore Americæ borealis (RAVENEL).

24. **Botryosphæria diplodioides** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. diplodio-* 1785

des D. et M. Fl. Alg. I. p. 480. Syll. crypt. p. 230, n. 810. — Innata, atra; stromate subepidermide effuso, atro-fusco; peritheciis globoso-depressis aut ovoideis, sparsis vel aggregato-confluentibus, epidermide erupta et adhaerente cinctis, vix prominulis, albo-farctis, poro ostiolato albo instructis, tandem circumscisis, cupulas atronitentes relinquentibus; ascis magnis clavatis, 90±35; sporidiis 8, cymbiformibus, simplicibus, gibbis, 40±10, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice Quercus cocciferæ, La Calle (DURIEU).

25. **Botryosphæria rhizogena** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphaeria (confluentes) rhi-* 1786

zogena Berk. Dec. n. 99. *Melogramma rhizogenum* Berk. North Am. Fungi in Grev. — Suborbicularis, atro-fusca; stromate pallido; peritheciis globosis, primum croceo-pruinosis, demum supra atrofuscis, subtus pallido-fuscis, papilla subtili abrupta quandoque depressa; intus pallido-fuscis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipsoideis.

Hab. in radicibus Gleditschiæ Triacanthi, Ohio et Carolina superiore Americæ borealis.

26. **Botryosphaeria Vitis** (Schulz.) Sacc. *Gibbera Vitis* Schulz., Thuem. 1787

Pitze d. Welist. p. 114. — Peritheciis nigris, globosis, $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{6}$ unc. latis, in stromate obsoleto sessilibus, denseque confertis, aculeatis, aculeis brevissimis, crassis, demum deciduis, vertice obtusissimo, rotundato, nucleo albo-griseo; ascis clavatis, 8-sporis, basalibus; sporidiis ovatis, 26-27 \approx 10-13, hyalinis vel dilutissime coloratis; paraphysibus articulatis, concretis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Vitis viniferae in Slavonia (SCHULZER). — A typo *Botryosphaerice* differt peritheciis aculeolatis.

27. **Botryosphaeria mascarensis** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. mascarensis* Mont. 1788

Cent. II, n. 94, Ann., 2, XVI, p. 272, Syll. Crypt. n. 806. — Erumpens, subrotunda, plana; peritheciis sphæricis, in crustam colliculosam, stromate corticali junctis, intus albis, ostiolis prominulis; ascis amplis, clavatis, 200 \approx 40, octosporis; sporidiis, 50 \approx 20, ovoido-oblongis altero fine mucronatis granulosis.

Hab. ad cortices arborum, insula Mascarena (BALBIS).

28. **Botryosphaeria horizontalis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Melogramma hori-* 1789

zontalis B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 859. — Transversim erumpens; peritheciis subtiliter pulverulentis; ascis clavatis amplis; sporidiis fusiformibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Gossypii in Carolina inferiore Americæ borealis (RAVENEL).

Minus certæ.

29. **Botryosphaeria Trames** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. Trames* B. et C. 1790

North Amer. Fungi n. 908. — Peritheciis seriatis, globosis, subtiliter tomentosis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis cymbæformibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris in Carolina inf. Amer. bor. — Sporidia illis *Botr. Quercuum* similia.

30. **Botryosphaeria graphidea** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Melogramma gra-* 1791

phideum B. et Rav. North Amer. Fungi n. 860. — Brevis, graphidea, cortice marginata; sporidiis breviter fusiformibus, hyalinis, 20 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Myricæ ceriferæ in Carolina Americæ borealis.

31. **Botryosphaeria Gleditschiæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Gleditschiæ* Schw. 1792

Carol. n. 31. Fr. S. M. II. 421 *Melogramma Gleditschiæ* (Schw.) Berk. in Grev. — Diformis, atra, stromate spadiceo, peritheciis conicis, connatis, faretis, atris, astomis.

Hab. in cortice Gleditschiæ in Carolina Amer. bor. — Cæ-

- 464 *Sphaeriaceæ, Hyalosporæ, Botryosphæria.*
spites sparsi, 2 lin. longi et infra, sparsim erumpentes. Stroma vi-
detur corticale. Perithecia subdema.
32. **Botryosphæria? escharoides** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. escharoides* Fr. El. 1793
II. 84. — Emersa, subsuperficialis, convexa, tuberculo-rugosa,
opaca, atra, peritheciis minimis, nigrofarcitis, ostiolis prominulis.
Hab. ad cortices Juglandis in Gallia circa Angers (GUEPIN).
— Variabilis. Tubercula tota e peritheciis connatis composita, nunc
orbicularia, planiuscula, nunc elongata seriata, magis irregularia,
1–3 lin. longa. Perithecia exigua, connata, globosa, intus nucleo
atro, cingulo albo cincto; adsunt vero simul alia dispersa solitaria.
33. **Botryosphæria polita** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. polita* Fr. S. M. II. 426. 1794
Stromate late effuso latente nigro; peritheciis cæspitoso-erumpen-
tibus subconnatis nitidis astomis.
Hab. in caulibus emortuis Heraclei Sphondylii, Dresden
Germaniæ (SCHUBERT). — Stroma tenue, effusum, cortice interiori
innatum et cum hoc a caule deciduum, tenerrima epidermide te-
ctum. Perithecia seriata, primo immersa, dein cæspitose erumpen-
tia, conglomerata, lævia, prominentia, intus albido-cinerascentia.
34. **Botryosphæria chnaumatica** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria chnaumatica* 1795
Wall. Fl. Crypt. n. 4037. — Peritheciis rugulosis nigris minutis,
confertissime conglomeratis, intus albidis, stroma carnosum viridi-
atrum carnosum, hypophlœodes oblitterantibus grumulosque exiguos
ovato-subrotundos planiusculos acinosos, epidermidem scissum re-
clinantes mentientibus.
Hab. ad corticem Populi tremulæ languidum, in Thuri-
gia Germaniæ.
35. **Botryosphæria Calycanthei** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Calycanthei* Schw. 1796
Syn. Carol. n. 126. *Melogramma Calycanthei* (Schw.) Berk. in
Grev. — Subovata, prominens, atra, peritheciis confluentibus, de-
pressis, lævibus, albo-farctis, subpapillatis.
Hab. in ramis emortuis Calycanthei in Carolina Amer. bor.
— Cæspites minuti, lineam lati, parum prominentes, sparsim erum-
pentes, stromate byssoide. Perithecia minuta, opaca, parum diffor-
mia, circiter 12, alia astoma, alia papillata.
36. **Botryosphæria Castaneæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sph. Castaneæ* Schw. in 1797
Fr. S. M. II. 420. — Ovata, planiuscula, atra, peritheciis conflu-
entibus truncatis, rugulosis, papillatis.
Hab. in cortice Castanearum in Carolina Amer. bor. —
Cæspites difformes, ovati, 3 lin. longi, confertim nascentes, pro mo-
re erumpentes, epidermide cincti. Stroma tuberculosum, fusco-ni-

grum, subelevatum. Perithecia globoso-depressa, pauca v. numerosa 30–100, manifeste papillata, papilla cum superiore parte decidua, inania apum cellulas referunt. In juniore ætate intus albidofarcta.

37. **Botryosphaeria Liriodendri** (Cooke) Sacc. *Melogramma Liriodendri* Cooke in Rav. Fungi Am. n. 353 (nec. *Sphaeria Liriodendri* Schw.).

Hab. in cortice *Liriodendri*, Airken, Carol. inf. Amer. bor. — Specimina Ravenelii l. c. quæ observavi, sistunt *Dothiorellæ* formam; peritheciis in stromata applanata rimose erumpentia dense aggregatis, albo-farctis, vix papillatis; sporiis oblongo-fusoideis 30 \approx 5, ganuloso-hyalinis, breve stipitatis.

Melogrammella: ostiolis subrostratis.

38. **Botryosphaeria ferruginea** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Melanops ferruginea* 1799

Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II. p. 96. — Stromatibus primo subcorticalibus, demum liberis, effusis, nigro-limitatis, 2–9 cent. long., 2–5 mill. cr., intus ferrugineis, siccis, extus nitido-nigris, valde rimosis asperisque; peritheciis in stromatis superiori parte immersis, inordinate dispositis, majusculis, globosis, rostris plus minusve elongatis, rotundato-obtusis seu acute conicis, 4–5gonis, nitidis; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 144 \approx 12; sporiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, continuis, rectis, 4–6guttulatis, hyalinis, 20 \approx 8; paraphysibus linearibus, multiguttulatis.

Hab. in truncis putridis Alni glutinosæ, Neuchâtel Helvetiæ (MORTIER). — Ostiolis subrostratis et stromate ferrugineo etc. a generis typo recedit et potius *Silliæ* analogon videtur.

39. **Botryosphaeria Van Vleckii** (Schw.) Sacc., *Sph. (cæspitosa) Van Vleckii* 1800

Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1427, *Melogramma Van Vleckii* (Schw.) Berk. North Amer. Fungi. — Irregulariter cæspitosa, in stromate atro, subpulveraceo, cortici interiori, aut ligno ipso subaffixo, difformi et faciliter decadente; cæspitulis crassiusculis, primo epidermide omnino tectis dein assurgentibus peritheciisque truncum infestatum longe lateque quasi variolosum reddentibus, corticemque dejicientibus; peritheciis ipsis cylindrico-globosis, nigris, intus albo-farctis, rugosis, vix inter se confluentibus sed a fibris solutis sæpeque separatis; ostiolis longis, rostellatis, intermixtis brevioribus, divergentibus, demum deciduis; sporiis fusoides, hyalinis 15 μ . long.

Hab. passim prope Salem Amer. bor. in ramis corticatis *Bignoniæ* radicantis.

CRYPTOSPORELLA Sacc. Mich. I, 30. (Etym. a *Cryptospora*, cuius est analogum genus). — Perithecia valsiformiter aggregata, corticola. Asci 4–8-spori, apophysati. Sporidia ovata vel fusoidea, continua, hyalina. — A genere *Cryptospora* (sporidiis vermicularibus limitato) facillime dignoscitur sporidiis ovoido-oblongis.

1. **Cryptosporella hypodermia** (Fr.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30 et 369, Fungi 1801 ital. t. 479, *Sphæria hypodermia* Fr. S. M. II, 407, *Valsa hypodermia* Fr. S. V. S. 412, *Cryptospora hypodermia* (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 192. — Stromate valseo, cortici omnino immerso nec erumpente pustulato, strato summo centrali, pulveraceo, fucato, tenui, angusto excepto, substantia corticis omnino immutata formatum; peritheciis 3–6 in singulo stromate, circinantibus, cortici immersis, sphæroideis, atris, pusillis, collis convergentibus subiunctis; ostiolis subsphæroideis vel conoideis seu elongatis, nitidis, in discum per peridermum erumpens, minutum, 0,4 mill. lat, circiter, nigrum dense stipatis; ascis sessilibus, elongatis, utrinque attenuatis, 100–125 = 16–20 p. sporif. octosporis; sporidiis tristichis vel subdistichis, fusoideo-elongatis, rectis, guttulatis, simplicibus, chlorino- vel luteolo-hyalinis, 34–50 = 7–9. — *Spermogonium* (*Fusicoccum?*) gelatina alba, in cellulis simplicibus, sub epidermide nidulans; conidiis ovatis, cum guttula oleosa magna et episporio crasso, hyalinis, 24 = 16, in stipitum simplicium apicibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Ulmi campestris* in Suecia, Fennia, Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Britannia et Italia.

2. **Cryptosporella Limminghii** (West.) Sacc. *Sphæria Limminghii* 1802 Kickx Fl. crypt. Fl. I, 323. — Pustulis subrotundis v. transverse oblongis, peridermum pustulatim elevantibus, perforantibusque; peritheciis 6–12 in quaqe pustula, sphæricis, minutis; collis cylindricis elongatis, ostiolis in discum subrotundum mamillosum, nigro-nitidulum conjunctis; ascis clavatis v. subfusoideis, apophysatis; sporidiis distichis elliptico-oblongis, acutiusculis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Ulmi*, S. Georges, Courtrai, in Belgio. — Peraffinis videtur *C. hypodermiae*, nisi eadem.

3. **Cryptosporella aurea** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30, Mich. 369, Fungi 1803 ital. tab. 425, *Valsa aurea* Fuck. Enum. Fungor. Nassov. p. 53, fig. 20 (1851), *V. amygdalina* Cooke Seem. Journ. (1866), *V. rutila* Tul. Carp. II, 196 (1863). — Stroma e basi orbiculari co-

nicum v. convexum, plerumque plus minus protuberans, pustulatum, peridermio arctissime adhærente tectum, disco lateritio v. ru-

tilante, ostiolis tandem nigro-punctato, coronatum; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4-10, corticis parenchymati immutato infossis, globosis, minutis, circinantibus, in collum tenuissimum attenuatis;

ostiolis minimis, cylindricis nec incrassatis, obtusis, in margine disci exigui vix exsertis; ascis anguste oblongis v. fere cylindricis, sessilibus, octosporis, 108-160 \approx 16-18; sporidiis obliquis monostichis v. pro parte distichis, elliptico-ovatis, rectis, rarius inæquilateralibus, unicellularibus, subhyalinis, 24-30 \approx 8-12. — Status spermogonicus (*Fusicoccum?*). Pustulis minutis, siccis, demum epidermidem lacerantibus, intus niveis, simplicibus, siccis primo spermatiis minutissimis, cylindraceis, demum aliis majoribus, ascosporis valde similibus repletis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Carpini Betuli in Germania, Gallia, Britannia et Italia.

4. **Cryptosporella Daldiniana** (De Not.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30, *Endothia* 1804
Daldiniana De Not. Recl. in Comm. II, 477. — Corticola; peritheciis insculptis, circinatis, ovoideis, rotundatisve, rostratis, convergentibus, rostro toto elongato teretiusculo, clypeo stromatico aurantio conoideo-truncato, vertice mox denudato, ostiolisque punctiformibns atris notato exceptis; ascis coacervatis, teretiusculis, tetrasporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, episporio crassiusculo limbatis, hyalino-luteolis, continuis.

Hab. in ramis siccis Coryli Avellanæ, Locarno Ital. bor. (DALDINI). — *Crypt. aurea*, cui affinis, differt sporidiis duplo fere majoribus et octonis.

5. **Cryptosporella chondrospora** (Ces.) Rehm, Ascom. et Diagn. n. 335, 1805
Cryptospora limitata Kunze F. sel. n. 155, *Sphæria chondrospora* Ces. Hedw. I, t. 11, fig. II. — Stromatibus sub peridermio nidulantibus, idque pustulatim elevantibus, depresso-hemisphæricis, intus extusque luteolis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 1-3 globosis in collum breve conicum attenuatis, atris, 0,3 mill. diam.; ascis elongatis utrinque attenuatis, sessilibus, octosporis 95-100 \approx 15-18, paraphysatis; sporidiis subdistichis ovoideo-oblongis, 27-32 \approx 8-10, deorsum minus obtusis, continuis, initio nucleo crasso, dein bipartito, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum Tiliæ platyphyllæ in Italia et Germania.

6. **Cryptosporella populina** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. I, 509, *Cryptospora* 1806

pupulina Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 193. — Peritheciis in cortice interiori absque stromate nidulantibus, 4-12 irregulariter dispositis, decumbentibus, globosis, in rostrum attenuatis, ostiolis exsertis, globosis, perforatis, villosis; ascis amplis, stipitatis, 8sporis, breve et parce paraphysatis 110-115 = 12-16; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, rectis v. perparum curvatis, simplicibus, 1-3guttulatis hyalinis, 14-18 = 4-5. — Spermogonium sistit *Cryptosporium coronatum* Fuck. Sacculis planis, magnis, griseis, tectis, dein erumpentibus, basi annulo floccoso-radiato, albo circumdati; conidiis oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, simplicibus, hyalinis, in hypharum simplicium apicibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Populi pyramidalis in Germania, Belgio et Gallia.

7. **Cryptosporella Veneta** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 31 et 100, Fungi ital. 1807 tab. 157. — Peritheciis corticolis, hinc inde in acervulos valseos, epidermide tumidula cinctos circinato-aggregatis, globosis, intus nitidis; ostiolis longiusculis, apice incrassatis, in fasciculum vix emergentem convergentibus; ascis fusoideis aparaphysatis, 110 = 20, octosporis; sporidiis imbricato-distichis, fusoideis rectiusculis, utrinque acutis, 35 = 10, granuloso-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Populi tremulæ, Cenegliano, Ital. bor. — (SPEGAZZINI). — Ab affini *C. Esculi* (Fuck.) Sacc., differt sporidiis majoribus, ostiolisque minus exertis, crassioribusque.

8. **Cryptosporella Æsculi** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30, *Cryptospora E-* 1808 *sculi* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 193. — Peritheciis 6-8, sub corticis epidermide nidulantibus, absque stromate, irregulariter dispositis, globosis, media magnitudine, atris, ostiolis longe exsertis, gracilibus, teretibus; ascis amplis, oblongis, ad dimidiam partem sporidiis 8 repletis; sporidiis ellipticis, rectis vel perparum curvatis, 2-3 guttulatis, simplicibus, hyalinis, 26-28 = 7-8. — Status conidiophorus sub epidermide demum fissa nidulans, gelatinam rubescentem exhibens; conidiis oblongo-ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 18 = 4.

Hab. in ramis dejectis Æsculi Hippocastani præcipue ad pulvinulos foliorum, prope Reichartshausen Germaniæ.

9. **Cryptosporella compta** (Tul.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30, *V. compta* Tul. 1809 Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 196, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 219. — Stromate e basi orbiculari convexo, pustulato-protuberante, pustulis circa discum deplanatis, immo impressis, peridermio arctissime adhaerente et disco minutissimo, orbiculari pertuso, ceterum plerumque integro tectis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 6-9, majusculis glo-

bosis, cortici interiori haud mutato insculptis, circinantibus, in colum breve, tenue abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis exiguis, parum v. vix incrassatis, discum albido-pulverulentum, deinde cinereum vix superantibus; spermogoniis depresso conicis, truncatis, papilla pertusa, unica, in disco centrali v. duabus instructis; spematiis cylindricis, curvulis, minutissimis, $4 \approx 1$; sterigmatibus longis, tenuissimis, subsimplicibus; ascis octosporis, sessilibus, nunc anguste clavatis v. oblongis, nunc cylindricis, $100 \approx 16$; sporidiis late ovatis, rarius subcylindricis, rectis, rarius nonnihil curvatis, monostichis v. saepius pro parte distichis, unicellularibus, hyalinis, $16 \approx 8$, raro usque $28 \approx 16$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fagi sylvaticæ in Gallia et Germania.

10. **Cryptosporella sphærostoma** (Nits.) Sacc. Mich. I, 30, *Valsa sphærostoma* Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 218. — Stromate e basi ovali conico-attenuato, depresso, minuto, in pustulas parum elevatas protuberante, peridermio arcte adhærente, disculis tantum lanceolatis v. ellipticis pertuso tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-12, corticis parenchymati immutato insculptis, circinantibus, globosis, collis brevibus instructis; ostiolorum disculo minutissimo, peridermii rimas angustas, transversim directas, plerumque nonnihil superante, ex albido cinereo v. fuscescente; ostiolis incrassatis, majusculis, globosis, atris, nitidis, in disci margine erumpentibus, poro minutissimo pertusis; spermogoniis stromatibus perithecigeris facie externa simillimis, papilla atra, pertusa, in disco elliptico v. suborbiculari, cinerascenti centrali instructis, multilocularibus, locellis radiatim dispositis; spematiis cylindricis, nonnihil curvatis, $5-7 \approx 1$; sterigmatibus longiusculis, filiformibus, parce ramosis; ascis subclavatis, membrana apicem versus incrassata textis, deorsum longe attenuatis, octosporis, $60-80 \approx 10-12$; sporidiis subdistichis, ovatis v. cylindraceis, rectis v. nonnihil curvatis, unicellularibus, hyalinis, $16 \approx 5-6$, raro $18-24 \approx 8$.

Hab. in ramis Pruni Padi prope Münster Germaniæ, raro.

11. **Cryptosporella leptasca** (P. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa leptasca* P. et C. 1811 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Subpustulata, nigricans; peritheciis minutis, numerosis, in ostiola papillata v. conoidea desinentibus; ascis elongato-cylindraceis, tenuibus; sporidiis monostichis, continuis, oblongis v. elliptico-oblongis, plerumque 2-nucleatis, $7-8 \mu$. longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Rhois typhinæ, Buffalo Am. bor. (CLINTON).

12. **Cryptosporella Niesslii** (J. Kunze) Sacc. *Cryptospora Niesslii* J. 1812

Kunze Hedw. 1878, p. 46. — Pustulis corticolis, minutis, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 mill. diam., peridermum hinc inde leniter bullatim elevantibus, depresso-conicis, intus melleis v. flavidis, medio subcavis conidio-phorisque (?); peritheciis subcircinantibus globulosis in ostiola cylindrica fasciculato-divergentia erumpentia desinentibus; ascis oblongis 36 \approx 9, octosporis; sporidiis elliptico-obtusis, subinde nivalicularibus, continuis, 12 \approx 3, utrinque 1-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramulis Aceris Pseudoplatani prope Brünn Moraviæ (NIESSL). — Cum *Diaporthe Niesslii* Sacc. non confundenda.

13. **Cryptosporella anomala** (Peck.) Sacc. *Diatrype anomala* Peck. 1813

28 Rep. on the st. Mus. New York. — Pustulis prominulis subrotundis v. ellipticis, erumpentibus, 2-5 mill. diam., ligno subinfossis, strato nigro cinctis, disco convexo v. leniter depresso, rugoso, brunneo v. nigricante, subinde albido-pruinoso; peritheciis crebris, stromate immersis, subinde elongatis; ostiolis stipatis v. laxis, saepe radiato-sulcatis, nigris; ascis brevibus, crassis fugacibus; sporidiis dense stipatis ellipsoideis, continuis, 7-9 μ . longis, utrinque 1-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in truncis Coryli Avellanæ, emortuis v. adhuc viventibus, Albany, Amer. bor.

14. **Cryptosporella innata** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Valsa innata* B. et C. 1814

North Amer. Fungi n. 874, Cooke Valsei of Un. St. 119. — Pustulis subcorticalibus, planis, ostiolis disco elevato brevi abditis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, utrinque attenuatis, 7,6 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Castaneæ vescae in montanis New York, Amer. bor. — Perithecia circa disculum digesta, in quo ostiola latent.

15. **Cryptosporella albofusca** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Valsa albofusca* C. 1815

et Ellis New Jersey Fungi Grev. V, p. 3, t. 75, f. 8. — Parva, epidermide tecta, erumpens; peritheciis paucis, ostiolis in disco fusco, primum albo-pulverulento, collectis; ascis arcte clavatis 100-120 μ . long.; sporidiis fusoideo-oblongis, utrinque attenuatis, continuis, multinucleatis, 40 \approx 5, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Quercus obtusilobæ, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Ostiola in disco albo-pruinoso nitida.

16. **Cryptosporella Ehrenbergii** (Tul.) Sacc. *Valsa Ehrenbergii* Tul. 1816

in Ann. Sc. nat. Bot. 1856 (25). — Stromate hypodermico pulvinato, sulfureo, cavernulis spermatiferis labyrintheis copiosis exa-

rato; spermatiis cylindricis rectis perexiguis cirrhos rubros crassos deformesque (*Næmaspora Ribis* Ehrenb.) sistentibus; peritheciis circinantibus crassis globosis in collum breve productis, ostiolis vix prominulis; ascis longe lateque cylindricis deorsum breve attenuatis octosporis, copiose paraphysatis; sporidiis monostichis, late ovoideis continuis.

Hab. in cortice *Ribis rubri* et *R. Uvæ-crispæ* prope Parisios Galliæ.

17. **Cryptosporella platanigera** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Valsa platanigera* 1817
B. et Br. A. N. Hist. n. 851, t. 9, fig. 12, Cooke Handb. n. 2477.
— Disco minuto albido; peritheciis globosis paucis; collis elongatis convergentibus, ostiolis obscuris; ascis clavatis breve stipitatis; sporidiis fusoideis, subdistichis, rectiusculis 17–18 μ . longis, intus granulosis.

Hab. in ramis *Platani*, Leicestershire Britanniæ. — Perithecia in quavis pustula 4–7.

18. **Cryptosporella foraminula** (Pers.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 30, *Sph. foraminula* Pers. in Curr. Comp. Sph. n. 131, fig. 127 (sporidiis late navicularibus 28–40 μ . long., subinde nucleatis, hyalinis in ascis crasse clavatis distichis) mihi nunc videtur potius forma nondum plene evoluta *Pseudovalsæ lanciformis* seu *Sph. foraminosæ* Pers. et Moug.

Cryptosporella? *erinacea* (Mont.) Sacc. Videas *Hypoxylon erinaceum* Mont. (Cfr. Syll. nostra 1497).

REPERTORIUM
SPHÆRIACEARUM HYALOSPORARUM
SECUNDUM MATRICES

Obs. B. indicat *Botryosphaeria*. — C. *Ceratostomella*. — Ca. *Camptosphaeria*. — Cr. *Cryptosporella*. — D. *Ditopella*. — G. *Gnomoniella*. — L. *Lœstadia*. — P. *Phomatospora*. — Ph. *Physalospora*. — Po. *Polytrichia*. — T. *Trabutia*. — Tr. *Trichosphaeria*. — U. *Urospora*. — W. *Walleriella*.

Abies — Tr. 744. — W. 758.	Bignonia — B. 800.
Acacia — Ph. 723.	Brassica — Tr. 745.
Acer — C. 546. — L. 604. 636. 637. — Ph. 612. — Tr. 754. — B. 763. 790. — Cr. 812.	Bupleurum — L. 624.
Æsculus — B. 763. — Cr. 808.	Buxus — L. 607.
Ailanthus — C. 763.	Calluna — Ph. 721.
Aletris — Ph. 670.	Calycanthus — B. 796.
Alnus — C. 546. 547. — G. 567. 573. L. 593. 618. — Ph. 660. 684. — D. 735. 736. — Fr. 752. — B. 799.	Carex — L. 642. — Ph. 656. — Tr. 748.
Althæa — Ph. 691.	Carpinus — C. 547. 552. — G. 567. 573. 589. — L. 919. — Tr. 753. — Cr. 803.
Andromeda — Ph. 703.	Cassia — Ph. 707.
Andropogon — P. 650. — Ph. 657.	Castanea — L. 614. — W. 759. — B. 797. — Cr. 814.
Anethum — Ph. 711.	Ceanothus — Ph. 692.
Angelica — G. 582.	Cephalaria — L. 615.
Arabis — P. 650.	Chamærops — C. 565.
Araceæ — Ph. 725.	Chionanthus — B. 770.
Arceuthobium — W. 756.	Cicuta — L. 643.
Arctostaphylos — B. 763.	Citrus — L. 599. — Ph. 771.
Arundo — Ph. 657.	Clematis — Ph. 673.
Astragalus — Ph. 668. 669.	Clethra — Ph. 612.
Aucuba — Ph. 663.	Cocos — L. 646.
Azalea — Ph. 612.	Codiæum — L. 627.
Bambusa — Ph. 719.	Comarum — G. 575. 576.
Berberis — L. 613. — D. 738.	Corallina — Ph. 727.
Betula — C. 546. 557. — G. 567. 571. 572. — Tr. 741. — W. 757.	Cornus — L. 606.
	Corylus — G. 568. 569. 573. 578. 590.

— Ph. 663. — Tr. 741. 742. — Cr. 804. 813.	Iania — Ph. 727. Iasminum — L. 623. Ilex — Ph. 685. Iuglans — B. 763. 765. 793. Iuncus — P. 652. Juniperus — Ph. 713. Iussiæa — P. 651.
Daucus — P. 653. Desmodium — Ph. 704. Deutzia — B. 763. Dianthus — L. 616. Dioscorea — L. 641. Diospyros — B. 775. Dolichos — Ph. 705.	Lappa — P. 650. Lathyrus — P. 650. — Ph. 681. Laurus — Ph. 702. — Tr. 749. Leguminosæ — Ph. 617. Libocedrus — W. 758. Liquidambar — 568. Liriodendron — B. 798. Ludwigia — Ph. 720. Lunularia — Ph. 729. Luzula — Ph. 709. — Tr. 748.
Echium — Ph. 694. Elodes — Ph. 697. Epilobium — L. 638, 645. Erica — L. 633. Eriobotrya — Ph. 660. Eupatorium — Ph. 694. Euphorbia — G. 583, 586, 587. — Ph. 666, 667. Euphrasia — L. 649.	Magnolia — B. 763. Melaleuca — Ph. 698. Melastoma — L. 631. Melia — B. 778. Menispermum — B. 763. Miconia — Ph. 724. Milium — L. 609. Morus — B. 763. Musa — Ph. 670. Myristica — Ph. 708. Myrtaceæ — T. 734.
Fagus — C. 546, 548, 550, 551, 553. — Cr. 809. Festuca — Ph. 657. Ficus — Ph. 660. — T. 734. — B. 777, 782, 783. Frangula — B. 763. Fraxinus — G. 568. — L. 626. — B. 774.	Nicotiana — L. 617. Nyssa — C. 564.
Galeopsis — P. 650. Galium — P. 655. Gelsemium — Ph. 680. Gleditschia — B. 786. 792. Gossypium — B. 789. Graminaceæ — L. 608. 630.	Obione — C. 560. Ph. 728. Œnanthe — Ph. 726. Œnothera — Ph. 687. Ostrya — G. 578. Oxalis — L. 635.
Hedera — Ph. 693. Heracleum — B. 794. Hibiscus — B. 779. Hippophaë — P. 650. Hosackia — D. 739. Hypericum — Ph. 682.	Peucedanum — Ca. 566. — L. 629. Phellandrium — L. 644. Phragmites — L. 608. 647. — Ph. 657. Pinus — C. 547. 559. 561. — L. 621. — Fr. 741. 743. 747. Platanus — L. 600. 601. — B. 763. — Cr. 817.

<i>Poa</i> — G. 581.	<i>Sambucus</i> — P. 650.
<i>Populus</i> — L. 598. — B. 763. 795. — Cr. 806. 807.	<i>Scirpus</i> — P. 650. — Ph. 657.
<i>Polygala</i> — B. 763.	<i>Secale</i> — Po. 740.
<i>Polygonum</i> — G. 583. 484. 585.	<i>Sequoia</i> — Ph. 688.
<i>Prunus</i> — G. 580. — Ph. 600. 663. — B. 763. 766. — Cr. 810.	<i>Sesleria</i> — Ph. 658.
<i>Psidium</i> — T. 734.	<i>Smilax</i> — Ph. 672.
<i>Psoralea</i> — Ph. 716.	<i>Solanum</i> — P. 650.
<i>Pterocarpus</i> — Ph. 715.	<i>Solidago</i> — Ph. 696.
<i>Pyrus</i> — L. 639.	<i>Sophora</i> — 763.
 	<i>Sorbus</i> — L. 597.
<i>Quercus</i> — C. 546. 547. 549. 552. 555. 556. — G. 574. — L. 592. 595. 596. 602. 603. 605. 622. — Ph. 714. — U. 732. — T. 733 — Tr. 741, 744. W. 760. — B. 762, 763, 767, 785. Cr. 815.	<i>Spartium</i> — Ph. 665.
<i>Rhododendron</i> — L. 620, 632. — Ph. 664.	<i>Statice</i> — Ph. 661.
<i>Rhus</i> — Ph. 701, 718. — B. 763, 771, 776. — Cr. 811.	<i>Taxus</i> — Ph. 660.
<i>Ribes</i> — G. 577. — Cr. 816.	<i>Tilia</i> — G. 591. — Ph. 677. — B. 763. Cr. 805.
<i>Ricinus</i> — B. 773, 781.	<i>Triticum</i> — L. 610. — Po. 740.
<i>Rosa</i> — G. 579. — L. 594. — Ph. 662. 696, 710. — B. 763, 774.	<i>Ulmus</i> — L. 567. — L. 640. — D. 737. B. 768. — Cr. 801. 802.
<i>Rubus</i> — G. 588. — Ph. 702.	<i>Vaccinium</i> — Ph. 674.
 	<i>Viola</i> — L. 648.
<i>Salix</i> — C. 558. — G. 573. — Ph. 660 676, 678. — W. 755. — B. 773.	<i>Vitis</i> — Ph. 690. — B. 787.
 	<i>Wisteria</i> — B. 772.
 	<i>Yucca</i> — P. 554. — Ph. 689.
 	<i>Xanthoxylon</i> — Ph. 706.

Sect. 4. Hyalodidymæ Sacc.

(*Didymosporœ* Sacc. *Consp. gen. Pyr.* p. 9, ex parte).

Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga v. fusoidea, 1-septata, hyalina v. subhyalina.

Clavis analytica generum.

A) Simplices.

a) Tectæ v. subtectæ.

1. Perithecia erostrata.

Sphærella. Perithecia innata, laxe tenuiterque contexta. Asci aparaphysati.
Sporidia prope medium septata.

Apiospora. Perithecia innata, solidiuscule contexta. Asci paraphysati. Sporidia prope basim septata. 539

Stigmata. Perithecia prominula, crassiuscule contexta, nucleo albo. Asci pseudoparaphysati. Sporidia didyma, luteola v. hyalina. 541

(Hypospilina). Est *Hypospila* hyalodidyma, ad interim huic generi subjuncta, quod videas inter *Hyalophragmias*. ;

Didymella. Perithecia solidiuscule v. tenuiter contexta. Asci paraphysati. Sporidia prope medium septata. 545

2. Perithecia rostellata.

Gnomonia. Perithecia submembranacea, ostiolo rostellato, centrali v. laterali. Asci aparaphysati, rarius paraphysati. 561

b) Subsuperficiales.

1. Perithecia erostrata.

† Perithecia glabra (v. initio pilis conidiophoris rarisch adspersa).

Epicymatia. Perithecia levia, lichenicola, solidiuscula, hemisphærica, exigua. Fructificatio sere *Sphærellæ*. 570

Lizonia. Perithecia levia, non lichenicola, sphæroidea v. ovoidea, prominula, obtusa, subcoriacea. Asci aparaphysati et sporidia majuscula.

Melanopsamma. Perithecia levia sphæroidea, papillata, subcarbonacea. Asci (saltem spurie) paraphysati.

Bertia. Perithecia rugosa, carbonacea, majuscula, vix papillata. Asci non v. rarius paraphysati. Sporidia teretiuscula.

2. Perithecia rostellata.

Lentomita. Perithecia subcarbonacea, saepius xylogena, ostiolo rostellato. Asci paraphysati.

†† Perithecia setis vestita.

Venturia. Perithecia typice phyllogena, minuta, submembranacea. Asci aparaphysati. Sporidia hyalina v. chlorina.

Eriosphaeria. Perithecia typice ligni- v. corticola, subcarbonacea. Asci (saltem spurie) paraphysati.

B) Cæspitosæ.

Gibbera. Perithecia congregata, subsuperficialia, stromate parcissimo, subglobosa, solidiuscula, breve setulosa. Sporidia e flavo hyalina.

Myrmæcium. Perithecia botryoideo-aggregata, glabra, intus alba, stromate depresso-pulvinato intus albido inserta. Sporidia hyalina.

C) Compositæ, stromaticæ.

Endothia. Stroma diatrypeum, crocatum. Perithecia immersa, nigricantia. Sporidia exigua.

Melanconis. Stroma valseum nigricans v. flavidum. Perithecia circinantia. Sporidia mediocria, mutica v. appendiculata. Status conidicus *Melanconium* sistens.

Hercospora. Stroma valseum nigricans. Perithecia circinantia. Sporidia mutica. Pycnidium *Rabenhorstiam* sistens.

Diaporthe. Stroma valseum v. diatrypeum v. eutypeum. Sporidia mutica v. appendiculata. Spermogonium *Phomæ* species (spermatiis longe stipitatis) sistens.

SPHÆRELLA Ces. et De Not. Schema Sfer. p. 62 p. p., Sacc. Gen.

Pyr. p. 9 (Etym. a *Sphæria*). — Perithecia tenui-membranacea, globoso-lenticularia, epidermide velata v. erumpentia, ostiolo impresso v. breve papillato pertusa. Asci aparaphysati, octospori. Sporidia elliptica v. oblonga, bilocularia, hyalina v. subhyalina. — Spermogonia et conidia in pluribus nota. — Fungilli numerosissimi, exigui, punctiformes, sæpiissime foliicolæ raro clado-carpogeni. Conferantur genera, pluribus notis *Sphærellæ* affinia: *Stigmata*, *Apiospora*, *Didymella* et *Epicymatia*.

I. In Dicotyledoneis parasiticæ.

a) Arboricolæ.

† Foliicolæ.

1. **Sphærella punctiformis** (Pers.) Rabh. Herb. myc. II, 264, *Sphæria punctiformis* Pers. Syn. p. 90, Fr. S. M. II, p. 525, nec Desm., nec Fuck., *Sphærella sparsa* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 4 p. p. fig. 4, 27, 39, *Sphæria perexigua* Lév. Fragm. myc. p. 144. — Sparsa; peritheciis innatis punctiformibus, lævibus, subnitidis, nigris, prominulis, collabascendo umbilicatis, poro simplici pertusis, 60-120 μ . diam., ascis tereti-clavatis, subsessilibus basi attenuatis, 28-45 \times 7-9; sporidiis distichis v. incumbenti-monostichis, obovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, constrictis, 6-9 \times 2-3,5, hyalinis, loculo inferiore acutiore.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum Quercum, rarius Fagi, Castaneæ, Æsculi, Caryæ, Lyoniæ, Corni in tota fere Europa et Amer. boreali.

2. **Sphærella maculiformis** (Pers.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 5, f. 1 1820
et 109, *Sph. maculiformis* Pers. Syn. p. 90, Fr. S. M. II, p. 524.
— Hypophylla; peritheciis innato-prominulis punctiformibus, glo-
bosis, nigris, in maculas inæquales conglomeratis, 70–80 μ . lat.
poro pertusis; ascis tereti-clavatis, sessilibus, 50–60 \approx 7–8, octo-
sporis; sporidiis biseriatis, obovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, constri-
ctis, 14 \approx 3–4 (rarius 2). — Spermogonia sistunt *Septoriam quer-
cinam* Desm. et probabiliter quoque *Sph. castanicolam* Desm.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum dejectorum *Quercus*, *Castaneæ*,
rarius *Æsculi*, *Carpini*, *Tiliæ*, *Platani*, *Fraxini*, *Vac-
cini* etc. in tota fere Europa et America boreali. — Maculæ
 $\frac{1}{2}$ –1 mill. diam., venulis limitatæ, hinc angulosæ.

3. **Sphærella nigrita** Cooke Some Extra-eur. Fungi in Grevill. VII, 1821
p. 13. — Hypophylla; peritheciis semiimmersis, in maculas orbic-
ulares nigrescentes congestis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis elongato-
ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 15 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis quercinis, New York Amer. bor. (GERARD.).

4. **Sphærella obliqua** Cooke Handb. n. 2746, *Sph. maculiformis* var. 1822
Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. fig. 7. — Peritheciis semiinnatis, nigris,
hinc inde 10–20 in maculas minutas, crebras, atras, dense aggre-
gatis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis biseriatis, curvulis, uniseptatis lo-
culo inferiore tenuiore, chlorinis 12–15 μ . longis. — Sec. Cooke
l. c. *Septoria castanicola* Desm. est spermogonium.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum emortuorum *Castaneæ* vescæ
in Britannia, socia genuina *Sph. maculiformi*, nec non in foliis
Rhododendri maximi, Buffalo Amer. bor. (PECK, 28 Rep.).

5. **Sphærella familiaris** Auersw. Myc. Eur. pag. 6. fig. 10. — Peri- 1823
theciis hypophyllis, nigris, opacis, epidermidi innatis, gregariis,
sed non maculas formantibus, depresso-globosis, imo lentiformibus,
poro simplici pertusis, 140 μ . latis; ascis creberrimis, tenuerrimis,
clavatis, in stipitem filiformem attenuatis, 8-sporis, 60 \approx 10–12,
p. sporif. 30–36 μ . longa; sporidiis biseriolariter stipatis, obovato-
oblongis, uniseptatis, pallide luteolis, 7–9 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum *Quercus* sæpius cinerascentium
in Germania.

6. **Sphærella spleniata** C. et Peck. 25 Rep. 105. — Peritheciis mi- 1824
nutis, dense aggregatis, maculasque latas subcirculares aut angu-
latas efficientibus, nigris, globosis, foliorum tomento nidulantibus;
ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, 12–15 μ . long.,
hyalinis.

Hab. in America boreali, Greenbush, in pagina infer. foliorum *Quercus bicoloris*.

7. **Sphærella Catesbeyi** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 53. — Hypophylla, im- 1825
mersa; peritheciis sparsis, sæpe 2-4 congestis, cuticula tectis, de-
mum rimose erumpentibus; sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis 20-
22 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis *Quercus Catesbeyi*, Darien Carol. Amer. bor. 1826

8. **Sphærella simulans** Cooke in Journ. of Bot. Aug. 1866, p. 246,
t. 50, f. 2. Handb. n. 2784. *Sphæria maculiformis* Auersw. p. p.
M. Eur. Pyr. p. 5, fig. 7. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, in maculam
nigram inæqualem conglomeratis, per epidermidem laciniatim ru-
ptam leviter emergentibus, sphæroideis, poro pertusis, atris, latit.
circiter 90 μ .; ascis subsessilibus, fusideo-bacillaribus elongatis,
38-50 \approx 7-8 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, subovoideo-elongatis,
curvulis, paullo extra medium uniseptatis, ad septum haud vel vix
constrictis, hyalinis, 14-20 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in foliis *Quercus emortuis* dejectis in Britannia et Fen-
nia. — A *Sph. maculiformi* præcipue sporidiis curvulis majori-
bus differt.

9. **Sphærella Ravenelii** Cooke Rav. Am. Fungi in Grevill. VII. p. 53. 1827
— Hypophylla, totam paginam occupans; peritheciis minimis, vix
conspicuis, brunneis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis,
superne leniter incrassatis, 8 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis *Quercuum*, Aiken Carol. Amer. bor.

10. **Sphærella Ailanthi** Cooke Grev. VI, p. 146. Rav. Fung. Amer. 1828
Cent. III. — Gregaria, maculæformis; peritheciis parvis, atro-brun-
neis, in maculas irregulares congestis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis
ellipticis, uniseptatis, 6 \approx 3.

Hab. in foliis *Ailanthi*, Aiken, Carolina inf., Amer. bor.

11. **Sphærella Æthiops** Fuck Symb. Myc. p. 106, Auersw. Myc. Eur. 1829
Pyr, p. 5, fig. 86. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, subsuperficiali-
bus, minutis, planis, aterrimis, maculam usque lineam lat., aterri-
mam formantibus, dein ore longitudinali fisis; ascis clavatis, 24-
27 \approx 7-8, 8-sporis; sporidiis subclavato-oblongis, didymis, hyali-
nis, 8-9 \approx 2-3.

Hab. in foliis adhuc pendulis siccis *Quercus*, Judensand Ger-
maniae. — Maculæ $1\frac{1}{2}$ -1 mill. latæ.

12. **Sphærella harthensis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 9, fig. 37. — Peri- 1830
theciis hypophyllis, nigris, opacis, epidermidi innatis, dense gre-
gariis, maculas cinereas, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ μ . latas, angulosas, venulis plus

minus limitatas formantibus, globosis, poro simplici perforatis, 60–80 μ . latis; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, 8-sporis, 50 \approx 8; sporidiis biserialibus, lanceolatis vel subfusiformibus, utrinque obtusis, leviter incurvis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 14 \approx 3.

Hab. in pagina inferiori foliorum Betulæ in Germania. — Per affinis *Sphæriæ maculiformi*, a qua sporidiis æqualiter didymis præcipue differt.

13. **Sphærella Lantanæ** (Nits.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 6, fig. 31. 1831

Sphæria Lantanæ Nits. in Fuck. Symb. p. 105. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, epidermidi innatis, sparsis vel gregariis (gregibus venulis limitatis), globosis poro simplici pertusis, 80–100 μ . latis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus 8-sporis, 34 \approx 7; sporidiis elongato-oblongis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, biserialiter stipatis, hyalinis 10 \approx 2 μ .

Hab. in pag. inferiore foliorum Viburni Lantanæ in Germany (Fuck. et AUERSW.).

14. **Sphærella Viburni** (Nitschke) Fuck. Symb. myc. 106 et Schröt. 1832

Hedw. 1876, p. 118. *Sphæria Viburni* Nits. herb. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, perexiguis, 60–80 μ . diam., velatis, prominulis, poro pertusis, nigris; ascis tereti-oblongis, 38 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, loculo sup. paulo crassiore, hyalinis, 15–17 \approx 4,5–5.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis putridisque Viburni Opuli in Germany.

15. **Sphærella crepidophora** (Mont.) Sacc. *Depazea crepidophora* Mont. 1833

Syll. Crypt. n. 992 et in Berkeley, Fung. Lusit. Welwitschii, in Bot. Zeit, 1854, p. 95. — Maculis orbicularibus, fuscis, sero griseis, fusco-limitatis; peritheciis minimis; ascis soleæformibus minutis, sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Viburni Tini, in Lusitania (WELWITSCH).

16. **Sphærella Tini** Arcang. Erb. Cr. It. n. 822. — Maculas fusco- 1834

cinerascentes exaridas, margine purpureo cinctas efformans; peritheciis minutis punctiformibus subglobosis superne poro dehiscensibus; ascis subclavatis, vel ellipsoideo-elongatis, apice subacutatis; sporidiis fusiformibus guttulas hyalinæ nonnullas plerumque foventibus, bicellularibus. Pycnidia quoque adsunt immersa, stylosporis elongatis 22 \approx 1 bicellularibus.

Hab. in foliis Viburni Tini in horto Boboli, Firenze, Italia media. — Verisimiliter non diversa a *Sph. crepidophora* (Mont.).

17. **Sphærella topographica** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I. 380 et F. it. t. 385. 1835

— Peritheciis hypophyllis, hinc inde dense disseminatis, punctiformibus, epidermide initio velatis, globoso-lenticularibus, poro pertusis, $\frac{1}{10}$ mill. diam., contextu subcarbonaceo, atro, ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 70–75 \approx 8–10, breve stipitatis; apice tunica incrassata integra rotundatis, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, elongato-fusoideis, 28–30 \approx $3\frac{1}{2}$ –4, curvulis, 1-septatis vix constrictis, utrinque acutiusculis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidiis Sorbi terminalis, ubi minimas urbium topographias æmulatur, prope Conegliano, vere 1878, socia *Septoria hyalospora* (Mont. et C.) Sacc. ejusdem probabili spermogonio. — A *Sphærella cinerascente* Fuck. valde differt.

18. **Sphærella Taxi** Cooke Grev. VI. p. 128. — Epiphylla; peritheciis gregariis, totam foliorum superficiem occupantibus, nigris, leniter prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, denique uniseptatis (?).

Hab. in foliis Tax i baccatæ, Cornwall Britanniæ (E. T. BOSSAWEN).

19. **Sphærella Pinsapo** Thüm Contr. Fungh. Lit. n. 301. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, sparsis vel subgregariis, minutis, epidermide primo velatis demum perforantibus, subconicis, nigris, sine macula; ascis sessilibus, anguste cylindraceis, apice acutato-rotundatis, basi angustatis, rectis vel subcurvis, achrois, 38–44 \approx 7, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, elliptico-cylindraceis, utrinque subacutatis, medio-septatis, sed non constrictis, bi-quadrinucleatis, rectis, achrois, 10 \approx 4.

Hab. in Abietis Pinsapo foliis emortuis decoloratisve, Pola, Istria.

20. **Sphærella Ligustri** (Desm.) Cooke Handb. n. 2760 Auersw. Myc. 1838 Eur. Pyr. p. 7, fig. 97. *Sphæria Ligustri* Rob. et Desm. Nouv. Not. 1843, p. 45. — Epi-rarius hypophylla; peritheciis minutissimis numerosis, dense sparsis, atris, subglobosis, poro pertusis, dein collabascendo umbilicatis, 100 μ . diam., ascis tereti-clavatis, subsessilibus, 30–34 \approx 5–7, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis v. subdistichis, obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Ligustri vulgaris, in Gallia, Germania, Britannia, talia.

21. **Sphærella Laburni** Pass. in Erb. Cr. It. n. 1069. — Peritheciis 1839 sæpius epiphyllis, punctiformibus, atris, in maculis marginalibus ir-

regularibus, exaridis, mox corrosionis, sparsis; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, rectis vel leniter curvis, basi abrupte breviterque stipitatis, $50 \approx 12$; sporidiis octonis, biserialibus, ovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, loculis subæqualibus, hyalinis, $15-18 \approx 5$.

Hab. in foliis languidis, adhuc pendulis, *Cytisi Laburni* in horto botanico Parmensi, Ital. bor.

22. **Sphærella ilicella** Cooke New-York F. in Grev. VIII, 119. — 1840

Epiphylla; peritheciis punctiformibus, atris, in maculis orbicularibus, albis, sparsis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis fusoideis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, constrictis, $20 \approx 6$, cellulis binucleatis.

Hab. in foliis Ilicis opacæ, New York Amer. bor. (GERARD). 1841.

23. **Sphærella hedericola** (Desm.) Cooke in Grev. III. p. 93 *Sphæria hedericola* Desm. Ann. Sc. nat. XIV (1850), p. 115 et probabiliter

Fr. S. M. II, 528. — Maculis albicantibus suborbicularibus v. irregularibus, late fusco-marginatis; peritheciis gregariis, minutis, globosis, opacis, nigris, denique erumpentibus, poro pertusis; ascis cylindraceis, 50μ . longis; sporidiis minutis, anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis, 10μ . longis, hyalinis. — *Septoria Hederæ* sistit spermogonium.

Hab. in foliis Hederæ Helicis, saepius epiphylla, in Gallia et Britannia; spermogonia vero in tota fere Europa.

24. **Sphærella Pomi** Pass. Hedw. 1878, p. 172. — Epiphylla; peri-

theciis minutis in maculis exiguis fuscis gregariis vel subsparsis, primo tectis, dein ostiolo atro obtuso erumpentibus; ascis ovato-oblongis, superne angustioribus, membrana tenuissima evanida; sporidiis oblongo-ovatis extremo altero latiore, medio tenuissime septatis, locus inæqualibus, guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis Pyri Malii in Italia boreali.

25. **Sphærella Bellona** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 244. — Maculis arescendo

dealbatis, sinuosis, epiphylloides; peritheciis punctiformibus remotiunculis, lenticularibus, pertusis; ascis oblongo-clavatis apice rotundatis, $60 \approx 15$, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis inæqualiter didymis, utrinque obtusiusculis, $18-20 \approx 6-6\frac{1}{2}$, 4-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Pyri communis pr. Treviso Italiae borealis, socia *Phyllosticta pyrina* Sacc. ejusdem spermogonio. — A *Sphærella Pyri* Auersw. ascis sporidiisque (non $27-31 \approx 4$) crassioribus et diverse efformatis statim dignoscitur. Propius ad *Sphærellam crassam* Auersw. accedit.

26. **Sphærella Pomacearum** (Crié sub *Dep.*) Sacc., Crié, Sur les Dep. 1844

p. 40, tab. VI, fig. 2. — Maculis valde variis epi-hypophyllis; peritheciis nigris; ascis cylindraceis, rectis, octosporis; sporidiis saepissime monostichis, obovatis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, dilute virescentibus, $11 \approx 4-5$.

Hab. in Gallia in foliis Malorum, Pyrorum, Cydoniarum etc., hieme, sociis spermogoniis (*Septoria*) et pycnidibus (*Diplodia* etc.).

27. **Sphærella sentina** (Fr.) Sacc. (nec Fuck.) *Sphæria sentina* Fr. 1445

S. M. II, p. 520, sec. Desm. 22 Not. p. 15. — Peritheciis amphigenis subaggregatis, papillulatis, $\frac{1}{5}-\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam., denique subsuperficialibus; ascis cylindraceis, $75 \approx 10$; sporidiis monostichis, vel inferius distichis, 1-septato-biconicis, $15 \approx 5$, subolivaceis.

Hab. in Gallia, Germania, Belgio et Suecia, in foliis Pyri et Mali. — Videretur *Venturia* decalvata.

28. **Sphærella Pyri** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 11, fig. 34, *Sphæria* 1846

sentina Wallr. Fl. crypt. p. 775, Fuck. Symb. p. 104 (nec Fr. nec Desm.). — Peritheciis hypophyllis, dense gregariis, nigris, epidermide velatis, dein suberumpentibus, globulosis, poro pertusis, $120-140 \mu$. latit.; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis, $70 \approx 9$; sporidiis fusoideis, subcurvatis, v. subsigmoideis, utrinque obtusis, $27-31 \approx 4$, uniseptatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis siccis Pyri communis in Germania, Italia, Amer. austr. frequens.

29. **Sphærella septorioides** (Desm.) Niessl in Kunze Fungi sel. n. 242, 1847

Sphæria (foliicola) *septorioides* Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 81. — Maculis amphigenis, minutis, viridulis, dein magnis suborbiculatis olivaceo-brunneis; peritheciis hypophyllis, microscopicis, numerosissimis, innato-prominulis, globosis, olivaceis, fuscis, intus albis, poro dilatato apertis; ascis tenerrimis, linearibus; sporidiis minutissimis, monostichis, cylindraceis, $5-6 \mu$. long. plasmate bipartito.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Aceris campestris in Gallia et Belgio.

30. **Sphærella latebrosa** Cooke Handb. n. 2754, Auersw. Myc. Eur. 1848

Pyr. p. 10, f. 26. — Hypophylla; peritheciis sparsis, innatis, minutis, globosis, nigris, in epidermide erupta, non conspiciendis; ascis cylindraceis, ventricosis, $60 \approx 9$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis elongatis, uniseptatis, constrictis, utrinque subattenuatis, 4-guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Aceris Pseudoplatani in Britannia (Cooke), Germania (Rehm) et Italia (Bagnis).

31. **Sphærella pardalota** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. VI, 1849
p. 16, t. 96, fig. 23. — Peritheciis minutis, globosis, atris, semi-
immersis, in maculas irregulares venulis limitatas congestis; ascis
minutis clavatis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis, $8 \approx 3,5$.
Hab. in foliis Myricæ, socia *Gnomon. Myricæ* in New Jer-
sey, America boreali.
32. **Sphærella parvamacula** Pass. Diagn. Funghi nuovi n. 5. — Peri- 1850
theciis minimis gregariis in macula exigua, atra, irregulari, hypo-
phyllis; ascis valde numerosis, brevibus, obovato-clavatis, 8sporis?
vel oligosporis; sporidiis cylindrico-fusiformibus, medio septatis,
hyalinis.
Hab. in foliis dejectis Fagi in M. Dosso, prov. Parma, Ital.
bor. — *Sph. Atomus* Desm, et *Sph. Fagi* longe diversæ sunt.
33. **Sphærella Fagi** Auersw. in Mycol. Eur. Pyr. p. 6, t. II, f. 19–20, 1851
Sphærella Atomus plur. auct. non Desm. — Peritheciis vere pun-
ctiformibus, amphigenis, nigris, nitidulis, epidermide innatis sparsis
v. gregariis subglobosis, vix perforatis $80-100 \mu$. diam.; ascis cy-
lindraceis, $30-45 \approx 4-5$, subsessilibus, apice rotundatis; sporidiis di-
stichis v. oblique monostichis oblongis, $7-8 \approx 2-2\frac{1}{2}$, constricto-1-
septatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, hyalinis.
Hab. in foliorum languidorum Fagi sylvaticæ sæpius pa-
gina infer., in Germania, Britannia, Helvetia, Gallia, Italia bor.
34. **Sphærella Crataegi** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 105. — Hypophylla; 1852
peritheciis plerumque seriatis et maculas angulatas formantibus,
nigris minutis, tectis, ostiolis, prominulis, atris, perforatis; ascis
anguste elongatis, $55-65 \approx 13-14$, 8sporis; sporidiis lanceolatis, re-
ctis seu perparum curvatis, diu simplicibus, dein uniseptatis, $40 \approx 4$.
— Forte *Septoria Oxyacanthæ* sistit spermogonium.
Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ in Germa-
nia et Britannia.
35. **Sphæria Ligea** Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. II, p. 300. — Maculis epiphy- 1853
lis minutis subrotundis, saturate sanguineis, dein centro pallescen-
tibus; peritheciis in centro maculæ paucis (1–8) e globoso lentifor-
mibus, minutis, ca. 100 micr. diam., contextu parenchymatico, te-
nui, fuligineo, ostiolo impresso; ascis oblongo-clavatis, subsessili-
bus, $50 \approx 12$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideis, didymis, $18-20$
 ≈ 7 , loculis subinæqualibus, hyalinis, 4-guttulatis. — Status sper-
mogonicus: *Septoria Rubi* (Duby) West.

Hab. in foliis languentibus Rubi fruticosi, prope Treviso
Ital. bor. socia *Septoria* et *Sphærella Chamæmori* Karst. M. F.

II, 173, differt a mea maculis hypophyllis fuscescentibus et sporidiis crassioribus.

36. Sphærella Winteri (Pass.) Sacc., *Sligmatea Winteri* Pass. Diagn. 1854

funghi nuovi n. 3. — Peritheciis punctiformibus, in maculas suborbiculares fuscas tandem exaridas et mox laceratas sparsis, epidermide tectis, ostiolo ut plurimum nullo vel saltem imperspicuo; ascis clavato-lanceolatis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-fusiformibus, rectis vel curvulis, medio 1-septatis, loculo altero vix angustiore, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Rubi corylifolii prope Collecchio prov. Parma in Italia boreali.

37. Sphærella Chamæmori Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, pag. 173. — Peritheciis 1855

hypophyllis, sparsis, maculæ fuscescenti plerumque insidentibus, vertice epidermidem excedente obtusissime umbonatis, sphæroideis, poro minuto pertusis, atris, vix 0,1 mill. lat.; ascis breviter pedicellatis, elongatis, deorsum oblique inflatis, 70–84 = 14–18 octosporis; sporidiis supra monostichis, infra distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, paullo extra medium uniseptatis, ad sepimentum vix vel levissime constrictis, luteolo-hyalinis vel hyalinis, 18–20 = 8–9.

Hab. in foliis Rubi Chamæmori aridis frequens in Fennia.

38. Sphærella circumdans Pass. Diagn. Funghi nuovi n. 6. — Epi-

phylla; peritheciis laxe gregariis vel sparsis minutis, primo tectis, deinde denudatis, atris, globulosis, folii languidi zonam marginalem exaridam occupantibus; ascis brevibus subventricosis curvulis, apice rotundatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, medio septatis, vix constrictis, loculis inæqualibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Platani adhuc pendulis, Parma Italiæ borealis.

39. Sphærella Gibelliana Pass. in Myc. univ. n. 462, Arch. Critt. p. 1857

382, t. XXIII, fig. 5–6. — Peritheciis exiguis, 100–150 μ . diam. poro 10–15 μ . diam., pertusis, in macula exarida, plus minus ampla, sparsis, subglobosis, epidermide tectis, tandem denudatis, vertice collapsis; ascis, oblongo-clavatis, 40 = 6, crassiuscule breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusiformibus utrinque obtusiusculis, medio constricto-1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia emortua v. languida Citri Limonii et medicæ, in Italia bor., Austria merid., Lusitania.

40. Sphærella sicula Penz. Fung. Agrum. n. 27. — Peritheciis epi-

dermide velatis amphigenis, punctiformibus, 72–90 μ . latis, in greges maculiformes, nigro-griseos, extensos densissime junctis, sphæ-

roideo-depressis, poro pertusis, nigricantibus; ascis fasciculatis, apaphysatis, clavulato-fusoideis, subsessilibus, apice subtruncatis, 24–26 = 6–7, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, breve fusoideis, 10–11 = 3,5–4, uniseptatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis delapsis Citri Limonii cum *Læstadia socia*, Carini, Sicilia (BELTRANI). — Maculæ effusæ nebulosæ a peritheciis ipsis creberrimis formatæ.

41. **Sphærella arcana** Cooke Haudb. n. 2747, *Sph. maculæformis* 1859
var. Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 5, fig. 100. — Peritheciis minutis, subinnatis, modo maculiformi-congregatis, modo sparsis, nigris nitidisque; ascis late fusoideis; sporidiis linearibus utrinque obtusis, stipatis, uniseptatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 12–13 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Castaneæ vescæ in Britannia, Germania et Italia. — Sec. Cooke l. c. bene distincta a *Sph. maculiformi*.

42. **Sphærella millegrana** Cooke Handb. n. 2753, Auersw. Myc. Eur. 1860
Pyr. p. 8, fig. 17 et 90. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, raro epiphyllis, nigris, opacis, epidermide velatis, dense sparsis vel gregariis, maculas griseas 2–3 mill. lat. non limitatas formantibus, globosis poro pertusis, 50–80 μ . diam.; ascis clavatis subsessilibus, octosporis 26–39 = 8–10; sporidiis distichis v. submonostichis, lanceolatis, supra medium uniseptatis, constrictis, utrinque acuminatis, 14 = 3–4, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Carpini Betuli et Tiliæ parvifoliæ in Britannia et Germania.

43. **Sphærella fennica** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, pag. 173. — Peritheciis 1861
sparsis, epidermide tectis, sphæroideis, siccis depressis, ostiolo erumpente, nudo, papilliformi, atris, circiter 150 mill. lat.; ascis subsessilibus, elongatis vel cylindraceo-subclavatis, vulgo curvulis, 70–86 = 14–15 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, utrinque subacutatis, extra medium uniseptatis, ad septum leviter constrictis, hyalinis, 18–21 μ . long. (loculo superiori 12 μ . long. inferiori 9 μ . long.) 7 μ , cr.

Hab. ad petiolos Tiliæ parvifoliæ vetustos, in Fennia.

44. **Sphærella sparsa** (Wallr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 4 (p. p.), 1862
fig. 27, Cooke Handb. n. 2743, *Sphæria sparsa* Wallr. Fl. Crypt. n. 3730. — Hypophylla; peritheciis innatis plus minus dense sparsis vel subgregariis, globulosis, nigris; ascis cylindraceis 40 = 8; sporidiis distichis vel monostichis, obovato-oblongis 7 = 3, uniseptatis, loculo superiori crassiori.

Hab. in foliis Tiliæ parvifoliæ (et Castaneæ) in Britan-
nia, Germania, Italia et Amer. boreali.

45. **Sphærella Grossulariæ** (Fr.) Auersw. *Syn. Pyr. eur.* p. 11, t. 4, 1863
f. 41, *Sphæria Grossulariæ* Fr. S. M. II, 521. — Peritheciis hy-
pophyllis, innatis, gregariis, sphæroideis, poro minuto perforatis,
atris, 155 mill. lat.; ascis brevissime pedicellatis vel subsessilibus,
clavatis; 55–66 \approx 8–12; sporidiis subsenis tristichis, fusoideo-bacil-
laribus, leviter curvatis, uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis,
hyalinis, 26–35 \approx 3–4.

Hab. ad folia Ribis nigri et Ribis Grossulariæ vetusta
in Suecia, Fennia et Germania.

46. **Sphærella assimilata** J. Kunze *Fungi Sel. exsic.* n. 246 (absque 1864
diagnosi). — Peritheciis hypophyllis, epidermide velatis, perexiguis,
dense gregariis maculasque nubilosas formantibus, 90–108 μ . diam.,
poro pertusis; ascis clavulatis deorsum sensim attenuato-stipitatis
28–32 \approx 7–8, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis subdistichis per-
exiguis oblongo-fusoideis v. clavulatis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis
5–6 \approx 3–3,5, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia putrescentia Ribis alpini prope Eisleben Ger-
maniæ.

47. **Sphærella Ribis** Fuck. *Symb. myc.* pag. 108. — Peritheciis gre- 1865
gariis sparsisve, demum subliberis, macula deficiente, punctifor-
mibus, conicis, aterrimis, perforatis; ascis oblongo-ovatis, stipitatis,
tunica crassa, 8sporis, 80 \approx 14; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-ova-
tis, utrinque attenuatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 16 \approx 1. — *Septoria Ri-*
bis Desm. sistit, sec. Fuck., spermogonium.

Hab. in pag. plerumque superiori foliorum Ribis rubri pr.
Œstrich Rhenogoviæ, raro.

48. **Sphærella genuflexa** Auersw. *Myc. Eur. Pyr.* p. 8, fig. 91. — 1866
Peritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, epidermidi innatis, sparsis vel sub-
gregariis, globosis, poro simplici pertusis, 150 μ . latis; ascis ample
clavatis subsessilibus, 8-sporis, 60–90 \approx 20–24; sporidiis biseriali-
bus, elongato-cuneatis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad sepi-
mentum non constrictis, sed genuflexis, hyalinis, nucleo minute
granulato, 24–30 \approx 8–9.

Hab. in pag. inferiore foliorum Salicis albæ in Germania.

49. **Sphærella polaris** Karst. *Fungi Spetsb.* pag. 108. — Peritheciis 1867
sparsis, epiphyllis, emergentibus, sphæroideis, poro vix conspicuo
perforatis, glabris, nigris, 80–150 μ . latit.; ascis subsessilibus, ob-
longato-ellipsoideis, 100–110 \approx 38–40, octosporis; sporidiis disti-

chis, ovoideo-oblongatis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad septum vix constrictis, levissime flexis, nucleo minutissime granulato, 30–35 = 11–18; paraphysibus nullis,

Hab. in foliis Salicis polaris aridis ad Treurenbergbay, Spitzberg. — A *Sph. genuflexa* cujus, sec. Karst, subspecies habenda, satis recedit ascis sporidiisque tertia parte crassioribus.

50. **Sphærella Capronii** Sacc. *Sph. salicicola* Cooke Handb. n. 2744, 1868
nec Rabh. — Maculiformis v. sparsa; peritheciis innatis, punctiformibus, globulosis, nigris, nitidulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis v. distichis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Salicum, Shere Britanniæ (E. CAPRON). — Peritheciorum ostiolis amplis, sporidiis triplo fere majoribus a *Sph. salicicola* differt.

51. **Sphærella salicicola** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 106, *Sphæria salicicola* Fr. S. M. II, 530 p. p., Rabh. in litt. ad Auersw., Sacc. Rel. myc. Lib. Ser. II, n. 169, t. XX, fig. 9. — Peritheciis epiphyllis hinc inde maculiformiter dense gregariis, epidermide velatis, globoso-depressis, poro pertusis; ascis tereti-clavulatis, brevissime stipitatis, 40–45 = 5–6; sporidiis clavulatis, uniseptatis, non constrictis, hyalinis 6 = 2.

Hab. in pag. super. foliorum Salicis capræ, S. nigricantis, S. triandræ in Germania, Gallia et Italia.

52. **Sphærella curvulata** Pass. Hedw. 1876, p. 106. — Amphigena, 1870
sparsa vel dense gregaria, peritheciis punctiformibus, atris; ascis ex ovata basi sursum attenuatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis vel inordinatis, oblongo-cuneatis, septatis, vix constrictis, loculis 1–2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia dejecta Salicis albæ, vere, Parma, Italia bor.

53. **Sphærella maculosa** Sacc. *Sph. macularis* Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 1871
p. 174 nec Fr. — Peritheciis amphigenis, saepissime tamen hypophyllis, parenchymati innatis subiculoque filamentoso, fusco insidentibus, epidermide cinerascente tectis, dein erumpentibus, gregatim sparsis, sphæroideis, ostiolo minuto, atris, 60–75 μ . latit.; ascis sessilibus, elongatis, basin versus inflatis, 70–95 = 11–14 octosporis; sporidiis in parte ascii superiori monostichis, in inferiori distichis, late ovoideo-oblongatis, uniseptatis, ad septum leviter constrictis, flavescentibus vel luteolis, 14–16 = 6–7.

Hab. in foliis Populi tremulæ dejectis sat frequens in Fennia. — Species singularis. Maculas griseas angulosas vel suborbiculares, saepe venis limitatas, variæ latitudinis format. — A *Sph.*

Phaeomphælla
macularis Karst.

macularis peritheciis saepius hypophyllis, ascis sporidiisque duplo majoribus certe distinguenda.

54. **Sphærella Populi** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 11, fig. 93. — Pe- 1872
ritheciis epiphyllis, epidermide innatis, sparsis, globosis, poro sim-
plici pertusis, 140–150 μ . diam.; ascis clavatis, breve stipatis, 8–
sporis, 75–100 \approx 15–17; sporidiis elongato-cylindricis, subfusoideis,
utrinque rotundatis uniseptatis dense et pluriserialiter stipatis, hya-
linis, 30–35 \approx 4–4,5, leniter curvis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Populi dilatatae et P. nigræ in Germania, Austria et Italia. — Var. *Fuckelii* (*Sph. Populi* Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 20): ascis deorsum latioribus, 88 \approx 22; spo-
ridiis 28 \approx 6–7; peritheciis hypophyllis. In foliis Populi nigræ, Eltville Germaniæ.

55. **Sphærella macularis** (Fr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 9, fig. 28, 1873
Sacc. in Rev. myc. 1881, t. XX, fig. 13, *Sphæria macularis* Fr.
S. M. II, 502, *Perisporium maculare* Fr. S. M. III, p. 251. —
Peritheciis amphigenis, atris, parenchymati innatis, epidermidem utrinque translucentibus aut perforantibus, maculas griseas, angu-
losas, venis limitatas, variæ latitudinis formantibus, globosis, ostiolo minuto simplici perforatis, 60–70 μ . latis; ascis cylindricis, 8-spo-
ris, 34–42 \approx 4–6; sporidiis ovalibus, uni- vel biseriatis, uniseptatis,
ad septimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 7–9 \approx 2–2,5.

Hab. in pag. plerumque super. foliorum Populi tremulæ in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Belgio et Italia.

56. **Sphærella crassa** Auersw. Myc. Eur. 7, fig. 28, Mich. I, 35. — 1874
Peritheciis sparsis majusculis, nigris; ascis ovato-clavatis, p. sporif.
65 \approx 15–16, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, oblon-
gis, 18–25 \approx 5–7, constricto-1-septatis, loculo superiore crassiore,
minute vase pluriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum Populi tremulæ in Germania (AUERSW.) et P. albæ, Conegliano, Italia bor. (SPEGAZZINI).

57. **Sphærella orbicularis** Peck 28 Rep. on the St. mus. New York. 1875
— Peritheciis minutis, innatis, epidermide tandem perforata vela-
tis, maculas distinctas v. confluentes suborbiculares fuscas occu-
pantibus, ascis subcylindricis; sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis, 10–13
 μ . longis, chlorinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum dejectorum Populi, Center et North Greenbush Amer. bor. — Maculæ illas *Venturice orbi-
culæ* imitantur: perithecia plerumque ad marginem maculæ cre-
briora, quam in centro.

58. **Sphærella major** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 8, fig. 32. — Pe- 1876
 ritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, epidermidi innatis, sparsis, globosis,
 papilla elongata ornatis, 150 μ . latis; ascis e basi ventricosa atte-
 nuatis, breviter stipitatis 8-sporis, 68-72 \approx 10-12; sporidiis obova-
 to-oblongis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum constrictis, in ascis basi in-
 flata bi-, in parte superiore attenuata uniserialibus, luteolis, 14
 \approx 5-6.

Hab. in foliis Populi tremulæ in Germania. — An *Ven-*
turia decalvata?

59. **Sphærella Bhauria** Cooke Some Ind. Fungi in Grev. VI, p. 118. 1877
 — Gregaria, hypophylla; peritheciis minutis, punctiformibus, atro-
 brunneis, obtusis, poro pertusis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ovali-
 bus uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis, 7 \approx 3, cellulis nucleatis.

Hab. in foliis *Symploci spicatae* (vulgo Bhauri), subinde
 paginam superiorem foliorum fere totam occupans, Dinagepore In-
 diae orientalis.

60. **Sphærella Wisteriæ** Cooke in Grev. VII, p. 53. — Punctiformis, 1878
 sparsa; peritheciis semi-immersis, atris, minimis; ascis clavatis;
 sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, 8 \approx 3.

Hab. in foliis Wisteriæ sinensis, Aiken Carol. Amer. bor.

61. **Sphærella verna** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 379. F. it. t. 384. — Pe- 1879
 ritheciis dense et late gregariis, hypophyllis, punctiformibus, len-
 ticularibus, 100 micr. diam., poro pertusis; ascis crasse cylindra-
 ceis, breve stipitatis, 45-50 \approx 13, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongo-clavu-
 latis, 22 \approx 5, lenissime constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina inferiore, quæ cinerascit, *Forsythiæ viri-*
dissimæ, Conegliano, Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — Subaffinis *Sphæ-*
rellæ crassæ Auersw.

62. **Sphærella vagabunda** (Desm.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 106 *Sphæria* 1880
 (foliicola) *vagabunda*, Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 81. — Maculis am-
 phigenis, minutis, indeterminatis, olivaceis, vel griseo-fuscis; peri-
 theciis minutissimis, innato-prominulis, gregariis, nigris, poro sub-
 tili apertis, nucleo albo farctis; ascis tenerrimis linearibus; spori-
 diis minutissimis, oblongis, hyalinis, 5-6 μ . long., plasmatate bipartito.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Clematidis (et Cratægi
 Oxyacanthæ?) in Gallia et Germania.

63. **Sphærella Pittospori** Cooke Grev. VII. p. 53. — Gregaria; pe- 1881
 ritheciis atris, semi-immersis, in maculas angulatas, veni-limitatas
 congestis; ascis clavato-cylindricis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis,
 utrinque rotundatis, leniter constrictis, 10 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis Pittospori, Aiken Carol. Amer. bor.

64. **Sphærella Pseudacaciæ** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 8, fig. 92. — 1882

Peritheciis nigris, epidermide tectis eamque ostiolo brevissime conico perforantibus, sparsis, vel subgregariis, globosis, 100μ . latis; ascis e basi ovata apicem versus attenuatis, subsessilibus, 8-sporis, $70-75 \approx 18$; sporidiis 2-3-serialibus, obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum constrictis, hyalinis, loculo utroque guttulis 2-3 minutis ornato, $24 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliorum petiolis Robiniæ Pseudacaciæ in Germania.

65. **Sphærella petiolicola** (Desm.) Auersw. Syn. Pyr. eur. p. 8, t. 3, 1883 f. 38. Sacc., Myc. Ven. t. IX, fig. 16-28. *Sphaeria petiolicola* Desm.

17. Not. 1849, p. 28. — Peritheciis sparsis vel subgregariis, primitus epidermide tectis, dein eam perforantibus vel sublevantibus, sphæroideis, poro pertusis, atris, latit. circiter 0,1 mill.; ascis subsessilibus, cylindraceo-clavatis, $40 \approx 6$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, subovoideo-elongatis, uniseptatis, ad septum leniter constrictis, hyalinis, $6-8 \approx 1,5-2$ (in forma Robiniæ $10 \approx 3$).

Hab. in petiolis Fraxini excelsioris et Robiniæ Pseudacaciæ emortuis in Gallia, Germania, Italia et Fennia.

66. **Sphærella Psammisiæ** Cooke Grev. IX. 1881, p. 99. — Epiphylla; maculis orbicularibus hinc inde confluentibus, magnis, pallidis, rubro-cinetis; peritheciis paucis, subprominentibus, atris; ascis clavatis, sessilibus; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, inæqualiter uniseptatis, hyalinis, $15 \approx 5$.

Hab. in foliis Psammisiæ pendulifloræ, Caracas Venzuelæ (Doct. ERNST).

67. **Sphærella Øedema** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. p. 104. Niessl. Beitr. p. 17, 1885 t. III, fig. 14. *Sphaeria Øedema* Fr. in Duby Bot. Gall. II, 696. — Peritheciis amphigenis, gregariis, dense confertis seu cæspitosis, sub epidermide nidulantibus, demum erumpentibus, globosis, papillatis, $90-110 \mu$. diam., atris; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-clavatis apice rotundatis sessilibus 8sporis $52-58 \approx 10-11$; sporidiis farctis seu subdistichis, fusiformi-oblongis utrinque rotundatis vel parum acutiusculis, rectis curvatisve, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum parum constrictis, dilutissime virescentibus v. fere hyalinis, $20-22 \approx 3-5$, paraphysis nullis.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Ulmi campestris et effusæ pr. Brünn, Austria, Øestrich, Germania, nec non in Vogesis.

68. **Sphærella nitidula** (Lév.) Berk. Fungi Braz. n. 420. *Sphaeria* (epi-

phylla) nitidula Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 54. — Epiphylla, gregaria vel sparsa; peritheciis innatis hemisphæricis lævibus, nigris, nitidis; ostiolis prominulis pertusis; ascis ovoideo-inflatis, octosporis; sporidiis inordinatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Brasilia ad folia Melastomatū (GUILLEMIN).

69. **Sphærella Myrsines** Kalch. et Cooke Grev. IX, 1880, p. 30. — 1887

Hypophylla, sparsa; peritheciis membranaceis, brunneis, poro pertusis 0,1–0,2 mill. diam., applanatis; ascis anguste clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, demum uniseptatis, hyalinis, nec centro constrictis, $14 \approx 3$.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Myrsines africanæ in Africa australi.

70. **Sphærella Myricariæ** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphæria Myricariæ* Fuck. 1888

Symb. Myc. App. II, p. 22. — Peritheciis plerumque in foliorum marcescentium aridorumve pagina inferiori, gregariis, pro ratione majusculis, semiimmersis et basi globosa a foliorum substantia decolorata elevata cinctis, parte libera late conica, aterrima, demum perforatis; ascis tenuiter stipitatis, tunica crassa, oblongis, saepe curvatis, 8sporis, $80 \approx 12$; sporidiis distichis, ovato-oblongis, paululum curvatis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, loculis 1–2 guttulis majusculis, hyalinis, $20 \approx 6$.

Hab. in foliis adhuc pendulis, siccis Myricariæ germanicæ pr. Ragaz Helvetiæ.

71. **Sphærella Molleriana** Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 537. — Pe- 1889

ritheciis amphigenis sed plerumque hypophyllis, dense gregariis, punctiformibus, conico-prominulis, semiimmersis, nitido-atris, minutis in macula irregulari, arescendo sordide fuscidula, zona obscuriore anguste cincta; ascis fasciculatis, late clavatis, utrinque angustatis, hyalinis, $30-40 \approx 12-15$, subsessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis fusoides, utrinque acutatis, medio septatis, hyalinis, di-tristichis, $7-9 \approx 2,5$.

Hab. ad folia viva Eucalypti Globuli prope Coimbra (MOLLER).

72. **Sphærella mediterranea** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 35. — Maculis vagis, 1890

arescendo candidis brunneo-cinctis; peritheciis sparsis epidermide velatis dein erumpentibus e globoso-lenticularibus, punctiformibus, $\frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{8}$ mill. diam., basi hyphulis vestitis, vertice obtusis, pertusis, contextu laxe parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis apice rotundatis, brevissime stipitatis, $90-100 \approx 12-14$, aparaphysatis, octo-

sporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis, rectis curvulisve, 22–25 = 7, 1-septatis, non constrictis, saepius 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum languescentium *Nerii Oleandri*, Sermide, Mantova, Ital. bor. (A. MAGNAGUTI-RONDININI).

73. **Sphærella Laureolæ** (Desm.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 9, fig. 45. — 1891

Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, maculæ folii subrotundæ, pellucidæ, luteolæ, limitatæ, 2–10 mill. latæ, numerosissime insidentibus, subglobosis, poro simplici pertusis, 120 μ . latis; ascis elongato-oblongis vel e basi ampliata attenuatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 44 = 8; sporidiis biseriatis, obovato-oblongis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 12–14 = 3.

Hab. in foliis adhuc viridibus *Daphnes Laureolæ* in Gallia et Germania. — Sec. Auerswald l. c. huc spectat *Phyllosticta Laureolæ* Desm.

74. **Sphærella grumiformis** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 173. — Peritheciis 1892

epiphyllis, sparsis, prominulis, difformibus, plerumque rotundatis, rugulosis, subastomis, atris, latit. 200–250 μ ; ascis breviter pedicellatis, elongatis, 55–60 = 10–13 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, medio uniseptatis, ad septum haud vel vix constrictis, chlorino-hyalinis, tandem dilutissime fuscescentibus, 15–21 = 4,5–6.

Hab. in foliis *Arctostaphyli alpini* emortuis prope Kiftka-guba Lapponiae rossicæ.

75. **Sphærella Gaultheriæ** C. et P. New Jersey Fungi in Grev. VII, 189

p. 42. — Epiphylla; maculis orbicularibus, albidis, purpureo-cinctis; peritheciis punctiformibus, circinatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, biseriatis, uniseptatis, 15–18 = 4.

Hab. in foliis *Gaultheriæ*, New Jersey Amer. bor.

76. **Sphærella Dendromeconis** C. et Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 9. 1894

— Minima, sparsa, epidermide tecta; peritheciis, membranaceis, brunneis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, hyalinis uniseptatis, cellula inferiore tenuiore.

Hab. in caule *Dendromeconis rigidii* in California, America boreali (HARKNESS).

77. **Sphærella Clymenia** Sacc. M. V. n. 908. Mich. I. p. 35. — Macu-

lis amphigenis subrotundis ochraceis v. subgriseis, fusco-cinctis; peritheciis remote sparsis e globoso lenticularibus, diam. 70–80 μ . punctiformibus, ostiolo impresso pertusis; ascis clavulatis, 40–50 = 10, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-clavu-

latis, 14-16 = $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4, bilocularibus, loculo sup. leniter crassiore, ad septum subconstrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Lonicerae Caprifolii, socio spermogonio: *Phyllosticta vulgari* f. *Loniceric* Desm. (sperm. 6-7 = 2,5, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis) in sylva Montello Italiæ borealis et in Gallia.

78. **Sphærella collina** Sacc. et Speg. Michel. I, 379, F. it. t. 387. — 1896

Peritheciis in foliis totis dealbatis gregariis amphigenis, sed plerumque epiphyllis, innato-erumpentibus, lentiformibus, 200 μ . diam., pertusis, contextu membranaceo exquisite parenchymatico; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis 45-50 = 10-11, brevissime noduloso-stipitatis, apaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 13 = 5, constricto-1-septatis, loculo superiore crassiore, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Lonicerae Xylostei, Colfosco, Tresviso Italiæ borealis. — A *Sph. Clymenia* Sacc. longe diversa.

79. **Sphærella colorata** Peck. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. New-York t. 1897

II, fig. 15-17. — Maculis orbicularibus, minutis, sparsis v. rarius confluentibus, rubro-fuscis, late marginatis; peritheciis minutis, nigris, epiphyllis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis subteretibus, v. fusoides, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 15-18 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis viventibus Kalmiae angustifoliæ, Center, America boreali. — Maculæ in pag. sup. distinctius marginatae, quam in inferiori, subinde cinerascentes.

80. **Sphærella cinerascens** Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 103. — Peritheciis 1898
gregariis, numerosissimis, emersis, globosis, atris, *Sph. punctiformis* magnitudine, ostiolis minimis, papillatis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, curvatis, 8sporis, 36 = 12; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, utrinque obtusis, multiguttulatis, hyalinis, 9 = 4. Sec. Fuck. l. c. status conidicus est *Cercospora Ariæ* Fuck.

Hab. in pagina inferiore foliorum putrescentium Sorbi Ariæ, saepius maculas latas efficiens, Hallgarten Germaniae.

81. **Sphærella cerasina** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 53. — Hypophylla; peritheciis atris, semi-immersis, in maculis suborbicularibus congestis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis, 10 = 2,5.

Hab. in foliis Pruni Lauro-cerasi in Carolina Am. bor.

82. **Sphærella Ceratoniæ** Pass. Funghi Parm. III. p. 28. — Peritheciis 1900
hypophyllis, punctiformibus atris; ascis clavatis 8-sporis; sporidiis distichis navicularibus medio septatis et arcte constrictis, loculis binucleolatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Ceratoniæ Siliquæ, Licata, Sicilæ.

83. **Sphærella Vaccinii** Cooke in Journ. of. Bot. 1866, Aug., p. 249, 1901

t. 50, f. 11 et Brit. Fung. II, p. 917. *Sphæria maculæformis* Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 524, pr. p. *Sphærella Myrtilli* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 10, t. 4. f. 46. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, innatis, dense gregariis, maculas griseas, angulosas, venulis limitatas formantibus, subsphæroideis, atris nitidulis, poro simplici pertusis, latit. 80–100 μ . ascis sessilibus, cylindraceo-clavatis vel fusoideo-bacillaribus, 40–50 \approx 7 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-bacillaribus, leviter curvulis vel subrectis, uniseptatis, ad septum neutiquam constrictis, hyalinis, 12–18 \approx 1,5–2.

Hab. in foliis Vaccinii Myrtilli, V. arborei, V. corymbosi in Britannia, Suecia, Germania, et Amer. boreali.

84. **Sphærella myrtillina** Pass. Micr. ital. diagn. n. 3. — Peritheciis, 1902 sparsis vel laxe gregariis minutis pustulæformibus, epidermide nigricata tectis; ascis cylindrico-fusiformibus rectis, 8-sporis; sporidiis subdistichis fusiformibus rectis vel curvatis saepius integris 2–4-guttatis, interdum (maturis) tenuissime medio septatis, hyalinis, 18–20 \approx 3–3 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. ad ramulos aridos Vaccinii Myrtilli in Apennino Parmensi (Lago santo). — An *Læstadia?* A *Sphærella Vaccinii* Cooke plane diversa.

85. **Sphærella brachytheca** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 88 (nec Grev. IX. p. 8, 1903 Cfr. *Sph. Harknessii*). — Maculis orbicularibus, albidis, nigromarginatis; peritheciis punctiformibus in maculæ centro aggregatis; ascis clavatis v. ovoideis; sporidiis subfusoideis rectis curvulisve, hyalinis, 14–15 \approx 3.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum viventium Vaccinii Vitis idææ, Forres Britanniæ (Rev. J. KEITH). — Subsimilis *Sphærelæ Gauthericæ*, quæ sporidiis majoribus pollet.

86. **Sphærella Bumeliæ** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 51. — Epiphylla; peritheciis atris, semi-immersis, in maculis suborbicularibus, nigritatis congestis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis 12 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis Bumeliæ, Darien Carolinæ Amer. bor.

87. **Sphærella convexula** (Schw.) Thüm. M. U. n. 1149. *Sphæria convexula* Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1788, Grevill. IV. 154. — Totum folium sparse occupans, innata, minuta, rugulosa, tamen nitidula, atra, subastoma, valde convexo-elevata, non collabescens; nucleo ascigero (imperfecto observato).

Hab. in foliis Caryæ tomentosæ Bethlehem et Aiken Amer.

bor. (SCHWEIN et RAVENEL). — N. 1149 M. U. præbet specimina prorsus immatura.

88. **Sphærella Evonymi** (Kunze?) Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 10, fig. 40. 1906

Sphæria Evonymi Kunze in Fr. S. M. II, p. 439 p. p. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, epidermidi innatis, dense sparsis vel gregariis, maculas griseas (1–2 μ . mentientes) angulosis, venulis plus minus limitatas formantibus, globosis, poro simplici pertusis, 120 μ . fere latis; ascis clavatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 40 \approx 6; sporidiis biserialibus, fusiformibus, subfalcatis, utrinque obtusis, 4-nucleolatis aut demum uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 14 \approx 2.

Hab. in pagina inferiore *Evonymi europæi* in Suecia, Gallia, Belgio et Germania.

89. **Sphærella exutans** Cooke Fungi of Texas 144. — Maculis minu-

tis, atro-brunneis; peritheciis paucis, immersis, demum epidermidem operculatim excutientibus; ascis clavato-cylindraceis; sporidiis elongato-ellipticis, inæqualiter uniseptatis, hyalinis, 22 \approx 4.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum *Perseæ*, Houston, Texas, Amer. bor. — Foliorum epidermis supra quodque perithecium operculatim circumscinditur.

90. **Sphærella elatior** Sacc. et Speg. Michel. I, 379, F. ital. t. 386. — 1908

Peritheciis sparsis, hypophyllis, globoso-conoideis, subprominulis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam.; contextu parenchymatico densiusculo, fuligineo; ascis obclavatis, brevissime stipitatis, 80–90 \approx 23, apice tunica integra obtusatis, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis et parte inferiore subtristichis, oblongis subclavulatisque, 25–30 \approx 8–9, rectis curvulisve, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, 4-guttulatis, dein 2-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina inferiore foliorum putrescentium *Lirioidendri Tulipiferæ*, Conegliano, vere 1877. — Ob sporidia et perithecia majuscula ad *Sphærellam Primulæ* Rehm Ascom. n. 295 accedit, sed ceterum differt.

91. **Sphærella Duchartrei** (Crié sub Dep.) Sacc., Crié sur les Dep. p. 1909

41, t. VI, fig. 6. — Maculis indeterminatis zona nigra cinctis; peritheciis epiphyllis, nigris; ascis stipitatis elongatis obtusis; sporidiis lanceolatis, acutiusculis, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, 10–11 \approx 4, dilute cœruleoscentibus.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis *Vincæ minoris* in Gallia, Sillé-le-Guillaume, Conlie, Meudon, hieme, sociis spermogoniis (*Septoria*: *spermatiis* 25–40 μ . long.) et pycnidibus (*Phoma* etc.).

92. **Sphærella Coneglanensis** Speg. Michel. I. 455, Fungi ital. t. 626. 1910

— Peritheciis primo subepidermicis, dein erumpentibus atque sub-superficialibus, 120–150 μ . diam., laxe gregariis; contextu inferne subcarbonaceo, superne parenchymatico-polyedrico, fuligineo-atro; ascis cylindraceis vel cylindraceo-clavatis, antice crassiuscule tunicatis, 40–45 \approx 5, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis didymis, loculo superiore majore, hyalinis, 7–8 \approx $2\frac{1}{3}$ –3.

Hab. ad folia emortua dejecta Calycanthe florigeni, Conegliano Italiæ borealis.

93. **Sphærella Berberidis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 3, fig. 41. — 1911

Peritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, epidermide innatis, laxe gregariis, gregibus venulis plus minusve limitatis, globosis, 120 μ . diam., poro simplici pertusis; ascis clavatis substipitatis, octosporis, 45–65 \approx 8–9, aparaphysatis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, fusoideis, obtusiusculis, rectis curvulisve, uniseptatis, 24 \approx 2,5–3, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Berberidis vulgaris in Germania, Belgio, Italia et Austria. — Sporidia diu continua manent.

94. **Sphærella Auerswaldii** Fleisch. in litt. Auersw. Syn. Pyr. eur. 1912

p. 11, t. 7, f. 95. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, epidermidi innatis, laxe gregariis, subsphæroideis, ore simplici pertusis, atris, 100–120 μ . latit.; ascis clavatis, brevissime pedicellatis, 48–55 \approx 10 octosporis; sporidiis subquadriserialiter stipatis, fusoideis, utrinque obtusatis, demum uniseptatis, ad septimentum neutram constrictis, hyalinis, utrinque nucleolis minutis 2–3 ornatis, 27–30 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis Corni sanguineæ et C. albæ putridis in Germania et Fennia.

95. **Sphærella conglomerata** (Wallr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 5, 1913

fig. 88, *Sphæria conglomerata* Wallr. Fl. Crypt. p. 814, *Stigmata maculiformis* Fuck. Symb. p. 95. — Hypophylla, nigra, innata, dense conglomerata et confluens; maculis gregariis minutis; ascis ovato-oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 30–40 \approx 12–14; sporidiis obovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 4.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Alni glutinosæ in Germania, Britannia et Belgio. — Formæ in foliis Cytisi Laburni et Cercidis Siliquastrum citatae in Kickx Fl. I, 356, an vere hoc specent, nescio.

96. **Sphærella Alni** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. I, 245, *Stigmata Alni* Fuck. 1914

Symb. myc. 97, *Perisporium alneum* Fr. S. M. III, 250 p. p.?

— Maculis foliorum epiphyllis, subcircularibus, dilute fuligineis;

peritheciis superficialibus, immo facile secedentibus (an ab initio velatis?), globulosis, pertusis, contextu tenui, laxiuscule parenchymatico, fuligineo, basi hyphulis brevibus fuligineis cinctis; ascis subfusoideis v. obclavatis, basi breve attenuatis, $50-60 \approx 12-15$, apaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis $15-16 \approx 7$, obovatis, constricto-1-septatis, loculo superiore crassiore, inferiore acutiore, 4-guttulatis e hyalino dilute luteolis.

Hab. in foliis adhuc vivis *Alni glutinosæ* in Suecia, Germania et Italia.

97. **Sphærella Alni viridis** De Not. Recl. in Comm. II, pag. 487. — 1915
Hypophylla, epidermide tecta, minutissima, laxe gregaria; peritheciis e stromate dematiaceo, entophlœodeo, rotundatis, vertice obtusissime conoideis, osculo minuto hiantibus, aterrimis, carbonaceis, fragilibus; ascis coacervatis, crasse clavulatis, octosporis; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis tereti-fusoideis, utroque apice obtusiusculis, curvulis, bilocularibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis *Alni viridis*, Val Vogna prope Riva Italiæ borealis (**CARESTIA**).

98. **Sphærella Araliæ** C. et Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 9. — Peritheciis gregariis, brunneis, membranaceis, epidermide tectis, in maculas orbiculares congestis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, $10 \approx 4$.

Hab. in caulis *Araliæ californicæ* in California Americæ borealis.

99. **Sphærella Acaciæ** C. et Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 9. — Epiphylla, subgregaria; peritheciis membranaceis, epidermide tectis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, hyalinis, sublanceolatis, medio constrictis, uniseptatis, binucleatis, $25 \approx 7$. — 1917

Hab. in foliis *Acaciæ* in California Amer. bor. — Sporidia an tandem triseptata fiant dubium videtur.

100. **Sphærella annulata** Cooke Rav. Fung. Amer. in Grev. VI, p. 146. — 1918
Sparsa, immersa; peritheciis depressis, atris, subannulatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, demum uniseptatis, $8 \approx 3$.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum emortuorum *Magnoliæ*, Aiken, Carolina inf. Amer. bor.

101. **Sphærella glauca** Cooke Hedw. 1878, p. 39. — Epiphylla; maculis pallidis, suborbicularibus, roseo-cinctis; peritheciis semi-immersis, subglobosis, brunneis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis breviter lanceolatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $12-14 \approx 4$. — 1919

Hab. in foliis Magnoliæ glaucæ, Aiken, in Carolina inferiore Americæ borealis.

102. **Sphærella Cleidii** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Foliicolæ) *Cleidio-*¹⁹²⁰
nii, B et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1119. — Peritheciis gregariis, im-
mersis, minutis, e macula fusca oriundis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis
oblongis uniseptatis, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Cleidii javanicæ, in Ceylon. — Epidermidem
tenuiter elevat.

103. **Sphærella atra** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (conferta) *atra* Lév. ann. 1921
Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 50. — Gregaria vel confluens; peritheciis
globosis, intus albis, stromate effuso nigro maculæformi inæquabi-
li obtectis, ostiolis obsoletis; nucleo albo ascigero; sporidiis ovato-
oblongis, uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia cujusdam Grevilleæ in Nova Hollandia (Herb.
Mus. Par.).

104. **Sphærella Cassinopsisidis** Kalch. et Cooke. Grev. IX, 1880, p. 31. 1922
— Epiphylla; maculis pallidis, purpureo-cinctis, orbicularibus; pe-
ritheciis atris, centro gregariis, minimis; ascis clavatis, 25 \approx 5;
sporidiis linearibus, rectis, hyalinis, 6 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis vivis Cassinopsisidis capensis in Africa
austr. — Sporidia probab. nondum perfecte matura, hinc septum
non conspicuum.

105. **Sphærella coffeicola** Cooke Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 11. — Macu-¹⁹²³
lis pallidis, subrotundis, margine brunneo, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -1 cent. lat.; peri-
theciis paucis sparsis, immersis, atro-fuscis, minimis; ascis clava-
tis; sporidiis fusoideis, arcte constrictis, uniseptatis, binucleatis,
hyalinis, 2,5 \approx 4,5.

Hab. in foliis Coffeæ arabicæ, Venezuela (ERNST). — Pe-
rithecia vix 2-3 in quaque macula.

†† *Clado-carpogenæ.*

106. **Sphærella melanophora** Speg. Nova Add. n. 67 et Mich. II, 247. 1924
— Maculis latiusculis, 1-10 mill. diam., primo subcircularibus, dein
confluendo amorphis, indeterminatis, atro-cinereis; peritheciis mi-
nutissimis, 60-80 μ . diam., globosis, primo subepidermicas, dein cute
lacerata semievertis, contextu solidiusculo, parenchymatico-mem-
branaceo; ascis clavato-saccatis, brevissime pedicellatis, subincur-
vis, apice crassiuscule tunicatis, ac rotundato-subtruncatis, octo-
sporis 30-50 \approx 7-9, apophysatis?; sporidiis distichis, hyalinis, el-

lipticis, medio constricto-uniseptatis, crassiuscule tunicatis, 4-gutulatis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, $8 \approx 4$.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum juniorum *Quercus pseudoru-*
bræ prope Conegliano Italiæ borealis. — An *Didymella*?

107. **Sphærella fumaginea** Catt. Arch. Critt. II, 113, t. VIII, fig. 4-7. 1925

— Peritheciis atris globosis, plus minus dense sparsis, $40-60 \mu$. latis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, 8sporis, $15-20 \mu$. longis; sporidiis biserialibus, obovato-clavatis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum constrictis, loculo superiore crassiore, hyalinis, $5-6 \approx 2$.

Hab. in ramis et sarmenis *Vitis viniferæ*, Firenze Italiæ, socio *Cladosporio fasciculato*, quod sec. Cattaneo est status ejusdem conodicus.

108. **Sphærella Cytisi sagittalis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 10, fig. 43. — 1926

Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, epidermide tectis, sparsis, numerosis, depresso-globulosis, imo lentiformibus, poro simplici pertusis, $280-300 \mu$. latis; ascis clavato-oblongis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, $106 \approx 16$; sporidiis biserialiter stipatis, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusatis, leviter curvatis, 4-nucleolatis, demum uniseptatis, ad septimentum leviter constrictis, subhyalinis, $25-28 \approx 5-6$.

Hab. in ramulis alatis *Cytisi sagittalis* in Styria (NIESSL).

— Sec. Niessl eadem sit ac *Anthostomella Cytisi* (Fuck.) Sacc. n. 1079, quod ex iconē Auersw. l. c. abhorret.

109. **Sphærella inflata** Penz. Fung. agrum n. 26. — Peritheciis ra-

mulicolis, laxiuscule gregariis, epidermide velatis, globoso-depressionis, glabris, nigris, 200μ . latis, ostiolo impresso; ascis crasse obovatis, rotundatis, deorsum brevissime angustatis, $32-36 \approx 14-18$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis tristichis, stipatis, oblongo-obovatis, $8-9 \approx 4-4,5$, 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis vivis *Citri Aurantii* in Horto Agrario, Padova Italiæ borealis (PENZIG).

110. **Sphærella inconspicua** Schröt. Nord. Pilze p. 12. — Peritheciis 1928

sphæroideis, parum prominulis nigro-rufescensibus, $60-90 \mu$. diam.; ascis cylindraceo-ellipticis, $40-50 \approx 13-16$; sporidiis distichis, ova-to-clavulatis, $16-19 \approx 5-5,5$, medio uniseptatis, loculo sup. crassiore, infero deorsum attenuato, hyalinis.

Hab. in pedunculis fructuum *Andromedæ tetragonæ* in Lapponia Sueciæ (WICHURA).

111. **Sphærella Leguminis Cytisi** (Desm.) Ces. De Not. Schema Sf. p. 1929

237, *Sphæria leguminis Cytisi* Desm. X. Not. p. 24. — Peritheciis minutis, dense sparsis, epidermide tectis, nigro-fuscis, globoso-

depressis, dein planis, intus albidis, ostiolis superficialibus punctiformibus; ascis.....; sporidiis ellipticis, 1-septatis, hyalinis, 12-14 = 4.

Hab. in leguminibus *Cytisi Laburni* in Gallia et Belgio. — Sec. Léveillé hæc species *Diplodium* refert. An?

b) *Herbicolæ.*

† *Foliicolæ.*

112. **Sphærella Pulsatillæ** (Lasch) Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 12, fig. 52. 1930

— Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, epidermidi innatis, dense sparsis, globulosis, poro simplici pertusis, 80-120 μ . latis; ascis cylindro-clavatis, breviter stipitatis, 8-sporis, 55-60 = 8-10; sporidiis bi-serialibus, elongato-oblongis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, loculo superiori subcrassiori, hyalinis, 14-15 = 3.

Hab. in foliis *Pulsatillæ pratensis* in Moravia (NIESSL), Germania (FUCK.), Sibiria (THUEM.). — Var. *minor*: ascis cylindraceis 34 = 7; sporidiis æqualiter didymis 8-9 = 2. In Rhenogovia.

113. **Sphærella Lachesis** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 302. — Ma-

culis nullis, peritheciis hypophyllis hinc inde gregariis, punctiformibus, epidermide subvelatis, globoso-lenticularibus, 100 micr. d., ostiolo impresso pertusis, hyphis tenuibus, brevibus basi cinctis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 55 = 10, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-cylindraceis, utrinque rotundatis, 17 = 5, 1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis *Hellebori viridis*, Selva, Conegliano et Vittorio Italiæ borealis.

114. **Sphærella Hermione** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, 301. — Perithe-

ciis in maculis candidis, nitidis, atro-marginatis, plerumque epiphyllis paucis, lentiformibus, 80 μ . diam., ostiolo impresso poro pertusis, hyphulis parcissimis basi cinctis; contextu membranaceo, distinete parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 40 = 6, basi vix attenuatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique 1stichis v. subdistichis, oblongis, didymis, 10-11 = 3, loculo inferiore paulo minore, eguttulatis, hyalinis. — Status spermogonicus *Phyllostictam helleborellam* Sacc. sistit.

Hab. in foliis *Hellebori viridis* languentibus, Covolo, Treviso, Italia bor. — Cum *Sphærella Lachesi* Sacc., ne comparanda quidem.

115. **Sphærella Epimedii** Sacc. — Peritheciis innato-prominulis hinc

1933

inde maculiformiter dense gregariis, punctiformibus, poro pertusis,

nigris; ascis teretiusculis deorsum vix attenuatis, $40 \approx 7-8$, fasciculatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis inæqualiter didymis, $10-13 \approx 4$, loculo superiore crassiore et obtusiore, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. plerumque superiori foliorum emortuorum Epimedii alpini, Conegliano, Montello Italiæ borealis. — Peritheciorum greges maculas angulosas 1–2 mill. diam. sistunt.

116. **Sphærella Adonis** Sacc. Mich. I, 122. — Peritheciis laxe gregaris, punctiformibus, globulosis, papillulatis, $80-100 \mu$. diam., innato-erumpentibus; contextu distinete parenchymatico, solidiusculo, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, $80-90 \approx 15$, breve crasse stipitatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis, apice, tunica integra, rotundatis; sporidiis distichis elongato-fusoideis, $28-30 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}-5$, rectis curvulisve, utrinque obtuse attenuatis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina inferiore et parcus in superiore foliorum Adonis vernalis in Marchia Brandenburg (O. REINHARDT in herb. P. MAGNUS). — Affinis, quoad sporidia, *Sphærellæ Populi* Auersw.

117. **Sphærella umbrosa** Sacc. Mich. I, 378, Fungi ital. t. 378. — 1935
Maculis in foliis arescendo candidantibus, vagis; peritheciis paucis epiphyllis, punctiformibus, lenticularibus; 100 micr. d., poro pertusis; contextu laxe parenchymatico, ochraceo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $40 \approx 10$, breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, rectis, $14-15 \approx 4$, constricto -1- septatis, 2-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Galeopsidis versicoloris* prope Treviso Italiæ bor.; sociis spermogoniis *Phyllostictam Galeopsidis* Sacc. (Mich. II, 150) sistentibus.

118. **Sphærella Pedicularis** Karst. Fungi Spetsb. n. 53. — Peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, primitus epidermidi innatis, dein protuberantibus, sphæroideis, vertice subconoideo-attenuatis, glabris, atris, 150μ . latit.; ascis subsessilibus, elongatis, $30-35 \approx 7-8$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo- vel aciculari-elongatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, guttulatis vel uniseptatis, hyalinis vel sub-luteolo-hyalinis, $12-18 \approx 2,5-8$; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in foliis *Pedicularis hirsutæ* emortuis ad Green Harbour, Spitzberg.

119. **Sphærella Impatientis** Peck et Clinton, 30 Rep. on the St. Mus. 1937 et in Myc. univ. n. 963. — Hypophylla; peritheciis minutis, nigris, innatis, prominulis aut in maculas irregulares angulatas, subconfluentes venulis limitatas collectis; ascis subcylindraceis, saepe cur-

vulis et sursum angustatis; sporidiis biseriatis, uniseptatis, oblongis, hyalinis, 10–13 μ . longis, rarius quadrinucleatis, inferiore cellula plerumque angustiore.

Hab. in foliis vivis vel languidis Impatientis fulvæ, Buffle, in montibus Adirondack, Amer. bor. (PECK).

120. **Sphærella carniolica** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 85. — Epi- rarius 1938 hypophylla; peritheciis dense disseminatis, minutis, punctiformibus, globosis, papillatis, tandem vertice umbilicatis, atris; ascis fasciculatis 8sporis, obovatis vel oblongis, sessilibus 30–42 \approx 14–18; sporidiis farctis, cuneato-oblongis, rectis, medio septatis vix constrictis, dilute virescentibus, 15–19 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Drabæ ciliatæ in M. Nanos Carniolæ. — Affinis *Sphærellæ confini* Karst. — Var. *major* (*Sph. minuta* Auersw.?): peritheciis plerumque sparsis papillatis; sporidiis 16–20 \approx 5–6. In foliis pedunculisque Drabæ aizoidis in Tyrolia.

121. **Sphærella brassicicola** (Duby) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 64, 1939
Sphæria brassicæcola Fr. et Duby Bot. Gall. II, p. 712, *Dothidea Brassicæ* Desm., *Sphæria Brassicæ* B. et Br. — Peritheciis dense confertis, greges atros varios efficientibus, globoso-lenticularibus, 80 μ . diam. amphigenis, prominulis, in maculis pallide viridibus centro arescendo fuscescentibus sitis, pertusis, contextu ochraceo-fuligineo; ascis crasse cylindraceis, 50 \approx 15, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, oblongis v. clavulatis, 18 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$, sæpe curvulis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis. — Spermogonium sicut *Asteroma Brassicæ* Chev.

Hab. in foliis Brassicæ oleraceæ, rarius in siliquis, in Gallia, Germania, Italia et Belgio.

122. **Sphærella sylvatica** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 380, F. ital. t. 382. 1940 — Maculis in foliis nullis obsoletisve; peritheciis dense et late gregariis, plerumque epiphyllis, lenticularibus, punctiformibus, poro pertusis; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, 50–55 \approx 10, apice rotundatis, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-clavulatis, 12–14 \approx 4, rectis, valde constrictis, 1-septatis, loculo superiore, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Scabiosæ sylvaticæ in collibus, Conegliano Italæ borealis.

123. **Sphærella Sarraceniæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria Sarracenica* Schw. 1941
 Syn. Carol. n. 77, Berk. North Am. Fungi. — Effusa, effigurata, tenuissima, cinerea; peritheciis minutissimis, ostiolis subsetaceis (?)

pulverigeris; ascis brevissimis, obovatis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, 10 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis siccis Sarraceniæ purpureæ et rubræ, Carolina, Amer. bor. — Distinguitur colore cinereo, efficiens maculas varie configuratas unciales et triunciales. Perithecia cum cortice assurgentia, variolosam quasi reddunt superficiem. Ostiola sparsa, adsperso pulvere nigerrima.

124. **Sphærella microspila** (B. et Br.) Cooke Handb. p. 919 *Sphæria* 1942

microspila B. et Br. Ann. N. Hist. n. 984, t. 17, fig. 36. — Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, singulis pluribusve macula minuta brunnea innatis, mycelioque tenui cinctis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 8-11 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis languidis v. emortuis Epilobii montani et E. Dodonæi in Britannia, Belgio et Italia. — A *Sphærellæ minori* Karst. tute distinguenda.

125. **Sphærella Epilobii** (Crié sub *Dep.*) Sacc., Crié Sur les Dep. p. 1943 40, tab. VI, fig. 1. — Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris; ascis longe clavatis, apice rotundatis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongo-ellipsoideis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, dilute amethysticis, 16-19 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in Gallia in foliis Epilobiorum prope omnium, aut., sociis spermogoniis (*Septoria*) et pycnidibus (*Phoma*).

126. **Sphærella Vulnerariæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 21. — Peritheciis ascigeris in foliorum marcescentium aridorumque pagina superiori ortis, plerumque greges densos, plus minusve laxos, orbiculares oblongosve, nigros formantibus, singulis globosis, obtusis, demum semiliberis, perforatis, nigris; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, curvatis, substipitatis, 8sporis, 48 \approx 12; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, rectis, inæqualiter biloculatis, guttulatis, hyalinis, 16 \approx 4. — St. conidicus sistit *Cercosporam radiatam*; spermogonicus *Ascochytam Vulnerariæ* Fuck. (teste ipso Fuck).

Hab. in foliis languidis v. siccis Anthyllidis Vulnerariæ pr. Neuchâtel Helvetiæ (MORTIER).

127. **Sphærella phaseolicola** (Desm.) Sacc. *Depazea phaseolicola* Rob. 1945 et Desm. XVII. Not. p. 32, n. 47. — Maculis amphigenis, pallide rufescentibus, exaridis, subzonatis; peritheciis minutis numerosis brunneis, innato-prominulis, epidermide tectis; ostiolis nigris punctiformibus; ascis brevibus, crassis, subclavatis, 50 μ . longis; sporidiis oblongis utrinque obtusis, rectis v. curvulis, 15-20 \approx 5, plasmatate bipartito, (spurie?) 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Phaseolorum in Gallia. —
Maculæ 5-10 mill. diam.

128. **Sphaerella Morierei** (Crié sub *Dep.*) Sacc., Crié sur les Dep. p. 1946
39, t. 7, fig. 6. — Maculis indeterminatis, fuscescentibus, zona pro-
minula cinctis; peritheciis nigris, amphigenis; ascis clavatis ad api-
cem crassiusculis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, bilocularibus,
guttulis binis oleosis (sub microscopico constantissime dilute roseis),
16-18 = 4-5.

Hab. in Gallia, Sillé-le-Guillaume, in foliis Phaseolorum,
Pisorum, æstate 1871, socio spermogonio *Septoriam* sistente.

129. **Sphaerella nemorosa** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 378, F. ital. t. 377. 1947
— Maculis in foliis sordide ochraceis, fusco-cinctis, obtuse angu-
losis; peritheciis epiphyllis paucis, punctiformibus, lenticularibus,
100 μ . diam., poro 25 μ . diam. pertusis; contextu parenchymatico-
dilute fusco-olivaceo; ascis oblongo-clavatis, 40-45 = 13-14, subses-
silibus, apice truncatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis disti-
chis, biconicis, 14 = 5, 1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttulatis v.
2-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Orobii verni, Conegliano, Ital. bor.

130. **Sphaerella nerviseda** Speg. Mich. I, p. 456. — Peritheciis innatis, 1948
sphæroidis, ostiolo perforato papillato donatis, 100-120 μ . diam.;
contextu minute parenchymatico, atro; ascis clavatis, vel cylin-
draceo-clavatis, aparaphysatis, 35-45 = 7-7 $\frac{1}{2}$, octosporis; sporidiis
oblongo-cylindraceis, didymis quandoque curvulis, ad septum vix
constrictis, hyalinis, 15-20 = 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3, distichis vel oblique monostichis.

Hab. in nervis foliorum putrescentium, quæ toruloso-reticula-
ta evadunt, Orobii verni, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — Cum *Sph.*
nemorosa Sacc. et Sp. in eadem planta vigente non comparanda.

131. **Sphaerella Ariadna** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 34. — Maculis vagis, are-
scendo dealbatis, linea rufa cinctis; peritheciis in macula gregariis
innato-erumpentibus, globulosis, 40-50 μ . d., punctiformibus, ostio-
lo impresso pertuso; ascis obovatis, basi acutatis, apice rotundatis
20-25 = 12-14, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2-3-stichis, cy-
lindraceo-fusoideis, 12-14 = 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ -4, utrinque obtusiusculis, constri-
cto-1-septatis, minute 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Coronillæ Emeri languidis, in sylva Montel-
lo Italiæ borealis. — Cum *Sphaerella Emeri* Ces. in Rabh. F. E.
n. 1950 nil commune habet; potius *Sphaerellæ minori* Karst. co-
gnata. Var. *Tomentillæ* Sacc. Mich. I, p. 379, F. it. t. 379. —
Maculis pallidis, rufo-cinctis. A typo vix differt sporidiis curvulis,

septo minus constrictis. In foliis *Tomentillæ* erectæ in Italia boreali.

132. **Sphærella geicola** Kalch. et Cooke Grev. IX, 1880, p. 30. — 1950

Hypophylla; maculis suborbicularibus, fuscis, purpureo-cinctis; peritheciis semiimmersis, numerosis, atro-fuscis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis breviter lanceolatis, binucleatis, dein uniseptatis, hyalinis, vix constrictis, $16-17 \approx 3,5$.

Hab. in foliis Gei capensis in Africa australi.

133. **Sphærella Fragariæ** (Tul.) Sacc. *Sphæria Fragariæ* Tul. Ann. 1951

Sc. nat. IV, t. V, p. 112, *Stigmata Fragariæ* Tul. Carp. II, 288 p. p. — Maculis epiphyllis purpurascensibus, dein centro expallentibus; peritheciis circinantibus, minutissimis, globulosis, nigris, innato-erumpentibus; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 40μ . longis; sporidiis inordinatis, oblongo-ovatis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, $15 \approx 3-4$, hyalinis. — Spermogonium sistit *Septoriam Fragariæ* Desm. St. conidicus sistit *Graphium* v. *Stysanum* (Cfr. Fuck. Symb. et Tul. l. c.).

Hab. in folijs languidis *Fragariæ* vescæ et *F. virginiana* in Gallia, Germania et Italia. — *Sphæria Fragariæ* Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1769, huc verisimilime spetat; hæc lecta est in foliis *Fragariarum* in hortis Bethlehem, Americæ borealis. Ibi *Graphium* pro ostiolo clavato-incrassato fibrilloso habetur.

134. **Sphærella Dejanira** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 300. — Peritheciis epiphyllis in iisdem maculis, paucis, punctiformibus, globo-so-lenticularibus, 50μ . diam., ostiolo impresso, exiguo pertusis; ascis oblongo-ovoideis, $35 \approx 18$, sessilibus, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideis oblongisve, $14-15 \approx 7$, didymis, septo leniter constrictis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis. — St. spermogonicus sistit *Phyllostictam Arunci* Sacc.

Hab. in foliis languentibus *Spirææ Arunci*, pr. Treviso, Italia boreali, raro.

135. **Sphærella maculans** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. mycol. Lib. Ser. II. 1953 n. 165, t. XX, fig. 10. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, densissime gregariis, maculasque latas nigricantes efficiuntibus, subtectis, globo-so-lenticularibus, $80-100 \mu$. diam., poro pertusis; ascis teretibus, breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, $45-50 \approx 10$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fuscoideis, constricto-1-septatis, leniter curvis, $18-20 \approx 3-3\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Spirææ Ulmariæ*, Malmedy in finibus Galliæ et Germaniæ.

136. **Sphærella ootheca** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 160. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, subgregariis, innato-erumpentibus, e globoso depresso-conoides, atris, membranaceo-densiusculis, $\frac{1}{10}$ mill. diam.; ascis crassæ obovatis, 40 ± 28 , apice obtuse rotundatis, basi brevissime stipitato-apiculatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2-3-stichis, oblongis, 1-septatis, lenissime constrictis, $15-16 \pm 6-7$, utrinque obtusiusculis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum emortuorum *Dryadis octopetalæ* in alpinis Vette di Feltre, Belluno, Italiæ borealis (BIZZOZERO).

137. **Sphærella Dryadis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 8. fig. 100. — 1955
Peritheciis hypophyllis, nigris, in parenchymate foliis nidulantibus, rostro brevi conico epidermidem perforantibus, sparsis, globulosis, $200-250 \mu$. latis; ascis ample cylindricis brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, $50-60 \pm 10$; sporidiis biserialibus, fusiformi-oblongis, utrinque subacutis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum leviter constrictis, pallidis, 4-6 nucleatis, 18 ± 4 .

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Dryadis octopetalæ* in Germania. — A *Didymella Dryadis* Speg. diversa videtur.

138. **Sphærella Biberwierensis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 9, fig. 101. — 1956
— Peritheciis epiphyllis, nigris, maculis fuliginosis, minutis, ($\frac{1}{5}-1$ mill. latis, angulosis, innatis, gregariis, subglobosis, poro simplici pertusis, 140μ . latis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 6-sporis; sporidiis 2-3-serialibus, obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $8 \pm 2\frac{1}{3}$).

Hab. in pag. superiore foliorum *Dryadis octopetalæ* in Germania.

139. **Sphærella innumerella** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 182. — Peritheciis 1957
hypophyllis, gregariis, erumpentibus, sphæroideis, poro pertusis, atris, $75-100 \mu$. latit.; ascis brevissime pedicellatis, cylindraceo-clavatis, interdum infra oblique inflatulis, $42-51 \pm 8-9$; sporidiis subsenis subtristichis, fusoideo-bacillaribus, medio uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, rectis vel curvulis, hyalinis, $18-21 \pm 3-4$, rarius $17-24 \pm 5$.

Hab. in foliis putridis Comari palustris prope Mustiala Fenniæ (KARST.) et Shrewsbury Britanniæ (PLOWRIGHT). — Cum *Sph. Grossulariae* permultis rationibus congruit.

140. **Sphærella melanoplaca** (Desm.) Auersw. M. Eur. Pyr. p. 13, 1958
fig. 108, *Sphæria melanoplaca* Desm. XX. Not. 10. — Epiphylla, rarius amphigena; peritheciis minutissimis, numerosis, innato-pro-

minulis, nigris, subnitidis, poro simplici pertusis, in macula magna fuliginea gregariis, 50–80 μ . diam., nucleo albido; ascis brevibus cylindraceis, 40–42 \approx 8, crassis, absque paraphysibus; sporidiis 3–4-serialibus, lanceolato-fusoideis utrinque obtusis, 1-septatis, hyalinis, 22 \approx 3.

Hab. in Gallia in foliis languescentibus vel exsiccatis Gei ur-bani, hieme.

141. **Sphærella pseudo-maculiformis** (Desm.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 12, 1959
fig. 51, *Sphæria* (foliicola) *pseudo-maculiformis* Desm. 1846, 13
Not. p. 83. — Epi-rarius hypophylla, innato-prominula, atra; peritheciis minutissimis, globosis, intus albidis, in maculam conglomeratis; ascis brevibus, subcylindricis, crassis arcuatis vel rectis 25–35 \approx 4–5; sporidiis tereti-oblongis, 8–10 \approx 2, curvulis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, chlorino-hyalinis. — Sec. Fuck. Symb. myc. *Scolecotrichum bulbigerum* Fuck. est status conidiophorus.

Hab. in foliis siccis Poterii Sanguisorbæ in Gallia et in Germania.

142. **Sphærella Jurineæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 99, Auersw. Myc. Eur. 1960
Pyr. p. 13, fig. 106. — Peritheciis sparsis, *Sphærellæ punctiformis* duplo majoribus, conicis, subliberis, astomis, atris, 250–300 μ . diam.; ascis clavato-oblongis, breve stipitatis, 36 \approx 8, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, medio parum constrictis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 4.

Hab. in pag. super. foliorum Jurineæ cyanoides, Budenheim Germaniæ.

143. **Sphærella eriophila** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 86. — Peritheciis sparsis, erumpentibus, minutis, subglobosis, ostiolo papillæformi, atris, nitidis, luce diffusa læte castaneis, coriaceis; ascis obovatis vel ovoideo-oblongis, sessilibus, 74–83 \approx 30–45; sporidiis octonis, irregulariter 3stichis seu farctis, ex oblongo cuneatis, inferne perparum attenuatis, rectis, medio septatis et paulo constrictis, dilutissime virescentibus, 20–30 \approx 8–9.

Hab. in foliis ramulisque emortuis Artemisiæ Mutellinæ, A. spicatae, A. glacialis, A. lanatae, A. Baumgartenii in Alpibus Helvetiæ et Germaniæ.

144. **Sphærella confinis** Karst. Fung. in Spetsb. et Beer. Ell. coll. 1962
p. 106 et Myc. Fenn. II, p. 179. — Peritheciis amphigenis, primus epidermidi innatis, dein protuberantibus, sparsis vel gregariis, sphæroideis, poro pertusis, atris, 100–120 μ . latit.; ascis breviter pedicellatis vel subsessilibus, elongatis vel elongato-clavatis, raro deorsum leviter inflatis, 45–52 \approx 10–13; sporidiis octonis, distichis,

aciculari-elongatis, medio uniseptatis, ad septum haud vel vix constrictis, hyalinis vel chlorino-hyalinis, $14-19 \approx 3-5$.

Hab. in foliis *Senecionis vulgaris* exsiccatis in Fennia, in foliis emortuis *Brayæ* et *Drabarum* in Spitzbergia.

145. **Sphærella Pieris** Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. II*, p. 302. — Peritheciis in iisdem maculis parcis, remotis, lenticularibus, $100-120 \mu$. diam., ostiolo impresso latiuscule pertuso, contextu laxe parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, deorsum attenuatis, $50-55 \approx 12-15$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, curvulis, constricto-didymis, utrinque obtusiuscule attenuatis, $20 \approx 7-8$, minute 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Status spermogonicus sistit *Phyllostictam Farfaræ* Sacc.

Hab. in pagina superiori foliorum languentium *Tussilaginis Farfaræ*, Covolo, Treviso Italia bor. raro. — Cum *Sphærella Tussilaginis* Rehm et *Sph. Petasitidis* Rabh. non comparanda.

146. **Sphærella Tussilaginis** Rehm *Asc. n. 100*, *Wint. Diagn. p. 10* 1964 (Flora, 1872). — Peritheciis epiphyllis, epidermidi innatis, dense gregariis, globosis, nigris, poro simplici pertusis, $90-120 \mu$. lat.; ascis oblongo-pyriformibus, sessilibus, 8-sporis, $40-45 \approx 10-12$; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis distichis, clavato-oblongis vel obovatis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, inæqualiter didymis, $12-14 \approx 3$.

Hab. in foliis putridis *Tussilaginis Farfaræ* prope Windsheim Germaniæ.

147. **Sphærella Arnicæ** Speg. *Nova Add. n. 66*, *Mich. II*, 247. — 1965 Peritheciis dense gregariis, globosis, siccis cupulatis, subepidermicos, atro-carbonaceis, $120-150 \mu$. diam., maculis primo rotundatis fuscescentibus, dein magnis, amorphis, saepe totum folium occupantibus e griseo candidis insidentibus; ascis clavatis, basi brevissime pedicellatis, apice acutiuscule rotundatis, octosporis, $25 \approx 6$, apophysatis?; sporidiis ellipticis, medio uniseptatis, constrictis, hyalinis, triguttulatis.

Hab. in foliis *Arnicæ montanæ* in pascuis M. Antelao Italiæ borealis. — Specimina haud prorsus matura.

148. **Sphærella Carlinæ** Winter in *Hedw.* 1871, p. 162. — Peritheciis 1966 gregariis globosis, minutis, nigro-fuscis, ostiolo minutissimo demum perforato; ascis elongato-oblongis, 8-sporis, $36 \approx 8$, apophysatis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-lanceolatis, inæqualiter bilocularibus, hyalinis, medio constrictis, $14 \approx 3$.

Hab. in Saxonia, Lipsiæ prope Kleinzschocher, in foliis aridis *Carlinæ vulgaris* (WINT.). — *Sphærellæ Jurineæ* Fuck. affinis.

149. **Sphærella affinis** Wint. in Myc. Univ. n. 59, Rehm Asc. n. 294. 1967

Peritheciis dense gregariis primo epidermide tectis, demum erumpentibus, globosis, fusco-atris, poro simplici pertusis, 90–140 μ . d.; ascis clavato-cylindraceis substipitatis, 8-sporis, 45–52 \approx 10–12; sporidiis subdistichis, lanceolato-cylindraceis rectis v. leviter curvatis, uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, hyalinis, 18–22 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in Bavaria, Bayreuth, ad folia arida *Carlinæ vulgaris*, vere 1874 (THUEM.).

150. **Sphærella sarracenica** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. myc. Libert. Ser. 1968

II, n. 136, t. XX, fig. 12. — Peritheciis amphigenis laxe gregariis globoso-lenticularibus, innato-erumpentibus, $1\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam., pertusis; ascis tereti-clavatis, brevissime stipitatis apice obtusis, 50 \approx 8, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-clavulatis 12–14 \approx 3 $1\frac{1}{2}$ –4, bilocularibus, vix constrictis, loculo inferiore minore, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Senecionis sarracenici*, Malmedy in finibus Galliæ et Germaniæ.

151. **Sphærella Taraxaci** Karst. Fungi Spets. n. 51. — Peritheciis dense 1869

gregariis, amphigenis, protuberantibus, sphæroideis, dein ore rotundato hiantibus, glabris, nigris, 150–200 μ . lat.; ascis subsessilibus, elongato-clavatis, 45–65 \approx 12–15, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel subtristichis, fusoideo-elongatis, rectis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 14–20 \approx 3–4; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in foliis *Taraxaci phymatocarpi* emortuis ad Lommebay et Kingsbay, Spitzberg.

152. **Sphærella sibirica** Thüm. Beitr. Pilz. Sibir. n. 766. — Peritheciis 1970

hypophyllis, interdum perforantibus, dense gregariis, globulosis, semiimmersis, liberis, nitido-atris; ascis late clavulatis, utrinque subangustatis, hyalinis, membrana tenui, octosporis, subsessilibus; sporidiis longe ellipticis, utrinque acutato-rotundatis, medio septatis sed non constrictis, homogeneis, enucleatis, hyalinis, 20–22 \approx 5–6; paraphysibus non visis.

Hab. ad *Dianthi versicoloris* folia arida in plantis adhuc virentibus in campis prope Patroschilowo Sibiriæ asiaticæ.

153. **Sphærella Smegmatis** Pass. Diagn. fung. nuovi n. 4. — Peritheciis 1971

sparsis, epidermide tectis, punctiformibus, ostiolo acuto, atro, emersis; ascis brevibus amplis, cylindrico-saccatis, vel etiam lageniformibus, 8sporis, mox evanidis; sporidiis inordinatis, oblongo-spathulatis, uniseptatis, non constrictis, apicibus rotundatis, loculo altero angustiore, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Saporariæ officinalis* prope Parma, Ital. bor., socia *Vermiculariæ* specie, quæ forte spermogonium sistit.

154. **Sphærella isariphora** (Desm.) De Not. Schema Sf. p. 63, *Sphæria* 1972 *isariphora* Desm. 10 Not. 1843, p. 24, *Leptosphæria isariphora* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. fig. 170, *Sphærella Stellaricæ* Fuck., Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 94, t. IX, fig. 8–10. — Hypo- rarius epiphylla, sparsa subapproximata; peritheciis tectis, minimis, globoso-depressis, atris, poro apertis, 100–150 μ . diam.; ascis minutis, tereti-clavatis, 40–50 \approx 5–7; sporidiis hyalinis, ovato-oblongis uniseptatis 9–10 \approx 4. — St. conidicus sistit *Stysanum pusillum* Fuck. (in St. media) et *Stysanum pallescentem* Fuck. (in St. nemorum) St. spermogonicus sistit *Septoriam Stellaricæ* West.

Hab. in foliis siccis *Stellaricæ gramineæ*, St. holosteæ, St. nemorum, St. mediæ in Gallia, Fennia, Germania, Britannia, Italia, Belgio, rarius tamen ascophora. — Paraphyses nullæ ergo genuina *Sphærella*. Cl. Fuck., secundum differentias conidiorum, distinguit *Sph. isariphoram* a *Sph. Stellaricæ*, sed ad diem st. ascophorus unicus notus est, ergo res ulterius inquirenda.

155. **Sphærella Venziana** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 303. — Ma- 1973 culis nullis; peritheciis amphigenis, sparsis, lenticularibus, atris 100 μ . diam., ostiolo impresso pertusis, contextu laxe parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis fasciculatis, cylindraceo-clavatis, 45–50 \approx 8, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, sursum clavulatis, 1-septatis, septo vix vel non constrictis, 12–14 \approx 3–3 $\frac{1}{2}$, minute 4-guttulatis, vel 2-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis et in sepalis aridis *Facchiniae lanceolatae* et *Cherleriae* in alpibus del Cadore, Belluno Italiae borealis, ubi legit pharm. S. VENZO. — A *Sph. isariphora* ascis crassioribus, sporidiis angustioribus clavulatis præ ceteris differt.

156. **Sphærella Stellarinearum** (Rabh.) Karst. Fungi Spets. n. 48 (!), 1974 *Sphæria Stellarinearum* Rabh. Herb. myc. 975 (?). — Peritheciis subsparsis, amphigenis, tectis, punctiformibus, poro pertusis; ascis sessilibus, ovoideis, 60 \approx 20, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, ovoido-oblongatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, medio non constrictis, 20–24 \approx 6.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Stellaricæ Edwardsii* et St. humifusæ pr. Spitzberg. — A *Sph. isariphora* (Desm.) ascis sporidiisque multo majoribus differt.

157. **Sphærella erysiphina** (Berk. et Br.) Cooke Handb. n. 2766, *Sph.* 1975

erysiphina B. et Br. Journ. Hort. Soc. IX, p. 66. — Epiphylla; peritheciis sparsis, minutis, sæpius superficialibus, brunneis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 12–13 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis vivis Humuli Lupuli, sæpe in consortio *Sphærothecæ Castagneyi*, in Britannia.

158. **Sphærella Eryngii** (Wallr.) Cooke Handb. n. 2761, *Sphæria E-ryngii* Fr. in litt. Duby Gall. II, 710. — Peritheciis minutissimis hypophlœodeis, amphigenis, nigris, inæqualibus, dense gregariis spatia internervia oblitterantibus, demum vertice convexo emergentibus, intus albis; ascis crasse cylindraceis, flexuosis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, utrinque attenuatis, hyalinis, 20 μ . long. — Sec. Fuck. spermog. est *Cambosira reticulata* Fr. f. *Eryngii* (= *Asteroma Eryngii* Auersw. Pyr. Heufl. p. 4).

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Eryngii campestris et maritimi in Gallia, Germania, Belgio, Italia, Britannia. — Var. *Libanotis* Fuck. — In foliis Libanotis montanæ in Helvetia; sed non plene evoluta.

159. **Sphærella Primulæ** (Auersw.) Wint. Hedw. 1880, p. 166, *Sphærella clandestina* Niessl, Beitr. p. 18, t. IV, fig. 24, *Stigmatea Primulæ* Auersw. et Heufl. in Hedw. 1878, p. 184. — Peritheciis sparsis gregariisve ovoideis v. plus minus conicis, minute papillatis, erumpentibus, atris, basi fibrillosis; ascis brevibus subcylindricis, sessilibus, apice rotundatis, 8sporis 62–100 \approx 12–18; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongis, uniseptatis, nubilosis, 22–28 \approx 4–6.

Hab. in foliis Primulæ minimæ, Gregoriæ, Androsaces in Germania, Austria, Helvetia.

160. **Sphærella Harknessii** Sacc. *Sphærella brachytheca* C. et Harkn. 1978 Grevill. IX, 1880, p. 8 (nec Cooke Grevill. VII, p. 88 (1879)). — Peritheciis sparsis tectis, exiguis, 60 μ . diam., membranaceis; ascis ovatis, 20 \approx 16; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 8 \approx 4.

Hab. in caule Convolvuli in California (HARKNESS).

161. **Sphærella adusta** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 86. — Peritheciis minutis dense confertis lateque effusis, ambientis, globosis, papillatis tectis, membranaceis, atris; ascis oblongo-clavatis, subsessilibus, octosporis 30–48 \approx 9, sporidiis farctis cuneato-oblongis seu inferne parum attenuatis, inæquilateralibus, medio septatis, pauloque constrictis, hyalinis, 12–16 \approx 3–5.

Hab. in caulibus, qui cinereo-maculosi fiunt, Convolvuli arvensis prope Brünn Moraviae.

162. **Sphærella Rumicis** (Desm.) Cooke Handb. n. 2769, *Sphæria Ru-* 1980

micis Desm. Nouv. Not. 1843, p. 44. — Maculis amphigenis, minutiis, numerosis, orbiculatis, sparsis, brunneis, viridulo-cinctis; peritheciis epiphyllis, conglomeratis, 100–140 μ . diam.; innato-prominulis, perexiguis, globoso-depressis, collabascendo-concavis, olivaceis, dein subnigris, poro simplici pertusis; ascis amplis, tubulosis, parum curvatis, e dupli membrana compositis, 50 \approx 14; sporidiis pallide olivaceis, ovato-oblongis, obtusis, uniseptatis 12–14 \approx 4. — *Orularia obovata* (Fuck.) Sacc. sistit st. conidicum.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus *Rumicis Nemolapathi*, *R. crisi*, *R. conglomerati* in Gallia, Britannia, Germania, Belgio et Fennia.

163. **Sphærella eucarpa** Karst. Fung. Spetsb. n. 44. — Peritheciis 1981

sparsis vel gregariis, epiphyllis, epidermidi innatis, sphæroideis, poro vix conspicuo pertusis, nigris, glabris, circiter 150 μ . latit.; ascis subsessilibus, subellipsoideis vel oblongato-clavatis, 120–140 \approx 45–55, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, ovoideo-oblongatis, utrinque obtusis, rectis, uniseptatis, medio levissime constrictis, loculo utroque guttula unica ornata, luteolo-hyalinis, 32–40 \approx 13–14; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in foliis *Polygoni vivipari* vetustis ad Adventbay et Crossbay, pr. Spitzberg.

164. **Sphærella Polygonorum** (Crié sub *Dep.*) Sacc., Crié Sur les Dep. 1982

p. 41, t. 8, fig. 4. — Maculis epiphyllis rotundatis, zona prominula fuscescenti-rubra cinctis; peritheciis epiphyllis, prominulis, nigris; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusis, 1-septatis, 17–18 \approx 6, dilute virescentibus.

Hab. in Gallia, in foliis vivis *Polygonorum* et *Rumicis*, decadente autumno, sociis spermogoniis (*Septoria*) et pycnidibus (*Diplodia*, *Hendersonia*).

165. **Sphærella Circe** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 301. — Maculis 1983

irregularibus, majusculis, amphigenis, albidis, rufo-cinctis; peritheciis paucis, globoso-lenticularibus, punctiformibus, 80 μ . diam., poro latiustulo pertusis, contextu laxe parenchymatico; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-clavulatis, 40–50 \approx 11, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongis, 12–15 \approx 5–6, didymis, septo constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis *Phytolaccæ decandræ* prope Tresviso Italiæ borealis.

166. **Sphærella depazeæformis** (Auersw.) Ces. et De Not. Schema 1984

Sfer. ital. p. 238, Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 13, t. 4, fig. 50. — Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, epidermidi innatis centro maculæ rotundatæ, rufescens, obscurius, marginatæ, insidentibus, globulosis, poro simplici pertusis, 40–46 μ . fere latis; ascis ex ovata basi attenuatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 34–36 \approx 8; sporidiis 2–3 serialiter stipatis, fusiformi-oblongis, utrinque obtusatis, rectis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum neutiquam constrictis, hyalinis, 8–10 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in foliis Oxalidis Acetosellæ emortuis in Germania.

167. **Sphærella Selene** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 301. — Maculis 1985 amphigenis candidis, magnitudine variis, fuligineo-cinctis; peritheciis epidermide tenuissima velatis, punctiformibus, lenticularibus, 66 μ . diam., ostiolo umbilicato latiuscule pertuso; ascis clavato-oblongis, 55 \approx 15, basi breve attenuatis, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, breve fusoideis, didymis, loculis inæqualibus, utrinque acutiusculis, 20 \approx 7, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languentibus Oxalidis strictæ, Selva, Treviso, Italiæ bor. — *Sphærella depazeæformis* (Auersw.) Ces. et De Not. differt sporidiis et ascis multo minoribus et diverse efformatis.

†† *Clado-carpogonæ.*

168. **Sphærella melæna** (Pr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 16, fig. 65. 1986
Sphæria melæna Fr. S. M. II. 431, p. p. — Peritheciis nigris, epidermide adnatis, densissime congestis, ac connatis, poro simplici pertusis, 66–80 μ . latis; ascis obovatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 27 \approx 14; sporidiis 3–4 serialiter stipatis, obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, infra medium uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, pallide luteolis vel subhyalinis.

Hab. in caulis siccis Meliloti, Viciæ, Lathyri, Astragali Glycyphyllici in Suecia et Germania.

169. **Sphærella Plantaginis** Sollm. Bot. Zeit. XXII, p. 281, t. IX, f. 1987 27–35. — Peritheciis gregariis, interdum subconfluentibus, minutissimis, glabris, levibus, atronitidis, basi applanatis, hemisphæricis, poro tandem pertusis; ascis brevibus, crassisque, tereti-clavatis, octosporis, a paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis, utrinque acutiusculis, 1-septatis leniterque constrictis, 10–11 μ . longis.

Hab. in scapis Plantaginis lanceolatae et mediae pr. Brünn (Niessl). — In exemplaribus a cl. Niessl missis vidi tantum

spermogonium sistens *Septoriam Plantaginis*; peritheciis subtectis dense gregariis punctiformibus, 90–100 μ . diam., pertusis, spermatiis bacillaribus rectiusculis, 18–21 \times 1, spuriæ 1–3-septatis hyalinis. — *Sphæria Plantaginis* Ces. Bot. Zeit. 1853, IX, p. 237 forte *Sphærellæ* speciem sistit sed nucleus ignotus manet.

170. **Sphærella circumvaga** (Desm.) Sacc. Mich. II, p. 56. *Dothidea circumvaga*. Desm. 14, n. 1847, p. 175. — Innata, picea, caules ambiens; peritheciis minutissimis, stipatis, subglobosis, nucleo sicco albo farctis; ascis clavatis, brevibus, apice rotundatis; sporidiis subpyriformibus, seu oblongo-clavulatis, 8–10 \times 4, apice rotundatis, tenuiter 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Medicaginis falcatae exsiccati, in Vogenesis Galliæ.

171. **Sphærella pinodes** (B. et Blox.) Niessl in F. Eur. n. 1947. *Sphæria pinodes* B. et Blox. in Ann. N. H. n. 981, t. 17, fig. 34, Cooke Handb. n. 2732. — Sparsa, minutissima, subhemisphærica, depressa, sub-astoma; ascis brevibus, crasse clavatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis oblongis, constricto 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Pisi sativi in Britannia et Germania.

172. **Sphærella Trifolii** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 174. — Peritheciis 1900 sparsis vel gregariis sæpe dense congestis, epidermide vulgo colore fusco-nigro tincta adnatis tectis, conoideo-rotundatis, basi applanatis filamentisque repentibus, fuscis obsessis, ostiolo papillato, prominulo, atris, latit. 0,2 mill.; ascis subsessilibus, elongatis vel cylindraceo-clavatis, 60–70 \times 13–14 octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. tristichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, ad septum constrictis, hyalinis, 18–22 \times 7–8.

Hab. in caulis ramulisque emortuis Trifolii pratensis ad Mustiala Fenniæ. — Cum *Didymella Trifolii* (Fuck.) et cum *Gnomonia inæquali* Auersw. similitudinem ostendit maximam, ab illa præprimis sporidiis neutiquam medio constrictis, ab hac sporidiis hyalinis etc. differre videtur.

173. **Sphærella spinarum** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 9, fig. 107. — 1901 Peritheciis atris, nitidulis, epidermidi innatis, sparsis, globulosis, poro simplici pertusis, 100–120 μ . latis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 46 \times 7; sporidiis biserialibus, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 15 \times 4.

Hab. in petiolis spinescentibus emortuis Astragali aristati in Germania.

174. **Sphærella Cruciferarum** (Fr.) Sacc. Mich. p. II, 315. *Sph. Crucif.* 1902

ferarum Fr. S. M. II, p. 525. — Sparsa; peritheciis innatis, hemisphæricis, turgidis, lævibus, nigris nitidis, ostiolo simplici pertusis, 70–80 μ . d.; ascis clavatis, breve crasseque stipitatis 40 \approx 12; sporidiis octonis, distichis oblongo-fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 15 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, curvulis, 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis, siliquis rarius foliis Erysimi, Lapidii aliisque Cruciferis in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia et Belgio.

175. **Sphærella Compositarum** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 15, fig. 105. 1993

— Peritheciis nigris, epidermidi innatis, ovatis, acutiusculis, gregariis, 100 μ . latis; ascis ex ovata basi sensim attenuatis, brevisime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 60–70 \approx 20–28; sporidiis 2–4-serialiter stipitatis, oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum constrictis, subhyalinis, nubilosis, 24–27 \approx 7.

Hab. in caulis siccis Cichorii foliisque Carlinæ acaulis in Germania.

176. **Sphærella præcox** Pass. in Erb. critt. ital. n. 987. — Peritheciis minimis, epidermide innatis, sparsis, atris, cellulis latiusculis subtetragonis contextis; ascis saccato-clavatis, basi breviter incurve stipitatis, 40 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis, subdistichis, ovato-oblongis, bi-locularibus loculo altero latiore, hyalinis, 12 \approx 5.

Hab. in caulis vivis Lactucæ salignæ, Collecchio pr. Parma in Italia boreali.

177. **Sphærella Dahliæ** C. et Ell. New Jersey Fungi, Grev. VII, p. 42. 1995

— Sparsa; peritheciis membranaceis, brunneis, epidermide tectis, poro pertusis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 4.

Hab. in caule Dahliæ, socia Vermicularia, New Jersey in America boreali.

178. **Sphærella nebulosa** (Pers.) Sacc. Mich. II. p. 56. *Sphæria nebulosa* Pers. Syn. p. 31, Fr. S. M. II, p. 430, saltem p. p. — Peritheciis minimis, 100–130 μ . diam., gregariis, maculas griseas interruptas inæqualiter lineatas efformantibus ostiolis prominulis; ascis crasse clavatis, 50 \approx 15; sporidiis distichis, 14–16 \approx 5, ovato-fusoideis, utrinque (plerumque) acutiusculis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis siccis Solidaginis in Vogesis Galliæ et Helvetiæ (MOUGEOT!).

179. **Sphærella trichophila** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 171. — Peritheciis, gregariis, primitus epidermide tectis, dein erumpentibus, su-

bicolo fusco filamentoso insidentibus, sphæroideis, vertice sæpe conoideis, setisque spiniformibus, erecto-divergentibus, longiusculis, atris armatis, atris, poro simplici, vix papillari dehiscentibus; ascis sporidiisque *Sphærellæ Tassianæ* (n. 240).

Hab. in caulis (*Saussureæ?*) emortuis ad Olenji Lapponiæ rossicæ. — Si setulæ peritheciorum constantes, species inter Venturias rectius adnumeranda.

180. **Sphærella Winteriana** Sacc. *Sph. Winteri* J. Kunze F. Sel. ex-¹⁹⁹⁸ sicc. n. 64 (absque diagnosi), nec Pass. — Peritheciis dense longe lateque gregariis epidermide velatis, globulosis, prominulis, punctiformibus 150 μ . diam., pertusis, contextu parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis tereti-clavulatis, breve stipitatis, 70–80 \pm 10, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis fusoideis, curvis, 15–18 \pm 4, sub medio constricto-1-septatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 2–4-guttulatis, utrinque subinde minute et obtuse apiculatis.

Hab. in caulis ramulisque Melampyri nemorosi aridis prope Eisleben Germaniæ. — Diagnosim e speciminibus exoletis erui.

181. **Sphærella Vincetoxicæ** Sacc. — Peritheciis epidermide velatis punctiformibus, semiglobosis, pertusis, dense gregariis maculasque latas, griseo-fuscas formantibus, subinde mycelio repente subrufescente filiformi connexis; ascis tereti-clavulatis subsessilibus, 40 \pm 8, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongo-clavulatis, 1-septatis, constrictis, 15 \pm 4, 4guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Cynanchi Vincetoxicæ, Conegliano Italiæ borealis. — Var. *folliculorum*; ascis 40–50 \pm 7–8; sporidiis 10–12 \pm 3. Cum typo.

182. **Sphærella Gypsophilæ** Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 101. Thuem. Beitr. ²⁰⁰⁰ Pilz. Lib. n. 767. *Sphaeria Gypsophilæ* Lasch. in Kl. Herb. myc. 1050. — Peritheciis punctiformibus, epidermide velatis, nigris; ascis late ellipsoideis, 72 \pm 42–48, breve stipitatis, hyalinis; sporidiis octonis, longe ellipticis, utrinque acutato-rotundatis, medio septatis, hyalinis, 22 \pm 13.

Hab. in caulis capsulisque aridis Gypsophilæ Gmelini, G. muralis et Scleranthi in Germania et in Sibiria asiatica.

183. **Sphærella Euphorbiæ spinosæ** De Not. Recl. Pir. in Comm. II, ²⁰⁰¹ 487. — Epidermide tecta, sparsa, per exigua, punctiformis, atra; peritheciis subhemisphæricis, coriaceis, osculo vix conspicuo, hiantibus; ascis copiosis, oblongatis, octosporis; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis oblongatis, bilocularibus, episporio crassiusculo præditis, nucleis hyalino-luteolis, contiguis, deorsum tenuatis.

Hab. in ramis siccis Euphorbiæ spinosæ, Iglesias in insula Sardinia.

184. **Sphærella Salicorniæ** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 16, fig. 68. — 2002

Peritheciis nigris, epidermide tectis, dein semiliberis, exacte globosis, poro simplici pertusis, sparsis, 160μ . latis; ascis obovato-cuneatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, $25 \approx 10$; sporidiis subtriserialiter stipatis, linearis-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, brunneolis, $10 \approx 2$.

Hab. fn caulibus siccis Salicorniæ herbaceæ in Germania.

185. **Sphærella peruviana** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. IV, n. 146. — Pe- 2003

ritheciis globulosis, minutissimis, $70-80 \mu$. d., subepidermicis, saepe erumpentibus v. cortice secedente liberis, ostiolo vix prominulo ornatis, atris, membranaceis, contextu parenchymatico, olivaceo-fuligineo; ascis ovatis, v. ovato-saccatis, parvulis, $20-24 \approx 10-12$, sursum crassissime tunicatis, deorsum abrupte brevissimeque coarctato-stipitatis, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis inordinate polystichis, cylindraceo-ellipticis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, medio 1-septatis, non v. leniter constrictis, $8-12 \approx 2,5-3,5$, minute 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus putrescentibus dejectis Salicorniæ peruvianæ ad margines dumetosos laculorum subsalsorum in sylva australiore «Tordillo» dicta, in Peru, Amer. austr. — «Forte non satis diversa a *Sph. Salicorniæ*».

186. **Sphærella fuscata** Ell. Bull. Torr. Cl. VIII, 11 Nov. 1881, pag. 2004

125. — Peritheciis, minutis dense gregariis, maculas elongatas nigricantes efficientibus; ascis obovatis, $38-50 \approx 15-17$; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, hinc acutioribus, $17 \approx 6-6,5$, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus herbarum Pleasant Valley, Utah, Amer. bor. in montibus (HARKNESS). — Maculæ 12-15 mill. longæ, 6-7 latæ; perithecia ovato-conica, rugulosa, subepidermica, denique erumpentia et matrice infuscantia.

187. **Sphærella sagedioides** Wint., Kunze Fungi sel. exsic. cent. IV, 2005

n. 323-324 (absque diagnosi). — Peritheciis gregariis epidermide initio velatis, sphæroideo-depressis, $100-110 \mu$. diam., membranaceis, ostiolo impresso pertusis; ascis tereti-obclavatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, subinde inaequilateralibus, $10-12 \approx 4$, uniseptatis, non constrictis, minute 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus Dipsaci sylvestris et Dauci Carotæ prope Zürich Helvetiæ, rarius.

188. **Sphærella Umbelliferarum** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 16, f. 63. 2006

— Peritheciis nigris, epidermidi innatis, depresso-globosis, sublentiformibus, poro simplici pertusis, dense sparsis, numerosissimis, 80–130 μ . latis; ascis obovatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 34 \approx 14; sporidiis 3-4-serialiter stipatis, subcymbiformibus, utrinque obtusatis, rectis v. curvulis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 17–20 \approx 4.

Hab. in caulis siccis Peucedani Oreoselini in Germania.

189. **Sphærella leptasca** Auersw. in Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 15, fig. 64, 2007

Mich. I, p. 381. — Peritheciis sparsis, subcutaneis, punctiformibus, globoso-lenticularibus, 80–90 μ . diam., poro pertusis dein erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis, 40–50 \approx 6, breviter stipitatis, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique 1-stichis vel 2-stichis, oblongo-fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, 11–12 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ –3, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogonium sistit *Septoriam leptidea* Sacc.

Hab. in caulis putrescentibus Torilis Anthrisci aliarumque Umbelliferarum in Germania et Italia boreali.

190. **Sphærella sciadophila** Pass. Micr. ital. diagn. n. 4. — Peritheciis 2008

sparsis vel subaggregatis, subglobosis, tectis, tandem denudatis, atra, cellulis minutis subtrapezoideis contextis; ascis oblongis, basi ventricosis vel subclavatis, abrupte brevissime, stipitatis, rectis vel curvulis, 60–75 \approx 15–20; sporidiis octonis subtristichis oblongo-naviculäribus, medio septatis non constrictis, apicibus rotundatis, loculo altero paullo angustiore sublongiore, perfecte hyalinis, 15–18 \approx 5,

Hab. in radiis aridis umbellarum Chærophylli temuli L. Parmæ, Ital. bor. — Accedit forma spermatifera, peritheciis similibus: spermatiis subcylindricis hyalinis, 5 \approx 1–1 $\frac{1}{2}$. — A *Sphærella Umbelliferarum* Rabh Myc. Eur. p. 15, t. 5, f. 63, ascorum forma et longitudine præcipue recedit.

191. **Sphærella rubella** Niessl et Schröt. Hedw. 1877, p. 118. — Mycelio 2009

effuso, rubello, corticis lignique parenchyma colore ex rubello atque sanguineo vel fuscescente tingens, maculas extensas plus minus determinatas formans; peritheciis minutis, dense gregariis, subglobosis, tectis, vertice conico, erumpentibus, ostiolo papillæformi, atris, coriaceo-membranaceis; ascis fasciculatis, clavatis 46–60 \approx 10–12; sporidiis farcte distichis, ovato-oblongis vel subclavatis, medio septatis et valde constrictis, hyalinis, 12–16 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in caulibus Angelicæ sylvestris prope Rastatt Germaniæ (SCHRÖTER). — Perithecia fere pleosporoidea.

192. **Sphærella Mugeotiana** Sacc. Michel. II, p. 57, *Sphæropsis Atonus* Lév. (?) Roum. Fungi Gall. n. 388. — Maculis foliorum areascendo expallentibus vagis; peritheciis punctiformibus, hypophyllis, tectis; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 50–60 \approx 8, apice obtusiusculis, aparaphysatis (?), octosporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 14 \approx 3, rectis, 1-septatis (vel ob plasma 4-partitum, simulate 3-septatis) hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Rubiæ peregrinæ in Vogesis (MOUGEOT).

193. **Sphærella peregrina** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 98. — Sparsa, clado-phylogenæ, subinde dense gregaria; peritheciis punctiformibus, papillatis; ascis crasse clavatis; sporidiis stipatis, breve fusoideis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 15–18 \approx 4.

Hab. in caulibus foliisque Rubiæ peregrinæ, Symond's Yat, prope Ross Britanniæ. — A *Sph. Mugeotiana* Sacc. differre videtur ascis crasse clavatis, sporidiis majoribus etc. An satis?

194. **Sphærella minor** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, pag. 171. — Peritheciis epidermidi innatis, laxe gregariis, fibrillis innatis, serpentibus, subradianibus, fuscescentibus junctis, maculas cinerascentes formantibus, sphæroideis, poro simplici pertusis, atris, 60–70 μ . lat.; ascis sessilibus, ovoideo-ellipsoideis vel ovoideo-sphæroideis, 18–25 \approx 12–14; sporidiis octonis, conglobatis, ovoideo-oblongatis, medio uniseptatis, ad sepimentum haud vel vix constrictis, chlorino-hyalinis, 11–12 \approx 4.

Hab. in caulibus Epilobii angustifolii emortuis prope oppidum Kola Lapponiæ rossicæ. — *Sphærella Tassianæ* proxima et affinis, sed omnibus partibus minor. — Var. *Galii* (Michel. I, 381, Fungi ital. t. 388): ascis obclavato-ovoideis, 20–25 \approx 14, brevissime crasse stipitatis, apice breve obtuseque attenuatis, 8sporis, aparaphysatis, sporidiis tristichis, oblongo-clavulatis, 8–10 \approx 3, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis. — In caule Galii sylvatici in Ital. bor.

195. **Sphærella Hyperici** Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 14, fig. 60, Karst. M. 2013 Fenn. II, 177. — Peritheciis nigris, epidermidi innatis, globulosis, poro simplici pertusis, dense sparsis, imo hinc inde connatis, 48–58 μ . latis; ascis oblongis, breviter stipitatis, 8-sporis, 40–50 \approx 7–8; sporidiis 2–3-serialiter stipatis, elongato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 12–14 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Hyperici perforati in Germania et in Fennia.

196. **Sphærella Gentianæ** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 128. — Peritheciis 2014
laxe gregariis, globosis, minutis, tectis, vix papillatis, submembra-
naceis; ascis oblongo-clavatis plerumque inferne amplis, stipite bre-
vi, 8sporis, 29–32 \approx 8–12; sporidiis stipatis, cuneatis vel clavatis, in-
ferne attenuatis, rectis vel paulo curvatis, medio septatis, parum
constrictis, guttulatis, hyalinis 10 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in caulis siccis Gentianæ asclepiadeæ prope Gratz
Austriæ.

197. **Sphærella Galatea** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 304. — Peri- 2015
theiciis secus caulem hinc inde gregariis, atris, punctiformibus, 70–
75 μ . diam., globoso-lenticularibus, epidermide tenuiter tumefacta
velatis, ostiolo exiguo impresso; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, subses-
silibus, 35 \approx 6–7, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis vel subdi-
stichis, oblongis, 8–11 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ –3, loculo infero angustiore, constricto-
1-septatis, eguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis aridis Valerianæ officinalis in sylva
Montello, Treviso, Ital. bor., rarius. — *Sph. leptascæ* Auersw. et
Sph. caulincola Karst. cognata, sed satis distincta.

198. **Sphærella morphæa** Sacc. Mich. I, 34. — Peritheciis gregariis, 2016
punctiformibus e globoso lenticularibus, innato-erumpentibus, $\frac{1}{10}$
mill. diam., ostiolo plano pertuso; peritheciis contextu laxe cellu-
loso fuligineo; ascis clavatis, tortuosis, subsessilibus, 70 \approx 12–13,
aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis ovato-fusoideis, 15–
20 \approx 6–7 $\frac{1}{2}$, rectis curvulisque, 1-septatis, valde constrictis, 4-gut-
tulatis, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in stigmate capsularum Papaveris somniferi deje-
ctarum, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — Cum qua specie comparari pos-
sit, ignoro. Certe *Sph. arthopyrenides*, in Papavere quoque obvia
longe differt.

199. **Sphærella arthopyrenioideis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 15, fig. 55. 2017
— Peritheciis nigris, epidermidi innatis, depresso-globosis, poro
simplici pertusis, dense sparsis, 60–120 μ . latis; ascis obovatis, ses-
silibus, 8-sporis, 38 \approx 18; sporidiis subtriserialiter stipatis, obovato-
oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non con-
strictis, pallidis, nubilosis, 14 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in caulis siccis Papaveris Burseri in Alpibus
Styriae.

200. **Sphærella Cannabis** Wint. Hedw. 1872, p. 145. — Peritheciis 2018
nigris, epidermidi innatis, depresso-globosis, dense gregariis vel
basi congregatis, poro simplici pertusis, 150–180 μ ; ascis ample

cylindraceis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 50–60 \approx 10; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformi-oblongis, utrinque attenuatis, fere sub-acutis, inæqualiter bilocularibus, uniseptatis ad septum constrictis, pallide viridulis, 14 \approx 5.

Hab. in caulis dejectis *Cannabis sativæ* prope Seis Tyroliaæ (HAUSMANN).

201. **Sphærella caulincola** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 169. — Peritheciis 2019 laxe gregariis, subiculo filamentoso fusco insidentibus, per epidermidem erumpentibus, sphæroideis, sæpe vertice umbonatis, poro simplici pertusis, atris, 0,2 mill. lat.; ascis fasciculatis, numerosissimis, cylindraceo-clavatis, 54 \approx 8 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, medio uniseptatis, hyalinis, 10–11 \approx 3–3,5.

Hab. in caulis *Galeopsidis versicoloris* emortuis in Fennia australi et media. — Quoque ad caules *Epilobii angustifolii* *Umbelliferarumque* ad Mare-Glaciale lecta est hæc species, sporidiis vero minoribus, 8–10 \approx 2–3, prædita. — Facillime dignota species. Maculæ fuscescentes, forma variæ, quibus insident perithecia majuscula, nitidula, sat prominula, in caule hinc inde dispersæ.

202. **Sphærella Micromeriæ** Pass. in Relaz. Botan. Bullettino del Club 2020 Alpino Italiano, vol. VII, n. 21 et Diagn. nuov. funghi n. 7. — Peritheciis subcorticalibus erumpentibus, globoso-conicis, atris, ostiolo punctiformi; ascis brevibus, latiusculis, subclavatis, basi incurvis, subsessilibus, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinatis, subnavicularibus, septatis, ad septum vix constrictis, loculo altero ampliore, hyalinis; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in caulis siccis *Micromeriæ tenuifoliæ*, Chieti Italiæ merid. — Perithecia crassiuscula et prominula ligno insident, non parenchymati corticali; et cortice elapso, in ligno denudato perdurant.

203. **Sphærella polygramma** (Fr.) Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 87, *Sphæria polygramma* Fr. S. M. II, p. 432 p. p.? — Peritheciis minutis, seriatis, confertis, subconfluentibus, globosis, tectis, obsure papillatis, atro-fuscis, membranaceis; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus, 8sporis, 30 \approx 7–8; sporidiis fusiformibus vel paulo clavatis, rectis, curvatisve, medio septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis 8–9 \approx 2 (an maturis?).

Hab. in caulis, qui fusco-maculosi fiunt, *Ballotæ nigræ* prope Brünn Moraviæ. — Forte *Phoma polygramma* est ejusdem spermogonium.

II. In Monocotyledoneis parasiticæ.

204. **Sphærella Schœnoprasi** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Syn. Pyr. pag. 19, 2022
 t. 5, f. 70, *Gnomonia Schœnoprasi* (Rabh.) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 232, *Vermicularia Schœnoprasi* Rabh. Fungi Eur. II, 346. — Peritheciis ut plurimum epiphyllis, dense gregariis, maculas magnas griseas formantibus, primitus epidermide tectis, dein eam vertice perforantibus, depresso-sphæroideis, in ostiolum breviter conoideum acuminatis, atris, 150–200 μ . lat.; ascis brevissime pedicellatis, ovoideo-oblongatis, 70–82 \approx 18–20, octosporis; sporidiis infra distichis, supra monostichis, ovoideo-oblongatis vel suboblongatis, uniseptatis, ad septum leviter constrictis, subhyalinis, 20–26 \approx 6–8. — Spermogonia (*Vermicularia Schœnoprasi* Rabh. p. p.) peritheciis commixta, gregaria, erumpentia, ovalia vel ellipsoidea vel suborbicularia, obtuse conoidea, astoma, demum basi secedentia, atra, vertice pilis concoloribus, sparsis obsessa, minuta; spermatiis fusideo-bacillaribus, curvatis, hyalinis, 16–20 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in foliis languidis Allii Porri, A. ochroleuci, A. Schœnoprasi etc. in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Fennia.

205. **Sphærella allicina** (Fr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. 19, fig. 69, 2023
Sphæria allicina Fr. S. M. II, 437. — Peritheciis epidermide griseo-fusca tectis, globosis confertis, subpapillatis nitidis, prominulis; ascis subclavatis, sessilibus, 55–58 \approx 14, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongis utrinque rotundatis, subrectis, uniseptatis, non constictis, hyalinis, 16 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in foliis scapisque Alliorum et forte quoque Platantheræ in Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Britannia, Lusitania. — Macula amphigena oritur ex epidermide folii, peritheciorum greges tegente, cinerascente. Perithecia genuina, mediæ magnitudinis, nunc confluentia, nunc sparsa, in juniori ætate astoma.

206. **Sphærella Cinxia** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 403. — Maculis 2024 nullis; peritheciis amphigenis, sparsis, globoso-lenticularibus, atris, 120 μ . diam., ostiolo impresso tenuiter pertuso; ascis breve crasse stipitatis cylindraceo-clavatis, tunica crassiuscula, 55 \approx 10–11, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, ovoideis, didymis, loculo altero crassiore, 12 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ –6, hyalinis, eguttulatis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Lili candidi prope Treviso Italiæ borealis.

207. **Sphærella Maturna** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 303. — Maculis 2025 nullis; peritheciis amphigenis, sparsis, punctiformibus, 100 μ . diam., lenticularibus, ostiolo impresso pertusis, hyphis ramulosis repentinibus fuligineis basi cinctis; ascis minutissimis, 35 \approx 6-7, cylindro-clavulatis, curvulis, dense fasciculatis, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinate distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, constricto-didymis, 44 \approx 3- $3\frac{1}{3}$, loculo altero angustiore, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Lili candidi, Selva, Treviso, Italia bor., socia et forte formam spermogonicam sistens: *Phyllosticta liliicola* Sacc.; peritheciis globulosis, pertusis, punctiformibus spermatia ovoidea, 10 \approx 3, 2guttulata, hyalina foventibus.

208. **Sphærella brunneola** (Fr.) Cooke Handb. p. 922, Karst. M. Fenn. 2026 II, 180, *Sphæria brunneola* Fr. S. M. II, p. 526, *Ascospora brunneola* Fr. Summa Veg. p. 425. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, parenchymati innatis, utrinque prominulis, filamentis in parenchymate repentinibus, fuscis maculas oblongatas, brunneas, variæ magnitudinis formantibus, sphæroideis vel siccitate sphæroideo-depressis, poro pertusis, 80-90 μ . diam.; ascis subsessilibus, fusoideo-elongatis, 55 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-elongatis, paulo extra medium uniseptatis, rectis, ad septum vix constrictis, hyalinis, 17-20 \approx 4. — Spermogonia (*Asteroma subradians* Fr.) peritheciis immixta, erumpentia, sphæroidea, dein ore lato aperta, atra, peritheciis multo majora; spermatiis filiformibus, inarticulatis, hyalinis, 75-105 \approx 2.

Hab. in foliis Convallariæ majalis (an et Epipactidis) in Suecia, Britannia, Fennia, Germania, Italia, Gallia, rarius fructificans.

209. **Sphærella Asteroma** (Fr.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 181, *Dothidea* 2027 *Asteroma* Fr. S. M. II, 560, *Ascospora Asteroma* Fr. Fuck., *Sphærella subradians* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 19, fig. 77. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, parenchymati innatis, utrinque prominentibus, filamentis in folii parenchymate repentinibus, fuscis, maculas fuscas vel fuliginoso-nigrescentes, oblongatas, variæ magnitudinis formantibus, sphæroideis, poro simplici pertusis, 60-80 μ . diam.; ascis subsessilibus, oblongatis, 32-35 \approx 7-9 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, fere medio uniseptatis, ad septum leviter constrictis, hyalinis, 9-12 \approx 3-4. — Spermogonia? (*Asteroma [Cambosira] reticulata* Fr.) epiphylla, prominentia, subsphæroidea, atra, fibrillis liberis, serpentibus juncta, exigua.

Hab. in foliis emortuis caulinibusque Convallariæ multiflo-

ræ, Polygonati, verticillatae et Majanthemi in Suecia Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Fennia, Italia, Kamschatka.

210. **Sphærella smilacicola** (Schw.) Cooke in Grev., *Sph.* (Depazea) 2028 *smilacicola* Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1825. — Macula sinuosa v. subquadrata impressa, rufo-fusca nigro-marginata; peritheciis punctiformibus, innatis, subconicis, nigris, sparsis, 90 μ . diam. poro pertusis; ascis fasciculatis clavulatis, brevissime stipitatis, 40–50 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-teretiusculis, utrinque rotundatis, curvulis, 1–septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis, 14–15 \approx 3».

Hab. in foliis Smilacis rotundifoliæ etc. Bethlehem et Aiken Amer. bor.

211. **Sphærella Pales** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 305. — Peritheciis 2029 secus caulem laxe sparsis, epidermide velatis, punctiformibus, 100 μ . diam., lenticularibus, atris, ostiolo minuto umbilicato; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-clavatis, 50 \approx 14, subsessilibus, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, didymis, medio constrictis, 18–20 \approx 7, loculis quandoque inæqualibus, 4guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus exsiccatis Hemerocallidis fulvæ, Selva Treviso, Italia bor.

212. **Sphærella Agapanthi** Kalch. et Cooke Grev. IX, p. 31. — Maculis magnis, irregularibus, nigrescentibus; peritheciis numerosissimis, membranaceis, applanatis, fuscis; mycelio fusco, radiato, circumdati; ascis obclavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis 15–18 \approx 3.

Hab. in foliis Agapanthi in Africa australi.

213. **Sphærella Iridis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 18, fig. 11. — Peritheciis 2031 amphigenis, nigris, epidermide primo tectis, dein semiliberis, sparsis, depresso-globosis, poro simplici minuto pertusis, 120–160 μ . latis; ascis obovato-oblongis, in stipitem brevissimum attenuatis, 8sporis, 50–58 \approx 17; sporidiis subtriseriatis, oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, rectis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, episporio crasso, 17 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in foliis siccis Iridis pumilæ in Germania et Iridis Pseudacori in Britannia.

214. **Sphæria Caladii** (Schw.) Sacc. *Depazea Caladii* Schw., B. et 2032 C. Exot. Fungi Schw. p. 291. — Maculis latis annulari-multicoloribus, centro pallidis; peritheciis congestis; ascis brevibus; sporidiis hyalinis oblongis, medio uniseptatis, lenissime curvulis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Caladii cujusdam in Surinam. — Maculæ 10–25 mill. latæ.

215. **Sphærella Maydis** Pass. in Rabh Fungi Eur. n. 1851 et Just 2033

Bot. Jahresb. 1874, p. 319, Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 383. — Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, epidermidem vix perforantibus, in area translucida folii subgregariis vel sparsis; ascis oblongis subclavatis vel saepius basi plus minus ventricosis, $35-55 \approx 7\frac{1}{2}-8\frac{1}{2}$; sporidiis subtristichis oblongis, septatis, vix constrictis, $14-16 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}-4$, hyalinis, loculis 1-2 guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis et putrescentibus *Zeæ Maydis* in agro Parmensi et Tarvisino Italiæ. — A *Sph. Zeæ* Sacc. et *Sph. paulula* Cooke tute distincta.

216. **Sphærella paulula** Cooke. Rav. Fung. Amer. Cent. III. et in Grev. 2034

VI, p. 146. — Sparsa; peritheciis minutis, globosis, semiliberis, 70 μ . diam., ascis clavatis, 20 μ . long.; sporidiis ellipticis, demum uniseptatis 5 μ . longis.

Hab. in vaginis *Zeæ Maydis*, Gainesville, Florida Americæ borealis. — E minimis generis speciebus, subinde a *Cladosporio*, quocum habitat, velata.

217. **Sphærella Zeæ** Sacc. Mich. I, 377, F. it. t. 384. — Maculis in 2035

foliis adhuc vivis irregularibus arescendo candidantibus, ochraceo-marginatis; peritheciis in media macula gregariis numerosis punctiformibus lenticularibus, pertusis, 120-130 μ . diam.; contextu laxe parenchymatico; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, deorsum acutatis, apice obtusiusculis, $80 \approx 14$, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, curvulis utrinque obtusiusculis, $20 \approx 7-8$, loculo superiore paulo crassiore, 4- (raro pluri-) guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis adhuc vivis *Zeæ giganteæ* (Caragua) cultæ, Vittorio in Italia boreali. — Ascis sporidiisque fere duplo majoribus a *Sphærella Maydis* Pass. recedit.

218. **Sphærella disseminata** De Not. et Carest. Erb. cr. it. Ser. II, 2036

n. 391 et N. G. B. Ital. 1871, p. 197. — Peritheciis sparsis subsphæroideis, osculo rotundo hiantibus; ascis grandibus crasse clavatis, 8-sporis, paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis ovoideo-oblongis, saepe curvulis, bilocularibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in Alagna, Valsesia Ital. bor. in foliis graminis cuiusdam (CARESTIA). — Affinis *Sphærella Tassianæ* De Not. Socia adest *Septoria*.

219. **Sphærella chlouna** Cooke Grevill. V, p. 121. — Peritheciis 2037
gariis v. sparsis, minutis, epidermidem perforantibus, ostiolo ampio;

ascis clavatis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-teretiusculis, uniseptatis, 18 \approx 3, hyalinis.

Hab. in Phalaride arundinacea, Shere Britanniæ. — A *Sphærella ignobili* Auersw. sporidiorum forma et magnitudine mox distinguenda.

220. **Sphærella Ceres** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 302. — Maculis 2038 sinuosis variis expallentibus, zona sanguinea cinctis; peritheciis sparsis, punctiformibus, 80 μ . diam., lenticularibus, ostiolo impresso pertusis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongo-cylindraceis, 50 \approx 15, basi breve crasseque stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongo-ovoideis, constricto-1-septatis, loculo altero subcrassiore, rectis curvulisve, 20 \approx 7, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Status pycnidicus *Ascochytam Sorghi* Sacc. sistit.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus *Sorghum vulgare*, prope Treviso Italiæ borealis.

221. **Sphærella anarithma** (B. et Br.) Cooke Handb. n. 2771 *Sphæria anarithma* B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 893, t. 11, fig. 37. — Peritheciis sparsis, minutis, globosis, epidermide ostiolo papillulato pertusa velatis; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis sublanceolatis, 1-septatis, profunde constrictis, hyalinis, 30 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis *Airæ cæspitosæ* et *Sorghum* in Britannia, Italia et Austria.

222. **Sphærella badensis** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 129. — Amphigena; 2040 peritheciis minutissimis, punctiformibus, dense confertis, subconfluentibus, effusis, globosis, erumpentibus, obscure papillatis, membranaceis, atris; ascis oblongis vel ovoideis, obliquis, sessilibus 44 \approx 14-18; sporidiis farctis, 1-3-stichis, octonis, elongato-oblongis, supra medium septatis, pauloque constrictis, inferne attenuatis, rectis, 4-nucleatis, dilute virescentibus, 16-18 \approx 4-6.

Hab. in foliis demortuis *Poæ badensis* prope Baden Germaniæ.

223. **Sphærella Agrostidis** (Cast.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. pag. 17, 2041 fig. 79, *Sph. Agrostidis* Cast. Cat. Mars. *Sph. Graminis* Mont. p. p. *Phyllachora Agrostidis* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 217. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, nigris, parenchymati folii innatis, congestis et connatis, acervulos rotundatos oblongosve convexos, impresso-punctulatos, $1/4$ -1 mill. latos formantibus, globulosis, poro simplici pertusis, 100 μ . fere latis; ascis e basi ampliata paululum attenuatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 55-62 \approx 14-15; sporidiis triserialiter stipatis, cuneato-oblongis utrinque rotundatis, rectis, uniseptatis,

ad sepimentum non constrictis, cellula superiore quam inferiore paucilo breviore, subhyalinis, $21 \approx 5$.

Hab. in foliis fere emortuis Agrostidis stoloniferæ et caninæ in Gallia et Germania.

224. **Sphærella recutita** (Fr.) Cooke Handb. n. 2772 Fuck. Symb. App. 2042 II, p. 21 (nec Symb. p. 107). *Sph. recutita* Fr. S. M. II, p. 524.

— Aggregata, hyphophylla, innato-prominula, minutissima, poro pertusa, nigra, strias longissimas parallelas densas exhibens; ascis fasciculatis oblongis, sursum acutioribus, subcurvulis, $36 \approx 12$; sporidiis octonis oblongo-fusoideis, rectis, medio constricto-1-septatis (an denique 3-septatis?) $12-14 \approx 4-5$, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Dactylidis glomeratæ (et Caricum) in Britannia, Suecia, Germania. — Perithecia ita densa ut maculas griseas imitentur totum fere hypophyllum occupantes. Si denique sporidia 3-septata, an *Leptosphaeria*?

225. **Sphærella Malinverniana** Catt. in Arch. Bot. Critt. II, 127, t. XIV, 2043 f. 6. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, atris, epidermide innatis, plus minus dense sparsis, globosis, poro simplici pertusis, $100-150 \mu$. latis; ascis e basi ovata, apicem versus attenuatis, subsessilibus, 8sporis, $60-75 \approx 20-25$; sporidiis 2-3-serialibus obovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum constrictis, hyalinis, $20 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliis languidis Oryzæ sativæ in Italia boreali.

226. **Sphærella Oryzæ** (Catt.) Sacc. *Pleospora Oryzæ* Catt. Micet. 2044 Riso p. 11 et Arch. trienn. I, 181, t. XV-XVI. — Peritheciis hinc inde gregariis, globulosis, parenchymate innatis, epidermide tectis, minutis $70-80 \mu$. diam., saepe hyphis mycelicis fuligineis v. subhyalinis repentibus, ramosis septatis interpositis, apice obtusiusculis poro pertusis; ascis elongato-clavatis, octosporis aparaphysatis, $47-50 \approx 8$; sporidiis subdistichis, fusoideis, subhyalinis, $14-15 \approx 4-4,2$, 1-septatis, non constrictis.

Hab. in pedunculis foliisque Oryzæ sativæ, cui affert monum carolo bianco e nero dictum, in Italia boreali.

227. **Sphærella phyllochoroides** Sacc. Fung. Ven. Ser. II, 304. — Maculis nullis; peritheciis amphigenis, atris, foliorum parenchymate immersis, in acervulos elongatos phyllochoriformes, epidermide tumida nigrificata velatos hinc inde subparallele aggregatis, sphæroideis, ostiolis minutissimis vix prominulis: ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $50-60 \approx 10-11$, basi brevissime noduloso-stipitatis, pseudo-paraphysibus guttulatis quandoque obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis vel distichis, ovoideo-oblongis, didymis 10-

$12 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}$, medio vix constrictis, rectis curvulisve, 2-4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis aridis graminum (*Agrostidis?*) in sylva Montello (Treviso), Italiæ borealis. — Affinis videtur *Phyllachoræ helveticae* Fuck. sed multo magis *Sphærellæ lineolatæ* (Rob.) De Not. (Sacc. Myc. Ven. p. 95, t. IX, f. 15-17) a qua sporidiis multo brevioribus præ ceteris differt.

228. **Sphærella leptopleura** De Not. Recl. Pyr. Comm. II, p. 488. — 2046

Peritheciis epidermide tectis ad foliorum longitudinem seriatis, discretis, vel per paria subinde arcte contiguis, rotundatis, membranaceis tenuibus, ostiolo latiusculo dehiscentibus; ascis confertis, tereti-clavulatis, octosporis; paraphysibus nullis; sporidiis oblongis rectis, vel curvulis, obscure bilocularibus, vel simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in vaginis *Secalis Cerealis*, Rovegro, Lago Maggiore Italiæ borealis.

229. **Sphærella ignobilis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 17. — Perithe- 2047

ciis hypophyllis, nigris, in parenchymate folii nidulantibus, epidermide vix perforantibus, sparsis, globosis, poro simplici perforatis, $100-125 \mu$. latis; ascis numerosissimis, clavato-cylindricis, subsessilibus, curvulis, 8-sporis, $50 \approx 6-8$; sporidiis imbricato-uniserialibus aut biserialibus, pallidis, granuloso-nubilosis, cuneato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum vix constrictis, $10-12 \approx 4$.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis *Glyceriæ spectabilis* et *Agrostidis* in Germania et Italia boreali.

230. **Sphærella graminicola** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 101. — Peritheciis 2048

epiphyllis, aggregatis, innato-prominulis, minimis, nigris, foliorum totam superficiem occupantibus, ostiolis papillatis; ascis oblongis, seu ovato-oblongis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, non clavatis, utrinque obtusis, didymis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis *Tritici repentis*, rarius, prope Cœstrich Germaniæ.

231. **Sphærella perexigua** Karst. Fungi Spetsb. n. 54 (nec Lév. quæ 2049

ad *Sph. punctiformem* spectat). — Peritheciis sparsis, innato-prominulis, sphæroideis vel sphæroideo-depressis, demum ostiolo exiguo hiantibus, glabris, atris, $50-75 \mu$. latit.; ascis ovoideo-oblongatis, $30-35 \approx 12$, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, fusoido-elongatis, leviter curvulis vel rectis, guttulis 2, rarius 4 præditis vel spuriæ tenuter uniseptatis, hyalinis $16-20 \approx 2,5-3,5$; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in foliis Junci biglumis siccis ad Adventbay et Nordfjorden, Spitzberg.

232. **Sphærella Najas** Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. II*, p. 304. — Maculis 2050 nullis; peritheciis sparsis, minutis, punctiformibus, 120μ . diam., lenticularibus, atris, contextu laxo, fuligineo, ostiolo impresso pertusis; ascis fasciculatis, clavatis, $50 \approx 12-14$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, constricto-didymis, $16 \approx 6$, loculo altero crassiore, 4guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in glumis aridis Junci lampocarpi, Treviso, in Italia boreali.

233. **Sphærella longissima** Fuck. *Symb. Myc.* p. 107. *Sphærella Bromi* 2051 Auersw. *Myc. Eur. Pyr.* p. 17, fig. 78. — Peritheciis minutissimis, $60-80 \mu$. d., dense dispositis et striae longissimas, $\frac{1}{4}$ lineam latas, atras formantibus, dein ore rotundo pertusis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, $34 \approx 7$, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, medio parum constrictis, didymis, hyalinis, $10 \approx 3$.

Hab. in foliis adhuc vivis v. languidis Bromi asperi pr. O.E. strich Germaniæ.

234. **Sphærella Luzulæ** Cooke in Grev. VI, p. 31. *Hendersonia Typhoidearum* Thüm. F. Austr. n. 785. — Peritheciis velatis, punctiformibus, sparsis; ascis clavato-cylindricis; sporidiis biseriatis cylindraceis, 4-nucleatis, dein uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis Luzulæ albidae in Austria.

235. **Sphærella Sirpi-lacustris** Auersw. *Myc. Eur. Pyr.* p. 18, fig. 73. 2053 — Peritheciis carbonaceo-membranaceis, subfragilibus, nigris, epidermidi innatis, sparsis, depresso-globosis, poro simplici perforatis, $150-180 \mu$. latis; ascis clavato-oblongis, in stipitem brevem attenuatis, 8-sporis, $55-58 \approx 14$; sporidiis 3-serialiter stipatis, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusatis, curvulis, uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, subhyalinis, $24-27 \approx 4-5$.

Hab. in calamis Sirpi lacustris emortuis in Germania, Britannia et Italia.

236. **Sphærella Thais** Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. II*, p. 305. — Peritheciis hinc inde secus calamos dense gregariis maculasque nebulous elongatas efficientibus, globulosis, punctiformibus, $70-80 \mu$. d., erumpentibus, atris, ostiolo impresso pertusis, hyphis parcis brevissimis basi cinctis; ascis obovatis, apice rotundatis, basi brevissime attenuatis, $35 \approx 16$, raro $50 \approx 14$, 8sporis; sporidiis inordinate tristichis, oblongis, didymis, septo subconstrictis, loculo intero paupo angustiore, $14-15 \approx 4$, minute 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in calamis *Scirpi mucronati* v. *triquetri* putrescentibus ad lacum Benacum (Peschiera), Ital. hor. — A *Sphærella Scirpi lacustris* Auersw. rite distincta.

237. **Sphærella pusilla** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 17, fig. 115. — 2055
Peritheciis epiphyllis, nigris, epidermide innatis, dense sparsis, globosis, poro simplici pertusis, 50–70 μ . latis; ascis ovato-oblongis, subsessilibus, 8-sporis, 40 \approx 12–14; sporidiis 3–4-serialiter stipatis, oblongo-fusiformibus, apicem versus paululum ampliatis, utrinque obtusatis, subrectis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, 4–6-nucleolatis, subhyalinis, 22–24 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in foliis siccis *Caricis tenuis* et *C. acutæ* in Germania et Fennia. — Videretur *Sphærella Tassiana* deminuta.

238. **Sphærella saxatilis** Schröt. Nord. Pilze p. 12. — 2056
Peritheciis sub-sparsis, sphæroideis, 65–75 μ . diam., innatis, ostiolo depresso, parum distincto; contextu fuligineo tenui; ascis fasciculatis, parcis, ovoideo-saccatis, infra medium crassioribus, 30–35 \approx 15–17, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, fusoideis, 17–20 \approx 4–5, medio uniseptatis, non constrictis.

Hab. in foliis vetustis *Caricis saxatilis* in Lapponia Suecica (WICHURA).

239. **Sphærella Wichuriana** Schröt. Nord. Pilze p. 12. — 2057
Peritheciis gregariis, innatis, per exiguis, sphæroideis, 50–65 μ . diam., glabris, contextu laxe areolato; ostiolo obsoleto; ascis paucis, a paraphysatis, ovoideis 22–26 \approx 14–16, sessilibus, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, fusoideis, 11–13 \approx 3–3,5, hyalinis, uniseptatis, non constrictis.

Hab. in foliis vetustis *Caricis rupestris* et *C. microglochin* in Lapponia suecica (WICHURA). — Var. *Andromedæ polifoliae*; peritheciis paulo majoribus 66–80 μ . diam.; ascis 22–26 \approx 11–14; sporidiis, 9–11 \approx 3–4, elliptico-fusoideis. Ibidem.

240. **Sphærella Tassiana** De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 87, t. XCVIII. Karst. 2058
Myc. Fenn. II. p. 169. — Peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, nunc epidermidi, nunc parenchymati innatis, plus minus emergentibus, sphæroideis, vertice saepe plus minusve conoideo-attenuatis, osculo minuto hiantibus, atris, 60–150 μ . diam.; ascis sessilibus vel brevissime pedicellatis, oblique ovoideo-oblongatis, inaequilateralibus, 40–80 \approx 18–26 octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, ovoideo-oblongatis, medio vel paulo extra medium uniseptatis, ad septum vix vel levissime constrictis, hyalinis vel chlorino-hyalinis, 17–26 \approx 5–9.

Hab. in foliis, rarius culmis emortuis *Caricum*, *Eriophori*, *Poæ*, *Glyceriæ*, *Alopecuri*, *Triticæ*, *Festucæ*, *Cal-*

magrostidis, Junci, Luzulæ, Typhæ, Tofieldiæ in Lapponia, Fennia, Germania, Italia. — In omnibus regionibus hyperboreis vulgatissima, meridionalem versus admodum rarescens. Quoad magnitudinem formamque peritheciorum maxime variat; hæc nunc sphæroidea, minutissima, poro simplici pertusa (qualia in Tritico, Calamagrostide et Typha sunt lecta), nunc majora vertice conoidea, nunc denique in ostium conoideum attenuata (qualia in Tofieldia boreali). Facillime dignoscenda ascis infra inæqualiter saccato-inflatis, sporis 3-4 serialiter stipatis præditis.

241. **Sphærella lineolata** (Desm.) De Not. Schema p. 63 Sacc. Myc. 2059
Ven. p. 95, t. IX, fig. 15-17. *Sphæria lineolata* Rob. et Desm.
Nouv. Not. 1843, p. 37. — Amphigena, erumpens; peritheciis minutissimis, 60-80 μ . diam., poro pertusis, nigris, albo farctis, subconnatis, in seriam simplicem dispositis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, sessilibus, 50 \approx 12; sporidiis oblongis, v. obovatis, 16-18 \approx 4-5, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Caricum, Phragmitis, Amphilæ etc. in Italia, Gallia, Britannia, Germania. — *Sphærella lineolata* in Berk. Fungi Arct. Exped. n. 23 quæ sporidiis tandem triseptatis fuscellisque pollet aliena censenda est.

242. **Sphærella Typhæ** (Lasch) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 18, fig. 110. 2060
Sphæria Typhæ Lasch in Rebh. Herb. myc. I, 660. — Peritheciis amphigenis, nigris, parenchymate folii innatis, congestis et connatis, acervulos lanceolatos, convexos, $1/4$ -1 mill. longos, $1/6$ mill. latos formantibus, globulosis, poro simplici perforatis, 70 μ . latis; ascis elongato-oblongis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 50 \approx 7-8; sporidiis biserialibus, cuneato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, rectis, uniseptatis, ad septimentum non constrictis, fuscidulis, 14 \approx 5.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Typhæ latifoliæ et T. minimæ in Germania et Italia. — Fuckel Symb. myc. p. 107, describit formam minorem; ascis 36 μ . long.; sporidiis 10 \approx 4.

III. In Acotyledoneis parasiticæ.

243. **Sphærella Pteridis** (Desm.) De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 87, t. XCIX. 2061
Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 19, fig. 82. *Sphæria Pteridis* Desm.
Ann. Sc. nat. 2. XIX, p. 359. *Sphæriæ aquilina* Strauss, Hedw. I, p. 73-78, t. 11, a-k. (nec Fr.). — Peritheciis epiphyllis, sparsis, ut plurimum intra nervos subseriatis, epidermide demum erosa, vertice subemergentibus, ostiolo minutissimo pertusis, sphæroideis,

atris, latit. 100–120 μ .; ascis cylindraceo-subclavatis, in pedicellum brevem paulisper attenuatis, 50–70 \approx 9–12, octosporis; sporidiis di- vel tristichis, fusoideo-bacillaribus, leniter curvulis vel subrectis, medio uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 24–28 \approx 3–4.

Hab. ad frondes *Pteridis aquilinæ* in Suecia, Germania, Italia, Gallia, Belgio, Fennia.

244. **Sphærella indistincta** Peck. in 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New 2062 Jork. et in Myc. univ. n. 759. — Peritheciis minutis, innatis, vix prominulis, sparsis vel subgregariis, globosis, nigris; ascis subcylindricis, 35–45 μ . long., sporidiis confertis, elongatis, subcylindraceis, hyalinis, simplicibus vel obscure uniseptatis, sæpe curvulis, 25–28 μ . long.

Hab. in frondibus emortuis *Pteridis aquilinæ*, Albany, Center, Amer. bor. (Peck). — Sporidiis duplo longioribus a *Sphærella aquilina* differt; «sed forte non diversa a *Sph. Pteridis*».

245. **Sphærella aquilina** (Fr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 20, fig. 83. 2063 (erronea). *Sphæria aquilina* Fr. S. M. II. 522. *Sphærella Pteridis* Cooke, nec Fr. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, nigris, epidermide tectis, dein subliberis, undique sparsis, globosis, ostiolo simplici pertusis, 60–80 μ . diam.; ascis oblongis, subsessilibus, 8sporis, 38 \approx 7; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, incumbenti-stipatis, elongato-oblongis, utrinque subattenuatis, obtusis, uniseptatis, constrictis, 8–9 \approx 2.

Hab. in frondibus siccis *Pteridis aquilinæ*, rarius in Germania, Austria et Britannia.

246. **Sphærella prominula** Speg. Mich. I, p. 456. — Periteciis globu- 2064 losis, primo tectis, dein subsuperficialibus, minutis, 100–120 μ . d., laxe gregariis v. sparsis, epiphyllis, atris; ascis cylindraceo-sinuos- sis crassiuscule tunicatis, mollibus, aparaphysatis, octosporis, 70–75 \approx 8–10; sporidiis valde irregularibus, elliptico-oblongis, subinæ- quilateralibus, 1-septatis, ad septum valde constrictis, minute 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 15–16 \approx 7–8.

Hab. ad folia emorta *Pteridis aquilinæ*, Conegliano in Italia boreali. — A *Spherella Pteridis*, *Sph. aquilina*, *Didymella lophospora* etc. satis superque distincta.

247. **Sphærella Filicum** (Desm.) Auersw. Mich. Eur. Pyr. p. 20, t. 6, 2065 f. 81. *Sphæria Filicum* Desm. Ann. Sc. nat. 2, XIII, p. 187 (1840). — Peritheciis amphigenis, sparsis, maculæ fuscae insidentibus, in- nato-prominulis, sphæroideis, poro majusculo hiantibus, atris latit. circiter 0,1 mill.; ascis e basi ampliata apicem versus attenuatis,

brevissime pedicellatis, 32-40 \approx 8-10 octosporis; sporidiis in parte ascii superiori monostichis, inferiori distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis medio uniseptatis, ad septum vix constrictis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 3.

Hab. in frondibus *Aspidii spinulosi*, *A. Filicis maris*, *Asplenii Adianti-nigri* in Gallia, Britannia, Germania et Fennia.

248. **Sphærella Tyrolensis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 20, t. 6, f. 84. 2066

— Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, parenchimati innatis, vix prominulis, subsphæroidis, ostiolis minutis hiantibus, atris, latit. 120-130 μ ; ascis clavatis, in pedicellum brevem attenuatis, long. 40-60 \approx 13 μ ; sporidiis octonis, di- vel tristichis, uniseptatis, medio non constrictis, chlorino-hyalinis, long. 14-16 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in frondibus *Poly podii vulgaris* languescentis in Germania et Fennia.

Var. *montellica* Sacc. Mich. I. 34. A typo differt sporidiis majoribus constrictisque; ascis clavatis, 50 \approx 14, p. sporif., apice obtusatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, 18-20 \approx 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ -8 $\frac{1}{2}$, rectis curvulisve, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, 2-nucleatis, vel pluriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in maculis rufescentibus paginæ superioris *Poly podii vulgaris* in sylva Montello Italiæ borealis.

249. **Sphærella Asplenii** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 20, fig. 80. — 2067

Peritheciis epidermide primo tectis, dein semiliberic, dense sparsis, globosis, ostiolo simplici pertusis, 60-70 μ . diam.; ascis oblongis, subsessilibus, octosporis, 40 \approx 10; sporidiis, 3-4-seriatis, cylindrico-oblongis, utrinque obtusatis, uniseptatis, 14 \approx 2, ad septum vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in fronde emorta *Asplenii septentrionalis* in Germania et Austria. — Sec. Fuck. sporidia continua 4-guttulata, sed probabiliter immatura observavit.

250. **Sphærella lycopodina** Karst. F. Fenn. exs. 569 (1866), Myc. 2068

Fenn. II. p. 184 *Sphærella Niesslii* Auersw. in Niessl. Beitr. p. 19, t. III, fig. 15 (1872) *Gnomonia Niesslii* Auersw. in Rabh. F. Eur. n. 1154 (1868). — Peritheciis gregatim sparsis innatis, subsphæroideis, ostiolo minuto hiantibus, fusco-atris, latit. 100-130 μ ; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, apicem versus attenuatis, sessilibus, 60-80 \approx 8-12, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, aciculari-elongatis, rectis vel leniter curvulis, basim versus uniseptatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 20-24 \approx 3-5. — *Spermogonia gregaria*, subinde conglomerato-connata, difformia, ut plurimum suborbicularia, convexa, demum appla-

nata, plicata, nigra, nitentia, minuta; spomatiis elongatis vel bacillaribus, rectis, hyalinis, simplicibus, 16-19=3.

Hab. in foliis languidis v. siccis Lycopodii complanati in Fennia et L. annotini in Styria.

251. **Sphærella Equiseti** Fuck. Symb. Mycol. p. 102, t. IV, fig. 40. 2062

An *Sphæria Equiseti* Desm. Cat. pl. omiss. p. 31. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, punctiformibus, globosis, atris, ostiolis minutis, prominulis; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, parum curvatis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, multiguttulatis, hyalinis, 16=4.

Hab. in caulinis ramulisque Equiseti palustris et sylvatici in Germania, Gallia, Italia et Sibiria asiatica.

IV. In charta foliisque ignotis parasiticæ.

252. **Sphærella Karsteniana** Speg. Mich. I, 229, F. it. t. 625. — Pe- 2070

ritheciis superficialibus, v. basi tantum immersis, lenticularibus 80-100 μ . diam., membranaceis, ostiolo impresso pertusis, fuligineis, circa ostiolum nigricantibus; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, deorsum incrassatis, 70-75=20, subsessilibus, vertice acutiuscule rotundatis crasseque tunicatis, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis di-polystichis, fusoideis, 20-25=8, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque acutiusculis, 2-4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in charta stercorata putrescente, Conegliano, Ital. bor. 2071

253. **Sphærella congregata** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (epiphylla) congregata* Lév. Ann. Sc. nat. 5, 1846, p. 261. — Peritheciis éphyllis v. amphigenis maculæformi-aggregatis, nigris, punctiformibus, prominentibus, glabris; ostiolis minutissimis; ascis brevibus crasse clavatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblongis septatis.

Hab. in Java ad folia..... (Herb. Mus. Par.).

V. Species minus notæ.

254. **Sphærella corylaria** (Wall.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 99. *Sphæria 2072*

corylaria. Wallr. Crypt. Germ. p. 770. — Peritheciis solidiusculis, minutis, confertim sparsis, hemisphærico-synphœodeis, hypophyllis, vertice convexo nitido prominentibus, nucleo albo faretis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Coryli Avellanæ in Germania, Gallia, Italia. — Nucleus albidus, corpusculis subovatis, hyalino-farctis (ascis immaturis?) fœtus. Dubia in hoc genere species. *Sph.* *sparsa* f. *corylaria* Auersw. M. Eur. Pyr. p. 4, fig. 22 aliena est et potius *Sph. punctiformi* adscribenda.

255. **Sphærella Vitis** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 104, Thuem. Pilze Weinst. 2073

p. 201. — Peritheciis dense gregariis vel confluentibus, hypophylis, minutis, atris, vix hemisphæricis, in maculis parvis, gregariis, atro-nitidulis, nucleo compacto albido, duriusculo; ascis sporidiisque..... — St. conidicus *Septosporium Fuckelii* Thuem. sistens, sec. Fuck.

Hab. in foliis languidis aridisque *Vitis viniferae* in Germania, Austria, Italia. — Sporidia descripta in Thuem. l. c. *Sphærellæ* vix pertinent.

256. **Sphærella Turba** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 103. — Peritheciis gregariis, in maculis orbicularibus, griseis, conicis, apiculatis, semi-immersis, aterrimis; ascis (immaturis) fasciculatis; sporidiis?

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum dejectorum *Salicis auritæ*, prope Estrich, Germania, rarius.

257. **Sphærella insularis** Wallr. (sub *Sphaeria*) Fl. crypt. n. 3936. — 2075
Peritheciis microscopicis, globosis gregariis nigris, nucleo cinereo-albo farctis cum stromate tenui grumuloso fusco synphlœodeo-latitantibus, dein vertice convexo tenuiter perforato prominulis insulasque rotundato-angulatas fusco-virentes mentientibus.

Hab. ad folia ulmea et corylea languida in Germania. — Sec. Auersw. ad *Sph. punctiformem* spectat, sed descriptio Wallr. non quadrat. *Sph. insularis* Fuck. Symb. myc. ad *Sph. conglomerata* (Wallr.) pertinet.

258. **Sphærella leptidea** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 100, *Sphaeria leptidea* Fr. S. M. II, p. 522. — Gregaria, epidermide tegente innata, leviter convexa, collabascendo umbilicato-depressa, lævis, atra, ostiolo pertuso; ascis..... ignotis. Spermatia cylindracea subrecta, hyalina $8 \div 2$.

Hab. in foliis dejectis *Vaccinii* *Vitis idææ*, amphigena, in Suecia et Germania. — In inferiore pagina foliorum conferta et sœpe confluens, *Sph. punctiformi* duplo v. triplo major, orbiculata, raro irregularis, lævis nitida, intus albida. Ostiolum punctiforme, distinctum, primo obtutu quasi papillatum.

259. **Sphærella Emeri** Ces. ad int. in Fungi Eur. n. 1950. — Ma- 2077 culis nigris effusis; peritheciis sparsis epidermide tectis, subglobosis, ostiolo nullo; nucleo hyalino ex ascis valde immaturis linearibus curvulis 40μ . longis, aparaphysatis constante.

Hab. in foliis delapsis *Coronillæ Emeri*, sœpius hypophylla, prope Brescia Italiæ borealis.

260. **Sphærella nyssæcola** Cooke Hedw. 1868, p. 40. — Hypophylla; 2078

peritheciis numerosissimis, semiimmersis, brunneis, punctiformibus; ascis clavatis 20–25 μ . long.; sporidiis minutis (immaturis).

Hab. in foliis Nyssæ multifloræ, Florida, Carolina America boreali.

261. **Sphærella Rottleræ** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sph.* (Depazea) *Rottleræ* 2079

B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1124. — Epiphylla, e macula umbra pallida oriunda, orbicularis, nivea, limitata; peritheciis atris.

Hab. in foliis Rottleræ quadricoccæ, Peradenya, Ceylon.

262. **Sphærella bonaërensis** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. III, n. 53. — 2080

Peritheciis hypophyllis, densissime gregariis in maculis latis cincereos-fuscescentibus, indeterminatis insidentibus, minutis, 90–110 μ . diam., lenticulari-globosis, erumpentibus, atris, ostiolo minuto, impresso pertusis; ascis et sporidiis ob immaturitatem ægre describendis. — St. conidiophorus sistit sec. Speg., *Cercosporam dubiam* Speg. Pug. I, n. 131.

Hab. in foliis dejectis putrescentibus Celtidis Talæ, en Barracas del Sur, Argent. Amer. austr.

263. **Sphærella Arbuti** Fr. sub *Sphæria* S. M. II, p. 523. — Sparsa, 2081

innata, astoma, opaca, atra, primo convexa, dein applanata rugulosa.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Arctostaphyli alpini in Suecia.

An *Discosia*?

264. **Sphærella acerina** Wallr. sub *Sphæria*, Fl. crypt. n. 3718. — 2082

Peritheciis exiguis confertim sparsis synphleodeis orbiculatis nigris nitidulis, centro tenuiter papillato dein umbilicato-depressis marginemque obtusum prominulum veluti circumducentibus.

Hab. ad folia Aceris Pseudo-platani putrida in Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia. — Sec. Auerswald est forma *Sphærellæ maculiformis*. Nucleus matus non observatus.

265. **Sphærella Mori** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 106. — *Spermogonium* 2083

Septoriam Mori Lév. sistit. Statum vero ascophorum nullibi observare nec descriptum invenire mihi contigit.

Hab. in foliis Mori albæ in Germania. — Exemplaria lipsiensia, ab Auerswald lecta, sistunt non nisi *Phyllostictam osteosporam* Sacc.

266. **Sphærella? Caprifoliorum** (Desm.) Sacc. Mich. II, 35, *Sphæria Ca-* 2084

prifoliorum Desm. I Not. Crypt. p. 188. — Amphigena, aggregata v. sparsa; peritheciis globosis, astomis, nigris, subnitidis, e macula determinata grisea emergentibus; nucleo ignoto.

Hab. ad folia Lonicerae Caprifolii et Xylostei in Gallia.

267. **Sphærella Atomus** (Desm.). Cooke Grevill. III, p. 169, *Sphæria* 2085

Atomus Desm. nec Fuck. (teste Auersw.) — *Epiphylla*; maculis rufis minutis saepius orbicularibus; peritheciis minutissimis, copiosis, brunneis, innatis, prominulis, collabascendo umbilicatis; nucleo fructifero ignoto.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Fagi sylvaticæ* in Gallia, Belgio et Britannia.

268. **Sphærella Aucupariæ** Lasch sub *Sphæria*, Plowr. Sphær. Brit. 2086 III, n. 65. — Dense gregaria, hypophylla; peritheciis globulosis, prominulis, nigris, nitidulis, pertusis, intus albo-cellulosis.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Sorbi Aucupariæ* in Germania et Britannia. — Mihi videtur status proiectus *Septoriæ hyalosporæ* (Ces.), forte denique ascophorus evadens. Conferatur *Sphærella topographica* Sacc. et Spieg.

269. **Sphærella? fagicola** (Fr.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. p. 7, fig. 21, *Sphæria* (Depazea) *fagicola* Fr. S. M. II, 529. — Peritheciis hypophyllicis, atris, nitidissimis, epidermidi adnatis, densissime congestis, maculas subrotundas angulosas $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. latas formantibus, omnino astomis; ascis ignotis.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum *Fagi sylvaticæ* languidorum in Germania et Suecia.

270. **Sphærella Mercurialis** Lasch. in Kl. Hq. myc. 1251, Fuck. Symb. 2088 myc. p. 103, F. rh. 844.

Hab. in foliis languidis *Mercurialis perennis* in Germania et Austria. — Ex speciminibus Thuem. Fungi Austr. n. 1259 nullas notas eruere potui.

271. **Sphærella? Armoraciæ** (Fuck.) Oudem. F. Neesl. n. 170, *Ascochyta* 2089 *Armoraciæ* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 388. — Peritheciis conicis, atris, sparsis in macula expallescenti; ascis sporidiisque immaturis.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Armoraciæ rusticæ* in Germania et Hollandia.

272. **Sphærella ferruginea** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 20. — Peritheciis, gregariis, minutis, erumpentibus, ovato-globosis, atris in foliis nascentibus; ascis fasciculatis, oblongis, curvatis, 8sporis; sporidiis perfecte maturis nondum visis. — Fungus conidiophorus *Cercosporam ferrugineam* Fuck. sistit. Fungus stylosporiferus *Phomam* refert. Peritheciis sparsis, subsuperficialibus in cæspitiibus fungi conidiophori foliorum marcescentium ortis, perithecio ascophoro triplo majoribus, ovato-globosis, atris vertice pilis paucis concoloribus, peritheciis longitudine, in acumen connatis instrutis; stylosporis cylindraceis, subrectis, continuis, $6 \approx 2$.

Hab. in foliis *Artemisiæ vulgaris* in Rhenogovia.

273. **Sphærella subalpina** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 247. — Peritheciis in 2091 maculis foliorum lutescentibus, dense gregariis, globulosis, pertusis, innato-prominulis, 80–90 μ . diam.; nucleo albo, cellulis (ascis im- maturis?) subellipsoideis, 8–9 \times 6–7, guttulatis fœto.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Senecionis cordati*, Cadore, Italia bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — Etsi specimina immatura, species distincta videtur.

274. **Sphærella? Aronici** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. III, p. 18. — Sec. 2092 Fuck. status conidicus sistit *Fusicladium Aronici* Sacc.; status spermogonicus refert *Phyllostictam Aronici* nuncupandam; status vero ascophorus nondum observatus; ergo species perdubia.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Aronici scorpioidis* in Helvetia et Italia.

275. **Sphærella Petasitidis** (Rabh.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 99, *Sph.* 2093 *Petasitidis* Rabh. — Spermogonium: sporiis cylindraceis, subrectis, guttulatis, hyalinis, 10 \times 2.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum *Petasitidis officinalis* in Germania et Belgio. — In exempl. n. 733 Herb. myc. ed. II obseruantur perithecia epiphylla, hinc inde dense gregaria, globulosa, innato-prominula, nigra; nucleus albo-cellulosus, tandem probabi- liter asciger. In Lusatia (KRETSCHMAR).

276. **Sphærella Cerastii** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 101, *Sphaeria Stellariarum* v. *Cerastii* Rabh. F. eur. 448. — Status conidicus *Isariopsisidem pusillam* Fres. sistit. Status ascophorus hucusque im- perfectus est observatus.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Cerastii trivialis*, *C. arvensis* et *C. alpini* in Germania et Lapponia.

277. **Sphærella perforans** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphaeria perforans* Desm. 2095 X, n. 1843, p. 23. — Epiphylla, sparsa; peritheciis immersis, mi- nutis, nigris, ellipsoideis; ostiolis perforantibus, superficialibus, con- vexis, dein collabascendo subconcavis, poro dilitato apertis; sporiis ellipticis, hyalinis, bilocularibus.

Hab. in foliis siccis *Calamagrostidis arenariæ* in Gallia et Hollandia. — Ascii indescripti, an ergo vera *Sphærella?* Sec. Oud. ann. 1876–77, p. 20, potius *Dilophosporum* sistit, sec. Berk. est *Sphaeria subuletorum*. An plures res confusæ?

278. **Sphærella? cinereo-nebulosa** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphaeria? cinereo- nebulosa* Desm. 24, n. 1857, p. 20. — Graminicola, nebulosa, li- nearis, tecta, suberumpente; peritheciis microscopicis, 50–75 μ . d.,

numerosissimis biserialibus confertissimis, subconnatis, globosis, nigris, intus albis, stromatis brunneo subimmersis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Phalaridis arundinaceæ in Gallia. — Nucleus ignotus.

279. **Sphærella Polypodii** (Rabh.) Fuck. Symb. p. 102.

Hab. in frondibus Polypodii vulgaris (nec non, sec. Fuck., 2097 Aspidii Filicis maris, Asplenii Trichomanis, Pteridis aquilinæ) in Germania, Lusitania et Siberia, — Nec diagnosim nec exemplaria perfecta et genuina invenire contigit. Sec. Auerswald Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 20, hæc species ad *Leptosphæriam* spectaret. Evidem plures auctores pro hac specie *Sphærellam Tyrolensem* sumunt.

APIOSPORA Sacc. Conspl. Gen. Pyr. p. 9. — (Etym. ab *apios*, *pyrus*, ob formam sporid.). Perithecia tecta, membranacea, globulosa, pseudostromate fusco connexa. Ascii octospori paraphysati, v. saltem pseudoparaphysati. Sporidia clavato-subpyriformia, deorsum attenuata et saepe curvula, prope imam basim tenuiter 1-septata, nubilosa, hyalina. — Species ut plurimum graminicolæ.

1. **Apiospora Montagnei** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 306, *Sph. apio-* 2098 *spora* Dur. et Mont. Fl. Alg., I, p. 492, t. 25, f. 1, Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 809, *Hypopteris apiospora* (Mont.) Berk. Dec. Fung. n. 485*. — Erumpens, linearis, atra; peritheciis pro ratione amplis globosis uniserialibus albo-farctis, stromate fusco connexis, ostiolis hemisphæricis umbilicatis; ascis clavatis, 70–90 \times 20; sporidiis biserialibus ovato-oblongis appendiculato-pyriformibus, 25 \times 10, hyalinis.

Hab. in culmis Arundinis mauritanicæ, circa Perpignan Galliæ et in Algeria, Arundinariæ in Carolina et Alabama Amer. bor., Bambusæ ad Nangki in India orient.

2. **Apiospora Striola** (Pass.) Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 305, Fungi 2099 ital. t. 180, *Homostegia Striola* Pass. in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. ital. 1871, p. 325. — Peritheciis parallele seriatis, immersis culmique superficiem nonnihil elevantibus erumpentibusque, minutis, 150 μ . diam., globosis, atris, stromate nigricante connexis, ostiolo brevissimo, cylindraceo, latiuscule aperto, contextu dense parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 70–80 \times 12, rarius 90 μ . longis, basi attenuatis, subsessilibus, pseudo-paraphysibus crassiusculis guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. subdistichis, oblongo-clavatis, deorsum saepe incurvo-attenuatis, 28–

$30 \approx 5\frac{1}{2} - 6\frac{1}{2}$, basi ima excentrice spurie 1-septatis, seu inæqualiter 2-nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in culmis *Andropogonis*, *Phragmitis*, *Bambusæ* prope Parma et Treviso Ital. bor. et Lyon Galliæ. — Præcedenti maxime affinis.

3. **Apiospora parallelæ** (Karst.) Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. II*, p. 306, *Sphærella parallelæ* Karst. *Myc. Fenn. II*, p. 185. — Peritheciis uniserialibus, sphæroideis, stromate tenui, atro tectis, sphæroideis, celluliformibus, tenuissimis, pallidis vel demum subfuscouscentibus, in strias parallelas, 1–2 mill. long., lineares, per rimas epidermidis erumpentes, subconfluentibus minutis; ostiolis papillatis, prominulis; ascis sessilibus, fusoideo-bacillaribus, $90 \approx 10-12$ octosporis; sporidiis aciculari-elongatis, ut plurimum curvulis, simplicibus vel saepius basin versus tenuiter uniseptatis, hyalinis, $24-34 \approx 4-5$.

Hab. in culmis *Calamagrostidis* aridis prope Mustiala Fenniæ.

4. **Apiospora? Lloydii** (Crouan.) Sacc., *Sphæria Lloydii* Crouan Finist. pag. 28. — Peritheciis sphæroideis, nigris, 4–5-seriatis, 0,5 mill. diam., ostiolo punctiformi; ascis subclavatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongis, granulosis, limbatis, hinc loculo obtuso auctis (h. e. prope extremitatem 1-septatis).

Hab. in culmis *Phragmitis*, *Dactylidis*, *Holci*, Finistére Galliæ.

5. **Apiospora inserta** (Berk. et Curt.) Sacc. *Dothidea inserta* B. et C. *Fungi exot. Schwein.* p. 288, t. XXV, fig. 11. — Linear-oblonga erumpens, margine nigro, disco albo, ostiolis minutis punctato; ascis brevibus; sporidiis subclavatis basi uniseptatis, hyalinis, 20 μ . longis.

Hab. in culmis putrescentibus *Arundinis* cujusdam, Surinam. — Series peritheciorum 2–3 mill. longæ.

6. **Apiospora Punctum** Sacc. et Spig. *Mycoth. Ven. n. 1268*, Mich. 1, 329, *Fungi ital.* t. 179. — Peritheciis gregariis, distinctis, foliorum parenchymate immersis, epidermide circum circa brevissime nigrificata velatis, breve obtuse papillulatis; contextu peritheciis parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, $80 \approx 18$, breve oblique stipitatis, apice rotundatis, lumine apice paulum coarctato, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis, obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis vel distichis, oblongo-clavatis, deorsum attenuato-curvulis, prope basim (spurie?) 1-septatis, inæqualiter 2-nucleatis, hyalinis. (25x8)

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Moliniae* et *Dactylidis*, Conegliano, Ital. bor., *Bambusæ*, Lyon Galliæ. — Ab *Ap. Striola* (Pass.) peritheciis subsolitariis, nec stromate linearis connexis, sporidiis crassioribus etc. differt.

7. **Aiospora comedens** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria comedens* Schw., B. 2104 et C. Exot. Fung. Schw. p. 290, t. XXV, fig. 12. — Hypophylla; peritheciis subcongestis prominulis epidermide tectis, subastomis; ascis brevibus, clavatis, obtusis; sporidiis elongatis subclavatis, denique prope basim (spurie?) 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis, Surinam. — Format minutos greges peritheciis prominulis, densis sed non confluentibus.

STIGMATEA Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 421 p. p. (Etym. a *stigme*, punctum). — Perithecia innato-prominula, glabra, tenuissima, ostiolo minuto, nucleo firmulo albo; contextu peritheciis stratis cellulosis saepius pluribus formato. Asci oblongati, subsessiles octospori, paraphysati v. pseudoparaphysati. Sporidia ovoideo-ellipsoidea, uniseptata (in sect. *Stigmatula continua*) hyalino-flavescentia. — Fungilli exigui, ut plurimum in foliis vivis vigentes.

1. *Eustigmatea*: sporidiis uniseptatis.

1. **Stigmatea Robertiani** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 421, *Dothidea* 2105 *Robertiani* Fr. S. M. II, p. 564, *Cryptosphæria nitida* Grev. Edin. p. 363, *Hormolheca Geranii* Bon. Abhand. p. 149, t. I, f. 22. — Peritheciis subsparsis, epiphyllis, innato-prominulis, hemisphæricis vel subsphæroideis, laevibus, nitidis, nigris, nucleo albo, circiter 140 μ . lat. contextu minutissime celluloso; ascis oblique oblongatis, 36–45 \times 10–12, spurie paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, ovoideo-ellipsoideis, inæqualiter uniseptatis, hyalino-flavescentibus, 12–14 \times 4,5–5, loculo superiore crassiore.

Hab. in foliis adhuc vivis Geranii Robertiani in Suecia, 2106 Britannia, Fennia, Belgio, Gallia, Italia, Austria et Amer. boreali.

2. **Stigmatea Geranii** Fr. S. V. Scand. pag. 421, p. p., Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 95, Oud. Mat. Myc. Neerl. II, p. 65, t. XVI, fig. 8, *Dothidea Geranii* Fr. S. M. II, p. 558, *Perisporium Geranii* Bon. Handb.? p. p. — Epiphylla; peritheciis gregariis, in macula purpurascenti, ovatis, minutis, atris, glabris; ascis elongatis, 8sporis, 40 \times 8; sporidiis distichis, subclavatis, didymis, hyalinis, 8 \times 4.

Hab. in foliis vivis Geranii pusilli, G. dissecti, G.

mollis etc. in Suecia, Belgio, Hollandia, Britannia, Germania. — *Fusidium Geranii* West. sistit, sec. auctores, statum conidicum.

3. **Stigmataea confertissima** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 95, *Dothidea* (Sphæria) *Geranii* (Kunze) Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 558, p. p. — *Stigmatae Geranii* Fr. peraffinis, differt tamen peritheciis majoribus in greges majores densius congestis; ascis sporidiisque iisdem.

Hab. in utraque (sæpius inferiore) pagina foliorum vivorum *Geranii sylvatici* in Helvetia et Fennia.

4. **Stigmataea? maculæformis** Fr. S. V. Scand. p. 421, Fuck. Symb. 2108 myc. p. 95, *Sphæria maculæformis* Pers. (p. p.). — Hypophylla; peritheciis sphæricis, punctiformibus, minutis, subastomis, intus albis, in greges maculiformes atros inter nervos congestis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 40 ± 10 ; sporidiis farctis, oblongo-subclavatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 14 ± 4 .

Hab. in foliis *Alni incanæ* exsiccatis in Germania, Belgio et Suecia. — *Stigmataea maculiformis* (Desm.) Niessl in F. E. n. 2652 aliena est. Cfr. *Læstadia epilobiana*.

5. **Stigmataea Ranunculi** Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 421, *Sphærella* 2109 *Ranunculi* Karst. Fungi Spetsb. n. 50, nec *Dothidea Ranunculi* (Wallr.) Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 562. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, maculæ expallenti incidentibus, confertis, rarius subsparsis, innato-prominulis, sphæroideis, vertice interdum conoideo-attenuatis, ore rotundato hiantibus, glabris, nigris $150-200$ μ . lat.; ascis e basi ampliata attenuatis, inæquilateralibus, $50-60 \pm 13-16$, octosporis; sporidiis congregatis, aciculari- vel fusoideo-elongatis, uniseptatis, plerumque rectis, hyalinis vel luteolo-hyalinis, $23-30 \pm 4-5$; paraphysibus nullis.

Hab. in foliis *Ranunculi* repentis nivalis et R. sulphurei in Germania, Britannia, Suecia et Lapponia.

6. **Stigmataea Sequojæ** (Cooke) Sacc. *Dothidea Sequojæ* Cooke et 2110 Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1881, p. 87. — Follicola sparsa, convexa, atra, nitida, minuta, unicellulata; ascis late clavatis, sessilibus; sporidiis biseriatis, lanceolatis, obtusis, medio constrictis, uniseptatis, binucleatis, hyalinis $23 \pm 7,5$.

Hab. in foliis *Sequojæ* v. *Cupressi*, California, Amer. bor. 2111

7. **Stigmataea Andromedæ** Rehm Ascom. n. 542, Diagn. n. 542. — Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, viridifuscis, minutissimis, basi hyphis brevibus, fuscis, repentibus et rectangulariter ramosis cinctis, ceterum glabris, sessilibus; ascis pyriformibus, apice valde incrassatis, 8sporis, 30 ± 14 ; sporidiis distichis, cuneiformibus, bicellulari-

bus, plerumque singulis cellulis magninucleatis, hyalinis, $14 \approx 4$; paraphysibus ramosis, intricatis.

Hab. in pagina inferiori foliorum vivorum Andromedæ polifoliæ, Haspelmoor prope Augustam Vindelicorum (BRITZELMAYR).

8. **Stigmatea jenensis** Kunze F. sel. exs. n. 239 (sine diagnosi). — 2112
 Peritheciis amphigenis in maculas nigras minutis, ramulis limitatis, densissime stipatis, perexiguis, globosis, $50-60 \mu$. diam., vix pertusis, innato-prominulis; ascis dense fasciculatis obclavatis, sessilibus, $25-30 \approx 10-11$, octosporis; sporidiis, 2-3-stichis, in asco diu inclusis, oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, $10 \approx 3-4$, bi-quadrinucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Laserpitii latifolii pr. Jena Germaniæ. — Äquo fere jure ad *Sphaerellas* duci potest.

9. **Stigmatea sclerotidea** Cooke. North Am. Fungi Grev. V. p. 153. 2113
 — Gregaria, atra; peritheciis superficialibus, depressis; ascis clavatis mox diffluentibus; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, $22 \approx 9$.

Hab. in foliis Arundinariæ, Carolina inf. Amer. bor. — Habitus *Parodiellæ* sed sporidia hyalina descripta.

10. **Stigmatea seminata** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Dothidea seminata* B. et Rav. — North Amer. Fungi n. 883. — Sparsa, granulata, centro demum punctato pertusa; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, cymbæformibus, uniseptatis, 25μ . long.

Hab. in foliis Desmodii in America boreali. — Sporidia angustiora quam in *Parod. perisporioide*, cuius habet faciem.

II. *Stigmatula*: sporidiis continuis.

11. **Stigmatea Sutherlandiæ** Kalch. et Cooke Crev. IX, 1880, p. 32. 2115
 — Phyllogena, punctiformis, atra, elevata, convexa, nitida sparsa; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Sutherlandiæ in Africa australi.

12. **Stigmatea Rhynchosiæ** Kalch. et Cooke Grev. IX, 1880, p. 32. — 2116
 Epiphylla, atra, nitida, convexa, gregaria, in maculas orbicularis disposita, numerosa, minutissima; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, hyalinis, continuis, binucleatis, $12 \approx 6$.

Hab. in foliis viventibus Rhynchosiæ in Africa australi. — Habitus fere *Parodiellæ circinalæ* (K. et C.) sed perithecia copiosiora et tertia parte minora sporidiaque aliena.

13. **Stigmatea gregaria** Cooke Fungi of Texas 144. — Epiphylla; peritheiis gregariis erumpentibus atris, globosis, subnitidis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis subglobosis, hyalinis, 10–12 = 9.

Hab. in Texas, Meskat Bay, in foliis ignotis (RAVENEL).

14. **Stigmatea submaculans** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 988 et Cuba, p. 329. 2118
— Epiphylla; peritheiis innatis ovoideis vix prominulis punctiformibus atris, poro albo pertusis, in maculam folio dilutiorem brunneo-rufam nervis circumscriptam dense aggregatis; ascis clavatis convergentibus sporidia subsena fusiformia foventibus.

Hab. in folio mihi ignoto in insula Cuba lecto (AUBER).

III. Species dubiae.

15. **Stigmatea impressa** Fr. S. M. II, 564, et Elen. II, 126 (sub *Dothidea*). — Epiphylla, sparsa, umbilicata, nigra, nitida, collabescendo concava, levis.

Hab. ad folia viva Rubi Chamæmori et Rosarum in Suecia. — A *Sphaerella punctiformi* certa diversa (Fr. l. c.).

16. **Stigmatea conferta** Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 421, *Sphaeria conferta*, Fr. S. M. II. p. 435. — Innata, hipophylla, difformis, nigra; peritheiis prominulis globosis farctis in centro confluentibus.

Hab. in foliis languescentibus Vaccini uliginosi in Suecia et Britannia. — Macula exarida v. propria nulla. Perithecia prominula, minuta, aggregata, opaca, astoma, albo-farcta, centralia confluunt, marginalia sublibera. *Habitus Sph. maculæformis*.

17. **Stigmatea Coriariæ** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 987 et Notice etc., in Ann., 2, I, p. 346, sub *Dothidea*. — Hypophylla, nigra; peritheiis prominulis nitidis intus albis, solitariis vel sæpius in maculas irregulares congregatis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Coriariæ myrtifoliæ circa Aginnum Galliæ (CHAUBARD).

18. **Stigmatea Lentisci** Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 989 et Fl. Alg., I, p. 548. — Hypophylla; peritheiis minutis prominulis astomis atris albo-farctis confertis aut in cæspitulos orbiculares epidermide tectos subconnatis. Nucleus junior.

Hab. in foliis Pistaciæ Lentisci dejectis, Alger (DURIEU).

19. **Stigmatea Polygonorum** Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 421, *Dothidea Polygoni*, Fr. S. M. II, 564. — Amphigena, subgregaria, minima, atra, subnitida, collabascens, intus concolor.

Hab. ad folia Polygoni avicularis etc. in Suecia, Britannia, Belgio. — Maculæ subexpallenti, non exaridæ, insidet, ad fo-

liorum nervos in crustam passim confluens. Nucleus ignotus. Sec. Kickx Fl. Crypt. Fland. I, p. 365, ejus spermogonium sistit *Melasmiam Aviculariæ* West.

20. **Stigmatea Ostruthii** (Fr.) Oudem. Ascosp. p. 52 etc. *Sph. Ostruthii* Fr. S. M. II, p. 526 *Ascospora Ostruthii* Fr. S. Veg. Scand. p. 426. — Hypophylla, aggregata, peritheciis globosis minimis astomis atris, e crustula determinata grisea emergentibus.

Hab. ad folia Imperatoriæ Ostruthii (nec non Angelicæ, Heraclei) in Suecia, Britannia, Belgio, Gallia, Germania, Italia. — Maculæ minutæ, angulatæ, 1–2 lin. latæ, passim confluentes, primo intuitu nigricantes, ortæ e peritheciis minimis confertis emergentibus, primo mollibus sclerotioideis. Asci, sec Kickx Fl. I, 357, breves subclavati, sporidia submonosticha (immatura) foventes. An veri asci?

21. **Stigmatea Ægopodii** (Fr.) Oudem. Ascosp. p. 52 etc. *Sph. Ægopodii*, Prs. Syn. 89. Fr. S. M. II, p. 529 *Ascospora Ægopodii* Fr. S. Veg. Sc. p. 425. — Sparsa, peritheciis innatis prominulis astomis nigris, maculæ albæ crustæformi insidentibus; nucleo imperfetto hucusque observato.

Hab. ad folia viva Ægopodii Podagrariæ in fere tota Europa. — Macula non exarida, determinata; perithecia hypophylla. A *Phyll. Ægopodii* Fuck seu *Dothidea Podagrariæ* (Roth.) Fr. rite distinguenda?

DIDYMELLA Sacc. Mich. I, p. 377. (Etym. a *didymos*, quia sporidia bilocularia). — Perithecia tecta, membranacea, globoso-depressa, breve papillata, saepius caulogena. Asci 4–8-spori, paraphysati. Sporidia ovoidea v. ellipsoidea v. suboblonga, uniseptata, hyalina. — A *Sphaerella* differt paraphysum præsentia, peritheciisque plerumque paulo majoribus; a *Didymosphaeria* sporidiis jugiter hyalinis.

A) In Dicotyledoneis.

I. Arboricolæ et fruticicolæ.

1. **Didymella cladophila** (Niessl) Sacc. *Didymosphaeria cladophila* Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 199. — Peritheciis laxe gregariis, peridermio pallescente tectis, media magnitudine, hemisphæricis, tandem vertice depressis, papillatis, atris, coriaceis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis stipite brevi, 8sporis, 83–102 × 5–6; sporidiis monostichis

vel hinc inde distichis, lanceolato-ovoideis, plerumque rectis, medio septatis valde constrictisque, hyalinis, $10-13 \approx 4-5$; paraphysibus angustis, simplicibus vel laxe ramosis.

Hab. in ramis siccis Genistæ germanicæ pr. Brünn Austriae et Cytisi nigricantis in sylva Montello Italiae bor. — Sporidiorum loculus superior inferiore paulo crassior.

2. **Didymella Genistæ** (Fuck.) Rehm Ascom. Ill. n. 97. *Sph. Genistæ* 2127 Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 114. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, globosis, minutis, atris, ostiolis brevibus, perforatis, demum prominulis; ascis clavatis, stipitatis, 8sporis, $150 \approx 12$, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovato-clavatis, medio parum constrictis, didymis, hyalinis, $20-22 \approx 6-9$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Genistæ germanicæ, raro prope Oestrich Rhenogoviæ et in Austria. — Non confundenda cum *Didymosphaeria Genistæ* Fuck, nec cum *Didymella cladophila* (Niessl) quæ ascis cylindricis pollet.

3. **Didymella glomerulata** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sph. glomerulata* Fuck. Symb. 2128 myc. p. 113. — Peritheciis seriato-glomeratis, sub epidermide nudantibus, deinceps erumpentibus, minutis, globosis, aterrimis, ostio brevi, cylindraceo, prominulo; ascis fasciculatis, sessilibus, oblongis, 8sporis, $64 \approx 16$; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, inæqualiter didymis, hyalinis, $20 \approx 8$; spermatiis cylindraceis rectis.

Hab. sub epidermide sarmentorum Rubi fruticosi, quæ latissime obducit, prope Oestrich Rhenogoviæ.

4. **Didymella Mesnieriana** (Rehm et Thüm.) *Didymosphaeria Mesnieriana* 2129 Rehm et Thüm. Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 303. — Peritheciis dimidiatis, sparsis, emersis, sessilibus, atris, apice haud papillatis, triangulariter laciniatis, parvulis; ascis longe cylindraceis, subarcuatis, brevistipitatis, utrinque angustatis, apice acutatis, hyalinis, octosporis, $90 \approx 7-8$; sporidiis fusiformibus, subcurvatis, biseriatis, didymis, multiguttulatis, medio non constrictis, hyalinis, $18 \approx 5$.

Hab. in Rubi fruticosi sarmentis emortuis putridis, Coimbra Lusitaniae (MESNIER).

5. **Didymella applanata** (Niessl) Sacc. *Didymosphaeria applanata* 2130 Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 129. — Peritheciis disseminatis vel sparse gregariis, peridermio immutato vel expallente tectis, minutis, rotundatis, fere clypeiformi-aplanatis, vertice umbilicatis, papillatis, fusco-atris, coriaceis; ascis cylindraceis vel cylindraceo-clavatis, stipite brevi obliquo, $60-70 \approx 10-12$; sporidiis octonis, distichis raro monostichis, obovato-oblongis, utrinque late rotundatis, medio sep-

tatis constrictisque, loculo superiori paulo inflato, hyalinis, 16 \approx 5–6; paraphysibus gracilibus ascis superantibus, simplicibus.

Hab. in sarmentis nondum emortuis Rubi idæi, Shrewsbury Britanniæ (PLOWRIGHT).

6. **Didymella Sphærellula** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (obtectæ) *Sphærellula* Peck 30 Rep. on the St. Mus. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis minutis, sparsis, v. seriatis, epidermide denique perforata tectis; ascis crassis, obtusis, sursum sensim attenuatis, basi abrupte contractis; sporidiis stipitatis, fusoideis, uniseptatis, 12–15 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis dealbatis Aceris Pensylvanicæ, in montibus Catskill Americæ borealis. — Ascii *Sphærellæ* fere ad instar.

7. **Didymella vexata** Sacc. Mich. II. 58. — *Didymosphaeria oblique-scens* Fuck. Symb. Mycol. App. I. 301, nec B. et Br. — Peritheciis lenticularibus, subvelatis 250 μ . diam., contextu parenchymatico melleo-fusco, ostiolo vix prominulo pertuso; ascis clavatis, crassis, deorsum attenuatis, 95–110 \approx 30–36, lumine apice coarctato, paraphysibus guttulatis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis distichis, obovatis, 25–27 \approx 14–16, 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis (denique luteolis). — Sec. Fuck. pycnidium sistit *Diplodiam mammillanam* Fr.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Corni sanguineæ in Germania (FUCKEL) et Gallia (LETENDRE).

8. **Didymella Corni** (Sow.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Corni* Sow. Fung. t. 370, fig. 5, *Sph. Corni-Suecicæ* Fr. Exs. n. 409 (teste Cooke Handb. n. 2733). — Peritheciis sparsis, atro-nitidis, depressis in matrice dealbata, ostiolo vix manifesto; ascis oblongis, curvatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-clavatis, 1-septatis, hyalinis (teste Fuck. Symb. p. 114).

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Corni Suecicæ et C. sanguineæ in Suecia, Britannia et Germania. — *Sph. Corni* sec. West. est phæospora, prob. *Anthostomella*, ergo aliena.

9. **Didymella Barbieri** (West.) Sacc. *Amphisphaeria ericeti* Sacc. et Spieg. Mich. I, p. 374, F. it. t. 321, *Sphaeria Barbieri* West., Lamb. Fl. myc. Belg. II, p. 308. — Peritheciis sparsis v. subgregariis, initio epidermide tumidula velatis, basi ligno insculptis, conoideis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., quandoque subcompressis, nigris, nitidissimis, ostiolo obtuse rotundato vix pervio; contextu coriaceo-carbonaceo, dense; ascis cylindraceis, 85–100 \approx 15, apice, lumine angustato, rotun-

dato, breve crassiuscule stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus, saepe ramulosis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis, biconicis, medio constrictis, $18-20 \approx 7-8$, 2- v. indistincte 4-nucleatis, strato mucoso obductis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Callunæ vulgaris*, Beverloo Belgii, Brionne Galliæ, Conegliano Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — Var. *minor*; ascis cylindraceis, $75 \approx 10-12$, paraphysatis; sporidiis oblique 1-stichis, clavulatis, bilocularibus, non constrictis, muco diu obvolutis, $12-14 \approx 4$, cum muco $15-16 \approx 8$, hyalinis. In ramis induratis denique decorticatis *Callunæ vulgaris*, Brionne Galliæ.

10. **Didymella analepta** (Ach.) Sacc. *Arthopyrenia analepta* (Ach.) 2135 Körb. Parerg. lich. 389, Mass. Lich. ital. n. 185-186, Mich. II, p.

248. — Peritheciis gregariis, cuticulâ nigrificatâ velatis, globoso-depressis, ostiolo dein umbilicato pertusis; ascis fusoideis, $65-70 \approx 17-20$, pseudoparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-didymis, $20-25 \approx 8$, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, initio strato mucoso obvolutis.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis *Punicæ*, *Pyri*, *Cratægi*, *Cydoniæ*, *Sorbi*, *Fagi*, in Italia, Germania, Gallia, etc. — Thallus nullus, ergo species potius fungosa quam lichenosa.

11. **Didymella Picconii** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Picconii* De Not. 2136

Recl. Pyr. in Comm. II, 487. — Epidermide tecta, minutissima, sparsa, punctiformis, atra; peritheciis rotundatis, laevibus, cellulis, ægre percipiendis contextis, ostiolo exiguo hiantibus; ascis tenuibus, clavulatis, octosporis; paraphysibus filiformibus; sporidiis fusoideis, junioribus nucleolis quator fœtis, demum bilocularibus, hyalino-luteolis, loculo superiore ad dissepimentum nonnihil turgescente, fere nodulosis.

Hab. in ramulis siccis *Abietis*, *Albisola marina* Italiæ borealis (PICCONE). — An potius *Didymosphaeria*?

12. **Didymella Lapponum** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphaerella Lapponum* De 2137

Not. et Car. Recl. Pir. in Comm. II, p. 486. — Corticola, epidermide tecta, sparsa, punctiformis, atra; peritheciis e lenticulari rotundatis, hemisphærio supero incrassatis, cæterum tenuibus, osculo minuto hiantibus, in sicco collabascentibus; ascis crassiusculis, clavato-teretiusculis, octosporis; paraphysibus coalescentibus; sporidiis oblongis, bilocularibus, hyalino-luteolis, episporio crassiusculo præditis.

Hab. in *Salice Lapponum* Valdobbia, Ital. bor. (CARESTIA). — An *Didymosphaeria*?

13. **Didymella Purpurearum** Auersw. Myc. Eur. t. 12, fig. 168 sub 2138

Laptosphaeria. — Peritheciis.....; ascis clavatis, utrinque obtusis, sessilibus, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, constricto-1-septatis, hyalinis, loculo infero paulo angustiore.

Hab. in foliis Salicis purpureæ in Germania. — An *Sphaerella* indiligerter observata?

14. **Didymella nummularia** (Bagn.) Sacc., *Sphaeria nummularia* Bagn. 2139

Mic. Rom. Cent. II, p. 17, t. IV, fig. 3. — Peritheciis exiguis, subepidermicis, erumpentibus, sparsis, fuscis, globoso-depressis, fere nummiformibus, subtus concaviniculis; ostiolo ampio impresso; nucleo albido crasso; ascis ovoideo-clavatis, oblongatisque 170 \approx 28, copiose paraphysatis; sporidiis, oblongis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, utrinque obtusiusculis, hyalinis, 28 \approx 9-10.

Hab. in ramulis Staphyleæ pinnatæ in hortis prope Romanam Italiæ.

15. **Didymella recedens** (Cooke et Harkn.) Sacc. *Sphaeria recedens* 2140

C. et H, Grevillea 1881, p. 130; Niessl in M. Univ. n. 1748, sec. Cooke (nec in diagnosi allata). — Peritheciis gregariis, corticolis, peridermio pustulato tectis, minutis, papillatis; ascis elongatis, 100 μ . longis; sporidiis anguste fusoideis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 18-20 \approx 3, loculis facile secedentibus.

Hab. in cortice Eucalypti in Lusitania. — Species Niessleana est *Calosphaeria*. Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 408.

16. **Didymella segna** (C. et Ell.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (Obtectæ) *segna* C. 2141

et E. in Grevill. VI, p. 95, t. 100, fig. 33. — Tecta; peritheciis gregariis, corticem elevatum, perforantibus; ascis cylindrico-clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis constrictis, hyalinis, 15 \approx 7.

Hab. in ramis Nyssæ, New Jersey, Amer. bor.

17. **Didymella castanella** (C. et Ell.) Sacc. *Sphaerella* (Obtectæ) *ca-* 2142

stanella C. et Ell. in Grev. VII, p. 8. — Peritheciis epidermide lacerata tectis, hinc inde gregariis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, 16 \approx 3, cylindricis, uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Castaneæ in New Jersey Amer. bor.

18. **Didymella Chionanthi** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (Obturatae) *Chio-* 2143

nanthi B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1114. — Peritheciis minutis epidermide hyalina tectis; sporidiis uniseptatis, 20 \approx 7,5, spermatis acicularibus, 14-20 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Chionanthi zeylanicæ*, Damboul, Ceylon.

Greges minutos flavidos format.

19. **Didymella Celtidis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria Celtidis* B. et C. 2144

North Amer. Fungi n. 930. — Gregaria, minuta, ostiolo prominulo; ascis brevibus tetrasporis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in ramis *Celtidis* in Carolina infer. Amer. bor. — Perithecia dense stipata sed distincta, peridermio leniter pustulato tecta.

20. **Didymella cadubrina** Speg. Nova Add. n. 70. Mich. II, p. 248. — 2145

Peritheciis minutis, lenticulari-globosis, subepidermicis, primo testis, dein semiliberis, atris, ostiolatis, 150–180 μ . diam., contextu membranaceo sub-carbonaceo, olivaceo-atro; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, superne rotundatis, ac crassiuscule tunicatis, 100–110 \approx 6–7 paraphysibus septulatis longioribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipticis, medio uniseptato-constrictis, crassiuscule tunicatis non vel 2-guttulatis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 5.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Myricariæ germanicæ* in alveo Plavis, Cadore, Ital. bor.

21. **Didymella Cadubriæ** Sacc. *Didymosphaeria Cadubriæ* Sacc. Fun. 2146

gi Ven. Ser. II, p. 324, Fungi ital. t. 207. — Peritheciis gregariis sub epidermide ramulorum nidulantibus, basique ligno infossis, globulosis, 180–200 μ . diam., atris, ostiolo minuto papillato, epidermidem vix perforante; ascis clavatis apice rotundatis, basi breve noduloso-stipitatis, 90–100 \approx 12–15, paraphysibus copiosis, filiformibus ramulosis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, 20–22 \approx 5–6, rectis curvulisve, hyalinis; initio 4-guttatis, tandem constricto-1-septatis, crasse 2-nucleatis.

Hab. in ramulis *Berberidis vulgaris* in Cadore, Belluno Ital. bor. — Etsi sporidia hyalina, tamen matura videntur: hæc cum sporidiis immaturis *Lept. vagabundæ* Sacc. non confundi possunt, nam in hac 4-torulosa sunt.

22. **Didymella diaporthoides** (Speg.) Sacc., *Didymosphaeria diapor-* 2147

thoides Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. III, n. 58. — Peritheciis globosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. d., densiuscule sparsis, subgregariis, cortici immutato immersis, linea stromatica plus minusve visibili late per lignum excurrente ornatis, tenuiter coriaceo-membranaceis, contextu indistincte parenchymatico, olivaceo, ostiolo conico, superficiem attinente v. exertiusculo obtuso, atro-nitente donatis; ascis cylindraceo-subclavatis, apice obtuse rotundatis, deorsum breve ac crasse attenuato-pedicellatis, 120–140 \approx 12, octosporis, paraphysibus fili-

formibus, densis obvallatis; sporidiis di-tristichis, cylindraceo-sub-ellipticis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, medio constristo-uniseptatis, 25–26 = 6–7, loculis medio subconstrictis, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis dejectis putrescentibus *Erythrinae Cristægalli* in umbrosis a la Recoleta, prope Buenos Aires Amer. merid.

23. **Didymella hyperborea** (Karst.) Sacc. *Sphaeria hyperborea* Karst. 2148

Fungi Spetsb. n. 42. — Peritheciis sparsis, hypophyllis, parenchymati innatis, epidermide nigrefacta, demum fissa tectis, subsphæ-roideis, basi cupulato-collapsis, ostiolo minutissimo pertusis, atris, madefactis, fuscis, glabris, lævibus, circiter 250 μ . lat.; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, subsessilibus, obturaculo jodo dilute cœrulescente, 90–100 = 11–12, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 14–17 = 7–8; paraphysibus filiformibus, guttulatis, gracilibus.

Hab. in foliis *Andromedæ tetragonæ* exsiccatis ad Green Harbour, Spitzberg.

24. **Didymella Oleandri** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. Oleandri* Dur. et 2149

Mont. Fl. Alg., I, p. 528, Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 824. — Subtecta; peritheciis immersis, ovoideis, tandem depressis, albo-farctis, poro pertusis, ramum inquinantibus; ascis cylindricis 80 = 6; sporidiis octonis, oblongis, medio uniseptatis, 10–12 = 5.

Hab. in ramis *Nerii Oleandri*, Bone Algeriae (DURIEU).

25. **Didymella sepincolæformis** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphaerella sepincolæ-* 2150

formis De Not. Recl. Piren. in Comm. II, p. 486. — Epidermide tecta, sparsa, punctula atra, halone pallescente redimita præbens; peritheciis e lenticulari-rotundatis, tenuibus, atris, ostiolo vix conspicuo dehiscentibus; ascis clavatis, octosporis; paraphysibus filiformibus, crassiusculis; sporidiis oblongo-pyriformibus, hyalinis, bilocularibus, loculo infero exiguo.

Hab. in ramis *Rosæ alpinæ*, Valsesia Italiae borealis (CA-RESTIA).

26. **Didymella Dryadis** Speg. Dec. Mycol. 89, Mich. II, p. 161, nec 2151

Sphaeria Dryadis Fuck. quæ *Læstadia rhytismoides*. — Epiphylla; peritheciis majusculis, 140–160 μ . diam., in macula indeterminata, primo fusca, dein arescendo grisea, semiimmersis, globosis, aterrimis, perforatis, demum depressis; ascis fasciculatis, basi ventricosis, breve pedicellatis, 60–65 = 12–14, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-ellipsoideis, diu continuis granuloso-farctis, dein medio septatis, parumque constrictis, hyalinis, 15 = 5, loculis interdum 1-guttulatis.

Hab. ad folia viva v. arida Dryadis octopetalæ in Monte Borgà, Cimolais, Italiae borealis.

27. **Didymella strobiligena** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (subtecta) *strobi* 2152
ligena Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 75. — Erumpens, atra, epidermide, lacerata cincta; peritheciis gregariis, subconfluentibus, minutis, rugulosis, rotundatis, ovatis vel subdiformibus, nucleo albo farctis, rima subdehiscentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis, pyriformibus, uniseptatis.

Hab. ad conos dejectos Pini Laricionis in Gallia. — Sec. Crouan Finist. pag. 28: asci 24-spori et tunc an forte novi generis typus?

II. *Herbicola*.

28. **Didymella Vincetoxici** (De Not.) Sacc. *Amphisphaeria Vincetoxici* 2153
 De Not. Sf. ital. p. 72, t. 76. — Peritheciis sparsis, cortice decadente omnino nudis, superficialibus, cubilibus leviter hærentibus, globoso-depressis, atro-piceis, sub lente rugulosis, vertice ostiolo brevi, cylindraceo, osculo lato hiante instructis, cellulis rotundatis fusca, stratosis ægre conspicuis contextis, in sicco collabascentibus, at simul fragilibus; nucleo pallido; ascis teretibus, copiosis, 8-sporis, 130 = 12, junioribus plasmate lutescente farctis; paraphysibus coalescentibus; sporidiis oblongis 2-locularibus vix medio constrictis, hyalino-perlaceis, 20 = 6,5.

Hab. in caulibus exsiccatis *Cynanchi Vincetoxici*, Colle di Tenda Italiae borealis.

29. **Didymella effusa** (Niessl) Sacc., *Didymosphaeria effusa* Niessl 2154
 Neue Kernp. p. 130. — Peritheciis disseminatis in mycelio niger-rimo subcorticoli effuso nidulantibus; peridermio griseo tectis, media magnitudine, hemisphæricis vel subglobosis, basi depressis, atris, carbonaceo-coriaceis, duriusculis, numquam collabascentibus, ostiolo brevi, conico; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, stipite brevi, 8sporis 62-78 = 10-12; sporidiis distichis, demum sæpe monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis, plerumque inæquilateralibus, didymis, medio constrictis, hyalinis, 14-20 = 6-7; paraphysibus gracilibus exiguis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis *Sambuci Ebuli* et *Cucurbitæ Peponis* in Moravia et Italia boreali.

30. **Didymella nemoralis** Sacc. Mich. p. 376. — Peritheciis in maculis foliorum decoloratis, ochraceo-marginatis, epiphyllis, paucis, globoso-lenticularibus innato-erumpentibus, 90-100 μ . diam. pertusis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, apice rotundatis, 50 = 8, paraphy-

sibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis v. subfusoideis, 12–15 = 4, constricto-l-septatis, quandoque curvulis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis Hyperici Androsæmi, Selva, Ital.

bor. — Peraffinis *Didymellæ exiguae* Niessl, cuius forte varietas.

31. **Didymella exigua** (Niessl) Sacc. *Didymosphaeria exigua* Niessl 2156

Neue Kernp. p. 165. — Peritheciis sparsis, peridermio immutato tectis, hemisphæricis, atris, membranaceo-coriaceis, minutis, ostiolo papillæformi vel subconoideo; ascis clavatis stipite brevi, 8sporis, 60–73 = 8–10; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis leniter curvatis, cymbiformibus, raro rectis, medio septatis constrictisque, hyalinis, guttulatis, 14–17 = 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ –5; paraphysibus, paucis, ascos superantibus, tenellis, fugacibus.

Hab. in caulis Dipsaci, Verbenæ officinalis, Sternactidis annuæ in Germania, Italia et Gallia.

32. **Didymella media** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 57. — A *D. exigua* differt 2157

ascis majoribus, 80–90 = 12–14, æque paraphysatis; sporidiis fussoideis, rectis curvulisve, majoribus, 20 = 5–6, l-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis; peritheciis lenticularibus paulo majoribus, contextu parenchymatico fuligineo.

Hab. in caule Verbenæ officinalis, Rouen Galliæ (LETENDRE). — Inter *D. effusam* (Niessl) et *D. exiguum* (Niessl) media.

33. **Didymella planiuscula** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria planiuscula* B. 2158

et Br. in Ann. N. H. n. 891, t. 11, fig. 35, Cooke Handb. n. 2729.

— Peritheciis sparsis, planiusculis, ostiolis obscuris, epidermide velatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongis, uniseptatis, prope septum leniter incrassatis, loculo altero sæpius paulo turgido, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis herbarum in Britannia.

34. **Didymella hæmatites** (Rob. et Desm.) Sacc., *Sphaeria hæmatites* 2159

Rob. et Desm. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1851, XVI, p. 311. — Peritheciis sparsis, perexiguis, brunneis dein nigricantibus, subglobosis, siccis subcupulatis, matrice cruentata insertis, epidermide velatis, ostiolo poriformi; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis, 90 = 11; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-lanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, subinæquilateralibus, septo intermedio obscuro, hyalinis, 20 = 5.

Hab. in sarmentis exsiccatis Clematidis Vitalbæ in Gallia, Belgio et Germania. — Sec. cl. Niessl ad *Leptosphaeriacæ* genus spectaret sed descriptio Desm. et Fuck. non convenit.

35. **Didymella Hellebori** (Chaill. et Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. Hellebori* Chaill. 2160

in Fr. S. M. II, 512, Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 112, t. VI, fig. 29, Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. fig. 169, *Dothidea Prostii* Desm. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1847, VIII, p. 175. — Immerso-innata, peritheciis tectis subglobosis, atris, demum evacuatis persistentibus; ascis subcylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 88 ± 8 ; sporidiis submonostichis, oblongo-subclavatis, inæqualiter didymis, medio constrictis, parte inferiori obconica, parte superiori ovata, antice apiculata, hyalinis, 20 ± 8 .

Hab. in caulis siccis Hellebori fœtidi prope Geisenheim Germaniæ et Hamerenne Luxemburgiæ nec non in Gallia. — Perithecia minuta, ut puncta minima epidermide cinerascente tecta prominent, opaca, cum matrice concreta; evacuata intus atra.

36. **Didymella eupyrena** Sacc. Michel. II, p. 161. — Peritheciis gregariis, initio epidermide velatis, dein erumpentibus, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., distincte breve papillatis, atris; contextu parenchymatico solidiusculo, fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis breve stipitatis, apice tunica integra rotundatis, 90-100 \pm 15-18, octosporis paraphysibus subcoalescentibus evanidisque; sporidiis distichis obovato-oblongis, 15-19 \pm 7-8, constricto-1-septatis, loculo superiore majore, minute varie guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Urticæ dioicæ in alpinis Vette di Feltre, Ital. bor. — A *D. effusa* Niessl præcipue peritheciis multo majoribus diversa.

37. **Didymella? hyporrhodia** Sacc. Mich. II, 316. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, globoso-lenticularibus, epidermide velatis, lignique superficie cinnabarinæ factæ adnatis, 200 μ . diam., poro pertusis; ascis tereti-clavatis, 60 \pm 10, paraphysatis, sporidiis (immaturis) oblongis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Umbelliferarum majorum, Rouen Galliæ (MALBRANCHE). — Etsi immatura, ideoque incerta species, ob matricis characterem insignem notanda visa est.

38. **Didymella operosa** (Desm.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (caulicola) *operosa* 2163 Desm. 16 Not. 1849, p. 354. — Minuta, sparsa; peritheciis tectis, rotundatis, nigris, subnitidis, dein depressis, rugulosis; ostiolo papilliformi erumpente; nucleo albido; ascis subclavatis, 60-64 μ . long.; sporidiis oblongis subfusiformibus, uniseptatis, 14-15 μ . long.

Hab. ad caules sicclos Angelicæ sylvestris in Gallia.

39. **Didymella Trifolii** (Fuck.) Sacc., *Sph. Trifolii* Fuck. Symb. myc. 2164 p. 112. — Peritheciis sparsis seu seriatim dispositis, *Pleosporæ herbarum* magnitudine, epidermide nigrefacta tectis, globosis, de-

pressisve, atris; ostiolis minimis, globosis, atris prominulis; ascis oblongis, stipitatis, 8sporis, 80 ± 10 ; sporidiis submonostichis, didymis, oblongis, medio constrictis, utrinque attenuatis, obtusiusculis, loculis uniguttulatis, hyalinis, 11 ± 5 .

Hab. in caulibus siccis, adhuc stantibus Trifolii pratensis prope Oestrich Rhenogoviæ. — Caules omnino obducit atratque.

40. **Didymella onosmodina** (P. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (caulicolæ) *onosmodina* P. et C. 30 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis numerosis, minutis, initio epidermide tectis, demum subnudis, depressis, nigris, ostiolo pertuso; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis stipatis v. biseriatis, oblongo-ellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $15-17,5 \mu$. longis, loculis plerumque inæqualibus.

Hab. in caule emortuo Onosmodii Caroliniani, Buffalo, Amer. bor. (CLINTON).

41. **Didymella superflua** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. II, 316, Auersw. Syn. 2166 Pyr. eur. p. 14, t. 11, fig. 153, Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 102, Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. tab. IX, fig. 23-25, *Didymosphæria superflua* (Fuck.) Niessl in Kunze Fungi sel. n. 258. — Peritheciis sparsis, epidermidi innatis, subsphæroideis, ostiolo minuto hiantibus, atris, $150-200 \mu$. lat.; ascis breviter pedicellatis, clavatis, $62-65 \pm 12-13$, octosporis, parce paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, subovoideo-oblongatis, medio uniseptatis, ad septum levissime constrictis, hyalinis, $14-16 \pm 4-6$, loculo inferiore minore. — Spermogonia *Phomam* referentia, peritheciis ascophoris immixta iisque duplo minora; spermatiis cylindraceis, curvatis, minutis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Urticæ, Lathyri, Solani, Umbelliferarum, Humuli etc. in Germania, Gallia, Britannia et Italia.

42. **Didymella lathyrina** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria lathyrina* B. et C. 2167 North Amer. Fungi n. 859. — Minutissima; ascis oblongis; sporidiis octonis oblongis uniseptatis, apud septum constrictis, $7-8 \mu$. longis, distichis.

Hab. in caule Lathyri latifolii in Pensylvania Amer. bor.

43. **Didymella pusilla** (Niessl) Sacc. *Didymosphæria pusilla* Niessl 2168 Hedw. 1881, pag. 55. — Peritheciis sparsis, minutis, subglobosis, atris, glabris, ostiolo papillæformi vel subconico erumpentibus; ascis obovato-oblongis, $56-75 \pm 19-24$, stipite brevi; sporidiis octonis, farcte 2-3stichis, oblongis, rectis utrinque obtusis, subhyalinis, $20-24 \pm 5-7$; paraphysibus paucis.

Hab. in pedunculis florum jam emortuis Drabæ aizoidis in passu Albula, Graubinden Helvetiæ (WINTER).

44. **Didymella intercepta** (Kalch. et Cooke) Sacc., *Sphaeria intercepta* K. et C. Grev. 1880, IX, p. 29, t. 137, fig. 30. — Sparsa, cuticula cinerascente tecta; peritheciis subglobosis; ostiolo atro emergente; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis uniseptatis, profunde constrictis, loculis subglobosis, hyalinis, 22–25 \times 12.

Hab. in caulis Senecionis longifolii in Africa australi.

45. **Didymella Fuckeliana** (Pass.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 440, Fungi ital. 2170 tab. 435, *Sphaeria tritorulosa* Plowr. Sph. Brit. cent. II, nec B. et Br. — Peritheciis subcutaneo-erumpentibus, lenticularibus, $\frac{1}{5}$ – $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. d., distincte papillatis, contextu parenchymatico denso; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, apice, tunica integra, rotundatis, 70–90 \times 8, parce paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis breve fusoideis, 12–14 \times 4–5, 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Epilobii Dodonæi, Vigheffio prope Parma, Italiae bor. (PASSERINI), King's Lynn (PLOWRIGHT). — *Sphaeria tosta* B. et Br., sec. descriptionem, huc spectare videtur, sed hujus nominis specimina Cookeana cum *Diaporthe Epilobii* Fuck. congruunt.

46. **Didymella Epilobii** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Epilobii* Fuck. Symb. 2171 mycol, p. 113. — Peritheciis gregariis, primo tectis, demum libris, *Pleospora herbarum* duplo majoribus, lentiformibus, convexis, demum planis, atris; ostiolis exsertis, cylindraceis, obtusis, perforatis, concoloribus, peritheciorum diametrum dimidium æquantibus; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 136 \times 12, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, subobliquis, uniseptatis, medio vix constrictis, multiguttulatis, hyalinis, 18–24 \times 10.

Hab. in caulis siccis Epilobii angustifolii, rarius prope Estrich Rhenogoviæ.

47. **Didymella tosta** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria tosta* B. et Br. Ann. N. 2172 H. n. 648, t. 11, f. 34, Cooke Handb. n. 2731, nec F. br. — Peritheciis minutis, globoso-depressis, pallido-fuscis, epidermide circa ostiolum brunnea tectis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis monostichis, brevibus, elliptico-navicularibus vel subclavatis, uniseptatis, non constrictis subhyalinis.

Hab. in caule languido Epilobii hirsuti in Britannia — Habitus *Antosthomellæ Tomici*.

48. **Didymella commanipula** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria commanipula* 2173 B. et Br. in Ann. N. H. n. 645, t. 11, f. 31, Cooke Handb. 2730.

— Peritheciis sparsis, initio tectis, globulosis, dein subdenudatis, collabascentibus, ostiolo exiguo; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis biseriatis, brevibus, elliptico-cymbiformibus, uniseptatis, subinde constrictis, nucleatisque.

Hab. in capsulis emortuis Scrophulariæ, Forfarshire Britanniae.

49. **Didymella Bryoniæ** (Fuck.) Rehm Ascom. Ill. n. 99, *Sph. Bryonice* Fuck. Symb. p. 112, *Sphærella Bryonice* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. pag. 15, fig. 56. — Peritheciis sub epidermide nidulantibus, demum subliberis, gregariis, minutissimis, 260–280 μ . diam., globoso-depressis, papillatis, atris; ascis oblongis basi attenuatis, obtusis, 8sporis, $62 \approx 12$; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-subclavatis, inæqualiter didymis, loculo superiori majori, antice acutiusculo, inferiori obconico, obtuso, hyalinis, $14-16 \approx 5$.

Hab. in sarmentis siccis Bryoniæ dioicæ in Germania, Britannia, Helvetia. — Var. *astragalina* Rehm Ascom. Ill. n. 99: ascis clavatis, paraphysatis, $75 \approx 12$; sporidiis inæqualiter didymis, distichis, $12-14 \approx 6$. In caulis Astragali in Germania.

50. **Didymella Catariæ** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria Catariae* C. et Ell. in Grev. V, p. 95. — Minuta, gregaria, epidermide tecta; ostiolis papillæformibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, acuminatis, biseriatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $20 \approx 8$.

Hab. in caulis Nepetæ catariæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.
— *Didymellæ incommiscibili* affinis.

51. **Didymella incommiscibilis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphæria incommisci-
bilis* B. et C, North Amer. Fungi n. 960. — Minuta, epidermide
tecta; ostiolis papillæformibus prominulis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis
breve fusiformibus, utrinque acuminatis, demum uniseptatis,
 20μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis pedunculisque plantarum herbacearum in
montibus Virginiae Americæ borealis.

52. **Didymella carduicola** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphæria (caulicolæ) cardui-
cola* Cooke New Zeal. Fungi in Grev. VIII, pag. 67. — Sparsa,
tecta; peritheciis subglobosis, elevatis, atris, demum epidermide
perforantibus; ascis subcylindricis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis,
constrictis, $15-18 \approx 7$.

Hab. in caulis Cirsii lanceolati v. affinis, Maungaroa
Novæ Zelandiæ.

53. **Didymella? caulicola** Moug. sub *Sphæria*, Roum. F. G. n. 573, 2178
Wallr. Fl. crypt. n. 3716? — Peritheciis gregariis, epidermide ve-

latis, minutis, lenticularibus, vertice convexiusculo, nitido, nigro, prominulis; fructificatione immatura hucusque mihi visa.

Hab. in caulis Dipsaci sylvestris in Alsacia (CASPARY).

54. **Didymella? aggregata** (Lasch.) Sacc. *Sphaeria aggregata* Lasch. 2179
in Rabh. Herb. myc. II, 541 et in West. Prodr. Fl. Bot. Fung.
p. 52. — Peritheciis erumpentibus, subrotundis, nigris, nitidis, se-
riatim aggregatis; nucleo albo; ascis subclavatis, octosporis; spo-
ridiis cylindraceis, monoblastis aut uniseptatis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Euphrasiæ Odontitis, Zuid-
Beveland in Hollandia.

55. **Didymella subexerta** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphaeria (caulicolæ) sub- exerta* C. et Ell. in Grev. VII, p. 42. — Sparsa, tecta; perithe-
ciis atris; ostiolis elongatis, obtusis, exsertis; ascis subclavatis;
sporidiis anguste ellipticis, biseriatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 12-14 \approx 5.

Hab. in caule Mulgedii, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Affinis
Didymellæ Catariæ, sed sporidia tenuiora.

B) In Monocotyledoneis.

56. **Didymella proximella** (Karst.) Sacc. *Sphaerella proximella* Karst. 2081
Myc. Fenn. II, p. 177, *Sph. hyperopta* Rehm Ascom. n. 348, *Di- dymosphaeria Kunzei* Niessl Hedw. 1866, p. 106. — Peritheciis amphigenis, sparsis, innatis, sphæroideis, ore subpapillato simplici pertusis, atris 0,1-0,2 mill. lat.; ascis subsessilibus, oblongato-sub- clavatis, 70-100 \approx 16-22 octosporis; sporidiis 1-2-stichis, subovo- deo-oblongatis, apicibus leviter obtusiuscula attenuatis, medio uni- septatis, loculo supero plerumque turgidiore, 2-4 guttulatis, ad se- ptum constrictis, hyalinis, 20-24 \approx 8-10.

Hab. in foliis Caricis acutæ putrescentibus in Fennia, Ger-
mania, Austria. — Sec. Rehm. I. c. specimina in Karst. F. fenn.
897 formam microsporam sistunt.

57. **Didymella culmigena** Sacc. Mich. I, 377, Fungi ital. t. 369. — 2182
Peritheciis laxe seriatim gregariis, innato-prominulis, globuloso- lentiformibus, 90-110 μ . diam. poro 20 μ . diam. pertusis, basi sœpe hyphulis ramosis fuligineis cinctis; contextu rufo-fuligineo paren- chymatico; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 55-65 \approx 8-10, breviter stipi- tatis, apice tunica integra rotundatis, paraphysibus crassiusculis (spuriis?) obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, cur- vatis, 15-17 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -5 $\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque acutiusculis, initio varie guttu- latis, dein plasmate bipartito spurieque 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in culmis vaginisque Sorgi, Selva, nec non Triticorum, Vittorio, Conegliano et Sermide, Mantova, Italia bor. — Tamquam statum immaturum *Leptosphaeriæ culmicolæ* diu habui, sed iterum iterumque observata, ut distinguendam propono.

58. **Didymella intercellularis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria intercellularis* B. et C. North Amer. Fung. n. 966. — Peritheciis 50 μ . d. in cellulis matricis dilatatis, basi radiatis; ascis brevibus, sursum angustioribus basi incrassatis; sporidiis breviter cymbiformibus, uniseptatis, 12–13 μ . long.

Hab. calamis vel in foliis Typhæ, Massachusetts Americæ borealis (RusSELL).

59. **Didymella juncina** (B. et Rav.) Sacc. *Sphaeria juncina* B. et R. 2184 North Amer. Fungi n. 927. — Irregularis, ostiolis punctata; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, medio subconstrictis.

Hab. in calamis Junci in Carolina infer. Amer. bor. — Format plagulas minutas discolores ostiolis punctatas.

60. **Didymella subgemina** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. (caulicolæ) subgemina* 2185 B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 861. — Gregaria; peritheciis subglobosis subtectis, ostiolo papillæformi subcompresso libero; ascis clavatis; sporidiis uniserialibus lanceolatis curvulis uniseptatis, articulis subbinucleatis, 12–13 μ . longis.

Hab. in culmis graminum in Cuba. — Peritheciis subinde confluunt.

61. **Didymella Nebraskæ** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Nebraskæ* B. 2186 et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 969. — Minuta; subhysteriformis; ascis oblongis leniter inflatis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, distichis, 12–16 μ . long.

Hab. in foliis graminum, Nebraska, Amer. bor.

62. **Didymella phacidiomorpha** (Ces.) Sacc. *Sphaeria phacidiomorpha* 2187 Ces. Hedw. 1878, p. 45. — Simplex; peritheciis minimis, subcuteaneis, saepe biformibus (ellipticis in pagina superiore foliorum quibus innascitur, orbicularibus in altera pagina), translucentibus, demum epidermide rupta vertice obtuso erumpentibus ostiolo nullo peculiari, poro pertusis; nucleo e sordido albescente; paraphysibus numerosis subtilissimis; ascis plerumque e basi dilatata sacciformi versus apicem attenuatis, rarius subcylindraceis, 30 μ . long., facile diffluentibus; sporidiis 8, distichis vel irregulariter seriatis, 10 μ . long., didymis, segmentis elongatis subovalibus quadantenus irregularibus (linguaeformibus, si velis) turbidis, incoloribus.

Hab. in foliis Phormii tenacis in horto botanico Neapolitano.

tano Ital. austr. — Adsunt spermogonia: spermatiis cylindraceis 3 μ . longis.

63. **Didymella refracta** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria refracta* Cooke in 2188
Grev. V, p. 119, — Peritheciis sparsis, epidermide decolorata te-
ctis, subinde applanatis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis,
obtuse biconicis, uniseptatis, loculo utroque 1-2-guttato, hyalinis,
 $35 \approx 15$.

Hab. in calamis Scirpi, N. Wootton Britanniæ.

64. **Didymella uberina** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sph. uberina* Mont. Syll. Crypt. 2189
n. 857 et Guy., mss., n. 571, t. 6, f. 1. — Erumpens, sparsa, ver-
rucariæformis; peritheciis hemisphaerico-depressis, basi applanata
epidermide irregulariter rupta cinctis, brunneis opacis ostiolatis,
ostiolo nitido; ascis maximis octosporis; sporidiis fusiformibus me-
dio septatis hyalinis.

Hab. in petiolis Palmarum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR).

65. **Didymella Dioscoreæ** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. Dioscoreæ* B. et C. 2190
North Amer. Fungi n. 948. — Minutissima; ascis brevibus oligo-
sporis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, $20 \approx 6-6,5$.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Dioscoreæ in Carolina inferiore
Americæ borealis.

66. **Didymella eumorpha** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria eumorpha* B. et 2191
C. North Amer. Fungi n. 923. — Linearis, epidermide arcte cin-
cta, rima angusta aperta; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis vel
subcymbiformibus, uniseptatis, $12-13 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in culmis Arundinariæ in Carolina infer. Amer. bor.

67. **Didymella combulliens** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria combulliens* B. 2192
et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 936. — Peritheciis sparsis, ostiolo
minuto excepto, abditis; sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis.

Hab. in culmis Arundinariæ, in America boreali.

C) *In Acotyledoneis.*

68. **Didymella Hyphenis** (Cooke) Sacc. Mich. II, p. 316, *Sphaeria Hy-* 2193
phenis Cooke Handb. n. 2688. — Subparallelia seriata; peritheciis
minutis, subglobosis, prominulis, demumque epidermidem perforan-
tibus, nigris, ostiolis minutis; ascis obclavatis, $70-80 \approx 25$, octospo-
ris; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-clavulatis, $20-22 \approx 6$, unisepta-
tis, non v. vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in stipitibus Pteridis aquilinæ in Britannia (COOKE)
et Algeria (TRABUT). — Cl. Cooke descripsit sporidia ellipsoidea, sed
quæ vidi sic dici non possunt.

69. **Didymella lophospora** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, 376, F. it. t. 367. 2194

— Peritheciis dense gregariis, epiphyllis, cuticula velatis, prominulis, globulosis, vix papillatis, $\frac{1}{8}$ mill. diam., contextu parenchymatico solidiusculo, fuligineo; ascis crasse clavatis, 65–75 \approx 12, p. sporif. 50 \approx 12, deorsum tenuiter stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus copiosis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceo-fusoideis, 16–17 \approx 5–6, rectis curvulivis, medio distincte constrictis, 1-septatis, utrinque obtusatis atque appendiculâ obtusâ latiusculâ subpenicillatâ auctis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina superiore frondis emortuæ Pteridis aquilinæ prope Conegliano, Ital. bor. — Var. *Acetosellæ* Ellis et Sacc. in Mich. II, p. 374. Ascis 80–90 \approx 8–10; sporidiis distichis, biconicis, utrinque appendiculatis, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, 10–12 \approx 4 (sine append.) hyalinis. In caule Rumicis putrescente Newfield New Jersey Americæ borealis.

70. **Didymella pteridicola** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sphaeria pteridicola* B. et 2195

C. North Amer. Fungi n. 926. — Linearis, subcuticularis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis, curvulis, uniseptatis utrinque obtusis, 15 μ . long.

Hab. in stipitibus Pteridis in America borealis. — Series parallelas griseolas cuticula velatas format. — *Didymellæ Hypheni* paraffinis nisi eadem.

Gnomonia Ces et De Not. Schema Sfer. pag. 57 ex parte (Etym. a *gnomone*, ob formam ostioli). — Perithecia tecta v. erumpentia, submembranacea, glabra, saepius discreta, ostiolo plus minusve elongato, cylindraceo centrali v. laterali. Asci aparaphysati, rarius paraphysati, 4–8-spori, tunica apice saepe perforata. Sporidia ellipsoidea v. oblonga v. tereti-fusoidea, uniseptata, hyalina. — Fungi minuti, foliicolæ, rarius caulicolæ. A *Gnomoniella* differt sporidiis didymis, sed hujus generis quædam species, ubi prorsus maturæ observatae sint, forte *Gnomonia* veræ manifestabuntur.

1. *Eugnomonia*: sporidiis ovoideis v. oblongis, 1-septatis.

1. **Gnomonia Epilobii** (Fuck.) Auersw. in Mycol. Eur. Pyr. p. 26, t. 2196
10, fig. 14, Sacc. F. it. t. 436, *Sphaeria Epilobii* Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 113. — Peritheciis sparsis v. subseriatis, initio tectis, sphæroideis, grandiusculis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., dein subliberis, umbilicato-collapsis; ostiolo obtuse papillato, peritheciū dimidium

subæquante; contextu parenchymatico, firmo; ascis, cylindricis, 115-125 = 10-14, lumine apice exquisite biforme, paraphysibus guttulatis spuriis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ex ovato oblongis utrinque obtusiusculis, constricto-1-septatis, 18-22 = 10-11, 2-v. saepius pluriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Epilobii angustifolii in Fennia, Germania et Italia. — An hoc *Sphæria fenestrans* Duby?

2. **Gnomonia fenestrans** (Duby) Sacc. *Sph. fenestrans* Duby, Kickx 2197
Fl. crypt. Flandr. I. p. 348. — Peritheciis gregariis v. subsparsis, nigris, e basi applanata conoideis, denique collabascentibus; ostio cylindraceo v. conico, papillato, epidermidem perforante, demumque deciduo; ascis cylindraceo-oblongis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis subglobosis, medio uniseptatis, 2-guttatis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Epilobii spicati, Audenarde in Belgio (WESTENDORP) et in Gallia (DUBY).

3. **Gnomonia depressula** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 121. — Peritheciis 2198
sparsis, saepe duobus vel pluribus confluentibus, epidermide tectis, sphæroideo-depressis vel basi applanatis, siccis cupulato-collapsis, atris, latit. 0,5 mill.; ostiolis per epidermidem perforatam erumpentibus, cylindraceis vel conoideis, strictis, crassiusculis, nigris, perithecio brevioribus vel longioribus; ascis, sessilibus, fusoideo-bacillaribus, 110 = 15-16, p. sporif., 95-100 μ . long.; distichis, fusoideo-oblongatis, inæquilateralibus vel leviter curvulis, 2-4-guttulatis vel uniseptatis, ad septum leviter constrictis, hyalinis, 24-32 = 7-10.

Hab. in ramis aridis Rubi idæi prope Abo et Mustiala Fenniae.

4. **Gnomonia tetraspora** Wint. in Hedw. 1872. XI, p. 148, F. it. t. 2199
376. — Peritheciis semiimmersis e basi globosa leviter conicis, ostiolo breve rostellato, parum emergente instructis, 250 μ . d., contextu tenui-membranaceo olivaceo-fusco, apice densiore; ascis cylindraceis, 45-50 = 8-10 breve stipitatis, tetrasporis; sporidis oblongis, submonostichis, constricto-1-septatis, 14-15 = 5-6, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule putrescente Euphorbiæ Cyparissiæ, in Germania, Helvetia, Italia. — Var. *Rubi* Rehm Asc. n. 596; ascis 45-50 = 9, paraphysibus longis septatis obvallatis; sporidiis quaternis distichis ellipticis, saepius curvulis, utrinque acutiusculis apiculique hyalino tenui auctis 15 = 3,5. In foliis dejectis Rubi fruticosi, Zürich Helvetiæ (WINTER). — «An species distincta?».

5. **Gnomonia Rhododendri** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 26, fig. 125. 2200

Peritheciis immersis, sparsis, globosis, nigris, rostro cylindrico, perithecio paulo longiore epidermidem immutatam et neutiquam inflatam perforantibus, 200 μ . latis; ascis oblongis in stipitem brevem attenuatis, 8sporis, 50–55 \approx 12; sporidiis biserialibus, obovato-cuneatis, utrinque rotundatis, ad tertiam longitudinis partem uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, hyalinis, 12 \approx 6.

Hab. ramulis tenellis et dejectis. *Rhododendri hirsuti* in Germania.

6. **Gnomonia inæqualis** Auersw. in Hedw. 1868, p. 185, et in Myc. 2201

Eur. Pyr. p. 27. — Peritheciis minutis, sparsis, globosis, atri, acute papillatis, papillaque epidermidem perforantibus; ascis saccatis, sessilibus, membrana dupli non visibili, 8-sporis; sporidiis elongato-pyriformibus, inæqualiter bilocularibus, biseriatis, nubilosis, cellula sup. ovali, 10 \approx 6, inferiore obconica 4–5 \approx 4.

Hab. in Tyrolia merid. prope Seis, in caulis aridis *Lathyrus sylvestris*, anno 1867 (HAUSMANN).

7. **Gnomonia Myricæ** C. et E. New Jers. Fung. in Grev. VI, p. 17, 2202

t. 95, fig. 24. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, collo elongato, rostrato; ascis lanceolatis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, inæqualiter uniseptatis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis *Myricæ ceriferæ*, socia *Septoria* in New Jersey Americæ borealis.

8. **Gnomonia Sesleriae** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 85. — Peritheciis mi-

nutissimis punctiformibus gregariis, globosis, tectis, ostiolo obscurō; ascis clavatis, inferne in stipitem tenuem attenuatis, 60–66 \approx 9–10; stipite 12–15 μ .; sporidiis octonis, distichis, ovoideo-oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis vel inæquilateralibus, medio septatis numquam constrictis, hyalinis, 10–12 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in utraque pag. foliorum emortuorum *Sesleriae cœruleæ* pr. Brünn et Polau Moraviæ. — Ob ostiolum obsoletum vix *Gnomonia*, cuius tamen habet ascos.

II. *Closterognomis*: sporidiis tereti-fusoideis, 1-septatis.

9. **Gnomonia setacea** (Pers.) Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. Auersw. 2204

Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 27, fig. 145. Sacc. Myc. Spec. 100, t. X, f. 121.

Sphæria setacea Pers. Syn. p. 62. — Peritheciis sparsis vel laxe gregariis, hypophyllis, parenchymati innatis, sphæroideis, atris, rostro elongato, filiformi, apicem versus leviter attenuato, perithecio duplo vel pluries longiori, sæpe flexuoso, concolori, epidermi-

dem perforante, latit. 150–300 μ .; ascis fusoideo-elongatis vel fusideo-oblongatis, breviter acuteque pedicellatis, 30–40 \approx 6–9, 4–8-sporis; sporidiis conglobatis, bacillaribus, medio uniseptatis, 4-guttulatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, hyalinis, 14–15 \approx 1,5–2 utrinque setula brevi auctis. — Sec. Fuck. spermogonium refert *Disco-siam clypeatam* De Not.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Quercus*, *Castaneæ*, rarius *Aceris Crataegi*, *Betulæ*, *Alni*, *Coryli* in tota Europa.

10. **Gnomonia ischnostyla** (Desm.) Fuck. Symb. mycol. *Sphaeria* (foliicola) *ischnostyla* Desmaz. 17 Not. 1849, p. 31. — Hypophylla, sparsa; peritheciis minutis, tectis, nigris, globosis, dein depressis; ostiolis nigris, elongatis, tenuissimis; ascis minutis apice 2-foveolatis exacte fusiformibus, 50 \approx 7–8; sporidiis fusoideo-linearibus; distichis, 15 \approx 1, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis (non omnino muticis visis).

Hab. in foliis siccis *Carpini*, *Aceris Pseudoplatani* in Gallia et Germania. — Forte varietas *Gn. setacea*.

11. **Gnomonia inclinata** (Desm.) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 27, fig. 143. Sacc. Myc. Ven. t. X, f. 1. *Sphaeria inclinata* Desm. XIX. Not. p. 20. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, parenchymati innatis, sparsis, nigris, oblongis, decumbentibus, ostiolo rostellato inclinato, initio peritheciū æquante, denique duplo fere longiore, filiformi, epidermidem perforantibus, 220–230 μ . diam.; ascis clavato-oblongis, in stipitem brevem attenuatis, 6-sporis, 50 \approx 10; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, cylindraceis, rectis, utrinque obtusiusculis sed in se-tulam longissimam abeuntibus, medio tandem septatis, haud constrictis, 4-guttulatis, 17 \approx 3 (absque appendicibus).

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Aceris platanoidis*, *A. campestris*, *A. Pseudoplatani* (rarius et *Æsculi*) in Gallia, Germania et Italia.

12. **Gnomonia setiformis** (Pers.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (epiphyllæ) *setiformis* Pers. Ann. sc. Nat. V. 1846, p. 262. — Peritheciis amphigenis solitariis v. hinc inde 2–3-cæpitoso-aggregatis, basi latiuscula folio adnatis, ostiolo setiformi; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis elongatis, septatis.

Hab. in foliis *Codiæi variegati* in Java (ZOLLINGER). — *Sphaeriæ Cassiae* affinis.

13. **Gnomonia Veneta** Speg. Mich. I, p. 457, F. it. t. 631. — Peritheciis globulosis, laxe gregariis, primo parenchymati innatis, tectis, dein emergentibus, siccis cupulato-collapsis, $2/_{10}$ – $3/_{10}$ mill. d. atris, rostro elongato, recto vel curvulo, crassiusculo, peritheciū

æquante vel paululum excedente, concolore instructis; ascis fusoido-clavatis, apice rotundatis, crassiusculæ tunicatis, 45–50 \approx 7–8, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis elongato-fusoideis, quandoque sub-clavulatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, excentrice 1-septatis, h. e. loculo inferiore bis longiore quam superiore, hyalinis, minute pluriguttulatis, utrinque appendicibus rostriformibus, acutiusculis auctis, 15 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ –4.

Hab. ad folia dejecta *Ostryæ carpinifoliæ*, Colfosco in Italia boreali.

14. **Gnomonia amœna** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 24, fig. 135 (nec 2209 Fuck. quæ *Gnomoniella*. Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 1568). — Peritheciis immersis, sparsis, depresso-globosis, vel globosis, rostro pyrenio duplo longiore filiformi discum minutum, roseo-album perforantibus, 380 μ . latis, 280 μ . altis; ascis clavato-oblongis, in stipitem brevem attenuatis, 8-sporis, 50–60 \approx 8–10; sporidiis biserialibus, elongato-oblongis, utrinque obtusatis, medio uniseptatis, ad septimentum leviter constrictis, loculo, utroque nucleolis binis ornato, subhyalinis, 12–15 \approx 3.

Hab. in petiolis foliorum *Coryli* et *Carpini* in Germania. — *Gn. amœna* Fuck. differt sporidiis multo brevioribus et simplicibus.

15. **Gnomonia Ostryæ** De Not. Sfer. it. p. 42, t. 49. Auersw. Myc. 2210 Eur. Pyr. p. 24, fig. 136. — Peritheciis hypophyllis, epidermidi primo subinnatis, sparsis, depresso-globulosis, siccis cupuliformi-collapsis, membranaceis, atris, rostro tenui, perithecium paululo superante verticali vel excentrico ornatis, 250–300 μ . latis; ascis clavatis, in stipitem brevissimum attenuatis, 8-sporis, 48 \approx 8; sporidiis biserialibus, obovato-fusiformibus, rectis vel curvulis, utrinque rotundatis, ad tertiam sporidiorum partem superiorem uniseptatis, ad septimentum non constrictis, subyalinis, nucleolis, 3–5 ornatis, 14 \approx 4.

Hab. in pagina inferiore foliorum *Ostryæ carpinifoliæ* in Italia boreali.

16. **Gnomonia Arnstadtensis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 22, fig. 119. 2211 — Peritheciis parenchymati folii immersis, epidermide immutata tectis, sparsis, nigris, depresso-globulosis, latere in rostrum brevissime conicum attenuatis, ostiolo diu, ad sporidiorum maturitatem usque, epidermide tecto, et non nisi sero eam puncti nigri instar lateraliter perforante, 150 μ . latis; ascis clavato-oblongis, in stipitem brevem tenuem attenuatis, 8-sporis, 75–90 \approx 10; sporidiis

biseriatis, elongato-oblongis vel subfusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, medio uniseptatis, ad septimentum vix constrictis, hyalinis, 27 ± 5 .

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum emortuorum Carpini Betuli in Germania.

17. **Gnomonia suspecta** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Plagiostoma suspecta* Fuck. 2212

Symb. myc. p. 119, t. VI, fig. 32. *Sphaeria suspecta* Auersw.? — Peritheciis majusculis, tectis, planis, atris; ostiolo in perithecii latere nato, brevi, crasso-cylindraceo, prominulo; ascis oblongo-cylindraceis, 8sporis, 80 ± 8 ; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, utrinque parum attenuatis, ceterum obtusis, didymis, hyalinis, 18 ± 4 .

Hab. in pagina inferiore, plerumque secus nervos, foliorum Quercus pr. Oestrich Rhenogoviæ.

18. **Gnomonia lirelliformis** Pass. Micr. ital. diagn. n. 5, in Rev. myc. — 2213

Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, epidermide nigrefacta tectis, ostiolo brevissimo, vix per epidermidem tandem fissam perspicuo; ascis clavatis sessilibus, 8-sporis, $42-50 \pm 8-10$; sporidiis fusiformibus gracilibus nucleatis, hyalinis, $20 \pm 2,5$.

Hab. ad folia viva Quercus Roboris autumno nondum ascigera et per hyemem in foliis stratis maturans, Collecchio, Parma, Italia bor. — Ascii maturi adeo elongantur ut tandem anguste lineares fiant. — «An *Hypospila*?».

19. **Gnomonia erythrostoma** (Pers.) Auersw. in Mycol. Europ. Pyren. 2214

p. 26, fig. 127, Sacc. F. it. t. 375. — Peritheciis innato-erumpentibus, utrinque prominulis, brevi-rostellatis, contextu rufescente, parenchymatico, ostioli prosenchymatico; ascis cylindraceis, $100-110 \pm 12-15$, breviter stipitatis, apice lumine bifoveolato, obtusatis, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-cylindraceis, $18 \pm 5-6$, utrinque rotundatis, infra medium spurie 1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, appendiculis mox deciduis curvulis auctis. — *Spermogonium Septoriae* speciem refert (Cfr. Fuck. Symb. myc. 123 et App.).

Hab. in foliis Pruni Avium et P. Cerasi adhuc pendulis immatura, in putrescentibus maturescens, in Germania, Helvetia, Italia.

20. **Gnomonia Linnææ** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. pag. 24, fig. 128 et 2215

148 a, *Sphaeria selacea* Fr. p. p. — Peritheciis epiphyllis, parenchymati immersis, sparsis, globulosis, atris, rostro elongato, cylindraceo, stricto, nitidulo, pyrenio sesqui- vel duplo longiore epidermidem immutatam perforantibus, 300μ . latis; ascis oblongis, bre-

viter et acute stipitatis, 8-sporis, 50-55 \approx 12; sporidiis 3-4-serialiter stipatis, oblongis, utrinque obtusatis, leviter curvulis, medio denique uniseptatis, ad sepimentum non constrictis, subhyalinis, loculo utroque nucleolis binis maximis ornato, 24 \approx 5.

Hab. in foliis siccis Linnææ borealis in Suecia et Germania.

21. **Gnomonia Fleischhakii** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 26, fig. 134. 2216

— Peritheciis immersis, sparsis aut paucis lineatim congestis, depresso-globosis, nigris, rostro conico rigido erumpente coronatis, subcoriaceo-membranaceis, 300-350 μ . latis; ascis cylindraceis, breviter stipitatis, 8-sporis, 52 \approx 10; sporidiis biserialibus, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusatis, medio uniseptatis, ad sepimentum vix constrictis, subhyalinis, 14 \approx 3.

Hab. in ramis siccis Genistæ tinctoriæ in Germania.

28. **Gnomonia Alni** Plow. Calif. Sphær. in Grev. VII, p. 74, t. 120, 2217

fig. 4. — Peritheciis minutis, cæspituloso-aggregatis, foliorum parenchymati innatis, ostiolo elongato, sursum leniter attenuato; ascis ovato-elongatis, 35-40 \approx 10-15, octosporis; sporidiis 1-septatis, curvulis, 22-25 \approx 3-4, nucleatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis adhuc viventibus Alni in California. — Peritheciorum basis in aversa foliorum pagina quoque prominula.

29. **Gnomonia alniella** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 119. — Peritheciis 2218

sparsis, parenchymati innatis, sphæroideis, siccis basi capulæ instar collapsis, atris, rostro stricto, cylindraceo, apicem versus leviter attenuato, rigido, perithecium fere æquante, concolore, epidermidem immutatam et utrinque inflatam ad folii paginam inferiorem, rarissime superiorem perforantibus, latit. 200-250 mill.; ascis fusideo-elongatis, in pedicellum tenuissimum, brevissimum attenuatis, vulgo curvulis, 30-40 \approx 8-10 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblängatis, infra tenuiter uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, hyalinis, rectis, 8-10 \approx 2.5-4.

Hab. in foliis Alni putrescentibus circa Mustiala Fenniæ. — Rationibus variis a congeneribus ceteris admodum recedit. Rostrum perithecii 150-180 μ . longum, basi 60-75 μ . crassum.

30. **Gnomonia campylostyla** Auersw. Syn. Pyr. eur. p. 25, t. 9, f. 130, 2219

et t. 11, f. 148 b. — Peritheciis hypophyllis sparsis, parenchymati innatis, depresso-subsphæroideis vel oblongatis, rostro laterali, flexuoso, longo vel longissimo, nitido epidermidem perforantibus. latit. 0,3-0,5 mill.; ascis oblongatis, breviter pedicellatis, 40-50 \approx 10-12, octosporis; sporidiis conglobatis, elongatis vel suboblongatis,

4-guttulatis vel medio uniseptatis, ad septum haud vel levissime constrictis, rectis, hyalinis, $15-22 \pm 3-5$. — Spermogonia scutiformia, orbicularia, sparsa, interdum confluentia, epiphylla, demum applanata plicataque, atra, nitida, latit. 0,3 mill.; spermatis cylindraceis, rectis, simplicibus, hyalinis, $3-5 \pm 1$.

Hab. in foliis Betulæ albæ et Bet. nanæ siccis in Tyrolia et per totam Fenniam et Lapponiam. — Spermogonia, speciem Leptothyrii sistentia, vere haud raro obveniunt in foliis Betulæ nunc in consortio peritheciorum, nunc ab iis segregata.

31. **Gnomonia leptostyla** (Fr.) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 232 Auersw. 2220

Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 25, fig. 29. *Sph. leptostyla* Fr. S. M. II, p. 517.

— Peritheciis conico-prominulis rufescentibus, ostiolo gracili brevi stricto nigro; ascis subclavatis, $45-65 \pm 10-12$ apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis fusoideis, rectis curvulisve, 1-septatis, $18-22 \pm 4$, saepius 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — *Marsonia Juglandis* (Lib.) sistit st. conidicum.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus Juglandis regiae hypophylla, in Belgio, Gallia, Germania, Italia.

32. **Gnomonia errabunda** (R. et D.) Auersw. M. Eur. Pyr. p. 25, fig. 2221

120, *Sphaeria (foliicola) errabunda* Rob. et Desm. 16 Not. 355, 1849. — Amphigena, minutissima, sparsa; peritheciis fusco-nigris. epidermide tectis, $1/7$ mill. diam. humectis globosis, siccis depressionis; ostiolis exsertis; ascis clavato-ventricosis, $40-50 \pm 10-12$; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, prope basim 1-septatis, rectis v. inaequilateralibus, $14-16 \pm 3,5$, guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Fagi, Carpini et Quercus in Gallia et Germania.

33. **Gnomonia petiolicola** (Fuck.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II. p. 122, Pla-

giostoma petiolicola Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 119, *Gnomonia deveza* Auersw. p. p. Rehm Ascom. n. 139. — Peritheciis sparsis, interdum nonnullis congestis, epidermide subimmutata tectis eique detractæ subtus adhaerentibus, sphæroideis, siccis subdepresso-sphæroideis, basi subinde cupulato-collapsis, rostro brevissimo, conoideo, saepe obliquo, epidermidem breviter perforante instructis, atris, latit. 150-200 μ ; ascis breviter pedicellatis, fusoideo-elongatis vel fusoideo-bacillaribus, $44-46 \pm 7-9$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, 1-(-3?)-septatis, guttulatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, chlorino-hyalinis, $9-12 \pm 2-3$.

Hab. ad petiolas putres Tiliæ parvifloræ in Germania occ. et Fennia australi.

34. **Gnomonia Dryadis** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. pag. 26, fig. 131. — 2223

Peritheciis primo immersis, dein semiimmersis, sparsis vel paucis congestis, imo connatis, rostro nitidulo, perithecium fere æquante, rigido superatis, globosis, 300 μ . latis; ascis clavatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8sporis, 100 \approx 14; sporidiis biserialibus, fusiformi-oblongis, rectis aut subcurvulis, utrinque mucrone minuto ornatis, medio uniseptatis, ad sepimentum leviter constrictis, hyalinis, loculo quoque binucleolatis, 27 \approx 5-6.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Dryadis octopetalæ* in Germania.

35. **Gnomonia Cerastis** (Riess) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 27, fig. 2224

144. *Sphæria Cerastis* Riess Hedw. I, n. 5, t. III, fig. 2, m-o, *Sphæria petioli* Fuck. Enum. Fung. Nass. pag. 68 (nec *Sphæria ischnostyla* Desm.). — Peritheciis parenchymati immersis, sparsis, globosis, nigris, rostro filiformi perithecium subæquante epidermidem perforantibus, 350 μ . altis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, in stipitem attenuatis, 6sporis 51 \approx 8-10, (parte sporifera 30 μ . longa); sporidiis 3-serialiter stipatis, cylindraceo-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis 4-guttulatis, medio uniseptatis, ad sepimentum leviter constrictis subhyalinis, 17 \approx 4.

Hab. in petiolis putrescentibus *Aceris Pseudoplatani* et *A. Negundinis* in Germania et Britannia.

36. **Gnomonia Graphis** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 122, Rehm. Asc. n. 393. 2225

— Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, olivaceis, vertice ostiolo longissimo, tereti, atro terminatis; ascis elliptico-oblongis, tenuissime oblique stipitatis, 40 \approx 6, p. sporif. 28 μ . long., 8sporis; sporidiis distichis cylindraceis, curvatis, 1- (-3?) -septatis, muticis, hyalinis, 16-18 \approx 1-1,5.

Hab. in pag. inferiore foliorum putrescentium *Rubi fruticosi* in Germania et Britannia.

37. **Gnomonia pleurostyla** Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 28, fig. 146. 2226

— Peritheciis hypophyllis, parenchymati innatis, sparsis, nigris, depresso-globulosis, rostro laterali filiformi epidermidem perforantibus, 200-230 \approx 180; ascis elongato-clavatis, in stipitem breviusculum et acutum attenuatis, 6-sporis, 55-65 \approx 7-8; sporidiis parallele stipatis, filiformi-lanciformibus, vel cultriformibus, subhyalinis, 50-55 \approx 2.

Hab. in foliis siccis *Salicis viminalis*, in Germania, raro.

— Ex icono Auersw. l. c. sporidia videntur fusoidea breviuscula

basi vero longissime, apice breve setigera. Species rectius prope n. 1591 ponenda.

III. *Dubioæ.*

38. **Gnomonia acicularis** (Wallr.) Sacc. *Sphæria acicularis* Wallr. 2227

Comp. Fl. crypt. n. 3878. *Sph. subtilis* Mart. Erl. pag. 488 (nec Grev.). *Sph. setacea* ♂ *affinis* Fr. S. M. II, p. 518. — Peritheciis minimis convexis synphlœodeis, collum tenuissimum setaceum illis duplo majus exserentibus.

Hab. ad folia sicca Trifolii repens rarius in Germania.

— *Gnemoniae setaceaæ* paraffinis dicitur.

39. **Gnomonia? curvirostra** (Sow.) Sacc. *Sphæria curvirostra* Sow. 2228

t. 373, f. 5, Fr. S. M. II, p. 517. — Gregaria; peritheciis tectis ovatis nigris, ostiolo erumpente æquali glabro brevioribus.

Hab. ad caules Umbelliferarum in Britannia et Suecia. — Perithecia ovata in ostiolum longius obliquum attenuata. Ostiolo diffracto, facile pro specie diversa sumi potest. An *Diaporthe?*

40. **Gnomonia? Grossulariæ** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sph. Grossulariæ* Fr. S. M. 2229

II, 521, Wallr. Comp. n. 3875. — Sparsa; peritheciis tectis globosis utrinque prominentibus, atris, intus albis, ostiolo minuto nigro.

Hab. in foliis putridis Ribis Grossulariæ in Germania et Suecia. — Perithecia fere *Gn. setaceaæ*, demum collabentia, sed ostiolum in pagina inferiore non prominet et gelatinam subcincinnatam erumpentem semel vidi; intus primo albido-cellulosa, puncto centrali nigro, dein evacuata (Fr. l. c.).

41. **Gnomonia ulmea** (Sacc.) Thüm in Flora 1878, p. 178. — *Sphæ-* 2230

ria ulmea Fr. Syst. mycol. II, p. 436. *Xyloma ulmeum* Schweinz.

Syn. fung. Carol. p. 55, n. 288. *Mycoth. univ.* n. 1155. — Tecta; peritheciis subcircinatis, distichis, superne tuberculis corrugatis nitidis prominentibus, ostioli solitariis conicis punctiformibus.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Ulmi americanæ in Carolina austr., bor. et Canada. — Sphæriæ species optima et pulcherrima. In pagina superiore folii observantur maculæ indeterminatæ, lacteæ, quibus innata incident tubercula distincta subconcentrica corrugata nitida, quæ, si epidermis tollatur, sunt bases peritheciorum evidentissimorum in folii parenchymate fere libere nidulantium, globosorum. Ostiola in pagina inferiori prominent minuta, recta.

EPICYMATIA Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 118. (Etym. *epi*, supra et *cymatium*, apothecium). — Perithecia plerumque lichenicola, hemisphæ-

rica, basi adnata subsuperficialia, coriacea v. subcarbonacea, ostiolo minutissimo pertusa. Asci oblongi octospori typice aparaphysati v. pseudoparaphysati. Sporidia oblonga, 1-(3?-)septata subhyalina. — *Pharcidia* Körb Par. Lichen. p. 469 convenit, sed genus revera fungus potius quam lichen videtur. Plures species forte inter se nimis affines, ideoque conjungendæ. Cum *Sphærella*, *Lizonia* et *Didymella* pluribus notis convenit et nisi potissimum vita lichenicola vix dignoscitur.

1. **Epicymatia vulgaris** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 118, *Sphaeria epicymatia* 2231 Wallr. Crypt. n. 3741, *Sphaeria apotheciorum* Mass. Auton. Crost. p. 26, fig. 41, *Pharcidia congesta* Körb. Par. p. 470, Rehm Ascom. n. 33, *Sphaeria propinquella* Nyl. Mus. Fenn. p. 112, *Epicymatia commulata* Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 8, t. IV, f. 25. — Peritheciis superficialibus, gregariis, sæpe confertis, minutissimis, globoso-conoideis, atris, coriaceis, ostiolo vix visibili; ascis rosulato-fasciculatis, oblongo-ovatis vel oblongo-lanceolatis, tunica apice incrassata sessilibus, 30-40 = 13-14; sporidiis 8 farctis, cylindraceis vel parum cuneatis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, rectis curvatisve 1-3-septatis non constrictis partim muco obductis subhyalinis, 12-13 = 3-4; paraphysibus non visis. — Sec. Fuck. l. c. *Gymnosporium Physciæ* Kalchbr. sisteret st. conidicum.

Hab. in apotheciis *Lecanoræ* subfuscæ et *Placodii* albescens in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Britannia, Fennia et Belgio. — Apothecia *Lecanoræ* ob peritheciorum copiam tandem omnino nigrescunt. Si sporidia typice quadrilocularia sint, species ab hoc genere eliminanda erit.

2. **Epicymatia Schœreri** (Mass.) Sacc., *Sphaeria Schœreri* Mass. Sulla 2232 Lecid. Hookeri, p. 8, fig. 3, A. B. — Peritheciis globoso-sphæroideis, punctiformibus, atris, nitidis, integris; ascis subclavatis, octosporis, paraphysibus laxis evanidis mucilaginosis obvallatis; sporidiis 2-3-stichis elliptico-subincurvis, hyalinis, bilocularibus, 12-13 = 2, 5.

Hab. in thallo *Lecideæ* Hookeri Schœr. in Helvetia et Italia.

3. **Epicymatia Mammillula** (Anzi) Sacc., *Leptosphaeria Mammillula* 2233 Anzi An. lichen. p. 26. — Peritheciis in cubiculi tuberculis minutissimis mammiformibus sæpe carneo-coloratis inclusis, solo ostiolo purpureo papillatum prominulo; ascis cylindraceo-fusiformibus, substantia subgelatinosa pallida obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis incumbenti-1-seriatis, navicularibus, 1-septatis, 13-15 = 4-7, pellucidis.

Hab. in thalli *Peltigeræ* caninæ pagina superiore in sylvis Bormiensibus, Valfurva Italiæ borealis.

4. **Epicymatia thallina** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphærella thallina* Cooke Grev. 2234 VIII, p. 10. — Peritheciis supra thallum sparsis, minutis, semi-immersis, nigro-fuscis, tenuiter papillatis; sporidiis distichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, 15 ± 5 , hyalinis.

Hab. in thallo *Physciæ* obscuræ, Eastbourne Britanniæ (C. J. MÜLLER).

5. **Epicymatia araneosa** (Rehm) Sacc., *Sphærella araneosa* Rehm 2235 Ascom. n. 133 et Diagn. n. 133. — Hyphis fuscis, septatis, c. 8μ . crassis, araneæ modo thallum et discum apotheciorum nigro-maculantibus: peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, minimis, oculo nudo vix perspicuis, atris, parenchymatice fusco-contextis, globosis; ascis pyriformibus, sessilibus, apice incrassatis, $36-40 \pm 15$, in singulis peritheciis quaternis, vario stadio inæqualiter evolutis a paraphysatis, octosporis, jodo immutatis; sporidiis obtuse ellipsoideis, bicellularibus, utraque cellula nucleo 1 magno vel 2 minoribus prædicta, $12-14 \pm 6-7$, primitus hyalinis, dein fuscidulis, distichis.

Hab. supra thallum et apothecia *Ochrolechiæ* pallescentis var. *upsaliensis* (L.) etc. in alpibus editioribus Tyrolensis (Dr. ARNOLD). — Cfr. Arnold Fragm. 16, t. II. fig. 22-23.

6. **Epicymatia borealis** Sacc. ex Fr. Hedw. 1881, p. 59 (*Sphæria* n. 9). 2236 — Peritheciis parvis, ad 0,2 mill. latis, adnatis vel semiimmersis, primo subglobosis, dein varie corrugatis et apice fere descisis, atris, paraphysibus (genuinis?) gracilibus, ramosis anastomosantibus; ascis cylindrico-clavatis; sporidiis 4-6, monostichis, ellipsoideis, medio constrictis, utrinque obtusis, diblastis, $15-17 \pm 7-9$.

Hab. in thallo lichenoso sterili in Groenlandia.

7. **Epicymatia frigida** Sacc. ex Fr. Hedw. 1881, p. 60 (*Sphæria* n. 10). 2237 — Peritheciis minutissimis, tantum lente valde augente detegendis, hyphis nigricantibus toruloideis impositis atris; paraphysibus nullis distinctis; ascis ventricosis; sporidiis octonis ovoideis, vel oblongo-ovoideis, utrinque obtusis diblastis, hyalinis, $15-18 \pm 5-7$.

Hab. in lichene *Thamnolia vermiculari* in Groenlandia.

8. **Epicymatia thallophila** (Cooke) Sacc., *Sphæria thallophila* Cooke 2238 Handb. n. 2614. — Peritheciis sparsis vel gregariis, thallo semi-immersis, subglobosis, carbonaceis, ostiolo papillato pertuso; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, non constrictis, hyalinis, tandem chlorinis, 10μ . longis.

Hab. in thallo *Lecanoræ* subfuscæ, Glenshee Britanniæ.

(L. LINDSAY). — Sec. Cooke l. c. non improbabile videtur speciem esse xylogenam, superficialem, lichenis thallum superpositum perforantem.

9. **Epicymatia Hageniæ** (Rehm) Sacc. *Pharcidia Hageniæ* Rehm et 2239

Wint. Flora 1872, p. 523, Arnold, Fragm. 16, tab. II, fig. 19. — Peritheciis gregariis vel subconfluentibus, epidermide lichenis innatis, fusco-atris globosis, poro simplici pertusis, 36–100 μ . diam.; ascis obovatis utrinque paululo attenuatis, sessilibus, paraphysatis octosporis, 30–40 \approx 13–15; sporidiis in parte asci inferiore fere conglobatis, elongato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, loculo superiore subcrassiore, 12–15 \approx 4–5, bi-quadriguttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. sup. thalli Hageniæ ciliaris ad Prunum in Franconia Germaniæ.

10. **Epicymatia lichenicola** Mass. sub *Dothidea*. Auton. lichen. crost. 2240

pag. 45, fig. 81. — Peritheciis subrotundis, innatis cum stromate cinereo-nigrescente, rugoso-scabrido concrescentibus; ostiolis minutissimis vix perspicuis; nucleo pallido subgelatinoso; ascis oblongis utrinque attenuatis, 8sporis, paraphysibus obsoletis obvallatis, sporidiis bilocularibus, diaphanis, subgranulosis, elliptico-oblongis, subincurvis, utrinque obtusis, 18–24 \approx 6–6,5.

Hab. in lamina proligera *Pachyosporæ viridescentis* Mass. (quæ var. *Aspiciliæ calcareæ*) in rupibus trachiticis collum Euganei prope Padova Italiæ borealis.

11. **Epicymatia? Psoromatis** (Mass.) Sacc. *Sphæria Psoromatis* Mass. 2241

in Flora 1856, p. 241, t. III, f. 13. — Peritheciis exiguis, thallo immersis, globulosis; ascis; sporidiis breve fusoideis, vel clavulatis, curvulis, 12–18 \approx 6, uniseptatis, leviter constrictis, subhyalinis, utrinque obtusiusculis.

Hab. ad thallum *Psoromatis* crassi hinc inde in agro Veronensi Italiæ borealis.

12. **Epicymatia Massariæ** Pass. Diagn. fungh. nuov. n. 8 in Nuov. 2242

Giorn. Bot. ital. VII (1875). — Peritheciis in tuberculum subglobosum, *Massariæ* centro insidens, minute ex ostiolis extus papillatum, concretis, parvis, atris, vel etiam circa matricem et in ejus cavitate ampliata, sparsis; ascis oblongo-clavatis, 8sporis; sporidiis 1–2-seriatis, elliptico-oblongis, interdum subcurvatis, medio septatis, hyalinis, loculis guttulatis, endoplasmate granuloso.

Hab. in peritheciis *Massariæ* Curreyi ad ramos Tiliæ, Parma Ital. bor. — *Massariæ* perithecia parasito laborantia ut

plurimum incrassantur, et ostiolo crasso, subgloboso terminata videntur.

13. **Epicymatia verrucariæformis** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 118. — Peritheciis media magnitudine, sparsis, subsuperficialibus, plano-hemisphaericis, demum umbilicatis, subtilissime papillatis perforatisque, atris, basi stromate spurio, angusto, tenuissimo cinctis; ascis oblongis, 8sporis, 64 ± 16 ; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, inæqualiter didymis, loculis biguttulatis, hyalinis, 16 ± 5 .

Hab. supra epidermidem (thallo lichenoso invasam?) ramulorum Cratægi Oxyacanthæ in Jura Helvetiæ (MORTIER).

LIZONIA Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. p. 41 (Etym. prob. a Dominico Lisa botanophilo taurinensi). — Perithecia subaggregata, ovoidea, glabra, ostiolo minutissimo, coriaceo-membranacea, erumpenti-superficialia. Ascii clavati. Sporidia disticha, oblonga sæpius inæquilateralia, uniseptata, e hyalino fuscidula majuscula. Paraphyses nullæ. — Fungilli foliicolæ; a *Sphærella* recedentes ob perithecia subcoriacea congesto-erumpentia et sporidia sæpius majuscula; ab *Epicymatia* quia non lichenicolæ etc.

1. **Lizonia emperigonia** (Auersw.) De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 72, t. LXXVII, 2244 *Sphæria emperigonia* Auersw. in Rabh. Herb. myc. I, p. 850. — Paritheciis in pagina alarum superiore foliorum periandricorum in series transversas ordinatis, filis a basi prodeuntibus fuligineis in folio repentibus adfixis, ovoideis, tuncque apice obtusiusculis vel sphæroideis tuncque papilla conoidea præditis, osculo nisi minutissimo, atris, opacis, $250-300 \mu$. diam.; ascis numerosis, rectis, clavatis octosporis 135 ± 18 ; sporidiis distichis, oblongatis, sæpius inæquilateribus, medio uniseptatis, ad septum leviter vel vix constrictis, loculo altero sæpe paullo majori, flavescentibus vel subfuscouscentibus, pellucidis, $30-46 \pm 10-15$.

Hab. in foliis periandricis Polytrichi communis emortuis in Germania, Italia, Fennia.

2. **Lizonia distincta** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 186, *Sphærella distincta* Karst. Fungi Spetsb. p. 107. — Peritheciis sparsis, parenchymati folii innatis, dein utrinque prominulis, sphæroideis, interdum vertice subcupulato-collapsis, astomis, atris, 0,3 mill. latit.; ascis brevissime pedicellatis, oblongatis, $120-180 \pm 32-48$, octosporis; sporidiis di- vel tristichis, ovoideo- vel subfusoideo-oblongatis, ut plurimum inæquilateribus, plus minus extra medium uniseptatis, hyalinis vel subluteolo-hyalinis, $40-50 \pm 13-20$.

Hab. in foliis graminum vetustis in Fennia et Spitzbergia.

3. **Lizonia fragilis** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (cæspitosæ) *fragilis* Berk. 224

Fl. N. Zel. II, p. 205, t. CVI, fig. 7. — Peritheciis congestis, fragilissimis, nigro-fuscis, obtusis, opacis, minimis; sporidiis hyalinis breviter subfusiformibus, uniseptatis vix constrictis, 16–25 μ . long.

Hab. in pag. inf. foliorum Eurybiæ furfuraceæ in Nova Zelandia (COLENZO).

4. **Lizonia pullulans** (Berk.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (cæspitosæ) *pullulans* 2247

Berk. Fl. N. Zel. II, 205. — Peritheciis aggregatis, subglobosis, astomis, vel ore leviter prominulo opacis; ascis subcylindricis; sporidiis oblongis utrinque subattenuatis, curvulis, uniseptatis, 16–17 μ . long., leniter constrictis.

Hab. in foliis Leucopogonis Fraseri, præcipue in pag. inf., Mission Station, Nova Zelandia (COLENZO).

MELANOPSAMMA Niessl Notiz. über Pyren. pag. 40 (nomen), Sacc.

Mich. I, p. 347. (Etym. *melas*, niger et *psamme*, arena). — Perithecia superficialia v. basi adnata v. semi-immersa, globosa, v. conico-depressa, papillata, carbonacea, glabra v. initio pilis conidiophoris inspersa. Ascii paraphysati 4–8-spori. Sporidia ellipsoidea v. subfusoidea, uniseptata, hyalina. — Respondet *Amphisphæriæ* et pariter variat formis peritheciis globosis stricte superficialibus et peritheciis conoideis basi infossis; quæ formæ in posterum forte generice distinguendæ erunt. *Amphisphæriæ* species hyalodidymas huc ad interim duxi.

1. **Melanopsamma pomiformis** (Pers.) Sacc. Mich. *Sphæria pomiformis* 2248

Pers. Syn. Fung. p. 65. *Eriosphæria rariplana* Sacc. F. V. ser. II, 326. *Melanomma pomiforme* Fuck., Rehm Asc. n. 36. — Peritheciis confertis v. sparsis, superficialibus, pomiformibus, circa ostiolum papilliforme impressis, lævibus, subtenuibus, rigidulis, atris, initio pilis rariusculis conidiophoris vestitis, latit. circiter 0,4 mill.; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, 65–75 \times 12–14 octosporis, mucoso-paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, 2-guttatis, ad septum vix v. parum constrictis, hyalinis, 12–16 \times 6–7. — Status conidicus sistit *Sporocybem albipedem* B. et Br. (*Fuckelina socia* Sacc. F. Ven. II, p. 326).

Hab. supra ligna truncorum exsiccatorum Quercus, Alni, Salicis, Ulmi etc. in Fennia meridionali per annum passim, in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Italia, Austria, Algeria, America boreali. — Perithecia juvenilia globosa, conico-papillata, et

pilis conidiophoris vestita senio glabrescunt et sæpius, collabascendo, umbilicata fiunt, quo statu notam *Sph. pomiformem* sistunt.

— Var. *minor*: peritheciis subdistantibus, minoribus, (jugiter?) papillatis; ascis cylindricis 90 ± 8 ; sporidiis $12 \pm 5-6\frac{1}{2}$, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis. In ligno populeo Patavii, Jan. 1877.

2. **Melanopsamma Ruborum** (Lib.) Sacc. Mich. II. p. 58. *Sphaeria Ruborum* Lib. Arduen. n. 340. — Peritheciis globoso-papillatis villo fuligineo interseminatis; setis cuspidatis, basi incrassatis, 200 ± 6 , septatis, fuliginis; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, breve stipitatis, apice tunica integra obtusis, $80-90 \pm 10$, parce paraphysatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis fusoideis, $15 \pm 3\frac{1}{2}-4\frac{1}{2}$, 2-4-guttulatis, hyalinis, denique 1-septatis, dilute fuscellis.

Hab. in sarmenis emortuis Rubi fruticosi, Malmedy in finibus Galliæ et Germaniæ.

3. **Melanopsamma cryptostoma** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphaeria cryptostoma* Lév. 2250 Ann. Sc. nat. 1843, XIX, 213-335 (Pl. 7, fig. 35). — Peritheciis gregariis, globosis, papillatis, hirtis, atris e subiculo villoso concolori emergentibus; nucleo albo; ascis clavulatis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis utrinque acutis, monostichis, consticto-uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ramos humi prostratos Ericæ cinereæ, Bois de Boulogne circa Parisios. — Habitus fere *Roselliniae Aquilæ*.

4. **Melanopsamma Pustula** (Curr.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 347. *Sphaeria Pustula* Curr. in Linn. Transact. XXII, p. 317, t. 59, f. 31. *Sph. perexigua* Bk., Cooke Handb. p. 863. — Subaggregata, nigra; peritheciis subglobosis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis distichis, subellipticis, $20-25 \mu$. longis, leniter curvulis, e hyalino chlorinis, plasma te bipartito, 1-septatis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Bungay Britanniæ. — Habitus *Melanomatis Pulvis-pyrii*.

5. **Melanopsamma coffeicola** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. (pertusæ) coffeicola* B. et C. Cuban Fungi n. 851. — Nuda; peritheciis late conicis glabris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis biarticulatis, articulo superiore conico parvo, inferiore subelliptico, 25μ . long.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Coffeæ in Cuba. — Sporidia fere illa *Apiosporæ* imitantur.

6. **Melanopsamma confertissima** (Plowr.) Sacc. *Sph. confertissima* 2252 Plowr. Calif. Sphær. in Grev. VII, p. 73. — Peritheciis minutis, in greges dense stipatis, ambitu laxioribus, subsphaericis compres-

sisque; ascis cylindraceis, 80–100 \approx 10–15; sporidiis biseriatis, uniseptatis, subæqualibus, 15–20 \approx 5, hyalinis.

Hab. in squamis strobilorum Sequojae sempervirentis in California Americæ borealis.

7. **Melanopsamma lanuginosa** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Sph. lanuginosa* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 898. — Peritheciis globosis, sursum leviter applanatis; basi lanuginosis; sporidiis uniseriatis, oblongis, uniseptatis, subbiconicis, inæquilateralibus.

Hab. in ramis Robiniae in Carolina inf. Amer. bor.

8. **Melanopsamma congesta** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 148. — 2255 Peritheciis globosis, atris, carbonaceis, minutis, 120–150 μ . diam. densissime gregariis, subconfluentibus, latissime matricem tegentibus, ostiolo papillato majusculo ornatis, glaberrimis; ascis cylindraceis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, deorsum attenuato-stipitatis, 42–50 \approx 4–5, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus longioribus, obvallatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipticis, utrinque plus minusve rotundatis, 6–7 \approx 3–3,5, primo continuis, dein spurie 1-septatis.

Hab. in trunco carioso decorticato Celtidis Talæ in sylvis australioribus «Montes largos» dictis, Argent. Amer. bor.

9. **Melanopsamma Bolleana** (Pass. et Thuem.) Sacc. *Melanomma Bolleanum* Pass. et Thüm. Contr. fung. Litor. n. 113, t. I, fig. 16. — Peritheciis subsuperficialibus; ascis oblongo-clavatis, membrana tenuissima, ægre perspicua, sex-octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, plus minus longis, medio septatis, rectis vel curvulis, hyalinis (an semper?); paraphysibus brevibus articulatis.

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos Rosmarini officinalis, Goria, Austr. merid. — Specimina incompleta. Adsunt perithecia minora stylosporea, sporis oblongis triseptatis, fuscis. An hæc *Hendersonia*?

10. **Melanopsamma mendax** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. myc. Lib. Ser. II, 2257 n. 139, tab. XIX, fig. 6. — Peritheciis in subiculo late effuso velutino fuligineo denso gregariis, superficialibus, globoso-papillatis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., nitidulis, levibus; ascis tereti-clavatis 130 \approx 12–15, paraphysatis, breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis oblongo-didymis constrictis, 20–22 \approx 8, utrinque obtusiusculis, hyalinis, denique pallide fuligineis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi Idæi, Malmedy, Gallia et Germania. — A *Melanopsamma Ruborum*, quam habitu æmulatur, differt ascis et sporidiis multo majoribus.

11. **Melanopsamma Rhodomphalos** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphaeria rhodompha-* 2258
los Berk. Lond. Journ. 1845, p. 313. Curr. Linn. Transact. XXII,
 t. 57, f. 28. *Sph. rhodopis* Fr. Summa 389 (nomen). — Perithe-
 ciis globosis, denudatis, zona rosea circa ostium ornatis; ostiole
 leniter depresso; ascis tereti-clavatis, breve stipitatis octosporis;
 sporidiis biseriatis, hyalinis v. chlorinis, subfusoideis, curvulis uni-
 septatis, binucleatis, 17-20 μ . long., medio subinde constrictis.
Hab. in ligno putrescente, Cincinnati, Ohio, Amer. bor.
12. **Melanopsamma latericollis** (Fr.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 347. *Tremato-* 2259
sphaeria latericollis Fuck. Symb. mycol. App. II, p. 31. *Sphaeria*
latericollis Fr. Syst. m. II, p. 464, non DC.! — Peritheciis spar-
 sis subgregariisve, raro 2-3-confluentibus, media magnitudine, pri-
 mo immersis demum subliberis, oblique ovatis seu irregularibus,
 aterrimis, ostiole plerumque lateralí, recto seu curvato, cylindra-
 ceo, peritheciis subæquante, perforato; ascis oblongis, stipitatis,
 8sporis, 80 \approx 14; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque
 obtusiusculis, rectis seu curvatis, didymis, ad septum arcte constri-
 ctis, loculis 1-2-guttulatis, dilutissime fuscis, 24 \approx 7-8.
Hab. in ligno putri decorticato Populi nigræ et Quercus
 in Germania et Suecia.
13. **Melanopsamma borealis** (Karst.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 347. *Sphaeria* 2260
borealis Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 94. *Urnularia borealis* Karst.
 Enum. Fung. Lapp. p. 209. — Peritheciis sparsis erumpentibus,
 tandem basi tantum innatis, orbicularibus, applanatis demum ver-
 tice rimoso-dehiscentibus, glabris, atris, latit. 0,3-0,4 mill.; ascis
 fixis cylindraceo-subclavatis vel subcylindricis 50 \approx 6 octosporis;
 sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, 2-guttulatis vel spurie
 tenuiter uniseptatis, hyalinis, 4-6 \approx 2,5-4; paraphysibus parcis,
 filiformibus.
Hab. ad lignum juniperinum vetustum in Lapponia rossica,
 Kitofka. — Species ulterius inquirenda; dignitas ejus generica fa-
 cile est concedenda.
14. **Melanopsamma tenerima** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 151. — Pe- 2261
 ritheciis erumpenti-superficialibus, conico-hemisphæricis, 200-250
 μ . diam., glaberrimis, atris, teneris, tenui-membranaceis, contextu
 parenchymatico-anguloso, majusculo, distinctissimo, fumoso-oliva-
 scente, ostiole papillato, subcarbonaceo, latiusculo, 20 μ . diam. per-
 forato; ascis..... cito diffluentibus; sporidiis elliptico-cylindra-
 ceis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, 32-37 \approx 10-12, medio 1-septa-
 to-constrictis, loculis per grosse 1-guttulatis, granulosis, hyalinis.

Hab. in culmo putrescente Bambusaceæ speciei cuiusdam ad ripas del Rio de la Plata prope Palermo, Amer. merid.

15. **Melanopsamma improvisa** (Karst.) Sacc. *Sph. improvisa* Karst. 2262

Mycol. Fenn. II, 93. *Melanomma improvisum* Karst. Symb. Myc. Fenn. *Zignoella improvisa* Sacc. Mich. II, 346. — Peritheciis gregariis vel sparsis, adnato-superficialibus, sphæroideis, vertice conoideo-attenuatis, papillatis, lœvissimis, nitidulis, glabris, nigris, latit. 0,2-0,3 mill.; ascis cylindraceis, 80-90 \approx 7 octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongatis vel subellipsoideis, utrinque attenuatis, rectis vel inaequilateralibus 1-3-guttulatis vel spurie tenuiter uniseptatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 12-18 \approx 5-7, paraphysibus filiformibus, coalescentibus.

Hab. ad lignum mucidum Alni prope Wasa Fenniæ. — Fructificatione *Melanopsammæ pomiformi* maxime affinis, habitu vero diversissima.

16. **Melanopsamma hydrotheca** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. III, n. 57. — 2263

Peritheciis primo sublenticularibus, tectis, dein erumpenti-superficialibus, globoso-hemisphericis, densiuscule sparsis v. 3-5-aggregatis, atro-olivaceis, initio adpresso laxeque tomentoso-pruinulosis, serius glabris, basi tantum hyphis vestitis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo impresso pertusis; ascis late clavatis, sursum rotundatis, deorsum longiuscule attenuato-pedicellatis 100-110 \approx 20-25, cito diffluentibus ac ægre visilibus, aparaphysatis? sporidiis di-tristichis, ellipticis, utrinque obtusiuscule rotundatis, medio constricto-septatis 18-22 \approx 10-12, granuloso-farctis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos dejectos Erythrinæ Cristæ-galli in nemorosis humidis prope la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. merid.

17. **Melanopsamma anaxæa** (Speg.) Sacc. *Amphisphæria anaxæa* 2264

Speg. Nov. Add. n. 71. Mich. II, p. 249. — Peritheciis tenui-membranaceo-carbonaceis, lenticularibus, ostiolo pertuso, latiusculo donatis 200-250 μ . diam., in ligno decorticato, sæpe dealbato insidentibus; ascis cylindraceis, antice rotundatis postice breviter ac nodulose pedicellatis, paraphysibus longioribus obvallatis, 80-90 \approx 8-9, octosporis rarius tetrasporis; sporidiis ellipticis, medio uniseptatis non vel vix constrictis, utrinque rotundatis, non vel 1-2-guttulatis, crasse tunicatis, hyalinis, 12-15 \approx 6-7.

Hab. in radicibus Dryadis octopetalæ in alveo Plavis, Belluno, in Italia boreali.

18. **Melanopsamma recessa** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Sphæria (denudata) recessa* C. et Peck. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peri-

theiciis gregariis, initio semi-immersis, glabris, depresso-nigro-fuscis v. nigris, 300 μ . diam., ascis subclavatis; sporidiis mono-distichis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, ad septum profunde constrictis, 13-20 \times 7-10, hyalinis.

Hab. in lignis emortuis, Tyre Amer. bor. — Perithecia subinde discoidea videntur.

19. **Melanopsamma texensis** (Cooke) Sacc., *Sphæria texensis* Cooke 2266
Fungi of Texas 143. — Sparsa, grisea; peritheciis subglobosis ligno atrato subimmersis, vix prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 15 \times 6.

Hab. in ligno quercino, Texas Amer. bor. (RAVENEL). —
An *Diaporthe*?

20. **Melanopsamma Petrucciana** (Cald. et De Not.) Sacc., *Sphæria petrucciana* Cald. Erb. cr. ital. n. 242, Comm. Critt. I, pag. 40, tab. II, fig. VI, *Amphisphæria Petrucciana* Cald. et De Not. Comm. Critt. I, pag. 223, Michel. II, 316. — Peritheciis innato-erumpentibus, tandem emersis, atris, sphæricis, subinde sphæroideo-conicis denique poro pertusis, sparsis, gregariisque, stromate subcinereo maculiformi thalliformi (proprio?) cinctis; ascis cylindricis breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obval-latis, 150-160 \times 16-18, octosporis jodo non cœrulescentibus; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, 18-24 \times 11-13, 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice Cupressi prope Firenze Italiæ mediæ et in Gallia australi.

21. **Melanopsamma glandis** (Duby) Sacc. *Sphæria glandis* Duby Bot. 2268
Gall. 700, Mont. Fl. Alg. p. 504. — Sparsa aut hinc inde aggredita, aterrima, nitida; peritheciis orbiculatis, applanato-convexis, basi interdum subdilatatis ostiolo minimo vix prominulo, demum pertuso; ascis ventricosis utroque fine obtusis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, biseriatis.

Hab. ad glandes humi delapsas Quercus cocciferæ in Algeria et Gallia.

22. **Melanopsamma Papilla** (Schw.) Sacc., *Amphisphæria Papilla* 2269
(Schw.) Mich. II, p. 138, *Sph. Papilla* Schw. Carol. n. 159. — Sparsa, atra, opaca, peritheciis tornatis, hemisphærico-conicis in-natis, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis cylindraceis crassis, paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoideo-biconicis, 40 \times 15-20, leniter constrictis, 2-nucleatis, hyalinis, jodii ope (æque ac ascis) flavescentibus.

Hab. ad ligna et cortices Aceris etc. in Amer. bor. (SchWEIN., FARLOW). — *Solitaria*, major, late conica, superficiali-innata, glaberrima, vix nisi sub lente perspicue rugulosa. Ostiolum distincte pertusum.

23. **Melanopsamma? europaea** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 150. — 2270

Peritheciis innato-superficialibus, basi matrici parce infossis, globoso-depressis, 250–350 μ . diam., ostiolo minuto, papillato-truncato donatis, sparsis vel gregariis, atris, subnitentibus, carbonaceis; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, sursum subtruncato-rotundatis deorsum in pedicellum parvulum attenuatis, 80–84 \div 12–14, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, densiusculis obvallatis; sporidiis distichis, fusideo-ellipticis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 27–28 \div 6–7, primo medio tantum 1-septato-constrictis, 4–6-guttulatis (dein triseptatis hyalinis, strato mucoso tenui ad apicem incrassato obvolutis).

Hab. in sarmentis putrescentibus Rubi discoloris in dumetis prope S. José de Flores, Argent. Amer. merid. — Species notis plurimis fructificationis *Lophiosiomatibus* affinis videtur, sed adhuc ostiolum umboniforme poro rotundo pertusum visum est. « An *Massariella?* ».

24. **Melanopsamma? Diana** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 149. — 2271

Peritheciis laxe gregariis, lenticulari-hemisphæricis, 250–300 μ . diam., atris, glaberrimis, subcarbonaceis, epidermide velatis, prominulis, ostiolo vix papillulato erumpente, non exerto ornatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sursum obtuse rotundatis ac crasse tunicatis, deorsum breviter attenuato-pedicellatis, 95–110 \div 16–18, octosporis paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis recte vel oblique distichis, ellipticis vel elliptico-elongatis, rectis vel inæquilateralibus, utrinque attenuato-rotundatis, 30–35 \div 9–10, primo medio 1-septato-constrictis, loculis grosse 2-guttulatis, stratoque crassiusculo, 2–3 μ . crass., obvolutis (dein muco destitutis, 3-septato-constrictis, hyalinis; an postremo fuligineis?).

Hab. in ramis dejectis putrescentibus Cephalanthi Sarandi in dumetis uliginosis à las Conchas, Argent. Amer. merid. — Species a genere *Melanopsamma* longe abhorrens et facile ad novum genus trahenda; characteres peritheciorum *Didymosphæriæ*, fructificationis fere *Massariæ*, ab utroque tamen valde diversa. « Probabiliter *Massariella* ».

BERTIA De Not. in Giorn. bot. Ital. I, p. 335 (Etym. a Doct. Josepho Berti, botanophilo ex Porto Maurizio Ital. bor.). — Perithecia su-

perificialia vel basi insculpta, coriaceo-carbonacea, corrugata vel tuberculata, atra, ostiolo impresso minuto. Ascii 4-8spori, paraphysati vel non. Sporidia majuscula typice uniseptata, teretiuscula (rarius 3-5-septata), hyalina. — Fungi lignicolæ, rarius lichenicolæ.

I. *Eubertia*: sporidiis uniseptatis.

1. **Bertia moriformis** (Tode) De Not. in Giorn. Bot. Ital. I, pag. 335, 2272

Sacc. Fungi ital. tab. 440, *Sphæria moriformis* Tode Meckl. II, pag. 22, fig. 90, *Sph. claviformis* Sow., *Sph. rubiformis* Sow., *Sph. rugosa* Grev. — Peritheciis confertis, superficialibus, forma varia, cylindraceis, sphæroideis, corrugato-tuberculatis, atris, glabris, rigidis, majusculis, circiter 0,6 mill. lat.; ascis pedicellatis, fusoideo-clavatis, 135-170 \pm 15-18, paraphysisibus septulatis obval-latis; sporidiis octonis, conglobatis, elongatis, ut plurimum curvulis, guttulis 2 fœtis vel spurie uniseptatis, hyalinis, 30-38 \pm 5-7.

Hab. in lignis corticibusque arborum variarum, e. g. Populi, Sorbi, Salicis, Fagi, Quercus in Suecia, Belgio, Britannia, Gallia, Italia, Fennia, America bor., Java et Kamtschatka.

2. **Bertia submoriformis** (Plowr.) Sacc., *Sphæria submoriformis* 2273

Plowr. Grev. V, p. 74. — Peritheciis irregularibus, rugosis, erumpentibus, magnitudine satis variis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis distichis teretiusculis, curvulis, 20-23 \pm 3, uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in corticibus putrescentibus, S. Francisco Americæ bor. (HARKNESS).

3. **Bertia italicæ** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 404, Fungi ital. t. 336. 2274

— Peritheciis gregariis, superficialibus et facile secedentibus, glo-bulosis, majusculis, $1/2$ mill. diam., vertice obtusis, undique et per-spicie rugoso-tuberculatis. nigris, subopacis, nucleo nigro; con-textu coriaceo-molliusculo, distincte laxe parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis elongato-clavatis, 145 \pm 28, apice obtusiusculis, breve crasse-que stipitatis octosporis, paraphysisibus nullis visis; sporidiis disti-chis, 32-35 \pm 12-14, oblongis vel subfusoideis, medio sæpe constri-ctis, 1-septatisque, utrinque obtusiusculis, 2-guttatis vel granulo-sis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice Juniperi communis, Conegliano, Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — A *Bertia moriformi* De Not., *B. quercreti* Rehm et *B. lichenicola* De Not. ascis sporidiisque multo crassioribus præsertim distinguenda; a *B. macrospora* Sacc. defectu paraphy-sum sporidiisque brevioribns.

4. **Bertia australis** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 157. — Peritheciis 2275

dense gregariis, globosis, 300–350 μ . diam., in sicco depresso, rugosis, ostiolo latiusculo umbilicato perforatis, atris, glaberrimis; ascis cylindraceis antice obtusiuscula rotundatis deorsum breve ac crasse attenuato-stipitatis, p. sporif. 110–120 \approx 12, ped. 12–15 \approx 7–8, octosporis, apophysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis vel rarius subdistichis, elliptico-elongatis, utrinque obtusiuscula rotundatis, 25 \approx 8–8,5, medio 1-septato-constrictis, loculis primo grosse 2-guttulatis, dein medio spurie 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in truncis vetustis nec non ramis dejectis *Celtidis* *Talæ* et *Sambuci australis* in sylvis australioribus «Montes Largos» dictis, Argent. Amer. merid. — Cum *Sphæria* (Bertia) *moriformi* Tode f. *minore* Mont. in Gay. Fl. Chil. vol. VIII, p. 475 probabiliter identica.

5. **Bertia lichenicola** De Not. in Rabh. Fungi eur. ed. II, 950 (1864), 2276
 Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 439, *Rhagadostoma corrugatum* Körb. Par. p. 473 (1865). — Peritheciis confertis, emersis vel semiemersis, sphæroideis, corrugatis, glabris atris, circiter 0,3 mill. lat.; ascis pedicellatis, clavatis, 98–115 \approx 14–18, tetrasporis; sporidiis distichis elongatis, plerumque curvulis, 1-septatis, hyalinis, 30–50 \approx 7–9.

Hab. in thallo *Solorinæ croceæ* in Lapponia, Britannia, Germania et Italia. — Sec. Karst. sporidia rarius 3-septata fiunt. Sec. Rehm habetur forma ascis bisporis.

6. **Bertia Vitis** Schulz. in Verhandl. zool.-bot. Gesell. Wien XX, p. 2277
 644, Thuem Pilze Weinst. p. 113. — Peritheciis rotundatis, superficialibus, gregariis, saepe connatis, ostiolo detruso demum aperto, nigris, carbonaceis; ascis clavatis vertice acutatis, octosporis; sporidiis cylindraceis, curvulis, uniseptatis, dilutissime flavidis, 9 μ . long.; paraphysibus sursum coalescentibus, simplicibus.

Hab. ad sarmenta arida *Vitis viniferæ* in Slavonia.

7. **Bertia querceti** Rehm Ascom. 43, Wint. Diagn. p. 5. — Peritheciis gregariis vel subconfluentibus, villo tenuissimo, arachnoideo, repente, fuligineo insidentibus et ab eo vestitis, globosis, papillatis, rugosis, demum collapsis, subglabris, nitidis, atris, 0,6–0,7 mill. lat., ascis longissimis, elongato-cylindraceis, angustis, stipitatis, 8-sporis, 130–180 \approx 10–12; paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, obscure septatis, ascos æquantibus vel plerumque eis longioribus; sporidiis subdistichis vel inordinatis, fusiformibus, rectis vel rarius parum curvatis, hyalinis, spurie uniseptatis, supra septum paullulo incrassatis, 36–42 \approx 5, 2guttatis granulosisque.

Hab. in ramis quercinis in Franconia. — Cl. Rehm in Asc.

Diagn. p. 15 hanc speciem ad *Enchnosphæriam pinaterum* Fuck. dicit, sed diagnosis Fuckelii longe differt præcipue ob sporidia 2-septata.

II. *Bertiella*: sporidiis tandem 3-5-septatis.

8. **Bertia macrospora** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 452, Fungi ital. t. 136. — 2279

Peritheciis dense gregariis confluentibusque, superficialibus subrotundis, repandisque ubique obtuse verruculosis, atris opacis, circiter $\frac{3}{4}$ -1 mill. diam., ostiolo brevi papillato, quandoque vix distincto, contextu pachydermatico, carbonaceo, atro; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, apice rotundatis, deorsum crassiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, 100-130 \pm 15, stipite ima basi noduloso appendiculatoque, paraphysibus filiformibus brevibus parcis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis vel distichis, elongato-fusoideis, 40-45 \pm 10-12, plerumque curvulis, utrinque obtuse attenuatis, constricto-1-septatis, crasse 4-guttatis, tandem tenuiter, 3-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno decorticato putri fagineo in sylva Cansiglio Treviso, Ital. bor. — Affinis *Bertiae quercreti* Rehm: differt vero sporidiis plus quam duplo crassioribus, peritheciis magis rugosis, subopacis, etc.

9. **Bertia parasitica** H. Fab. Sphær. Vaucl. pag. 95, t. 3, fig. 33. — 2280

Peritheciis superficialibus, carbonaceis, duris, nunc solitariis, nunc confluentibus, hemisphæricis, atris Fragorum instar papillatis, vertice poro pertusis, 0,5-0,6 mill. diam.; ascis clavatis, stipitatis, 8-sporis, 60-70 \pm 10; sporidiis farctis, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, hyalinis, 3-5 septatis, nonnumquam loculo subintermedio septo longitudinali diviso, 15-20 \pm 4-5.

Hab. in crusta Eutypæ latæ, Vaucluse Galliæ, rarissime.

LENTOMITA Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 44 (Etym. mihi ignota). — Perithecia immersa, demum erumpentia vel libera, sub-coriacea vel submembranacea, in rostrum plus minus distinctum sæpe abbreviatum attenuata. Ascii tenues, membrana interna apice incrassata, octospori. Sporidia didyma, hyalina. Paraphyses distinctæ. — *Rhynchostomatis* analogum genus, sed sporidiis hyalinis.

1. **Lentomita brevicollis** Niessl Notiz. Pyr. p. 45. — Peritheciis gre-

gariis e ligno dealbato erumpentibus dein liberis, nudis, glabris, atris, minutis, 130-150 μ . diam., conoideis, basi applanata, versus apicem in ostiolum breve conicum attenuatis, substantia coriaceo-membranacea, basi plerumque collapsis; ascis e clavato subcylin-

draceis in stipitem brevem attenuatis, mox evanescentibus, membrana interna apice parum incrassata, $70-75 \approx 10-13$, 8sporis; sporidiis initio distichis mox monostichis, ellipticis vel oblongis, obtusis, didymis, biguttatis, medio vix vel haud constrictis, hyalinis, $9-13 \approx 6-8$; paraphysibus distinctis ascis paulo superantibus ramulosis, guttulatis.

Hab. in ligno emortuo Tiliæ, prope Czeitsch Moraviæ.

2. **Lentomita cæspitosa** Niessl Notiz. Pyr. p. 46. — Peritheciis dense 2282 gregariis vel cæspitosis, liberis, hemisphærico-conoideis, ostiolo conico sæpe abbreviato, glabris, tenuibus, fragilibus, majusculis, 300-350 μ . diam., atris; ascis valde elongatis, tubulosis, in stipitem attenuatis, $150-180 \approx 14-15$, membrana interna apice incrassata; sporidiis oblique monostichis oblongo-ovatis, rectis, medio septatis valdeque constrictis, parte superiori paulo inflata late rotundata, inferiori attenuata, $17-19 \approx 8$, hyalinis; paraphysibus multis, tenuibus, parum superantibus, apice ramulosis.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ prope Gratz Styriæ.

3. **Lentomita crassicollis** (De Not.) Sacc., *Sphæria crassicollis* De 2283 Not. Micr. ital. Dec. VII, p. 107, t. II. — Peritheciis gregariis ligno superficie nigrificato semi- vel penitus immersis, vix 1 mill. diam., nigris, tenuibus, ostiolo erumpente perithecio sublongiore recto vel curvo, cylindraceo, annulatim sulcato et asperulo; ascis cylindraceis, brevissime stipitatis, paraphysatis, octosporis, $125-130 \approx 13-15$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, constricto-didymis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis, $17 \approx 7-7,5$.

Hab. ad frustula lignea in M. Cenisio (Italia).

4. **Lentomita Schulzeri** (Schulz.) Sacc., *Ceratostoma Schulzeri* Pi- 2284 rossa Funghi Vitign. p. 38, *Ceratostoma Vitis* Schulz. — Crustas compactas, lignicolas formans; peritheciis dense gregariis, globosis, atris, longe rostratis, tuberculatis, deformatis, solitariis vel gregariis; ascis clavato-fusoideis, sex- raro octosporis, tenuissimis, cito evanidis; sporidiis oblongo-ovatis, medio constrictis, uniseptatis, bi- vel quadrinucleatis, dilute flavidis, $16-17 \approx 4$; paraphysibus simplicibus, filiformibus, nucleatis.

Hab. ad sarmenta arida Vitis viniferæ in Slavonia. — An *Diaporthe?*, non tamen *D. viticola*.

5. **Lentomita ligneola** (B. et Br.) Sacc., *Sphæria ligneola* B. et Br. 2285 in Ann. N. H. n. 883, t. 11, fig. 29. — Peritheciis globosis, sub-pallidis, levibus, subimmersis; rostro elongato, obtuso; ascis;

sporidiis ellipticis, subinæquilateralibus, 7,5–10 μ . long., 2-nucleatis tandem uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno quercino emortuo, Somerset Britanniæ. — Habitus fere *Ceratostomellæ cirrhosæ* sed levis, glaucescens, sporidiisque denique bilocularibus.

6. **Lentomita stylophora** (B. et Br.) Sacc., *Sphæria stylophora* B. 2286 et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 976, t. 17, fig. 29, Cooke Handb. n. 2630. — Peritheciis initio tectis, denique liberis, in greges subcirculares dispositis, ovoideis, sursum attenuatis; ostiolis perithecio longioribus; ascis late clavatis; sporidiis fusoideis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, distichis, utrinque appendiculatis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris platanoidis, Mossburnford Britanniæ. — An *Diaporthe*?

7. **Lentomita Auerswaldii** (Fleisch.) Sacc., *Gnomonia Auerswaldii* 2287 Fleisch. in Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 26, fig. 132. — Peritheciis rostellatis ; ascis teretibus, breve crassiuscule stipitatis, apice rotundatis, paraphysatis, octosporis, $90 \approx 8-10$; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, utrinque rotundatis, constricto-1-septatis, $16-17 \approx 7-8$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Genistæ tinctoriæ in Germania.

VENTURIA De Not. et Ces. Schema Sf. in Comm. critt. p. I, p. 225 prope minore parte (nec De Not. in Att. VI, Riun. Sc. p. 484), Fr., Cooke, Karst., Sacc. etc. (Etym. a mycologo ill. *Ant. Venturi*). — Perithecia subsuperficialia setulosa, ostiolata, membranacea vel carbonaceo-membranacea. Asci octospori, sessiles vel brevissime pedicellati, aparaphysati. Sporidia oblonga vel ovoido-ellipsoidea, uniseptata, hyalina vel luteola. — Fungilli minutissimi, plerumque foliicolæ. — Genus *Venturia*, quale primitus condidit cl. De Notaris (in Atti VI, Riun. Sc. p. 484), sistit *Pleosporæ* species setosas, quarum sporidia opaca, male observata, prout didyma æstimavit cl. Auctor. Serius (in Schema Sfer.) cl. De Not. et Ces. ad hoc genus retulerunt nonnullas specis, a primis vere recedentes, quæ vero sensum præstiterunt genuinæ *Venturice*, qualis hodie universim usurpatur.

A) In Dicotyledoneis lignosis.

1. **Venturia chlorospora** (Ces.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 189, Sacc. Fungi 2288 ital. t. 349, *Sphæria chlorospora* Ces. Erb. critt. ital. n. 296, *Sphærella chlorospora* (Ces.) De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 86, t. XCVII,

(forma decalvata), *Sphærella canescens* Karst. l. c. — Peritheciis globulosis, 50 μ . diam., laxe cellulosis, pilis rigidulis aterrimis basi incrassatis, 40–50 \approx 4, undique, præcipue vertice, vestitis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 50–60 \approx 12–14, paraphysibus nullis visis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-ovatis, 14–16 \approx 6–6,5, bilocularibus, vix constrictis, amoene luteolis.

Hab. in foliis putrescentibus *Quercus*, *Salicum*, *Pyri*, *Pruni*, *Sorbi*, *Cratægi* etc. in Italia, Germania, Gallia, Fennia. — *Var.* *Salicis vitellinæ*: ascis cylindraceo-obclavatis, subsessilibus, 44–50 \approx 14–15; sporidiis didymis 15–16 \approx 6, chlorinis. — *Var.* *Pruni Cerasi*: ascis angustioribus et longioribus 75 \approx 12, sporidiis 12–14 \approx 6. — *Var.* *Sorbi aucupariæ*: ascis 50 \approx 13; sporidiis 12–15 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ –8. — *Var.* *Pyri*: peritheciis parcus setulosis et sporidiis obscurioribus; ascis 65–70 \approx 10–12; sporidiis 14 \approx 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ –6, atro-olivaceis; perithecii setulis 20–30 \approx 4, basi incrassatis. — *Var.* *microspora*: Sacc. *Fungi ital.* t. 310: ascis 50 \approx 8; sporidiis 8–10 \approx 4. In foliis quercinis in Ital. bor.

2. **Venturia ditricha** (Fr.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, 188, *Venturia maculans* Peck 30 Rep. on the St. Mus., *Sphæria ditricha* Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 515, *Vermicularia ditricha* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 420. — Peritheciis ut plurimum hypophyllis, subgregariis, maculæ griseæ, inderminatæ, confluenti insidentibus, subsphæroideis, atris, ostiolo papillato, setis subsenis, continuis, 40–90 \approx 6, spiniformibus, erecto-divergentibus, concoloribus obsitis, minimis; ascis brevissime pedicellatis vel sessilibus, elongatis, 36–45 \approx 10–12, octosporis, tenuiter paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongatis, uniseptatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 12–16 \approx 5–6, loculo inferiore sæpius tenuiore. — Sec. Fuck. spermogonium sistit *Asteroma Betulæ* Desm.

Hab. in foliis *Betulæ albæ*, *B. verrucosæ*, *B. populifoliae* in Fennia, Lapponia, Suecia, Germania, Britannia, Gallia, Italia, Amer. boreali. — *Venturia maculans* Peck sistit formam solito paulo majorem.

3. **Venturia inæqualis** (Cooke) Wint., *Sphærella inæqualis* Cooke 2290 Handb. 2758. — Hypophylla; peritheciis sparsis, innatis, globosis, nigris, setulis 3–4 epidermidem perforantibus coronatis; ascis ventricosis, deorsum attenuatis, sessilibus 60 \approx 12; sporidiis biseriatis vel stipatis, uniseptatis, dilute flavidis, 12–13 \approx 6, loculo superiore subgloboso, infero duplo longiore; paraphysibus ramulosis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis *Pyri Ariæ*, *P. communis* et *P.*

Mali nec non Cratægi, Salicis, Fraxini etc. in Britannia,
Germania et Helvetia.

4. **Venturia Kunzei** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. V, p. 174, *Chætomium* 2291

Coleos

circinans Wallr. Comp. n. 1809, *Stigmata Chætomium* (Kunze) Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 422, *Dothidea Chætomium* Kunze in Fr. S. M. II, p. 563 (nec *Venturia Chætomium* (Corda) De Not.). — Peritheciis epiphyllis, gregariis, globulosis, subsuperficialibus, nigris, setulis acicularibus, $50-60 \approx 4$, fuligineis vestitis; ascis clavulatis, $45 \approx 10-12$, aparaphysatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-clavulatis, $8-10 \approx 4-5$, tenuiter 1-septatis, vix constrictis, dilutissime chlorinis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum nondum emortuorum Rubi cæsii in Britannia, Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia et Italia.

5. **Venturia Clintonii** Peck 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York t. II, 2292

fig. 22-25. — Maculis indeterminatis, subcircularibus; peritheciis hypophyllis, subliberis, globosis, nigris, setulis paucis, nigris, rectis vestitis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis uniseriatis, uniseptatis, obovatis, luteolis, vel subolivaceis, 10μ . long., septo plerumque sporidii basi propiore.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Corni circinatæ, Buffalo, Amer. bor. (CLINTON). — Præcipue sporidiis monostichis subcoloratis mox distinguenda species.

7. **Venturia ilicifolia** Cooke Handb. n. 2782. — Sparsa, epiphylla, ra-

rius et amphigena; peritheciis minutis, subsuperficialibus, globulosis, $90-100 \mu$. diam., poro pertusis, setulis, $50-60 \approx 5$, fuligineis, rigidulis vestitis; ascis subfusoideis, minutis, $25-30 \approx 4-5$; sporidiis distichis, elliptico-oblongis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, $6-8 \approx 1,5-2$, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia putrescentia Ilicis Aquifolii et I. baleæricæ (et Salicis capreæ?) in Britannia, Germania, Gallia et Italia boreali.

7. **Venturia nobilis** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, pag. 174, Fungi ital. 2294

t. 352. — Peritheciis phyllogenis, erumpenti-superficialibus, globoso-lenticularibus, atris, setulis remotiusculis, $50 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, rigidulis acutis, basi incrassatis, conspersis; ostiolo minuto, impresso; perithecii contextu atro, obsolete areolato; ascis cylindraceo-subclavatis, $35-40 \approx 4-5$, fasciculatis, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis oblongo-fusoideis, $10 \approx 3$, rectis, curvulisve, denique 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Lauri nobilis, Selva, Treviso, Ital.
bor. rarius.

8. **Venturia Lonicerae** (Fuck.) Sacc., *Sphæria Lonicerae* Fuck. Symb. 2295
myc. p. 111. — Peritheciis plerumque hypophyllis, sparsis, *Ven-*
turiæ ditrichæ magnitudine, vertice parce longeque setulosis, atris,
erumpentibus; ascis oblongis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, oblon-
go-ovatis, didymis, pallide flavis, $10 \approx 4$. — *Asteroma Lonicerae*
Desm. sec. Fuck. sistit spermogonium.

Hab. in pagina plerumque inferiore foliorum Lonicerae Xy-
lostei prope Oestrich Rhenogoviæ et in Jura Helvetiæ.

9. **Venturia vermiculariæformis** (Fuck.) Sacc., *Sphæria vermicula-* 2296
riæformis Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 110. — Peritheciis in maculis
vagis gregariis, dein superficialibus, punctiformibus, globosis, ver-
tice parum setulosis, atris; ascis subsessilibus, cylindraceis, 8spori,
 $58 \approx 8$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, didymis, flavis, $8 \approx 4$.
— Status conidiophorus sistit *Stysanum sphæriæformem* Fuck.
(an et Auersw?).

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Evonymi europæi, rarius et Lo-
nicerae Xylostei prope Oestrich Germaniæ.

10. **Venturia Orbicula** (Schwein). C. et Peck 25 Rep. p. 105, *Sphæ-* 2297
ria Orbicula Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1789. — Peritheciis mi-
nutis globosis, superficialibus, hinc inde in greges orbiculares ni-
gricantibus congestis, setulis nigris, persistentibus hispidulis; ascis
brevibus subclavatis; sporidiis sparsis, uniseptatis, loculis sæpius
inæqualibus, $10 \approx 2,6$, dilute coloratis.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum Quercus montanæ, Q. tin-
ctoriæ, Q. albæ in Amer. bor., Bethlehem, Sandlake, Albany,
Guilderland. — Cl. Peck *Sph. Orbiculam* Schw. ad suam speciem
non citat, sed non diversæ videntur. — Sec. Schw. l. c. greges pe-
ritheciorum margine quasi linea nigra limitati sunt, 6-7 mill. lat.

11. **Venturia Grossulariæ** (Auersw. et Fleisch.) Sacc. *Stigmata Gros-* 2298
sullariæ Auersw. et Fleisch. in Hedw. 1869, p. 89. — Peritheciis
membranaceis atris, ovatis, in superiore parte pilis rigidis ornatis;
ascis clavatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, membrana dupli non visibili;
sporidiis subbiseriatus, ovatis, inæqualiter diblastis (more *Stig-*
matae Potentillæ Fr.) fuscidulis, $10 \approx 4$ (cellula majore 6, minore
 4μ . longis).

Hab. in foliis Ribis Grossulariæ in Germania.

12. **Venturia Dickiei** (B. et Br.) Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. p. 51, 2299
Sphæria Dickiei B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 617, t. X, fig. 8, La- *colora!*

siobotrys Linnææ Dickie, Berk. Out. pag. 404. — Peritheciis in soros orbiculares, 1–1,5 μ . lat. coacervatis, epiphyllis, erumpentibus, dein liberis, superficialibus, subiculo filamentoso, fusco insidentibus, subsphæroideis, ostiolo papilliformi, atris, vertice setis spiniformibus, concoloribus, 40–80 μ . longis armatis; ascis sessilibus, elongatis, obtusis, 35–40 \approx 8–10 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongatis, 4-guttulatis, tandem sæpe uniseptatis, chlorino-hyalinis (demum obscurioribus), rectis, 10–14 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in foliis languidis Linnææ borealis in Fennia, Britannia et America boreali.

13. **Venturia pulchella** C. et Peck. 25 Rep. p. 106. — Peritheciis 2300 minutis in areolas irregulares v. angulares congregatis, nigris, setulis nitidulis concoloribus obsitis; ascis cylindraceis v. clavatis 60 \approx 7; sporidiis monostichis, uniseptatis, dilute flavidis, 7–9 \approx 3 long., loculis saepius inæqualibus; paraphysibus (genuinis?) subdichotomis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Center, in pag. inf. foliorum Cassandrae calyculatae. — Folia mycete invasa mox decidunt.

14. **Venturia Myrtilli** Cooke in Journ. Bot. 1866, p. 245, t. L, f. 4. 2301 *Sphæria Vaccinii* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 106, (1869). — Peritheciis amphigenis sparsis vel gregariis, superficialibus, subsphæroideis, atris, setis spiniformibus, longis, concoloribus armatis, minimis; ascis e basi ampliata angustatis, 50 \approx 12–14, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel in asci parte inferiori conglobatis, ovoideo-oblongatis, uniseptatis, medio non constrictis, rectis, chlorino-hyalinis, 12–14 \approx 4–5.

Hab. in foliis semiputridis Vaccinii Myrtilli, V. uliginosi (et Cassiopejæ) in Germania, Britannia, Fennia, Amer. bor. et regione Arctica. — Setæ simplices, inarticulatae, basi curvatæ, longit. 100–120 μ . A *Venturia cincinata* Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 405 nondum descripta forte non diversa, teste Karst.

15. **Venturia compacta** Peck, 25 Rep. p. 106, — Peritheciis minutis, in areolas circulares dense congregatis, nigris, setulis brevibus copiosis concoloribus obsitis; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis aut sparsis, uniseptatis, subolivaceis 12–15 μ . long., loculis saepius inæqualibus.

Hab. in America boreali, Sandlake, in pagina inferiore foliorum Vaccinii macrocarpi.

16. **Venturia atramentaria** Cooke Grev. I, p. 175. — Hypophylla, 2303 gregaria, in maculis decoloratis maculiformiter-aggregata; peritheciis subglobosis, setulis densis, brevibus, patentibus, nigris, ve-

stitis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipsoideis (maturitate probabiliter 1-septatis).

Hab. in foliis Vaccinii uliginosi Lochnagar Britanniæ (B. WHITE). — A V. *Myrtilli* peritheciis majoribus, aggregatis, setulis crebrioribus distinguenda.

17. **Venturia Barbula** (B. et Br.) Cooke Handb. n. 2784. Rehm. Asc. 2304
n. 293, *Sphaeria Barbula* B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 870, t. 10, fig.
20. — Peritheciis cæspitulosis, globulosis collabascentibus, setulis
acutis, brevibus, fuligineis densiuscule vestitis; ascis cylindraceis,
60 \approx 6, octosporis, parce paraphysatis; sporidiis oblongis, obtusis,
rarius ovoideis 1-septatis, 8-10 \approx 4,5, monostichis, hyalinis, strato
exiguo mucoso, saepius obvolutis.

Hab. in cortice Pinorum in Britannia et Germania.

18. **Venturia pusilla** Speg. et Roum. Reliq. Lib. in Rev. myc. II, 23. 2305
(*Sphaeria conoplea a acicola* Lib. in Herb.) *Vent. conoplea* Cooke
in Grev. VIII, p. 87. — Peritheciis gregariis minutissimis 130 μ .
diam., superficialibus, tenui-membranaceis, cupulato-collapsis, pilis
rigidulis atris, 20-40 \approx 5; sporidiis cylindraceo-ellipticis, medio uni-
septatis, hyalinis, loculo superiore parum crassiore, 6-7 \approx 2.

Hab. in acubus putrescentibus Pinis sylvestris, prope Mal-
medy in finibus Galliae et Germaniae.

19. **Venturia Chætomium** (Corda) Ces. et De Not. Schema pag. 225. 2306
Sphaeria Chætomium Corda Ic. fung. t. 2, p. 29, fig. 152, Desm.
19 Not. p. 12 (nec *Dothidea Chætomium* Kunze), *Niesslia Chæ-
tomium* (Corda) Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. p. 30, fig. 152, *Chæt.
pusillum* Fr. S. M. III, 255. — Amphigena, superficialis, grega-
ria, aterrima; peritheciis minutis, $1/8$ - $1/10$ mill. diam., globosis, poro
apertis, siccitate pezizoideo-collabentibus, superne glabris, nitidis,
inferne setis nigris, 30-40 μ . long., subopacis, brevibus, rigidis,
acutis, continuis, strigosis; nucleo albido; ascis fusiformibus, 35 μ .
long.; sporidiis hyalinis, minutis, cylindricis, obtusiusculis, rectis
vel subcurvulis, absque ordine dispositis, 3-5-guttulatis, 15 \approx 3, 1-
septatis, non constrictis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis Pinorum in Suecia, Germania et Gal-
lia. — Sec. Auersw. l. c. genus *Niesslia* a *Venturia* distingue-
tur tunica ascorum apice perforata.

20. **Venturia Spegazziniana** Cooke in Mich. I. 440, F. it. t. 423. — 2307
Peritheciis laxe gregariis, superficialibus, globulosis, senio umbili-
cato-collapsis, $1/10$ - $1/8$ mill. diam., ostiolo impresso pertusis, undi-
setulis divergentibus, acutis, basi incrassatis, 40 \approx 3 $1/2$ -4, 1-cellula-

ribus, atris vestitis; contextu peritheciæ minute celluloſo fuligineo; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis breve stipitatis, apice rotundatis, 35-40 $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, cylindraceo-fusoideis, 10-11 \approx 3, constricto-1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in sarmenis corticatis emortuis *Vitis viniferæ*, Conigliano Ital. bor. et in foliis dejectis *Eryngii agavifolii* in paludosis à la Boca del Riachuelo, Argent. Amer. bor. — Adest subiculum pulverulento-pruinosum albido-roseum, inter perithecia inspersum.

B) In Dicotyledoneis herbaceis.

21. **Venturia Petasitidis** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Sphaeria Petasitidis* Fuck. 2308

Symb. myc. p. 96. — Peritheciis superficialibus, gregariis, magnitudine eorum *Vent. Kunzei*, vertice parce setulosis, ovatis, aterrimis, in maculis purpureis; ascis ventricoso-elongatis, 8sporis, 48 \approx 10; sporidiis ovato-clavatis, medio parum constrictis, didymis, dilute flavescentibus, 10 \approx 5.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum *Petasitidis vulgaris*, Winkler Wald Germaniæ.

22. **Venturia Johnstonii** (B. et Br.) Sacc. Mich. II, p. 55, *Dothidea* 2309

Johnstonii B. et Br. Cooke Handb. p. 806. — Peritheciis epiphyllis in acervulos maculiformes hinc inde dense aggregatis, globoso-conicis circa verticem setulis cuspidatis, 26-40 \approx 5, atris vestitis; ascis cylindraceis, brevissime stipitatis, 50-60 \approx 15, apice tunica integra obtusiusculis, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis clavato-oblongis, 15-16 \approx $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6, 1-septatis, lenissime constrictis, 4-guttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis nondum emortuis *Epilobii montani* in Britannia, Gallia et Amer. bor.

23. **Venturia glomerata** Cooke Grev. III, p. 69. Mich. I, p. 507. — 2310

Peritheciis in maculis decoloratis hypophyllis, cespitos minutos formantibus, globoso-conicis 50 μ . diam., nigris, erumpentibus, membranaceis, setulis rigidis acutis coronatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavulatis 30 \approx 7, octosporis; sporidiis oblongo-clavulatis 7 \approx 3, infra medium 1-septatis, chlorinis.

Hab. in foliis *Geranii* dissecti nondum prorsus emortuis in Britannia et in Gallia. — Habitus fere *Stigmatae Geranii*.

24. **Venturia circinans** (Fr.) Sacc. Mich. I, p. 499. F. it. t. 639. *Peplosporium circinans* Fr. S. M. III, p. 252. *Stigmata circinans*

Fr. Summa V. S. p. 421. — Peritheciis hinc inde (matrice sub-immutata) maculiformiter aggregatis, vix circinantibus setulis cuspidatis, basi incrassatis, $30 \pm 7-8$ (in basi) circa ostiolum conspersis; ascis cylindraceis, $40-50 \pm 9-11$, aparaphysatis, subsessilibus, 8-sporis; sporidiis didymis, $9-10 \pm 6$, loculo infero multo minore, subhyalinis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum languidorum Geranii rotundi-folii et mollis in Gallia, Germania et Italia boreali.

25. **Venturia Cephalariæ** Kalch. et Cooke Grev. IX, 1880, p. 31, tab. 2312
137, f. 36. — Phyllogena, maculis fuscis, orbicularibus; peritheciis globosis, emergentibus, pilis rigidis, erectis, brevibus, fuscis, ornatis; ascis aliis cylindraceis, aliis clavatis; sporidiis uniseriatis, vel biseriatis, ellipticis, irregulariter uniseptatis, pallidis $20-23 \pm 9-10$; cellula superiore magna, cellula inferiore minuta, apiculiformi.

Hab. in foliis Cephalariæ attenuatæ in Africa australi.

26. **Venturia bonariensis** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 147. — Peritheciis superficialibus epiphyllis, in maculis expallentibus, suborbicularibus, indeterminatis, majusculis laxissime gregariis, globosis, $80-100 \mu$. diam., atris, astomis?, membranaceo-coriaceis, contextu subindistincte parenchymatico, atro, setulis rectis, fuligineo-atris, apice pallidioribus, basi non v. vix incrassatulis, 1-3-septulatis, $50-100 \pm 3-5$ laxe vestitis; ascis ellipticis v. obovatis sursum subtruncato-rotundatis, deorsum abrupte ac brevissime stipitato-attenuatis $30-35 \pm 10-12$, octosporis aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis, ellipticis, medio 1-septato-constrictis, $11-12 \pm 3,5-4$, loculis parum inæqualibus, supero majore, obtusiusculo, infero minore et acutiusculo, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad folia radicalia viva Erigerontis bonariensis, Bañado San José de Flores, Argent. Amer. merid.

27. **Venturia Alchemillæ** (Grev.) B. et Br. Grev. IV, p. 68, Sacc. F. 2314
it. t. 422. *Stigmata Alchemillæ* Fr. S. v. Sc. p. 423. *Asteroma Alchemillæ* Grev. Fl. Edin. p. 369. *Chætomium Alchemillæ* Wallr. Comp. n. 1810 b (Addit.), *Dothidea ceramoides* Duby Bot. gall. II, 715. *Dothidea Alchemillæ* Fr. Elen. II. 152. — Epiphylla, nigra, maculae pallidæ insidens; peritheciis prominulis globoso-conicis seriatis in fibrillas a centro radiatim excurrentibus, subconnatis, v. subsparsis, subsuperficialibus, setulis acutis exiguis, 20 ± 2 , parce vestitis; ascis clavulatis, $35-40 \pm 8$, octosporis; sporidiis di-

stichis, oblongis, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, minute 4-guttulatis, $8-10 \approx 3,5-4,5$, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis subvivis Alchemillæ vulgaris in Scotia, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Fennia, Belgio.

28. **Venturia Niesslîi** Sacc. *Venturia alpina* Niessl in Hedw. 1881, p. 2315
 55 (nec Sacc. 1875). — Peritheciis sparsis liberis globosis submembranaceis atris, setis divergentibus atris instructis, ostiolo punctiformi; ascis oblongis vel obovato-oblongis, stipite brevi 68-80 \approx 12-15; sporidiis farcte distichis, ovato-oblongis, seu superne late rotundatis, inferne parum attenuatis, rectis, inæqualiter bicellularibus, parte inferiori valde minori 20-22 \approx 6-8, dilutissime virescentibus; paraphysibus brevibus coalitis.

Hab. in capsulis emortuis exsiccatisque Primulæ integrifoliæ, in passu Albulæ, Graubünden Helvetiæ.

29. **Venturia Potentillæ** (Fr.) Cooke Grev. VI, p. 76, t. 97, fig. 16. 2316
 Sacc. F. it. it. 348. *Dothidea Potentillæ* Fr. S. M. II, pag. 563.
Stigmataea Potentillæ, Fr. Summ. Veget., p. 422. Desmaz. 24 Not. 1857, p. 17. — Epi-rarius hypophylla; peritheciis minutissimis, innato-prominulis, globosis, nigris, nitidis, hirtis, nervisequis, seriatis, albofarcitis, poro apertis; ascis clavatis, subsessilibus 8sporis 50 \approx 10; sporidiis, oblongis subpyriformibus, uniseptatis, 12 \approx 4, dilute flavidis. — Sec. Fuck. *Marsonia Pontentillæ* sistit statum conidicum.

Hab. ad folia viva Potentillæ anserinæ, P. bifurcæ, P. reptantis etc. in Germania, Gallia, Belgio, Britannia, Italia, Siberia asiatica.

30. **Venturia subtilis** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Stigmataea subtilis* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 96. — Peritheciis in greges orbiculares usque ad lineam latos, dispositis, aterrimis, setulosis, globoso-conicis, minutissimis; ascis oblongis, octosporis, 42 \approx 12; sporidiis ovato-oblongis, inæquilater didymis, flavescentibus, 14 \approx 6.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum Potentillæ cinereæ, quibus maculas cinereas adfert, pr. Budenheim Germaniæ.

C) In Monocotyledoneis et Acotyledoneis.

31. **Venturia graminicola** Wint. Hedw. 1880, p. 165. — Peritheciis 2318 sparsis, erumpentibus, e basi globosa brevissime conicis, apice setis rigidis, longis, fusco-atris obsitis, membranaceis 120-130 \approx 100; ascis e basi ovata oblongatis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 50-70 \approx 15-17; sporidiis bacillaribus, basin versus uniseptatis et parum attenuatis,

ad septum constrictis, pallide fusco-viridulis, 19-23 \approx 5-6; paraphysibus filiformibus, pro maxima parte diffluentibus.

Hab. ad folia arida Avenæ Scheuchzeri prope Hospitium Albulæ in Helvetia.

32. **Venturia exosporioides** (Desm.) Sacc. in Rel. myc. Lib. II. n. 188. 2319

Sphæria exosporioides Desm. Nouv. Not. 1843, p. 39. — Hyporarius epiphylla; peritheciis minutissimis, superficialibus, sparsis vel gregariis; humectis subglobosis, siccis pezizoideo-collapsis, atris; setulis concoloribus continuis basi incrassatis, 90-100 \approx 5, rigidodivergentibus obsitis; ostiolis papillatis exilissimis; ascis subfusiformibus; sporidiis fusoideo-oblongis, rectis vel subcurvatis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, 10-11 \approx 2-2,3, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis exsiccatis Cariciis pendulæ etc. in Gallia et Germania. — *V. Chætomium* Corda, quacum Cooke jungit *Sphæriam exosporioidem* Desm., est species acicola diversa, quæ sub nomine Niessliæ *Chætomii* describitur in Rabh. et Gonn. Myc. Eur. p. 30, t. XI, fig. 152 (*Acanthostigma*). (Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 2306). Diversa quoque videtur *Trichosphæria exosporioides* Fuck. (Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 1748).

33. **Venturia Eres** (B. et Br.) Ces. et De Not. Schema p. 51. *Sphæ-* 2320

ria Eres B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 621, t. IX, fig. 4. — Peritheciis sparsis, superficialibus, globosis, setulis longis rigidis radian-tibus articulatis rufescensibus vestitis; ascis brevibus, clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongo-ellipticis, latitudine quadruplo longioribus, uniseptatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Caricum in Britannia.

34. **Venturia bryophila** (Fuck.) Sacc. Mich. II, p. 315. *Stigmata* (Co-

leroa) *bryophila* Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 19 (nec *Sph. bryophila* Desm.). — Peritheciis globulosis, superficialibus, 120-130 μ . diam., contextu parenchymatico, fusco, setulis filiformibus, basi le-niter incrassatis 20-30 \approx 2, fuligineis laxe vestitis; ostiolo inconspicuo; ascis clavatis, apice tunica integra rotundatis, brevissime stipitatis, 50-55 \approx 15, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis vel subtristichis ellipsoideo-oblongis, 15 \approx 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -7 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2-guttatis, de-nique 1-septatis, non constrictis hyalinis. — Sec. Fuck. l. c. in peritheciis juvenilibus adsunt spermatia cylindracea, recta, 6-8 \approx 2, hyalina.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Jungermanniæ, Polytrichorum, Diphyscii in Germania et Gallia. — Exemplaria ascigera a Fuck.

descripta videntur non prorsus matura. *Sphæria bryophila* Desm. est mihi *Nectria*.

D) *Venturiola*: sporidiis continuis (an tandem 1-septatis?) *).

35. **Venturia integræ** Cooke Handb. n. 2783. — Peritheciis sparsis, 2322 superficialibus, minutis, obscure fuscis, setis flexuosis, longis vestitis; ascis anguste clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, continuis, intus granulosis, subhyalinis, 9–10 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis *Coryli Avellanae*, Shere Britanniæ (CAPRON).

36. **Venturia trichella** Quel. Champ. Jura 518, t. IV, fig. 28 (sub *Las- 2323 siella*). — Peritheciis sphæricis, astomis, microscopicis, fulvis dein nigris, setulis brevibus, rigidis divergentibus hispidulis; ascis lanceolatis, stipitatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, 8 μ . long., triguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pag. infer. foliorum *Ilicis Aquifolii* in Vogesis et Jura Galliæ.

37. **Venturia Kalmiæ** Peck, 28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York, t. 2324 2, f. 69. — Peritheciis minutis prominulis, centro maculæ brunnae aggregatis v. secus nervos subseriatis, nigris, setulis rigidis, rectis divergentibus hispidulis; ascis subcylindricis, 35 μ . long.; sporidiis oblongis v. subfusoideis, minute nucleatis, 8,5–9 μ . longis.

Hab. in pag. sup. foliorum viventium *Kalmiæ glaucæ*, Kasoag, Amer. bor. — Folia fungillo affecta ad plantæ partem inferiorem spectant et hinc vetustiora.

38. **Venturia montellica** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 3 et F. it. t. 353. 2325 — Peritheciis sparsis, præcipue juxta foliorum nervos, e globo-so-depressis, 130–160 μ . diam., erumpenti-superficialibus, atris, setulis 1-cellularibus, basi incrassatis, rigidulis, subopacis, præcipue circa ostiolum papillatum obsitis; perithecii contextu e cellulis minutis subvermicularibus conflato, atro-fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis, fasciculatis, subsessilibus, 35 = 4–5, apophysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 7–8 = 3, (immaturis?) hyalinis, 4-guttulatis.

Hab. in foliis *Carlinæ vulgaris* putrescentibus in sylva Montello Italiæ borealis.

E) Species incertæ.

39. **Venturia riparia** Sacc. Mich. I. p. 382. — Peritheciis superficia- 2326

* An *Trichosphæria tarda* Fuck. huc ducenda?

libus, globosis, aterrimis $1/10 - 1/8$ mill. diam., subastomis, setulis 40-60 \approx 3-4, fuligineis laxe vestitis; contextu subcarbonaceo, atro; ascis

Hab. in caulis emortuis *Equiseti hyemalis*, Conegliano Italiæ borealis (SPEGAZZINI).

40. **Venturia alpina** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 3, F. it. t. 353. — 2327

Peritheciis subhemisphæricis, tenuissimis, 50 μ . diam., erumpenti-superficialibus, atris, setis robustis divergentibus, 1-cellularibus, 50-60 \approx $2\frac{1}{2}$, sursum attenuatis, opace fuligineis, crebrius circa ostio-lum minutissime papillatum vestitis; contexto perithecii minute sed distincte parenchymatico dilute fuligineo, monostromatico; hyphis parcis simplicibus basi fultis; ascis fasciculatis, clavulatis, 30 \approx 6, deorsum attenuatis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis guttulatis, hyalinis prorsus immaturis visis.

Hab. in foliis *Arctostaphyli alpinæ* in alpibus Cadore, Belluno Ital. bor. socio *Asteromate alpino* Sacc., et *Phacidii* spe-cie imperfecta, (S. VENZO).

ERIOSPHÆRIA Sacc. Consp. Gen. Pyrenom. ital. n. 52, pag. 10. —

(Etym. ab *erion*, lana, ob perithecia vestita). — Perithecia superfi-cialia v. subsuperficialia, carbonacea, hispida v. setulosa. Asci 4-8-spori, paraphysati v. pseudoparaphysati, cylindracei. Sporidia el-lipoidea v. subfusoidea, 1-septata, hyalina v. subhyalina. — Fun-gilli lignicolæ, rarius corticicolæ, *Trichosphæriæ* analogi. Forte *Lasiosphæria canescens* (Pers.) huc quoque referri posset.

1. **Eriosphæria Vermicularia** (Nees) Sacc. Consp. gen. Pyr. pag. 10, 2328

Trichosphæria Vermicularia (Nees) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 145.

Sphæria Vermicularia Nees Syst. p. 311, fig. 347, Fr. S. M. II, p. 451. — Atra, minima; peritheciis confertis, ovatis subdepressis, astomis, undique setis erectis nigris tectis; ascis oblongis, stipita-tis, 8sporis, 56 \approx 7; sporidiis distichis, ovato-oblongis, didymis, hya-linis, 8 \approx 3.

Hab. ad lignum putre Pini in Germania et Carolina infer. Americæ borealis.

2. **Eriosphæria exigua** Sacc. Fungi Ven. S. II, 325, F. it. t. 138. — 2329

Peritheciis superficialibus, globoso-depressis, punctiformibus, 65-75 μ . diam., atris, setulis divergentibus, rigidulis, simplicibus, con-tinuis, obscure fuligineis, 40-70 \approx 3, undique vestitis, ostiolo impres-so minuto; ascis clavato-oblongis, subsessilibus, 40-50 \approx 8-9, pa-raphysibus nullis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, raro oblique mono-

stichis, fusoideis, 10-13 \approx 3-4, rectis curvulisve, medio leniter constrictis, 4-guttulatis, v. plasmate bipartito et tenuiter 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. supra epidermidem ramulorum putrescentium *Salicis babylonicae*, Selva, Treviso, Italia boreali.

3. **Eriosphæria Andromedæ** (Rehm.) Sacc. *Trichosphæria Andromede-*

dæ Rhem, Ascom. n. 491 et Diagn. n. 491. — Peritheciis minimis, epiphyllis, in superficie folii longe lateque infuscata, in rima nervi solitariis vel gregariis, pilosis, nigrofuscis, parenchymatico-contextis, globosis, pilis sparsis, acutis, brevibus, rigidis, lævibus, simplicibus, fuscis, c. 3-4 μ . crassis, longitudine vix diametrum perithecii superantibus obsessis; ascis sessilibus, pyriformibus, superiore parte incrassatis, 4-8-sporis, 50 \approx 10; sporidiis elongato-ovatis, bicellularibus, cellulis anisomeris, binucleatis, hyalinis vel subfuscidulis, 2-stichis, 18 \approx 6; paraphysibus articulatis filiformibus.

Hab. in pagina superiore foliorum languidorum *Andromedæ polifoliae*, Haspelmoor prope Augsburg sive Augustam Vindelicorum (BRITZELMAYR).

4. **Eriosphæria œnotria** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, pag. 348, F. it. t. 3(5). 2331

Speg. Ampelomyc. ital. n. 36. — Peritheciis sparsis, globulosis, superficialibus, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., obtusiuscule papillatis, pilis rigidulis, septulatis, fuligineis, undique sed laxe vestitis; ascis cylindraceis, apice rotundatis, deorsum crassiuscule breveque stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis 110-125 \approx 12-15; sporidiis monostichis, v. subdistichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, e hyalino roseo-fuscidulis, 20-25 \approx 8-9.

Hab. in cortice emortuo *Vitis viniferæ*, Conegliano, Ital. bor. ut videtur, rarius. — Nonnullis notis cum gen. *Gibbera* convenit, sed multo propius cum gen. *Eriosphæria*.

5. **Eriosphæria membranacea** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria membrana-*

cea B. et Br. in Ann. N. H. n. 1493, t. II, fig. 9. — Semiimmersa; peritheciis amplis membranaceis depresso conicis, pilis brevibus, flexibiliibus tectis; ascis cylindricis longe stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis breve fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, 37 \approx 17-18, hyalinis (?) 2-guttatis.

Hab. in lignis putridis Langridge Britanniæ, socio *Sphæronæmata* ampulliformi, spermatia minuta globosa ferente.

6. **Eriosphæria investans** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphæria investans* Cooke 2333

Handb. n. 2556. — Gregaria v. sparsa, globosa, papillata, fuligineo-nigra, erumpens, peridermiumque excutiens, ab initio subicu-

lo villoso brunneo obducta, denique vertice denudata; sporidiis crasse lanceolatis, uniseptatis, biconico-constrictis, uniseptatis, strato mucoso obductis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis, 20-23 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis, Shere Britanniæ (CAPRON).

7. **Eriosphæria imitatrix** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (Byssisedæ) *imi-* 2334
tatrix B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon. n. 1086. — Late effusa, e strato nigro oriunda; peritheciis minutis collapsis, asperulis; sporidiis uniseptatis oblongo-cymbiformibus, 15 μ . longis.

Hab. in Central province pr. Ceylon in truncis.

8. **Eriosphæria alligata** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria alligata* Fr. S. M. II, 2335
 p. 445, Curr. Simpl. Sphær. n. 225, fig. 10. — Peritheciis sparsis depressis, lœvibus, nigris, collapsis umbilicatis, villo laxo pallide fusco cinctis; ascis cylindricis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, constricto-1-septatis, 17-18 \approx 6, binucleatis, luteolis.

Hab. in corticibus ramorum dejectis in Suecia. — Omnino superficialis, villo tenui laxe contexto subeffuso, passim in subiculum tomentosum confluente, adhærens. Perithecia e villo emergunt v. juniora ab eodem obvolvuntur; dein parte superiore saltim denudata, glabra, lœvia, collabascendo umbilicato-concava; evacuata intus alba. Ostium minimum, papillatum, papilla mox decidua.

9. **Eriosphæria horridula** (Wall.) Sacc. *Sphæria horridula* Wallr. 2336
 Comp. p. 796, Mont. Pl. Cell. Cent. VIII. p. 59. — Peritheciis minutis, confertis, nigris, tenuissime rugulosis, superficialibus, subglobosis, vertice convexo sphærico-papillatis, extus pilis sparsis brevibus pellucidis, parce vestitis, dein collabascentibus, depresso-umbilicatis; ascis clavatis, curvulis, octosporis, 60 \approx 10; sporidiis uniseriatis imbricatis, diblastis, hyalinis, 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. ad truncos decorticatos Pyri in Germania, rarius.

10. **Eriosphæria nigrita** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (byssisedæ) *nigrita* 2337
 B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1091. — Mycelio acanthimorpho; peritheciis minute hispidulis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis, submetulæformibus, uniseptatis, utrinque hyalinis 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in ligno putri, Habgalla, Ceylon. — Mycelium fere *Trichosphæriæ acanthostromæ*. Si sporidia medio fuscidula, tunc species a genere removenda.

GIBBERA Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 402 ex p. (Etym. a *gibbere*, ob perithecia superficie sæpe inæqualia). — Perithecia cæspitosa, stro-

mate superficiali-innato, crasso, dematiaceo, conidiophoro instrata, setis obsessa, carbonacea, fragilia, obsolete papillata. Asci cylindracei, octospori. Sporidia monosticha, oblongato-ellipsoidea, uniseptata, dilutissime flava. Paraphyses coalescentes.

1. **Gibbera Vaccinii** (Sow.) Fr. Summ. Veg. Scand. p. 412, De Not. 2338

Sf. ital. t. 93, *Sphaeria Vaccinii* Sow. Engl. F. t. 273, fig. 1. — Peritheci stromate atro coacervatim instratis, sphæroideis, deorsum leviter attenuatis, setis rigidis, acutatis, simplicibus, inarticulatis, brevibus, $60-70 \approx 6-7$, aterrimis tota superficie obsessis, obsolete papillatis, atris 0,3 mill. lat.; ascis cylindraceis, breve pedicellatis, octosporis, $90 \approx 8-9$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, ad septum non vel leviter constrictis, hyalinis vel dilutissime olivaceis, $15-18 \approx 7-8$. — Status conidicus sistit *Helmintosporium Vaccinii* Fr.

Hab. in ramulis subvivis Vaccinii Vitis-idaeæ in Britan-
nia, Suecia, Fennia, Germania, Gallia, Italia et Belgio. — In ra-
mulis jam emortuis tantum fructificat. Perithecia in cæspites mi-
nores, subrotundos, sæpe irregulariter confluentes coacervata, sub-
inde annuli lati ad instar ramos ambientia.

2. **Gibbera borneensis** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 21, tab. IV. — Peritheciis 2339

aggregatis, ovatis, vertice obtuso, ostiolo nullo (hinc ab *Amphis-
sphaeria* recedens), atris, rudibus, tuberculatis, pilosis, demum cal-
vescentibus, carbonaceis; ascis numerosissimis, capillaceo-paraphy-
satis, 100μ . long., subclavatis, in pedicellum æquilongum, capil-
larem, strictum sed flexilem, excurrentibus; sporidiis linearibus,
utrinque acutis, uniseptatis, ad septum obiter constrictis, fuscellis.

Hab. ad lignum vetustate consumptum, Sarawak, Borneo
(BECCARI).

MYRMÆCIUM Nits. et Fuck. reform., Sacc. Mich. II, p. 138, Fungi Car. fig. II. (Etym. a *myrmæcia*, verrucæ, calli, ob stromatis formam). — Perithecia botryose aggregata, erumpenti-superficialia, glabra, intus alba, stromate depresso-pulvinato, intus albido, molliuscule inserta. Asci cylindracei, paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia ovoideo-oblonga, 1-septata, hyalina. — *Myrmæcii* species primi-
tivas ad *Valsariam* reduxi.

1. **Myrmæcium endoleucum** Sacc. II. cc. — Acervulis gregariis pul- 2340
vinatis, subsuperficialibus, depresso-pulvinatis, $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., extus nigerrimis, nucleis vero stromateque albis, peritheciis in stro-
mate leviter infossis, globulosis, obtusis, tuberculo-proeminulis,

contextu parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindricis, brevissime stipitatis, apice rotundatis, $90 \pm 5-6$, paraphysibus grumoso-deliquescentibus cinctis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis, $10-13 \pm 5-6$, (spurie?) 1-septatis, 2-nucleatis, haud constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis, Texas, Corpus Christi (RAVENEL). — *Habitus fere Botryosphaeriæ, sed characteres potius Valsariæ, a qua præcipue sporidiis hyalinis differt.*

2. **Myrmæcium? insidens** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria insidens* Schw. Carol. n. 222 Fr. S. M. II, p. 422. *Melogramma insidens* (Schw.) Berk. N. Am. Fungi p. 169. — Effusa, stromate subrotundo innato fusco-nigro, peritheciis emergentibus, confertis, ovatis, flexuosis, subpapillatis; sporidiis monostichis v. distichis, oblongis, uniseptatis, $7-8 \mu$. long.

Hab. in lignis et corticibus in Carolina Amer. bor. — Stroma innatum, ex habitu superficiale, sed revera matrici basi immersum et subcircumspectum, difforme, opacum, ex parte sterile. Perithecia plus minus emersa, difformia, farcta, ad dimidiam magnitudinem seminis Papaveris accedentia.

ENDOTHIA Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 385 (Etym. ab *endothen* intrinsecus, ob perithecia immersa). — Stroma innato-erumpens, verruciforme, amœne crocatum, subcoriaceum. Perithecia immersa, nigricantia, submonosticha, longicollia. Ascii fusoidei, a paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia breve fusiformia, hyalina, (spurie?) 1-septata. Spermogonia nota. — Fungillus colore stromatis fere *Tuberulariæ* mox dignoscendus.

1. **Endothia gyrosa** (Schw.) Fuck. Symb. myc. n. 226, Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 146, t. XIV, f. 63-65, *Sphæria gyrosa* Schw. Syn. Car. n. 25, Fr. S. M. II, 419, *Endothia radicalis* Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 385, De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 8, f. III. — Subrotunda, confluens, aurantio-miniata, stromate lutescente, peritheciis atris, globosis pulverulentis, demum prominulis; ascis subclavatis, basi stipitato-attenuatis, $35-40 \pm 7-8$, 8-sporis, a paraphysatis; sporidiis recte distichis, breve fusoideis, hyalinis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, $7-9 \pm 3$, raro oblique monostichis. — Perithecia spermogonica in superficie stromatis, subrotunda, sinuosa, medio umbilicata, coccinea; spermatiis minutissimis, oblongis, 3 ± 1 , hyalinis, paraphysibus (?) filiformibus obvallatis.

Hab. in corticibus et ad ligna Quercus, Carpini, Æscu-

li, Ulmi, Coryli, Castaneæ, Alni, Fagi, Juglandis in Gallia, Germania, Italia, Britannia, Amer. bor., Ceylon et Nova Zelandia. — Stroma lutescens, subpulveraceum, cortici interior immersum, determinatum, sed non circumscriptum; per peridermum erumpit; tubercula inæqualia hemisphærica, raro lineam excedentias, ostiolis numerosis, conico-elongatis fragilibus spinulosa. Perithecia minuta, atra, globosa, immersa; etiam per ostiolum spinulosum ductulo nigro continuata. Sporidia non vere sed spurie 1-sepata visa, ob plasma bipartitum. — Var. *rostellata*: ostiolis cylindaceis, elongatis, tortuosis, amœne crocatis summoque vertice nigris. In Quercu Italiæ borealis.

MELANCONIS Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 115 pr. p. (Etym. *melas*. niger et *conis*, pulvis, ob conidiorum naturam). — Stromata conoideo-depressa, excepto disco, peridermio tecta. Perithecia corticis parenchymati vulgo immutato immersa, circinantia, ostiolis in discum plus minus exsertis. Ascii cylindracei vel elongato-clavati, paraphysati, typice octospori. Sporidia monosticha vel disticha, ellipsoidea vel oblongata, uniseptata, hyalina, majuscula, interdum appendiculata. — Stromata conidifera conoidea, tecta, *Melanconia* referentia. Conidia subconglutinata, continua, ellipsoidea, olivaceofusca, stipitata. — Species phœodidymas ad *Melanconiellam*, species phragmosporas ad *Pseudovalsam* duxi.

I. *Eumelanconis*: sporidiis muticis.

1. **Melanconis stilbostoma** (Fr.) Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, pag. 119, 2343 t. 14, f. 1-12, *Sphæria stilbostoma* Fr. S. M. II, pag. 403 p. p., *Valsa stilbostoma* Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 412. — Stromatibus e basi orbiculari late conoideo-truncatis, depressis, plus minus protuberantibus, pustulatis, salvo disco, peridermio adhærente, integro tectis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-12, corticis parenchymate haud mutato insculptis, circinantibus, subsphæroideis, in collum ascendens tenuissimum attenuatis; ostiolis incrassatis, sphæroideis vel deum elongatis, lævibus, nitidis in disco peridermum nonnihil superante cinereo-albido, 0,7 mill. lato sparsim erumpentibus eundemque tandem oblitterantibus; ascis oblongo-subcylindraceis, 90-100 = 12-14; sporidiis octonis, rarius senis, subdistichis, ellipsoideis vel suboblongatis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, hyalinis, 18-25 = 8-11. — St. conidicus sistit *Melanconium bicolor* Nees. St. sperm. (?) sistit *Libertellam betulinam* Desm.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Betulæ albæ, B. populifoliæ in Germania, Suecia, Fennia, Belgio, Britannia, Italia, Amer. bor.

2. **Melanconis modonia** Tul. Carp. II, p. 141, *Valsa biconica* Comp. 2344

Sph. f. 142, Curr., teste Cooke. — Peritheciis globosis vel depressis, paucis circinantibus, peridermio pustulato nidulantibus; ostiolis erumpentibus, breviusculis; ascis paraphysatis, apice crasse tunicatis, octosporis, 130–160 \pm 12–18; sporidiis distichis, ellipticis, utrinque obtusis, medio 1-septato-constrictis, crassiuscule tunicatis, primo granuloso-farctis, dein 1–2-guttulatis, hyalinis vel hyalino-chlorinatis, 24–30 \pm 10. — Status conidicus (*Steganosporium Castaneæ* Lib.) et spormogonicus adsunt. Cfr. Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 190.

Hab. in ramis corticatis emortuis *Castaneæ* vescæ in Gallia, Germania, Britannia et Italia.

3. **Melanconis Carthusiana** Tul. Carp. II, p. 129. — Peritheciis ni- 2345

gris, copiosis, in interiore stromatis conidici stipate nidulantibus, globulosis; collis discretis cylindricis, apice non incrassato poro hiantibus, epidermidem perforantibus parumque excedentibus; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis, 120 \pm 10–13; sporidiis monostichis, ovato-lanceolatis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, 20–25 \pm 10, hyalinis.

— St. conidicus sistit *Melanconium juglandinum* Kunze.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Juglandis regiae* in Gallia, Germania et Italia. — Stroma intus flavicans.

4. **Melanconis fennica** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 75. — Stromate val- 2346

seo, sphæroideo-applanato, cortici immerso, ligno sæpe basi innato vel adnato, corticis vel ligni substantia immutata vel flavo-colorata formato, peridermio tecto, 1 mill. latit. vel paullo ultra; peritheciis in singulo stromate 1–12, sphæroideis mutuaque pressione subinde angulatis, subcircinantibus, majusculis, atris, 0,3 mill. lat., collis brevissimis, convergentibus; ostiolis nunc abbreviatis, exiguis, nunc plus minus elongatis, in discum minutum, 0,5 mill. lat., atrum, per peridermum perforatum erumpentem, deinde obliteratum, nunc, omnino nunc basi tantum connatis; ascis cylindraceis, 145–165 \pm 20 p. sp., octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, apice rotundatis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, massa grumosa repletis, dein loculo utroque uniguttulato, hyalinis, 22–35 \pm 13–17; paraphysibus filiformibus, guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Sorbi fennicæ*, Mustiala Fenniæ.

5. **Melanconis? asteropycnis** (Crouan) Sacc., *Cucurbitaria astero-* 2347

pycnidia Crouan Finist. p. 31. — Peritheciis nigris, convexis, peridermio tectis, 3–4-aggregatis, dein erumpentibus; ascis clavatis,

crassis, octosporis; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis, 4-guttulatis; paraphysibus filiformibus. — Sec. Crouan l. c. st. pyenidicus sistit *Asterosporium Hoffmanni* Kunze.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Fagi, Finistère Galliæ.

6. **Melanconis dolosa** (Fr.) Sacc., *Sphæria dolosa* Fr. S. M. II, p. 2348
405, *Valsaria dolosa* (Fr.) De Not. Sfer. ital. 57, t. 54, A. B.
(var. *Massaræ*). — Peritheciis aggregatis vel subcircinantibus de-
presso-globosis, tectis, disco mere corticali suberumpente; collis
convergentibus; ostiolis exsertis, convexis, stipatis, obliterate; ascis
elongatis, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis oblongis utrinque ob-
tusis, uniseptatis, lenissime tandem constrictis, hyalinis, 25-8.

Hab. in ramis siccis Salicis et Alni in Germania et Italia.

— Sec. De Not. adest socium *Melanconium* conidiis ovoideis, 10
 μ . long. binucleatis, fuligineis. — Pustulæ irregulares, epidermide
rimose vel stellatim fissa parum prominent, sed discus intra rimas
fere occultatus, ubique tectus ostiolis convexis lævibus nitidis pu-
sillæ. Verticaliter vero dissecitus discus facile patet. Perithecia ir-
regulariter circinantia, immersa, depresso-globosa, collis brevibus
angustatis convergentibus. A *Mel. Alni* potissimum sporidiis mu-
ticis differre videtur. — Var. *Massaræ* De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 57,
fig. 54 B. A typo differt peritheciis copiosioribus, collis longiori-
bus. In ramis crassioribus Alni in Ital. bor.

II. *Melanconidium*: sporidiis appendiculatis.

7. **Melanconis Alni** Tul. in Ann. Sc. nat. Ser. 4, t. 5 (1865), p. 109, 2349
Sacc. Fungi ital. del. t. 452, Oudem Mat. Néerl. II, 29, tab. IV,
fig. 4. — Stromate valseo, disco excepto, peridermio tecto, sub-
stantia corticis fere immutata formato, parte centrali interna sub-
erea, albida vel flavida in discum concolorem erumpentem, plus mi-
nus protuberantem protracta; peritheciis in singulo stromate 1-9,
cortici immutato immersis, circinantibus, sphæroideis, atris; ostiolis
in discum exsertis, conoideis, acutis vel obtusiusculis, rigidis, nigris;
ascis vix pedicellatis, elongato-clavatis, 75-90 \times 12-18, octosporis,
paraphysatis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis vel ovoideo-oblongis, re-
ctis vel curvulis, uniseptatis, ad septum levissime constrictis, chlo-
rino-hyalinis, 18-24 \times 5-7, utroque apice setula seu appendicula
exili, 3-6 \times 4-5, hyalina, tandem decidua ornatis. — Status coni-
dicus sistis *Melanconium sphæroideum* Link.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Alni glutinosæ in Britannia, Ger-
mania, Italia, Fennia, Hollandia.

8. **Melanconis thelebola** (Fr.) Sacc. Reliq. myc. Lib. II, n. 138, *Dia-* 2350
porthe thelebola (Fr.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. n. 224, *Sphæria thelebola*
 Fr. S. M. II, p. 408, *Aglaospora thelebola* Tul. Carp. II, 166. —
 Circinata, pustulata; peritheciis globosis decumbentibus, ostiolis
 exsertis subglobosis confertis lævibus, primo papillatis; ascis ob-
 longo-fusoideis 110–120 \pm 20, octosporis; sporidiis distichis cylin-
 draceis curvis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, 45–50 \pm 8, subhyalinis,
 initio utrinque setigeris. — Status conidicus, sistit *Stilbosporam*
thelebolam Sacc. Status spermogonicus, teste Tul., sistit *Cytispo-*
ræ formam.

Hab. in cortice Alni glutinosæ etc. in Italia bor., Helve-
 tia, Gallia, Germania, Britannia et America boreali. — Perithecia
 subsena, conferta, valde decumbentia, collis convergentibus subjun-
 ctis. Ostiola valde prominentia, incrassata, perithecia minuta re-
 ferentia, inæqualia, primo papillata, dein umbilicata nitida, rigida,
 unde rami, quibus innascitur, ad tactum asperi.

9. **Melanconis occulta** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Calospora occulta* Fuck. Symb. 2351
 myc. p. 190, t. IV, fig. 25. — Peritheciis subcorticalibus, 4–10 in
 greges orbiculares oblongosve dispositis, oblique stipatis, antice sub-
 connatis, e maximis, ovatis, in collum breve attenuatis, nigris;
 ostiolis lato-connicis, majusculis, aterrimis, demum per epidermi-
 dem longitudinaliter fissam prominulis, nucleo albo; ascis oblongo-
 ovatis, in stipitem brevem, crassum attenuatis, 8sporis, 144 \pm 68;
 sporidiis conglomeratis, oblongis, quandoque curvatis, uniseptatis,
 ad septum constrictis, loculis 1–2guttulatis etiam multigranulosis,
 hyalinis vel dilutissime flavescentibus, utrinque appendiculis latis,
 sporidium dimidium æquantibus, subtilissimis, vix conspicuis (sed
 extantibus!) primo sporidio ipso adpressis, demum patentibus; spo-
 ridiis sine appendiculis, 44–58 \pm 14–16. — Status spermogonicus
Cytisporam sistit, teste Fuck. l. c.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Populi tremulæ prope Oestrich
 Rhenogoviae, raro.

HERCOSPORA Tul. Carp. II, p. 154, nec Fries. (Etym. ab *hercos*,
 septum, ob sporidia 1-septata). — Perithecia stromate corticali co-
 nico-truncato immersa, discumque erumpentem crassum penetran-
 tia. Asci paraphysati octospori. Sporidia bilocularia, hyalina. —
 Status pycnidicus *Rabenhorstiam* sistit; st. conidicus *Exospo-*
rium; st. spermogonicus fere *cytisporoideus*.

1. **Hercospora Tiliæ** (Fr.) Tul. Sel. Fung. Carp. II, p. 154, t. XVIII 2352

et XIX, fig. 1-14, *Sphæria Tiliæ* Pers. Syn. p. 84, *Sph. ampullacea* Pers. p. 41, Quel. Champ. Jura p. 500, *Valsa Tiliæ* De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 58, t. 55, *Valsa tilaginea* Curr. Phil. Trans. 1857, p. 546. — Peritheciis cortice profundo immersis in acervulos subconicos congregatis, subcircinantibus, majusculis subampulliformibus, ostiolis convergentibus, obtusis, disco stromatico crasso virecente subcirculari coronatis; ascis longe cylindraceis, obtusissimis, deorsum breviter attenuatis octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, rectis, muticis, utrinque obtusis, medio uniseptatis et non-nihil angustatis, 16-22 = 10. Pycnidium (*Rabenhorstia Tiliæ* Fr.); stylosporæ hyalinæ ellipsoideæ, utrinque obtusissimæ, rectæ, leves, simplices, hyalinæ, 11-13 = 6; spermogonia rarissima, discreta, pycnidiis subconformia sed longe minora; spermatia exiliter linearia, recta, et brevissima. — Status conidicus sistere dicitur *Exosporium Tiliæ* Link.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Tiliæ* in Suecia, Belgio, Britannia, Gallia, Italia, Germania, Fennia.

DIAPORTHE Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 240 (Etym. a *diaportheo*, evertō, quia matricem vastat). — Stromata corticola subvalsea discreta (*Chorostate*) vel effusa, indeterminata e cortice parum mutato formata, sed solite linea atra circumscripto (*Tetrastaga*) vel pariter effusa sed e ligno superficie denique denigrato, intusque saepius linea nigra circumscripto formata (*Euporthe*). Perithecia membranacea vel subcoriacea, intus saepe cinerascentia, in ostiolum saepissime filiforme rarius breve producta. Ascii typice aparaphysati, fusoidei, octospori. Sporidia fusoidea vel subellipsoidea, 1-septata¹), plerumque medio constricta et 4-guttata, hyalina, mutica v. appendiculata — Status spermogonicus sistit *Phomæ* species: peritheciis saepius subirregularibus intusque griseis, spermatiis 2-guttatis, basidiis filiformibus plerumque tandem aduncis suffultis²).

1) Auctores plures e. g. Nitschke, Fuckel etc. *Diaporthis* sporidiis septa typice terna tribuunt, quod mihi revera rarissime contingere videtur. In plerisque speciebus profecto sporidia praeter septum medium normale monstrant in quoque loculo septum alterum, quod vero spurium habendum est, nam nulla plerumque adsit constrictio in mediis loculis; fictio haec e divisione plasmatis oritur, fitque magis manifesta si sporidia vel Hydrate Kalico vel Ammoniaco indeque Chloro-joduro Zynchi tractentur.

2) *Diaporthes* generis species jam numerosissimæ et in diem novis inventis continuo crescentes epicrisi nova et comparata maxime egent, qua

L *Chorostate* (*Chorostate* et *Sclerostroma* Nits.); peritheciis in acervulos valseos vel subvalseos aggregatis. (Etym. a *choros*, chorus, ob dispositio-
nem peritheciorum). — Aptius forte ut genus proprium sumendum.

A) *Euchorostate*: sporidiis muticis.

1. **D. Chorostate conjuncta** (Nees) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 206, *Sphæ- 2353
ria conjuncta* Nees Syst. p. 305, fig. 337. — Circinata; perithe-
ciis globosis confertis; collibus brevibus; ostiolis in discum tuber-
culosum nitidum junctis, cylindraceis elongatis apice incrassato-ca-
pitatis; ascis fusoideis, sessilibus, 70–75 ≈ 9, 8sporis; sporidiis fu-
soideis, 18–20 ≈ 4, hyalinis, tandem constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttu-
latis vel granulosis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Coryli Avellanae* in Suecia, Ger-
mania, Belgio et Italia. — Pulchra. Perithecia 3–9 in circulos sub-
regulares stipata, leviter decumbentia, juniora materia crustacea
albida fugaci evidentius obducta, quam plurimæ aliæ. Discus erum-
pens, orbicularis, punctiformis, omnino homogeneus h. e. ex solis
ostiolis conjunctis formatus.

2. **D. Chorostate Kunzeana** Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. V, p. 181, *D. Carpini* 2354
Sacc. M. V. n. 665, Myc. Spec. p. 137, t. XIII, f. 44–46, nec auct.
— Peritheciis stromate valseo corticali exceptis, hinc inde monosti-
che aggregatis, sub epidermide saepius nigrificata tumidulaque nidu-
lantibus, compressis, olivaceis, ostiolis in centrum subhorizontaliter
convergentibus ibique disculum atrum minutum nonnihil elevatum,
epidermideque cinctum efformantibus, apice rotundatis; ascis fusoi-
deis, 70–80 ≈ 10, sessilibus, a paraphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis disti-
chis, biconico-fusoideis, utrinque obtuse sed conspicue attenuatis,
16–19 ≈ 3½–4, rectis curvulisve, medio leniter constrictis, 1-septa-
tis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogoniis subcuticularibus, conoi-
deo-depressis, medio pertusis, e fusione cellularum quasi 1-locu-
laribus, pulpa lutescenti fœtis, spermatia oblongo-fusoidea, recta
curvulave, 10–11 ≈ 3, 4-guttulata (tandem 1-septata?), sterigmati-
bus brevissimis fasciculatis fulta foventibus.

Hab. in ramulis *Carpini Betuli*, Selva, Treviso, Ital. bor.
— A *Diap. Carpini* genuina, differt pustulis ostiolisque multo mi-

peracta, earum numerus facile contrahi poterit. Interea formas distin-
guendas esse quam confundendas tutius existimavi, ex eo potissimum quod
pro certo compertum jam sit species generis plures et prædistinctas, etsi
affines, in ipsissima matrice (e. g. *Carpino*, *Quercu* etc. etc.) cohabitare!

noribus, præcipue vero sporidiis majoribus biconicis neque subcylindraceis.

3. **D. Chorostate bitorulosa** (Berk. et Br.) Sacc., *Valsa bitorulosa* 2355
B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 861, t. 10, f. 15, *Cryptospora bitorulosa*
(B. et Br.) Niessl Hedw. 1877, p. 119. — Peritheciis brunneis, sub-
pulverulentis; collis decumbentibus, rectis; ostiolis confluentibus
ascis clavatis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis biconicis, con-
stricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 17-20 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Carpinii Betuli in Britannia. —
Perithecia in quoque stromate circ. 8; sporidiorum articuli denique
ad medium constricti.

4. **D. Chorostate decipiens** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 6. — Acer- 2356
vulis gregariis discoideis, sub epidermide plerumque pustulatim
elevata nidulantibus, zona v. macula circulari corticali nigra in-
terdum limitatis, ex peritheciis 5-15 circinantibus efformatis; peri-
theciis e globoso depresso, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., vivis atrovirentibus, in
colla longiuscule subhorizontaliter flexa centroque convergentia at-
tenuatis, ostiolis supra discum subrotundum initio pallide luteolum
furfurellum parum exertis, obtuse rotundatis, denique perforatis,
atro-nitidulis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 90-100 = 14, deorsum atte-
nuatis, sessilibus, a paraphysatis, lumine in apice 2-foveolato, 8spo-
ris; sporidiis oblique monostichis, vel distichis, oblongo-fusoideis,
dein constricto-didymis, 24-26 = 5-6 $\frac{1}{2}$, initio pluriguttulatis, deni-
que 4-6-guttatis, postremo 2-magninucleatis, hyalinis, utrinque
primitus obtuse apiculatis, saepe curvulis, sporidiorum loculis tan-
dem nonnumquam secedentibus.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Carpinii Betuli in Italia boreali,
Gallia et Germania. — Ab affini *D. sulfurea* Fuck. differt in pri-
mis stromate vix v. non lutescente, sporidiis angustioribus et lon-
gioribus. Cl. Rehm dicit dubitanter hanc speciem ad *D. carpini-
colam* Fuck., cl. Niessl ad *D. bitorulosam* (B. et Br.). Res ulte-
rius inquirenda.

5. **D. Chorostate Carpini** (Pers.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 205 (nec Sacc. 2357
Specim.), *Valsa Carpini* (Pers.) Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 411,
Sphæria Carpini Pers. Syn. p. 39. — Innata, stromate corticali
pallido; peritheciis circinantibus, numerosis, stipatis, linea tenui
arcte circumscriptis; ostiolis epidermide stellatim fissa erumpenti-
bus inter se liberis, confertis primo subpapillatis, demum umbili-
catis; (locis vero uidis subrostellatis); ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8-
sporis, 42-66 = 7-8; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongo-cylindraceis

utrinque obtusiusculis uniseptatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, 13-18 \approx 3-4; spermongoniis demum erumpentibus, 1-2 mill. lat., poro centrali plerumque irregulariter fisso apertis, intus cellulis globosis, dense stipatis formatis; spermatiis lanceolato-fusiformibus, biguttulatis (uniseptatis?), hyalinis, 12 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Carpini Betuli* in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Belgio et Italia.

6. **D. Chorostate mucosa** Wint. herb. (sine diagnosi). — Peritheciis 2358 corticolis, peridermio tectis, hinc inde inordinate valsoideo-aggregatis laxiusculis, decumbentibus, globoso-depressis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. latit., ostiolis in disculum minutum vix erumpentem atrum convergentibus, obtusiusculis; ascis subfusoideis 87-100 \approx 10, octosporis; sporidiis, utrinque obtusiusculis, medio septatis, lenissime constrictis, strato mucoso hyalino crassiusculo obductis, hyalinis, 17-19 \approx 5-6.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Carpini Betuli*, Eisleben Germaniæ (J. KUNZE).

7. **D. Chorostate longirostris** (Tul.) Sacc. *Cryptospora Hystrix* Fuck. 2359 Symb. myc. p. 194 (nec Fr.), *Valsa longirostris* Tul. S. F. C. II, p. 200. — Stromatibus subgregariis, depresso-conicis, innato-erumpentibus, e fulvo subcastaneis, ostiolis rostellatis pluribus, 1 mill. long., liberis, subflexuosis; ascis elongato-clavatis, substipitatis, 8-sporis, 48 \approx 8; sporidiis farctis, linearī-oblongis, subcurvatis, uniseptatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, 18-25, 3-3,5, muticis. — Status conidiophorus; pustulis siccis, unicellularibus, sub corticis epidermide nidulantibus, demum erumpentibus, extus intusque sordide albis; conidiis (leucoconidiis Nke., stylosporis Tul.) ut ascosporis, sed perparum angustioribus et plerumque guttulis deficientibus.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus corticatis *Aceris Pseudoplatani* in Gallia et Germania.

8. **D. Chorostate Mamiana** Sacc., *Mamiana Hystrix* De Not. Sfer. 2360 ital. p. 43, t. 50 (nec *Sph. Hystrix* Fr.). — Stromatibus e basi appanata, cortice insidente, subhemisphaerico-pulvinatis, epidermide varie perfossa, verrucæformi-emergentibus, crustaceo-corticatis, atris, intus medulla albicante farctis; peritheciis contiguis, perpendicularibus, depresso-orbicularibus, vel conoideo-hemisphaericis, fuscescenscentibus, basi in sicco collabascentibus, longe rostratis; rostris peritheciorum stromatis cortice perfosso, seorsum spiniformi-emergentibus, atris rectis, varieve curvatis non raro divergentibus, apice perviis; nucleo pallescente; ascis clavatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblon-

go-teretibus, lenissime curvulis, utrinque obtusis, hyalinis, guttulis 4 fœtis, verosimiliter senio 2-(4?)-locularibus, 20 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Alni*, Moncenisio, Italia bor. (LISA).

9. **D. Chorostate Niesslii** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 391 nec Kunzei, quæ *Cry-* ²³⁶¹ *ptosporella*. — Acervulis gregariis cortice nidulantibus, intus et extus nigris disco subcirculari, ostiolis numerosis parum emergentibus punctulato, epidermide rupta arcte cincto; peritheciis minutis $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., monostichis, globulosis, nigris intus et extus collis cylindraceis convergentibus, zona stromatica nigra per corticem et lignum excurrente, acervulos varie circumscribente; ascis fusoideis, subsessilibus 70-75 \pm 8-10, lumine apice biforme, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusoides, rectis curvulis, 15 \pm 3-4, utrinque acutiusculis, 4-guttatis, simulateque 1-(v. raro 3-)septatis, non v. lenissime medio constrictis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum majorum *Aceris Pseudoplatani*, Feletto Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI), in Styria (G. v. NISSL), Malmedy in finibus Galliae et Germaniae (LIBERT.). — A *Diaporthe Hystrice* (Tode?) Sacc. sporidiis muticis, a *D. longirostri* (Tul.) et *D. Mamiani* Sacc. sporidiis brevioribus et crassioribus, ostiolisque curtis et sporidiis utrinque attenuatis nec rotundatis præ ceteris diversa.

10. **D. Chorostate pustulata** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphaeria* (incusa) *pustulata*, Desm. 13 Not. 70, 1846 (non Hoffm, nec Moug, nec Sow.) *Aglaozpora pustulata* Tul. Carp. II, p. 163. — Erumpens, pustulata, sparsa, stromate corticali pallido, linea circumscripto; disco nigro subconvexo; peritheciis 4-12 in centro confertis; ostiolis prominulis crassiusculis umbilicatis; nucleo albido dein subnigro; ascis oblongo-cylindraceis, obtusis, octosporis; sporidiis fusiformibus, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, muticis 16-19 \pm 3-4. — Teste Tul. adsunt pycnides et spermogonia.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis *Aceris Pseudoplatani* in Gallia, Germania et Belgio.

11. **D. Chorostate Aceris** Fuck. Symb. myc. 204. *Valsa Aceris* (Fuck.) ²³⁶³ Cooke in Grevill. — Acervulis erumpentibus, sparsis minutis, ostiolis parum emergentibus; ascis oblongis, 60 \pm 8, sporidia 8, disticha, oblonga, parum curvata, utrinque obtusa, uniseptata, hyalina, 14 \pm 4 in cludentibus.

Hab. in ramis *Aceris campestris* etc. in Germania, Britannia et Amer. bor.

12. **D. Chorostate albo-cincta** (Cooke et Peck) Sacc. *Valsa albo-cin-* ²³⁶⁴

cfa C. et P. in Vals. Un. St. p. 120 (nec in Rep. on the St. Mus. New York). — Peritheciis in acervulos valseos aggregatis, peridermioque secesso linea alba circumscriptis, perque lignum zona stromatica nigra limitatis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipticis, uniseptatis leniterque constrictis $18 \approx 6$.

Hab. in ramis Aceris spicati, New York Amer. bor.

13. **D. Chorostate acerina** (Peck.) Sacc. *Valsa acerina* Peck, 28 Rep. 2365 on the St. Mus. New York. — Pustulis minutis erumpentibus; peritheciis ligno immersis, crusta stromatica nigricante tectis linea-que nigra cinctis; stiolis prominulis, conico-cylindraceis; sporidiis oblongis v. subellipsoideis, subacutis, $12,5 \mu$. long. plasmate 2-4-partito.

Hab. in ramis Aceris spicati, Indian Lake, Amer. bor. —

«An eadem ac *D. Aceris* Fuck?».

14. **D. Chorostate subaquila** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Melogramma subaquilum* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 862. — Peritheciis paucis longitudinaliter erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis hyalinis constricto-uniseptatis angustis, subinde biconicis, $20-22 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis Aceris striati, Massachusetts Amer. bor. —

An e sect. *Tetrastagæ?*

15. **D. Chorostate sphendamnina** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Diatrype sphendamnina* B. et C. Noth Amer. Fungi n. 855. — Pustulis longitudinaliter erumpentibus; ostiolis brevibus cylindricis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis uniseriatis, oblongis, angustis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Aceris rubri, Pennsylvania Americæ borealis (MICENER).

16. **D. Chorostate myinda** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa myinda* C. et E. 2368 Grev. VI, p. 93. — Tecta, demum epidermide fissa erumpens; peritheciis paucis, atris, convergentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lan-ceolatis, quadrinucleatis, dein uniseptatis, hyalinis, $15 \approx 4$.

Hab. in cortice Aceris, New Jersey Amer. bor.

17. **D. Chorostate Oudemansii** Sacc. *Cryptospora* et *Valsa Esculi* 2369 Oud. Mat. Myc. Neerl. II, p. 61, t. V, fig. 5. — Habitus *Cryptosporellæ Esculi* Fuck. (Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 1808); ascis crasse oblongo-fusoideis, breve stipitatis, $40 \approx 8$; sporidiis octonis distichis cylindraceis, curvatis utrinque obtusiusculis, 2-4-guttatis, dein 1-septatis non constrictis, $13 \approx 3-4$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis *Æsculi Hippocastani* prope Amsterdam Hollandiæ. — *Cr. Esculi* conspicue differt ascis sporidiisque plus quam *duplo* majoribus, sporidiis continuis etc.

18. **D. Chorostate oncostoma** (Dub.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 205. Sacc. 2370
Myc. Ven. p. 136, tab. XIII, f. 36-39. *Sphæria oncostoma* Duby in Kl. Herb. myc. II, n. 253. *Valsa oncostoma* Duby in Cooke Handb. n. 2499. — Stromatibus globoso-conicis, innato-erumpentibus, linea atra circumscriptis; peritheciis circuato-monostichis, globulosis; ostiolis elongatis, curvulis, subconvergentibus; ascis oblongo-cylindraceis, sessilibus, 65 ± 9 , 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, tandem constricto-1-septatis, $18 \pm 4\frac{1}{2}-5$. Spermogonia *Phomam* referentia: spermatiis fusoideis utrinque acutissimis, continuis, 2-guttulatis, hyalinis, 10 ± 2 .

Hab. in ramis emortuis Robiniæ Pseudacaciæ in Gallia, Italia, Germania, Austria, Britannia. — Perithecia et ostiola satis varia; prima nucleo flavidò farcta; in Robiniæ varietatis inermis ramis durioribus paulo majora vidi quam quæ in ramulis junioribus; ostiola saepe elongata, gracilia, apice incurva, rarius breviora, crassiora; stromata intus flava.

19. **D. Chorostate personata** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa personata* C. et 2371
E. Grev. VII, pag. 9. — Pustulis variis, tectis; peritheciis ligno immersis, nigro-cinctis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis, quadrinucleatis $25-28 \pm 6$.

Hab. in ramis Robiniæ Pseudacaciæ in New Jersey Amer. bor. — «Forte eadem ac *D. oncostoma* (Duby)».

20. **D. Chorostate enteroleuca** (Fr. ? Curr.) Sacc. *Valsa enteroleuca* 2372
(Fr.) Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 47, f. 113. Cooke Handb. n. 2501.
Sph. enteroleuca Fr. S. M. II, p. 381, p. p. — Orbicularis, convexa, libera; stromate albo linea nigra circumscripto; peritheciis minutis; ostiolis stipatis, discretis, globulosis rostellatis, subrugosis; ascis tereti-clavatis breve stipitatis octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, curvulis constricto-1-septatis, 4-nucleatis, $15-17 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis in Britannia, Suecia, Gallia; in ramis Robiniæ in Carolina Amer. bor. — Forma Robiniæ verisimilime a *D. oncostoma* non differt.

21. **D. Chorostate transversalis** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, pag. 110. — 2373
Stromatibus valseis, discretis, raro confluentibus, e basi orbiculari, truncato-conoideis, cortice immutato formatis; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-10, parenchymati insculptis, circinantibus, subovoideis; ostiolis in disco lanciformi, atro, 1-1,5 mill. lato, peridermum arcte adhærens, vulgo pustulato-elevatum perforante, prominulis, sphæroideis, conoideis vel ovoideis, raro elongatis, flexuo-

sis, teretibus, longis, circiter 1 mill.; ascis fusoideo-elongatis, sessilibus, $45 \approx 6$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, vulgo leviter curvulis, 4-guttulatis vel spurie tenuiter 1-(3?)-septatis, chlorino-hyalinis, $12-14 \approx 2-3$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Betulæ albæ prope oppid. Abo Fenniae.

22. **D. Chorostate platasca** (Peck) Sacc. *Diatrype platasca* Peck 2374

27 Rep. pag. 109. — Stromate suborbiculari, minuto, erumpente, nigro; ostiolis elongatis, tenuibus, saepe leniter curvis cylindricis; ascis oblongis v. fusoideis, valde crassis; sporidiis stipatis, hyalinis, oblongis, uniseptatis, quadrinucleatis, $12-15 \mu$. long.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Adirondack, in ramis emortuis Betulæ.

23. **D. Chorostate aristata** (Fr.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 112. *Sphœria aristata* Fr. S. M. II, p. 363. *Diatrype aristata* Fr. Summa V. S. p. 385. — Stromate diatrypeo, immerso, per peridermum laciniatum fissum transversim erumpente, plerumque oblongato convexo vel plano, disco saepe tuberculo, atro, opaco, intus albo, demum albido-fuscescente, crassiusculo, latit. circiter 5 mill.; peritheciis in singulo stromate plerumque 12, demersis, mono- vel distichis, subsphaeroideis, majusculis; ostiolis exsertis, rostellatis, distantibus, divergentibus, teretibus, æqualibus, lævibus, longis, facile diffractis, atris; ascis sessilibus, fusoideo-elongatis, $48-60 \approx 11-12$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, ut plurimum curvulis, 2-4-guttulatis vel uniseptatis, chlorino-hyalinis, $12-18 \approx 3-4$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Betulæ nanæ in Norvegia, Lapponia et Fennia.

24. **D. Chorostate Strumella** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 205. *Sphœria Strumella* Fr. S. M. I^o, p. 365. *Diatrype Strumella* Fr. Summa Veg. Sc. p. 385. *Sph. olivacea* Ehrenb. Sylvæ p. 16. *Sph. tentaculata* Batsch Cont. I, fig. 183 (?). — Stromate orbiculari, depresso, cortice immutato formato, peridermio tecto; peritheciis in singulo stromate numerosis (circiter 12), in stromate in orbem dispositis, basi saepe ligno adnatis, sphæroideis, parvulis; ostiolis in disco, per peridermum transversim erumpente, planiusculo, lanciformi vel suborbiculari vel linearí, atro exsertis, distantibus vel confertis, cylindraceis, plerumque abbreviatis, sed interdum longiusculis, rostellatis, subtortis; ascis sessilibus, fusoideo-elongatis, $40-52 \approx 7-9$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, plerumque curvulis 4-guttulatis 1-(3?)-septatis medio haud constrictis, chlorino-hyalinis, $12-18 \approx 3-4$.

Hab. in ramulis exsiccatis Ribis nigri, Rib. Grossulariæ, Rib. rubri et Rib. alpini in Britannia, Suecia, Fennia, Belgio, Italia, Germania, Gallia, Amer. bor. — Sec. Rehm, Asc. n. 429 adsunt paraphyses articulatæ.

25. **D. Chorostate strumellæformis** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphæria strumellæformis* De Not. *Micr. ital. Dec.* VIII, 119, fig. IV. — Acer-
vulis corticolis erumpentibus, subvalseis, 1 mill. diam., stromate
extus nigrescente intus pallescente exceptis, peritheciis globoso-
conicis, nigris, tenuibus, circinantibus, in ostiola cylindracea, exer-
ta, obtusa desinentibus; ascis fusoideo-clavulatis aparaphysatis,
40–50≈7; sporidiis octonis cylindraceo-fusoideis utrinque obtu-
siusculis, 4-guttatis, dein tenuiter (spurie?) 3-septatis, hyalinis,
15≈4–5.

Hab. in ramis dejectis corticatis prope Taurinum (Italia).

26. **D. Chorostate sociata** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa sociata* C. et E. 2378
Grev. IV, p. 11. — Minuta tecta; peritheciis subglobosis, corti-
ce immersis, paucis 3–5, atro-cinctis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis el-
lipticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 12≈4.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Benzoin, New Jersey Amer. bor. —
Supra acervulos plerosque emergunt fasciculi *Helminthosporii* cu-
jusdam, conidiis clavatis multiseptatis prædicti.

27. **D. Chorostate varians** (Curr.) Sacc. *Diatrype varians* Curr. Linn. 2379
Trans. XXII, p. 270, t. 46, fig. 77. Cooke Handb. n. 2439. — Pe-
ritheciis subglobosis; ostiolis conicis, subinde apice umbilicatis, pe-
ridermium seriatim parallele perforantibus; ascis tereti-fusoideis,
breve stipitatis, crassiusculis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblon-
go-navicularibus, utrinque obtusis, constricto-1-septatis, hyalinis,
15 μ. longis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis emortuis, Eltham Britanniæ. — Peri-
dermum quo innascitur, vix mutatum. Species quoad subgenus du-
bia; an potius e sect. *Tetrastagæ?*

28. **D. Chorostate Helicis** Niessl Not. Pyr. pag. 50 *D. Nitschkei* J. 2380
Kunze F. Scl. exs. n. 124. — Stromate diatrypeo, basi effusa li-
gno immerso, in ejusque superficie crustoso, expanso, medio eleva-
to, pulvinato, apice cortici interiori adnato, fere tecto vix erum-
pente, minuto, sordide atro, intus albido; peritheciis paucis 2–4 in
singulo stromate, globosis, majusculis, 0,5 mill. lat.; ostiolo brevi,
fragile coriaceo-subcarbonaceis, luce refracta sordide violaceis; ascis
lanceolatis stipite brevi, 45–55≈7–9; sporidiis farcte distichis, fu-
soideo-oblongis, rectis, inaequilateralibus vel parum curvatis, obtu-

siusculis, medio constrictis 1-(3?)-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 10-12 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Hederæ* *Helicis* prope Eisleben Germaniæ (J. KUNZE).

29. **D. Chorostate albovelata** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Valsa albovelata* B. et 2381
C. N. Amer. Fungi n. 875. Cooke Valsei Un. St. 119. — Pustulis cortice tectis; disco albo, ostiolis nigris cylindricis punctato; ascis clavatis; sporidiis anguste fusiformibus, quadrinucleatis, 20 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis *Rhois copallinæ* in Carolina inf. Amer. bor., socia *Helminthosporii* specie conidiis breve fusoideis 3-septatis.

30. **D. Chorostate stilbostoma** (Cooke) Sacc. *Valsa stilbostoma* Cooke 2382
Handb. n. 2498, nec Fr. *Valsa Rhois* Cooke Exs. n. 245 (nec, ut videtur, *Diap. Rhois* Nits.). — Peritheciis circinantibus, disco albidio subpruinoso coronatis; ostiolis prominulis, subsparsis, emergentibus, denique discum obliterantibus; ascis subfusoideis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, hyalinis elliptico-acuminatis, constricto-1-septatis, plasmate bipartito, 17-18 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Rhois* in Britannia et Amer. bor.

31. **D. Chorostate Woolworthii** (Peck) Sacc. *Valsa Woolworthii* Peck 2383
28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Pustulis minutis erumpentibus; peritheciis 2-6 aggregatis, cortice interiore nidulantibus; ostiolis stipatis, prominulis, peridermum longit. fissum vix superantibus; ascis octosporis; sporidiis stipatis v. biseriatis, oblongis v. subfusoideis, uniseptatis, quadrinucleatis, subhyalinis, 10 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus* v. *Caryæ*, Greenbush Amer. bor.

— Pustulæ copiosæ, sæpius longitudinaliter seriatae.

32. **D. Chorostate dryophila** (Niessl) Sacc. *Cryptospora dryophila* 2384
Niessl in Rabh. F. Eur. n. 1941. — Stromate valseo conoideo e corticis parenchymate haud mutato formato, limitato, superne atracto; peritheciis aggregatis ovoideis vel mutua pressione angulatis ostiolis exsertis superne tumidis; apice conoideis; ascis clavatis, sessilibus, membrana interna apice incrassata perforataque, 70-80 \approx 10; sporidiis distichis fusoideo-oblongis, parum curvatis, medio septatis constrictisque, guttulis binis globosis majusculis, hyalinis, 16-19 \approx 5; conidiis lanceolato-fusiformibus, rectis vel curvatis, continuis, hyalinis, 16-20 \approx 3.

Hab. in ramis dejectis *Quercus* pr. Voitsberg Styriæ (G. v. NISSL). — *Diaporthi leiphæmæ* peraffinis, a qua differt sporidiorum et conidiorum forma et magnitudine.

33. **D. Chorostate leiphæma** (Fr.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 135, t. 2385

XIII, fig. 26-28. *Sphæria leiphœma* Fr. S. M. II, p. 399. — Pustulata, stromate corticali globoso-conico discoque erumpente pallido; peritheciis globosis, aggregatis, tenuibus; ostiolis subexertis ovatis (in locis suffocatis rostellatis); ascis fusoideis, subsessilibus, 70-80 \pm 9, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovato-lanceolatis, 18 \pm 5, 1-septatis ad septum tandem nonnihil constrictis, hyalinis, 2-pluri-guttulatis. — St conid. notus (An *Fusicoccum quercinum* Sacc.?). Cfr. Fuck. Symb. sub *Cryptospora leiphœma*.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus* pedunculatæ, sessilifloræ et pubescentis in Suecia, Britannia, Germania, Italia, Gallia, Belgio et America boreali.

34. D. **Chorostate quercina** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 204. *D. Carpini* 2386 var. *quercina* Rehm Asc. n. 149. — Stromatibus conico-depressionis, corticolis, erumpentibus, linea atra circumscriptis; peritheciis globulosis; ostiolis in discum conjunctis rotundatis, nigris; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 50-60 \pm 6-7; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-lanceolatis, 4guttulatis, 16 \pm 3, muticis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Quercus* in Germania et Gallia.

35. D. **Chorostate dichænoides** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Melogramma dichænoides* B. et C. North Am. Fungi n. 861. — Acervulis erumpentibus, suborbicularibus, v. transverse oblongis; ostiolis conicis rugosis exasperatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis subinde deorsum acutioribus, obtusis, hyalinis, uniseptatis, 25 μ . longis, monostichis v. distichis.

Hab. in ramis *Quercus*, Alabama in Amer. bor.

36. D. **Chorostate Robergeana** (Desm.) Niessl in Rabh. F. Eur. n. 2388 2222. *Sphæria Robergeana* Desm. Not. 19, 1851, p. 11. — Corticola, immersa, minuta; peritheciis 6-15 epidermide adnata tectis confertis irregulariter circinantibus, nigris, collabescendo concavis, primum globosis albido-farctis; ostiolis convergentibus cylindricis, erumpentibus prominulis; ascis subfusiformibus, 75 μ . long.; sporidiis octonis biserialibus, 15 \pm 5, subellipoideis, uniseptatis, 2-guttulatisve, chlorino-hyalinis.

Hab. in Gallia et Austria in ramis siccis *Staphyleæ* pinatae; sociis (teste Niessl) spermogoniis.

37. D. **Chorostate ocularia** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa ocularia* C. et E. 2389 Grev. VI, p. 11, t. 95, f. 3. — Pustulis epidermide tectis, ad basim ligno adnatis; peritheciis in stromate pallido congestis, nigro-cinctis; ostiolis atris, cylindricis, erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; spo-

ridiis fusiformibus, 4-nucleatis demum leniter 1-(3?)-septatis, hyalinis, $25 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ramis Ilicis glabræ (?), New Jersey Amer. bor.

38. **D. Chorostate pulchra** (Curr.) Sacc. *Valsa pulchra* Curr. Linn. 2390
Trans. XXII, n. 152, t. 48, fig. 143, Cooke Handb. n. 2492. Peritheciis stromate valseo aggregatis; ascis tereti-fusoideis brevissime stipitatis, octosporis $200 \approx 20-22$; sporidiis subdistichis breve fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, granulosis, chlorino-hyalinis, $30 \approx 11$.

Hab. (matrix et locus non indicata) sed verisim. in Britannia. — An *Melanconis*?

39. **D. Chorostate paulula** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa* (Diaporthe) *paulula* 2391
C. et E. in Grev. VII, p. 9. — Pustulis minimis, epidermide tectis; peritheciis subglobosis, ostiolis brevibus erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis anguste fusiformibus, quadrinucleatis, $16-18 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis Nyssæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

40. **D. Chorostate patria** Speg. Nov Add. n. 74 et Mich. II, p. 250. 2392
— Acervulis sparsis, valsiformibus, e 7-8 peritheciis circinantibus efformatis, ligno late nigrificato subimmersis, cortice tectis, ostiolis tantum cortice tumefacto erumpentibus, atque superficiem attingentibus; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, superne subtruncatis, octosporis, apophysatis 50-60 $\approx 8-10$; sporidiis distichis subcylindraceis, medio constricto-1-septatis, hyalinis, loculis biguttulatis $12-15 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ramulis dejectis Sorbi aucupariæ in montanis di Ampezzo Ital. bor.

41. **D. Chorostate nucleata** (Curr.) Sacc. *Diatrype nucleata* Curr. 2393
Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 270, n. 72. t. 46, f. 76. Cooke Handb. n. 2425.
— Peritheciis ovoideis v. globosis, ostiolis breviusculis instructis, in acervulos elongatos irregulares aggregatis, linea nigra circumscriptis; ascis tereti-fusoideis, brevissime stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis anguste fusoideis, medio constrictis, 4-nucleatis, utrinque acutiusculis, $17-20 \mu$. long., hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Ulicis, Weybridge Britanniæ.

42. **D. Chorostate interrupta** (Mont.) Sacc. *Diatrype interrupta* M. 2394
et Fries. in Notice etc., in Ann., 2, I, pag. 295, t. 11, f. 1, sub *Sphæria* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 753. — Longitrorsum et interrupte erumpens, linear-lanceolata, nigra; peritheciis ovoideo-sphæricis, intus nigris, stromati ceraceo albo irregulariter immersis, ostiolis vix exertis rugulosis; ascis subclavatis; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in trunco et ramis *Cytisi scoparii* Lyon Galliae (MONTAGNE). — An, monente Nitschke, eadem ac *D. Sarothamni*?

43. **D. Chorostate impulsa** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Valsa impulsa* C. et Peck 2395
in 27 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York, pag. 109. — Erumpens;
stromate suberoso e cortice formato; peritheciis 8-12, aggregatis,
globosis, nigris; ostiolis elongatis, levibus, nigris; ascis cylindra-
ceis, sporidiis fusoideis uniseptatis, hyalinis, $20 \pm 7,5$, quadrinu-
cleatis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Adirondack, in ramis emortuis *Fraxini*. 2396

44. **D. Chorostate furfuracea** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphaeria furfuracea* Fr.
S. M. II, p. 109, *Valsa furfuracea* (Fr.) Cooke Handb. n. 2493 et
Vals. U. S. p. 121. — Irregulariter circinans; peritheciis globosis
pulvere furfuraceo immixtis, ostiolis brevissimis junctis obsolete
prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, anguste ellip-
ticis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $25-30 \pm 11$ (teste Cooke).

Hab. in ramis *Tiliæ*, *Populi* etc. in Suecia, Gallia, Amer.
bor. — Stroma nunc lutescente—nunc olivaceo-pulverulentum. Di-
scus minutus planus vix emergens. Perithecia in quoque stromate
circ. duodecim. «An *Hercospora*?».

45. **D. Chorostate fibrosa** (Pers.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 204. Sacc. 2397
Myc. Ven. p. 106, t. XIII, fig. 33-35. *Sphaeria fibrosa* Pers. Syn.
p. 40. *Sph. extensa* Fr. p. p. — Stromatibus innatis conico-de-
pressis, circumscriptis, fibrosis; peritheciis immersis globosis nigris,
collis longiusculis in ostiola conferta subrotunda levia erumpentia
desinentibus; ascis cylindricis basi abrupte breviterque attenuatis,
 100 ± 10 , 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, interdum sporidio
uno alterove transverse posito (ibique ascus protuberans), ellipsoi-
deis, utrinque rotundatis, constricto-1-septatis, loculis 1-magnigut-
tatis, $12-14 \pm 8$. — Status spermogonicus; conceptaculis paulo mi-
noribus, pluricellularibus, cellulis pulpa luteo-fusca fœtis; sper-
matiis, ellipsoideis, basi acuminatis, continuis, hyalinis, nucleola-
tis, 11 ± 5 .

Hab. in truncis ramisque exsiccatis *Rhamni cathartici* in
Suecia, Britannia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Italia.

46. **D. Chorostate extensa** (Fr. ? Curr.) Sacc. *Valsa extensa* (Fr. ?) 2398
Curr., Linn. Trans. XXII, n. 119, t. 47, fig. 116. — Convexa, cru-
sta effusa ambiente connexa, stromate fibroso; peritheciis ovoideis;
ostiolis stipatis, oblongis; ascis tereti-clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis
oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, obtusis constricto-1-septatis, bi-
nucleatis, hyalinis, $15-16 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Rhamni cathartici in Britannia et Suecia. — Verisimilime nil nisi forma *D. fibrosæ*.

47. **D. Chorostate faginea** (Curr.) Sacc. *Valsa faginea* Curr. Linn. 2399
Trans. XXII, p. 281, t. 48, f. 168. — Peritheciis conicis in acer-
vulos valseos collectis; ostiolis peridermum perforantibus, emer-
gentibus, denique decedentibus; ascis octosporis; sporidiis distichis
elliptico-fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, inæquilateralibus, 12-13 μ .
long., 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Fagi, Eltham Britanniæ.

48. **D. Chorostate euryala** (Mont.) Sacc. *Valsa euryala* Mont. Syll. 2400
Crypt. n. 768 et Cent. V, n. 92, in Ann., dec. 1845, p. 362. —
Urceolata, immersa; stromate corticali; peritheciis aggregatis cir-
cinantibus numerosis convergenti-erectis, ostiolis annularibus in
discum planum amplum atrum conjunctis; ascis minutis, 40 \approx 3-4;
sporidiis uniseptatis minutissimis, 5 μ . long.

Hab. in cortice Abietis, Bagnères-de-Bigorre, loco Sapinière d'Oubat dicto Galliae (CH. DES MOULINS). — An sporidia reve-
ra tam minuta?

49. **D. Chorostate detrusa** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 205. *Sphaeria* 2401
detrusa Fr. S. M. II, p. 382. — Conica, stromate lète luteo, ligno
immerso, superne conceptaculo cincto, ostiolis conjunctis umbili-
catis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 58 \approx 9; sporidiis subdisti-
chis, ovato-oblongis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, 13 \approx 5. — Stat. spermogonicus.
Pustulis multicellularibus, depressis, demum epidermidem
lacerantibus; spermatiis (sterigmatibus) angustissime filiformibus,
vermicularibus.

Hab. ad ramos sicclos Berberidis vulgaris in Suecia, Bri-
tannia, Gallia, Germania, Italia et Belgio. — Inferne absque con-
ceptaculo, a cortice tegente discreta, quare illo deciduo nuda per-
sistit. Perithecia stipata, ovata, ligno ad dimidium immersa, stro-
mate luteo tecta, ex quo facillime dignoscitur.

50. **D. Chorostate decorticans** (Lib.) Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. mycol. 2402
Lib. II, n. 88. — *Sphaeria decorticans* Lib. Herb. n. 682, nec
Alior. — Acervulis valseis minutis, corticolis, ligno denigrato ap-
positis; peritheciis globulosis; ostiolis brevibus disculum atrum
erumpentem vix attingentibus; ascis fusoideis 90-95 \approx 15-18, sub-
sessilibus, lumine apice bifoveolato, octosporis; sporidiis distichis
anguste fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 18-20 \approx 4, rectiusculis, 1-
septatis, constrictis 4 guttulatis, hyalinis; spermogoniis *Phomam*.

padinam referentibus, subtectis globoso-lenticularibus sparsis; spermatis fusoideis 9-11 \pm 3, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Pruni Padi* Malmedy in finibus Gallicæ et Germaniæ.

51. **D. Chorostate difficilior** Kunze F. Sel. exs. n. 352 (absque dia- 2403 gnosi). — Peritheciis hinc inde in acervulos subvalseos minutos aggregatis corticalis globulosis, ostiolis subconvergentibus in disculum minutum atrum erumpentibus, vix emergentibus; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, breve stipitatis, 90-110 \pm 10-14, octosporis, paraphysibus (spuriis?) filiformibus; sporidiis distichis fusoideis rectis v. inæquilateralibus, 20-22 \pm 5-6, plasmate bipartito 1-septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis *Pruni spinosæ* emortuis pr. Zürich Helvetiæ (WINTER). — An satis diversa a præcedente?

52. **D. Chorostate tuberculosa** (Ellis) Sacc., *Valsa tuberculosa* Ellis 2404 Torr. Bot. Cl. 1881, p. 89. — Peritheciis 8-10 subcircinantibus, stromate corticali colore parum mutato sed compactiori immersis lineaque nigra lignum quoque penetrante circumscriptis; ostiolis breve cylindraceis crassis, obtusis, irregulariter dehiscentibus; ascis crasse lanceolatis, sessilibus, 75 \pm 15; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongo-ellipticis, uniseptatis, leniterque constrictis, hyalinis, 12-13 \pm 7-8, binucleatis, loculis subinde denique secedentibus.

Hab. in cortice trunci *Amelanchieris canadensis* in America boreali. — Cortice denique dejecto, acervuli ligno libere adhærent.

53. **D. Chorostate Cratægi** (Curr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 204, *Valsa* 2405 *Cratægi* Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 278, t. 48, f. 1450, — Acer- vulis subvalseis satis compactis, ostiolis parum emergentibus, obtusiusculis; ascis fusoideis 90-100 \pm 9-12, aparaphysatis, lumine apice 2-foveolato, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 17-18 \pm 5-6, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in rammis corticatis emortuis *Cratægi Oxyacanthæ* in Germania, Britannia, Italia, Gallia et Amer. bor.

54. **D. Chorostate crassiuscula** Sacc. et Bizz. Mich. II, p. 378. — 2406 *Acervuiis* hinc inde sparsis, corticalis, linea stromatica nigra usque ad lignum decurrente cinctis, peritheciis aggregatis, globulosis, nigrantibus, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam, ostiolis subconvergentibus, erumpentibus, apice leniter incrassatis obtusisque; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, 80-84 \pm 13-15, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis crasse fu-

soideis, 18-20 \approx 6-7 $\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis, 1-septatis leviterque constrictis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Mahoniæ Aquifolii in Horto Pavino. — Affinis *D. detrusæ* a qua stromate cinereo nec flavo, ascis sporidiisque multo crassioribus statim dignoscitur.

55. ***D. Chorostate fulvo-pruinata*** (Berk.) Sacc., *Sphæria fulvo-pruinata* Berk. Decad. n. 98. — Pustulata, subangulata basi effusa; peritheciis globoso-oblongis collo elongato; stromate discoque ostioli punctato fulvis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis ellipticis uniseptatis, binucleatis.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus Platani occidentalis, Ohio Amer. bor. (F. G. LEA). — Pustulæ 2 mill. crassæ.

56. ***D. Chorostate Ailanthi*** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. pag. 137, t. XIII, 2408.

fig. 40-43. — Stromate valseo; acervulis sparsis, parvis e 5-6 peritheciis constantibus, stromate lignescente nigro-limitato insidentibus, immersisque, et epidermide primo tectis, dein cinctis; peritheciis subrotundis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., nucleo flavidò fœtis, ostiolis elongatis, cylindricis, conniventibus, in discum parvum nigrum convexo-tuberculatum desinentibus, rarius nonnihil exertis; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, 50 \approx 7, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongo-fusoideis, hyalinis, 4-guttulatis, tandem 1-septatis ad septum leviter constrictis, 12-15 \approx 4. — Status spermogonicus: acervulis conoideis, atris subemergentibus; sterigmatibus filiformi-arcuatis, 25 \approx $\frac{1}{4}$, spermatia ovato-fusoidea, hyalina, 2-guttulata, 7 \approx $2\frac{1}{2}$, ferentibus.

Hab. in ramis junioribus exsiccatis Ailanthi glandulosæ, Selva agri Tarvisini, Italia bor. — Affinis *D. oncostomæ* a qua statim distinguitur ascis, sporidiis, spermatiis multo minoribus, ostiolisque plerumque non exertis.

57. ***D. Chorostate apocrypta*** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Valsa apocrypta* C. et E. Grev. VII, p. 14. — Tecta, lineata; peritheciis immersis, inconspicuis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, elongato-ellipticis, uniseptatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis, 25-28 \approx 8-9.

Hab. in ramis Caryæ albæ, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Nisi dissecta ægre conspicienda.

58. ***D. Chorostate lixivia*** (Fr.) Sacc., *Valsa lixivìa* Quel. Jur. p. 502, 2410 *Sphæria lixivìa* Fr. S. M. II, p. 385 (?). — Stromatibus minutis, flavicantibus; peritheciis exiguis, globulosis, nigris, laxis, ostiolis fasciculatis granulosis, dein relaxatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, 12 μ . long.

*Cup. n.
2831*

Hab. in ramis corticatis Juglandis regiæ in Vogesis et Jura Galliæ.

59. **D. Chorostate bicincta** (C. et P.) Sacc., *Valsa bicincta* C. et ²⁴¹¹ Peck 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Erumpens; stromate albo-farinoso; peritheciis 6-10, subglobosis, circinantibus, nigris; ostiolis elongatis convergentibus; disco albido linea nigra, denique obsoleta, circumscripto; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis biseriatis, fusoides, 4-nucleatis, 10-13 μ . long., 1-(3?)-septatis.

Hab. in ramis Juglandis cinereæ, Greenbush Amer. bor.

60. **D. Chorostate corymbosa** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Valsa corymbosa* ²⁴¹² C. et E. Grev. VIII, pag. 15. — Peritheciis atris, globosis, ligno immersis, 6-10, nigro-cinctis; ostiolis erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, nucleatis, granulatis, hyalinis, 18-20 \approx 8-9.

Hab. in ramis Vaccinii corymbosi, New Jersey Amer. borealis.

61. **D. Chorostate salicella** (Fr.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 135, t. XIII, ²⁴¹³ fig. 22-25, *Sphaeria salicella* Fr. S. M. II, 377, *Sph. salicina* Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 48, f. 149, *Cryptospora salicella* (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 193. — Peritheciis hinc inde subaggregatis v. gregariis, peridermio tectis eique soluto adhaerentibus, sphæroideis, siccis cupulato-collapsis, glabris, nigris, 0,4 mill. lat., ostiolis per peridermum erumpentibus, cylindraceis v. conoideis; ascis elongato-clavatis, apice, leviter attenuatis, 65-72 \approx 15-16 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, massa grumosa repletis, chlorino-hyalinis, ad septum vix vel levissime constrictis, 18-20 \approx 6-7. — Sec. Fuck. l. c. st. conidicus sistit *Discellam carbonaceam* (Fr.) B. et Br.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Salicis albæ, vitellinæ, triandrae, capreæ in Suecia, Britannia, Belgio, Germania, Gallia, Austria, Italia, Amer. bor. — Ostiola peritheciæ cylindracea, raro satis elongantur et ex epidermide emergunt. Sporidia (in exemplaribus gallicis) quandoque ad septum lenissime annulato-tumidula vidi, quo charactere cum *Sphaeria sphingiophora* Oud. Mat. Myc. Néer. I, p. 54, pl. VII, fig. II, (in Corno) congruere videntur, sed fungillus meus a *D. salicella* typica non satis differt, ut separari mereatur.

62. **D. Chorostate sphingiophora** (Oud.) Sacc., *Sphaeria sphingiophora* ²⁴¹⁴ Oud. Mat. Mycol. Neerl. II, 64, t. VII, fig. 11. — Peritheciis sparsis, infra epidermidem nidulantibus, demum erumpentibus, collo bre-

vissimo, poro rotundo perforato præditis; ascis oblongis, 8sporis 60 \approx 12; sporidiis oblique distichis, 17 \approx 5, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, rectis vel parum curvatis, septo tamquam annulo prominente bilocularibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Corni albæ, prope Naaldwyk Hollandiæ. —
D. salicellæ certe affinis.

63. **D. Chorostate coramblicola** (B. et Br.) Sacc., *Diatrype coramblicola* B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 1725. — Pustulis elongatis, bullatis; ostiolis prominulis, rugosis; sporidiis fusoideis, 4-nucleatis, 8-9 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulinis Brassicæ, Forres Britanniæ. — *An e sect.*
Euporthe?

B) *Chorostella*: sporidiis appendiculatis.

64. **D. Chorostate Hystrix** (Tode) Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. IV*, pag. 6, 2416
Diatrype Hystrix Fr. *Roum. Fungi Gall.* n. 76, *Sphaeria Mougeotii* Pers. sec. Fr. Elench., *Sphaeria Hystrix* Tode Meckl. II, 53, fig. 127. — Peritheciis numerosis in acervulos valseos aggregatis, stromatique luteolo corticali laxe infossis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. d., atris, extus lutescenti-pruinosis; ostiolis perithecio duplo longioribus, cylindraceo-filiformibus arcuatim divergentibus; ascis copiosis, fusoideis, initio stipitatis, dein stipite evanescente subsessilibus, p. sporif. 45 \approx 10, apophysatis, 8sporis; spordiis inordinate oblique monostichis, v. distichis, v. subtristichis, cylindraceo-fusoideis, 10 \approx 3, plerumque curvulis, 1-septatis, ad septum leniter contractis, utrinque breve acuteque appendiculatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris Pseudoplatani in montibus Bellunensibus Ital. bor. nec non in Vogesis. — A *D. Mamiana*, *D. longirostri* et *D. Niessleana*, etsi affinis, satis recedit.

65. **D. Chorostate Hystricula** Sacc. et Spieg. *Mich. I*, p. 392, *Sphaeria Lebiseyi* (Desm.?) *Roum. Fungi Gall.* n. 482. — Stromate nullo manifesto; peritheciis hinc inde in acervulos minutos aggregatis v. subsparsis, cortice nidulantibus, globulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam. nigris, peridermio secedenti adhaerentibus et basi dein cupulato-collapsis, ostiolis peridermum fasciculatim perforantibus, capillaceis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. long.; contextu perithecii distincto parenchymatico rufo-fuligineo; ascis fusoideis, utrinque acutis, 40-45 \approx 6-7, lumine bifoveolato, apophysatis, octosporis; spordiis oblique monostichis v. distichis

fusoideis rectiusculis, 1-septatis, 4-(v. pluri-) guttulatis, 12-14 \approx $2\frac{1}{2}$, hyalinis, initio utrinque appendiculatis, dein muticis.

Hab. in cortice *Aceris campestris* ramorum, Conegliano Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI), in Germania (THUÈM) et in Vogesis (MOUGEOT). — Species prædistincta, nonnullis notis *Gnomoniis* affinis. Ad sectionem *Tetraslagon* ob perithecia sæpe sparsa pari fere jure duci posset Linea stromatica semper deest ut in *Diap. rostellata* (Fr.) Nits.

66. **D. Chorostate castanea** (Tul.) Sacc. Mich. I, 507, *Valsa castanea* 2418

Tul. Carp. II, p. 202, t. XXIII, fig. 1-12, *D. Castaneæ* Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 136, t. XIII, fig. 29-32. — Stromate valseo, rufescente epidermide rupta cincto et partim tecto; peritheciis in quoque acervulo 6-8, ovoideis v. angulosis, leniter conniventibus, atris stromate lignescente corticali exceptis, diam. ca $\frac{1}{3}$ mill.; ostiolis brevibus in discum desinentibus; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis breviter crasseque stipitatis, 40-55 \approx 8-9, 8sporis; sporidiis recte distichis, raro oblique monostichis, cylindraceo-fusoideis, curvulis, 14-18 \approx 3-35, utrinque appendicula setiformi, incurva, hyalina, 3-4 μ . longa, labili auctis, farctis, hyalinis initio 4-guttulatis, dein medio constrictio-1-septatis, loculo altero paulo crassiore. — Status spermogonicus; acervulis quam ascophoris minoribus, sed forma similibus, cellulis pulpa nigricante fœtis; spermatiis breve fusoideis, 6-7 \approx $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2, simplicibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis Castaneæ vescæ in Galliæ variis locis et in agro Tarvisino et Patavino, Ital. bor.

67. **D. Chorostate leiphæmoides** (Fuck.) Sacc., *Cryptospora liphaemoides* Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 34. 2419

— Peritheciis sub stromate ferrugineo tuberculiformi, erumpente 1 lin. lat. nidulantibus, 1-4, majusculis, globosis, nigris, nucleo sordido, ostiolis demum in disco ferrugineo exsertis, sed brevibus, conicis, atris; ascis clavatis, in stipitem attenuatis, 8sporis, 48 \approx 10; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, antice parum crassioribus, curvatis, utrinque acute appendiculatis, uniseptatis, 16-18 \approx 3-4, hyalinis. — Fungus leucoconidio-phorus erumpens, tuberculiformis, magnus, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$ lin. lat., $\frac{1}{2}$ lin. crass., extus lavis, fusco-ferrugineus, intus siccus, niveus; leucoconidiis oblongo-ovatis, hyalinis, rectis, biguttulatis, 6-10 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis corticatis Castaneæ vescæ, Völlrads Germaniæ. — Verisimilime non diversa a præcedente.

68. **D. Chorostate pyrrhocystis** (B. et Br.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 204, 2420

Dialrype pyrrhocystis B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 841, t. 9, f. 10.

— Irregularis, disco plano vel concavo, ostiolis nigris punctato; stromate pallido; peritheciis brunneis, ascis fusoideo-clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis biseriatis, oblongo-ellipticis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 25 μ . long., 2-guttatis, hyalinis (teste Fuck. utrinque acute appendiculatis).

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Britannia et Germania. — Icon B. et Br. præbet paraphyses (genuinas?).

69. **D. Chorostate sulphurea** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 205, *Melanconis?* 2421
umbonata Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 126, t. XII, fig. 39-41 (nec Auct.). — Peritheciis 8-19 circinatis, in stromate spurio, amœne sulfureo nidulantibus, globosis, in collum attenuatis, ostiolis in disco sulfureo, piano prominulis, globosis, perforatis, atris; ascis clavato-oblongis, stipitatis, 80-94 \approx 14-16, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, ovato-oblongis, didymis, utrinque apiculatis, sæpe curvatis, hyalinis, 24 \approx 8. — Spermogoniis sub corticis epidermide nidulantibus, latissime conicis, orbicularibus, 2- $2\frac{1}{2}$ mill. latis, gelatina grisea, homogena repletis, disco centrali, erumpente, orbiculari, appanato seu valde convexo, pulverulento, amœne flavo, demum perforato et massa gelatinosa, diaphana, fusca, expulsa; spermatiis late fusiformibus, quandoque inæquilateralibus, continuis, 1-2guttulatis, 12-16 \approx 5-6, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Germania, Helvetia, Gallia et Italia.

70. **D. Chorostate affinis** Sacc. Mich. I. p. 28. — Peritheciis corti- 2422
 colis, in acervulos sparsos valseos monostiche aggregatis, epidermide elevata medioque fissa cinctis, globosis, nigris intus nitidis, stromate furfuraceo lutescente junctis; contextu peritheciis distincte cellulari fuligineo; ostiolis cylindraceis, vertice conoideis, peridermum parum excedentibus; ascis fusoideis, 110-120 \approx 20, apice subtruncatis lumineque coarctato v. obsolete bifovealato, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongis, 25-30 \approx 10-12, rectis curvulisve, constricto-1-septatis, 2-guttulatis, granulosis, hyalinis, initio appendicula cylindracea hyalina utrinque auctis.

Hab. in ramulis *Coryli Avellanæ*, Conegliano, Ital. bor. et Saintes Galliæ. — A *D. sulphurea* Fuck. præcipue differt sporidiis utrinque rotundatis, crassioribus, stromate obscuriore, an satis?

71. **D. Chorostate decedens** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 318. 2423
Sphæria decedens Fr. S. M. II, p. 481. — Gregaria, peritheciis globosis immersis nigris, collo recto, ostiolis epidermide vix laceata erumpentibus distantibus; ascis subfusoideis, 70-80 \approx 9, octo-

sporis, lumine apice bifoveolato; sporidiis lanceolato-oblongis medio septatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, utrinque acute appendiculatis, $12 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis emortuis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Suecia, Britannia, Gallia et Germania. — Perithecia nunc solitaria, nunc conferta, in cortice interiore immersa, nuda, in collum breve attenuata, nulla linea nigra circumscripta. Discus nullus adest distinctus, sed ostiola pertusa disposita fere ut in *D. Tessera*.

72. **D. Chorostate Tessera** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I. p. 318. 2424

Sphæria Tessera Fr. S. M. II, p. 405. — Peritheciis irregulariter circinantibus, disco erumpente plano mere corticali tectis, ostiolis sparsis prominulis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, $60-70 \approx 10-12$, lumine apice bifoveolato, 8sporis; sporidiis oblongo-fusoideis, constricto-4-septatis, $15-20 \approx 6-7$, utrinque minute appendiculatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Suecia, Germania, Gallia, Italia, Belgio. — Immersa. Perithecia subdema, aggregata, globosa, exserendo ostiola globosa, sublævia, ad dimidium prominula corticem interiorem elevant, qui erumpens format discum planum irregulari-subrotundum, 1-2 lin. latum, colore et substantia omnino corticis interioris.

73. **D. Chorostate syngenesia** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 204. *Sphæ-* 2425

ria syngenesia Fr. Syst. Myc. II, p. 382, p. p. *Sph. Frangulæ* Pers. in Cooke Handb. n. 2448. *Valsa syngenesia* Fr. Summa Veg. Sc. p. 411. — Stromate e basi plerumque orbiculari conoideo, apicem versus coarctato, ligno adnato, concentrice striatulo, atro, intus fusco, latit. circiter 2 mill.; peritheciis in singulo stromate 5-9, monostichis, sphæroideis, atris, ostiolis exsertis, in corpus s. discum corrugatum connatis instructis; ascis sessilibus, cylindraceo-clavatis, $54-58 \approx 7-9$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, utrinque appendiculo brevi, setiformi ornatis, vulgo rectis, chlorino-hyalinis, 4-guttulatis, $12-16 \approx 3-4$.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis *Rhamni Frangulæ* in Britannia, Suecia, Germania, Belgio, Gallia, Helvetia, Italia, Fennia, Laponia. — Sæpius in ramis decorticatis libera occurrit. Stromata apice ostiolis deciduis albido-umbilicata.

74. **D. Chorostate Taleola** (Fr.) Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. IV, p. 12. *Melan-* 2426

conis Taleola Speg. Add. Myc. Ven. n. 77. *Aglaospora Taleola* Tul. Carp. II. p. 168. *Valsa Taleola* Fr. S. M. II, 391. *Sphæria Taleola* Fr. S. M. II, 301. *Valsa Taleola* Fr. Sum. V. S. p. 411.

— Laxe circumscripta, stromate corticali, peritheciis in centro confertis, disco albo, ostiolis punctiformi-immersis lœvibus; ascis cylindraceis, oblique breviter stipitatis, 8sporis, $152 \approx 14$; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque subobtusis, distincte uniseptatis, medio constrictis, loculis uni-biguttulatis, utrinque unimedio 3-appendiculatis, appendiculis filiformibus, sporidium subæquantibus, hyalinis, $18-24 \approx 7-9$. — Status spermog. et conid. *Libertellæ* et *Myxosporii* species sistunt. Cfr. Tul. et Fuck.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Quercus* dejectis in Suecia, Gallia, Germania, Britannia, Belgio, Italia. — Pustulæ subrotundæ v. ellipticæ, cortici interiori innatæ, depressæ, superne epidermide tectæ, qua sublata patet stroma corticale in superficie pallide testaceum (ab epidermide coloratum). Perithecia numerosa, exigua. Ostiola in disco sparsa, pauca, prominula, *V. niveæ* admodum similia.

75. D. **Chorostate oxyspora** (Peck) Sacc. *Valsa oxyspora* Peck 28 2427

Rep. in the St. Mus. New York t. II, f. 26-29. — Pustulis sparsis, subconicis, erumpentibus, extus nigricantibus, epidermide substellatim fissa cinctis; peritheciis ligno dealbato lineaque nigra circumscripto infossis; ostiolis paucis brevibus; ascis octosporis; sporidiis stipatis v. distichis, oblongo-ellipticis medio leniter constrictis, 1-septatisque, 4-nucleatis, 15 μ . long., appendicula setacea utrinque auctis.

Hab. in ramis quercinis, Sandlake Amer. bor.

76. D. **Chorostate nidulans** Niessl Notiz. Pyr. p. 49. — Stromate e 2428

corticis parenchymate immutato formato, haud elevato, e peridermio fisso erumpente; peritheciis 4-9 sine ordine monostiche stipatis, vel subcircinantibus, in corticis parte interiori nidulantibus, subglobosis, compressis, ostiolis convergentibus dense stipatis vel concrescentibus mox elongatis mox abbreviatis cylindraceis angustis; ascis lanceolatis subsessilibus, $24-30 \approx 6$; sporidiis 8, distichis cuneato-fusoideis seu inferne attenuatis, plerumque curvatis utrinque obtusis, mucronatis, non constrictis, 4 guttulatis, minutis, hyalinis $8-10 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in sarmentis siccis Rubi Idæi et R. fruticosi pr. Graz Styriæ. — Var. *exigua* Niessl l. c.; minor, ostiolis non exeratis; sporidiis $6-7 \approx 2$. In sarmentis Rubi cæsii, Voitsberg.

77. D. **Chorostate obscura** (Peck) Sacc. *Valsa obscura* Peck 28 Rep. 2429

on the St. Mus. New York. — Pustulis minutis, ligno immersis, erumpentibus; ostiolis 3-8, leniter prominulis; ascis subcylindricis; sporidiis stipatis v. biseriatis, obscure subexcentrice 1-septatis (con-

tinuisve?), oblongis, una extremitate acutioribus, utrinque setulâ auctis, hyalinis, 7–8 μ . longis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi strigosi, Albany Amer. bor. — Setulæ sporidiorum facile prætereundæ. Epidermis supra acervulos solite stellatim fissa.

78. **D. Chorostate Saccardiana** J. Kunze F. sel. exs. n. 123 [1876] (abs- 2430 que diagnosi). — Peritheciis in acervulos valseos intus zona nigra circumscriptos subcircinantibus globulosis, atris, $1/3$ mill. diam., collis convergentibus ostiolis obtusiusculis discrete subcirculari-erumpentibus; ascis fusoideis, subsessilibus, a paraphysatis, octosporis, 90–100 \approx 9–10; sporidiis distichis fusoideis constricto-1-septatis, 15–4,5–5, utrinque mucronulo dein decadente ornatis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi campestris emortuis, Eisleben Germaniæ. — Habitus exterior sere *D. Tesseræ*.

79. **D. Chorostate perjuncta** Niessl Hedw. 1878, p. 44 (sub nomine *con-junctæ* jam usurpato) Hedw. 1876 p. 153. — Stromate discreto subvalseo, sed e corticis parenchymate pallescente, strato angusto cincto, formato, semiimmerso, subpustulato; peritheciis, 5–12 in singulo stromate, aggregatis, innatis, subglobosis vel mutua pressione angularibus, majusculis, 300–500 μ . d., collis brevibus (perithecii diam. paulo longioribus) ostiolis minutis vix superantibus, nunc disciformi-erumpentibus, nunc solitariis; ascis lanceolato-clavatis, subsessilibus, 64–80 \approx 8–9; sporidiis 8, distichis clavato-fusoideis, rectis v. sæpe inæquilateralibus, medio vix constrictis, 1–(3?)–septatis, hyalinis, utrinque obtusiusculis, mucronatis, 13–15 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi campestris, Stralsund in Germania (RABENHORST). — An eadem ac præcedens?

80. **D. Chorostate Tessella** (Pers.) Rehm Ascom. n. 176. *Cryptospora Tessella* (Pers.) Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 79. *Sphæria Tessella* Pers. Syn. p. 48. *Valsa Tessella* (Pers.) Fr. Summa V. S. p. 411. — Stromate cortici omnino innato basique ligno adnato, valseo, strato extimo atro, lineam subflexuosam nigram, peridermum subpenetrantem effidente undique cincto, parte centrali superiori erumpente atrofusca excepta, substantia corticis immutata formata; peritheciis in singulo stromate 4–6, plerumque 5, inordinate circinantibus, sphæroideis, collabentibus, stromate corticali immersis basique ligno subinnatis; ostiolis solitariis, per peridermum erumpentibus, superficialibus, circinatis vel in quincuncem sparsis, junioribus convexis, nitidis, deinde umbilicatis; ascis subsessilibus,

elongatis, utrinque attenuatis 135–140 \approx 21–26, p. sporif., 125 μ . long., octosporis; sporidiis tristichis vel subdistichis, fusoideo-elongatis, utrinque subtiliter breviterque appendiculatis, curvatis, uniseptatis (rarissime 3-septatis?) ad septum medium vix vel levissime constrictis, hyalino-chlorinis 40–60 \approx 7–9, paraphysibus guttulatis (genuinis?).

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Salicis* in Suecia, Fennia, Germania et Belgio.

81. **D. Chorostate glyptica** (B. et Curr.) Sacc. *Valsa glyptica* B. et 2433
Curr. North Am. Fungi n. 866. Cooke Valsei U. S. pag. 120. —
Epidermide tecta, nigro-cincta, ostiolis vix perforantibus; sporidiis fusiformibus subinde sigmoideis, uniseptatis, 45–55 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis *Salicum*, Carolina infer. Amer. bor. — Perafinis nisi eadem ac *D. Tessella*.

82. **D. Chorostate mucronata** (Peck) Sacc. *Valsa mucronata* Peck, 2434
28 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York t. II, f. 10–13. — Peritheciis 4–8 aggregatis, majusculis, cortice interiore nidulantibus, linea nigra circumscriptis; ostiolis discrete erumpentibus, nec discum formantibus, prominulis, nigris; ascis, clavato-lanceolatis, crassis, octosporis; sporidiis stipatis, majusculis, cylindraceis, curvulis, uniseptatis, non constrictis, hyalinis, 40–50 μ . long., solite utrinque breve mucronatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Salicum*, Sandlake Amer. bor. —
D. Tessellæ affinis nisi eadem.

83. **D. Chorostate galericulata** (Tul.) Sacc. *Valsa galericulata* Tul. 2435
Carp. II, pag. 203. — Stromatibus corticolis, disco obtuso, albido erumpente, ostiolis 8–10 rotundis nigris punctulato; ascis ovato-oblongis octosporis; sporidiis distichis lanceolatis, curvulis, 1-septatis, utrinque breve aristatis, hyalinis, 19–23 \approx 6,5. — Spermononia (*Fusicoccum*): spermatiis fusoideis 6–10 \approx 3,5–4.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Fagi sylvaticæ* prope Versailles Galliæ.

C) *Dubiae v. non rite cognitæ.*

84. **D. Chorostate chrysoides** (Tul.) Sacc. *Valsa chrysoides* Tul. Carp. 2436
III, pag. 107. — Peritheciis hinc inde valsoideo-confertis, in stromate conidiophoro, subcutaneis, lageniformibus, carnosulis, carneo-auratis (extus?), ostiolis concoloribus vix erumpentibus; ascis linearibus 100–130 \approx 7, subsessilibus octosporis non v. spurie para-

physatis; sporidiis monostichis, breviter ovatis, utrinque obtusis, medio constricto-1-septatis $10 \approx 6,5$ hyalinis. Conidia v. spermatia intra stroma generata ovato-oblonga $3-4 \mu$. longa, basidiis 30μ . longis suffulta.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Cytisi Laburni* prope Versailles Galliæ. — Ob colorem et mollitatem peritheciorum dubia.

85. **D. Chorostate convexa** (Pr.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (obtectæ) *convexa* 2437

Pr. Fungi Hoyersw. n. 300. — Gregaria, epidermide tecta; peritheciis globoso-depressis, convexis, atris, intus albis; collo prominulo crasso; ascis clavatis, octosporis; sporidiis subfusiformibus, diblastis, albis; parphysibus nullis. (Perithecia ad basin sæpe concava).

Hab. ad ramulos *Salicis*, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ. — « An diversa a *D. salicella*? »

86. **D. Chorostate castriformis** (Pr.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (versatiles) *ca-* 2438

striformis Pr. Fungi Hoyersw. n. 290. — Seriatim erumpens; stromate conico-obtuso, basi latissimo, crustaceo-dilatato, simplex vel confluens; subiculo latissime effuso, atro, intus cinereo-fusco; disco depresso et margine acuto cincto; peritheciis subglobosis, subaggregatis; ostiolis distantibus, exsertis, spinulosis, scabris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis octonis fusiformibus, 2-(3?)-locularibus albis.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis frondosis, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ.

87. **D. Chorostate? phomospora** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Valsa phomaspora* 2439

C. et E. New Jersey Fungi Grev. VI, p. 10, t. 95, f. 12. — Pustulis ellipsoideis, erumpentibus; peritheciis atris globosis, in collo attenuatis, tectis; ostiolis convergentibus, cylindraceis, atris, vix conspicuis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis anguste ellipticis, rectis, phomatoideis, primum binucleatis, hyalinis, $10-12 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis Myricæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

88. **D. Chorostate innata** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Valsa innata* B. et C. 2440

North Amer. Fungi n. 874. — Pustulis subcorticalibus planis; peritheciis circa discum elevatum circinantibus; ostiolis disco elevato brevi abditis; ascis filiformibus; sporidiis oblongis, utrinque acutiusculis, $7-8 \mu$. long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Castaneæ vescæ in montibus New York Amer. bor.

89. **D. Chorostate? tortuosa** (Fr.) Sacc., *Sphæria tortuosa* Fr. S. M. 2441

II, p. 395, *Sph. Hystrix* var. B. Nees Syst. fig. 329, B. — Pustulata, peritheciis globosis aggregatis, ostiolis fasciculatis subcylindricis inæqualibus obtusis subdivergentibus.

Hab. ad cortices ramorum in Suecia et Germania. — Perithecia globosa, glabra, lævia, conferta, in orbem cortici interiori immersum disposita, pustula corticali prominula tecta. Ostiola intra pustulam convergunt, fasciculatim erumpunt, brevia, subdivergunt, læviuscula, elongata, deflexa, subnodosa, habitu *Calosphæriæ Principis*.

90. **D. Chorostate? ciliata** (Pers.) Sacc., *Sph. ciliata* Pers. Syn. p. 35, 2442

Nees Syst. f. 329, Fr. S. M. II, p. 394. — Pustulata, peritheciis ovatis convergentibus, ostiolis subsetaceis acutis divaricatis subflaccidis.

Hab. ad cortices Ulmi et Alni in Suecia et Germania. — Perithecia subdena, erecto-convergentia, in ostiolum attenuata, circinantia in cortice interiori nidulantur, pustula subrotunda minori corticali prominente tecta. Ostiola tenuissima, ciliæformia, longitudine varia (circiter 1-2 lin.), lævia, dein e gelatina profluente subnodosa.

II. *Euporthe* Nits.: peritheciis gregariis ligno superficie tandem denigrato intusqne nigro-circumscripto immersis.

A) *In Dicotyledoneis arboreis.*

91. **D. Euporthe Eres** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 245. — Stromate latis- 2443 sime effuso ramosque ambiente, cum cortice coalito ejusque superficiem tandem nigrificante, in lignum subpositum alte penetrante, limitibus nigris semper circumscripto; peritheciis minutissimis, globosis, ligni strato extimo infossis, in collum pertenue, corticem perforans abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis plus minus elongatis, tenuissime cylindricis vel rarius nodosis, plerumque secundis vel varie flexuosis, condenso grege erumpentibus ac rami superficiem setosam redditibus; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, octosporis, sessilibus, 50-56 \approx 9; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, obtusis, rectis vel inæquilateralibus, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, parum constrictis subhyalinis, 13-14 \approx 4. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: sporiis ellipsoideis 6-7 \approx 3, biguttatis; basidiis? (stylosporis Nits.) curvatis 33 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Ulmi campestris in Germania, Italia et Gallia. — Adest mihi forma corticola ostiolis brevioribus, an e sect. *Tetrastagæ* species nova?

92. **D. Euporthe Malbranchei** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 509. — Stromate late 2444 effuso corticem interiore lignique superficiem infuscante lineaque nigra intra lignum limitato; peritheciis sparsis v. hinc inde gre-

gariis ligno immersis v. semiimmersis, globosis, majusculis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolis breve cylindraceis v. conoideis; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, subsessilibus, 60–70 \approx 10, apice, lumine 2-foveolato, obtusatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-2-conicis, utrinque primo minute apiculatis, dein muticis, medio constrictis, 12–15 \approx $4\frac{1}{2}$ –5, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis v. libro vestitis *Ulmi campestris* in Gallia. — A *Diap. Ere* Nits. et *D. Saccardiana* Kunze, *Ulmum* pariter habitantibus, diversa.

93. **D. Euporthe sordida** Nits. Pyr. Germ, p. 252. — Stromate, ef- 2445 fuso, peridermio haud decolorato, tecto v. saepius, peridermio dejecto, corticis nudatam superficiem colore ex sordide fuscescente tandem nigricante tingente maculasque formante ambitu vario, irregulari, opacas, sordidas, intusque lineis tenuissimis atris undique limitato; peritheciis exiguis, ligni strato extimo omnino immersis, globosis v. saepius depresso, ordine maxime vario dispositis, mox remotissimis, mox contra dense gregariis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis minutis, sed pro ratione crassis parum elongatis, conicis v. cylindricis, immo ventricoso-nodosis, apice rotundatis, rectis vel curvatis, solitarie vel gregatim erumpentibus; ascis clavatis vel oblongis, sessilibus, octosporis, 55–60 \approx 8–10; sporidiis distichis vel submonostichis, fusiformibus vel oblongis, utrinque obtusis, immo rotundatis, pallide lutescentibus, bicellularibus, bi- vel quadriguttatis, saepè medio constrictis, 13–14 \approx 3–4. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis 8–10 \approx 2–2,5 biguttatis, basidiis hamatis 27 \approx 1.

Hab. in ramis corticatis decorticatisque *Carpini Betuli*, prope Münster et Cappenberg Germaniæ et Treviso Italiæ bor.

94. **D. Euporthe Aucubæ** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. V, p. 201 et Mich. I, 2446 p. 390, *Sphæria insularis* Berk. in Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 212, fig. 210, verisimiliter, sed non Nits. — Stromate ramulos, cortice relaxato, hinc inde ambiente, lineaque nigra in ligni superficie et profunditate excurrente limitato, peritheciis globulosis, gregariis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ligno infossis, ostioloque vix emergente; ascis fu- soideis, 45–48 \approx 7–8, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, 14–16 \approx 3– $3\frac{1}{2}$, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttula- tis, hyalinis. — St. spermog. *Phomam Aucubæ* Sacc. sistit.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Aucubæ japonicæ, Susegana, Ital. bor., Rouen Galliæ, Forden Britanniæ.

95. **D. Euporthe abdita** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 391. — Stromate 2447

ramos corticatos late ambiente et superficiem parum infusante, linea nigra tortuosa per lignum immutatum excurrente limitato; peritheciis ligno immersis, globulosis, majusculis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ostiolis peridermum perforantibus et vix superantibus, obtusis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis, 70-80 \approx 10, apice rotundatis, breve crasseque stipitatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-didymis, 15 \approx 5, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Meliæ Azedarach, Susegana, Ital. bor. et in Argentina Amer. austr.

96. **D. Euporthe orientalis** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 391. — Stromate 2448 ramos corticatos decorticatosque late ambiente, eosque varie infusante, linea nigra per lignum varie excurrente limitato; peritheciis gregariis, ligno immersis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., globulosis, ostiolo apice rotundato, vix emergente; ascis fusoideis, apice obtusioribus, 45-50 \approx 7, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusoideis, 15-17 \approx $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3, medio constrictis, 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, septulis spuriis 2 accendentibus, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Mori albæ, Susegana, Ital. bor. et prope la Recoleta Argent. Amer. austr. (SPEGAZZINI, utrinque!). — Forma americana præbet ascos 55-65 \approx 8-10, sporidia 12-15 \approx 4-5.

97. **D. Euporthe sociabilis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 263. — Stromate ple- 2449 rumque latissime effuso ramosque longe ambiente, cortici ligno que omnino immerso, strato tenui, atro undique circumscripto, peridermio arcte adhærente, tandem obscurato tecto; peritheciis minutis, ordine subæquali, hinc inde in series longitudinaliter directas, parallelas, distributis, denseque sociatis, v. rarius 2-4 stipatis, e globoso mox depresso, sectione verticali ovalibus ligni strato supremo totis immersis, membrana pertenui, molli, fusca structis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis crassis, cylindricis, apice rotundatis, poro que solito ampliore tandem apertis, peridermum perforatum parum tantum superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, sessilibus, 66-80 \approx 8-10; sporidiis distichis, rarius oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusis v. acutiusculis, bicellularibus, guttulis mox 4 tantum, mox pluribus gravidis, medio sæpe parum constrictis, immo anisomeris, rectis v. inæquilateralis, subhyalinis, 17-21 \approx 5.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Mori rubræ, Cappenberg Germaniæ.

98. **D. Euporthe spiculosa** (Alb. et Schw.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 256, 2450 *Sphæria spiculosa* Alb. et Schw. Nisk. p. 16, *Valsa circumsciri-*

pta (Fr.) Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 764, *Valsa tortuosa* Fuck. Nass. p. 55. — Stromate diatypeo, mox late effuso ramosque ambiente, mox contra breviore, maculæformi, immo valseo, cortice arcte adhærente v. sæpius relaxato tecto, rarius nudato lignique superficiem colore sordide nigricante tingente, intusque undique nigro-limitato; peritheciis exiguis, subglobosis, ligni strato extimo omnino infossis v. sæpius semiimmersis tantum, parte superiore plus minus extante, ordine vario distributis, mox laxe sparsis, mox dense ac monostiche, immo subcircinatim stipatis, tunc stroma exacte valseum referentibus; ostiolis plus minus elongatis, cylindricis sed basin versus sensim incrassatis, sub cortice soluto sæpe longissimis ac tenuissimis, decumbentibus, flexuosis, hinc inde nodulosis, adhærentem contra corticem plerumque conjunctim perforantibus, brevioribus, rectiusculis; ascis subcylindricis v. anguste clavatis, octosporis, sessilibus, $45-60 \approx 7-9$; sporidiis distichis v. rarius oblique monostichis, anguste fusiformibus, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, vix unquam constrictis, plerumque rectis, $12-15 \approx 3$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis ovato-oblongis, $8 \approx 3-4$, biguttatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Sambuci racemosæ et nigræ in Germania, Gallia, Britannia, Italia, Suecia, Belgio et Amer. bor.

99. **D. Euporthe tropicalis** Speg. Fungi Argent. I, p. 182. — Stro- 2451
mate ramos late ambiente per lignum leniter infuscatum vel im-
mutatum, sinuose excurrente, nigro-limitato; peritheciis in cortice
vel ligno nidulantibus, confertissime gregariis, globosis $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$ mill.
diam.; ostiolis brevibus, cylindraceis, superficiem epidermidis sub-
immutatae attingentibus, non exertis; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, $45 \approx$
 $8-10$, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, medio
1-septatis, constrictis, utrinque obtusiuscule rotundatis, $12-14 \approx$
 $4-5$, quadriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis dejectis Bauhiniae grandifloræ
a la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. merid.

100. **D. Euporthe tumulata** C. et E. G. 34. — Sparsa; peritheciis di- 2452
stinctis, ligno sub-immersis, brunneis; ostiolo peridermum perfo-
rante elongato; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis
demum uniseptatis, hyalinis, $12 \approx 5$.

Hab. in ramis Coryli americanæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.
— Linea nigra stromatica per lignum excurrit et peritheciorum
greges circumscribit.

101. **D. Euporthe valida** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 262. — Stromate mox 2453
late effuso, plagas magnitudine et forma maxime varias, hinc inde

ambientes occupante mox brevissimo, immo peritheciis ostiolis arctissime stipatis valseum æmulante, ligno corticique immerso, strato extimo tenuissimo, nigricante circumscripto, peridermio adhærente, haud decolorato, tecto; peritheciis grandiusculis, globosis v. mutua pressione compressis, rarius laxe ac sine ordine distributis, saepissime vero 4-20, immo pluribus densissime stipatis, monostichis, v. fere distichis, collis haud raro convergentibus, ligno omnino solitoque altius infossis, in collum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis plus minus elongatis, validis, aliis abbreviatis cylindricis, apice rotundatis, aliis longioribus et apicem versus attenuatis, tunc varie flexuosis v. curvatis, nodulosis v. deformibus, raro solitarie, multo saepius 4-20 v. pluribus conjunctim erumpentibus; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, 50-56 = 10; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, bicellularibus, guttulis mox 2-4, mox contra pluribus fœtis, medio tandem constrictis, lutescentibus, 14-16 = 5.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus emortuis *Myricæ ceriferæ* in Horto botanico Münster Germaniæ.

102. **D. Euporthe viticola** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 264. — Stromate brevi, plagas minutas in rami longitudinem extensas, ovales, ellipticas v. irregulares, hinc inde confluentes occupante, intus nigrolimitato, v. ligni superficiem maculis, atris, opacis aspergente, corticis libro fibroso primum omnino tecto deinde saepè nudato; peritheciis exiguis, depresse subglobosis, stromati alte immersis, plerumque in series longitudinaliter directas, breves, plerumque simplices ordinatis, mox dense stipatis mox distantibus, in collum longiusculum subito attenuatis; ostiolis basin versus sensim incrassatis, conicis v. plus minus elongatis, tenuissime cylindricis, nodulosis, rectis v. varie flexuosis, per libri rimis angustis ordine linearie erumpentibus; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis, 60 = 7-8; sporidiis distichis subfusiformibus vel saepius clavæformibus, bi-cellularibus, haud constrictis, saepissime parum curvatis, hyalinis, 10-12 = 3.

Hab. in sarmentis *Vitis viniferæ* prope Münster Germaniæ et prope Treviso Italiæ borealis.

103. **D. Euporthe Badhami** (Curr.) Sacc., *Diatrype Badhami* Curr. 2455 Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 46, f. 80, Cooke Handb. n. 2446. — Peritheciis subsolitariis v. aggregatis, penitus ligno immersis, peridermio intus denigrato; ostiolis perforatibus, rugulosis; ascis teretifusoideis breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis utrinque acutis appendiculaque setacea auctis, 4-nucleatis, hyalinis, 12,7-15 μ . longis (sine setulis).

Hab. in ramis Prini glabri, New Jersey Amer. bor. (ELLIS) et in ramis in Britannia (CURREY). — *Habitus D. inæqualis.*

104. **D. Euporthe subpyramidata** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Eutypa subpyramidata* B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 858. — Effusa; peritheciis nigerrimis subpyramidatis exasperantibus; ascis lanceolatis, deorsum acutioribus; sporidiis biconicis; loculis elongatis.

Hab. in Quercu in Carolina sup. Amer. bur. — An e sect. *Tetrastagæ?*

105. **D. Euporthe spinosula** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 111. — Stromate ligno leviter immerso vel fere superficiali, plus minus effuso, forma et magnitudine vario, atro, plerumque 2-3 cent. long., 1,5-2 cent. lat.; peritheciis strato ligni extimo fusco insidentibus, densissime stipatis, plus minus protuberantibus, subsphæroideis, vel pressione mutua angulatis, mediocribus, ostiolis parum elongatis, crassiusculis sursum obconice dilatatis, rugosis, immo quadrisulcatis, interdum cylindraceis et sublevibus; sporidiis oblongatis, obtusis, 4-guttulatis, chlorino-hyalinis, 14-22 = 5-6.

Hab. in ligno Quercus denudato vetusto in insula Runsala Fenniæ. — *Habitu Eutypam spinosam* (Pers.) nonnihil æmulatur. Asci et paraphyses in speciminibus exoletis non adsunt. An affinis *D. subpyramidatae*.

106. **D. Euporthe Quilmensis** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 156. — Stromate late per ramulos corticatos excurrente, lignum immutatum v. vix cinerascentem relinquente, linea stromatica, saepe ægre visibili, circumscripto; peritheciis inordinate sparsis, globulosis, 250-300 μ . diam., ligno totaliter immersis, ostiolo parvulo corticem perforante ac non v. vix prominulo, atro, levi, carbonaceo donatis; ascis fusoideis, 50-60 = 10-13, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis, ellipticis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, 15-16 = 5-6, medio 1-septato-constrictis, loculis grosse 2-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis putrescentibus Lucumæ nerifoliæ in nemorosis uliginosis prope Quilmes, Argent. Amer. bor.

107. **D. Euporthe pulla** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 246, Sacc. Myc. Spec. p. 140, t. XIII, fig. 72-64, *Sph. spiculosa* var. Fr. El. Fung. II, 75. — Stromate plus minus late effuso; Hederæque sarmenta, cortice dejecto, mox longe lateque superficie nigrificante mox maculis tantum, forma et magnitudine maxime variis, tandem aterrime marmorante intusque limitibus nigris undique circumscripto; peritheciis perexiguis, globosis v. depressis, in ligni strato, extimo

nigrefacto proximo immersis, laxe ac plerumque subæqualiter sparsis, in collum tenue breveque subito attenuatis; ostiolis elongatis, breviusculis, cylindricis v. nodulosis, basim versus sæpissime sensim incrassatis, ideo subconicis, plerumque rectis ac matricis superficiem asperam reddentibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 36–40 \approx 5–6; sporidiis distichis v. rarius oblique monostichis, angustissime fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, haud constrictis, rectis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, hyalinis, 9–12 \approx 2–3. — Status spermogonicus sistit *Phomam pullam* Sacc. (*Ph. Hederæ* Fuck. ? nec Desm.).

Hab. in truncis et sarmentis tandem decorticatis *Hederæ Hedelis* in Gallia, Germania, Italia et Britannia.

108. **D. Euporthe fallaciosa** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 254. — Stromate, 2460 peritheciis hinc inde dense stipatis, valseum simulante, ramos ju-niores ambiente, crassiores maculis aspergente, ambitu irregulari, vario, corticis superficiem, peridermio facile solubili tectam v. tandem nudatam nigrificante, cortice vero jam pridem secesso, lignum ipsum colore ex fusco sordide nigricante tingente parte, immersa nigrolimitato; peritheciis majusculis, basi applanatis, convexis v. depresso-conicis, ligni superficie impositis, cortice solum tectis vel ligni strato extimo, tenuissimo, pustulato-elevato, hinc inde spuri velatis, ordine subæquali v. sæpius gregatim sparsis, in collum brevissimum, tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis plerumque valde elongatis ac tenuissime cylindricis, nodulosis, varie flexuosis, sæpissime per peridermii rimas communes conjunctim erumpentibus; ascis oblongis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, 50–56 \approx 8–10; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, acutiusculis, plerumque rectis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, hyalinis, haud constrictis sed sæpius parum anisomeris, 12–14 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis *Aceris Pseudoplatani* et *A. campestris*, Cappenberg, Oestrich, Eisleben Germaniæ. — Ostiolis longis, flexuosis etc. a *D. protracta* distinguenda.

109. **D. Euporthe protracta** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 255. Sacc. Myc. 2461 Ven. Spec. p. 141, t. XIII, fig. 65–67. — Stromate plerumque latissime effuso, corticis superficiem ex fusco nigricante peridermio arctissime adhærente tecto, v. multo rarius, peridermii particulis hinc inde excussis, ex parte tandem nudato; stratoque extimo, nigricante circumscripto; peritheciis magnitudine varia, globosis v. sæpius depresso, sectione verticali ovalibus, ligni strato extimo omnino immersis in series longitudinaliter directas, plus minus elon-

gatas, fere parallelas, rectiusculas v. varie flexuosas densius ordinatis, in collum brevissimum subito attenuatis; ostiolis nunc peridermum perforatum v. rimoso fissum vix superantibus nunc parum elongatis, conicis, crassiusculis, solitariis v. 3-8 ordine lineariter dense stipatis ac conjunctim erumpentibus; ascis anguste oblongis v. subclavatis, octosporis, 52-60 = 8-9; sporidiis distichis, raro monostichis, anguste oblongis v. subcylindricis, utrinque obtusis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, tandem parum constrictis v. torulosis, hyalinis, 10-15 = 3-4.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Aceris campestris* in Germania, Britannia, Italia boreali.

110. **D. Euporthe petiolorum** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 388. — Stromate ²⁴⁶² petioliis plagulas oblongas nigras hinc inde effidente, lineaque nigra intus limitato; peritheciis ligno infossis, gregariis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolo cylindraceo perforante et parum exerto; ascis fusoideis, 50-55 = 6-7, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 12-14 = 3- $3\frac{1}{2}$, constricto-1-septatis, 2-4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in petioliis languidis *Catalpæ syringifoliae*, Conegliano, Ital. bor.

111. **D. Euporthe nigricolor** Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 260 Sacc. Myc. Ven. ²⁴⁶³ Spec. p. 141, t. XIII, fig. 68-71. — Stromate plus minus late effuso, ramulos ambiente v. saepius maculis brevioribus, irregularibus varie confluentibus marmorante, primo peridermio relaxato, ostiolis perforato tecto, deinde in plerisque nudato, superficieque atrato intus vero strato tenuissimo, atro circumscripto; peritheciis exiguis, e globoso mox depressis, sectione verticali ovalibus, ligno supremo omnino immersis nec protuberantibus laxe sparsis, in collum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis e basi sensim conico-incrassatis tenuissime cylindricis, plus minus sed plerumque parum tantum elongatis; ascis anguste clavatis, oblongis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, 53-56 = 7-9; sporidiis subdistichis, rarius oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttatis, medio constrictis, utrinque acutiusculis, subhyalinis, 16 = 5. Spermogonia nota.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Rhamni Frangulæ* in Germania et Italia boreali.

112. **D. Euporthe meridionalis** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 387. — Stromate ²⁴⁶⁴ ramos corticatos varie ambiente, lineaque tortuosa nigra per lignum excurrente limitato; peritheciis globulosis, ligno infossis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo peridermum perforante vix emergente; ascis fuso-

deis, $55 \approx 10$, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-fusoideis, medio leniter constrictis, $15 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}-5$, 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Paliuri aculeati, Montebelluna, Ital. bor.

113. **D. Euporthe geographica** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 38. — 2465

Stromatibus illis *Diaporthi controversæ* similibus, maculas irregulariter elongatas, limitatas, atro-fuscas formantibus, in ligno linea nigra circumscripitis; peritheciis spermatiiferis in stromatis superiori parte natis, immersis, minutis, globosis; spermatis ovato-oblongis, biguttulatis, continuis, $10 \approx 3$; peritheciis ascigeris in stromate sordido profunde immersis, globosis, nigris, collo vix prominulo, cylindraceo; ascis lanceolatis, 8sporis, $64 \approx 8-9$; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, 4guttulatis, uniseptatis, hyalinis, $10-12 \approx 4-6$.

Hab. in ramis siccis adhuc stantibus *Syringæ vulgaris*, pr. Biebrich Germaniæ.

114. **D. Euporthe medusæa** Nits. Pyr. germ. p. 251. — Stromate ef- 2466

fuso v. subvalseo plagas mox late effusas ramosque ambientes mox breviores irregulares, varie confluentes formante, cortice haud decolorato, facile solubili tecto, ligni superficiem nigrificante v. crustum aterrimam, verruculosam, interruptam sistente, intus nigro-limitato; peritheciis subglobosis v. depressis, immo a latere compressis, ligno plus minus profunde immersis, mox dense stipatis mox sine ordine sparsis v. solitariis majusculis, collo brevi, tenui instructis; ostiolis tenuissime cylindricis v. nodulosis, maxime elongatis, flexuosis, in ligni superficie prostratis, tamquam repentibus cortice omnino tectis v. eum apicibus solum perforantibus, stromatibus subvalseis, saepe radiatim expansis; ascis subcylindricis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, $46-52 \approx 7$, sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, acutiusculis v. obtusis, haud constrictis, rectis vel inæquilateralibus, pallide fuscescensibus, 2-(4?) -cellularibus, $10-13 \approx 3$.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Cytisi Laburni*, Cappenberg Germaniæ.

115. **D. Euporthe fasciculata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 247. Sacc. Myc. 2467

Ven. Spec. p. 140, t. XIII, f. 62-64. *Sphæria spiculosa* Auctorum p. p. — Stromate in ramis corticatis, plagas mox maxime extensas, ambientes mox contra, et quidem saepius, maculas irregulares breves, immo brevissimas, solitarias v. confluentes formante, ligni superficiem nigrificante, parte immersa nigro-limitato; peritheciis ligno plus minus alte immersis, plerumque gregatim densius nidu-

lantibus, majusculis, globosis, rarius depresso v. mutua pressione angulatis, in collum tenue abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis elongatis, cylindricis, rarius basin versus incrassatis v. nodosis, sæpiissime flexuosis, plerumque fasciculatim erumpentibus; ascis cylindrico-clavatis v. anguste oblongis, 53-66 \approx 8-9; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus obtusiusculis, constrictis, plerumque rectis, bicellularibus quadriguttatis, hyalinis v. pallide coloratis, 12-14 \approx 3-4. — Spermatogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis 8-10 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3, biguttatis, hyalinis basidiis 20 \approx 1 denique curvatis fultis.

Hab. in ramis dejectis Robiniae Pseudacaciæ in Gallia, Germania, Italia, Amer. merid.

116. **D. Euporthe forabilis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 259. Sacc. Myc. Ven. 2468

Spec. p. 141. — Stromate, effuso, plerumque maculas breviores immo brevissimas, irregulares sistente, mox cum cortice peridermioque arctissime adhærente coalito, tecto, mox, cortice dejecto, in ligno nudato libero, ejusque superficiem denigrante v. corticem residuum in crustam aterrimam mutante, intusque nigro-limitato; peritheciis grandiusculis, plerumque totis ligno infossis, rarius parte superiore in corticem projectis, immo ligno basi tantum adnatis, globosis v. depresso, ordine vario sed plerumque laxe sparsis; ostiolis crassis subcylindricis, corticem, ubi adest, parum tantum aut omnino non superantibus, cortice dejecto elongatis, rectis v. ascendenteribus; ascis subcylindricis v. anguste clavatis, octosporis, 52-70 \approx 7-10; sporidiis distichis, anguste fusiformibus v. subcylindricis bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio tandem constrictis, paleo lutescentibus, 14-20 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Salicis capreæ et babylonicae et Populi pyramidalis in Germania et Italia.

117. **D. Euporthe Floresiana** Speg. F. Argent. Pug. II, n. 71. — Stromate 2469

ramulos corticatos late ambiente per lignum immutatum tortuose excurrente, nigro-limitato; peritheciis globosis, atris totaliter immersis vel subimmersis et parum corticem tumefacentibus, discretis, rarius subaggregatis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo papillato minutissimo, atro, epidermidem vix perforante ornatis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis apice rotundatis crasseque tunicatis, luce refracta bifoveolatis, 50-55 \approx 7-8; sporidiis distichis cylindrico-fusoideis, 13-15 \approx 3-3 $\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque obtuse acuminatis, medio constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in Argentina, S. José de Flores, in ramulis dejectis Metrosideri in hortis.

118. **D. Euporthe extorris** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 30. — Peritheciis cortice immutato tectis, ligno omnino v. ad medium immersis, globosis, nigris, linea stromatica nulla manifesta limitatis; ostiolo cylindraceo-conoideo, peridermum vix superante; ascis subclavatis, $80 \approx 12$, subsessilibus, apice subtruncatis lumineque biforme, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, $16-18 \approx 7-8$, rectis, curvulisve, utrinque obtusiusculis, medio constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Chimonanthi fragrantis Padova, Ital. bor. — Ad *Tetragastagam* nutat.

119. **D. Euporthe culta** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 389. — Stromate ramos primo corticatos late ambiente, dein cortice secesso, ligni superficiem infuscante v. nigrificante; peritheciis ligno, lineola nigra obsoleta circumscripto, infossis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ostiolis cylindraceis peridermum primo perforantibus, parumque excedentibus; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, obtusiusculis, $40-50 \approx 5$, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongis, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque acutiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in sarmentis emortuis Jasmini officinalis in hortis, Selva, Ital. bor.

120. **D. Euporthe cryptica** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 265 Sacc. Myc. Spec. 2472 p. 141, t. XIII, fig. 72-75. — Stromate, plerumque breviter effuso, rarius ambiente, cortice rimoso, arido, tecto sæpeque omnino velato, ligno supposito superficie maculis e fusco nigricantibus, ambitu et magnitudine maxime variis, irregularibus maculato intusque strato marginali, atro undique limitato; peritheciis globosis, raro mutua pressione angulatis, majusculis, sine ordine sparsis, hinc inde 2-3 dense stipatis, parte inferiore tantum ligno plus minus alte immersis, superiore vero v. ostiolo tantum corticis tunicam inferiorem perforantibus; ostiolis crassis, nodosis v. ventricosis, plus minus elongatis ac sæpissime curvatis v. decumbentibus; ascis clavatis, octosporis, $54 \approx 7-8$; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, utrinque obtusis, medio tandem constrictis, rectis v. parum curvatis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, pallidis, $12-15 \approx 3-4.5$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis 7-8 ≈ 2 ; basidiis (stilosporis Nits.) filiformi-curvatis $33 \approx 1$.

Hab. in sarmentis emortuis Lonicerae Periclymeni, L. Caprifolii, L. Xylostei in Germania, Gallia, Italia et New Jersey Americae borealis.

121. **D. Euporthe crassicollis** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 258. — Stroma-

te plus minus late effuso sed plerumque breviore, maculæformi, v. peritheciis hinc inde congestis ostiolisque fasciculatim erumpentibus, valseum simulantibus; peridermio adhærente tecto, parte immersa nigrolimitato, in superficie obscurato, fuscescente; peritheciis magnitudine media, globosis, mutua pressione hinc inde angulatis v. rarius depresso, ligni strato supremo plerumque totis immersis raro plus minus protuberantibus, gregatim sparsis v. 2-4, immo pluribus dense ac submonostiche stipatis; ostiolis elongatis, crassis, cylindricis sed in plerisque nodosis v. basim versus bulboso-incrassatis, immo deformibus, rectiusculis, curvatis v. prostratis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, membrana apicem versus incrassata structis, 40 \approx 8; sporidiis distichis, anguste fusiformibus, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, haud constrictis, hyalinis, 12-14 \approx 3.

Hab. in ramis Corni sanguineæ in Germania et Italia.

122. **D. Euporthe rhynchophora** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 76, t. I, 2474 fig. 3-4. — Peritheciis in ligno nigrificato nidulantibus et series longitudinales efformantibus, globosis, atris, $1/4$ mill. circiter latis; ostiolo elongato, curvato, atro, nitido, lævi, vel noduloso squamoso, apice marginato papillatoque, 1 mill. circ. longo; ascis lanceolatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 45-50 \approx 8; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-lanceolatis, hyalinis, 4-guttatis, 16 \approx 4.

Hab. ad ramos exsiccatos Coronillæ minimæ, cum Cucurbitariâ elongatâ, Vaucluse Galliæ.

123. **D. Euporthe Coronillæ** (Desm.) Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. IV, pag. 13 2475 (spermog.) et Ser. V, p. 181 (ascoph.) *Sphæria* (*Phoma*) *Coronillæ* Desm. Ann. Sc. nat. 1840, XIII, p. 188 sistit statum spermogonicum. — Stromate linea nigra per lignum profunde excurrente limitato; peritheciis sparsis, ligno semiimmersis, globoso-lenticularibus, $1/2$ mill. diam., atris, ostiolo peridermium immutatum vix superante, cylindraceo-conoideo, ascis fusoideis, 70 \approx 10, aparaphysatis, 8sporis, sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, oblongis, 14 \approx 5-6, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Coronillæ Emeri putrescentibus, Selva Treviso, Ital. bor. (Sacc.) et Vaucluse Galliæ (FABRE).

124. **D. Euporthe Castrensis** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 388. — Stromate ramulos decorticatos longe lateque ambiente et superficie atro-inquinante; peritheciis globulosis, $1/3$ mill. diam., ligno infossis, gregariis, ostiolis nunc punctiformibus nunc breve exertis; ascis fusoideis 60-70 \approx 10, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fu-

soideis, 1-septatis, lenissime constrictis, $15-17 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}-4\frac{1}{2}$, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis Capparidis rupestris ad castrum S. Salvadore, Susegana, Ital. bor. — *Diaporthi pullæ* Nits. affinis.

125. **D. Euporthe brachyceras** Sacc. F. Ven. Ser. IV, p. 11. — Stromate 2477

ramulos hinc inde ambiente, latiusculo v. maculiformi, zona nigra per lignum subimmutatum tortuose excurrente limitato; peritheciis discretis v. saepius in soros subvalseos aggregatis, ligno fere omnino immersis, sphæroideis v. e mutua pressione angulosis, $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., atris, ostioli cylindraceis perithecio longioribus peridermum immutatum hinc inde fasciculatim perforantibus exertisque; ascis fusoideis $45 \approx 8$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, 14-15 $\approx 3-4$, constricto-1-septatis utrinque plerumque brevissime apiculatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Ligustri vulgaris in sylva Montello Treviso, Ital. bor. — *D. spiculosæ* affinis sed satis distincta.

126. **D. Euporthe biglobosa** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (obtectæ) bi- 2478

globosa C. et E. Grevill. VII, p. 9. — Epidermide nigrificata testa; peritheciis depresso; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, profunde constrictis, hyalinis, $14 \approx 7$, cellulis globosis.

Hab. in ramis Lauri Sassafras, New Jersey Am. bor.

127. **D. Euporthe australis** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 29. — Peritheciis 2479

sparsis ligno subimmutato immersis v. saltem basi infossis, et tunc cortice parum mutato partim exceptis, linea nigra sinuosa per lignum excurrente limitatis, globosis; ostiolo cylindraceo vix peridermum superante; ascis fusoideis, $50-60 \approx 7-10$, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis breviter fusoideis, $14-16 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}-5$, medio constrictis, 1-(3?) - septatis, septis extimis tenuioribus spuriisque, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus Celtidis australis, Conegliano, Italiæ borealis. — Ad sectionem *Tetrastagæ* quoque vergit.

128. **D. Euporthe americana** Speg. Mich. I, p. 457. — Stromate hinc 2480

inde ramos ambiente, per lignum immutatum excurrente, nigro-limitato; peritheciis 3-7 in eadem macula stromatica laxe-gregarie insidentibus, ligno infossis, $\frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{8}$ mill. diam., atris, ostiolo plus vel minus longo recto vel curvulo, cylindraceo, corticem perforante ornatis; contextu tenuissime membranaceo-parenchymatico, fuligineo; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, a paraphysatis, $55-60 \approx 7-8$, granuloso-oleoso-farctis; sporidiis..... immaturis visis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Magnoliæ grandifloræ*, Susegana, Ital. bor.

129. **D. Euporthe parabolica** Fuck. Symb. Myc. p. 211. — Stromate 2481 subcorticali, late effuso, ramulos totos occupante; peritheciis in ligno nidulantibus, plerumque sparsis, majusculis, globosis, collo exerto, plerumque parabolico, atro; ascis oblongis, 8sporis, 44 ± 8 ; sporidiis distichis, lanceolato-oblongis, medio constrictis, 1-(3?)-septatis, 2-4guttulatis, hyalinis, 9 ± 5 .

Hab. in ramulis siccis corticatis *Pruni spinosæ*, quos omnino investit, in Jura Helvetiæ (MORTIER). — Ostiolo longo, saepius parabolico mox dignoscitur.

130. **D. Euporthe Fuckelii** Kunze F. sel. exs. n. 139 (absque diagno- 2482 si), Rehm. Ascom. n. 374. — Stromate late effuso peridermum denique denigrante, lineaque nigra per lignum excurrente limitato; peritheciis gregariis ligno immersis, globulosis; ostiolis teretiusculis, peridermum perforantibus, breveque spinulo-so-emergentibus, obtusiusculis; ascis fusoideo-oblongis, subsessilibus, 45 ± 9 , subinde coalescentibus, octosporis; sporidiis breve fusoideis utrinque obtusiusculis, $11-13 \pm 3,5-4,5$, rectis, uniseptatis non v. vix constrictis, 2-4-nucleatis, hyalinis, subinde mucoso-obvolutis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Spirææ ulmifoliae*, Eisleben Germaniæ.

131. **D. Euporthe Sorbariæ** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 261. — Stromate 2483 plus minus late effuso, peritheciis 3-8 saepissime dense ac monostiche stipatis ostiolisque erumpentibus approximatis, immo fasciculatis, valseum fere æmulante, strato extimo obscuriore, nigricante limitato ac peridermio haud dissolubili, plerumque obscurato tecto; peritheciis minutis, globosis, depresso v. mutua pressione angulatis, ligno plerumque totis immersis; ostiolis mox abbreviatis, peridermum perforatum parum tantum superantibus, crassiusculis, cylindricis, apice rotundatis, mox vero e basi sensim conico incrassata elongatis, tenuibus, flexuosis, nodulosis, ascis anguste clavatis v. cylindricis, octosporis, $50-56 \pm 6\frac{1}{2}-7$; sporidiis distichis, anguste fusiformibus, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttatis, haud constrictis, pallide lutescentibus, $14-17 \pm 3-4$. — Spermogonia photomatoidea; spermatiis fusoideis $7-9 \pm 2,5$, biguttatis; basidiis 17-20 μ . longis.

Hab. in trunculis emortuis *Spirææ (Sorbariæ) sorbifoliae* pr. Münster Germaniæ.

132. **D. Euporthe simulans** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 11. — Stro- 2484

mate ramulos arcte corticatos late ambiente per lignum immutatum tortuose excurrente et nigro-limitato; peritheciis gregariis remotiusculis vel hinc inde 2-5 in soros subvalseos coadunatis, ligno omnino immersis, e globoso depresso, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., tenuimembranaceis, atris; ostiolis cylindraceo-conoideis, epidermidem immutatam perforantibus et apicibus exertis; acutiusculis exasperantibus; ascis fusoideis, copiosis, 60 ± 8 , 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, obtuse fusoideis, $14-15 \pm 4-4\frac{1}{2}$ utrinque subtruncatis, 4-guttulatis tandem tenuiter 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis maioribus Rosæ caninæ et R. centifoliæ in Italia boreali et Argentina Amer. austr.

133. **D. Euporthe japonica** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 11. — Pe- 2485
ritheciis $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ascis $45-50 \pm 7-9$; sporidiis distichis v.
oblique monostichis, $14-15 \pm 4$; cætera *D. simulantis*, cuius forte
varietas habenda. — Status spermogonicus: spermogoniis sub epi-
dermide nidulantibus, minutis, nigris, oblongo-lenticularibus quan-
doque zona nigra plagulas limitante circumdati; spermatiis ovoi-
deis, 6 ± 3 , hyalinis, 2-guttulatis, sterigmatibus filiformibus 20 ± 1 ,
dein uncinatis suffultis.

Hab. in ramis Kerriæ japonicæ prope Treviso Ital. bor.

134. **D. Euporthe semiimmersa** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 253. — Stromate 2486
mox latissime effuso, ambiente, mox brevi, maculas sistente for-
ma et magnitudine varias, remotas v. confluentes, peridermio ostio-
lis numerosis, vix extantibus pertuso, ceterum immutato, primo
arcte adhærente tecto, deinceps maxima ex parte nudato, cum cor-
ticis parenchymate coalito ac in superficie nigrefacto, intus strato
atro, tenui circumscripto; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. depres-
sis, sæpiissime a latere compressis v. e basi applanata subconicis v.
hemisphæricis ligni strato extimo omnino v. multo sæpius parte
inferiore tantum infossis immo ligni superficie basi adnatis, ordine
inæquali ac plerumque laxe sparsis, in collum pertenue et brevis-
simum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis exiguis, brevissimis, subconicis,
corticis (v. peridermii) superficiem exasperantibus; ascis oblongis
v. clavatis, octosporis, plerumque $56-60 \pm 9-13$; sporidiis distichis,
fusiformibus, obtusis, rectis, bicellularibus, constrictis v. torulosis,
subhyalinis, $14-16 \pm 3\frac{1}{2}-5$.

Hab. in trunculo Cratægi Oxyacanthæ pr. Cappenberg
Germaniæ et pr. Treviso Ital. bor. — Affinis *D. sordidæ*.

135. **D. Euporthe Coëmansii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 257, *Ceratostoma* 2487
rostratum Rabh. Fungi Eur. n. 256, nec Tode. — Stromate effuso,

in ramulis junioribus ambiente, in crassioribus vero sæpe breviore, maculæformi, primo peridermio ostiolis perforato, ceterum haud decolorato tecto, deinde, ubi nudato, matricis superficiem atro-infuscante stratoque nigricante circumscripto; peritheciis perexiguis, subglobosis, mutua pressione angulatis v. sæpius depresso, rarius ligni strato supremo totis immersis v. basi plus minus applana-ta adnatis, sæpius vero parte inferiore ligno plus minus alte in-fossis, superiore cortice persistente velatis, dispersis, sæpissime vero 2-4 magis approximatis; ostiolis elongatis exacte cylindricis v. apice parum attenuatis v. nodulosis, pro ratione crassiusculis, rectis v. flexuosis, subinde fasciculatim erumpentibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, $36 \approx 7$; sporidiis distichis, fu-siformibus v. subcylindricis bi-cellularibus, rectis v. parum curva-tis, hyalinis, haud constrictis, $8-10 \approx 2-2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in sarmentis siccis Rubi fruticosi prope Gand Belgii (COEMANS) et prope Münster Germaniæ (NITSCHKE).

136. **D. Euporthe ceuthosporioides** (Berk.) Sacc., *Sphæria ceutho-* 2488
sporioides Berk. Engl. Fl. V, p. 258, Cooke Handb. n. 2691. —
Stromate phyllogeño maculiformi suborbiculari, rufescente, linea nigra circumscripto; peritheciis tectis, 6-10 subsparsis, utrinque prominulis; ostiolis minutis perforantibus; ascis oblongis; sporidiis oblongis 1-(?)-septatis.

Hab. in foliis Pruni Laurocerasi prope Edinburgh Britan-niæ. — Maculæ stromaticæ 3-5 mill. latæ.

137. **D. Euporthe samaricola** Ph. et Plowr. Grev. III, p. 126, t. 42, 2489
f. 6. — Peritheciis minutis, immersis, stromate maculiformi, nigro, versiformi circumscriptis, ostiolis minutis prominulis; ascis fusoi-deis $75 \approx 10$; sporidiis distichis, subinde acuminatis, quadrinuclea-tis, $17-18 \approx 5$, hyalinis.

Hab. in samaris dejectis Fraxini, Terrington Britanniæ.

138. **D. Euporthe griseo-tingens** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Sphæria griseo-* 2490
tingens B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 941. — Minuta sublinearis prominula, ostiolis punctulata; ascis clavatis; sporidiis fusiformi-bus inæquilateralibus, hyalinis, 20μ . long.

Hab. in ramis Juniperi virginianæ, Pennsylvania Ame-ricæ borealis.

139. **D. Euporthe pinophylla** Plow. et Phil. Grev. IV, p. 124, t. 62, 2491
fig. VII. — Peritheciis sparsis, subinde 2-3 aggregatis, sub crustula stromatica, effusa, nigra infossis; ostiolis elongatis, apice abrupte

truncatis; ascis fusoideis 25 μ . long.; sporidiis biseriatis, lanceolatis, acutis, hyalinis, 4-guttatis, uniseptatis, 17-18 \approx 5.

Hab. in acubus dejectis Pini sylvestris, Belmont Hereford Britanniæ. — Asci ex iconæ 45-55 μ . longi.

140. **D. Euporthe conorum** (Desm.) Niessl in Hedw., 1876, pag. 2. 2492

Sphaeria (subtecta) *conorum* Desm. 13 Not. 1846, p. 76. — Peritheciis subgregariis, immersis, linea circumscriptis et macula atra subnitida tectis, dein suberumpentibus epidermide cinctis; nucleo griseo; ascis subclavatis 50 μ . long.; sporidiis minutissimis, ovato-oblongis, biserialibus, 2-4-guttatis, hyalinis, 8 μ . longis.

Hab. in squamis conorum Pini sylvestris in Gallia, Germania et Belgio. — *Diaporthe occulta* Fuck. ostiolis rostellatis differt.

141. **D. Euporthe occulta** (Fuck.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 266, *Valsa* 2493

occulta Fuck. Fungi rhen. n. 622, *Sph. conorum* West. nec Desm. (teste Niessl), *Sph. strobilicola* Lib. ined. — Stromate effuso, conorum squamis putrescentibus immerso easque in superficie colore ex fusco nigricante tingente, intus vero a squamæ substantia specie haud mutata formato sed strato atro limitato; peritheciis minutis, globosis sparsis, substrato omnino immersis et, ubi protuberantibus, tamen ab ejus strato supremo, tenui obductis; ostiolis per poros v. rimulas erumpentibus, plerumque maxime elongatis, tenuissime cylindricis, apicem versus parum attenuatis, curvatis, inflexis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, 44-48 \approx 6-7; sporidiis distichis v. rarius oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, rectis v. parum curvatis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, haud constrictis, hyalinis, 12-16 \approx 3. — Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis oblongo-ovatis, 2-guttatis, 7 \approx 3, hyalinis.

Hab. in squamis conorum et putridorum Abietis excelsæ, Cupressi sempervirentis in Germania, Gallia, Britannia, Italia et Belgio.

B) In Dicotyledoneis herbaceis.

142. **D. Euporthe Berkeleyi** (Desm.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 273, *Sphaeria Angelicæ* Berk. in Cooke Handb. n. 2649, *Sphaeria Berkeleyi*

Desm. Ann. Scienc. nat. 1837, VIII, p. 358, *Sphaeria Angelicæ* Fuck. Symb. p. 113. — Stromate effuso, in substrati superficie maculas, mox breves, irregulares, hinc inde confluentes, mox multo latiores, caulesque longe ambientes, ex fusco v. cinereo nigricantes efficiente, parte immersa in ligno medullaque ipsa, specie omnino

non mutata formato; peritheciis perexiguis, globosis vel a latere parum compressis, ordine subæquali in series longitudinaliter directas dispositis, omnino immersis, membrana tenui, nigricante struttis, in collum brevissimum constrictis; ostiolis minutissimis punctiformibus, parum prominulis, hemisphæricis v. subconicis; ascis anguste oblongis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, 46–60 \approx 5–7; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttatis, 10–13 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in caule emortuo Angelicæ sylvestris, Torilis, Cerefolii, Heraclei, Ferulaginæ in Britannia, Belgio, Italia, Fennia. — Cl. Cooke negat in litt. identitatem plantæ Berkeleyi cum specie Nitschkei, et forte non immerito.

143. **D. Euporthe fœniculacea** Niessl in Thuem. Contr. Mycol. Lusit. 2495

n. 285. — Stromate effuso, caulis superficiem ambiente et colore sordide fusco vel nigricante tingente; peritheciis disseminatis, laxe seriatis, depresso-globosis, minutis, ostiolo brevi crassoque, conico, obtuso, prominulo; ascis lanceolato-clavatis, sessilibus, octosporis, 38–42 \approx 8; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusiformibus, rectis vel parum inæquilateralibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, medio septatis et bi-quadriguttulatis, hyalinis, 9–11 \approx 2,5–3.

Hab. ad caules aridos Fœniculi officinalis, Coimbra Lusitaniae (P. G. MESNIER). — *Diaporthæ nigrella* Niessl proxima sed diversa: rostris retusis, brevioribus et crassioribus, sporidiis multo minoribus. Etiam a *Diaporthæ Berkeleyi* et *Diaporthæ inquilina* optime distinguenda. Quoad *Sph. fœniculacea* Mont. cfr. Syll. nostra n. 1711.

144. **D. Euporthe picea** (Pers.) Sacc., *Sphæria picea* Pers. sec. Mont. 2496

in Fl. Alg. p. 484. — Maculæformis, effusa, sæpe confluens, epidermide adnata, tecta; peritheciis sparsis, subglobosis, subprominulis, mollibus, matrici semiimmersis, stromate piceo tectis, intus albidoaretis, astomis, tandem evacuatis pertusis, vel ostiolo brevi interdum longiusculo instructis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis octonis oblongis subbiseriatus, 1–(3?)–septatis. — Maculas sistis valde inæquaes 1–2 centimetra et ultra longas.

Hab. ad caules siccis Magydarios tomentosæ, Ferulæ, Fœniculi et Acanthi mollis in Algeria. — « *Sphæria picea* Pers. Icon. et descr. t. X, fig. 7–8 (in *Atropa Belladonna*) potius *D. Chailletii* spectat ».

145. **D. Euporthe nigrella** (Auersw.) Niessl Beitr. p. 51, Michel. II, 2497
p. 317, *Læptosphæria nigrella* Auersw. Myc. Eur. Pyr. tab. 12,

fig. 163, nec *Sphæria nigrella* Fries. — Caulicola; stromate late effuso, tenuissimo, ambiente, peridermum sordide purpureo-atrum vel violaceo-fuscum tingente, peritheciis gregariis, saepe seriatim dispositis, immersis, minutis, 300 μ . diam., globosis coriaceo-submembranaceis, fusco-atris, ostiolo elongato cylindraceo, saepe curvato, protuberante, 700 μ . longo; ascis oblongis, late rotundatis, subsessilibus, membrana interna apice incrassata, 8sporis, 32-46 \approx 6, sporidiis distichis rarius oblique monostichis, ample seu oblongo-fusiformibus utrinque acutiusculis saepe inaequilateralibus, hyalinis, 9-11 \approx 3-4, saepissime 3-guttatis.

Hab. in caulis exsiccatis *Eryngii campestris* in Styria et Gallia. — *Sph. nigrella* Fr. verisimiliter est *Leptosphaeria*, etsi maculâ quasi *Diaporthes* prædita sit.

146. **D. Euporthe tetraspora** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 250. — Peritheciis 2498 gregariis caule superficie tandem infuscato immersis, globulosis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., nigris ostiolis spinuliformibus, emergentibus, peritheciis diametrum subæquantibus; ascis tereti-clavulatis, 50-55 \approx 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ -8 $\frac{1}{2}$, apice rotundatis, 2-foveolatis, a paraphysatis, tetrasporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis ovato-oblongis, 14-16 \approx 5-5 $\frac{1}{2}$, subinæquilateralibus, 3-guttulatis, continuis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule emortuo *Eryngii amethystini*, in collibus prope Vittorio, Ital. bor. — A *Diap. nigrella* (Auersw.) differt sporidiis quaternis, ascis sporidiisque paulo amplioribus. Paraphyses veræ nullæ.

147. **D. Euporthe denigrata** Wint. in Kunze Fungi Sel. exs. n. 354 2499 et 355 (sine diagnosi). — Stromate plagas atras, sinuosas in caulis superficie hinc inde formante; peritheciis gregariis majusculis globosis, ligno immersis; ostiolis perforantibus et punctiformi-prominulis; linea nigra stromatica interiore vix ulla; ascis clavato-fusoides 46-50 \approx 5-7, octosporis; sporidiis distichis ovato-fusoideis, 8-10 \approx 3,6-4, uniseptatis, non v. vix constrictis, rectiusculis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis aridis Angelicæ et Dauci prope Zürich Helvetiæ.

148. **D. Euporthe Faberi** Kunze Fungi Sel. exs. n. 266 (sine diagnosi). 2500 — Stromate caules late ambiente, superficieque nigrificante; peritheciis laxiuscule gregariis globosis, ligno immersis, ostiolis epidermidem perforantibus, papillatoque prominulis; ascis clavato-fusoides, 40-45 \approx 7-8; sporidiis octonis distichis breve fusoideis, rectiusculis 9-10 \approx 3-3,5 tenuiter 1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttatis hyalinis.

Hab. ad caules aridos Laserpitii latifolii, sociis spermo-goniis, prope Freiburg Germaniæ.

149. **D. Euporthe inquilina** (Wallr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 272, *Sphaeria inquilina* Wallr. Crypt. p. 779. — Stromate plerumque effuso atque ambiente, caulis superficiem colore ex fusco sordide et opace nigricante tingente, intusque strato extimo, tenui, atrato, limitato; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. globoso-depressis, substrati strato extimo totis immersis, ordine inæquali sed plerumque laxe sparsis, membrana pertenui, ex fusco nigricante structis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis minimis, prominulis, conicis v. rarius abbreviatis, hemisphæricis, dein poro pro ratione latiusculo pertusis; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, $33-40 \approx 5-7$; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, $11-13 \approx 2-3$.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Heraclei Sphondylii in Germania, Britannia, Italia. — **D. uliginosa* Sacc. [*D. inquilina* Speg. Arg. IV, n. 153]; ascis $50-55 \approx 8-10$; sporidiis subellipticis, obtusis $14-15 \approx 2-5$, constricto-1-septatis. In caule Conii maculati in Argentina Amer. merid.

150. **D. Euporthe Eburensis** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 60. — Stromate late effuso, caulis superficiem nigrificante, zona nigra infra haud limitato; peritheciis dense gregariis, ligno immersis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., globulosis, ostiolis conoideis breve extantibus matricemque asperulam reddentibus; ascis fusoideis, $70 \approx 10-11$, apice lumine bifoveolato, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis curvulis, $15-16 \approx 4$, constricto-1-suptatis, raro spuriæ 3-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus Leucanthemi vulgaris, Julio, in regione Eburensi (*Eure*) Galliæ (MALBRANCHE). — A *Diap. Arctii* (Lasch) sporidiis majoribus et constrictis ostiolisque abbreviatis obtusis differt; a *D. immersa* Nits. et *D. orthocerate* sporidiis curvis, constrictis, paulo majoribus; a *D. linearis* (Nees) linea stromatica nulla, ostiolis brevibus etc.

151. **D. Euporthe grammodes** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphaeria grammodes* De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. II, p. 74, fig. IV. Herb. myc. n. 1940. — Peritheciis caule insculptis v. immersis, discretis v. contiguis, subseriatis, minutis, globoso-pyriformibus, in ostiolum erumpens, papillatum desinentibus; ascis subclavatis, $40 \approx 6,5$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis rectis, curvulisve 4-guttatis, hyalinis, $12-14 \approx 2,7-3$.

Hab. ad caules sicclos Artemisiæ vulgaris prope Milano, Ital. bor. — Stroma nullum manifestum.

152. **D. Euporthe orthoceras** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 270, Sacc. Myc. 2504

Ven. Spec. p. 142, t. XIV, f. 1-4, *Sphaeria orthoceras* Fr. Elench. II, p. 97, *Sphaeria Achilleæ* Auersw. Herb. Myc. n. 1448. — Stromate effuso, mox brevi, maculæformi, mox contra caules ambiente substrati superficiem tandem nigrificante, parte immersa linea nigra circumscripta; peritheciis minutis, subglobosis v. globoso-depressis, ordine vario sparsis, sæpiissime gregatim stipatis, ligno immersis, in collum breve abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis plus minus elongatis, basim versus conico-incrassatis, rectis v. curvatis, tunc sæpe secundis, hinc inde nodulosis; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, 36-50 = 6-8; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, plerumque rectis, bicellularibus, haud constrictis, quadriguttatis, hyalinis, 10-14 = 3-4. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis 8-10 = 2,5, 2-guttatis, basidiis 26 = 1, hamatis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Achilleæ, Lapsanæ, Cichorii, Senecionis, Verbesinæ, Asteris, Helianthi in Gallia, Germania, Italia, Britannia, Am. mer. et bor. — Forma *Helianthi* (Ital. bor.) fert ascos 50 = 10; sporidia 12 = 5, lenissime constricta.

153. **D. Euporthe trinucleata** Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 52, t. IV, fig. 26. 2505

Stromate maculiformi, plerumque elongato, caulum superficiem nigrificante, parte interiori a parenchymate vix diverso; peritheciis plus minusve stipatis, sæpe seriatis, ligni strato extimo immersis, depresso-globosis, rostratis, atris, duriusculis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. circa diam.; ostiolis e basi conoidea subcylindricis vertice conicis, peritheciorum diametrum æquantibus vel superantibus; ascis clavatis sessilibus 8-sporis 45-54 = 8-9; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, plerumque parum cuneatis, seu inferne paulum attenuatis, inæquilateralibus sæpe fere cymbiformibus, rarissime subrectis, utrinque obtusiusculis breve mucronatis, hyalinis, 3-nucleatis (2-septatis?) vix constrictis, 13-15 = 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in caulibus exsiccatis Eupatorii cannabini prope Gratz Styriæ.

154. **D. Euporthe pholeodes** (Mont.) Fuck. Symb. mycol. App. III, 2506

p. 24, *Sphaeria pholeodes* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 830 et Notice etc., in Ann., 2, I, p. 339, t. 12, fig. 4. — Immersa, linea nigra circumscripta; peritheciis globosis nigris in ligno caulis nidulantibus ostiolo brevi subconico in macula cinerea vix prominulo; ascis fusiformi-subclavatis; sporidiis cymbiformibus, 4-nucleatis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Bardanæ, Oly prope Sedan Galliæ (MONTAGNE), in caule Cirsii palustris prope Estrich Germaniæ (FUCKEL).

155. **D. Euporthe perexigua** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 10. — Stro-

mate hinc inde caulem breviter ambiente et lignum subdealbatum penetrante, nigrolimitato; peritheciis minutissimis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., atris, ligno omnino immersis, gregariis vel hinc inde crebrioribus, ostiolis cylindracēis, epidermidem non decoloratam perforantibus parumque excedentibus; ascis fusoideis 40–50 \approx 7–8, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis oblongis, 12 \approx 3–4, utrinque obtusiusculis, medio tandem leniter constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogoniis sub epidermide nidulantibus, atris, socio fungo ascophoro; spermatiis fusoideis, curvulis, deorsum attenuatis, 6–8 \approx 3, crassiuscule 2-guttatis, hyalinis, sterigmatibus filiformibus, usque 32 \approx 1, apice uncinatis suffultis.

Hab. in caulibus Carlinæ vulgaris in sylva Montello, Ital. bor. — Proxima *Diaporthi Arctii*, a qua differt stromate caulis superficiem non atroinquinante, ostiolis vix emergentibus punctiformibus, sporidiis rectis medio constrictis et crassioribus.

156. **D. Euporthe linearis** Nits. Pyr, Gerin. p. 277, *Sphæria linearis* 2508

Nees in Fr. S. M. II, p. 529. — Stromate latissime effuso, caulem sæpe longissime ambiente, stratoque nigricante interiore, usque ad medullam centralem descendente limitato, superficiem tantum inquinante, immo maculis tandem aterrimis aspergente; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. depressis, nunc sine ordine sparsis, nunc contra, et quidem sæpius, secundum ligni fibras tractu linearis dispositis, hinc inde arctius sociatis, ligno immersis corticisque strato tenui tectis, in collum breve abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis satis elongatis, cylindricis, basim versus conico-dilatatis, crassiusculis, rectis v. rarius obliquis, corticem singulatim perforantibus v. per rimulas communes erumpentibus; ascis oblongis v. anguste clavatis, octosporis, 45–60 \approx 7–9; sporidiis distichis v. rarius oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, quadriguttatis, bicellularibus, medio tandem parum constrictis, rectis vel curvulis, utrinque obtusiusculis, haud raro fere anisomeris, 12–14 \approx 3–4.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Solidaginis Virgaureæ in Germania, Austria et Belgio.

157. **D. Euporthe indica** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 391. — Stromate 2509 caules corticatos late ambiente atque parum infuscante, linea nigra per lignum flexuose excurrente limitato; peritheciis ligno infossis

globulosis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam; ostiolis corticem perforantibus, pa-
rumque excedentibus; ascis fusoideis, 45–50 \approx 8–9, aparaphysatis,
octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 14–15 \approx 4, utrinque obtu-
siusculis, constricto-1-septatis, 2–4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Tagetum hortensium, Conegliano,
Ital. bor. — Species *Diaporthi Arctii* (Lasch) Nits. affinis.

158. **D. Euporthe immersa** (Fuck.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 270, *Sphæ- 2510*
ria immersa Fuck. Fungi rhen. n. 1795. — Stromate latissime
effuso, caules ambiente eorumque superficiem colore ex cinereo
sordide atque opace fuscescente tingente intus undique nigrolimi-
tato; peritheciis minutissimis, globosis vel depressis, ligni strato
supremo totis immersis, laxe atque ordine subæquali vel fere li-
neari dispositis in collum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis plus minus
exsertis, punctiformibus, mox abbreviatis rotundatis, mox subco-
nicis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 50 \approx 8; sporidiis disti-
chis, raro oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, obtusiusculis, rectis,
hyalinis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, 10–12 \approx 3–4. — Spermogo-
nia phomatoidea; spermatiis 6–7 \approx 2–2,5; basidiis filiformi-arcua-
tis, 34 \approx 1.

Hab. in caulis Lappæ minoris emortuis in Germania.

159. **D. Euporthe Acus** (Blox.) Cooke Grevill. VII, p. 81, *Sphæria 2511*
Acus Blox in Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 325, t. 58, fig. 93. —
Peritheciis minutis subglobosis, depressis, tectis, ostiolis perforanti-
bus, emergentibus acicularibus; sporidiis distichis v. stipatis, an-
guste-cymbiformibus, 2–4 nucleatis, 7,5–10 μ . longis, dein 1-sep-
tatis vix constrictis.

Hab. in caule Lapparum in Britannia.

160. **D. Euporthe Arctii** (Lasch) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 268, *Sphæria 2512*
Arctii Lasch in Kl. Herb. mycol. n. 1046. — Stromate plus mi-
nus late effuso, sæpissime ambiente caulesque longe lateque in su-
perficie tandem nigrificante v. rarius peridermio cinerascente, immo
omnino non decolorato, ostiolis exasperato tecto, parte immersa
strato extimo, nigricante cincto; peritheciis exiguis ordine vario
sed in plerisque laxe sparsis, multo rarius hinc inde dense stipati-
s, globosis v. depressis, ligni substantiæ omnino immersis, in col-
lum tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis modo elongatis, te-
nuissime cylindricis v. basim versus paullo incrassatis, rectiusculis
v. sæpius, flexuosis v. secundis, modo abbreviatis, conicis, immo
hemisphæricis, punctiformibus, pertusis; ascis oblongis v. rarius
clavatis sessilibus, octosporis, plerumque 40–50 \approx 6–9; sporidiis sub-

distichis, fusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, inæquilateralibus v. parum curvatis, raro rectiusculis, bicellularibus, quadriguttulatis, haud constrictis, hyalinis, $10-14 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{3}$.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Lapparum, Cirsii, Cardui, Tanaci, Centaureæ, in Germania, Britannia, Italia, Amer. bor. — Teste Rehm paraphyses (genuinæ?) articulatæ 6 μ . cr. adsunt. — An species a præcedente diversa?

161. **D. Euporthe Phaceliæ** Cooke et Harkn. Grev. 1881, IX, p. 86. 2513

Sub-effusa, stromate sub cortice nigricante; peritheciis subglobosis immersis; ostiolis cylindricis elongatis, flexuosis; ascis clavatis sessilibus; sporidiis rectis sublanceolatis, 4-nucleatis, dein 1-septatis, 15 \approx 3.

Hab. in caule Phaceliæ, California Amer. bor.

162. **D. Euporthe adunca** (Desm.) Niessl in Kunze Exs. n. 134, *Sph.* 2514

adunca Rob. et Desm. XIX, Not. p. 14. — Sparsa, minutissima, macula purpurea vel nigricante insidens; peritheciis immersis tectis globosis, subnigris, mollibus albido-farctis; ostiolo erumpente cylindrico oblique arcuato vel apice incurvo longitudine peritheciorum; ascis subclavatis 50 μ . long.; sporidiis fusiformibus, saepius rectis 2-4-guttulatis, 12-15 \approx 3,5-4,5, hyalinis.

Hab. in scapis vetustis Plantaginis lanceolatae in Gallia, Germania et Italia.

163. **D. Euporthe demissa** Sacc., Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 9. — Stromate breviter hinc inde per lignum immutatum excurrente linea tortuosa nigra limitato, stratoque exteriori corticali v. ligneo tandem atro-inquinato, peritheciis ligno immersis subglobosis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ostiolo cylindraceo, brevi peridermum vix superante; ascis fusoideo-oblongis 50 \approx 8-9, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 12-14 $\approx 3\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{3}{4}$, utrinque rotundatis tenuiter 1-septatis, 3-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Clematidis Vitalbæ putrescentibus in sylva Montello, Treviso, Italia bor. — *D. crypticæ* Nits. affinis.

164. **D. Euporthe discors** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 60, *D. Romicis* Plowr. 2516

Grev. VII, p. 197 (sine diagnosi). — Stromate varie effuso interruptoque, caulis ruperficie nigrificante, linea nigra infra non limitato; peritheciis sparsis globulosis $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolis vix extantibus punctiformibus; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, 60-62 \approx 10-11, lumine apice 2-foveolato, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoides curvulis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 17-18 \approx 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Rumicis obtusifolii etc. in Gallia (BRUNAUD), Italia (PASSERINI), Britannia (PLOWRIGHT). — A *Diap. maculosa* Sacc. et Spieg. Michel. I, 383 probe diversa.

165. D. **Euporthe Euphorbiæ** Cooke Grev. III, p. 67. — Stromate plangulas elongatas determinatas piceas formante; peritheciis ligno immersis; ostiolis perforantibus cuticulamque leniter elevantibus; ascis subcylindricis 48–60 \approx 6–8; sporidiis fusoideis, quadriguttatis, hyalinis, 10–13 \approx 2,5–3,5.

Hab. in caule emortuo Euphorbiarum sylvaticarum, Darent Britanniæ, Treviso Ital. bor.

166. D. **Euporthe incrustans** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 267. — Stromate effuso, plagas magnitudine maxime varias, hinc inde ambientes, ambitu irregulares sistente, mox peridermio ostiolis innumeris perfosso, ceterum immutato velato, mox, peridermio v. rarius cortice etiam putredine destructo, nudato, matricemque nigrificante, immocrustulas formante aterrimas, sublæves nitidulas, intus vero nigro-limitato; peritheciis minutis, globosis, rarius depresso v. angulatis, ligni strato supremo, raro altius infossis dense sparsis, in collum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis elongatis, tenuissime cylindricis, nodulosis, sæpiissime fasciculatim erumpentibus, rectiusculis v. flexuosis, aterrимis, multo rarius abbreviatis, punctiformibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 50–64 \approx 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ –9; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, obtusiusculis, rectis v. rarius parum curvatis, subhyalinis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, 12–14 \approx 3. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis 5–7 \approx 2–2,5; basidiis 20 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulibus induratis putrescentibus Brassicæ oleraceæ in Westphalia et Rhenogovia.

167. D. **Euporthe minuscula** Sacc. et Spieg. Mich. I, p. 387. — Stromate longe et late caules decorticatos ambiente eosque superficie atro-inquinante; peritheciis globosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ligno infossis, ostiolo perforante breveque exerto; ascis fusoideis, 45 \approx 7–8, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis, constricto-1-septatis, 13–16 \approx 3–4, 4-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Campanulæ Trachelii putrescente, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — A *Diap. Tulasnei* Nits. ostioli breve exertis præcipue recedit.

168. D. **Euporthe muralis** Spieg. in Mich. I, p. 458. — Stromate calem late ambiente; peritheciis globosis, atris, ligno immutato immersis, discretis vel rarius subaggregatis, $\frac{1}{5}$ – $\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam., ostiolo

cylindraceo-conoideo, plus minusve exerto, nunc recto nunc oblique ornatis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, $40-50 \approx 8-10$, 8-sporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis oblongo-ellipsoideis, medio 1-septatis atque constrictis, utrinque obtusiuscule acuminatis, $15 \approx 4$, quadriguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis *Sedi albi*, Padova et S. reflexi, Belluno, Ital. bor.

169. **D. Euporthe neapolitana** Sacc. Mich. I, pag. 388. — Stromate ²⁵²¹

longe et late ramulos decorticatos ambiente et superficie atro-inquinante; peritheciis gregariis, ligno infossis, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ostiolis conico-cylindraceis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. longis, emergentibus, apice obtusiusculis; ascis fusoideis, deorsum acutioribus, $50-60 \approx 10-12$, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, medio constrictis, $12-15 \approx 3-4\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Mesembryanthemi acinacifolii* in collibus di Posilippo prope Neapolim, Ital. merid. (Com. A. MAGNAGUTI-RONDININI).

170. **D. Euporthe obsoleta** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 10. — Stro. ²⁵²²

mate late per caules ramulosque parum infuscatos excurrente intusque nigro-limitato; peritheciis discretis ligno infossis globosis, subdepressis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., fuscis; ostiolis cylindraceo-conoideis corticem perforantibus et plerumque, cortice disrupto, spinulose exertis; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis $50-60 \approx 10$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusoideis, $15-18 \approx 4-4\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque obtuse acuminatis, tandem constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule ramisque *Hyperici calycinii*, prope Treviso Ital. bor. (SACCARDO) et Shrewsbury Britanniæ (PHILLIPS). — *D. linearis* (Nees) Nits. affinis, sed peritheciis inordinatis et sporidiis majoribus satis distincta.

171. **D. Euporthe Vincæ** Cooke. Fungi Brit. II, n. 493. Grev. V, p. 63. ²⁵²³

— Peritheciis ligno immersis, maculasque definitas nigro-circumscriptas occupantibus; ostiolis papillatis, parce elongatis; ascis subclavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, 4-nucleatis, $20-22 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in caule *Vincæ*, Forden Britanniæ (VIZE).

172. **D. Euporthe Desmazierii** Niessl Beitr. pag. 53. *Sph. inquilina* ²⁵²⁴

Desm. Crypt. Fr. II, 1766 nec Wallr. *Diaporthe Labiatæ* Cooke Grevill. V, p. 63. — Peritheciis caule superficie rufesceni-nigriticato immersis, gregariis, globulosis; ostiolis longis spiniformibus erectis, basi subincrassatis; ascis clavatis, $40-50 \approx 6-7$, subsessili-

bus; sporidiis anguste fusoideis, uniseptatis 4nucleatis, subconstrictis, rectiusculis, $13-16 \pm 3$.

Hab. in caulis Prunellæ Caen Galliæ, Dinmore Britanniæ. — Var. *Melampyri*. In caule Melampyrorum in Austria et Italia.

173. **D. Euporthe salviæcola** C. et E. Grevill. V, p. 93. — Effusa vel 2525 sparsa; peritheciis globosis, matrici superficie denigratæ immersis; collo elongato facile diffracto; ascis clavatis; sporidiis anguste lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis, 15μ . long.

Hab. in caulis Salviæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

174. **D. Euporthe Tulasnei** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 274, ? *Rhytisma Urticæ* Tul. Carp. II, p. 64. — Stromate effuso, maculas ambitu et magnitudine maxime varias sed plerumque breviores, aterrimas in caulum superficie formante, intus mox decolorato et nigrolimitato; peritheciis exiguis, globosis v. globoso-depressis, ordine vario sed plerumque dense sparsis, stromati extimo totis immersis, sed sæpe nonnihil protuberantibus; ostiolis minutissimis vix prominulis, punctiformibus, rarius magis exsertis, conicis v. cylindricis; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, $46-53 \pm 6-7$; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio nonnumquam constrictis, subhyalinis, $10-14 \pm 3$.

Hab. in caulis Lamii Orvalæ, Urticæ dioicæ, Hesperidis matronalis, Aristolochiæ, Solani tuberosi, Chenopodii albi, Verbasci, Medicaginis, Mentæ in Gallia, Germania et Italia.

175. **D. Euporthe canina** Sacc. — Stromate hinc inde maculiformi 2527 ligni superficiem atroinquinante; peritheciis gregariis ligno dealbato immersis, ostiolis vix emergentibus, punctiformibus; ascis fusoideis, subsessilibus, 60 ± 10 lumine apice 2-foveolato; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis oblongo-fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttatis, 15 ± 4 , hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis crassioribus Scrophulariæ caninæ, Vittorio Ital. bor. — Paraffinis *D. Tulasnei*, a quæ ascis sporidiisque paulo majoribus differre videtur.

176. **D. Euporthe semiinsculpta** Sacc. *Sphæria semiimmersa* B. et 2528 C. North Amer. Fungi n. 932 (nec Nits.). — Deorsum immersa, sursum subcylindrica; sporidiis tereti-oblongis, curvis, quadrinucleatis, 15μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis herbaceis, Connecticut (C. WRIGHT).

177. **D. Euporthe pratensis** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 389. — Stroma. 2529

te caules corticatos v. decorticatos late ambiente et atroinquinante; peritheciis ligno immersis, globulosis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., laxe gregariis, ostiolis cylindraceis, nunc vix, nunc breve emergentibus; ascis clavato-fusoideis, apice obtusioribus, $35-40 \approx 6\frac{1}{2}-7\frac{1}{2}$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, ova-to-oblongis, $14-15 \approx 3-4$, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis languidis Medicaginis lupulinæ, Conegliano, Ital. bor.

178. **D. Euporthe Winteri** J. Kunze F. sel. exs. n. 356 (absque diagnosis). 2530

— Stromate caules late ambiente corticisque superficiem denique nigrificante; peritheciis gregariis ligno subimmutato infossis, globulosis, ostiolis cylindraceis peridermum perforantibus spinuloseque prominentibus; ascis fusoideo-clavatis subsessilibus, (spurie?) paraphysatis, $42-46 \approx 7-9$, octosporis; sporidiis distichis breve fusoides, rectiusculis, $10 \approx 3,5$, tenuiter 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad caules emortuos Ononidis repentis pr. Zürich Helvetiæ (WINTER).

179. **D. Euporthe Chailletii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 276 *Sphaeria spicu-* 2531

losa β *Belladonnæ* Fr. El. II, p. 75. — Stromate plus minus late effuso, maculas in caulum superficie efformante irregulares, ex fusco tandem aterrimas, nitidulas, ostiolis minimis vix exasperatas, intus strato extimo nigricante undique limitato; peritheciis exiguis plerumque laxe sparsis, subglobosis v. depresso, ligno omnino et pro ratione alte immersis, in collum breve ac tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis punctiformibus, in plerisque vix prominulis, rarius parum exertis, conicis; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, $42 \approx 6$; sporidiis distichis, anguste fusiformibus, rectis, utrinque acutiusculis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, $12-13 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}-3$.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Atropæ Belladonnæ in Germania, Britannia, Helvetia. — Var. *Mollerii*: sporidiis in processum hyalinum utrinque abeuntibus. In caulis Dipsaci sylv. pr. Coimbra Lusitaniæ. Cfr. Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lus. n. 285.

180. **D. Euporthe Dulcamaræ** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 250, *Sphaeria spi-* 2532

culosa var. Mont. — Stromate latissime effuso, matrix caules surculosos, exsiccatos ambiens eorumque corticem sensim relaxando tandem discutiente, ligni subpositi superficiem vero longe lateque colore ex fuscescente nigricante tingente, parte immersa ni-

grolimitata; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. a vertice depresso, immo subhemisphæricis, ligni strato extimo infossis, plerumque laxe ac sine ordine sparsis, subinde protuberantibus, in collum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis parum elongatis e basi conico-dilatatis, cylindricis, pro ratione crassiusculis, primo corticem perforantibus eumque paullo v. vix superantibus, deinde, stromate nudato liberis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, $60-80 \approx 10-12$; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, obtusiusculis, bicellularibus, haud constrictis v. rarius parum torulosis, hyalinis, $15-18 \approx 3,5-5$.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Solani Dulcamaræ in Germania, Britannia, Italia, Gallia.

181. **D. Euporthe pampeana** Speg. Fung. Arg. Pug. IV, n. 155. — 2533

Maculis stromaticis versiformibus ac sæpius latiusculis, subdeterminatis, atris, caules ambientibus, linea per lignum excurrente ac limitante nulla; peritheciis ligno immutato immersis globosis, $200-250 \mu$. diam., tenui-membranaceis, in ostiolum subcarbonaceum superficiem stromatis attingens non v. vix exertum productis, contextu parenchymatico, fuligineo-olivaceo; ascis fusoideis, sursum obtusiuscule rotundatis, deorsum attenuato-subacuminatis, $50 \approx 7-8$, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceo-ellipticis, utrinque subtruncato-rotundatis, $12-14 \approx 3$, medio 1-septato-constrictis, majuscule 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis dejectis putrescentibus Solani glauci in uliginosis prope la Estancia de la Paciencia, Tuyù, Amer. Austr.

182. **D. Euporthe aculeata** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (concrecentes) 2534

aculeata Schw. Syn. Am. bor. n. 1287. *D. Berkeleyi* et *D. spiculosæ* var. Auct. — Longissime, indeterminate effusa, crusta tenui nigra, primum epidermide tenerima tecta dein orbata; peritheciis omnino ligno caulino imo immersis, depresso-globosis, atris, sparsis; ostiolis longissimis, teretibus sursum subincrassatis demum decumbentibus ac diffractis; fructificatione generis.

Hab. frequentissime in caulis emortuis maximarum herbarum præsertim Phytolaccæ, Bethlehem et Salem Amer. bor. — Valde affinis *D. spiculosæ*.

183. **D. Euporthe eupspina** C. et E. New Jersey Fungi in Grevill. V, 2535

p. 93. — Effusa, in matrice superficie nigrificata immersa; collo elongato; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis, quadri-nucleatis, $18 \approx 3$.

Hab. in caule Chenopodiæ, New Jersey Americæ borealis. — Affinis *D. spiculosæ*.

184. **D. Euporthe intermedia** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 9. — Stro-

mate caulem late ambiente per lignum sæpe infusatum profunde excurrente, linea nigra stratoque ligni extimo atroquinato circumscripto, cortice permanente, immutato v. leniter infuscato; peritheciis globosis atris, ligno immersis, discretis, rarius subaggregatis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolis cylindraceo-conoideis epidermidem longiuscule, ut plurimum, superantibus, nunc rectis nunc subobliquis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, $50 \approx 6$, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, $12-14 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}-4$, medio denique constrictis, utrinque obtusiuscule acuminatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogoniis sphæroideis rugulosis inter corticem lignumque nidulantibus, aterrimis, nucleo fusco fœtis; spermatiis breve fusoideis utrinque acutis, $6 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$, crasse 2-guttatis, sterigmatibus filiformibus, hamatis, $20 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}$, suffultis.

Hab. in caulis Saponariæ officinalis pr. Treviso Italiæ bor. — Ambigit inter *D. immersam* et *D. orthoceras* sed *immersæ* affinior, a qua peritheciis inorditate dispositis, ostiolisque longioribus differt.

185. **D. Euporthe ambiens** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 38. — Stro-

tibus plerumque ad caulum internodia late effusis et caules sæpe totos occupantibus, indeterminatis, rarius linea nigra determinatis, nigris; peritheciis spermatiiferis in stromate nidulantibus, majusculis, tectis, tuberculiformibus, atris, ostiolis papillatis, epidermidem perforantibus; spermatiis oblongis hyalinis, biguttulatis, $8-10 \approx 4$; peritheciis ascigeris nondum inventis.

Hab. in caulis siccis Cerestii trivialis, rarius prope Estrich Rhenogov. — Probabile, præeunte ipso Fuckelio, quod *Euryachora ambiens* (Lib.) Fuck. nonnisi stroma hujus sterile sistat.

C) In *Monocotyledoneis* et *Acolytedoneis*.186. **D. Euporthe gloriosa** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 390. — Stromate

foliorum superficie placulas oblongas vel irregulares, parvas, atro-nitentes hinc inde afficiente; peritheciis parenchymate infossis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., globosis, ostiolo acutiusculo parum excedente; ascis clavato-fusoideis $50 \approx 8-10$, apice lumine bi-foveolato, a paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis rectiusculis, oblongo-fusoideis, $12-15 \approx 3-4$, medio constrictis, obsoleteque septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in foliis languidis *Yuccæ gloriosæ*, Conegliano Italiæ borealis, rarius.

187. **D. Euporthe asphodelea** Sacc. Mich. II. p. 59. — Stromate ef- 2539
fuso caulis superficiem nigrificante, zona nigra infralimitato; pe-
ritheciis immerso-prominulis, sparsis lenticularibus $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam.,
ostiolis punctiformibus; ascis clavulatis, subsessilibus, 70–80 \approx 8,
apice lumine bifoveolato, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis di-
stichis breve fusoideis, curvulis, 14–15 \approx 4–5, 1-septatis, vix con-
strictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, utrinque obtusiusculis.

Hab. in caule *Asphodeli* pr. Rouen Galliæ (LETENDRE). —

A *D. Asparagi* (Fuck.) Nits. certe diversa.

188. **D. Euporthe scandens** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 389, *D. Tami* 5540
Sp. in M. Univ. n. 1657. — Stromate caules arcte corticatos late
ambiente, superficiemque nitide nigrificante; peritheciis ligno intus
dealbato lineolaque nigra circumscripto infossis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{1}{3}$
mill. diam., ostiolis cylindraceis, rostellatis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. extantibus;
ascis fusoideo-clavatis, 40–50 \approx 6–6 $\frac{1}{2}$, sessilibus, aparaphysatis,
octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis oblongo-fuso-
ideis utrinque obtusiusculis, constricto-1-septatati, 4-guttulatis,
hyalinis.

Hab. in sarmentis *Tami communis* putrescentibus Colfosco,
Italiæ borealis, prope Coimbra Lusitaniæ.

189. **D. Euporthe pantherina** (Berk.) Cooke Grev. VII, p. 82. *Sphæ- 2541*
ria pantherina Berk. in Cooke Handb. n. 2689. — Maculis stro-
maticis subellipticis, linea flexuosa nigra circumscriptis; perithe-
ciis immersis, ostiolo longicilli, prominente; ascis lanceolatis; spo-
ridiis oblongo-fusoideis, 2–4-nucleatis. — Spermatia fusoidea, an-
gusta, 20 μ . longa.

Hab. in stipitibus *Pteridis aquilinæ* in Britannia. — Li-
nea stromatica lignum quoque penetrat.

190. **D. Euporthe pachystoma** (Lév.) Sacc. *Sphæria (conferta) pa- 2542*
chystoma Lév. Ann. Scienc. nat. 3, 1845, p. 51. — Innata, glo-
bosa vel elongata confluens inæquabilis nigra; peritheciis promi-
nulis elongatis intus albis, stromate nigro immersis, ostiolis cras-
sis elongatis rostratis; ascis teretibus; sporidiis ellipticis submo-
nostichis hyalinis, continuis (?).

Hab. in Peruvia, ad caules *Lycopodii flabellati* (PŒPPIG).

III. *Tetrastaga* Nits.: peritheciis gregariis, cortice immutato vel denuque atro-maculato immersis, intus sæpius linea nigra limitatis. (Etym. *tetra*, quatuor et *stagōn*, gutta, ob sporidia sæpissime 4-guttata).

A) *Arboricolæ et fruticicolæ.*

191. **D. Tetrastaga rūdis** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 282, *Sphæria* 2543
rūdis Fr. Eleuch. II, p. 98, *Aglaospora rūdis* Tul. Carp. II, p. 165, *Hercospora rūdis* Auersw. — Stromate nunc late effuso, ramos ramulosque ambiente, nunc contra et quidem sæpius brevi, maculas sistente orbiculares, ovales v. irregulares, approximatas v. confluentes; ligni corticisque substantia vix tandem expallescente nigrolimitata, corticisque interioris superficie tandem sordide nigricante v. lineata; peritheciis globosis. cortici interiori plus minus alte immersis, ordine vario sparsis, collo ostioloque tenui, cylindrico breviterque exerto instructis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, basi breviter attenuatis, octosporis, $62-70 \approx 8$; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, plerumque obtusiusculis, rectis v. parum curvatis, hyalinis, medio parum constrictis v. torosis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, $14-16 \approx 4$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis $6-7 \approx 2$, biguttatis; basidiis hamatis, $21-30 \approx 1,3$.

Hab. in ramis *Cytisi Laburni* et *C. nigricantis* emortuis in Germania, Italia, Gallia.

192. **D. Tetrastaga ligulata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 291. — Stromate 2544 effuso, ambitu et magnitudine maxime vario sed plerumque brevi, substrato toto immerso, strato nigricante, in lignum alte descendente undique circumscripto; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. parum depresso, corticis strato infimo v. ligno supposito ipso impositis, ordine valde inæquali sed plerumque laxe sparsis, hinc inde tamen densius congestis, tunc sæpe tractu linearis dispositis, in collum brevissimum v. parum elongatum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis in pluris longissime exsertis, tenuissimis, cylindricis v. sæpius a latere compressis, ligulatis, flexuosis v. secundis, raro abbreviatis, corticem perforatum parum tantum superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. fusiformibus, octosporis, $60 \approx 9-10$; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis v. inæquilateralibus, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttatis, medio parum constrictis, hyalinis v. pallide lutescentibus, $12-13 \approx 4$.

Hab. in ramis *Ulicis europæi* prope Münster Germaniæ et prope Saintes Galliæ (BRUNAUD). — Forma gallica dignoscitur:

ostiolis parum exertis; ascis fusoideis $60 \approx 8$; sporidiis oblongo-biconicis, $10-11 \approx 3-3\frac{1}{2}$, medio constrictis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

193. **D. Tetrastaga Sarothamni** (Auerswd.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 303, 2545

Valsaria Sarothamni Auersw. in litt. — Stromate rarius late effuso ramulosque ambiente, sæpius contra brevi, maculæformi, immo brevissimo valsæformi, quoad immersum, ligni materiam pallidam reddente, nigro-limitato; corticis parenchymate, dein nigrescente ac crustulas efformante induratas, aterrimas; peritheciis magnis, e globoso plus minus depresso, cortici intimo, immo basi ligno, supposito infossis, ordine mox subæquali, mox vario ordinatis, in collum breve constrictis; ostiolis crassiusculis, abbreviatis, parum v. vix exsertis; ascis subcylindricis v. anguste oblongis, octosporis, $60-69 \approx 7-8$; sporidiis distichis v. rarius submonostichis, fusiformibus utrinque acutis, rectis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio haud constrictis, subhyalinis, $14-15 \approx 3-5$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis $8-12 \approx 2$; basidiis $30 \approx 1$, hamatis.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Sarothamni scoparii* in Germania, Britannia, Gallia. — *Sphæria tetragona* Duby et *Sph. interrupta* Mont. huc forte spectant ex Nitschke. Verisimiliter huc quoque referenda *Sph. operta* Quel. Jura p. 507, nec *Sph. (circinata) operta* Kunze M. Heft. I, 61; quæ (sporidiis oblongo-acutis, fuscis) forte *Anthostoma*.

194. **D. Tetrastaga inæqualis** (Curr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 285, Sacc. 2546

Myc. Ven. p. 140, t. XIII, fig. 76-78, *Sphæria inæqualis* Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 270, fig. 79, *Sph. Fuckelii* Duby in Fuck. Fungi rhen. n. 919, *Melanconis Castri-Labatii* Speg. Dec. myc. n. 90. — Stromate effuso, ambitu et magnitudine vario, mox ramos ramulosque longe ambiente, mox brevissimo ac peritheciis coalescentibus valseo simillimo; strato extimo nigricante v. in ligni superficiem tantum v. etiam in lignum ipsum descendente; peridermio haud decolorato; peritheciis majusculis, globosis v. sæpius depresso (basi applanatis), vel angulosis, nunc ordine fere æquali sparsis, nunc 2-15 densius aggregatis, immo omnino, stromatis more valsei, coalitis, in cortice infimo nidulantibus, peridermio corticeque substrati vetustate delapso, denique tamquam liberis, lignoque nigrefacto insidentibus; ostiolis crassiusculis, cylindricis, basim versus conico-dilatatis, plus minus elongatis et exsertis, rectis v. inflexis, peritheciis coalitis fasciculatim erumpentibus; ascis cylindricis, in pedicellum breve basi attenuatis, octosporis,

70–100 = 8–11; sporidiis plus minus oblique monostichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusis v. rotundatis, bicellularibus, biguttatis, medio tandem parum constrictis, rectis v. rarius inæquilateralibus, subhyalinis, 14–18 = 7–10. — Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis basidiis 21–27 = 2, curvulis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Sarothamni, Cytisi, Genistæ, Ulicis in Germania, Britannia, Gallia, Italia. — Quoad sporidia, *D. fibrosæ* analoga.

195. **D. Tetrastaga Dorycnii** (Mont.) Sacc., *Sphæria Dorycnii* Mont. 2547

Pl. Cell. Cent. IX, p. 11. — Sparsa, ramulicola; peritheciis globoso-depressis minimis, epidermide atrata tectis, intus gelatina grisea farctis, ostiolo obsoleto; ascis cylindrico-clavatis octosporis, 80–100 = 10; sporidiis hyalinis oblongis, 13–14 = 5, 2–4-nucleatis.

Hab. ad ramulos sicclos Dorycnii suffruticosi in montibus Saint-Cyr dictis prope Massiliam Galliæ.

196. **D. Tetrastaga dorycnea** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 75, t. I. f. 2. 2548

— Peritheciis nunc acervulos punctiformes vel lineares efformantibus, globosis, flaccidis, atris, in corticis parenchymate nigrificato nidulantibus; ostiolis brevibus, crassis, epidermide ruptâ cinctis; ascis lanceolatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 60–70 = 14–16; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongis, hyalinis, medio constrictulis, subtiliter 1-septatis, loculis binis 1-magniguttatis, 15–27 = 4–6.

Hab. ad ramos emortuos Dorycinii suffruticosi, Vaucluse Galliæ. — Verisimiliter non satis diversa a præcedente.

197. **D. Tetrastaga seposita** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 7. — Stro- 2549

mate ramos late ambiente per lignum immutatum tortuose et profunde excurrente, nigrolimitato; peritheciis discretis, globosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., in cortice interiore immutato nidulantibus et fibris corticalibus sæpe velatis, nucleo fuscescente fœtis, ostiolis brevibus, cylindraceo-conoideis, obtusis, epidermidem non decoloratam et leviter pustulatim elevatam vix perforantibus; ascis oblongo-fusoides 16–18 = 5–6, utrinque obtuse acuminatis, constricto-tenuiter 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis. — Spermogoniis globoso-depressis in cortice exteriore nidulantibus, pulpa atra fœtis; sprematiis ellipsoideo-oblongis, 22 = 1, hamatis fultis.

Hab. in ramis Wisteriæ sinensis Padova Ital. bor. et in Gallia merid. — *D. resecanti* Nits. affinis, differt præcipue peritheciis majoribus et sprematiis minoribus.

198. **D. Tetrastaga Sophoræ** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. V, 202 et Mich. 2550
1, p. 384. — Stromate ramos corticatos late ambiente colore que

nigro et cinereo inficiente; linea nigra intra lignum excurrente limitato; peritheciis gregariis, globulosis $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., cortice nidulantibus, ostiolis peridermum parum excedentibus obtusiusculis; ascis fusoideis, 50–60 = 8–10, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusoideis, 12–15 = 5–6, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis. — *Spermogonium* sistit *Phomam Sophoræ* Sacc.

Hab. in ramulis *Sophoræ japonicæ*, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — Status spermogonicus hujus speciei adest in Rabh. F. E. sub n. 2017 tamquam *Sphaeriæ controversæ* Desm. pertinens; sed hæc species, ut monuit cl. Nits., collectiva est ejusque forma primaria servanda est *Diap. controversa* (Desm. p. p.) Nits. in *Fraxino excelsiore*. Cfr. Fuck. Symb. App. I. 31.

199. **D. Tetrastaga occidentalis** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 384. — 2551

Stromate ramos corticatos late ambiente et parum infuscante intra lignum linea nigra flexuosa limitato; peritheciis gregariis globulosis cortice nidulantibus v. ligno basi infossis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. et ultra d., ostiolis longiusculis, flexuosis, peridermum excedentibus; ascis clavato-fusoideis, 45–55 = 7–8, aparaphysatis octosporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, 12–14 = 3–4, ovato-oblongis, medio conspicue constrictis, septatisque, utrinque obtusiusculis 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Gleditschiæ Triacanthi*, Conegliano, Ital. bor.

200. **D. Tetrastaga mendax** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 9, *D. fasciculata* forma in *Albizzia* Sacc. Myc. Ven. p. 140. — Stromate ramos late ambiente per lignum leniter infuscatum v. immutatum, sinuose excurrente, nigrolimitato; peritheciis in cortice nidulantibus, discretis, globoso-depressiusculis, $\frac{1}{2}$ – $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolis brevibus, cylindraceis, epidermidem subimmutatam vix superantibus; ascis fusoideis, 60 = 8, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 12–15 = 5, saepe inæquilateralibus, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis loculis quandoque secedentibus.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Albizziae Julibrissin*, Padova Ital. bor. — *Diaporthi Ryckholtii* (West.) Nits. affinis.

201. **D. Tetrastaga disseminata** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 61. — Stromate effuso obsoleto, linea nigra nulla circumscripta; peritheciis subcuteaneis lignoque partim infossis, sparsis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. d., ostiolis vix extantibus; ascis cylindraceo-fusoideis, 80–90 = 12–14, apice lumine 2-foveolato, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis biconi-

co-fusoideis utrinque obtusiusculis 15–20 = 5–6, constrictis, 4-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Ailanthi glandulosæ* prope Saines Galliæ (BRUNAUD). — A *Diap. Ailanthi* Sacc. stromate haud valseo, ascis sporidiisque majoribus satis superque recedit.

202. **D. Tetrastaga compressa** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 8. — 2554

Stromate petiolos præcipue vero eorum basim incrassatam late ambiente, usque ad medullam penetrante, linea nigra corticeque atroinquinato limitato; peritheciis globoso-depressis, discretis, in cortice nidulantibus, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. latis, atris, ostiolis brevissimis peridermum vix perforantibus, sed hinc inde leviter elevantibus; ascis fusoideo-oblongis, 50–55 = 6–7, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, cylindraceo-fusoideis, 15 = $3\frac{1}{2}$ –4, utrinque obtusiusculis rectis v. saepius curvulis, medio constrictis, tenuiter 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in petiolis putrescentibus *Ailanthi glandulosæ*, Selva, Treviso, Ital. bor. — Teste cl. Spegazzini eadem species occurrit in petiolis Meliæ Azedarach prope Buenos-Aires Amer. meridionalis.

203. **D. Tetrastaga Wibbei** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 305. — Stromate in 2555

plerisque latissime effuso, ramos ramulosque ambiente, toto immerso, nigro-limitato, peridermio haud decolorato arcteque adhaerente obducto; peritheciis majusculis e globoso mox vehementer depressis v. basi tantum applanatis, cortice interiore excepta, vertice plus minus protuberante peridermio pustulato-elevato vestitis, ordine haud conspicuo sparsis, saepè gregatim stipatis v. 2–4 Valsarum in modum arcte aggregatis, collo brevissimo et ostiolo per peridermii poros v. rimulas exiguae rumpente sed vix extante instructis; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis, 52–60 = 8; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, anguste fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis fere cylindricis, rectis, subhyalinis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio haud constrictis, 17–18 = 3.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Myricæ Gales* in Germania et Britannia.

204. **D. Tetrastaga Aubertii** (West.) Lamb. Fl. myc. Belg. II, p. 283, 2556

Sphæria Aubertii West. in Bull. Acad. Belg. Ser. II, t. VII, n. 5.

— Peritheciis minutis, sphæricis, membranaceis, fusco-nigricantibus, 2–5 aggregatis, cortice immersis; ostiolis perforantibus, solitariis v. fasciculatis, breviusculis; ascis fusoideis, minutis, apophysatis; sporidiis distichis, ovoideo-oblongis, 1–septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in truncis emortuis Myricæ Gales prope Béverloo Belgii (TOSQUINET). — Probabiliter non diversa a præcedente.

205. **D. Tetrastaga rostellata** (Fr.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 298. *Sphæria rostellata* Fr. S. M. II, p. 476. *Sph. Rubi* Mart. Erl. p. 487.

— Stromate latissime effuso, ambiente, Ruborum sarmenta haud raro per longitudinem integra infestante atque peritheciorum ostiolis exsertis setulosa reddente, omnino innato ac substrati massa ipsa, specie saltem nequaquam mutata formato; peritheciis peregrinibus, globosis v. plus minus depresso-hemisphæricis, corticis interioris strato extimo infossis, ordine subæquali, denseque sparsis, in collum brevissimum, tenue subito angustatis; ostiolis conicis, brevibus v. rarius e basi conico-incrassata sensim attenuatis, cylindricis, longiusculis tenuissimis, rectis, in plerisque autem peridermum perforatum haud decoloratum, cortici interiori arctissime adhærens parum tantum superantibus; ascis anguste oblongis rarius clavatis octosporis, 45–55 = 6–7; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, curvulis, 13–15 = 3½–4, medio non v. lenissime constrictis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis, utrinque setulâ obliquâ 5–6 μ . longâ auctis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi fruticosi, R. cæsii, R. villosi, R. idæi in Suecia, Germania, Britannia, Belgio, Italia, Gallia, America boreali.

206. **D. Tetrastaga gallophila** Ellis Bull. Torr. Cl. 1881 pag. 90. — 2558

Dense gregaria; peritheciis subcutaneis, depresso-hemisphæricis, 200–250 μ . diam., rugulosis; ostiolis cylindricis obtusis, asperulis, 150–200 μ . longis; ascis octosporis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-fusoideis, hyalinis, 2–4-nucleatis, constrictis, leniter curvis, 14–18 μ . longis, initio utrinque tenuiter appendiculatis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi villosi prope Newfield New Jersey Amer. sept. — Sarmenta fungillo invasa, ob ostiola nigro-velutina apparent.

207. **D. Tetrastaga vepris** (De Lacr.) Fuck. et Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 2559

300. *Sphæria vepris* De Lacr. in Rabh. F. Eur. n. 443. *Sph. rostellata* f. *minor* Desm. Crypt. exs. n. 783. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, ambiente substrato toto immerso ejusque substantiam extus intusque specie nullo modo mutante; peritheciis cortici interiori infossis v. sub peridermio tandem liberis, ordine fere æquали sparsis, minutissimis, e globoso mox valde depresso-hemisphærico, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis minimis, punctiformibus, peridermum perforatum, ceterum arcte adhærens vix superantibus; ascis subcylindricis, basim versus sensim attenuatis octosporis.

ris, 44–48 = 5–7; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis, anguste fusiformibus, subcylindricis, rectis, hyalinis v. pallide luteolis, quadriguttatis deinde bicellularibus, 7–8 = 2. — Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis 6 = 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, fusoideis biguttatis, brevissime stipitellatis.

Hab. in sarmentis Rubi fruticosi in Germania, Gallia, Britannia, Italia. — *Var. appendiculata* Rehm; sporidiis 19 = 2,5, setulâ 3–4 μ . longâ utrinque auctis. *Ibidem.*

208. **D. Tetrastaga insignis** Fuck. *Symb. Myc. App. II.* pag. 36. — 2560

Stromatibus sub corticis epidermide effusis, ambitu parenchymate que interiori linea nigra distincta circumscriptis, maculas nigras seu fusco-nigras, repandas, sæpe confluentes et tota sarmenta fere occupantes formantibus; spermogoniis in stromatibus junioribus sparsis, pustulæformibus, integris, demum vertice perforatis, albescientibus; spermatiis oblongis, utrinque obtusis, 3guttulatis, hyalinis, 8–10 = 4; peritheciis ascigeris in stromate corticis parenchymatis interioris nidulantibus, totis immersis, sparsis, globosis, majusculis, nigris, ostiolis prominulis, nigris, plerumque brevibus, conicis, raro magis elongatis, cylindraceis, gracilibus; ascis elongatis; 8sporis, 48 = 8; sporidiis distichis, lato-fusiformibus, parum curvatis, utrinque subobtusis, 4guttulatis, medio non constrictis, hyalinis, 12 = 3,5.

Hab. in cortice sarmentorum Rubi fruticosi et R. idæi in Germania (Fuck.), Gallia (FABRE) et Italia bor. (SPEGAZZINI).

209. **D. Tetrastaga Zaviana** Sacc. *Myc. Verf. Spec. p. 139, t. XIV,* 2561

fig. 5–7. — Stromate late extenso e corticis substantia non mutata formato neque linea nigra limitato; peritheciis sparsis v. subaggregatis, cortice nidulantibus lignoque adnatis, minutissimis, diam. $\frac{1}{7}$ mill. circ., sphæroideis, subdepressis, atris, ostiolis brevissimis epidermidem parum sublevatam vix excedentibus; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 26–30 = 7–8, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis pro genere minimis, 6 = 3–3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oblongo-ellipsoideis, medio non constrictis, hyalinis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum exsiccatorum Rubi fruticosi prope Montegrotto Euganeorum pr. Padova Ital. bor. (G. B. ZAVA). — Cum Diaporthe vepris et D. rostellata, quibuscum hæc species communem habet matricem, ob sporidiorum fabricam diversissimam ne comparanda quidem.

210. **D. Tetrastaga Lirella** (Mong. et Nest.) Fuck. *Symb. myc. pag.* 2562

206. Sphæria Lirella Moug. et Nest. in Fr. El. II, p. 105. *Gno-*

monia Lirella (Moug. et Nestl.) Auersw. Syn. Pyr. p. 22, t. 5, f. 61 et t. 10, f. 141. — Peritheciis sparsis vel subseriatis, epidermide atrata tectis eique detractæ adhærentibus, depresso-sphæroides, basi cupulæ instar collapsis, ostiolis verticalibus papilliformibus, epidermidem non perforantibus, nigris, latit. circiter 250 μ ; ascis creberrimis clavatis in pedicellum acutum attenuatis, 38-48 \approx 7 octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideo-elongatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 2.

Hab. ad caules Spirææ Ulmariae exsiccatos in Fennia, Britannia, Gallia, Germania, Belgio, et Kamschatka.

211. **D. Tetrastaga incarcerateda** (B. et Br.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 297, 2563

Diatrype incarcerateda B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 842. — Stromate plerumque late effuso, sæpe ambiente, rarius brevi, maculæformi, omnino immerso, strato extimo, tenui, nigricante, peridermio arctissime adhærente obducto v. rarius tandem ex parte nudato; peritheciis ordine valde inæquali sparsis, corticis interioris parenchymati totis innatis, minutis, e globoso depressis, in collum tenue, breve constrictis; ostiolis in plerisque abbreviatis, peridermum perforatum v. fissum parum tantum superantibus, rarius elongatis, cylindricis vel nodulosis, flexuosis; ascis oblongis vel subcylindricis, basim versus sensim ac longiuscule attenuatis, membrana crassiuscula structis, octosporis, 69-75 \approx 0-10; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, oblongis v. subcylindricis, rectis, utrinque obtusiusculis, immo rotundatis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio plerumque haud constrictis, hyalinis, 15-18 \approx 4-5. — Spermogonia phomatoidea minima: spermatiis 7 \approx 2, biguttatis; basidiis 24-30 \approx 7 curvulis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Rosæ caninæ in Britannia, Gallia, Germania.

212. **D. Tetrastaga Murrayi** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Sphæria Murrayi* B. 2564 et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 934. — Peritheciis epidermide tectis prominulis; ascis lanceolatis; sporidiis oblongis centro constrictis quadrinucleatis, dein 1-septatis.

Hab. in ramis Pyri Mali, New England, Amer. bor. (MURRAY). — Perithecia subinde supra albido-pilosula, an e mucidine heterogenea?

213. **D. Tetrastaga ambigua** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 311. — Stromate 2565 ambitu et magnitudine maxime vario, mox ramos longe ambiente, mox brevissimo, cortici lignoque supposito omnino immerso, nigro-limitato, peridermio haud decolorato, facile solubili, cribrose per-

forato velato; peritheciis majusculis, globosis, rarius parum depresso, rarissime mutua pressione angulatis, cortici interiori plus minus alte immersis, immo passim ligno supposito infossis, ordine vario sparsis, haud raro acervatim densissimeque stipatis, collo brevi instructis; ostiolis plerumque abbreviatis, peridermum perforatum vix superantibus, rarius contra elongatis, sub peridermio relaxato in corticis interioris superficie nigrefacta decumbentibus, flexuosis, cylindricis v. basim versus sensim incrassatis; ascis anguste oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, $60 \pm 8-10$; sporidiis subdistichis, anguste fusiformibus, utrinque acutis, hyalinis, rectis, bicellularibus, medio haud constrictis, $15 \pm 3,5-4$.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Pyri communis in Germania et Italia boreali.

214. **D. Tetrastaga Radula** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 313. — Stromate ²⁵⁶⁶ plerumque brevi effuso, maculæformi, toto immerso, strato nigricante cincto, peridermio arcte adhærente, peritheciis parum exstantibus pustulatim elevato, denseque cribrosequè perforato tecto; peritheciis exiguis e globoso depressis v. basi applanatis, semiglobosis, in corticis parenchymate nidulantibus, ordine vario sed plerumque densissime sparsis, collo brevissimo, ostiolo minimo, abbreviato instructis; ascis anguste oblongis, octosporis, $60-66 \pm 9-10$; sporidiis distichis v. in inferiore asci parte monostichis, anguste oblongis v. fusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, plerumque rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, quadriguttulatis, medio septifero tandem constrictis, $14-15 \pm 4$.

Hab. ad ramos sicclos Pruni spinosæ in Germania et Gallia. — Quoad *Sph. Radulam* Pers. cfr. Syll. nostra n. 578.

215. **D. Tetrastaga oligocarpa** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 308. — Stromate ²⁵⁶⁷ latissime effuso, ambiente, ramorum cortici lignoque toto immerso, strato extimo nigricante, tenui, varie flexuoso circumscripto, peridermio nequaquam decolorato, arctissimeque adhærente obducto; peritheciis majusculis, primum globosis, deinde depressis v. basi applanatis, in corticis interioris parenchymate enatis, basi ligni suppositi superficie affixis, immo parum insculptis, ordine valde inæquali sed plerumque laxissime sparsis, multo rarius stipatis et stroma valseum æmulantibus; collis brevissimis, ostiolis minimis, punctiformibus, abbreviatis per peridermii rimulas perexiguas angustissimasque, transversim directas rumpentibus, haud exstantibus; ascis anguste oblongis vel clavatis, octosporis, $54-60 \pm 7-9$; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, fusiformibus utrinque

obtusis, subcylindricis, rectis, subhyalinis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, ad septum medium haud constrictis, $12-14 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis siccis Pruni spinosæ prope Münster Germaniae (FÜTING).

216. **D. Tetrastaga viridarii** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 301. — A *D. oligo-* 2568

carpa Nits. differt ascis sporidiisque tertia parte majoribus, ostiolis quandoque paululum extantibus, crassiusculis, obtusis (ascis subfusoideis $70-80 \approx 8-12$; sporidiis ovato-fusoideis, $15-16 \approx 5$, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis).

Hab. in ramis corticatis Pruni Lauro-cerasi, Padova, Italia bor. (BIZZOZERO).

217. **D. Tetrastaga Rehmii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 301. — Stromate 2569

plerumque late effuso ramulosque ambiente, cortici lignoche omnino immerso, strato extimo, atro circumscripto, peridermio peritheciorum ostiolis erumpentibus, abbreviatis perforato vel fisso, ceterum haud mutato nec decolorato, velato; peritheciis minutissimis, globosis v. paullo depresso, in cortice interiore nidulantibus, ordine subæquali denseque sparsis v. saepius 2-4 densius stipatis, in colum tenuissimum, brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis perexiguis nec elongatis, nunc singulatim, nunc 2-4 una erumpentibus peridermiique lacinias arrectas haud superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, plerumque $48-57 \approx 6-7$; sporidiis subdistichis vel oblique monostichis, subcylindricis, rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio haud constrictis, perexiguis, $10-13 \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus Sorbi Aucupariæ prope Sügenheim Germaniæ (REHM).

218. **D. Tetrastaga Cerasi** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 319, Sacc. 2570

Myc. Spec. p. 138, t. XIII, fig. 53-55. — Stromate subcorticali, late effuso lignoche atro circumscripto; peritheciis in cortice interiori nidulantibus, minutis, globosis, plerumque in gregibus orbicularibus dispositis, ostiolis minutis, subcylindraceis, obtusis, atris, in corticis rimulis excavatis, atris orbicularibus irregularibusve erumpentibus, epidermidem corticis non superantibus; ascis oblongis, 8sporis, $20-55 \approx 8-9$ p. sporif.; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-fusiformibus, utrinque obtusis, sed minutissime acute appendiculatis, 4guttulatis, medio parum constrictis, hyalinis, $12-14 \approx 3,7-5$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Pruni Avium et P. Cerasi in Germania et Italia boreali. — *D. Rehmii* et *D. revellenti* affinis.

219. **D. Tetrastaga Raveneliana** Thüm. et Rehm, Fungi Amer. tri. 2571

gint. n. 4 et in Myc. univ. n. 865. — Stromate tenui, subeffuso; peritheciis gregariis, mediis, primo tectis demum epidermidem perforantibus eaque cinctis, orbiculato- vel elliptico-prominentibus, in stromate nidulantibus, globosis, ostiolis subpapillatis, nucleo sordido-albescente; ascis fusiformibus vel longe ellipticis, tenerrimis, subovatis, utrinque acutatis, basi angustatis, octosporis, $60 \pm 8-9$; sporidiis distichis, plerumque bicellularibus, ad septum non constrictis, cellulis æqualibus, longe ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusis, quadri-nucleatis, hyalinis, 12 ± 4 ; paraphysibus (genuinis?) numerosissimis, brevibus, flexuosis, septatis, apice obtusis, simplicibus hyalinis.

Hab. ad ramulos emortuos *Quercus albæ* Aiken Carolinæ australis in America septentrionali (H. W. RAVENEL.).

220. **D. Tetrastaga Quercus** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 36. — 2572

Stromate nigro, in cortice interiore late effuso lignumque linea nigra circumdante, corticis superficiem non colorante; peritheciis in cortice interiore nidulantibus, minutis, nigris, globosis, collis plerumque brevibus, cylindraceis, atris, in disculis nigris erumpentibus, epidermidem fissam vix superantibus, raro longe exsertis; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, 44 ± 8 ; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, rectis inæquilateralibusve, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, 12 ± 5 .

Hab. in ramis siccis *Quercus*, rarius, prope Æstrich Germaniæ.

221. **D. Tetrastaga insularis** Nits. Pyr. p. 294. — Stromate effuso, 2573

in plerisque saltem brevi, ramorum cortici lignoque innato, corticis interioris superficiem tandem ex brunneo nigrificante, stratoque nigro intus limitato; peritheciis minutis, subglobosis v. mutua pressione angulatis, in cortice interiore nidulantibus, ordine vario sparsis, sæpiissime vero dense stipatis, collo brevissimo ostioloque tenuissimo, maxime elongato, cylindrico piliformi, flexuoso instrutis; ascis clavatis, octosporis, 56 ± 9 ; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, utrinque obtusiusculis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, rectis, rarius inæquilateralibus, medio tandem parum constrictis, $12-16 \pm 3-4$.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus *Quercus pedunculatae* prope Munster Germaniæ et prope Treviso Italiae hor.

222. **D. Tetrastaga multipunctata** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 37. 2574

— Peritheciis sub epidermide adhærentibus, media magnitudine, atris, depresso-globosis, ostiolis brevibus, papillæformibus, perforatis, demum prominulis, corticis superficiem dense punctulatam reddentibus; ascis cylindraceis, 8sporis, 108 ± 8 ; sporidiis oblique

monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, pallide fuscis, $16 \div 8$.

Hab. in ramis siccis Coryli Avellanae, Vallengin prope Neuchâtel Helvetiae (MORTIER). — Sporidia iis *D. fibrosæ* analoga.

223. **D. Tetrastaga revellens** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 302, Sacc. Myc. ²⁵⁷⁵

Ven. Spec. p. 138, t. XIII, f. 50-52. — Stromate nunc peritheciis 2-6 arctius coalitis valseum æmulante, plerumque vero longe lateque effuso, ramos ramulosque, præsertim basim versus ambiente, multo rarius breviore, maculæformi, toto immerso, strato nigricante circumscripto, peridermio haud decolorato v. rarius denique obscurato obducto; peritheciis minutis, e globoso depressis, immo lentiformibus, cortici interiori immersis, ordine vario sparsis, sæpiissime vero 2-6 dense aggregatis, tunc peridermum in pustulas exiguae elevantibus; collis brevissimis; ostiolis minutis abbreviatis, peridermum haud superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, $50-60 \div 7-8$; sporidiis subdistichis v. oblique monostichis, anguste fusiformibus, subcylindricis, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis v. parum curvatis, subhyalinis, bi-cellularibus, medio haud constrictis, $11-14 \div 3-6$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis oblongis, 2-guttatis, $6-7 \div 3$.

Hab. in ramis putrescentibus Coryli Avellanae et C. Lambertianæ in Germania, Gallia et Italia. — Datur quoque forma ostiolis elongatis.

224. **D. Tetrastaga tenuirostris** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 293. — Stro- ²⁵⁷⁶

mate plus minus late effuso, cortici lignoque supposito, specie haud mutato toto immerso, nigrolimitato, peridermio peritheciorum ostiolis perforato, ceterum haud decolorato arctissimeque adhærente tecto; peritheciis corticis interioris parenchymati omnino infossis, ordine valde inæquali sparsis, sæpiissime gregatim densius stipatis e globoso mox plus minus depressis, haud raro præterea mutua pressione angulatis, in collum breve, tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis in plerisque vehementer elongatis, tenuissimis, filiformi-cylindricis, longissime extantibus, varie flexuosis, singulatim v. sæpius 2-6 fasciculatim erumpentibus; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, $60 \div 7-8$; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusis, rectis v. rarius inæquilateralibus, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, rarissime denique parum torulosis, hyalinis, $13-14 \div 3$.

Hab. in ramis Juglandis regiae pr. Oestrich Rhenogoviae. — Verisimiliter *Sphæria Juglandis* Curr. Simpl. Sphær. n. 332,

fig. 110 sistit formam brevirostrem: sporidiis 4-guttulatis, 10-13 μ . long.

225. D. **Tetrastaga juglandina** (Fuck.) Nits. Pyr. germ. pag. 281. 2577

Aglaospora juglandina Fuck. Fungi rhen. n. 2159. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, ramos etiam crassiores ambiente eorumque cortici crasso innato, strato nigricante undique cincto, superficiem corticis interioris, peridermio relaxatum hinc inde desquamato colore ex brunneo tandem nigricante tingente; peritheciis ordine inæquali sed plerumque dense sparsis, immo hinc inde densissime stipatis, globosis, rarius depresso v. mutua pressione angulatis, masculis, corticis parenchymati plus minus alte, semper fere totis immersis; collis sub peridermio relaxato totis v. pro maxima parte liberis, plerumque maxime elongatis, cylindricis, saepe nodulosis, secundis v. varie flexuosis, raro subrectis, basi vix incrassatis; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, immo subcylindricis, octosporis, 51-64 \times 7-8; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, utrinque constrictis, hyalinis, 12-18 \times 4-5. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: sporellis fusoideis, 8-9 \times 2, bi-guttatis, basidiis 15 μ . longis suffultis.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Juglandis regiae in Rhenogovia et in Italia boreali.

226. D. **Tetrastaga veneta** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 383. — Stromate 2578

ramulos corticatos hinc inde ambiente et varie marmorante linea stromatica endoxyla nulla; peritheciis cortice nidulantibus, globulosis, $1/4$ mill. diam., ostiolo papillato peridermum vix excedente; ascis fusoideis, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 13-17 \times 3, constricto-1-septatis, curvulis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Oleæ europææ, Conegliano, Italæ borealis.

227. D. **Tetrastaga Phillyreæ** Cooke Grev. VII, p. 81. — Stromate ma-

culiformi subelliptico v. irregulari, variegato; peritheciis sparsis; ostiolis exiguis, peridermum perforantibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis, 4-nucleatis, dein 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Phillyreæ in Britannia.

228. D. **Tetrastaga resecans** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 314. Sacc. Myc. 2580

Ven. Sp. p. 138, t. XIII, fig. 56-58. *Valsa Syringæ* Cooke F. Br. I. n. 492. — Stromate, latissime effuso, ramos plerumque in longitudinem integrum infestante, cortici lignoque supposito omnino immerso, nigrolimitato, peridermio acte adhærente, poris v. rimu-

lis longitudinaliter directis perforato, haud decolorato obducto; peritheciis minutis, globosis v. parum depresso, corticis interioris parenchymati insculptis ordine subæquali laxaque sparsis, multo rarius seriatim v. gregatim dense stipatis, in collum brevissimum, tenuissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis minutissimis, abbreviatis, ex peridermii foraminibus haud extantibus; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 60–76 \approx 12; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongis, v. obtuse fusiformibus, rectis, subhyalinis, bicellularibus, quadri-, rarius biguttulatis, medio septifero constrictis, 12–18 \approx 4 $\frac{1}{3}$ –5.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Syringæ vulgaris in Germania, Ital. bor., Britannia, Gallia. — Teste Rehm. Asc. n. 334 paraphyses adsunt articulatæ.

229. **D. Tetrastaga occultata** (Fr.) Sacc., *Sph. occultata* Fr. Elench. 2581

II, p. 72. *Sphæria rugosa* Wallr. Crypt. n. 3765 (?). — Effusa, obiecta, stromate mere corticali linea flexuosa nigra circumscripto, ostiolis sparsis punctiformibus.

Hab. in ramis Syringæ in Germania (WALLROTH). — Perithecia æqualia nullo modo circinant et ostiola omnia distincta. Perithecia exigua, in cortice interiori nidulantia, sparsa, corticis fibris distincta, globosa, pallida, omnino erecta, collibus brevibus aucta, lineolis nigris flexuosis laxe circumscripta. Ostiola in cortice lævigato erumpentia, distantia, subglobosa, lævia, demum umbilicata. « Verisimillime species eadem ac *D. resecans* Nits., quæ vero multo posterior ».

230. **D. Tetrastaga nodosa** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 210. — Stromate 2582

pallido, sub corticis epidermide late effuso; peritheciis ascigeris tectis, in cortice nidulantibus, plerumque fasciculatis, globosis, manusculis, nucleo griseo, rostris teretibus, longe exsertis, basi valde nodosis, atris; ascis oblongo-lanceolatis, 8sporis, 50 \approx 5; sporidiis distichis, oblongo-lanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, subinæquilateralibus, uniseptatis, loculis singulis 2guttulatis, hyalinis, 10 \approx 2 $\frac{1}{2}$. Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis oblongo-lanceolatis, 8 \approx 3, binguttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis siccis corticatis Syringæ vulgaris in Germania et Italia boreali.

231. **D. Tetrastaga obscurans** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, pag. 7. — 2583

Stromate ramulos late ambiente, nunc plagulas sparsas efformante, linea nigra per lignum immutatum excurrente limitato; peritheciis discretis nunc 4–6 subacervatis zonaque nigra cinctis, in cortice parum protuberante et obscurato nidulantibus sphæroideis, depres-

sis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., atris, ostiolis brevissimis epidermidem non superantibus sed minute punctulantibus; ascis crasse fusoideis, 45-50 \approx 12, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, rarius oblique monostichis, fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis 12 \approx 4½-5, constricto-tenuiter 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum Fraxini Orni, Selva prope Treviso, Italiæ bor. — Cum *Diap. scobina* Nits. et *Diap. controversa* Nits. in Fraxino excelsiore quoque degentibus non comparanda.

232. **D. Tetrastaga scobina** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 293. — Stromate 2584 latissime effuso ramosque plus minus longe ambiente, substrato omnino immerso ejusque substantiam haud decolorante, strato solo extimo, profunde in lignum penetrante nec non corticis interioris superficie sensim nigricante; peritheciis parvulis, in cortice interiore nidulantibus, ordine subæquali ac dense sparsis subglobosis v. paullo compressis, haud raro 2-4, immo pluribus arctius stipatis, tunc saepe angulosis, in collum brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis tenuissime cylindricis, basim versus vix incrassatis, mox breviter tantum mox valde elongatis, rectis, obliquis v. decumbentibus, singulatim v. 2-4 gregatim, tunc per majora peridermii foramina v. rimulas erumpentibus, nunc parum tantum v. vix exsertis, nunc contra longe extantibus, piliformibus; ascis anguste fusiformibus v. clavatis, octosporis, 51-60 \approx 9; sporidiis subdistichis, oblongis, fusiformibus v. subcylindricis utrinque plus minus obtusis, plerumque rectis, quadriguttatis, bi-cellularibus, medio haud constrictis, subhyalinis, 11-12 \approx 4.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Fraxini excelsioris in Germania et in Britannia.

233. **D. Tetrastaga controversa** (Desm.) Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I. 2585 *Sphæria controversa* Desm. 8 Not. 1841, p. 12 (p. p. *Fraxino*). — Circumscripta, stromate corticali maculiformi, fusco-nigricante; peritheciis immersis, ostiolis erumpentibus prominulis; ascis oblongo-subclavatis, 56 \approx 8; sporidis octonis biseriatis, hyalinis, fusiformibus, uniseptatis, non constrictis, 12 \approx 4, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis Fraxini excelsioris in Gallia, Belgio et Germania.

234. **D. Tetrastaga ciliaris** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphæria ciliaris* Curr. Micr. 2586 Journ. VII, p. 232, t. 11, fig. 15 et Cooke Handb. n. 2639. — Peritheciis subcutaneis, globulosis, minutis (supra *Helminthosporii* hyphas gerentibus), ostiolo papillato, perforante; ascis clavulatis,

octosporis; sporidiis distichis, anguste ovato-oblongis, subconstrictis, 4-guttatis, utrinque acutis, hyalinis, 13–20 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fraxini in Britannia (CURREY) et Belgio (LAMBOTTE).

235. **D. Tetrastaga discutiens** (Berk.) Sacc. *Sphæria discutiens* Berk. 2587

Engl. Fl. V, p. 245. Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 47, fig. 112. —

Late effusa; peritheciis cortice interiore nidulantibus, ostiolis longis, cylindricis, scabriusculis, peridermum perforantibus et denique excutientibus; stromate nigricante; ascis octosporis; sporidiis biseriatis v. stipatis, fusoideo-navicularibus, 1-(3?)-septatis, 12-13 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi campestris in Britannia.

236. **D. Tetrastaga alnea** Fuck. Symb. mycol. p. 207, Nits. Pyr. Germ. 2588

p. 312. — Stromate plus minus late effuso, mox ramos ramulosque longe ambiente, mox contra, sed rarius plagas breviores, varie circumscriptas occupante, cortici lignoque toto immerso, strato nigricante limitato, peridermio haud decolorato, arcte adhærente sed poris rimulis numerosissimis minutissimisque cribrose perforato, scabroso tecto; peritheciis minimis e globoso mox depresso, ordine subæquali densissimeque sparsis, corticis parenchymati plus minus alte immersis, collo brevissimo ostioloque minimo, abbreviato, punctiformi instructis; ascis oblongis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, 52–60 \approx 7–9; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, subhyalinis, rectis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttulatis, medio septifero tandem constrictæ, 12–13. — Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis fusoideis 7 \approx 3, biguttatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Alni glutinosæ in Germania et Italia boreali.

237. **D. Tetrastaga Lebiseyi** (Desm.) Niessl, Beitr. p. 54. *Sph. Lebiseyi* 2589

Desm. Ann. Sc. nat. XV. (1841), pag. 144. — Stromate expanso, sæpe vix evoluto sed linea atrata limitato; peritheciis, gregariis, solitariis, rarissime aggregatis, majusculis, 300–400 μ . diam., atris, subglobosis, demum collabentibus, basi impressa concava, peridermio detracto adhærentibus, ostiolo elongato tenuissimo teretiusculo curvato facile diffracto, 250 μ . longo; ascis oblongis sessilibus, 8sporis, 30 \approx 5–6; sporidiis subdistichis oblongis, utrinque attenuatis, obtusiusculis rectis, uniseptatis et parum constrictis, 2–4 guttulatis, subhyalinis, 8–9 \approx 2–3.

Hab. in ramulis Aceris Negundinis prope Caen Galliæ (ROBERGE).

238. **D. Tetrastaga dubia** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 316. — Stromate la-

tissime effuso, ramos longe ambiente eorumque cortici lignoquo sup-
posito toto immerso et nigrolimitato, peridermio adhærente, im-
mutato tecto; peritheciis magnitudine media, globosis, exsiccando
plerumque collapsis, corticis strato supremo infossis, peridermio de-
tracto adhærentibus, ordine inæquali ordinatis, sæpissime vero 3-6
in modum valseum dense stipatis; collis brevissimis, tenuissimis,
ostiolis minimis per peridermii poros perexiguos erumpentibus, haud
extantibus; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 52-72 \approx 8-9; spo-
ridiis subdistichis, oblongis, utrinque obtusiusculis, rectis, subhya-
linis, bicellularibus, bi-, rarius quadriguttulatis, medio septifero
constrictis, 12-16 \approx 4-6.

Hab. in cortice ramulorum Aceris Negundinis, Höxter
Germaniæ, Conegliano Ital. bor. — *Diaporthe Lebiseyi* (Desm.)
Niessl vere diversa est. An *Phoma Lebiseyi* Sacc. huic vel *D. du-
biae*, ut spermogonium, pertineat statuere nequeo.

239. **D. Tetrastaga blepharodes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria blepha-*

rodes B. et Br. in Ann. N. H. n. 978, t. 17, f. 31. — Peritheciis
tectis, depresso-globosis; ostiolis peridermium perforantibus peri-
thecio duplo longioribus; ascis clavato-fusoideis; sporidiis biseriatis,
fusoideis, in æquilateralibus, guttulatis, 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramulis Aceris Pseudoplatani, Mossburnford Bri-
tanniæ (A. JERDON).

240. **D. Tetrastaga Beckhausii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 295. *D. circum-*

scripta Fuck. Fung. rhen. 1991 (nec Otth). — Stromate latissime
effuso, ambiente ramos sæpissime integros occupante, substrato toto
immerso, strato extimo, profunde descendente, nigro-limitatis, cor-
ticisque interioris superficiem demum nigrificantibus; peritheciis
minimis, cortici interiori totis infossis, ordine fere æquali densis-
simeque sparsis, globosis v. paullum depressis, in collum brevis-
simum, tenue subito attenuatis; ostiolis per peridermii poros exi-
guos singulatim erumpentibus, mox brevissimis, paullo tantum v.
vix exertis, mox plus minus elongatis, e basi conica cylindricis,
crassiusculis, rectis v. obliquis; ascis anguste oblongis v. subcylin-
dricis, octosporis, 45-56 \approx 7; sporidiis angustissime fusiformibus,
subcylindricis, hyalinis, quadriguttatis, denique bi-cellularibus,
rectis v. rarius inæquilateralibus, utrinque sæpe acutiusculis, 10-
14 \approx 3-4. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis anguste filifor-
mibus 10-12 \approx 1, incurvis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Viburni Opuli et V. Lantanæ in Germania (BECKHAUS, FUCKEL), in Italia bor. (SACC.).

241. **D. Tetrastaga circumscripta** Otth, sec. Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 207 (nec *Sph. circumscripta* Mont.) *D. leucostroma* Nits. in Fuck. F. rhen. n. 1989. — Stromate effuso, maculiformi, corticem occupante, in ligni superficie lineis tortuosis nigris circumscripto; peritheciis cortice immersis, lignoque adnatis, globulosis, gregariis; ostiolis perforantibus conicis plus minusve exertis; ascis fusoideis, apice lumine 2-foveolato, 50–60 = 8, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis cylindraceo-fusoideis, utrinque obtususcule rotundatis, 11–15 = 3–4, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis siccis adhuc stantibus Sambuci nigræ et S. Ebuli in Germania, Italia et Gallia.

242. **D. Tetrastaga cinerascens** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 8. — 2594
Stromate ramos late et continue ambiente per lignum cinerascens usque ad medullam excurrente tenuiter nigro-limitato, peridermio immutato permanente; peritheciis discretis, gregariis, in cortice nidulantibus, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolis cylindricis peridermium perforantibus et nonnumquam parum exertis, flexisque; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 8sporis, 50–55 = 6–7; sporidiis oblongo-fusiformibus, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque acutiusculis, 12–15 = 3–4, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis; spermogoniis in cortice exteriore nidulantibus e globoso depressis, atris; spermatiis fusoideis, 8 = 2, hyalinis, 2-guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fici Caricæ, Selva, Treviso, Italæ borealis.

243. **D. Tetrastaga Ophites** Sacc. Myc. Ven. n. 214. *Sphaeria Ketmiaæ* 2595
Ces.? — Stromate late effuso corticem lignique superficiem maculis oblongis, variis, fuscis, nigrisque marmorante intusque nigro-limitato; peritheciis gregariis globulosis, mediocribus, cortice (multo rarius ligno) infossis, ostiolis perforantibus, filiformibus, perithecio longioribus; ascis fusoideis, octosporis, 50–60 = 9–10; sporidiis distichis breve fusoideis constricto-1-septatis, 12–13 = 4–5–5, 4-guttulatis, utrinque obtusiusculis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Hibisci syriaci in Italia boreali et Gallia.

244. **D. Tetrastaga Ryckholtii** (West.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 319. 2596
Sphaeria Ryckholtii West. in Kickx Fl. Crypt. Fl. I, p. 323 (*Valsa*). — Stromate effuso, ramulos plerumque ambiente intus, nigro-

limitato, peridermio arcte adhærente, haud decolorato tecto; peritheciis parvulis, subglobosis v. basi applanatis, ordine vario dispositis, saepius pluribus aggregatis, vertice plerumque parum protuberantibus, pustulas minimas, peridermio obductas formantibus, basi contra ligno supposito plus minus alte immersis; ostiolis crassiusculis, abbreviatis sed peridermum poris exiguis perforatum saepe parum superantibus; ascis oblongis, rarius clavatis, octosporis, $50-60 \pm 9-12$; sporidiis distichis v. conglobatis, fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, utrinque obtusiusculis v. rotundatis, rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttulatis, medio septifero constrictis, $12-16 \pm 4-5$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis obtuse fusoides, $6-8 \pm 2\frac{1}{2}$, biguttatis, longiuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in trunculis ramisque *Symporicarpi* racemosæ in Germania, Belgio, Britannia, Italia.

245. **D. Tetrastaga Rhois** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 315. — Stromate plerumque ramulos longe ambiente substrato toto innato, strato extimo nigricante cincto, peridermio adhærente, peritheciorum ostiolis perforato, ceterum immutato velato; peritheciis minimis, globosis v. depressis in corticis interioris parenchymate nidulantibus, ordine inæquali sparsis, collo brevi, ostiolo minutissimo, peridermum perforatum haud superante instructis; ascis oblongis v. clavatis, octosporis, $64 \pm 10-12$; sporidiis subdistichis, v. oblique monostichis, oblongis, utrinque obtusis, hyalinis, rectis, bicellularibus, quadriguttulatis, medio septifero constrictis, $16 \pm 5-6$.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Rhois Cotini in Horto botanico Münster Germaniæ. — Teste Niessl, huc spectaret *Valsa Rhois* Cooke (Cfr. Syll. nostra n. 2382), quod vero ulterius est inquirendum.

246. **D. Tetrastaga relecta** (Fuck. et Nits.) in Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 304. — Stromate late effuso, ramulos enecatos ambiente substrato omnino immerso strato extimo nigricante circumscripto, corticis strato supremo immutato primo velato, deinde, illo hinc inde secesso, maculis tandem aterrimis, plerumque minutis corticem interiore marmorante; peritheciis pere exiguis, e globoso, plus minus depressis, ordine vario sed plerumque laxe sparsis, cortici insculptis, in collum brevissimum subito attenuatis; ostiolis minimis, abbreviatis, punctiformibus; ascis anguste clavatis, v. subcylindricis, octosporis, $60-63 \pm 6-7$; sporidiis subdistichis, subcylindricis, utrinque obtusissimis, rotundatis, subyalinis, bi-cellularibus,

quadriguttatis, medio septifero haud constrictis, rectis, 13–16 \approx 3–

4. — Spermogonia sistunt *Phomam sticticam* B. et Br.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Buxi sempervirentis* in Germania, Gallia et Italia.

247. **D. Tetrastaga spissa** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 385. — Stroma- 2599
te obsoleto nullove; peritheciis dense gregariis, corticolis, globu-
losis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolis breve excedentibus, rostellatis; ascis
fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 40–45 \approx 7–8, apaphysatis, octo-
sporis; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusoideis curvulis,
10–11 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$, medio constrictis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 4-guttula-
tis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis junioribus *Catalpæ syringifoliae*, Cone-
gliano, Ital. bor.

248. **D. Tetrastaga velata** (Pers.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 287. *Sphae-* 2600
ria velata Pers. Syn. p. 32. — Stromate latissime effuso, ramu-
los, ramosque crassiores longissime ambiente, intus lineis atris,
varie flexuosis lignum marmorante nec non corticis interioris su-
perficiem tandem ex sordide brunneo nigrificante; peritheciis par-
vulis, e globoso mox plus minus depresso, immo lentiformibus,
corticis interioris strato supremo, raro profundius infossis, ordine
fere æquali ac satis dense sparsis, passim 2–4 aggregatis, in col-
lum plerumque brevissimum abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis crassiu-
sculis, breviter elongatis, parum tantum vel vix exertis, cylindri-
cis v. basim versus incrassatis, singulatim v. rarius 2–6 immo plu-
ribus gregatim erumpentibus, raro sub peridermio relaxato solito
longioribus, decumbentibus, rarissime longe exertis; ascis anguste
fusiformibus v. subcylindricis, octosporis, subsessilibus, 56–64 \approx 8–
10; sporidiis distichis v. rarius oblique monostichis, anguste fusi-
formibus, obtusiusculis, immo subcylindricis, plerumque rectis hya-
linis, quadriguttatis, 2–(4?)–cellularibus, rarissime medio tandem
parum constrictis, 10–15 \approx 3. Spermogonia phomatoidea; spermatiis
7–9 \approx 2, biguttatis; basidiis 24–27 \approx 1, hamatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Tiliæ* in Germania, Gallia, Italia,
Britannia, Suecia et Amer. bor.

249. **E. Tetrastaga Corni** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 207, t. VI, fig. 39. 2601
— Peritheciis ascigeris in corticis stromate nidulantibus, minutis,
globosis, tenuissimis, nucleo sordido, ostiolis vix exertis, raro lon-
gioribus, cylindraceis, obtusis, atris; ascis lanceolato-clavatis, sti-
pitatis, 8sporis, 60 \approx 8; sporidiis distichis, lanceolato-fusiformibus,
sed utrinque obtusis, curvatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, 13 \approx 4, utrinque

appendiculis minutis, acutis. — Spermogoniis sparsis, sub epidermide nidulantibus, demum erumpentibus et epidermide nigrificata circumdatis, minutis, subglobosis, papillatis; spermatiis cylindraceo-oblongis, curvatis, 2-3guttulatis, 8-3; stromate, demum sub spermogoniis explicato et spermogoniorum residua semper gerenti, distincte circumscripto, atro, late effuso.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Corni albæ, in Germania, Gallia, Italia.

250. **D. Tetrastaga Delogneana** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. myc. Lib. II, 2602 n. 91, t. XIX, f. 4. — Peritheciis hinc inde gregariis, corticolis, basique ligno infossis, lineaque nigra tortuosa exceptis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. d., nigro-olivaceis; ascis fusoideis subsessilibus, 46-55-8, lumine apice bi-foveolato, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis rectiusculis utrinque acutiusculis obsoleteque appendiculatis, 12-14- $\frac{3}{2}$, 4-guttulatis, 1-septatis hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Daphnes Mezerei Malmedy in finibus Galliæ et Germaniæ.

251. **D. Tetrastaga crustosa** Sacc. et Roum. Reliq. myc. Libert. II, 2603 n. 92, t. XIX, f. 3. — Peritheciis corticolis, gregariis, stromate crustaceo nigro exceptis, globulosis $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. d., ostiolo teretiusculo, perithecium saepe excedente, erumpente; ascis crasse fusoideo-clavatis, 60-12-13, subsessilibus, apice obtusatis, lumineque vix vel non foveolato, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel subtristichis, tereti-fusoideis 15-17- $\frac{3}{4}$, utrinque obtusiusculis, initio que obsolete apiculatis, 1-septatis. levissime constrictis, 4-guttatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Ilicis Aquifolii, Malmedy, in finibus Galliæ et Germaniæ.

252. **D. Tetrastaga nobilis** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 386. — Stromate ramos corticatos late ambiente et infuscante, linea nigra tortuosa intra lignum limitato; peritheciis gregariis, majusculis corticolis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo vix emergente papillato; ascis clavato-fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 50-7, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique 1-stichis, fusoideis, rectis, constricto-1-septapartatis, 13-16-4, 4-guttatis, hyalinis, initio appendiculâ utrinque auctis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Lauri nobilis, Conegliano Italæ borealis.

253. **D. Tetrastaga Mahoniæ** Speg. Mich. I, p. 456. — Stromate ramos late ambiente per lignum immutatum tortuose et profunde

excurrente, nigrolimitato; peritheciis discretis, globosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ligno decorticato vel corticato totaliter vel semiimmersis, ostiolis brevibus, cylindraceo-conoideis, obtusis, exertis; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 65-75 \approx 10, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, elliptico-elongatis, 12-14 \approx 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$, utrinque rotundatis, medio constricto-1-septatis, 2-6-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Mahoniæ Aquifolii*, Conegliano Italia bor.

254. **D. Tetrastaga pungens** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 296, *D. Strumella* 2606 var. *pungens* Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 113. — Stromate longe lateque effuso, ambiente, ramorum cortici lignoque omnino innato, superficiem corticis interioris vel ligni tantum nigrificante; peritheciis ordine subæquali distributis, passim densius aggregatis, sphæroideis, cortici crassiori v. ligno infossis; ostiolis cylindraceis, haud raro nodulosis, flexuosis, singulatim vel gregatim per peridermum fissum erumpentibus, vulgo maxime elongatis vel longissime exsertis; ascis anguste clavatis, octosporis, 54-60 \approx 7-8; sporidiis fusideo-elongatis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, 12-16 \approx 3-4.

Hab. in ramis crassioribus *Ribis Grossulariæ* in Germania et *Ribis nigri* in Fennia. — *Diap. pungens* Nits. ut nobis videtur, varietas est tantum *Diap. Strumellæ* (Fr.), orta in truncis ramisque crassioribus locis humidis dejectis (Karst. l. c.).

255. **D. Tetrastaga mitis** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 61. — Stromate effuso 2607 obsoleto; peritheciis laxe gregariis, cortice nidulantibus, tumidulisque, globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., ostiolis, brevissime conoideis; ascis fusoideis, 70-75 \approx 9-10, apice bifoveolatis, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis, utrinque acutiusculis curvulis, 15 \approx 3-4, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis *Ribis rubri* corticatis prope Rouen Galliæ (LETENDRE). — A *Diap. pungente* Nits. (*Ribis quoque incola*) differt ostiolis abbreviatis, nec pungentibus, aliisque notis.

256. **D. Tetrastaga Landeghemiae** (West.) Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 318, 2608 *Sphæria Landeghemiae* West. in Kickx Fl. I, p. 343. — Stromate ambitu et magnitudine maxime vario, mox ramulos ambiente, mox contra, et quidem sæpius, brevi, maculæformi, substrato omnino immerso, strato extimo, nigricante, sæpe usque in medullam centralem descendente undique circumscripto, peridermio haud raro relaxato, peritheciorum ostiolis perforato, ceterum non decolorato obducto; peritheciis minutis, e globoso depressis, lentiformibus, ple-

rumque in corticis interioris parenchymate nidulantibus, rarius ligno supposito adnatis, immo ei insculptis, ordine valde inæquali ordinatis, mox laxissime sparsis, mox 2-4 densius aggregatis, in collum brevissimum, tenue abrupte attenuatis; ostiolis abbreviatis, corticem perforatum haud superantibus; ascis oblongis v. subcylindricis, membrana incrassata structis, octosporis, 60-66 \approx 9-10; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, plerumque rectis, hyalinis, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttulatis, medio septifero tandem parum constrictis, 14-16 \approx 4. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis fusoideis 8 \approx 2,5, biguttatis, breviuscule stipitatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Philadelphi coronarii in Germania Belgio et Italia. — Forma *Deutziæ scabræ* Sacc. Mycol. Spec. p. 139, t. XIII, f. 59-61: ascis 50 \approx 8; sporidiis 15 \approx 4. In ramis *Deutziæ* in Italia bor.

257. **D. Tetrastaga Laschii** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 292, *Sphæria rostellata* Lasch. (nec Auct.). — Stromate latissime effuso, ramos ambiente, toto innato, undique nigrolimitato, corticis interioris superficiem nigrificante, peridermio, peritheciorum ostiolis perforato, immutato obducto; peritheciis in corticis parenchymate nidulantibus, majusculis, e globoso mox parum compressis, in collum pertenue abrupte attenuatis, ordine inæquali, plerumque laxe sparsis; ostiolis e basi saepe conico-dilatata cylindricis, crassiusculis, parum tantum elongatis, per peridermii foramina minuta singulatim vel in rimis longitudinaliter directis ordine linearis pluribus erumpentibus, sed inter se distantibus, paullo tantum v. vix exserti; ascis clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 34-60 \approx 6-8; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, plerumque rectis, hyalinis, medio haud constrictis, quadriguttatis bi-cellularibus, 10-16 \approx 3-4. — Spermogonia *Phomam foveolarem* (Fr.) sistunt.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Evonymi europæi* in Germania, Britannia, Gallia, Italia.

258. **D. Tetrastaga importata** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 415. — Stromate 2610 mox breviter effuso, mox ramulos ambiente, peritheciis coalescentibus subinde valseum æmulante, quoad immersum strato nigricante circumscripto, peridermio adhærente, haud decolorato, tecto; peritheciis perexiguis, e globoso plus minus depresso, corticis strato infimo immersis tandem saepe ligno supposito basi applanata adnatis, ordine inæquali dispositis, sèpissime vero 2-6 valseo modo stiptatis, tunc parum protuberantibus pustulasque minutis peridermio

velatas, vertice denique perforatas vel fissas perficientibus; collis brevissimis, ostiolis abbreviatis, punctiformibus; ascis anguste oblongis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, 66–75 \pm 9; sporidiis subdistichis v. oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusis v. acutiusculis, bicellularibus, quadriguttulatis, medio septifero tandem parum constrictis, rectis vel inæquilateralibus, subhyalinis, 12–18 \pm 4–5.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis *Lycii barbari*, Höxter Germaniæ (BECKHAUS), King's Lynn Britanniæ (PLOWRIGHT).

259. **D. Tetrastaga Putator** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 306, *Sph. mutila* ²⁶¹¹

Fr. S. M. II, p. 424 ex parte, *Valsa convergens* Fuck. F. rhen. n. 1565 (nec Fr.). — Stromate raro brevi, maculæformi, multo sæpius latissime effuso, ramos per longitudinem integros ambiente, omnino alteque immerso, strato extimo nigricante, peridermio haud decolorato, ostiolis erumpentibus cribrose perforato, arcte adhærente tecto; peritheciis parvulis, e globoso parum depresso, ordine subæquali denseque sparsis, immo sæpissime stromatis modo valsei aggregatis, tunc hic illic mutua pressione angulatis, cortici interiore insculptis, demum sub peridermio fere liberis, exsiccando haud raro collapsis; ostiolis peregrinis, omnino abbreviatis, peridermum haud superantibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. oblongis, octosporis, 38–50 \pm 6–8: sporidiis subdistichis v. oblique monostichis, subcylindricis v. obtuse et anguste fusiformibus, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttatis, medio septifero haud constrictis, hyalinis, plerumque rectis, 12–15 \pm 3.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Populi pyramidalis*, P. nigræ et P. tremulæ in Germania et Britannia.

260. **D. Tetrastaga Spina** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 210, t. IV, fig. 44. ²⁶¹²

— Peritheciis sparsis gregariisve, semper tectis, cortice vix mutato immersis, media magnitudine, perfecte globosis, atris, rostro spiniformi, perithecii diametrum æquante, recto, prominulo, concolori; ascis oblongis ellipticisve, 8sporis, sessilibus, 35–40 \pm 15–16, deorsum acutioribus, luminè apice bifoveolatis; sporidiis di-tristichis, fusiformibus, curvatis, subtilibus, hyalinis, constanter quadriguttulatis, 18–20 \pm 2,5–4, utrinque obtusiusculis, denique 1-septatis, subconstrictis.

Hab. in ramis siccis *Salicis auritæ*, rarius, prope (Estrich Germaniæ, Selva Italiæ bor., North Wootton Britanniæ. — *Tetrastaga* nec *Euporthe*!

261. **D. Tetrastaga Humboldtiana** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. III, n. 52. ²⁶¹³

— Peritheciis laxe gregariis, fere totum ramulum occupantibus, cortice immutato immersis ac eum pustulatum efficientibus, atris, membranaceis, contextu dense parenchymatico, ostiolo conico, atro, carbonaceo, non v. vix supra matricem exerto ornatis, $1\frac{1}{5}$ - $1\frac{1}{6}$ mill. diam.; ascis fusiformi-clavatis, apice obtusiusculis, deorsum acutiuscule attenuatis, 50-60 \approx 7-8, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis oblique distichis, elongato-ellipticis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis, medio 1-septato-constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, 13-14 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in ramulis dejectis *Salicis Humboldtianæ* in nemorosis prope la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. merid.

262. **D. Tetrastaga exasperans** Nits. Pyr. Germ. pag. 289. — Stroma effuso, ramos tenues interdum ambiente, saepius contra brevi, maculæformi, immo hic illic, peritheciis dense aggregatis, valseum æmulante, strato extimo tenuissimo, aterrimo undique limitato, cortice ostiolis nigro-punctato arcte adhaerente tecto; peritheciis minutissimis, corticis interioris parenchymati totis immersis, nonnumquam parum protuberantibus, e globoso mox maxime depressis, in collum pertenue, brevissimum abrupte attenuatis, ordine subæquali sparsis vel 2-5 densius aggregatis; ostiolis in plerisque parum tantum elongatis, cylindricis vel subconicis, peridermum perforatum vix superantibus, multo rarius maxime elongantis, cylindricis, tenuissimis, saepè fasciculatim erumpentibus, longe extantibus, flexuosis vel secundis; ascis clavatis vel oblongis, octosporis, 56-68 \approx 8-10; sporidiis subdistichis, bicellularibus, quadriguttatis, fusiformibus vel subcylindricis, utrinque obtusissimis, rectis vel rarius parum curvatis, medio tandem constrictis, hyalinis, 14-16 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Betulæ albæ* prope Münster et Östrich Germaniæ.

263. **D. Tetrastaga macrostoma** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 284. — Stroma latissime effuso, ramos ipsos crassiores saepè ambiente, cortici lignoque supposito specie haud mutato toto innato, nigrolimitato, peridermio ostiolis erumpentibus lacerato, passim desquamato, ceterum non decolorato tecto, peritheciis ordine vario sparsis, saepè 10-20 dense aggregatis, subglobosis vel depressis in corticis substantia infima nidulantibus; ostiolis plerumque valde elongatis, crassiusculis cylindricis vel basin versus parum sensimque incrassatis, hic illic nodulosis, rugulosis, saepè decumbentibus varieque flexuosis; ascis clavatis vel anguste oblongis, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, bicellularibus, qua-

driguttatis, medio tandem constrictis, hyalinis, rectis, $20 \approx 5$. — Spermogonia phomatoidea: spermatiis fusoideis $8-9 \approx 3$; basidiis hamatis $32-36 \approx 1$.

Hab. in ramis siccis Fagi sylvaticæ in Germania (FUCK., NIRS.) et Italia boreali (SPEGAZZINI).

264. **D. Tetrastaga scabra** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 310. — Stromate ²⁶¹⁶ effuso, magnitudine vario, raro ramos ambiente, multo saepius contra breviori, immo brevissimo, tunc in ramorum epidermide lævi plagas sistente parum elevatas, varie circumscriptas, peridermio adhærente sed ostiolis cribrose perforato tecta ideoque in superficie scabrosas, intus strato nigricante varieque flexuoso circumscripto; peritheciis minutis, globosis, plerumque parum depresso vel basi tantum deplanatis, ordine fere æquali ac dense sparsis, in corticis interioris parenchymate nidulantibus, in collum brevissimum angustatis; ostiolis exiguis, ex peridermii foraminulis omnino non v. parum tantum prominentibus; ascis anguste clavatis v. subcylindricis, octosporis, $60 \approx 9-10$; sporidiis distichis v. oblique monostichis, fusiformibus, utrinque acutiusculis, rectis, subhyalinis, bi-cellularibus, quadriguttulatis, medio septifero haud constrictis, $10-12 \approx 3$.

Hab. ad ramos Platani acerifoliæ prope Cappenberg et Münster Germaniæ.

265. **D. Tetrastaga? medusina** (Fr.) Sacc., *Sphæria medusina* Fr. ²⁶¹⁷ Elench. II, p. 75. — Peritheciis minimis parcis latentibus, stromate fuligineo-nigro inter epidermidem et corticem latissime effuso, ostiolis copiosis fasciculato-erumpentibus divergentibus flaccidis.

Hab. ad cortices Platanorum in Gallia (GUEPIN, MOUGEOT). Perithecia admodum parca, minuta, globosa, atra, profunde in cortice interiori immersa, dispersa, ut singulus ostiolorum fasciculus unico tantum perithecio niti videatur. Ostiola numerosissima, in tuberculis erumpentibus collecta, sed valde tenuia, crinalia, divergentia, flaccida, fusca. Inter hæc ostiola supra epidermidem exserta et perithecia profunde in cortice interiori latentia vel inter epidermidem et corticem superiorem adest stroma latissime effusum, ambiens, pulveraceum, habitu seriaceo, fuliginoso-atrum, in quo infra singulum ostiolorum fasciculum maculæ albæ, cum disco *Melanconii bicoloris* analogæ, ipsumque stroma *Melanconio* persimile est. «*Fructificatio mihi ignota*».

266. **D. Tetrastaga Aesculi** Cooke et Harkn. Grevill. IX, 1881, p. 86. ²⁶¹⁸
— Corticola, in plagas elongatas collecta; peritheciis globoso-de-

pressis; ascis lanceolatis, sessilibus; sporidiis sublanceolatis rectis quadrinucleatis 18 ± 3.5 .

Hab. in ramis *Æsculi californicæ* in California Americæ borealis.

267. **D. Tetrastaga Coneglanensis** Sacc. et Spieg. Mich. I, p. 29. — 2619

Peritheciis sparsis, cortici immutato immersis lineaque nigra maxime tortuosa per lignum excurrente limitatis, globosis, brevissime papillatis, nigris; ascis fusoideis $50-65 \pm 6-8$, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis breve fusoideis utrinque obtusiusculis, $14-16 \pm 3-4$, constricto-1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis *Æsculi Hippocastani*, rarius, Conegliano, Italia borealis.

268. **D. Tetrastaga minuta** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 307. — Stromate 2620

longe lateque effuso, ramos in longitudinem integros occupante, quoad immersum strato nigricante cincto, peridermio haud decorato, plerumque arcte adhærente vestito; peritheciis minutissimis e globoso mox depresso, basi applanatis, corticis parenchymate exceptis vel ligno supposito affixis, ordine subæquali ac satis dense sparsis, collo brevissimo ostioloque pere exiguo, abbreviato, punctiformi, peridermum perforante instructis; ascis clavatis v. oblongis octosporis, $45 \pm 6-8$; sporidiis anguste fusiformibus, utrinque obtusiusculis, subcylindricis, hyalinis, rectis v. inæquilateralibus, bicellularibus, bi-quadriguttatis, medio septifero haud constrictis, $11-12 \pm 3$.

Hab. in ramis tenuioribus *Carpini Betuli* prope Cappenberg Germaniæ.

269. **D. Tetrastaga carpinicola** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. II, p. 37. 2021

— Stromate in cortice interiore effuso e corticis substantia immutata formato, absque linea nigra limitata; spermogoniis tuberculæ-formibus, sub corticis epidermide nidulantibus, sparsis, siccis, unilocularibus, nigris demum vertice perforatis et spermatia ut massam candidam pulvaceam expellentibus; spermatiis lato-fusiformibus, uniseptatis, 2-3guttulatis, rectis, hyalinis, $10-12 \pm 5$; peritheciis ascigeris in cortice interiori nidulantibus, numerosis, nigris, pro ratione minutis, procumbentibus, globosis, ostiolis 2-3, minutissimis, papillæ-formibus, in corticis rimis transversalibus minutis vix prominulis, atris; ascis oblongis, sessilibus, 8sporis, $80 \pm 8-10$; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, subinæquilateralibus, utrinque acutis, primo 4guttulatis, demum uniseptatis, ad septum parum constrictis, $16 \pm 4-5$, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis siccis, adhuc stantibus Carpini Betuli prope Oestrich Germaniæ. — Cl. Rehm ad hanc speciem dicit dubitanter meam *D. decipientem* (quæ *D. nigroannulata* Kunze!); sed res iterum inquiri meretur.

270. **D. Tetrastaga castaneti** Nits. Pyr. Germ. p. 320, Sacc. Mich. 2622

I. p. 249. — Stromate plus minus late effuso, mox ramos ramulosque longe ambiente, mox contra multo breviore, areas minutas tantum occupante sed plerumque dense approximatas, cortici ac ligno omnino inculpato eorumque substantiam lineis atris marmorante, peridermio adhærente, peritheciorum ostiolis cribrose perforato tecto; peritheciis parvulis, subglobosis v. depresso, mox ordine subequali ordinatis, mox 2-5 in modum valseum dense stipatis, in cortice interiore nidulantibus, rarius altius infossis, tunc basi tantum v. omnino ligno infossis, in collum breve v. brevissimum attenuatis; ostiolis erumpentibus plus minus exsertis obtusiusculis; ascis fusoideis, apophysatis, 70-80 = 10, 8sporis; sporidiis, distichis, fusoideis, constrictis, tenuiter 1-septatis, 15-18 = 4-5, utrinque obtuse attenuatis, rectis v. curvulis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Castaneæ vescæ in Germania et Italia boreali.

271. **D. Tetrastaga pithya** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV. p. 7. — Stro-

mate ramulos hinc inde breviter ambiente lineaque nigra tortuosa per corticem lignumque non mutatum excurrente limitato; peritheciis discretis in cortice immutato nidulantibus, sphæroideis, $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., intus fuscidulis, ostiolo brevi epidermidem vix superante, crassiusculo, rotundato; ascis oblongo-fusoideis, 50-55 = 6-7 8sporis; sporidiis plerumque distichis, raro oblique monostichis, fusoideis, hyalinis, 10-12 = $3\frac{1}{2}$ -4, 4-guttulatis, non v. vix medio constrictis.

Hab. in ramulis putrescentibus Abietis excelsæ, Selva pr. Treviso Ital. bor. — Ramuli immutati manent, neque fungillus detectitur nisi ramus findatur. *Diaporthi oligocarpæ* et *D. minutæ* affinis videtur.

272. **D. Tetrastaga quadrinucleata** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphæria quadrinu-*

cleata Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, p. 325, t. 58, f. 90. — Peritheciis minutis, subglobosis; ostiolis mammillatis, peridermum perforantibus; sporidiis biseriatis, stipatis, anguste oblongis utrinque acutiusculis v. obtusiusculis, 4-nucleatis, hyalinis, 15 μ . long.

Hab. in ramis corticatis, Weybridge Britanniæ.

B) *Herbicolaæ*.

(Ad sect. Euporthem nutant).

273. **D. Tetrastaga mazzantioides** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 385. — 2625

Stromate cauli corticato plagulas minutis nigricantes hinc inde afficiente sed vix penetrante; peritheciis in quaque plagula paucis, subcutaneis, prominentibus, globosis $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam. papillatis; ascis fusoideo-clavatis, basi acutioribus, 50–60 \approx 7–8, lumine apice 2-foveolato, aparaphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 10–12 \approx 3– $3\frac{1}{2}$, saepius curvulis, 4-guttulatis, spurie 1-septatis, non v. vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Galii sylvatici, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — *Habitu Mazzantiam Galii* (Guep.) Mont. emulatur, sed pluribus notis diversa.

274. **D. Tetrastaga maculosa** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 383. — Stro- 2626

mate hinc inde caules corticatos breviter ambiente, hisque plagutas minutis versiformes, nigras afficiente; peritheciis corticolis globoso-depressis, $\frac{1}{3}$ – $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., linea nigra stromatica circumdatis; ostiolis breve rostellatis; ascis crasse fusoideis, 40–45 \approx 10–12, apice obtusiore, lumineque 2-foveolato, aparaphysatis, 8sporis; sporidiis 2–3-stichis, oblongo-fusoideis, rectis, 10–11 \approx 3–4, 4-guttulatis, spurie 1-septatis, non constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulibus emortuis Rumicis obtusifolii, Conegliano, Ital bor. — Stromate crebre et parvi-maculoso species facile dignoscenda.

275. **D. Tetrastaga Epilobii** Cooke F. brit. n. 686 et Plow. Sph. brit. 2627

n. 42 nec Fuck. quæ *Didymella tosta* (Cfr. Additamenta). — Stromate hinc inde plagulas atras suberustaceas oblongas minutis in caule corticato efficiente; peritheciis plagulae innatis paucis, ligno-que adnatis v. semiinfossis, globoso-depressis, ostiolo minutissimo vix erumpente; ascis fusoideis, sessilibus, octosporis, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 8–10 \approx 2,5–3, 4-guttatis, dein 1-septatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caule Epilobiorum emortuo, Dinmore, Hereford Britanniæ.

276. **D. Tetrastaga striæformis** (Fr.) Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 2628

206, *Sphaeria striæformis* Fr. S. M. II, p. 428. *Dothidea striæformis* Fr. Summa Veg. Scand. p. 386. — Epidermide atrata tecta, innata, demum medio rumpens, lanceolata, brevis, acuta, peritheciis seriatis albofarctis astomis; ascis oblongis, 8sporis, 50 \approx

6; sporidiis distichis, oblongis, 1-septatis, 4-guttulatis, $12 \approx 3$, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Epilobii angustifolii (et Dipsaci?) in Germania, Suecia, Lusitania. — Leptostroma refert, sed adsunt perithecia cellulæformia, serie simplici v. duplii disposita. Striæ confertæ, lanceolatæ $\frac{1}{2}$ -2 lin. longæ, utrinque acutæ, parallelæ, atræ, opacæ, epidermide obtectæ, sed rima longitudinali rumpentes, sœpius in macula dealbata. *S. striæformis* Auct. species plures complectitur. Persoon (Syn. pag. 32) suam ad caules Pastinaceæ? legit, forsan nostram, sed nuperius ad *Xylomata* retulit (Ic. pict. t. 17, f. 3, a).

277. **D. Tetrastaga Racemula** (C. et P.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (caulicolæ) 2629

Racemula C. et P. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, rugosis, minutis, depressis, nigris, denique collabentibus; ostiolis elongatis epidermidem perforantibus, ascis clavatis, sessilibus; sporidiis anguste lancolates, hyalinis, 4-nucleatis, 14μ . long.

Hab. in caulis Epilobii angustifolii, Adirondak Amer. bor. — Perithecia cuticulæ secedenti adhærent. An potius *Gnomoniella*?

278. **D. Tetrastaga oblita** Sacc. et Speg. Mich. I, p. 386. — Stro. 2630
mate ramos corticatos varie ambiente et nonnumquam infuscante, linea stromatica infra vix limitato; peritheciis corticolis, basi vero ligno infossis, globulosis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolis breve rostellatis, parum excedentibus; ascis fusoideis deorsum acutioribus, 45-50 \approx 8, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis 12-14 \approx 4-5, rectis, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Artemisiæ camphoratae, Col. fosco, Ital. bor., rarius.

279. **D. Tetrastaga Valerianæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 319. — 2631
Stromatibus linearibus, 1-2 lin. long. $\frac{1}{2}$ lin. lat., intus nigro-limbatis, in caulum cortice nidulantibus, atris; peritheciis stromati immersis, sparsis, parum protuberantibus, depresso-globosis, nigris, ostiolo brevissimo, punctiformi, prominulo; ascis oblongis, 8sporis; sporidiis distichis, fusiformibus, subrectis, 1-(3?)-septatis, 4guttulatis, hyalinis, $12 \approx 3\frac{1}{2}$.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Valerianæ officinalis prope Estrich Germaniæ et prope Treviso Ital. bor.

280. **D. Tetrastaga Desmodii** (Peck) Sacc., *Sph. Desmodii* Peck 26 2632
Rep. p. 87. — Peritheciis sparsis vel seriatim digestis, minutis,

epidermide ostiolo acuto vel conico pertusa velatis, nigris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis distichis, fusoideis, hyalinis, 4-nucleatis, 9-10 μ . longis.

Hab. in caule emortuo *Desmodii*, Garrisons Amer. bor.

281. **D. Tetrastaga desmodiana** C. et E. Grevill. VI, p. 93. — Gre. 2633
garia, tecta; peritheciis semi-immersis; ostiolis erumpentibus, ob-
tusis, atris; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis,
hyalinis, 18 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis *Desmodii* New Jersey Amer. bor.

282. **D. Tetrastaga sarmenticia** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 386. — Stromate 2634
caules late ambiente, at superficie vix manifesto, intra lignum vero
zona nigra tortuosa excurrente circumscripto; peritheciis gregariis,
globosis, $1\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., in cortice nidulantibus vel basi ligno in-
sculptis, ostiolis epidermidem nonnihil excedentibus; ascis oblongo-
fusoideis 45 \approx 7-8, utrinque obtusiusculis, aparaphysatis, octosporis;
sporidiis inordinate distichis, oblongis, 10 \approx 4-5, constricto-1-sep-
tatis utrinque subacutis, 4-guttulatis, hyalinis, strato mucoso ini-
tio obvolutis.

Hab. in sarmentis emortuis *Humuli Lupuli*, Selva, prope
Treviso Ital. bor.

283. **D. Tetrastaga Phaseolorum** B. et E. Grev. VI, p. 93, t. 100, 2635
f. 39. — Gregaria, tecta; peritheciis globosis, immersis, minimis;
ostiolis spinæformibus, atris, erumpentibus; ascis clavatis; spori-
diis lanceolatis, quadrinucleatis, 16 μ . longis.

Hab. in caulis *Phaseolorum*, New Jersey Amer. bor. —
Tenuior quam *D. euspina*.

284. **D. Tetrastaga Baccharidis** Cooke in Grev. VII, p. 53. — Sparsa, 2636
punctiformis, cuticula tecta, ostiolis brevibus, erumpentibus; ascis
clavatis; sporidiis fusiformibus, quadrinucleatis 18 \approx 2-3.

Hab. in caule *Baccharidis*, Darien Georgia America bor.
(RAVENEL).

285. **D. Tetrastaga austro-americana** Speg. Fungi Arg. I, p. 181. 2637
— Stromate late et continuo ramos ambiente, intime penetrante,
linea nigra atque cortice infuscato limitato; peritheciis confertis,
globosis, basi ligno insculptis, epidermide tectis, $1\frac{1}{4}$ - $1\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam.,
extus cinerascentibus, ostiolo acuto, atro-carbonaceo, robusto co-
nico, corticem perforante, atque exertiusculo ornatis; ascis fuso-
ideis, octosporis, 65 \approx 10, aparaphysatis; sporidiis distichis, medio
1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-magni-guttulatis, 14-15 \approx 6, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis dejectis Jussiæ longifoliæ, a la Recolata Argent. Amer. meridionalis.

286. **D. Tetrastaga aggerum** Sacc. et Spig. Mich. I, p. 387. — Stromate ramulos corticatos hinc inde ambiente et superficie nigrificante; peritheciis gregariis globulosis, $\frac{1}{3}$ mill. diam., cortice nindulantibus, ostiolo breve papillato, epidermidem parum excedente; ascis fusoideis, utrinque obtusiusculis, 50-60 = 7, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis fusoideis; saepe curvulis, medio constricto-septatis, 14-16 = 3-4, 4-guttulatis hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis Loti corniculati, Conegliano, Ital. bor.

287. **D. Tetrastaga pardalota** (Mont.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 206, *Sph. pardalota* Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 839 et Notice etc., in Ann., 2, I, p. 304, t. 12, f. 1. — Maculæformis, epidermide cinerascente tecta, lineola flexuosa limitata; peritheciis sparsis hemisphærico-compressulis nigris intus cinereis astomis, stromate concolori immersis, tandem rimose erumpentibus; ascis fusoideo-clavatis 60-65 = 7-9, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis fusoideis, acutis, 12-14 = 2-3, 4-guttulatis, dein 1-septatis non vel vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Convallariæ multifloræ in Gallia, Britannia et Germania.

288. **D. Tetrastaga Asparagi** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 206. — Peritheciis in stromatibus elongatis, majusculis, nigris immersis, ostiolis prominulis; ascis elongatis, 88 μ . longis, 8sporis; sporidiis subdistichis, elongatis, curvatis, 1-(3?)-septatis, loculo superiori crassiori, acuminato, 24 = 6, hyalinis. — Peritheciis spermogonicis in stromate tenuissimo, elongato, determinato sparsis, globosis, in ostiolum conicum attenuatis; cirrhis albis; spermatiis ovatis, biguttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis siccis Asparagi officinalis prope Hattenheim Germaniæ. — Cl. Fuckel adscribit sporidia 4-septata, an ex errore?

289. **D. Tetrastaga exercitalis** (Peck) Sacc., *Sphæria* (caulicolæ) *exercitalis* Peck 40 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis minutis, confertis, in lineas longas digestis, initio epidermide velatis dein ea rimose fissa cinctis; ostiolis prominulis, subcylindricis; sporidiis oblongis vel subfusoideis, 1-nucleatis, 12-14 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis herbarum in montibus Catskill Amer. bor. — Series militum armatorum in mentem revocat.

290. D. **Tetrastaga vacillans** (De Not.) Sacc., *Sphaeria vacillans* De 2642

Not. Sfer. ital. p. 66, t. 68. — In series longissimas secus caulum strias ut plurimum ordinata; peritheciis plerumque discretis vel hic illic rarius conjugatis et invicem concrescentibus exiguis, punctiformibus, hemisphærico-rotundatis, parte inferiore tota insculptis, vertice cum ostiolo abbreviato, crassiusculo, mammillari emergentibus, saturate fuscis, superficie opacis, rugatis, pachypleuris, fragilibus, cellulis ægre conspicuis, grumosis, fuscis, contextis; nucleo madore albido, gelatiniformi haud difflente; ascis numerosissimis, teretibus, obtusis, $82 \approx 8$, octosporis, paraphysibus vix ullis; sporiis fusoideis, elongatis, hyalinis 4-nucleolatis, subtorulosis, subinde sublunulatis, $24-25 \approx 5$.

Hab. in caulibus herbarum, prope Lago Maggiore Ital. bor.

*Dubia.*291. D. **Euporthe? Kœlreuteriæ** (Dur.) Sacc. Mich. II, pag. 60. *Sph.* 2643
Kœlreuteriæ Dur. in Roum. F. Gall. n. 287.

Hab. in ramis Kœlreuteriæ paniculatæ Bordeaux Galloïæ. — Specimina visa non prorsus matura. Adest simul: *Phoma Kœlreuteriæ* Sacc. peritheciis punctiformibus, subtectis; spermatiis oblongo-cylindraceis, $4 \approx 1-2$, basidiis duplo longioribus suffultis. Quæ verisimiliter spermogonium sistit.

REPERTORIUM
SPHÆRIACEARUM HYALODIDYMARUM
SECUNDUM MATRICES

Obs. A. indicat *Apiospora*. — B. *Bertia*. — D. *Diaporthe*. — Di. *Didymella*. — E. *Epicymatia*. — En. *Endothia*. — Er. *Eriosphaeria*. — G. *Gnomonia*. — Gi. *Gibbera*. — H. *Hercospora*. — L. *Lizonia*. — Le. *Leptomita*. — M. *Melanopsamma*. — Le. *Melanconis*. — My. *Myrmæcium*. — S. *Sphærella*. — St. *Stigmataea*. — V. *Venturia*.

Numeri 1819-1999 citantur 819-999; numeri vero 2001-2643 citantur 1-643.

Abies — S. 837. — Di. 136. — D. 400. 493. 623.	Alopecurus — S. 58.
Acacia — S. 917.	Amelanchier — D. 404.
Acanthus — D. 496.	Ammophila — S. 59.
Acer — S. 847. 848. 82. — Di. 131. — G. 204. 205. 206. 224. — M. 269. — Le. 286. — D. 359. 361. 362. 363. 365. 366. 367. 368. 416. 417. 460. 461. 589. 490. 591.	Androsace — S. 977.
Achillea — D. 504.	Andromeda — S. 928. — St. 111. — Di. 148. — Er. 330.
Adonis — S. 934.	Andropogon — A. 99.
Egopodium — St. 125.	Angelica — S. 9. — St. 124. — Di. 163. D. 494. 499.
Aesculus — S. 819. 820. — G. 206. En. 342. — D. 369. 618. 619.	Anthyllis — S. 944.
Agapanthus — S. 30.	Aralia — S. 916.
Agrostis — S. 41. 45. 47.	Arctostaphylos — S. 892. 8. — V. 327.
Ailanthus — S. 828. — D. 408. 553. 554.	Aristolochia — D. 526.
Aira — S. 39.	Armoracia — S. 89.
Albizzia — D. 552.	Arnica — S. 965.
Alchemilla — V. 314.	Aronicum — S. 92.
Allium — S. 22. 23.	Artemisia — S. 961. 90. — D. 503. 630.
Alnus — S. 913. 914. 915. — St. 108. — G. 204. 217. 218. — M. 248. 262. — En. 342. — Me. 348. 349. 350. — D. 360. 442. 588.	Arundinaria — A. 98. — St. 113. — Di. 191. 192.
	Arundo — A. 98. 102.
	Aspidium — S. 65. 97.
	Asparagus — D. 640.
	Asphodelus — D. 539.
	Asplenium — S. 65. 67. 97.
	Aster — D. 504.

- Astragalus* — S. 986. 991. — Di. 174.
Atropa — D. 531.
Aucuba — D. 446.
Avena — V. 318.

Baccharis — D. 636.
Ballota — S. 21.
Bambusa — A. 98. 99. 103. — M. 261.
Bardana — D. 506.
Bauhinia — D. 451.
Benzoin — D. 378.
Berberis — S. 911. — Di. 146. — D. 401.
Betula — S. 830. — G. 204. 219. — V. 289. — Me. 343. — D. 373. 374. 375. 614.
Brassica — S. 939. — D. 415. 518.
Braya — S. 962.
Bryonia — Di. 174.
Buxus — D. 598.
Bumelia — S. 904.

Caladium — S. 32.
Calamagrostis — S. 58. 95. — A. 100.
Calluna — Di. 134.
Calycanthus — S. 910.
Campanula — D. 519.
Cannabis — S. 18.
Capparis — D. 476.
Carex — S. 42. 55. 56. 58. 59. — Di. 181. — V. 319. 320.
Carduus — D. 512.
Carlina — S. 966. 967. — V. 325. — S. 993. — D. 507.
Carpinus — S. 819. 820. 860. — G. 205. 209. 211. 221. — En. 342. — D. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 445. 620. 621.
Carya — S. 819. 905. — D. 383. 409.
Cassandra — V. 300.
Cassinopsis — S. 922.
Cassiopeja — V. 301.
Castanea — S. 819. 820. 822. 859. 862. — Di. 142. — G. 204. — En. 342. — Me. 344. — D. 418. 419. 440. 822.
Catalpa — D. 462. 599.

Celtis — S. 80. — Di. 144. — M. 255. — B. 275. — D. 479.
Centaurea — D. 512.
Cephalanthus — M. 271.
Cephalaria — V. 312.
Cerastium — S. 94. — D. 537.
Ceratonia — S. 900.
Cercis — S. 913.
Chærophylum — S. 8.
Chenopodium — D. 526. — D. 535.
Cherleria — S. 973.
Chimonanthus — D. 470.
Chionanthus — Di. 143.
Cichorium — S. 993. — D. 504.
Cirsium — Di. 177. — D. 506. 512.
Citrus — S. 857. 858. 927.
Cleidium — S. 920.
Clematis — S. 880. — Di. 159. — D. 515.
Codiæum — G. 207.
Coffea — S. 923. — M. 252.
Comarum — S. 957.
Convallaria — S. 26. 27. — D. 639.
Convolvulus — S. 978. 979.
Coriaria — St. 121.
Cornus — S. 819. 912. — Di. 132. 133. — V. 392. — D. 414. 473. 601.
Coronilla — S. 949. 77. — D. 474. 475.
Corylus — S. 72. 75. — G. 204. 209. — V. 322. — En. 342. — D. 353. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 452. 574. 575.
Cruciferæ — S. 992.
Crataegus — S. 852. 880. — Di. 135. — G. 204. — E. 243. — L. 282. — V. 288. 290. — D. 405. 486.
Cucurbita — Di. 154.
Cupressus — St. 110. — M. 267. — D. 493.
Cydonia — S. 844. — D. 135.
Cynanchum — S. 999. — D. 153.
Cytisus — S. 839. 913. 926. 929. — Di. 126. — D. 394. 436. 466. 543. 546.

Dactylis — S. 42. — A. 101. 103.
Dahlia — S. 995.
Daphne — S. 891. — D. 602.

- Daucus — S. 5. — D. 490.
 Dendromecon — S. 894.
 Desmodium — St. 214. — D. 632.
 633.
 Deutzia — D. 608.
 Dianthus — S. 970.
 Dioscorea — Di. 190.
 Diphyscium — V. 321.
 Dipsacus — S. 5. — Di. 156. 178. —
 D. 531.
 Dorycnium — D. 547. 548.
 Draba — S. 938. 963. — Di. 168.
 Dryas — S. 955. 956. — Di. 151. —
 G. 223. — M. 264.
- Epilobium — S. 942. 943. 12. 19. —
 Di. 170. 171. 172. — G. 196. 197. —
 V. 309. — D. 627. 628. 629.
- Epimedium — S. 933.
 Epipactis — S. 26.
 Equisetum — S. 69. — V. 326.
 Erica — M. 250.
 Erigeron — V. 313.
 Eriophorum — S. 58.
 Eryngium — S. 976. — Di. 497. 498.
 — V. 307.
- Erysimum — S. 992.
 Erythrina — Di. 147. — M. 263.
 Eucalyptus — S. 889. — Di. 140.
 Eupatorium — D. 505.
 Euphorbia — S. 1. — G. 199. — D.
 517.
- Euphrasia — Di. 179.
 Eurybia — L. 246.
 Eutypa — B. 280.
 Evonymus — S. 906. — V. 296. — D.
 609.
- Faechinia — S. 973.
 Fagus — S. 819. 850. 851. 85. 87. —
 Di. 135. — G. 221. — B. 272. 279.
 En. 342. — Me. 347. — D. 399. 435.
 615.
- Ferula — E. 496.
 Ferulago — D. 494.
 Festuca — S. 973. 58.
 Ficus — D. 594.
- Fœniculum — D. 495. 496.
 Forsythia — S. 879.
 Fragaria — S. 951.
 Fraxinus — S. 820. 883. — V. 290.
 — D. 395. 489. 583. 584. 585. 586.
- Galeopsis — S. 935.
 Galium — S. 12. — D. 625.
 Gaultheria — S. 893.
 Gentiana — S. 14.
 Geum — S. 950. 958.
 Graminaceæ — S. 36. — Di. 185. 186.
 — L. 245.
- Gregoria — S. 977.
 Grevillea — S. 921.
 Gypsophila — S. 2000.
- Hagenia — E. 239.
 Hedera — S. 841. — D. 380. 459.
 Helianthus — D. 504.
 Helleborus — S. 931. 932. — Di. 160.
 Hemerocallis — S. 29.
 Heracleum — St. 124. — D. 494. 501.
 Hesperis — D. 526.
 Hibiscus — D. 595.
 Holeus — A. 101.
 Humulus — Sp. 975. — Di. 166. — D.
 634.
- Hypericum — S. 13. — Di. 155. — D.
 522.
- Iasminum — D. 471.
 Ilex — V. 293. 323. — D. 389. 603.
 Impatiens — S. 937.
 Imperatoria — St. 124.
 Iris — S. 31.
 Juglans — G. 220. — En. 342. — Me.
 345. — D. 410. 411. 576. 577.
- Iuncus — S. 49. 50. — Di. 184.
 Jungermannia. — V. 321.
 Juniperus — M. 260. — B. 274. — D.
 490.
- Iurinea — S. 960.
 Iussiæa — D. 637.
- Kalmia — S. 897. — V. 324.

Kerria — D. 485.
Kœlreuteria — D. 643.

Lactuca — S. 994.
Lamium — D. 526.
Lampsana — D. 504.
Lappa — D. 510. 511. 512.
Laserpitium — St. 112. — D. 500.
Lathyrus — S. 986. — Di. 166. 167.
 G. 201.
Laurus — V. 294. — D. 478. 604.
Lecanora — E. 231. 238.
Lecidea — E. 232.
Lepidium — S. 992.
Leucanthemum — D. 502.
Leucopogon — L. 247.
Libanotis — S. 976.
Lichenaceæ — E. 236.
Ligustrum — S. 838. — D. 477.
Lilium — S. 24. 25.
Linnæa — G. 215. — V. 299.
Liriodendron — S. 908.
Lonicera — S. 895. 896. 84. — D. 472.
 — V. 295. 296.
Lotus — D. 638.
Lucuma — D. 458.
Luzula — S. 52. 58.
Lycium — D. 610.
Lycopodium — S. 68. — D. 542.
Lyonia — S. 819.

Magnolia — S. 918. 919. — D. 480.
Magydaris — D. 496.
Majanthemum — S. 27.
Mahonia — D. 406. 605.
Massaria — E. 242.
Medicago — S. 988. — D. 526. 529.
Melampyrum — S. 998. — D. 525.
Melastoma — S. 826.
Melia — D. 447. 554.
Melilotus — S. 986.
Mentha — D. 526.
Mercurialis — S. 88.
Mesembryanthemum — D. 521.
Metrosideros — D. 469.
Micromeria — S. 20.
Molinia — A. 103.

Morus — S. 83. — D. 448. 449.
Mulgedium — Di. 180.
Myrica — S. 849. — G. 202. — D.
 439. 453. 555. 556.
Myricaria — S. 888. — Di. 145.
Myrsine — S. 887.

Nepeta. — Di. 175.
Nerium — S. 890. — Di. 149.
Nyssa — S. 78. — Di. 141. — D. 391.

Ochrolechia — E. 235.
Olea — D. 578.
Ononis — D. 526.
Onosma — Di. 165.
Orobus — S. 947. 948.
Oryza — S. 43. 44.
Ostrya — G. 208. 210.
Oxalis — S. 984. 985.

Pachyospora — E. 240.
Paliurus — D. 464.
Palmaceæ — Di. 189.
Papaver — S. 16. 17.
Pedicularis — S. 936.
Peltigera — E. 233.
Persea — S. 907.
Petasites — S. 93. — V. 408.
Peucedanum — S. 6.
Phacelia — D. 513.
Phalaris — S. 37. 96.
Phaseolus — S. 945. 946. — D. 635.
Philadelphus — D. 608.
Phillyrea — D. 579.
Phormium — Di. 187.
Phragmites — S. 59. — A. 99. 101.
Physcia — E. 234.
Phytolacca — S. 983. — D. 534.
Pinus — Di. 152. — V. 304. 305. 306.
 — Er. 328. — D. 491. 492.
Pistacia — St. 122.
Pisum — S. 989.
Pittosporum — S. 881.
Placodium — E. 231.
Plantago — S. 987. — D. 514.
Platanthera — S. 23.

- Platanus — S. 820. 856. — D. 407.
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- Poa — S. 40. 58.
- Polygonum — S. 981. 982. — St. 123.
- Polypodium — S. 66. 97.
- Polytrichum — L. 244. — V. 321.
- Populus — S. 871. 872. 873. 874. 875.
875. 876. — M. 249. 259. — B. 272.
— Me. 351. — D. 396. 468. 611.
- Potentilla — V. 316. 317.
- Poterium — S. 959.
- Primula — S. 977. — V. 315.
- Prinos — D. 455.
- Prunella — D. 525.
- Prunus — S. 844. 845. 899. — G. 214.
V. 288. — D. 402. 403. 481. 488.
566. 567. 568. 570.
- Psammisia — S. 884.
- Psoroma — E. 241.
- Pteris — S. 61. 62. 63. 64. 97. — Di.
193. 194. 195. — D. 541.
- Pulsatilla — S. 930
- Punica — Di. 135.
- Pyrus — S. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. —
Di. 135. — V. 288. — Er. 336. —
D. 564. 565.
- Quercus — S. 819. 821. 820. 823. 824.
825. 826. 827. 829. 924. — G. 204.
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268. — B. 272. 278. — Le. 285. —
V. 288. 297. — En. 342. — D. 383.
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457. 571. 572. 573.
- Ranunculus — St. 109.
- Rhamnus — D. 397. 398. 425. 463.
- Rhododendron — S. 822. — G. 200.
- Rhus — D. 381. 382. 597.
- Rhynchosia — St. 116.
- Ribes — S. 863. 864. 865. — G. 229.
— V. 298. — D. 376. 606. 607.
- Robinia — S. 882. 883. — M. 254. —
D. 370. 371. 372. 467.
- Rosa — St. 119. — Di. 150. — D. 484.
563.
- Rosmarinus — M. 256.
- Rottlera — S. 79.
- Rubia — S. 10. 11.
- Rubus — S. 853. 854. 855. — St. 119.
Di. 128. 129. 130. — G. 198. 225.
M. 249. 257. 270. — V. 291. — D.
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561.
- Rumex — S. 980. 982. — Di. 194. —
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- Salicornia — S. 2. 3.
- Salvia — D. 525.
- Salix — S. 866. 867. 868. 869. 870.
74. — Di. 137. 138. — G. 226. —
M. 248. — B. 272. — V. 288. 290.
293. — Er. 329. — Me. 348. — D.
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- Sambucus — Di. 154. — B. 275. — D.
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- Saponaria — S. 971. — D. 536.
- Sarothamnus — D. 545. 546.
- Sarracenia — S. 941.
- Saussurea — S. 997.
- Scabiosa — S. 940.
- Scirpus — S. 53. 54. — Di. 188.
- Scleranthus — S. 2000.
- Scrophularia — Di. 173. — D. 526.
- Secale — S. 46.
- Sedum — D. 520.
- Senecio — S. 962. 968. 91. — Di. 169.
— D. 504.
- Sequoja — St. 110.
- Sesleria — G. 203.
- Smilax — S. 28.
- Solanum — Di. 166. — D. 526. 532.
533.
- Solidago — D. 508. — S. 996.
- Solorina — B. 276.
- Sophora — D. 550.
- Sorbus — S. 835. 898. 86. — Di. 135.
B. 272. — V. 288. — Me. 346. —
D. 392. 569.
- Sorghum — S. 38. 39. — Di. 182.
- Spiraea — S. 952. 953. — D. 482. 483.
562.
- Staphylea — Di. 139. — D. 388.

Stellaria — S. 972. 974.
Stenactis — Di. 156.
Sutherlandia — St, 115.
Symporicarpos — D. 596.
Symplocos — S. 877.
Syringa — D. 465. 580. 581. 582.

Tagetes — D. 509.
Tamus — D. 540.
Tanacetum — D. 512.
Taraxacum — S. 969.
Taxus — S. 836.
Thamnolia — E. 237.
Tilia — S. 820. 860. 862. — G. 222.
 — Le. 281. — H. 352. — D. 396.
 600.
Tofieldia — S. 58.
Torilis — S. 7. — D. 494.
Tomentilla — S. 949.
Trifolium — S. 990. — Di. 164. G. 227.
Triticum — S. 48. 58. — Di. 182.
Tussilago — S. 963. 964.
Typha — S. 58. 60. — Di. 183.

Ulex — D. 393, 544, 546.
Ulmus — S. 885. 75. — G. 230. M. 248.

En. 342. — D. 430. 431. 442. 443.
 444. 587..
Umbelliferæ — S. 7. 19. — Di. 162.
 166. — G. 228.
Urtica — Di. 161. 166. — D. 526.

Vaccinium — S. 820. 901. 902. 903. 76.
 — St. 120. — V. 301. 302. 303. —
 Gi. 338. — D. 412.
Valeriana — S. 15. — D. 631.
Verbascum — D. 525.
Verbena — Di. 156. 157.
Verbesina — D. 504.
Viburnum — S. 831. 832. 833. 834. —
 D. 592.
Vicia — 986.
Vinca — S. 909. — D. 523.
Vitis — S. 925. 73. — B. 277. — Le.
 284. — V. 307. — Er. 337. — D.
 454.

Wisteria — S. 978. — D. 549.

Yucca — D. 538.

Zea — S. 33. 34.. 35

Sect. 5. Phæodidymæ Sacc.

(*Didymosporæ* Sacc. *Consp. gener. Pyr.* p. 9, ex parte).

Sporidia ovoidea v. oblonga v. fusoidea, 1-septata, fuliginea v. intense olivacea.

Clavis analyticæ generum.

A) Simplices.

a) Tectæ.

Didymosphaeria. Perithecia minuta, membranacea. Sporidia strato hyalino carentia.

Massariella. Perithecia majuscula, subcoriacea. Sporidia strato hyalino obvoluta. 716

b) Superficiales v. basi insculptæ.

1. Perithecia erostrata.

Parodiella. Perithecia phyllogena, adnato-superficialia, subcoriacea. 717

Amphisphaeria. Perithecia xylogena v. corticola, basi insculpta, emergentia, carbonacea. 718

Delitschia. Perithecia coprogena, innato-emergentia, submembranacea. 732

2. Perithecia rostrata.

Rhynchostoma. Perithecia innato-emergentia, carbonacea. 730

B) Cæspitosæ.

Otthia. Perithecia cæspitosa, erumpenti-superficialia carbonacea, vix papillata. 735

C) Compositæ, stromaticæ.

Melanconiella. Stroma subcoriaceum cortice immersum, valseum, conidiis *Melanconiorum* comitantibus. Asci apophysati. 740

Valsaria. Stroma subcoriaceum, erumpens v. immersum, valseum, diatypeum v. eutypeum, atrum, *Melanconio* nullo. Perithecia globulosa. Asci apophysati. 741

Camarops. Stroma crustaceum, hypoxyleum, emergens; *Melanconio* nullo. Perithecia subtubulosa. Ostiola prominula hemisphærica, pertusa. Asci apophysati. 753

DIDYMOSENIA Fuck. *Symb. myc.* pag. 140 emend. (Etym. *didymos* h. e. *Sphaeria didymospora*). — Perithecia epidermide nunc immutata nunc nigrificata velata, submembranacea, minute papillata. Asci paraphysati, 4-8-spori. Sporidia ovoideo-oblonga, 1-septata, fuliginea. — Spermogonia et pycnidia in plerisque nota. — Cum hoc genere p. p. convenit *Microthelia* Körb., lichenibus adscripta,

quæ a ceteris *Didymosphærii*s distingueretur, teste Niesslio, ob clypeum nigricantem circa ostiolum et cum *Massariopside* Niessl confluere; quæ postrema vero, observante Rehmio, apice ascorum jodo coerulescente insuper dignoscitur. Cl. Niessl distinguit quoque gen. *Phorcys*, tunica ascorum perforata. Sed notæ hæ cum in pluribus speciebus nondum plene observatæ sint, genus collectivum pro interim adhibere coactus fui.

1. *Eudidymosphæria*: peritheciis epidermide non nigrificata tectis (v. saltem maculis nigricantibus non indicatis).

1. **Didymosphæria conoidea** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 202, Sacc. F. it. 2644 t. 208. — Peritheciis sparsis, tectis, tandem liberis, majusculis, conoideis, basi applanatis, vertice interdum paulo depresso, ostiolo papillæformi vel subconico, atris, nitidis, coriaceis, duriusculis; ascis cylindraceis, stipite brevi, 8-sporis, $60-79 \approx 5-7$; sporidiis monostichis, obovatis medio septatis pauloque constrictis, pallide olivaceis, 6-9 ≈ 5 ; paraphysibus angustis, simplicibus.

Hab. in caulis siccis *Salviæ*, *Origani*, *Urticæ*, *Solidaginis*, *Lythri* in Italia, Germania, Gallia, sæpe socia *Leptosphæria Doliolo*. a qua extus non distinguenda.

2. **Didymosphæria Schröteri** Niessl Neue Kernpilze 199. — Peritheciis sparsis gregariis, peridermio immutato tectis, minutis, hemisphæricis, ostiolo conoideo, prominulo, coriaceis sed tenellis, basi fibrillosis, atris; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis; stipite brevi, octosporis $50-60 \approx 8-9$; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-vel oblongo-lanceotis medio septatis, valdeque constrictis, rectis curvatis, dilute olivaceis $10-14 \approx 4-5$; paraphysibus ascos superantibus, subramulosis.

Hab. in caulis siccis *Œnotheræ biennis* pr. Rastatt Germaniæ (Doct. SCHRÖTER).

3. **Didymosphæria Winteri** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 165. — Peritheciis 2646 nunc sparsis, nunc laxe gregaris, minutis, hemisphæricis, tandem depresso, peridermio haud decolorato tectis, ostiolo papillæformi perforantibus, coriaceo-membranaceis atris; ascis clavatis stipitatis 8sporis $60-80 \approx 10-12$; sporidiis distichis, rarissime monostichis, lanceolatis vel lanceolato-oblongis, obtusiusculis, medio vel supra medium septatis valdeque constrictis, rectis vel leniter curvatis, luteo virescentibus seu olivaceis $11-14 \approx 4\frac{1}{2}-5$; paraphysibus numerosis, angustis, ascos longe superantibus, simplicibus vel sparse ramosis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Solani Dulcamaræ, Lysimachiae vulgaris et Spirææ Arunci in Moravia et Styria.

4. **Didymosphæria Parnassiæ** (Peck) Sacc. *Sphaeria Parnassiae* Peck 2647

27 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis sparsis, convexis v. subhemisphæricis, prominulis, perforatis, nigris; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis oblongis, angustis, uniseptatis, subconstrictis, subinde curvulis, 37–40 μ . long. 2–4-nucleatis, coloratis.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Parnassiæ carolinianæ, Albany in America boreali.

5. **Didymosphæria zerbina** (De Not.) Sacc. *Amphisphæria zerbina* 2648

De Not. Sf. ital. p. 70, t. 73. — Peritheciis sparsis, basi applicata insculptis initio epidermide velatis, dein liberis, hemisphæricis, papillatis, dein papilla amissa pertusis; ascis crasse clavatis, filiformi-paraphysatis, octosporis 80–90 \approx 16–17; sporidiis oblongis, bilocularibus, septo constrictis, badio-fuligineis, utrinque appendicula seu locello diaphano rotundato auctis, 20–22 \approx 9–10.

Hab. in caulis exsiccatis herbarum pr. Genova Italiæ bor. — Ad suum *Byssothecium circinans* dicit hanc speciem cl. Fuckel, quod mihi absonum videtur.

6. **Didymosphæria diplodioides** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sphaeria diplodioides* 2649

Crouan Finist. p. 26. — Peritheciis sphæricis, nigris, sparsis, 1 mill. diam., ostiolo obsoleto; ascis cylindraceis octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, fuligineis, uniseptatis; paraphysibus filiformibus ascos subæquantibus.

Hab. in caule emortuo Eupatorii, Finistère Galliæ.

7. **Didymosphæria maritima** (Crouan) Sacc. *Sph. maritima* Crouan 2650

Finist. p. 27. — Peritheciis subsphæricis, nigris, 1 mill. diam., ostiolo obsoleto; ascis cylindricis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideis, fuligineis, 1-septatis, bi-nucleatis; paraphysibus filiformibus.

Hab. in caulis emortuis Obionis, Finistère Galliæ.

8. **Didymosphæria Vizeana** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria Vizeana* Cooke 2651

Calif. Fungi in Grevill. VII, p. 12. — Caulicola, sparsa; peritheciis atris, prominulis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, subellipticis, uniseptatis, hyalino-luteolis, 30 \approx 10, loculo superiore latiore.

Hab. in caulis Lathyri venosi in California Amer. bor.

9. **Didymosphæria adelphica** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphaeria (caulicolæ) adelphica* Cooke Grev. VII, pag. 42. — Peritheciis.....; sporidiis uniseptatis, fuligineis, 16 \approx 6,5.

Hab. in caulis Phytolaccæ, New Jersey in America boreali et in Britannia.

10. **Didymosphæria Oxycedri** H. Fab. Sphær. Vaucl. p. 84, t. II, fig. 2653

14. — Peritheciis sparsis, cortici exarido semi-immersis, globosis conoideis, atris poro pertusis, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{2}{3}$ mill. diam.; ascis late clavatis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 150-175 \approx 30-40; sporidiis nunc inordinatis, nunc subdistichis, ovalibus, didymis, medio constrictis vel non, fuscis, luculis 1-magniguttatis, 30-35 \approx 12-15.

Hab. ad corticem ramorum exaridorum Juniperi Oxycedri, Vaucluse Galliæ.

11. **Didymosphæria bacchans** Pass. in Thüm. Pilze d. Weinst. p. 134, 2654
t. IV, f. 8. — Peritheciis cortice exteriore immersis, minutis, se-
riatis, subglobosis, ostiolo brevi, conico, atro, erumpentibus; ascis oblongo-clavatis, basi attenuatis, quadri-vel octosporis; sporidiis obliquis, uniserialibus, elliptico-navicularibus, uniseptatis, fuscis; perithecia majora stylosporea adsunt.

Hab. in sarmentis aridis Vitis viniferæ, Parma Italiæ su-
perioris (PASSERINI).

12. **Didymosphæria Rhamni** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. pag. 83, fig. 13. 2655
— Peritheciis solitariis, sparsis, globosis, atris, sub epidermide in
pustulam inflatâ nidulantibus, vertice poro perforato per epider-
midem stellatim fissam erumpente, 0,5 mill. diam.; ascis nunc lon-
gissimis, cylindraceis, stipitatis, 2' 0 \approx 15, et tunc sporidiis mono-
stichis, nunc sed rarius clavatis, 100 \approx 20, et tunc sporidiis subdi-
stichis; parte non sporifera, 25 μ . long.; sporidiis oblongo-ovatis,
didymis, medio constrictulis, obscure fuligineis, 23-30 \approx 9-12.

Hab. ad ramos exaridos Rhamni infectorii, Vaucluse
Galliæ.

13. **Didymosphæria Sellæ** (Bagnis) Sacc. *Amphisphæria Sellæ* Ba- 2656
gnis Micol. Rom. Cent. I, p. 17, t. I, fig. 6. — Peritheciis grega-
riis, epiphyllis, epidermide tectis, demum perforantibus, atris, py-
riformibus, ascis cylindraceis, rectis apice subacutis, hyalinis 120 \approx
10; sporidiis ovatis utrinque acuminatis bicellularibus ad septum
constrictis, binucleatis, uniseriatis, 15 \approx 4-5, fuligineis; paraphysibus
elongatis tenuibus, hyalino-lutescentibus apice clavato-capitatis.

Hab. in foliis aridis Ilicis paraguayensis, Roma in Hor-
to botanico.

14. **Didymosphæria Empetri** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria Empetri* Fr. S. M. 2657
II, 552. Grevill. V, p. 63. — Gregaria v. sparsa, innata, nigra,
initio levis et nitida, dein depressa et rugosa, ostiolo papillato;
ascis cylindraceis, 50 μ . long.; sporidiis tereti-oblongis, unisepta-
tis, pallide brunneis, 17 μ . longis.

Hab. in foliis Empetri nigri in Britannia. — *Sphæria Em-petri* Fuck. videtur *Leptosphæria*.

15. **Didymosphæria trivialis** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria trivialis* B. 2658 et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 632, t. 10, f. 16. — Sparsa tecta; peritheciis depressis, minutis; ostiolis obsoletis; ascis crassis, clavatis, obtusis octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis, Batheaston Britanniæ. — Cuticula supra perithecia fuscescit, sed re vera quia perithecia translucent.

16. **Didymosphæria Vitis** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 83. — Peritheciis 2659 confertis, initio epidermide tectis, dein semi-liberis, globosis, atris, in seriebus longitudinalibus inter corticis fibras nidulantibus, ostio lo inconspicuo, $\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8-sporis, $125 \approx 16$; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis, atro-brunneis, didymis, ad septum non constrictis, $16-20 \approx 10-12$.

Hab. ad ramos emortuos Vitis viniferæ, Vaucluse Galliæ.

17. **Didymosphæria? Cerasorum** (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (obtectæ) *Cerasorum* Fr. in Curr. Simpl. Sphær. p. 323, n. 300, fig. 80. — Peritheciis obtectis, simplicibus; ascis anguste elongatis; sporidiis distichis oblongo-fusoideis, curvulis, constricto-1-septatis, obscure fuscis, utrinque obtusiusculis, $22-23 \mu$. longis.

Hab. in ramis Cerasorum ubi?

18. **Didymosphæria incarcerateda** (Desm.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (subtecta) *incarcerata* Desm. 13. Not. 1846, p. 73. — Peritheciis sparsis sub-approximatis, minutis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., nigris, epidermide tectis, globosis, astomis, intus albis, demum depressis; ascis amplis, subcylindricis 125μ . longis; sporidiis 8, uniserialibus ellipsoideis 20μ . longis, olivaceis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in ramis Spartii juncei exsiccati in Gallia.

19. **Didymosphæria Genistæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 141. — Peritheciis 2662 sparsis, punctiformibus, primo tectis, demum subliberis, deplanatis, ostiolo cylindraceo, minuto, papillato, atro; ascis oblongis, substipitatis, sporidia 8, disticha, oblonga, didyma, fusca inludentibus.

Hab. in ramulis subvivis Genistæ pilosæ pr. Oestrich Rhenogoviæ.

20. **Didymosphæria celata** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphæria celata* Curr. in Berk. Outl. p. 398, *Sphæria obtecta* Curr. Micr. Journ. VII, p. 233, t. XI, fig. 16, B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 979, t. 17, f. 32. — Peritheciis globosis, epidermide tectis, solitariis v. subaggregatis; ostiolo brevi, depressiusculo hiantibus; ascis clavatis; sporidiis

biseriatis, atro-fuligineis, oblongis, v. biconicis, constricto-1-septates, 30-35 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis Ulmi in Britannia.

21. **Didymosphaeria dochmia** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria dochmia* B. 2664 et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 630, t. 10, f. 13, Cooke Handb. n. 2672. — Sparsa, tecta; peritheciis solitariis, ovoideis, obliquis, denique collabentibus, ostiolis brevissimis constrictis, vertice obtusis pertusis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis, obtusis; sporidiis distichis oblongis, leniter curvis, denique uniseptatis, hyalinis (?) dein coloratis (teste Cooke l. c.).

Hab. in ramis emortuis Ulmi, Batheaston Britanniæ. — Perithecia peridermum pustulatim leniter sublevant. — An *Didymella*?

22. **Didymosphaeria permutata** Sacc. *Didymosphaeria diplospora* Sacc. 2655 Mich. IV. p. 374, F. it. t. 372, nec Cooke, nec Fuck, teste Rehm. — Peritheciis gregariis innato-erumpentibus, globulosis, exquisite papillatis, minutis, nigris; ascis cylindraceis apice rotundatis, 100-110 \times 10-11, breviter stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis ovato-biconicis, utrinque acutiusculis, 1-septatis, non constrictis, 15-20 \times 8-10, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in sarmentis emortuis Rubi fruticosi in sylva Montello, Ital. bor. — A *D. diplospora* differt sporidiis ovato-biconicis utrinque acutiusculis.

23. **Didymosphaeria gregaria** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 159. — 2666 Peritheciis lenticulari-subglobosis, parvulis, 150-180 μ . diam., atris, carbonaceo-submembranaceis, epidermide velatis, dense gregariis, glaberrimis, ostiolo minuto non v. vix papillulato, non exerto ornatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, sursum rotundatis, crasseque tunicatis, deorsum attenuato-stipitatis, 70 \times 10, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, utrinque obtusiuscule rotundatis, medio septato-constrictis, 14-15 \times 5-5,5, primo hyalinis, 4-guttulatis, dein eguttulatis, diluteque fuligineis.

Hab. in sarmentis putridis Rubi discoloris in dumetis prope el Bañado de San José de Flores Argent. Amer. merid. — Species cum *D. epidermidis* et *D. diplospora* non comparanda.

24. **Didymosphaeria Rubi fruticosi** (Crouan) Sacc., *Sphaeria Rubi fruticosi* Crouan Finist. p. 28. — Peritheciis conicis, nigris, 1 mill. diam., ostiolo papillato; ascis subcylindricis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis subfusoideis, 1-septatis, granulosis, olivaceo-lutescentibus, appendiculatis.

Hab. in sarmenis putridis Rubi fruticosi, Finistere Galliae.

25. **Didymosphaeria Betulæ** (Niessl) Sacc., *Phorcys Betulæ* Niessl Not. 2668

Pyr. p. 41. — Peritheciis sparsis, innatis, peridermio turgido tectis, amplis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ellipsoideis, carbonaceis, atris, ostiolo minuto parum erumpente; ascis valde elongatis, tubulosis, membrana interna apice incrassata perforataque, stipite brevi 200–250 \approx 20; sporidiis 8 oblique monostichis, oblongis vel cylindraceo-oblongis medio septatis constrictisque, rectis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis, atro-fuscis, subopacis 23–26 \approx 8–9; paraphysibus crassis, guttulatis, simplicibus.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Betulæ albæ, Rastatt Germaniae (SCHRÖTER). — Sec. Niessl l. c. genus *Phorcis* distinguitur: ascorum membrana interna apice incrassata perforataque; paraphysibus distinctis; sporidiis didymis, (hucusque) fuscis v. nigricantibus.

26. **Didymosphaeria anaxæa** Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. II*, p. 325, *Fungi ital. t. 134*. — Peritheciis remote gregariis, primo epidermide ve-latis, dein semierumpentibus, globoso-lenticularibus, 120 μ . diam., atris, ostiolo vix papillato anguste pertuso; contextu parenchymatico laxiusculo, fuligineo; ascis clavatis, apice rotundatis, longiuscule attenuato-stipitatis, quandoque ima basi nodulosis, 100 \approx 10, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis, oblongo-clavatis, curvulis, 25–27 \approx 6, bilocularibus, loculo supero breviore crassiore rotundato, infero subpyramidato acutiusculo, ad septum leniter constrictis, minute pluriguttulatis, olivaceo-fulgineis (initio simplicibus, clavulatis, 4-guttulatis hyalinis).

Hab. in calamis Scirpi Holoschoeni in alveo fluminis Piave (Anaxum), Covolo pr. Treviso, Ital. bor. — Ob formam peculiarem sporidiorum facile dignoscitur.

27. **Didymosphaeria polysticta** (B. et C.) Sacc., *Sphaeria polysticta* 2670
B. et C. North Amer. *Fungi n. 945*. — Ostiolo excepto, epidermide tecta; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis, fuscis, 7,5 \approx 3–3,5.

Hab. in caule Smilacis in Amer bor. (BEAUMONT). — Perithecia vix epidermidem sublevant, nec nisi ostiola nigra punctiformia conspiciuntur.

28. **Didymosphaeria smaragdina** (Ces.) Sacc., *Sphaeria smaragdina* 2671
Ces. in Rabh. F. E. 2659. — Peritheciis depresso globosis, epidermide tectis, demum vertice perforato erumpentibus, contextu celluloso; ascis grosse cylindraceis, interdum leviter arcuatis, pa-

raphysibus filiformibus ramosis intermixtis, $60 \approx 14$; sporidiis 1-serialibus, octonis, pulchre viridibus, oblongis, 1-septatis ad septum constrictis, quovis loculo in contiguitate septi 1-ocellato, $14 \approx 4$.

Hab. in foliis corruptis Phœnicis dactyliferæ in Horto Neapolitano (CESATI). — Esset eadem ac *Didymosphæria Nubecula* Pass., observante cl. Wintero; sed in hac sporidia multo breviora (nempe 9μ . long.) describuntur.

29. **Didymosphæria trachodes** (Mont.) Sacc., *Sphæria trachodes* Mont. 2672

Syll. Crypt. n. 832 et Cent. II, n. 58, Ann., 2, XVI, p. 386. — Subtecta; peritheciis confertis confluentibusque hemisphæricis atris, opacis, intus albo-cinereis, ostiolo papillæformi acuto; sporidiis ex ovoideo oblongis, brunneis, specie bilocularibus, opacis, $20-30 \approx 15$.

Hab. ad folia Monocotyledonearum in sylvis, secus amnum Gabaret Guyanæ (LEPRIEUR).

30. **Didymosphæria yuccogena** (Cooke) Sacc., *Sphæria yuccogena* 2673

Cooke Calif. Fungi in Grev. VII, p. 12. — Gregaria, tecta; peritheciis prominulis, atris; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, constrictis, brunneis, $28 \approx 10$.

Hab. in caulis Yuccæ in California Amer. bor.

31. **Didymosphæria palustris** (B. et Br.) Sacc., *Sphæria palustris* B. 2674

et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 654, t. 12, fig. 39. — Peritheciis sparsis, epidermide tectis, globosis, ostiolis minutis papillatis, denique poro rotundo hiantibus; ascis linearibus; sporidiis monostichis v. subdistichis, ellipsoideis, leniter curvulis, uniseptatis, fuligineis, utrinque hyalino-appendiculatis, loculis subinde conoideis.

Hab. in foliis emortuis Iridum, Caricum etc. in Britannia.

32. **Didymosphæria Peltigeræ** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 140. — Perithe- 2675

ciis gregariis, in macula expallescendi, tectis, globoso-conicis, atris, ostiolo conico, prominulo, punctiformi; ascis cylindraceis, substipitatis, $64 \approx 12$, sporidia 8, monosticha, ovata, suboblonga, didyma, pallide fusca, $18 \approx 7$, incurrentibus.

Hab. in thallo vivente Peltigeræ caninæ in Rhenogovia (Fuck.) et in Franconia (REHM).

33. **Didymosphæria infestans** Speg. F. Arg. Pug. IV, n. 160. — Pe- 2676

ritheciis densiuscule gregariis, innato-prominulis, subgloboso-emisphæricis, $180-200 \mu$. diam., atris, crassiuscule membranaceis, ostiolo non v. vix papillulato 25μ . diam., pertusis, contextu dense parenchymatico, olivaceo, circa ostiolum subcarbonaceo; ascis cylindraceis obtuse rotundatis, crasseque tunicatis, deorsum breviuscule attenuato-stipitatis, $80-85 \approx 6-6,5$, octosporis, aparaphysatis; spo-

ridis recte v. oblique monostichis, elliptico-subclavulatis v. obovatis, superne saepius obtuse rotundatis, inferne attenuato-acutiusculis, 12–14 \approx 5–6, medio 1-septato-constrictis, loculo infero minore, primo granuloso farctis, hyalinis, dein guttulatis, olivaceis.

Hab. in thallo v. apotheciis languentibus *Theloschistidis* flavidicantis ad palos vetustos, Conchas Argent. Amer. merid. — Species prædistincta; an sporidia primitus strato mucoso exiguo induita?

II. *Microthelia* Körb., Niessl: peritheciis epidermide circa ostium nigrificata tectis.

34. **Didymosphaeria epidermidis** (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 141 *Sphaeria epidermidis* Fr. S. M. II, p. 499 ex parte, *Sphaeræ atomaria* Wallr. Crypt. n. 3731. *Sph. Araucariæ* Cooke Seem. Journ. IV, t. 45, f. 12. — Sparsa; peritheciis tectis vix prominentibus, lævibus, minimis, demum collabescentibus depresso-depressis, ostiolo minuto erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis, 75–100 \approx 7–8, paraphysibus ramulosis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, rarius subdistichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, dein constrictis, rectis curvulisve, 2-guttulatis, 8–11 \approx 6, fuligineis. — Spermogonia et pycnidia nota teste Fuck. l. c.

Hab. ad ramos corticatos subvivos *Berberidis vulgaris*, *Salicis*, *Eucalypti*, *Sambuci* in Suecia, Belgio, Britannia, Lusitania, Gallia, Italia, Amer. bor. — Adest forma ascis tetrasporis. Varietates sequentes, quas distinxii in F. Ven. Ser. II. p. 323, forte specificē distinguendæ sunt. Var. *Coryli Avellanae*: ascis 85–90 \approx 8; sporidiis 14–16 \approx 7,5, fuligineis. Pr. Treviso Italia bor. — *Salicis babylonicae*: ascis 110 \approx 9; sporidiis 15–18 \approx 8–9, olivaceo-badiis. Ibidem.

35. **Didymosphaeria brunneola** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 201. — Peritheciis sparsis vel late gregariis, sub epidermide pallescente nidulantibus, macula fusca vel atro-purpurea tectis, majusculis, depresso-hemisphaericis vertice umbilicatis, papillatis, atro-fuscis, coriaceis, durissculis; ascis subcylindraceis stipite brevi, octosporis 60–90 \approx 6–8; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideo-oblongis, medio septatis paulo-que constrictis, olivaceis, 7–12 \approx 4–6; paraphysibus numerosis, elegantissime ramosis, angustis. — Spermogonia punctiformia, sparsa, hemisphaerica, atro-fusca, submembranacea; spermatiis angustissimis, cylindraceis, rectis 2–4 \approx $1\frac{1}{5}$ hyalinis.

Hab. in caulis siccis *Verbasci*, *Artemisiæ*, *Hyperici*,

Rubi, Galii, Salviæ, Menthae, Origani, Epilobii, Lythri in Germania, Italia, Austria. — Var. *sarmmentorum* Niessl l. c.: major; ascis elongatis 90–100 \pm 7–8; sporidiis sæpe inæquilateralibus v. subcurvulis ex olivaceo fuscescentibus 10–16 \pm 5–6. In sarmenis Humuli Lupuli in Germania et Austria. — Var. *limitata* Kunze F. Sel. n. 89: major; ascis 65–76 \pm 6; sporidiis vix constrictis 10–12 \pm 6. In caule Meliloti albæ, Eisleben Germanæ. — Var. *Hyperici calycini*; ascis 90–100 \pm 9–10; sporidiis 16–18 \pm 7–7,5, 2-guttatis, fuligineis. In Ital. bor.

36. **Didymosphæria Meretrix** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sphæria Meretrix* Mont. 2679

N. Cell. Cent. VIII, p. 145. — Caulicola, sparsa aggregatave; peritheciis velatis subsphærico-depressis atro-fuscis nitidis, ostiolo mammari minuto; ascis cylindraceo-subclavatis, octosporis, paraphysatis, 70–80 \pm 10 paraphysibus dichotomis; sporidiis serie unica imbricatis ex ovoideo oblongis, tandem olivaceis, 12–18 μ . longis. — Spermogonia adsunt minora; spermatiis oblongis 3 μ . longis, hyalinis.

Hab. ad caules Meliloti leucanthæ, Montaud-lès-Miramas Galliæ (CASTAGNE).

37. **Didymosphæria albescens** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 202. — Peritheciis sparsis sub peridermio pallescente nidulantibus, macula atro-purpurea tectis, majusculis, depresso-hemisphæricis, tandem vertice collapsis, papillatis, fusco-atris, coriaceis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis, stipite brevi octosporis 58–86 \pm 7–8; sporidiis monostichis, hinc inde distichis, ovoideo-oblongis, medio septatis constrictisque 9–13 \pm 5–6; paraphysibus angustis, ramulosis.

Hab. in ramis Lonicerae Xylostei et Myricariae vulgaris in Germania et Austria. — Vix diversa a *D. brunneola*.

38. **Didymosphæria diplospora** (Cooke) Rehm, Hedw. 1879, pag. 167. 2681

Sphæria diplospora Cooke Seem. Journ. (1866) t. 45, f. 7. *D. Rubi* Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 141 (1869). — Peritheciis sparsis, sub epidermide nidulantibus, minutis, subglobosis, atris, ostiolis erumpentibus, minutis, obtusis, demum perforatis umbilicatisque, atris; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis, 120 \pm 10; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovatis, didymis, medio perparum constrictis, loculis uniguttulatis, fuscis, 14 \pm 8; paraphysibus simplicibus, multiguttulatis, filiformibus. Teste Fuck., pycnidium sistit *Diplodiam Rubi* Fr.

Hab. in sarmenis corticatis Rubi fruticosi, rarius in Britannia, Germania, Belgio et Gallia. — Præeunte cl. Rehm forte *D. epidermidis* varietas.

39. **Didymosphaeria Lonicerae** Sacc. *Amphisphaeria Lonicerae* Sacc. 2682
Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 114, t. XI, fig. 30-32. — Peritheciis sparsis
 sub cortice denique dejecto nidulantibus, e sphærico depressis, $\frac{1}{4}$
 mill. diam., ostiolo non prominulo, atris; ascis cylindricis basi at-
 tenuatis, 188 ± 8 , paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8sporis; spo-
 ridiis recte monostichis, ellipsoideis, constricto-didymis, utrinque
 acutiusculis, $12-14 \pm 6\frac{1}{2}$, septo medio evidentissimo, fuligineis.
Hab. sub cortice dejecto trunci Lonicerae sempervirentis emortui, Selva, agri Tarvisini, Ital. bor.
40. **Didymosphaeria Galiorum** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 140 (nec *Sphaeria Galiorum* Desm.). 2683
Peritheciis subsparsis, epidermide leniter nigrificata tectis, globoso-depressis, ostiolo perforante minuto;
ascis cylindraceis, substipitatis, 8sporis, 34-44 \pm 10; sporidiis mono-
nostichis, ovatis, uniseptatis, 12-15 \pm 7-8, fuscis.
Hab. in caule Galii veri, G. Aparines, G. sylvatici,
G. Molluginis in Germania, Gallia, Italia, Belgio. — *Sph. Galiorum* Desm. est *Leptosphaeria Aparines* (Fuck.)
41. **Didymosphaeria opulenta** (De Not.) Sacc. *Amphisphaeria opulenta* 2684
*De Not. *Sphaeria opulenta* De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. I, pag. 64,*
fig. VII. — Peritheciis sphæroideo-conicis firmis, rugulosis, atro-
 fuscis, immersis, cortice nigrescente initio tectis, ostiolo cylindra-
 ceo-conico, peritheciū fere æquante, erumpente et eminente; ascis
 cylindraceo-clavatis, paraphysatis, $150 \pm 20-23$, octosporis; spo-
 ridiis distichis, didymo-constrictis, utrinque, v. uno polo obtuse at-
 tenuatis, badio-fuscis, $20-25 \pm 10$.
Hab. ad ramos dejectos Opuntiarum in Sardinia austr., Gallia merid. et in Cuba.
42. **Didymosphaeria tenebrosa** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria tenebrosa* 2685
B. et Br. An N. H. n. 649, t. 12, fig. 35. — Sparsa cuticulâ my-
 celio toruloideo obscuratâ tecta; peritheciis depressis; ascis cras-
 se cylindraceo-clavatis, obtusis, deorsum attenuatis; sporidiis fu-
 scis, uniseptatis, binucleatis, loculis subconicis.
Hab. in caulibus emortuis Arctii, superficie nigrificatis, King's
 Cliffe Britanniæ et Vernoniae novæboracensis in Pensylva-
 nia Amer. bor. — Sporidiis majusculis mycelioque toruloideo mox
 dignoscenda species.
43. **Didymosphaeria appendiculosa** Speg. Fung. Arg. pug. IV, n. 158. 2686
 — Peritheciis immersis e globoso lenticularibus 250-300 μ . diam.,
 sparsis, superne epidermidi nigrificata adnatis, glaberrimis, atris,
 membranaceo-subcarbonaceis, contextu indistincte parenchymatico;

ascis cylindraceis sursum subattenuatis, apice truncatis, deorsum breve attenuato-stipitatis 150-170 \approx 10-12, octosporis, aparaphy-satis; sporidiis recte v. oblique monostichis, primo hyalinis, fusoi-deis, saepius inæquilateralibus utrinque truncatis 28-30 \approx 6-7 (sine caudis) et appendiculis (supera vix minore) concoloribus conico-elon-gatis, acutis 5-8 \approx 3-4 auctis, diu continuis, grosse 1- v. pluri-gut-tatis, dein medio 1-septatis, non constrictis, cauda superiore dif-fluente orbatis, postremo elongato-ellipsoideis, utrinque obtusiu-cule rotundatis, ac muticis, 28-30 \approx 10, inæquilateralibus v. curvu-lis, medio 1-septatis, non constrictis, granuloso-farctis, amoene ac intense roseo-fuligineis.

Hab. in foliis dejectis putrescentibus *Eryngii pandanifoli* in paludosis ultra el Riachuelo Argent. Amer. merid. — Spe-cies habitu, magnitudine et notis juvenilibus fructificationis cum *Anthostomella appendiculosa* (B. et Br.) Sacc. (cujus formam tantum sporidiis hyalinis donatam adhuc inveni) perfecte conve-niens, sed sporidiis postremo distinctissime medio 1-septatis rece-lens; an cum citata identica et observatio præcl. Saccardoi speci-minibus adhuc immaturis adscribenda? an lusus naturæ climatis-que? an vere nova species? Speg. l. c.

44. **Didymosphæria Spartii** (Castag.) Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 83. *Sphæ-*²⁶⁸⁷
ria Spartii Castag. Cat. pl. Mars. p. 169. — Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, punctiformibus, in cortice interiori nidulantibus, epider-mide nigrificatâ tectis, vertice deplanatis et coronulâ albâ epi-dermidis fissæ cinctis, ostiolo inconspicuo; ascis cylindraceis, sti-pitatis, 8-sporis, 150 \approx 12; sporidiis monostichis, ovato-oblongis, 1-septatis, medio constrictulis, atro-ardosiaceis, 24-30 \approx 7-10.

Hab. in ramulis delapsis *Spartii juncei* et *Genistæ Scor-*
pia. — An diversa a *D. incarcerateda* (Desm.)?

45. **Didymosphæria Syringæ** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 84, f. 15. — *Sphæ-*²⁶⁸⁸
Peritheciis sparsis, minutis, sub epidermide nigro-punctatâ nidulan-tibus, globosis, atris, vertice poro pertusis; ascis cylindraceis, bre-ve stipitatis, 8-sporis, 90-120 \approx 8; sporidiis oblique monostichis, didymis, medio subconstrictis, pallide fuscis, loculis 1-guttatis, 15 \approx 5-6.

Hab. ad ramos emortuos *Syringæ vulgaris*, Vaucluse Galliæ.

46. **Didymosphæria futilis** (B. et Br.) Rehm, Hedw. 1870, p. 167, *Sph.*²⁶⁸⁹
futilis B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 638 t. 11, fig. 23. — Sparsa, epi-dermide nigricante tecta; peritheciis subglobosis; ascis linearibus;

sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ellipticis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, hyalinis (an tandem fuscousentibus?).

Hab. in ramis emortuis Rosæ, King's Cliffe Britanniæ. — An *Didymella*? Sed Cooke Handb. n. 2674 inter chromosporas citat.

47. **Didymosphæria nitidula** Sacc. Mich. I, p. 30 et 98, F. it. t. 132. 2690

— Peritheciis sparsis, e globoso depresso, $\frac{3}{4}$ -1 mill. diam., cortice innatis et epidermide tumidula nigrificata nitidissima, medio perforata, velatis, ostiolo subimpresso pertuso; ascis cylindricis prælongis, $150 \approx 10-12$ p. sporif., breviter stipitatis apice tunica integra rotundatis, paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-fusoideis, $25-26 \approx 10$, rectis curvulisve, utrinque acutiusculis, constricto-1-septatis, granulosis, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramulis corticatis Carpinii Betuli in sylva Montello, Ital. bor. — Habitum perfecte cum *Clypeosphæria Notarisii* Fuck. et *Anthostomella nitidula* Sacc. convenit sed sporidia distincte constricto-bilocularia.

48. **Didymosphæria socialis** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. II, p. 324. — Pe. 2691

ritheciis dense gregariis, cortice immersis et epidermide circa ostium tumidula atque denigrata tectis, globosis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., nucleoque crassiusculo nigris, ostiolo breviter papillato, vix erumpente; ascis cylindraceis, $110-120 \approx 6$, apice rotundatis, basi vix attenuatis subsessilibus, pseudo-paraphysibus parcis guttulatis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovoideis, interdum subinæquilateralibus, $15 \approx 6$, granulosis, 2-guttulatisque, tandem obscure 1-septatis non constrictis, pallide olivaceis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Robiniae Pseudacaciæ, Selva, Treviso, Ital. bor. Ex clar. Doct. G. Winter in litt. crescit idem fungillus etiam in Populo Tremula in Germania. — Peritheciis crassiusculis, sporidiorum forma et colore et in primis habitu peculiari a cæteris speciebus statim dignoscitur. — **D. nobilis* Sacc. Mich. I, p. 32 differt sporidiis longioribus, nempe $18-20 \approx 5-6$, medio distincte constrictis, 4-guttulatis v. 2-nucleatis, fuligineis. In ramis corticatis Lauri nobilis, Conegliano, Italia boreali (SPEGAZZINI).

49. **Didymosphæria oblitescens** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphaeria oblitescens* 2992

B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 887, t. 11, fig. 32. Cooke Handb. n. 2675 nec Fuck. — Peritheciis epidermide velatis, depresso, majusculis, ostiolis obscuris; ascis cylindricis elongatis; sporidiis oblongo-el-

lipticis, utrinque obtusissimis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Corni, Spyne Park Britanniæ. Epidermis supra perithecia subinde decolorata. Paraphyses lineares, interdum sporidium unum alterumve gerentes. *Didymosphaeria oblitescens* Fuck. aliena est et sub nomine *Dydimellæ vexatæ* jam descripta.

50. **Didymosphaeria acerina** Rehm Ascom. n. 237 (1874) et in Hedwigia 1879, p. 168. *Massariopsis subtecta* Niessl (1875) in Notizen p. 39. — Peritheciis in cortice suberoso nidulantibus globulosis, 1 mill. circ. diam., gregariis, ostiolis peridermum superficie leniter cinereo-nigrificatum punctulato-perforantibus, leniterque pustulatim elevantibus; ascis cylindraceis, crassis, 100-120 \approx 8, apice in crassato jodoque cœrulecente; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, uniseptatis, utrinque obtusis, non v. vix constrictis, binucleatis, fuscis, 14-17 \approx 5-7,5; paraphysibus articulatis subramosis.

Hab. in ramis Aceris campestris et Pruni spinosæ in Germania, Helvetia, Austria et Britannia. — Var. *Fraxini* Wint. herb. (vix diversa). In ramis Fraxini pr. Leipzig Germaniæ.

51. **Didymosphaeria pulchella** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 375. — Peritheciis globulosis, ultra $1/2$ mill. diam., papillatis, initio subcutaneis; ascis cylineraceis, 100-150 \approx 10-13 apice obtusis, lumine truncato minuteque 1-foveolato, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis v. partim distichis, oblongis, constricto-1-septatis, 20 \approx 8, olivaceo-fuligineis.

Hab. in ramulis sub cortice denigratis Aceris Negundinis, Conegliano, Ital. bor. — Ab affini *Did. acerina* certe distinguenda.

52. **Didymosphaeria grumata** (Cooke) Rehm Ascom. n. 441. *Sphaeria grumata* C. et Ellis N. Am. Fungi n. 185. — Peritheciis hinc inde gregariis epidermide tumidula et nigrificata tectis, globosis, $1/2$ mill. diam., obtuse papillatis, nigris; ascis clavatis, 120 \approx 15, paraphysibus ramosis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ovoideo-clavulatis 1-septatis, demum constrictis, 2-4-guttatis, diu hyalinis, demum (teste Rehm) dilute fuligineis, strato mucoso 3 μ . cr. obductis, 21 \approx 8, monostichis v. subdistichis.

Hab. in ramis adhuc vivis Andromedæ ligustrinæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

53. **Didymosphaeria Nubecula** Pass. Micr. ital. Diagn. n. 11. — Peritheciis gregariis, minutis, immersis tectis, nubeculas griseo-fuscas, subdisciformes efficientibus, vel sparsis; ascis cylindricis sub-

curvulis basi breviter attenuatis 8sporis, 75–90 \approx 10; sporidiis oblique uniserialibus elliptico-oblongis, castaneo-fuscis, loculis guttulatis, 9 \approx 3 $\frac{1}{2}$; paraphysibus copiosis ascis excedentibus.

Hab. ad folia arida Phœnicis dactyliferæ, Bordighera in Liguria.

54. **Didymosphæria donacina** (Niessl) Sacc. *Microthelia donacina* 2697

Niessl in Thuem. Contr. Myc. Lusit. n. 536. Peritheciis gregariis, plerumque seriatim dispositis, majusculis, 0,5 mill. diam., depresso-globosis, coriaceis, duriusculis, atris, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis anguste clavatis, longe pedicellatis, octosporis, 90–100 \approx 12–13, p. sp. 50–60, stip. 40–50 μ . long.; sporidiis di-tristichis, stipatis, oblongis, medio uniseptatis seu didymis, rectis, inæquilateralibus vel parum curvatis, fuscis, 12–15 \approx 4; paraphysibus ramulosis.

Hab. in Donacis culmis emortuis, Ribeira de Cozelhas pr. Coimbra, Lusitaniæ (MOLLER).

55. **Didymosphæria minuta** Niessl Neue Kernp. p. 200. — Peritheciis 2698

sparsis, macula fusca in peridermio pallescente tectis, minutis globosis, ostiolo papillæformi vel subconico, atro-fuscis, coriaceo-membranaceis; ascis clavato-cylindraceis stipite brevi, 8sporis, interdum 4sporis, 60–80 \approx 6–7; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, medio septatis pauloque constrictis olivaceis vel fuscescentibus 10–11 \approx 5–6; paraphysibus angustis, simplicibus vel raro laxe ramosis. — Spermogonia sparsa, minutissima, punctiformia, papillata; spermatiis cylindraceis angustissimis, rectis, hyalinis, 3 \approx 1 $\frac{1}{3}$ mill.

Hab. in foliis putridiis Caricis paludosæ et calamis Junci effusi pr. Brünn et Graz Austriæ.

III. *Species lichenibus adscriptæ.*

56. **D. Microthelia Micula** Flot., Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 162.

2699

Hab. in cortice vetusto Tiliæ in tota Europa.

57. **D. Microthelia Wallrothii** (Hepp.) Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 163.

2700

Hab. in cortice Betulæ in Germania, Italia etc. — An af-

finis *D. Phorcidi Betulæ* Niessl?

58. **D. Microthelia atomaria** Körb. Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 164.

2701

Hab. in cortice subvivo Cratægi in tota Europa. — Perafinis *D. epidermidis*.

59. **D. Microthelia analeptooides** Bagl. Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 164.

2702

Hab. in cortice subvivo Daphnes Mezerei in Germania, Tyrolia, Italia.

- 716 Sphæriaceæ, Phæodidymæ, Massariella.
60. **D. Microthelia grandiuscula** Anzi, Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 165. 2703
Hab. in cortice Salicu m in Italia media.
61. **D. Microthelia confusa** (Garov.) Rehm Hedw. 1879, p. 165. 2704
Hab. in cortice nucis Juglandis prope Loveno Ital. bor.

MASSARIELLA Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. I., pag. 2 tabulæ. (Etym. a *Massaria*, cuius est analogum genus). — Perithecia cortice nidulæntia, subcoriacea; ostiolo vix erumpente, pertuso. Asci octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia bilocularia, fuliginea, strato hyalino obvoluta.

1. **Massariella bufonia** (B. et Br.) Speg. l. c., *Massaria bufonia* (B. et Br.) Tul. Carp. II, p. 237, Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 421, *Sph. bufonia* B. et Br. Ann. N. H. n. 629, t. 10, fig. 13. — Peritheciis sparsis, globosis, depressiusculis, majusculis; ostiolis brevibus peridermum perforantibus; ascis cylindricis 200 ± 20 , paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, utrinque rotundatis, fuligineis, varie guttatis, strato hyalino obvolutis, $25-30 \pm 15$ (sine muco).

Hab. in ramis corticatis Quercuum in Britannia, Italia, Germania, Amer. bor. — Specimina americana præbent sporidia paulo minora, nempe $15-20 \mu$. longa. *Massaria* n. 74 in Britz. et Rehm Augsb. Pilz. p. 81 huic verisimiliter affinis est.

2. **Massariella vibratilis** (Fuck.) Sacc., *Massaria vibratilis* Fuck. 2706 Symb. myc. p. 154 (nec Fr.), Sacc. Reliq. Lib. II, n. 134, t. XIX, fig. 5. — Peritheciis peridermio tectis, gregariis, globoso-depressis, majusculis, ostiolo crasso perforato erumpente; ascis teretibus, breve stipitatis, $160-170 \pm 16-20$, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, medio constricto-1-septatis, $22-25 \pm 9-10$, olivaceo-fuligineis, nubilosus, strato hyalino tenui obvolutis. — Pycnidium *Diplodium Cerasorum* sistit: peritheciis maximis, semper tectis, sparsis cæspitosisve, lentiformibus, extus olivaceo-pulverulentis; stylosporis oblongis, didymis, fuscis, subopacis, 20 ± 8 sistit.

Hab. in cortice Pruni domesticæ et Cerasi in Gallia et Germania.

3. **Massariella australis** (Cooke) Sacc. *Massaria australis* Cooke 2707 Grev. VIII, p. 67. — Sparsa, tecta, inconspicua; peritheciis depresso-serratis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, uniseptatis, constrictis, brunneis, $45-50 \pm 12-14$; stylosporis adsociatis (*Corynei?*) clavatis, 3-5-septatis, brunneis, hyalino-stipitatis, 50 ± 14 .

Hab. in corticibus, Melbourne Australiæ.

4. **Massariella sudans** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Massaria sudans* B. et C. 2708
North Amer. Fungi n. 980. — Omnino tecta; peritheciis circinanti-
bus («genuine?»); ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, obtusis,
uniseptatis, 40 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice Aceris in Carolina infer. Amer. bor.

5. **Massariella Curreyi** (Tul) Sacc. *Massaria Curreyi* Tul. Carp. II, 2709
p. 231, Sacc. Fungi ital. t. 420, Cooke Handb. n. 2534, *Sphæria*
Tiliæ Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 59, f. 104 (nec Auct.). — Pe-
ritheciis tectis $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; nigris, globulosis, ostiolo papil-
lato, vix peridermum perforante; ascis crasse clavatis 80-90 \approx 25,
paraphysibus, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis obclavatis, 1-septa-
to-constrictis, fuligineis, loculo superiore crassiore, 35 \approx 12-14,
strato hyalino obvolutis.

Hab. in ramis Tiliæ europeæ in Britannia (CURREY) et Ita-
liæ bor. (PASSERINI).

6. **Massariella syconophila** (Schulz.) Sacc., *Splanchnonema ficophilum* 2710
Schulz. Myk. Beitr. 1820, p. 653. — Peritheciis corticolis, subco-
riaceis, globoso-depressis; ascis crasse cylindraceo-clavatis, longe
paraphysatis 4-6-sporis; sporidiis inæqualiter bilocularibus, bigut-
tatis, fuligineis, strato angusto mucoso cinctis, loculis subinde se-
cedentibus, 42-54 \approx 20-32.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fici Caricæ in Austria, socia *Di-*
plodia.

PARODIELLA Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. I, p. 178. (Etym. a cl. *D. Pa-*
rodi, chemico et botanico Bonariæ). — Perithecia superficialia,
globosa, astoma, atra, basi foliis adnata. Ascii cylindraceo-clavati,
octospori, typice paraphysati. Sporidia didyma, obscure fuliginea.

1. **Parodiella perisporioides** (Berk. et Curt.) Speg. l. c. *Dothidea pe-* 2711
risporioides B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 880. — Peritheciis
globosis, 150-200 μ . diam., astomis, lævibus, atris, superficialibus,
basi adnatis, densissime gregariis, sæpe totum folium occupantibus,
contextu membracaceo-parenchymatico, olivaceo-fuligineis; ascis
clavatis, breve pedicellatis, sursum rotundatis, 120 \approx 20-24, para-
physibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, elli-
pticō-biconicis, medio 1-septato-constrictis, primo loculis unigut-
tulatis dein eguttulatis, loculo superiore paulo tumidiore, quando-
que leniter curvulis, utrinque obtusiusculis, læte fuligineis, 28-
30 \approx 10-11.

Hab. ad folia viva Rhynchosiæ, Indigoferæ, Desmodii

etc. in Amer. bor. et austr., Ceylon, Bombay, Natal. — Perithecia sœpe dense reticulatim digesta.

2. **Parodiella circinata** (Kalch. et Cooke) Sacc., *Dothidea circinata* ²⁷¹² K. et C. Grev. IX, p. 32. — Amphigena, inæqualis, minuta, convexa, atro-nitida, circulari-gregaria; ascis clavatis; sporidiis distichis, inæqualiter 1-septatis, 12 \approx 6, fuscis.

Hab. in foliis vivis Leguminosarum in Africa australi.

3. **Parodiella puncta** (Cooke) Sacc., *Dothidea puncta* Cooke in Grev. ²⁷¹³ vol. X, p. 128. — Sparsa, atra, convexa, punctiformis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque leniter attenuatis, uniseptatis, fuscis, 20 \approx 7,5.

Hab. in foliis Dalbergiæ armatæ, Inanda Natal (I. M. Wood). — Perithecia parcissime sparsa.

AMPHISPÆRIA Ces. et De Not. Schem. Sfer. ital. pag. 49, p. p. (Etym. *amphi*, circa et *sphæria*). — Perithecia sparsa vel subgregaria, superficialia vel emergentia, sphæroidea, ostiolo conoideo, raro inconspicuo, glabra, atra, plus minusve carbonacea. Ascii cylindracei, octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia ellipsoidea vel oblonga, uniseptata, fuliginea vel intense olivacea.

I. Arboricolæ et fruticicolæ.

1. **Amphisphæria applanata** (Fr.) Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. it. 224, ²⁷¹⁴ *Trematosphæria applanata* Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 162, *Sphæria applanata* Fr. S. M. II, p. 463. — Sparsa, atra, opaca; peritheciis lœvibus orbiculatis convexis subtus applanatis, ostiolo simplici pertuso; ascis ; sporidiis oblongis, inæqualiter didymis, loculo superiori minori, obtuso, loculo inferiori majori, ventricoso, acuminato, fuscis, 24 \approx 8.

Hab. in ligno duriore *Quercus* in Suecia, Germania, Italia. — *Trematosphæriæ pertusæ* subaffinis, sed forma differt et peritheciis innato-superficialibus, basi applanata, demum collabentibus, fere concavo-planis. Sub lente bene augente rugulosa; passim duo perithecia confluent.

2. **Amphisphæria sardoa** De Not. Schema Sf. p. 223, *Sphæria sardoa* De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. VII, p. 110, fig. V. — Peritheciis ligno basi inculptis v. semiimmersis, e basi applanata globoso-conicis, carbonaceis; atris, ostiolo acutiuscule papillato, brevi; ascis

cylindraceis breve stipitatis, aparaphysatis, $80 \approx 7,5-8$, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, bilocularibus, loculo superiore crassiore, leniter constrictis, badio-fuscis, $8-9 \approx 4,5$.

Hab. ad ligna vetusta quercina, Iglesias (Sardinia).

3. **Amphisphæria conica** (Lév.) Ces. et De Not. Schema Sf. it. p. 224, 2716

Sphæropsis conica (Lév.) in Demid. Voy. Crim. Bot. p. 112, *Sphæria Leveillei* Dur. et Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 802 et Fl. Alg. p. 501, non Tulasne. — Denudata; peritheciis gregariis, basi applanata conoideis, laevigatis nitidis, ostiolo poriformi pertusis; ascis clavatis maximis, inter sese in nucleus subcellulosum conglutinatis; sporidiis octonis biseriatis ex ovoideo cymbiformibus transversim medio uniseptatis, fuscis, $50 \approx 20$.

Hab. ad truncos Quercus pubescens, circa Castropoulo in Taurica (LÉVEILLE), Quercus Suberis prope Philippeville in Algeria (DURIEU), circa Brescia Longobardiæ (CESATI).

4. **Amphisphæria sepulta** (Mont.) Sacc., *Sphæria sepulta* Mont. Pl. 2717

Cellul. Cent. IX, p. 11. — Seriata; peritheciis phialiformibus immersis intus et extus atris, collis brevibus in tuberculo elliptico nigrefacto per porum evadentibus; ascis inter paraphyses elongatis cylindraceo-clavatis 8sporis, $150 \approx 15$; sporidiis ellipticis, fuscis, bilocularibus, leniter constrictis, uniseriatis, $30 \approx 10$.

Hab. in sarmentis Vitis viniferæ in Gallo-Provincia (B. CASTAGNE).

5. **Amphisphæria fallax** De Not. Sf. ital. p. 69, t. 62. — Peritheciis 2718

dimidium millimetrum diametro vix excedentibus, superficiali-insculptis, epidermide tectis, sparsis, raro uno alterove contiguis, cum epidermide fuscescente, maculam superficialem supra perithecia ipsa sistente concretis, lenticulari-rotundatis, nigrescentibus, tenuibus, fragilibus, vertice in collum crassum, apice obtusum, epidermidem perforans, ostiolo exiguo, vix conspicuo perforatum abrupte attenuatis: ascis cylindraceis, 8-sporis, paraphysibus filiformibus, nucleiferis; sporidiis didymis, fusco-badiis, translucidis, junioribus in ascis adhuc inclusis, velamento mucoso obductis, $20-22 \mu$. long.

Hab. in cortice Quercuum prope Milano et Conegliano Ital. bor. — *Sphæria fallax* Pers. Icon. et descript. t. X, fig. 11-12 huc pertinere mihi videtur, etsi inter dubias a Friesio relata.

6. **Amphisphæria botulispora** (Cooke) Sacc., *Sphæria botulæspora* 2719

Cooke Fungi Texas 143. — Gregaria, immersa; peritheciis atris, elongato-compressis, poro pertusis; ascis saccatis; sporidiis cylin-

draceis, rectis vel leviter curvulis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, fuscis, cellulis inæqualibus 70-80 \approx 12.

Hab. in ligno vetusto quercino, Houston, Texas Amer. bor. (RAVENEL).

7. **Amphisphæria umbrina** (Fr.) De Not. Sfer. ital. p. 69, Sacc. Myc. 2720

Ven. Spec. p. 111, t. XI, fig. 15-17, Fungi ital. t. 442, *Sphæria umbrina* Fr. S. M. II, p. 461, *Sph. cavata* et *Sph. convexa* Nyl. — Peritheciis sparsis, semiemersis, sphæroideis, parte emersa hemisphærico-depressis, firmis, atris, ostiolo minuto, papillato, circiter 1 mill. lat; ascis cylindraceis, 115 \approx 7, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis fusoideo-oblongatis, 20-26 \approx 6-8, 1-septatis, initio hyalinis, 2-nucleatis, dein fuligineis.

Hab. in cortice crassiore Ulmi, Salicis, Alni, Quercus, Fraxini in Germania, Italia, Gennia.

8. **Amphisphæria pseudo-umbrina** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 112, t. XI, 2721

f. 18-20 a, b. Fungi ital. p. 443. — Peritheciis subsparsis, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. d., peridermio circum circa nigrificato insculptis, dein emergentibus, depressis, ostiolo breve papillato; ascis cylindraceis, 90 \approx 7, paraphysibus filiformibus sæpe nucleiferis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis 16-18 \approx 6-7, recte monostichis, initio lutescenti-hyalinis binucleatis, dein fuligineis, 1-septatis.

Hab. in cortice duriore Aceris campestris, Prunorum etc. in Italia bor. et Gallia. — Hæc species et præcedens, in statu saltem juvenili, ad *Didymosphæriam* (sect. *Microthaliam*) nutant.

9. **Amphisphæria Spegazziniana** Sacc. Mich. I, pag. 32, Fungi ital. 2722

tab. 135. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, superficialibus vel basi breviter insculptis, e globoso depressis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., carbonaceis, rugulosis, brevissime applanato-papillatis; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis 80-85 \approx 8-9 apice membrana integra truncatis, paraphysibus filiformibus crebris obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, breve fusoideis 15-18 \approx 5- $\frac{5}{4}$, constricto-1-septatis granulosis, olivaceo-fuscis.

Hab. in ligno decorticato putri Pyri, Conegliano, Ital. bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — Habitus *Melanommatis Pulvisculæ* (Curr.).

10. **Amphisphæria Hesperidum** Penz. Fung. Agrum. n. 28. — Peritheliis basi adnata superficialibus, gregariis, globulosis, vertice obtusis, obsolete ostiolatis 205 μ . diam.; contextu indistincte cellularis, subcarbonaceo; ascis teretiusculis, brevissime crasseque stipitatis, 54-57 \approx 10-12, paraphysibus filiformibus crassiusculis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, breve clavulato-fusoideis,

14-15 \approx 4-5, leviter curvis, uniseptatis, constrictis, dilute fusco-olivaceis.

Hab. in ligne decorticato Citri Aurantii in frigidariis Horti Patavini, Ital. bor. (PENZIG).

11. **Amphisphæria bisphærica** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (sub-tectæ) 2724
bisphærica C. et E. Grev. VIII, p. 41. — Semi-immersa; peritheciis atris, papillatis, hinc inde gregariis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, brunneis, 12 \approx 7.

Hab. in ligno decorticato Pyri Mali, New Jersey Amer. bor.

12. **Amphisphæria stilbostoma** Niessl Hedw. 1876, p. 117. — Peritheciis gregariis, erumpentibus, sphæroideis, subtilissime rugulosis atris, duris, amplis, ostiolo crasso, abrupte conico, nitido; ascis tubulosis vix 120 \approx 20; sporidiis 8 monostichis oblongis, rectis vel parum curvatis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis medio septatis, vix vel haud constrictis, fuscis, 18-22 \approx 8-9.

Hab. in cortice Fraxini, Baden Germaniæ. — Sporidia fere *Amph. umbrinæ*, sed ostiolo crasso nitido mox distinguenda species.

13. **Amphisphæria striata** Niessl Hedw. 1876, p. 117. — Peritheciis 2726 sparsis, immersis demum semierumpentibus, conoideis, cum ostiolo crasso retuso confluentibus, duris, fusco atris, subtilissime striatis, amplis; ascis valde elongatis, clavato-cylindraceis, stipitatis, 200-240 \approx 21-24; sporidiis 8 primitus laxe distichis oblongo-lanceolatis, utrinque acutiusculis medio septatis valdeque constrictis, plerumque rectis, fuscis, 30-36 \approx 15-18.

Hab. in cortice Fraxini, Baden Germaniæ.

14. **Amphisphæria monstrosa** Bagn. Micol. Rom. Cent. II, p. 15, f. 2. 2727
Peritheciis minutis superficialibus, gregariis non contiguis, nigrescentibus, conoideis, vertice in collum crassum oblongatum apice obtusum; ostiolo minuto, superficie externa peritheciorum tuberculata; nucleo ochraceo; ascis ovoideis oblongatis 8-sporis, paraphysibus crassis, articulatis, hyalinis; sporidiis didymis, fusco-ochraceis, junioribus translucidis lutescentibus.

Hab. in ramis Phillyreæ mediæ, Villa Pamfili, Roma.

15. **Amphisphæria inæqualis** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 85, t. II, f. 17. 2728
— Peritheciis sparsis, ligno exsiccato semi-immersis, globoso-conoideis, ad latera compressiusculis, obtusis, atris, apice pertusis, 1 mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 90 \approx 15; sporidiis submonostichis, didymis, obscure brunneis; loculis inæqualibus, altero majore, ovato, brunneo, altero minore, conoideo ut plurimum dilutiore, fere hyalino, 20-25 \approx 10-12.

Hab. ad ramos denudatos Oleæ europeæ, Vaucluse Galliæ.

— Inæqualis dicta ob loculos inæquales, alter forsan sterilis, alter fertilis. An status normalis?

16. **Amphisphæria Olearum** De Not. et Ces. Schema Sf. ital. p. 224, 2729

Sphæria Olearum De Not. Micr. ital., Dec. VI, p. 100, fig. VI.

Peritheciis gregariis, initio immersis, dein superficialibus globoso-conicis, carbonaceis, atris, ostiolo papillato-conico; ascis cylindricis, subsessilibus, paraphysatis 220 \pm 17-18; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, constricto-1-septatis, fusco-badiis, utrinque loculis minutis subtruncatis, hyalinis auctis, 38-40 \pm 13.

Hab. in peridermio (dealbato) truncorum Oleæ europeæ, Sardinia, Liguria, Nicææ etc.

17. **Amphisphæria dichroa** (Dur. et Mont.) Ces. et De Not. Schema 2730

p. 224, *Sph. dichroa* Dur. et Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 821 et Fl. Alg. p. 514, t. 26, f. 6. — Immersa; peritheciis solitariis in tuberculo ligneo nigrefacto globoso aut oblongo prominulo nidulantibus atris, intus, basi deficiente(?) albis; ascis cylindraceis deorsum attenuatis 80-90 \pm 10; sporidiis oblongis, bilocularibus, fuligineo-olivaceis, 15 \pm 10, quoque loculo guttulam globosam fovente.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis Pistaciæ Lentisci, Oran Algeriæ (DURIEU).

18. **Amphisphæria æthiops** (B. et B.) Sacc., *Sphæria æthiops* B. et C. 2731

North Am. F. n. 918. — Nigerrima; peritheciis subglobosis, ostiolo papillæformi; ascis clavato-oblongis; sporidiis biseriatis clavato-oblongis, uniseptatis, 30-33 μ . long. strato mucoso interdum obductis.

Hab. in lignis putridis denigratis in montibus New-York.

19. **Amphisphæria agnocystis** (B. et Br.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (Pertusæ) 2732

agnocystis B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1108. — Innata, conica, coffeicolor, lævissima; ostiolo papillæformi; sporidiis biconicis utrinque hyalinis.

Hab. in ligno emortuo in insula Ceylon australiore.

20. **Amphisphæria Beccariana** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 31. — Sparsa, su- 2733

percialis, cubili insculpta; peritheciis magnis, ovalibus, umbonatis, nigrescentibus, gibberulosis; contextu valde duro anthracino; nucleo griseo-albescente; ascis ignotis; sporidiis fuscis, compressis, 15 \pm 5-6, didymis, linguiformibus, episporio lineolato vel plicato viso.

Hab. ad lignum denudatum cariosum, Sarawak Bornei (BECCARI). 2734

21. **Amphisphæria atrograna** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Sphæria* (Psilosphæria) *atrograna* C. et E. Grev. VIII, p. 15. — Sparsa, superficialis; pe-

ritheciis subglobosis, parvulis, leniter scabrosis, obtusis, atris, opacis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis, brunneis, $12-14 \approx 5$.

Hab. in ramis Liquidambaris, New Jersey Amer. bor.

22. **Amphisphaeria dunarum** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 162. — 2735

Peritheciis sparsis v. subgregariis, superficialibus, basi ligno, saepius circum circa nigrificato insculptis, lenticulari-conoideis, 250-300 μ . diam., carbonaceis, atris, nitidulis, ostiolo minute papillato-obtuso, vix pervio donatis; ascis cylindraceis, sursum obtuse rotundatis, deorsum breviuscule attenuato-stipitatis, 80-85 \approx 10, paraphysibus filiformibus, longioribus obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, utrinque obtusiuculis, $12-15 \approx 5$, non v. vix inaequilateralibus, medio 1-septatis non v. vix constrictis, granuloso-farctis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramis truncisque decorticatis vivis Margyricarpi setosi, in dunis oceanicis prope «el Medano Blanco» Argent. Amer. merid.

23. **Amphisphaeria majuscula** Speg. F. Argent. Pug. III, n. 59. — Pe. 2736
ritheciis globosis, levibus, majusculis $1\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., ostiolo crasso, umboniformi-papillato, pertuso donatis, atris, crasse membranaceo-subcarnosis, contextu parenchymatico olivaceo; ascis cylindraceis, apice obtuse rotundatis, crassiuscule tunicatis, luce refracta 1-foveolatis, deorsum breve ac crassiuscule attenuato-pedicellatis, 90-100 \approx 10, octosporis, aparaphysatis: sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipticis utrinque plus v. minus obtuse rotundatis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis pluriguttulatis, 14-16 \approx 6-7, olivaceis.

Hab. in foveolis cariosis rami decorticati emortui Schini mollii en Barracas del Sur, Argent. Am. merid.

24. **Amphisphaeria congruella** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 56. *Amphisphaeria mediella* Karst. Symb. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 245. — Peritheciis sparsis, superficialibus, sphæroideis, ostiolo brevi, conoideo, atris, latit. circiter 1 mill.; ascis cylindraceis, 200 \approx 22 p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, elongatis vel oblongatis, utrinque attenuatis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, loculo utroque uniguttulato, demum fuscis, 36-50 \approx 14-19; paraphysibus numerosissimis, gracilibus.

Hab. supra corticem Populi tremulæ crassiorem in Mustiala Fenniæ. — *Roselliniæ dispersellæ* (NYL.), quacum mixtim crescit, extus sat similis. Qua nota differat *Amph. mediella* Karst. non liquet.

25. **Amphisphæria Emiliana** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 85, fig. 16. — 2738

Peritheciis sparsis, semi-immersis, globoso-conicis, mammæformibus, rugosiusculis, atris, ostiolo cylindrico, brevi, prominulo $\frac{2}{3}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis, elongatis, brevissime stipitatis, 8-sporis, 125-175 \approx 12-15; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, initio hyalinis, multiguttatis, dein didymis, fuscis, loculis obscure 1-magniguttatis, 18-25 \approx 10.

Hab. ad corticem duriorem basi truncorum Populi albæ et Populi nigræ, rarius Ulmi campestris, Vaucluse Galliæ.

26. **Amphisphæria megalospora** (Mont.) Sacc. *Sphæria megalospora* 2739

Mont. Syll. Crypt. n. 807. Cent. II, n. 55, l. c., XIV, p. 324, t. 19. f. 4, non De Not. — Innato-erumpens; stromate effuso tenui nigro; peritheciis convexo-applanatis solitariis confluentibusque, epidermide primo tectis, demum denudatis pulvere albo velatis intus albo-farctis, ostiolo acuminato pertuso brevi; ascis cylindricis, 300 μ . longis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis maximis, bilocularibus, medio constrictis utrinque obtusis, subinde loculo superiore crassiore, fuligineis, 40-50 \approx 20.

Hab. ad cortices arborum, Cayenna (LEPRIEUR), Ceylon et Cuba (BERK.).

27. **Amphisphæria paedida** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (pertusa) *pædida* 2740

B. et Br. Ann. Nat. H. n. 1396, t. X, f. 13, Grevill. t. 22, f. 5. — Peritheciis ovoideis, rugosis, opacis, liberis, brunneo-fuscis, ostiolo conico, denique deciduo; ascis linearibus; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, bilocularibus, medio constrictis, fuscis, 12-15 \approx 5-7,5.

Hab. in ligno fagineo, in Britannia.

28. **Amphisphæria pusiola** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 57. *Did. pusiola* 2741

(Karst.) Rehm. Ascom. ill. n. 589. — Peritheciis subgregariis sparsisve, superficialibus, ovoideis aut sphæroideis verticeque conoideo-attenuatis, laevibus, ostiolo inconspicuo, atris, latit. 0,2 mill. (basi pilis brevibus, simplicibus, obtusis sparse cinctis, sec. Rehm); ascis cylindraceis, 95 μ . long., 70-85 \approx 7-8 p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis monostichis, oblongatis, uniseptatis, fuscidulis, 10-14 \approx 4-5.

Hab. in ligno vetusto Salicis nigricantis prope Mustiala Fenniæ et ad ramulos querneos in Franconia Germaniæ. — Paraphyses, teste Rehm, ramosæ, septatae. Cl. Rehm ad *Didymosphæriam* serius duxit, sed peritheciis liberis ad genus *Amphisphæriæ* multo propius accedit.

29. **Amphisphæria fœda** De Not. Sfer. it. p. 71, fig. Sacc. Myc. Ven. 2642

Spec. p. 112, t. XI, f. 21-23, F. it. t. 445. — Peritheciis superficialibus e globoso conicis inæquali-gibbis, ostiolo acutiusculo; ascis crasse cylindraceis, $80 \approx 8-10$, 8sporis; paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis sparsis, distichis v. monostichis, obscure fuligineis, ovato-subclavatis, bilocularibus, loculo supero angustiore, apice subtruncatis, $12-15 \approx 5\frac{1}{2}-6$.

Hab. in palis Salicis cariosis pr. Valle Intrasca et Treviso, Italia boreali.

30. **Amphisphæria papillata** (Schum.) De Not. Sf. it. 68, f. 71, Sacc. 2743
Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 112, t. XI, fig. 24, *Sphæria papillata* Schum.
Sæll. II, 161, Fr. S. M. II, p. 461. — Subsparsa; peritheciis orbicularibus semiimmersis lævibus atrofuscis, ostiolo papillato circumcirca impresso; ascis cylindricis, guttulato-paraphysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipsoideis subinde utrinque acutiusculis, $15 \approx 8$, uniseptatis, non constrictis, opace fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno carioso Salicum in Germania, Rossia, Italia. — Perithecia sparsa subinde duo confluentia, dimidiata, basi deficiencia et ligno immersa, ceterum eximie superficialia, hemisphærico-globosa, majuscula, dura, persistentia; ostiolum papillæforme. Subiculum prorsus nullum, sed extus floccis tenuissimis quasi corticata apparet, licet glabra potius dicenda sit.

31. **Amphisphæria phileura** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (pertusæ) *phi-* 2744
leura C. et Peck., in Grev. V, p. 55, t. 81, f. 6. — Sparsa; peritheciis orbicularibus, depressis, semi-immersis, atris; ostiolo simplici, pertuso, ascis clavatis; sporidiis biseriatis, ellipticis, uniseptatis, brunneis, parum constrictis, $22 \approx 10$.

Hab. in cortice Tiliæ americanæ, New York Americæ borealis (PECK).

32. **Amphisphæria melasperma** (Cooke) Sacc. *Psilosphæria melasper-* 2745
ma Cooke Grevill. VIII, p. 118. — Erumpens, demum denudata; peritheciis gregariis, globosis, atris, lævibus, subnitidis; ostiolo crasso, prominulo; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis elliptico-acuminatis, nucleatis, demum uniseptatis, dein nigrescentibus, opacis, $35 \approx 12$.

Hab. in ligno denudato, New York Amer. bor.

33. **Amphisphæria Passerinii** Sacc. et Sp. Mich. I, p. 374, F. it. t. 623. 2746
Lophiostoma angustilabrum Pass. in herb. Thüm. (*Lophiostomei* n. 4), non B. et Br. — Peritheciis sparsis, initio peridermio tumidulo velatis, dein eo secedente superficialibus, ligno nigrificato adnatis, globoso-depressis, majusculis $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., obtuse papillatis, perforatis, contextu carbonaceo atro; ascis cylindricis deor-

sum attenuato-stipitatis, 150-180 \approx 10-11 p. sporif., stipite 50-60 long., apice rotundato, obturaculo jodo intense cœrulescente, paraphysibus copiosis guttulatis, obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongo-didymis, 22-23 \approx 8-9, leniter constrictis, initio hyalinis, dein roseo-fuscis, denique fuligineis, 2-guttatis, vel 2-nucleatis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis *Ulicis europæi*, Parma Ital. bor. ubi legit cl. prof. G. PASSERINI et ad cl. THUEMEN misit. — Ab A. *pseudo-umbrina* Sacc., aliisque affinibus rite diversa.

34. **Amphisphæria salebrosa** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Sphæria* (denudatæ) sa- 2747
lebrosa C. et P. 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis gregariis v. confertis, globosis, nigris, depresso-umbilicatis, pertusis, radiatim sulcatis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceis v. clavatis; sporidiis lanceolatis, acutis, uniseptatis, constrictis, fuligineis, 35-50 \approx 8-10; paraphysibus numerosis filiformibus.

Hab. in ramis emortuis fruticum, Center, Amer. bor.

35. **Amphisphæria fabricola** Sacc. Mich. II, pag. 248. — Peritheciis 2748 sparsis, ligno semi vel fere penitus immersis, ovoido-globulosis, carbonaceis, majusculis, $3\frac{3}{4}$ -1 mill. diam., ostiolo minuto papillato; ascis..... (senio jam resorptis); sporidiis ovato-ellipsoideis, 14-16 \approx 8-10, 1-septatis, denique leniter constrictis, 2-guttatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno pineo aëri diu exposito et indurato, Venezia (A. Rossi). — Etsi ascii sint adhuc ignoti species optime distinguenda.

36. **Amphisphæria pinicola** Rehm Ascom. n. 135 (1872), *Didymosphaeria alpina* Haszl. in Hözlem. Banat. 1873, p. 49, fig. 16. — Peritheciis sparsis, erumpentibus, dein in cortice sessilibus, semiglobosis, breviter papillatis, poroque pertusis, dimidiatis, atris, circa 0,5 mill. diam.; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, crassis, (4-6-) 8-sporis, 120 \approx 15, jodo cœrulescentibus; sporidiis ellipticis, medio constrictis, massa granulosa repletis, primitus, 1- dein 2-cellularibus hyalinis, denique fuscis, 21-24 \approx 9-10 plerumque monostichis; paraphysibus numerosissimis, parce ramosis.

Hab. ad ramos siccis Pini pumilionis et Mughi in alpibus editioribus Tyrolensibus et in Banatu. — Sec. Hazl. sporidia paullo angustiora, nempe 25 \approx 7.

37. **Amphisphæria thujna** (Peck) Sacc., *Sphæria thujna* Peck 27 2750 Rep. p. 110. — Peritheciis sparsis subliberis, hemisphæricis vel conicis, leniter rugulosis, fragilibus, tenuibus, ostiolis initio leniter

papillatis, dein pertusis; sporidiis crassis, uniseptatis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, ad septum constrictis, $36-45 \mu$ long. coloratis.

Hab. in Amer. bor. Adirondack, in ligno emortuo *Thujæ occidentalis*.

38. **Amphisphæria tumulata** (Cooke) Sacc. *Sphæria (immersa) tumulata* Cooke Grev. VII, p. 4. — Immersa; peritheciis subglobosis, atris, ostiolis erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis sublanceolatis, obtusis, uniseptatis, atro-brunneis, utrinque hyalino-apiculatis, $35-40 \approx 12$.

Hab. in ligno *Pini contortæ* Sierra Nevada Californiæ. — Affinis *Valsariæ apiculatæ* sed sporidia multo crassiora et habitat alienus.

39. **Amphisphæria sapinea** Karst. Fung. Fenn. exsicc. 880, Myc. Fenn. 2752 I. p. 56. — Peritheciis sphæroideis, fusco-atris, ostiolo papillato; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, fuscis, $34-44 \approx 16-22$.

Hab. in ramis pineis in Fennia. — Præeunte ipso auctore, species ulterius inquirendæ.

40. **Amphisphæria? acicola** (Cooke) Sacc. *Lasiosphæria acicola* Cooke 2753 Grev. VII, p. 87. — Peritheciis subglobosis, papillatis, superne glabris, atro-brunneis, in byssu effusa, intricata nidulantibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniserialibus, ellipticis, utrinque subattenuatis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, brunneis $28 \approx 10$.

Hab. in foliis dejectis *Pini*, Rocky Mountains Amer bor. (Doct. LYALL). — In genere anceps ob byssi præsentiam: si sporidia hyalina fuissent, vera *Esiosphæria*; ceterum perithecia parte superiore prorsus glabra.

II. *Herbicolæ.*

41. **Amphisphæria pulcherrima** Speg. Nov. Add. n. 72 et Mich. II. 2754 p. 249. — Peritheciis globoso-conicis, in matrice sæpius dealbata quandoque superficialibus, atris, ostiolo obtusiusculo perforato donatis, contextu atro-carbonaceo $250-300 \mu$. d.; ascis cylindraceo-ventricosis, brevissime ac nodulose stipitatis, apice truncato-rotundato, paraphysibus paulo longioribus, crassiusculis, septatis ac guttulatis, obvallatis, octosporis $100-120 \approx 30$; sporidiis distichis vel rarius submonostichis, ellipticis medio uni-septato-constrictis, læte fuligineis, utrinque rotundatis, atque duobus parvulis protuberantias depressis, hyalinis, mucosis cito diffluentibus donatis, longitudinaliter 2-3-striatis, rarius 2-guttulatis, $30 \approx 12-14$.

Hab. in caulis dejectis putrescentibus *Thalictri aquile-*

gisolii in alpinis *M. Marmolada* Ital. bor. — Species distinctissima; obturacula ascorum iodi ope intense cœrulescentia!

42. **Amphisphæria enteroxantha** Ces. Myc. Born. p. 21. — Peritheciis ²⁷⁵⁵ sparsis, minutis, superficialibus, obovatis, vertice depresso, ostiolo punctiformi, coriaceis, brunneis; nucleo aurantio; ascis longe stipitatis, e cylindraceo clavatis, acutis, $40-41 \approx 4-5$ (cum stipite), paraphysibus filiformibus æquilongis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis uniserialibus, invicem accumbentibus, luteolis, fusiformibus, septatis et medio constrictis, utrinque in apiculum hyalinum brevem acuminate, $10 \approx 2$.

Hab. ad caulem lignescentem putridum, Sarawak, Borneo (BECARI). — Post peritheciorum delapsum foveola aurantiaca in matrice superest.

43. **Amphisphæria australis** Speg. F. Arg. Pug. I, p. 182. — Peritheciis densissime gregariis, constipatis, globosis, ostiolo majusculo umbilicato, primo fulvescenti-rubescente donatis, glabris, dein totis atris $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}$ mill.; ascis cylindraceis, apice rotundatis deorsum in pedicellum breviusculum desinentibus, octosporis, $120 \approx 10-12$ paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis; sporidiis distichis vel oblique monostichis, elongatis, fusoideis $30-32 \approx 6-7$, medio 1-septato-constrictis, utrinque acutiuscule rotundatis crasse 1-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. ad corticem secedentem caulum emortuorum Jussiææ longifoliæ in paludosis secus Rio de la Plata a la Recoleta Amer. merid. — Species distinctissima; externe *Cucurbitarium* æmulans, sed superficialis nec erumpens; ostiolo umbilicato-perforato, ruforubescente; pulcherrima!

III. In Monocotyledoneis et Acotyledoneis.

44. **Amphisphæria culmicola** Sacc. Myc. Ven. Sper. p. 113, tab. XI, ²⁷⁵⁷ f. 26-29, F. it. t. 444. — Peritheciis sparsis, conoideis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo acutiusculo, atris, epidermide nigrificata insidentibus; ascis clavato-cylindraceis, subsessilibus, $90 \approx 20$, paraphysibus filiformibus ramosis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis ovatis, didymis, medio constrictis, polis obtusiusculis, $24-26 \approx 9-10$, initio hyalinis 2-magniguttulatis, dein fuscis, 2-4-guttulatis.

Hab. ad basim culmorum emortuorum *Cynodontis Dactyli*, Padova et Cadore Ital. bor. — *A. melanommoides* Sacc. Mich. I, pag. 455, Fungi it. t. 455. A typo recedit peritheciis globosis, superficialibus, papillulatis, dense gregariis; notæ fructificationis

perfectissime tamen quadrant cum typo. In radicibus et culmis Arundinis Donacis putrescentibus Conegliano, Ital. bor.

45. **Amphisphæria diplasia** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sphæria diplasia* 2758
 Dur. et Mont. Syll. crypt. n. 822. Fl. Alg. p. 515, t. 27, f. 8. —
 Immersa; peritheciis sparsis ampullaceis membranaceis nucleoque fuscis, ostiolo dilatato exerto convexo perithecium lenticulare papillatum mentiente; sporidiis badio-fuscis, $25 \approx 10$, cymbiformibus medio constrictis bilocularibus.

Hab. in parte lignosa culorum Arundinis mauritanicæ, Alger (DURIEU).

46. **Amphisphæria biturbinata** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc. *Sphæria biturbinata* Dur. et Mont. Syll. n. 800 et Fl. Alg., I, p. 497, t. 26, f. 7. — Denudata, sparsa, majuscula; peritheciis crassis, sphæricis, atris opacis rigidis, basi inflexa subliberis; ascis sacciformibus obovatis, $160 \approx 80$, sporidia pauca biturbinata maxima foventibus.

Hab. in Posidonia oceanica, Alger (DURIEU).

47. **Amphisphæria Posidoniae** (Dur. et Mont.) Ces. et De Not. Schema 2760
 Sf. p. 224 *Sphæria Posidonice* Dur. et Mont. Syll. n. 804 et Fl. Alg. p. 502, t. 25, f. 8. — Denudata, adnato-superficialis, sparsa; peritheciis liberis dimidiatis hemisphærico-conicis, depressis, crassis, lœvibus, extus intusque atris opacis, apice poro pertusis, tandem diffractis; ascis diffluentibus inter paraphyses dichotomas erectis, $250-300 \approx 20$; sporidiis $50-56 \approx 16-17$, nevicularibus, medio septatis, brunneis.

Hab. in ima parte denudata caulum tam emortuorum quam vivorum in profundo mari scilicet adhuc vegetantium Posidonie oceanicæ, in pluribus locis littoris Africani, italici, gallici. — Species maxime insignis et quoad vegetationis medium fere paradoxæ.

48. **Amphisphæria ventosaria** (Linds.) Sacc. *Sphæria ventosaria* Linds. 2761
 Linn. Trans. XXVII, p. 346, t. 56. f. 10. *Microthelia ventosicola* Mudd. — Peritheciis thalli protuberantiis insidentibus, excipulo spurio thallino cinctis, levibus nigris v. pruinosis; sporidiis continuis, dein 1-septatis, constrictis, ellipsoideis v. ovoideis, fuligineis.

Hab. in thallo Lecanoræ ventosæ, Lochnagar Britanniæ.

IV. *Dubia.*

49. **Amphisphæria? umbrinella** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Hypoxyton umbrellum* B. et Br. Fungi of Ceyl. n. 1075. — Late effusa; peritheciis minutis ovatis metulæformibusque umbrinellis materie fur-

furacea vestitis; ascis linearibus; sporidiis subellipticis uniseptatis, demum echinulatis 12-13 = 6-7.

Hab. in ligno denudato, Central province pr. Ceylon. — An potius *Valsaria* (Sect. *Phæosperma*)?

50. **Amphisphæria? prorumpens** (Bon.) Sacc. *Ascotricha prorumpens* 2763 Bonord. Abhand. p. 151, nec *Sphæria prorumpens* Wallr. — Peritheciis globosis, atris, aggregato-confluentibus, subimmersis, papilla parva conica praeditis; ascis clavatis, simpliciter paraphysatis; sporidiis ellipticis, curvatis, 1-septatis, 2-guttulatis, fusco-nigris.

Hab. in ligno denudato in Germania. — Quoad *Sph. prorum-pentem* Wall. conf. Syll. nostra n. 642.

RHYNCHOSTOMA Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 7. (Etym. a *ryncchos*, rostrum et *stoma* ostium). — Perithecia sparsa vel gregaria, immersa vel erumpentia, sphæroidea, rostro diametrum peritheciæ æquante vel excedente ornata, carbonacea; atra, glabra. Ascii cylindracei vel clavati, octospori, plerumque paraphysati. Sporidia ellipsoidea, uniseptata, fusca. — Fungilli ligni- vel corticolæ.

1. **Rhynchostoma cornigerum** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 57. — Peritheciis subsparsis, immersis, demum semiemersis, sphæroideis vel sphæroideo-ovoideis, atris, basi filamentis sparsis, longiusculis concoloribus obsessis, rostro valido, rudi, recto vel leviter curvulo, plerumque infra apicem nonnihil coarctato, longitudine peritheciæ, circiter 0,6 mill. lat.; sporidiis ellipsoideis vel oblongo-ellipsoideis, medio haud vel paullo constrictis, uniseptatis, fuscis, 8-10 = 3-4.

Hab. in cortice vetusto Betulæ in Lapponia rossica, ad Sukele. — Ascii nondum inventi.

2. **Rhynchostoma minutum** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 58. — Peritheciis sparsis, erumpentibus, sphæroideis vel sphæroideo-ovoideis, atris, rostro cylindraceo, nonnihil curvato, lævi, subconcolore, perithecio triplo longiore, circiter 0,7 mill. long., glabris, lævibus, circiter 0,2 mill. lat.; ascis clavatis, 30 = 8, octosporis; sporidiis distichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, dilute fuscis, 6-8 = 3-4; paraphysibus filiformibus, ascos superantibus.

Hab. in ligno vetusto duro truncorum stantium Juniperi communis prode Tammela Fenniæ.

3. **Rhynchostoma exasperans** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 58. — Peritheciis gregariis, ligno immersis, sphæroideis, basi filamentis sparsis, longiusculis obsessis, rostro cylindraceo, rudi, stricto, cras-

siusculo, perithecio duplo longiore, rigido, apice obtusiusculo emer-
gente, atris, circiter 0,5 mill. lat.; ascis subsessilibus, cylindra-
ceis, 65 = 6, p. sporif. 55 µ. longa, octosporis; sporidiis oblique
monostichis, ellipsoideis, guttulis 2 majusculis præditis vel spurie
tenuiter uniseptatis, 9-12 = 4-5.

Hab. in ligno vetusto molli Salicis capreæ, Mustiala Fen-
niæ.

4. **Rhynchostoma Julii** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 84, f. 18-20. — Pe- 2767
ritheciis initio epidermide tectis, tandem denudatis, solitariis vel
4-20 et ultra irregulariter coacervatis, basi globosis et in ligno
fracido nidulantibus, sursum conico-clypeiformibus, expansis, ru-
gosis, opaco-atris, in rostrum cylindricum nunc breve nunc peri-
thecii altitudinem æquans aut superans abrupte productis; rostro
recto vel cernuo, sub apice plerumque subtiliter marginato diam.
partis immersæ 1 mill., partis emersæ et clypeiformis, 1½, 2 mill.;
ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, 8-sporis, 100-125 = 10-15; spo-
ridiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ellipticis, didymis, initio hyali-
linis, medio constrictulis, loculis magniguttatis granulosisque; dein
opaco-fuscis, 18-25 = 7-10.

Hab. ad ramos exsiccatos Genistæ Scorpii, Vaucluse Galliæ. — Rostrum quandoque in papillam degenerat, et perithecia
vertice poro modo perforantur.

5. **Rhynchostoma pachyceras** (Dur. et Mont.) Sacc., *Sphæria pachy- 2768*
ceras Dur. et Mont. Syll. n. 828 et Fl. Alg. pag. 486. — Tecta,
emergens: peritheciis parallele seriatis, nigris, ovoideis cum ostiolo
crasso corniformi subsulcato cuticulam discutiente confluentibus,
demum seminudis; ascis tubulosis 165 µ. longis; sporidiis oblongis
fusco-brunneis, medio septatis ibique leniter constrictis.

Hab. in ramis Clematidis cirrhosæ, Bouzareah Algeriæ
(DURIEU).

6. **Rhynchostoma altipetum** (Peck) Sacc., *Sphæria altipeta* Peck Bot. 2769
Gaz. 1880. — Peritheciis minutis, subglobosis, immersis, nigris;
ostiolis emergentibus subconicis, vel cylindraceis, perithecium sub-
æquantibus; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, 16-
17 = 5, initio hyalinis, dein coloratis, prope extremitatem 1-sep-
tatis, prope alteram subhyalinis.

Hab. in lignis emortuis, in montibus Washington Amer. bor.
(C. G. PRINGLE). — Perithecia subinde seriatim disposita.

7. **Rhynchostoma badium** (Preuss) Sacc., *Sphæria badia* Preuss Fungi 2770
Hoyersw. n. 302. — Sparsum, dein liberum; peritheciis subglo-

bosis lœvibus, dilute badiis; ostiolo cylindrico-truncato; ascis cylindricis, octosporis; sporidiis ovatis, uniseptatis, subbicoilis (bilocularibus?) fuscis.

Hab. ad ramos Populi, Hoyerswerda Germaniæ.

DELITSCHIA Auersw. in Hedw. 1866, p. 49. (Etym. a prof. *Delitsch* Lipsiensi). — Perithecia sparsa, fimo immersa, sphæroidea, rostro emerso, atra, coriaceo-membranacea. Ascii cylindracei paraphysati, octospori. Sporidia subellipsoidea, uniseptata, fusca, strato hyalino circumdata.

1. **Delitschia Auerswaldii** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 241, *Delitschia di-dyma* Auersw. in Hedw. 1866, p. 49. — Peritheciis sparsis, immersis, coriaceo-membranaceis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ovatis, fuscis rostro crasso brevissime conico coronatis; ascis cylindraceis, 8sporis, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 250–300 μ . longis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, utrinque obtusis, bilocularibus, medio constrictis, fuscis opacisque, 52 ± 18 , demum in articulos binos secedentibus.

Hab. in stercore Capreolorum, Leporum et Cuniculorum in Saxonia et Rhenogovia.

2. **Delitschia bisporula** (Crouan) Hans. Fungi fim. dan, p. 107, t. IX, 2772 f. 7–11, Grevill. t. 94, f. 4, *Hormospora bisporula* Crouan Finist. p. 21. — Peritheciis ovoideis, nigricantibus, circ. $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. altis, in ostiolum breve conicum obtusum attenuatis, pilis rigidulis sursum vestitis; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis paraphysatis, 150 \pm 15; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, 1-septatis, constrictis, 27 \pm 10, strato hyalino obvolutis, fuligineis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, cuniculorum etc. in Gallia, Britannia, Dania. — *Del. moravicae* affinis,

3. **Delitschia chætomoides** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 60. — Peritheciis sparsis vel subgregariis, immersis, sphæroideis, atris, villo detersili fusco obvolutis, circiter 0,7 mill. diam., rostro emerso, rudi, inæquali, crasso, sæpe tuberculato, forma varia, 0,7 mill. long., 0,6 mill. crass.; ascis cylindraceis, 250 \pm 30 p. sporif., parce paraphysatis; sporidiis monostichis, subellipsoideis, uniseptatis, fuscis, opacis, 38–50 \pm 17–20.

Hab. in fimo equino prope Mustiala Fenniæ.

4. **Delitschia congregata** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. IV, n. 163. — Peritheciis dense gregariis superficialibus vel semiimmersis, globosis 400–450, levissimis, in ostiolum cylindricum subæquilonatum, molle

rectum vel reflexum productis, atris, carnosulo-membranaceis, contextu parenchymatico, olivaceo-fusco; ascis cylindraceis, sursum truncato-rotundatis; crasse tunicatis, luce refracta 1-foveolatis, deorsum breve attenuato-stipitatis, 110-120 \approx 8, octosporis, paraphysibus filiformibus septulatis vel guttulatis obvallatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, elliptico-elongatis, 16-20 \approx 6-7, utrinque obtusiuscula rotundatis, medio 1-septatis, non constrictis, 4-guttulatis, v. granuloso-farctis, non v. vix inæquilateralibus, fusco-olivaceis.

Hab. in trunco salicino putrescente socia *Coryne urnali*, rarissime, Recoleta, Argent. Amer. merid.

5. **Delitschia graminis** Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 48, tab. IV, fig. 23. — 2775
 Peritheciis in culmis nigrescentibus v. fuscescentibus sparsis, erumpentibus, majusculis, 350-400 μ . diam., globosis, demum depresso-attenuata; ascis e maximis, polymorpho-clavatis, superne inferneque attenuatis, stipitatis 200-300 \approx 24-46, membrana interna apice incrassata, sporidiis 8, laxe distichis v. monostichis, oblongis, rectis, utrinque obtusiusculis, medio uniseptatis, biguttatis, atro-fuscis, opacis, strato gelatinoso cinctis, 33-36 \approx 12-15; paraphysibus multis, parum superantibus, tenuibus, ramosis.

Hab. in culmis putridis Avenæ Parlatoriæ prope Liezen Styriæ. — Teste ipso Niessl *Amphisphæriæ culmicolæ* Sacc. affinis; an ergo (et quia non simicola) potius ex hoc postremo genere?

6. **Delitschia minuta** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 242, Grev. t. 94, f. 4. — 2776
 Peritheciis multo minoribus, quam *D. Auerswaldii*, tectis, globosis, minute papillatis, atris; ascis sessilibus, cylindraceo-elongatis, 8sporis, 136-145 \approx 14-15; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, didymis, medio constrictis, fuscis, demum subopacis, annulo hyalino, angusto cinctis, 22 \approx 8.

Hab. in stercore leporino et caprino prope Königstein Germaniæ et Forres Britanniæ.

6. **Delitschia moravica** Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 47, t. IV, f. 22. — Pe- 2677
 ritheciis subliberis, plus minus gregariis, minutis, vix 200 μ . diam., subglobosis, cum ostiolo brevi crassoque conoideo sæpe curvato confluentibus, atris instructis carnosulo-coriaceis; ascis tubulosis rarius parum clavatis, stipitatis 120-150 \approx 20-28 p. sporif.; stipite 10-14 μ . long.; sporidiis 8, oblique monostichis, interdum irregulare distichis, oblongis v. ellipsoideis, rectis, medio septatis valdeque constrictis, utrinque apiculo verruciformi diluto v. subhyalino, strato

gelatinoso cinctis, atro-fuscis, subopacis, 20–21 \approx 8; paraphysibus crassis, articulatis, ascos superantibus simplicibus vel sparse ramosis.

Hab. in stercore leporino prope Brunn Moraviæ, sociis *Sporormia intermedia*, *Sordaria macrospora* et *S. discospora*.

8. **Delitschia sordarioides** Speg. Fungi Arg. Pug. II, n. 73. — Peritheciis globoso-lenticularibus, $1\frac{1}{3}$ – $1\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., olivaceo-fuscis, glabris, matrici semiimmersis, ostiolo papillato coriaceo-atro ornatis, contextu membranaceo, parenchymatico, dilute fusco-atro; ascis longe cylindraceis, sursum truncato-rotundatis, basi in pedicellum longum, ac gracilem attenuatis, 150–170 \approx 10–14, octosporis, paraphysatis (?); sporidiis subdistichis, primo continuis, cylindraceis, hyalinis, dein ellipticis, fuligineo-sub-opacis, utrinque rotundato-truncatis, 14–15 \approx 7–8, excentrice (inferne) 1-septatis, ad septum non constrictis, loculis, jodi ope, nucleo-atro-fuligineo hyalino-ocelato ornatis, duas caudas cylindraceas hyalinas gerentibus, superiore sporidium æquantem; inferiorem pluries longiorem, 30–35 \approx 5.

Hab. in fimo vaccino secus Rio de la Plata cerca de la Recoleta, Argent. Amer. merid. — *Sordariæ coprophilæ* affinis, sed septo recedens; an generi *Delitschiæ* certe adscribenda sit non-nihil dubius sum. Speg. l. c.

9. **Delitschia Winteri** Plowr. Brit. Fung. in Grev. II, p. 188, t. 25, 2779 fig. 1. — Peritheciis semiimmersis, v. immersis, ostiolo cylindraceo, crassiusculo, curvulo, tuberculato, apice truncato subinde curvulo; ascis cylindraceis, deorsum breve attenuato-stipitatis, 450 \approx 65–70, apice rotundatis, paraphysibus septulatis, hyalinis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongis, constricto-1-septatis, 65–75 \approx 29–35, utrinque rotundatis, primo flavis, dein opace fuligineis, strato gelatinoso crasso obvolutis.

Hab. in fimo vaccino, ovino et cuniculorum, North Wootton Britanniæ, Conegliano Ital. bor.

10. **Delitschia elephantina** Pass. Funghi Abiss. p. 190, t. V, fig. 14. 2780 — Peritheciis minutis conicis hyphis reptantibus brevibus paucis affixis; ascis subclavatis rectiusculis vel curvis vix pedicellatis 8-sporis; sporidiis obscure distichis fusiformibus septatis, apicibus acutis, ad septum vix constrictis, primo hyalinis, tandem fuscescentibus.

Hab. in stercore Elephantis, Keren Abyssiniæ (BECCARI). — Asci (ex icono) 27 μ . circ. longi, sporidia 10 μ . circ. longa; sed dimensiones pro genere justo multo minores videntur.

OTTHIA Nits. in Fuck. Symb. myc. pag. 169. (Etym. a C. A. Otth, phytographo bernensi). — Perithecia erumpentia, cæspitosa, subsphæroidea, minute papillata, atra, glabra, carbonacea. Asci cylindracei octospori, paraphysati. Sporidia ellipsoidea, uniseptata, fuscata. — Pycnides ut plurimum *Diplodiæ* species sistunt.

1. *Eu-otthia*: sporidiis fuligineis.

1. **Otthia Cratægi** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 19. — Peritheciis in 2781 cæspites densos erumpentibus, majusculis, aterrimis, globosis, minute papillatis, demum perforatis; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8-sporis, 180–216 ≈ 14–16; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovato-oblongis, didymis, ad septum constrictis, fuscis, subopacis, 25–28 ≈ 12–14. — Status pycnidicus sistit *Diplodiam Cratægi* Fuck.; status spermogonicus *Phomam Cratægi* Sacc.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Cratægi Oxyacanthæ, Hallgarten Rhenogoviæ, Vittorio Italiæ bor., Vaucluse Galliæ.

2. **Otthia Pyri** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 307. — Peritheciis asci- 2782 geris cæspitosis, erumpentibus, dein liberis, media magnitudine, ovato-globosis, papillatis, atris; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovato-oblongis, utrinque obtusis, didymis, medio constrictis, fuscis, 28 ≈ 14; paraphysibus filiformibus. — Stat. pycnidicus sistit prob. *Diplodiam Pseudodiplodiam* Fuck. et *D. Malorum* Fuck.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Pyri communis, rarius pr. Estrich Rhenogoviæ.

3. **Otthia Pruni** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 169. — Peritheciis gregariis, 2783 transversim erumpentibus, demum liberis, media magnitudine, ovatis, nigris, opacis, collo brevi, conico-cylindraceo, obtuso, quandoque oblique truncato, perforato; ascis elongatis, stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis (?), ovato-oblongis, didymis, medio parum constrictis, atro-fuscis, 24 ≈ 12. — Stat. pycnidicus sistit *Diplodiam Pruni* Fuck.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Pruni spinosæ in Germania (Fuck.) et Gallia (FABRE).

4. **Otthia Spirææ** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 170. — Peritheciis gregariis 2784 cæspitosive, erumpentibus, sæpe confluentibus, globosis, in collum conicum cylindraceumve, obtusum, perforatum, peritheciū subæquans attenuatis, demum depresso, subtiliter rugulosis, fusco-atris; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 8sporis, sporidiis didymis, ovato-oblongis, fuscis.

Hab. in ramulis siccis Spirææ opulifoliæ et S. salicifo-
liæ, Reichartshausen Germaniæ, Gorizia Illyrii italici.

5. **Otthia populina** (Pers.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 170. *Sphæria popu-* 2785
lina Pers. Sym. p. 50. Fr. S. M. II, p. 413. — Cæspitosa stroma-
te compacto, peritheciis ovatis lævibus atris, ostiolo papillæformi;
ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis; sporidiis monostichis, didymis, palli-
de fuscis. — St. pycnidicus sistit *Diplodiam mutilam* (Fr.) Mont.

Hab. in ramis corticatis emortuis Populi pyramidalis et
nigræ in Germania, Gallia, Britannia et Belgio. — Perithecia pro-
minentia, oblongo-ovata, lævia, subnitida, primo massa ceracea far-
cta. Cæspites sæpius ampli, sed et subinde exigui; in his perithe-
cia minus divergunt, subconnata.

6. **Otthia diminuta** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 58 (ut var. *O. populinæ*). 2786
Sphæria populina Fr. Syst. myc. II, p. 413, pr. p. — Peritheciis
in cæspites per peridermum erumpentes, orbiculares densissime
stipatis vel subconnatis, subsphæroideis vel subovoideis vel mutua
pressione difformibus, vertice interdum depresso, ostiolo obsoleto
vel impresso vel minute papillato, nitidulis, lævibus, glabris, atris,
latit. circiter 0,4 mill.; ascis cylindraceis, 70–78 \approx 7, octosporis;
sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, uniseptatis, ad septum haud vel
vix constrictis, subfuscis, 10–12 \approx 5–6; paraphysibus filiformibus,
ramosis.

Hab. in ramulis exsiccatis Populi nigræ in Mustiala Fen-
niæ. — Ab *Otthia populina* differt cæspitibus minoribus, 1–1,5 mill.
latit., stromate tenuiore, peritheciis subsphæroideis, subconnatis,
minus divergentibus etc. Occurrunt peritheciis commixta spermogonia
erumpentia, sphæroidea, atra, peritheciis minora, spermatia
oblongata, simplicia, incoloria, 5–6 \approx 2 incurrentia.

7. **Otthia ambiens** Niessl Hedw. 1881 p. 98. — Peritheciis dense cæs- 2787
pitosis hemisphaericis vel subglobosis, coriaceo-carbonaceis, atris,
obscure umbilicatis, et papillatis; ascis clavato-oblongis, amplis
130–150 \approx 40–50; sporidiis 8, inordinate 2–3-distichis, oblongis vel
parum semilanceolatis vel elongato-pyriformibus, inæqualiter di-
blastis (uniseptatis), parte superiori valde majori, inferiori minori
attenuatis, atro-fuscis, 45–52 \approx 15–20; paraphysibus numerosis ra-
mulosis guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis Betulæ albæ siccis in Germania (ut videtur). 2788

8. **Otthia Doberæ** Pass. Funghi abiss. p. 189. — Cæspitosa, stromate
cortici interiori similari; peritheciis globosis, atris, rugulosis, ostio-
lo papillæformi; ascis cylindrico-clavatis, inferne attenuatis, 8spo-

ris; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, uniseptatis, ad septum non constrictis, castaneo-fuscis.

Hab. in cortice ramorum Doberæ glabræ, Kelseret Abyssinæ (BECCARI).

9. **Otthia Quercus** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 170 *Cucurbitaria Quercus* 2789 (Fuck.) Sacc. Myc. Ven. Spec. p. 118, t. XII, fig. 10. — Pycnidium: *Diplodia Quercus* Fuck. l. c. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, confluentibus, primo tectis, dein liberis, maximis, hemisphæricis, punctulato-scabris, atris; ostiolis minutis, papillæformibus; stylosporis oblongis, guttulatis, fuscis, $30 \approx 10 \mu$. crass.; peritheciis ascophoros pycnidia imitantibus, ostiolis vero longioribus, cylindraceis; ascis amplis, stipitatis, subclavatis, tunica crassa, $96 \approx 24$ p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis, inordinatis, oblongis, 1-septatis, guttulatis, fuscis, $32 \approx 12$.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Quercus in Germania et Italia. — « Asci late cylindracei, $140 \approx 12-14$, breve crasseque stipitati, 8spori; sporidia oblique monosticha, ovato-oblonga, fusca, $25 \approx 12-14$, plerumque constricto-didyma, raro loculo altero 1-septato et rassisime septulo longitudinali quoque diviso ».

10. **Otthia Rosæ** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 169. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, globosis irregularibusve, nigris, opacis, minutissime papillatis; ascis cylindraceis, 224μ . long., 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovato-oblongis, utrinque obtusis, didymis, fuscis, $27-28 \approx 11-15$, saepius 4-guttulatis. — St. pycnidicus sistit *Diplodium Rosarum* Fr.

Hab. in ramis Rosæ caninæ in Germania (FUCK. et RERM.).

11. **Otthia Syringæ** (Fr.) Niessl Hedw. 1876, p. 2. *Sphæria Syringæ* 2791 Fr. S. Myc. II, p. 492. — Cæspitosa, suberumpens, peritheciis subglobosis, depressis, rugulosis, nigris, ostiolo subtili; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis, $115-120 \approx 12-13$; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, constricto-1-septatis, $24 \approx 10$, fuligineis.

Hab. in ramulis emortuis Syringæ vulgaris in Suecia et Britannia, — Perithecia mediæ magnitudinis, ad medium erumpentia, glabra, opaca, sub lente rugulosa, evacuata intus atra. Ostiolum sub lente papillatum conspicitur.

12. **Otthia Xylostei** Fuck. Symb. myc. App. I, p. 307. — Peritheciis in cæspitibus per epidermidem erumpentibus, ovato-globosis, opaco-nigris, in ostiolum conicum, demum perforatum attenuatis, media magnitudine; ascis cylindraceis, stipitatis, 4-8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovatis, didymis, ad septum constrictis, fuscis, $28 \approx 14$. — St. pycnidicus (*Diplodia* et *Hendersonia*) et spermogonicus adsunt, teste Fuck. l. c. 2792

Hab. in ramis corticatis siccis *Loniceræ Xylostei*, in Rhenogovia.

13. **Otthia Ulmi** H. Fab. Sphér. Vaucl. p. 86. — Peritheciis acervu- 2793
los densos erumpentes efformantibus, rarius subsolitariis, globosis,
atris, papillatis, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam.; ascis amplis, cylindraceis, breve
stipitatis, 8-sporis, 125–150 \approx 18–20; sporidiis oblique monostichis,
didymis, medio constrictis, initio pallidis, pluriguttatis granulosis-
que, tandem atro-fuscis; loculis plerumque 1-magniguttatis, 25–
30 \approx 10–15.

Hab. ad ramos emortuos *Ulmi campestris*, Vaucluse
Galliae.

14. **Otthia corylina** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 59. *Otthia Coryli* Fuck. 2794
Symb. myc. App, I, p. 19. — Peritheciis in cæspites per perider-
mum erumpentes, plerumque dense stipatis, forma varia, plerum-
que sphæroideis, ostiolo obsoleto vel minute papillato vel impresso,
atris, latis. 0,3–0,6 mill.; ascis pedicellatis, cylindraceis, 160 \approx 18–
20 octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ellipsoideis, unisepta-
tis, ad septum constrictis, fuscis, 22–30 \approx 12–14, 2-guttatis; para-
physibus filiformibus. — Status pycnidicus sistit *Diplodiam Coryli* Fuck.

Hab. in ramis exsiccatis *Coryli Avellanæ* in Fennia, Ger-
mania, Italia, Gallia. — Spermogonia (teste Karst.) peritheciis com-
mixta, solitaria vel subcæspitosa, sphæroidea, peritheciis paullo mi-
nora, spermatia elongata, simplicia, hyalina, recta, 3–4 \approx 0,5–1
crassa continentia.

15. **Otthia urceolata** Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 170. — Peritheciis gre- 2795
gariis cæspitosisve, majusculis, urceolatis, basi globosis, collo cras-
so, obtuso, retrorsum parum dilatato, perithecio triplo breviore,
rarius collo cylindraceo, obtuso, atris, subtilissime reticulatis; ascis
stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis vel
ovato-oblongis, didymis, medio constrictis, magnitudine varia, ple-
rumque 24 \approx 16–18, fuscis; macrostylosporis in eodem perithecio,
oblongis, 2–3septatis muriformisque, fuscis.

- Hab.* in ramis siccis corticatis *Ribis alpini* in Rhenogovia. 2796
16. **Otthia Brunaudiana** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 58. — Peritheciis globoso-
depressis, breve papillatis, $\frac{1}{4}$ mill. diam., in cæspitulos parvos sub-
cutaneos denique erumpentes aggregatis; contextu celluloso-pachy-
dermatico, fusco; ascis cylindraceis breve stipitatis, apice tunica
integra obtusis, 150 \approx 16, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8spo-
ris; sporidiis oblique monostichis ovoideo-oblongis, 30 \approx 14–15, con-

stricto-didymis, 2-guttatis, initio olivaceis, dein atrofuligineis, strato hyalino pertenui sæpe obvolutis.

Hab. in ramis Ribis sanguinei, Saintes Galliæ (BRUNAUD). Peritheciorum forma, sporidiisque longioribus ab *O. urceolata*, satis differre videtur.

17. **Otthia Aceris** Winter in Hedw. 1871, p. 162. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, erumpentibus, ovato-globosis, applanatis, papillatis, atris; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8-sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovato oblongis, didymis, medio constrictis, fuscis, 34 ± 10 ; fungus pycnidicus sistit *Diplodiam subtecam* Fr. (= *D. Aceris* Fuck.).

Hab. in Saxonia, Oederan, ad ramos aridos Aceris platanoïdis (WINTER).

18. **Otthia Alni** Winter in Hedw. 1871, p. 162. — Peritheciis tectis 2798 demum per epidermidem fissam erumpentibus, 3-5 aggregatis, nigris, rugulosis e basi globosa brevissime conicis, apice obtusis; ascis cylindraceis, breviter stipitatis, 8-sporis, 148 ± 14 ; sporidiis monostichis, ovatis v. ovato-oblongis, utrinque rotundatis, didymis, medio constrictis, fuscis, 21 ± 10 ,

Hab. in Saxonia, Oederan, ad ramos aridos Alni glutinosæ (WINTER).

19. **Otthia lignyodes** (B. et Br.) Sacc. *Sphæriæ* (cæspitosæ) *lignyodes* 2799 B. et Br. F. of Ceyl. n. 1111. — Effusa, congesta; peritheciis clavatis collabascendo cupulæformibus, opacis, subtiliter tomentosis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis oblongis uniseptatis leniter curvulis, 25μ . longis (an tandem 3-septatis?).

Hab. in ligno decorticato, Ceylon.

20. **Otthia Lisæ** (De Not.) Sacc. *Sphæriæ* *Lisæ* De Not. Micr. ital. 2800 Dec. III, p. 4, fig. III. Hedw. 1853, p. 34. *Cucurbitaria* (Lizonia) *Lisæ* Ces. De Not. Schema Sf. p. 215. — Peritheciis stromate tenui fuliginoso subcorticali insidentibus, confertis, atrofuscis globosis, v. subangulatis, rugulosis, ostiolo punctiformi impresso, dein subumbilicato; ascis linearis-oblongis, paraphysatis, 85 ± 18 , octosporis; sporidiis didymis, ovatis, utrinque rotundatis vix constrictis e hyalino luteo-olivaceis, $30 \pm 11-12$.

Hab. in ramis Berberidis in Italia boreali.

II. *Otthiella*: sporidiis subhyalinis (an tandem fuscis?).

21. **Otthia seriata** (Peck) Sacc. *Cucurbitaria seriata* Peck 28 Rep. 2801 on the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, erumpentibus, in series longas flexuosas interruptas digestis, minutis, sub-

globosis, nigris, intus albidis, subinde collabentibus, stromate mere corticali subferrugineo vel obsoleto; ascis cylindraceis vel subclavatis; sporidiis monostichis, v. stipatis, oblongo-ellipsoideis, leniter constrictis, 1-septatis, 10-13 μ . long., hyalinis (semper?).

Hab. in cortice emortuo *E v o n y m i*, Albany Americæ borealis.
(C. DEROL).

22. **Otthia Winteri** Rehm Ascom. Diagn. n. 86. *Gibbera Winteri* 2802

Rehm Ascom. n. 86, Wint. Diagn. in Flora 1873, p. 543. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, primo tectis, demum erumpentibus, semiliberris, fusco-atris, globosis, verruculoso-rugosis, papillatis, demum collabascentibus, 240-300 μ . diam.; ascis cylindraceis, sessilibus, 8-sporis, 90-130 \approx 12-17; paraphysibus filiformibus, simplicibus, obscure septatis, guttulatis, ascos æquantibus; sporidiis distichis oblongis, uniseptatis, ad septum plerumque non constrictis, inæquilater didymis, rectis vel parum curvatis, pallide luteolis, 17-22 \approx 7-8.

Hab. in ramulis siccis stantibus *Aceris campestris* Sugenheim Germaniæ.

23. **Otthia Hazlinszkyi** Sacc. *Sphaeria*..... Hazsl. Sphær. Ros. 2803

p. 217. fig. 16-17. — Peritheciis subsparsis, majusculis, glabris, nigris verrucosis, subtectis, ostiolo erumpente; ascis simpliciter paraphysatis, cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, obovatis, apice obtusioribus, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, hyalinis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Rosæ in Banatu.

24. **Otthia alnea** (Peck) Sacc. *Cucurbitaria alnea* Peck 28 Rep. on 2804

the St. Mus. New York. — Peritheciis cæspitosis, erumpentibus, subastomis, nigris, intus albidis; cæspitulis peridermio transversim fisso cinctis; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, subacuminatis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, subhyalinis, 2-4-nucleatis, 20-25 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Alni, Center Amer. bor. — Adest simul *Torula alnea*, quæ forte st. conidicus *Otthiae*.

MELANCONIELLA Sacc. (Etym. a *Melanconis*, cuius est analogum genus). — Perithecia in acervulos valseos, cortice innato, erumpentes digesta, conidiis *Melanconiorum* in eodem stromate comitantibus. Asci octospori, a paraphysati. Sporidia ovoideo-oblonga, 1-septata, hyalina, tandem olivacea v. fuliginea.

I. **Melanconiella spodiæa** (Tul.) Sacc. *Melanconis spodiæa* Tul. Carp. 2805
II, p. 127, t. 24, f. 10-13. — Pustulata; peritheciis circinantibus,

decumbentibus, ostiolis in discum vix erumpentem $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., conjunctis, stromate olivaceo-fuscescente; ascis cylindraceis deorsum attenuatis, $110 \approx 9-12$, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis v. distichis ovato-oblongis, $18-20 \approx 7-8$, olivaceo-fuligineis, biguttatis, utrinque obtusis appendiculaque brevi truncata hyalina auctis. — St. conidicus sistit, teste Fuck., *Melanconium bicolor* Corda.

Hab. in ramis corticatis siccis Carpinii Betuli in Gallia, Germania, Belgio et Italia. — *Sphæria melasperma* West., Lamb.

Fl. myc. Belg. II, p. 357 (nec Fr.) verisimiliter huc spectat.

2. **Melanconiella chrysostroma** (Fr.) Sacc. *Valsa chrysostroma* Fr. 2806 Summa Veg. Scand. p. 412. *Sph. xanthostroma* Mont. et Fr. Ann. Nat. 1834, t. 12, fig. 4 (nec Schw.) *Melanconis chrysostroma* (Fr.) Tul. Carp. II, p. 125, t. XXIV, f. 14-20. Sacc. F. it. t. 453 (junior). — Pustulata; peritheciis circinantibus, subinæqualibus, decumbentibus, ostiolis breviter exsertis, pertusis, stromate discoque lutescentibus; ascis stipitatis, cylindraceis, 8sporis, $100-120 \approx 10$; sporidiis submonostichis, ovatis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, ad septum constrictis, fuscis, $16 \approx 8$, initio hyalinis obtuseque utrinque apiculatis, raro cum macrostylosporis, oblongis, 8-10guttulatis, flavo-fuscis, $48 \approx 16$. — St. conidicus *Melanconium bicolor* β. *ramulorum* Corda sistit.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Carpinii Betuli in Gallia, Germania, Britannia, Italia, Am. bor. — Citationes in Corylo et Quercu dubiæ mihi videntur.

VALSARIA De Not. et Ces. Schema Sf. it. p. 205 (Etym. a *Valsa*, cui vegetatione accedit). — Stroma *Valsæ* v. *Diatrypellæ*, innato-erumpens, corticolum (*Euvalsaria*), v. effusum, indeterminatum lignoque immersum (*Phæosperma* Sacc.). Asci typice paraphysati, tetra-octospori, cylindraceo-clavati. Sporidia elliptico-oblonga, 1-septata, fusca. — Pycnidia et spermogonia in nonnullis nota. — Huc duco *Myrmæcium* Nits. (nec Sacc.) et *Phæosperma* Karst. (an Nits.?). ego vero hoc postremo nomine utor ad species *Valsaricæ* eutypeas distinguendas.

I. *Euvalsaria*: stromate valseo v. verruciformi, corticolo.

1. **Valsaria insitiva** Ces. et De Not. (sensu ampliore). Sacc. Myc. Ven. 2807 Spec. p. 148, t. XV, f. 5-10 (nec *Sph. insitiva* Tode), *Myrmæcium rubricosum* (Fr.) Fuck. Symb. myc. p. 227 p. p. — Stromate

forma et magnitudine variabilissimo nigro; nunc valseo, nunc dia-
tryeo; acervulis pulvinatis, sinuosis, tumidis, modo 1 mill. diam.
non attingentibus, modo 5 mill. superantibus, atris; peritheciis stro-
mate immersis, phialiformibus, sœpe angulato-compressis, nigris,
ostiolis discum non superantibus obsoletis, interdum substellatis;
ascis cylindricis brevissime stipitatis, 90–100 = 8–10, paraphysibus
copiosis filiformibus, nucleolatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis con-
stricto-1-septatis, didymis, utrinque rotundatis, 15–18 = 8–9, pri-
mo lutescentibus, 2–4-nucleatis, dein obscure fuligineis. — St. mi-
cro-pycnidicus sistit *Coniothyrium insitivum* Sacc.

Hab. in cortice truncorum, ramorumque Gleditschiæ, Ro-
biniæ, Berberidis, Evonymi, Quercus, Carpini, Æscu-
li, Ulmi, Fici, Broussonetiæ, Vitis, Cydoniæ, Pruni,
Alni, Meliæ, Populi, Ulicis, Cratægi, Paliuri, Coryli,
Rhamni, Syringæ, Rhois, Celtidis, Hibisci, Corni, Ro-
sæ, Aceris, Fraxini, Sambuci, Calycanthi etc. in Germa-
nia, Italia, Lusitania, Gallia. — Ad hanc speciem vulgo citatur
Sphæria insitiva Tode Meckl. II, p. 36, t. XIII, fig. 108, sed hæc,
meo sensu, perfecte refert *Cryptovalsam ampelinam* Nits. Distin-
guenda est quoque *Valsaria rubricosa* (Fr.).

2. **Valsaria Celtidis** (Cooke) Sacc. *Valsa Celtidis* Cooke Grevill. V, 2808
p. 55, t. 81, f. 3. — Peritheciis irregulariter circinantibus, sub-
immersis; ostiolis atris, in discum brunneum pruinatum emergenti-
bus; ascis cylindricis deorsum attenuatis, octosporis; sporidiis uni-
seriatis, ellipticis, constricto-uniseptatis, brunneis, 20 = 10.

Hab. in ramis Celtidis in Carolina inf. Amer. bor. (RAVENEL).
— Perithecia 6–8 aggregata, linea nigra circumscripta.

3. **Valsaria cincta** (Curr.) Sacc. *Diatrype cincta* (Curr.) B. et Br. 2809
Ann. N. H. n. 846, *Valsa cincta* Curr. Linn. Trans. XXII, t. 48,
f. 135. *Melogramma rubricosum* Plowr. Grev. VI, p. 25. — Pe-
ritheciis irregulariter ovoideis, stromate subcoriaceo immersis, con-
gestis; ostiolis peridermum perforantibus, pustulasque subrotun-
das efformantibus, furfure olivaceo-viridi conspersis; ascis cylin-
draceis, breve stipitatis, 8sporis; sporidiis obtusis, constricto-1-sep-
tatis, fuligineis, 17–18 μ . longis.

Hab. in ramis denique decorticatis Fagi, Alni, Robiniae (?)
Brandon, Ringstead, Blackheath Britanniæ (CURR. PLOWR.). — An
vere distincta a *V. insitiva*?

4. **Valsaria Notarisi** (Mont.) Sacc. *Valsa Notarisi* Mont. Syll. n. 754. 2810
et Fl. Alg., I, p. 470, t. 25, f. 6. *Sph. Periploca* De Not. Microm. ital.

VIII. — Pustulata, epidermidem perforans, tandem nuda; peritheciis ovoideis circinantibus atris, stromati corticali e cinereo nigricante immersis, ostiolis inclusis in discum erumpentem planum nigrum opacum rugulosum connatis; ascis cylindraceis 100 ± 10; sporidiis oblongis, medio septatis-fuscis 20 ± 10.

Hab. in ramis Periplocæ, circa Genuam (DE NOTARIS) variarum arborum plantarumque in Algeria (DURIEU), in ramis Robiniae et Gleditschiæ in Carolina Americæ borealis.

5. **Valsaria syconophila** Schulz. Myk. Beitr. 1870, p. 652. — Pustulis corticolis, peridermio substellatim fisso cinctis; peritheciis nigris paucis, subglobosis in ostiola obtusa vix convergentia attenuatis; ascis cylindraceis, octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis monostichis constricto-bilocularibus, 18-23 ± 7-9, atro-fuligineis. 2811

Hab. in ramis corticatis Fici Caricæ in Austria. — An vere distincta a *Valsaria insiliva*?

6. **Valsaria? viticola** (Schw.?) Sacc. *Diatrype viticola* Schw. p. p. 2812 sec. Berk. N. Am. Fungi p. 166. — Tecta, emergens, in series parallelas crescens, fusco-nigra, stromate brunneo; peritheciis majusculis paucis globosis, ostiolis latentibus; sporidiis elliptico-oblongis, uniseptatis, leniter constrictis, 15 μ. longis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis emortuis Vitis rotundifoliæ in Carolina inf. Amer. bor. — Etsi sporidiorum color non indicatus, tamen Valsariæ species videtur.

7. **Valsaria Diospyri** (Schw.) De Not. Recl. in Comm. Critt. II, pag. 2813 482. *Sphaeria Diospyri* Schwein. Syn. Car. n. 57, Fr. S. M. II, p. 372. — Tecta, emersa, verrucæformis, stromate corticali, peritheciis subepipericis sparsis, ostiolis obsoletis; sporidiis (teste De Not.) ellipsoideis, bilocularibus, ad septum saepius leniter constrictis, badiis.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Diospyri Loti in Carolina (SCHWEIN.) et in Ital. bor. (DALDINI). — Pustulæ prominentes, difformes, 2 lin. latæ, epidermide tectæ, demum atroquinatæ, indequæ erumpenti-nudæ apparent. Perithecia minuta, globosa, monosticha, collo brevi, nam supra tuberculum innatum collocata, ob epidermidem tegentem fere peripherica, ostiolis minutis obsolete prominulis, demum perforatis pulverulentis inquinantibus. Stroma fuscum.

8. **Valsaria rubricosa** (Fr.) Sacc. M. Ven. n. 690. F. Ven. Ser. V, 2814 p. 183. F. it. t. 640. *Sphaeria rubricosa* Fr. Elench. II, pag. 63. *Myrmecium abietinum* Niessl Hedw. 1874, p. 42 et 49. *M. rubricosum* (Tul.) Fuck. Symb. 227 (sect. I). — Difformis tubercu-

losa, rimoso-rugosa, rubiginosa, intus albido-cinerea, peritheciis periphericis immersis atris, nitidis; ascis cylindraceis, 110-120 = 12-14, breve stipitatis, paraphysibus filiformibus copiosis obvallatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, ovoido-oblongis, 15-16 = 9-10, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, fuligineis; adsunt spermatacia ovoidea, 2-3 = 1, hyalina.

Hab. in cortice Abietis, Juglandis, Quercus, Fagi, Alni, Cerasi in Gallia, Italia, Germania, Fennia, Chili, Guiana, Cuba, Ceylon. — Stromate molliore extus rubiginoso, intus pallidio, rimoso-rugoso, sporidiisque crassioribus rite hæc species a *V. insitiva* dignoscitur. Descriptio Friesii l. c. (etsi Fr. in litt. ad Fuck. ad genuinum *Hypoxylon* pertinere asserat) bene quadrat cum specie præsente non vero cum *Myrm. rubricoso* auctorum, quod, meo sensu, *Valsariæ insitivæ* respondet.

9. **Valsaria Kunzeana** De Not. Recl. Pir. in Comm. Critt. ital. II, 2815 p. 482. *Sphæria decorticans* Kunze exs. nec Fr. — Acervulis valsoideis, pustulatis; peritheciis subdifformibus, aggregatis; ostiolis minutis subumbilicatis; sporidiis didymis, loculis subinæqualibus, badio-fuscis, dein prorsus opacis.

Hab. in ramis Fraxini, Locarno Ital. bor. (DALDINI).

10. **Valsaria parmularia** (Berk.) Sacc. *Valsa parmularia* Berk. n. 2816 Dec. fung. n. 308. Cooke Handb. n. 2506, Curr. Comp. Sphær. fig. 163 (nec n. 39). — Pustulis minutis; peritheciis circinantibus et latere compressis, ostiolis subindistinctis, umbonatis; ascis linearibus, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis, late ellipsoideis, 1-septatis, vix constrictis, fuligineis, 35 μ . longis.

Hab. in cortice subvivo Quercuum in Gallia, Hispania et Britannia. — Extus *Anthostomatis turgidi* æmula.

11. **Valsaria anthostomoides** Sacc. Fungi Ven. Ser. IV, p. 18, F. it. 2817 t. 152. — Stromate diatypeo oblongato, tumescente, indurato, ligno decorticato semiimmerso, superficie læviusculo, atronitidulo; peritheciis stromate inordinate immersis, globulosis v. sæpius et mutua pressione verticaliter ovoideis, angulosive, vix $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. d., intus et extus nigris, ostiolis collo cylindraceo, superficiem stromatis non v. perparum excedentibus, obtusis; ascis cylindraceis, breve angusteque stipitatis, 100 = 5, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis rectis v. suboblique monostichis, oblongo-ellipsoideis utrinque rotundatis, 14-15 = 4-4 $\frac{1}{2}$, 1-septatis, non constrictis, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno denique denudato quercino, Vittorio Ital. bor.

— *Anthostomatis gastrini* formæ liberatæ similis, sed sporidiis bilocularibus statim cognoscitur. A *Valsaria Niesslii* Winter (sec. specim. orig.) stromate oblongo ligno decorticato semiimmerso præcipue differt.

12. *Valsaria quadrata* (Schw.) Sacc. *Myrmæcium quadratum* (Schw.) 2818

Rehm Asc. n. 325. *Diatrype quadrata* Schw. *Diatrype obesa* B. et C. *Diatrype exasperans* Gerard. in Hedw. 1874, p. 174. — Peritheciis subglobosis, stromate olivaceo-virente exceptis, peridermium pustulatim elevantibus, perforantibus, acervulosque elongatos efficientibus; ascis cylindricis 105 ± 8 ; sporidiis late ovoideis, obtusis, uniseptatis, medio constrictis, $14-15 \pm 7,5-8$, obscure fuligineis; paraphysibus filiformibus, guttulatis.

Hab. in ramis corticatis *Fagi ferrugineaæ*, *Quercus*, *Ulmī*, *Liquidambaris*, *Aceris*, *Pruni*, *Rhois*, in Carolina, Pennsylvania etc. Amer. bor.

13. *Valsaria melastroma* (Fr.) Sacc. *Sphæria melastroma* Fr. S. M. 2819

II, 399. Scl. Suec. n. 223, ex Cooke Vals. of Un. St. 122, sub *Valsa*

— Pustulata, subverrucæformis, peritheciis aggregatis, disco erumpente angulato nigro obsolete pertuso: sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, fuligineis 32 ± 14 .

Hab. in cortice *Ulmī* in Suecia et Amer. bor. — Habitus *Diatrypellæ verrucæformis*, sed minus prominet et conceptaculum omnino corticale. Perithecia subsena, erectiuscula, conferta, profunde immersa, verticaliter collabentia. Discus epidermide angulato-fissa erumpens, a cortice interiore formatus, sed superficies plana, lævis, opaca, nigro-facta. Ostiola discum perforant, sed non prominent.

14. *Valsaria angularis* (Peck) Sacc. *Diatrype angularis* Peck Bot. 2820

Gaz. 1880. — Stromate minuto, vix 2 mill. diam., erumpente externe nigro v. nigricante, intus rubiginoso; peritheciis majusculis, paucis 1-6; ostiolis prominentibus, angulosis, compressis v. pyramidalibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, magnis oblongo-ellipsoideis, obtusis 1-septatis, fuligineis, $27-54 \pm 15-18$.

Hab. in cortice *Tiliæ americanæ*, Vermout Amer. bor. (C. G. PRINGLE). — Stromata lignum non penetrant; sporidia subinde medio subconstricta.

15. *Valsaria æthiops* (C. et E.) Sacc. *Diatrype æthiops* C. et E. 2821

Grevill. VI, p. 10. — Irregularis, convexa, atra; peritheciis in stromate coriaceo congestis, ostiolis prominulis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, brunneis, 20 ± 10 .

- Hab.* in ramis corticatis Mori New Jersey, Amer. bor. — Pustulæ e 3-4 peritheciis constantes. Perithecia ligno adnata et cortice excepta. Lignum circa pustulas nigrescit.
16. **Valsaria apatosa** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa apatosa* C. et E. Gre- 2822
vill. VI, p. 12, t. 95, f. 1. — Orbicularis, tecta, convexa; peri-
theciis, 4-6 atris, congestis; ostiolis erumpentibus, in discum mi-
nutum, punctiformibus, atrum conjunctis; ascis cylindraceis; spo-
ridiis 4-8, ellipticis, uniseptatis, brunneis, 35×15 .
- Hab.* in ramis Nyssæ, New Jersey Amer. bor. — Perithecia
majuscula peridermio tenui, cui adhærent, tecta.
17. **Valsaria Eucalypti** (K. et C.) Sacc. *Melogramma Eucalypti* Kalch. 2823
et Cooke. Grev. IX, 1880, p. 31. — Argillacea, elevata; stromate
convexo, irregulari, confluente; pseudo-peritheciis in contextu ex-
cavatis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, ellipticis, medio
constrictis, uniseptatis, fuscis 15-18 \times 8, loculis subglobosis.
- Hab.* in cortice Eucalypti Globuli in Africa australi.
18. **Valsaria Farlowiana** Sacc. Mich. II, p. 137. — Acervulis depres. 2824
so-pulvinatis, gregariis, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., nigris, initio subcuta-
neis dein, cortice secedente, denudatis lignoque nigrificato imposi-
tis, peritheciis numerosis, globulosis, ostiolis in discum circularem
umbilicatum desinentibus; ascis cylindraceis (evanidis), octosporis;
sporidiis oblique monostichis oblongo-ellipsoideis, utrinque rotun-
datis, 15-18 \times 7-8, 1-septatis, leniter constrictis, granulosis fuli-
gineis.
- Hab.* in ramis Berberidis vulgaris Cambridge (Mass.) in
Amer. bor. (FARLOW). — Ab affinibus *V. insitiva* et *V. cincta* dif-
fert præcipue disco umbilicato, numquam virescente, stromatibus
carbonaceis, potius quam coriaceis etc.
19. **Valsaria Peckii** (Howe) Sacc. *Valsa Peckii* Howe n. 27. Rep. on 2825
the St. Mus. t. I, f. 15-18. Ellis N. Am. Fungi n. 171. Cooke Val-
sa of Un. St. 122. — Peritheciis in acervulos valseos peridermio
tectos, conoideos aggregatis, globulosis, majusculis; ostiolis conjun-
ctim erumpentibus, teretusculis, obtusis, atronitidulis; ascis cylin-
draceis stipitatis, 90-110 \times 6-6 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. sporif., octosporis; sporidiis mo-
nostichis uniseptatis, fuligineis, 14-15 \times 5-6.
- Hab.* in ramis Kalmiæ latifoliae, New York (Howe), Vac-
cinii corymbosi, New Jersey (ELLIS). — Perithecia ligno im-
mersa v. semiimmersa.
20. **Valsaria Toxicæ** (Schw.) Sacc. *Valsa Toxicæ* (Schw.) Cooke Vals. 2826
of U. S. p. 122. *Sphaeria* (circumscrip.) *Toxicæ* Schw. Syn. Am.

bor. n. 1330. — Conceptaculis majusculis, subrotundis, nigris rugosis, primitus tectis, demum cortice orbatis, saepe longitudinaliter confluentibus; ostiolo centro aggregatis, teretibus obtusis; interdum difformibus et apice substellatis; peritheciis oblongis, stipatis seorsum in collum junctis, fuligineis: stromate parco albescenti, demum fuligineo circumdati; ascis octosporis; sporidiis monostichis ellipsoideis, 1-septatis, fuligineis, 12±5.

Hab. frequens in sarmentis et ramis Rhois radicantis in Carolina inf. Amer. bor. (RAVENEL).

21. **Valsaria phlyctænodes** (Mont.) Sacc. *Valsa phlyctænodes* Mont. 2827
Syll. Crypt. n. 771 et Fl. Alg. p. 468, sub *Sphæria*. — Initio cortici innata, demum nuda, confluens, convexa; peritheciis tenuibus stromati cinereo-nigro immersis, ostiolis erumpentibus quaternatim connexo-stellatis; ascis cylindraceo-clavatis, 130 μ. longis; sporidiis oblongis tandem fuscis, bilocularibus, 15±4.

Hab. in ramis Salicis pedicellatae emortuis, Bone (DURIEU). 2828
22. **Valsaria? purpurascens** (DC.) Sacc. *Sphæria purpurascens* Dec.

Flore Fr. 2, p. 118. *Valsa purpurascens* (DC.) Cr. Finist. p. 32. — In plaga transversale digesta; pustulis corticolis, v. tandem in ligno denudatis, planis leviter carnosis, sordide purpureis, rotundatis, 3-4 lin. latis, saepe confluentibus et punctis exiguis nigris punctatis; peritheciis ovalibus, nigris in collum attenuatis; ascis....; sporidiis, teste Crouan, ovoideis 1-septatis.

Hab. in ramis Cerasi et Castaneæ in Gallia.
23. **Valsaria complexa** (Mont.) Sacc. *Valsa complexa* Mont. Syll. 2829

Crypt. n. 765. Cent. IV, n. 92, in Ann., 2, XX, p. 370. — Immersa, confluens, plana; stromate fuliginoso; peritheciis ovoideis in conceptaculo cupulæformi marginato atro incusis, ostiolis discum exsertum fuligineo-nigrescentem perforantibus nitidis; ascis subcylindricis 100 μ. longis; sporidiis subocononis, oblongis, brunneis, medio transversim septatis; paraphysibus filiformibus, 2,5 μ. crassis.

Hab. in cortice populino, Reims Galliæ (SAUBINET junior).
24. **Valsaria oleifera** (Tul.) Sacc. *Valsa oleifera* Tul. Carp. II, p. 2830

197. (vix nominata). — Peritheciis valseis.....; ascis.....; sporidiis ovatis, crassis, didymis, oleoso-granulosis albidis intra ascum, fuscis asco liberatis.

Hab. in ramis Populorum pr. Versailles Galliæ, frequens.
25. **Valsaria fulvo-pruinata** (Berk.) Sacc. *Diap. Chorostate fulvo-* 2831

pruinata (Berk.) Sacc. Syll. n. 2407. *Valsa fulvo-pruinata* (Berk.) Curr. Comp. Sphær. n. 129, fig. 125. — Pustulata, suban-

gulata, basi effusa; peritheciis oblongis collo elongato, stromate discoque ostiolis punctulato fulvis; ascis cylindraceis, breve stipitatis, octosporis; sporidiis submonostichis, ellipsoideis sæpius utrinque acutiusculis, 15–18 μ . long. primo pallidis dein atro-fuligineis, interdum biguttatis.

Hab. in ramis Platani occidentalis, Ohio Amer. bor. (F. G. LEA), Carolina (CURT.), Connect. (WRIGHT). — Pustulæ 2 mill. cr. Species disci colore mox dignoscenda. — Colore sporidiorum a cl. Berkeleyo non indicato, ad *Chorostatem* spectare speciem censui, sed serius, visa descriptione et icone Curr., ad *Valsariam* ducendam non dubito.

26. **Valsaria Cinnamomi** (Ces.) Sacc. *Melogramma Cinnamomi* Ces. 2832

Myc. Born. p. 19. — Tuberculis erumpentibus, globosis, extus rubiginosis, ostiolis nigris punctiformibus, intus nigris; ascis tenuibus subclavatis demum linearibus 90 μ . longis; sporidiis uniseriatis ellipticis 10 μ . longis, fuscellis, uniseptatis.

Hab. ad corticem Cinnamomi, Ceylon ad Kandy (BECCARI). — Facies fere *Hypoxyli fuscii*.

27. **Valsaria clethricola** (C. et E.) Sacc. *Valsa clethræcola* C. et E. 2833

Grevill. V, p. 92. — Peritheciis magnis, collis una erumpentibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis biglobosis, brunneis, uniseptatis, 18 \approx 9.

Hab. in ramis Clethræ alnifoliæ, New Jersey Amer. bor.

28. **Valsaria nigrificata** (C. et E.) Sacc., *Valsa nigrofacta* C. et E. 2834

Grevill. VI, p. 12, t. 95, f. 4. — Peritheciis paucis magnis, epidermide nigrificata, nitida, tectis; ostiolis convergentibus; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis uniseriatis, anguste ellipticis, uniseptatis, medio valde constrictis, brunneis, 22 \approx 9, loculis fere globosis.

Hab. in ramis Sassafras, New Jersey Amer. bor.

29. **Valsaria durissima** (Fuck.) Sacc. *Myrmæcium durissimum* Fuck. 2835

Symb. myc. p. 228. — Stromatibus durissimis, fragilissimis, profunde diffractis, erumpentibus, demum subliberis, orbicularibus oblongisve, ad unciam longis, 2–4 lin. latis, ferruginoso-atro-fuscis, intus subsuberosis, concoloribus; peritheciis periphericis, in stromate nidulantibus, minutissimis, globosis, atris; ostiolis prominulis, umbilicatis perforatisque, aterrimis, primo spermatiiferis; sporiatiis minutis, cylindraceis, curvatis, hyalinis; demum ascigeris; ascis?; endosporis oblongo-ovatis, didymis, opaco-fuscis, 16 \approx 8.

Hab. in caudicibus corticatis siccis Alni glutinosæ, pr. E. strich Rhenogoviæ.

30. **Valsaria fœdans** (Karst.) Sacc. *Phæosperma fœdans* Karst. Myc. 2836

Fenn. II, p. 55. — Stromate cortici basi immerso peridermioque tecto, orbiculari, hemisphærico-applanato, substantia corticis fere immutata formato; peritheciis in singulo stromate 7-25, concentrica monostichis, plus minus dense confertis, subsphæroideis, mutua pressione angulatis, atris; ostiolis in discum vel tuberculum disciforme, per peridermum erumpens, plus minus protuberans, atrum, forma varia, plerumque rotundatum, 0,5-1,5 mill. latum collectis, raro plus minus exsertis, obtuse conoideis; ascis cylindraceis, 75-85 = 5-6 p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis monostichis, oblongatis, utrinque obtusis, vulgo rectis, tenuiter uniseptatis vel 2-guttulatis, ad septum haud constrictis, fuscis, 10-15 = 4-5; paraphysibus discretis, filiformibus, guttulatis, gracilibus.

Hab. in ramis aridis Alni circa Mustiala Fenniæ. — Sporidia expulsa discum partesque corticis adjacentes ut pulvis olivaceo-ater sæpiissime obtegunt.

31. **Valsaria Niesslii** (Wint.) Sacc. *Phæosperma Niessli* Winter in 2837 Hedw. 1874, p. 131. — Stromate cortice interiore immerso, crasso e basi suborbiculari vel ovali hemisphærico, intus fuscescente disco elliptico vel orbiculari, primo fusco, demum (sporidiis expulsionis) nigro, erumpente, ruguloso; peritheciis in singulo stromate 10-40, basi stromatis immersis, irregulariter dispositis, plus minus dense stipatis, subglobosis vel pressione angulatis, atris, 600-700 μ . latis; ostiolis longissimis, crassis, rugoso-tuberculosis, apice incrassatis, aterrimis, discum papillæformiter superantibus, cir. 0,8-1,0 mill. long.; ascis cylindraceis longissime pedicillatis, 8-sporis 70-90 = 6-7 p. sporif.; paraphysibus filiformibus, tenuissimis, guttulatis; sporidiis monostichis oblongatis, utrinque rotundatis, rectis vel curvatis, medio septatis, ad septum non constrictis, pallide fuscо-atris, 8-15 = 4-5.

Hab. in ramis corticatis Betulæ albæ, Harth prope Leipzig Germaniæ. — *Valsariæ fœdanti* peraffinis.

32. **Valsaria megalospora** Auersw. Tauschver. *Myrmæcium megalo-
sporum* (Auersw.) Niessl Not. Pyr. p. 55. — Stromate plus minus discreto, valseo, hemisphærico vel conoideo pulvinato ac peridermio cincto subtectoque, stipato, rarius confluentem, extus atro-fusco haud pruinoso, intus fusco; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-5 plerumque 4 monostichis, globosis, vel mutua pressione angulosis, collis crassis, brevibus, vertice conicis, parum compressis, prominentibus et convergentibus; ascis grandiusculis subcylindraceis inferne attenuatis et pedicellatis 240-250 = 24-26, p. sporif.;

stipite 50–70 μ . long.; sporidiis monostichis, cylindraceo-oblongis, utrinque sphæroideo-rotundatis, rectis, medio uniseptatis vix constrictis, saturate fuscis 33–42 \pm 13–15; paraphysibus crassis simplicibus articulatis et guttulatis.

Hab. in cortice Alnorum pr. Leipzig Germaniæ (AUERSWALD).

— *Habitus* fere *Anthostomatis turgidi*.

33. **Valsaria moroides** (C. et P.) Sacc. *Diatrype moroides* C. et Peck, 2839
29 Rep. on the St. Mus. New York. — Minuta, erumpens, ostiolis confertis, prominulis hemisphæricis nigris discum denique obliterantibus; peritheciis stipatis, nigricantibus; ascis cylindricis; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis, 1-septatis, coloratis, 12–15 \pm 5.

Hab. in ramis emortuis Alni, Sandlake Amer. bor.

34. **Valsaria donacina** De Not. Schema Sfer. p. 305, *Sphæria donacina* De Not. Micr. ital. Dec. VI, p. 95, fig. III. — Acervulis convexo-colliculosis sæpe parallelis, confluentibusque erumpenti-superficialibus, nigris, peritheciis crassiusculis, duris, irregularibus, stromate immersis, ostiolis vix exertis, subobsoletis; ascis cylindraceis, basi angustatis, paraphysatis, octosporis, 100–150 \pm 10–11; sporidiis monostichis, biloculari-constrictis, utrinque rotundatis, rufo-badiis, 15 \pm 6–8,

Hab. in culmis siccis sæpius ad internodia Arundinis Donacis etc. in Liguria, Venetia et Algeria. — *Sphæria donacina* Fr., teste Montagne, est sphæropsidea.

35. **Valsaria lophiostoma** (Hazsl.) Sacc., *Myrmecium lophiostomum* 2841
Hazsl. Hedw. 1874, p. 142 et Frig. Ban. p. 55, fig. 11. — Mycelio corticem interiore, sæpe etiam stratum supremum ligni penetrante passim in stromata atra carbonacea, hæmisphærica concreto, solummodo ostiolis peritheciorum epidermidem perforantibus; peritheciis in singulo stromate 3-multis, simplicibus, dupli immo et triplici strato super-positis, stratis peritheciorum successive evolutis, inferioribus recentioribus; nucleo primum albo, denique nigro; ascis linearibus, octosporis, paraphysibus septatis, ovallatis; sporidiis ovalibus, obtusissimis, diblastis, nigro-fuscis, 22 \pm 12; peritheciorum ostiolis maximis, obovatis, compressis, lophiformibus, radiatim circa columellam dispositis, rima radiali dehiscentibus.

Hab. in ramis siccis ad Lunkany Banatus.

II. *Phæosperma* Sacc.: stromate effuso indeterminato endoxylo.

36. **Valsaria anserina** (Pers.) Sacc. *Fungi Venet. Ser. IV*, pag. 19, 2842
Sphæria anserina Pers. Icon. et descript. p. 5, tab. I, fig. 8–10,

Cooke Handb. n. 2637. — Stromate effuso libri vel ligni superficiem tandem infuscante eisque immerso; peritheciis subdiscretis, gregariis, sphæroideis, vix $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. diam., ligno vel libro penitus vel fere immersis, atris, ostiolo ligni superficiem attingente et pustulatim elevante, rotundato; ascis cylindricis, breve stipitatis, 8-sporis; sporidiis monostichis, ovoideis vel suboblongis, didymis, ad septum lenissime constrictis, 16-20 = 6-7, quandoque loculo altere paulo angustiore, 2-guttulatis, fuligineis.

Hab. in lignis in Britannia et Germania; in ramis decorticatis Broussonetiæ papyriferæ et Fici Caricæ, Selva, Treviso, sociis micropycnidii (*Coniothyrium anserinum* Sacc.) globoso-angulosus, nigro-farctis, ligno immersis microstylosporas ellipsoideas, $5-5\frac{1}{2} \approx 2\frac{1}{2}$, fuligineas foventibus. — Huc verisimilime *Sphæria anserina* Pers. secundum B., Br. et Cooke, non vero sec. Roussel in Ces. et De Not. Schema 222, ubi sporidia 6 locularia habentur.

37. **Valsaria cariei** Sacc. *Fungi Ven. Ser. IV*, p. 19, *Fungi it. t. 151.* 2843

— Peritheciis uniserialiter tortuose per ligni superficiem subimmutatam contigue dispositis immersisque, globosis, $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{3}$ mill. d., carbonaceis atronitentibus hyphulis fuligineis inferius vestitis; ostiolo crasso cylindraceo, breviter emergente, apice obtuse rotundato, subinde latiuscule hiante; peritheciis contextu parenchymatico fuligineo; ascis cylindraceis 150 = 12, apice obtusis, breve crassiuscule stipitatis, paraphysibus copiosis filiformibus guttulatis obvallatis, 8sporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, oblongo-ovoideis, 25 = 9-10, utrinque obtusiuscule acuminatis, medio constricto-1-septatis, 2-pluriguttulatis, intense fuligineis.

Hab. in ligno pineo fabrefacto, carioso; ubi perithecia tortuosas larvarum excavationes ordine sequuntur, Padova Italiae bor. — A *Valsaria apiculata* (Curr.) cui habitu simillima, differt sporidiis absolute exappendiculatis medio (non excentrice) 1-septatis, constrictisque saturatius fuligineis, peritheciis inferne vestitis etc.

38. **Valsaria Saccardiana** Speg. in Mich. I, p. 393, *Fungi it. t. 401.* 2844

— Stromate lignum decorticatum late ambiente atque superficie atro-inquinante; peritheciis gregariis, ligno infossis, globosis, $\frac{3}{4}$ mill. diam., ostiolo rotundato, pertuso vix emergente; ascis cylindricis, noduloso-stipitatis, apice, lumine integro, obtusiusculis, p. sporif. 120-140 = 7-8, stipite 50 = 5-6, pseudoparaphysibus guttulatis obvallatis, octosporis; sporidiis monostichis oblongis, subfuscoides, 18-22 = 5-6, constricto-1-septatis, utrinque obtusiusculis,

2- vel saepius 4-nucleatis, indeque simulate 3-septatis, dilute oliveis.

Hab. in ligno putri Lauri nobilis, Susegana, Italia bor. (SPEGAZZINI). — A *Vals. anserina* (Pers.) Sacc., cui affinis, ascis conspicue longioribus, sporidiis longioribus, angustioribus, 4-nucleatis, dilute coloratis differt.

39. **Valsaria apiculata** (Curr.) Sacc. *Sphæria apiculata* Curr. Linn. 2845

Trans. XXII, p. 326, fig. 96 Cooke Handb. n. 2635. *Anthostoma trabeum* Niessl Beitr. p. 56, t. VII, f. 48. — Stromate immerso, exiguo ex albido cinerascente, vix evoluto; peritheciis nunc gregariis seriatis, nunc solitariis, innatis, majusculis, 300 μ . diam. ovoido-subglobosis, carbonaceis, atris, collo crasso cylindrico, ostiolo ventricoso-incrassato, prominulo; ascis cylindricis, inferne attenuatis stipitatis, superne, retusis, 8sporis, 130-154 \pm 12 p. sporif.; sporidiis monostichis, oblongis saepe inaequilateralibus, 18-20 \pm 6-7, unicellularibus plasmate bipartito, dein distinctissime infra medium uniseptatis (!), atrofuscis, opacis, utrinque obtuse rotundatis basi appendicula hyalina obtusa (ex episporio protuberante) auctis; paraphysibus filiformibus guttulatis ascorum longitudine.

Hab. in ligno pineo denudato pr. Graz Austriæ et in Britannia.

40. **Valsaria fennica** (Karst.) Sacc. *Phæosperma fennica* Karst. M. F. 2846

II. 54. — Stromate effuso, forma varia, plerumque longitudinaliter expanso, valde elevato, e fusco atro, parte inferiore intus substantia ligni plus minus mutata formato, fuscescente, long. 0,5-0,3 cm., lat. circiter 0,5 cm.; peritheciis monostichis sed ordine inaequali dispositis, alte immersis, ovoido-oblongatis, majusculis, atris, in colla elongata abrupte attenuatis, ostiolis superficialibus, valde incrassatis, elongatis, cylindraceis, integris, laevibus vel rugosis, interdum subrotundatis, demum pertusis, usque ad 0,5 mill. longis; ascis cylindraceis, 70-90 \pm 6 p. sporif., octosporis, paraphysatis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, 2-guttulatis, v. uniseptatis, oblongatis, rectis, fuscis, 9-14 \pm 3-4.

Hab. in ligno vetusto Betulæ? in par. Tammela Fenniæ.

41. **Valsaria? gregalis** (Schw.) Sacc. *Sphæria gregalis* Schw. in Fr. 2847

Elench. Fung. II, p. 68. — Irregulariter effusa, peritheciis tenerimis globosis acutiusculis, pulverulentis, liberis connatisque, papillatis, fuscis, stromate tenuissimo; sporidiis oblongis, uniseptatis 12-13 μ . longis.

Hab. ad ligna putrida Carolinæ Americæ borealis. — Stroma

tenuissimum, indeterminatum. Perithecia minuta, exacte globosa, nunc connata, nunc tantum stipata, admodum fragilia, diffracta celulas referentia, colore obscure fusco-nigricante. Ostium exiguum, papillæforme.

42. **Valsaria? Beaumontii** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Hypoxyton Beaumontii* 2848
B. et C. North Amer. Fungi n. 864. — Peritheciis globosis connatis; ostiolo distincto papillæformi; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongo-ellipticis uniseptatis, 10 μ . long., monostichis.

Hab. in ramis decorticatis Coniferarum, Alabama, Helderberg, Amer. bor. (BERK., PECK.). — Perithecia satis minuta, brunea dein nigra, glabra.

43. **Valsaria? nudicollis** (B. et C.) Sacc. *Hypoxyton nudicolle* B. et 2849
C. North Amer. Fungi n. 848. — Peritheciis connatis materie umbrina tectis; ostioli prominentibus, nigris; ascis linearibus; sporidiis oblongis, angustis, uniseptatis.

Hab. in ligno pineo, Carolina inf. Amer. bor. — Stratum subfuligineum continuum v. subinterruptum efficit.

44. **Valsaria hysteroides** Rehm Ascom. n. 633, Hedw. 1882, p. 75. 2850
— Stromatibus dense gregariis, ligno decorticato adnatis, elongatis, subobtusis, habitu fere *Hysteriorum*, 1–3 \approx 1–1,5 mill. convexis, atris, longitudinaliter subtilissime striatulis ibique ostioli perpaucis minutissimis, globosis, hic illic ornatis, intus albidis; peritheciis globosis, stromati immersis, in quoque stromate paucis; ascis cylindraceis, 8sporis, 120 \approx 6–7; sporidiis ellipticis obtusis, medio plus minusve constrictis, 2-cellularibus, fuscis, 14–18 \approx 4–5–6, monostichis; paraphysibus filiformibus, apice irregularibus, hyalinis, 2,5 μ . crass.

Hab. ad truncum emortuum Sorbi Chamæmespili in alpe Haustatt prope Benedictenwand alpium Bavariæ (ARNOLD). — Ob stromata ligno decorticato adnata et subinsculpta ad hanc sectionem pertineret; sed ob eadem stromata definita aptius forte inter *Euvalsarias*.

CAMAROPS Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 6. (Etym. *camara*, fornix et *ops* facies, ob stromata concamerata). — Stroma oblongum, parte immersa e substantia substrati plus minus mutata formatum, parte emersa crusta propriæ indolis, dura, crassiuscula, lœvigate, atra undique tectum. Perithecia stromati immersa, monosticha, cylindracea vel tubuliformia, inæqualia, longissima, collo crustam penetrante ostioloque prominulo, hemisphærico, poro pertuso. Asci

cylindracei, octospori, aparaphysati. Sporidia subellipsoidea, fuscidula, uniseptata, 2-guttulata. — Genus *Bolinice* analogum inter phæodidymas.

1. **Camarops hypoxyloides** Karst. Myc. Fenn. II, p. 53. — Stromate ²⁸⁴⁹ cortici innato substantiaque ejus fere immutata formato, parte superiore deinde per peridermum laciniatim fissum erumpente substantiaque propriæ indolis, crustam crassiusculam, atram vel fusco-atram efficiente, superne undique tecto, discreto vel confluente, effuso, ellipsoideo vel oblongato, planiusculo, longit. 1,5–7 cm., latit. 1–3 cm.; peritheciis stromati immersis, monostichis, densissime stipatis, subcylindraceis vel tubuliformibus, inæqualibus, varie angulatis vel complanatis, tenuibus, atris, longissimis, longit. 3–4 mill., crassit. 0,3–0,6 mill. collo brevi, angustissimo crustam penetrante ostioloque prominulo, hemisphærico, perforato vel umbilicato-pertuso instructis; ascis cylindraceis, $33 \div 4$ p. sporif.; sporidiis octonis, oblique monostichis, subellipsoideis, spurie tenuiter uniseptatis vel 2-guttulatis, fuscidulis, 5–6 $\div 2$ –2,5.

Hab. in cortice trunci Alni glutinosæ emortui Mustiala Fenniæ, parce.

REPERTORIUM
SPHÆRIACEARUM PHÆODIDYMARUM
SECUNDUM MATRICES

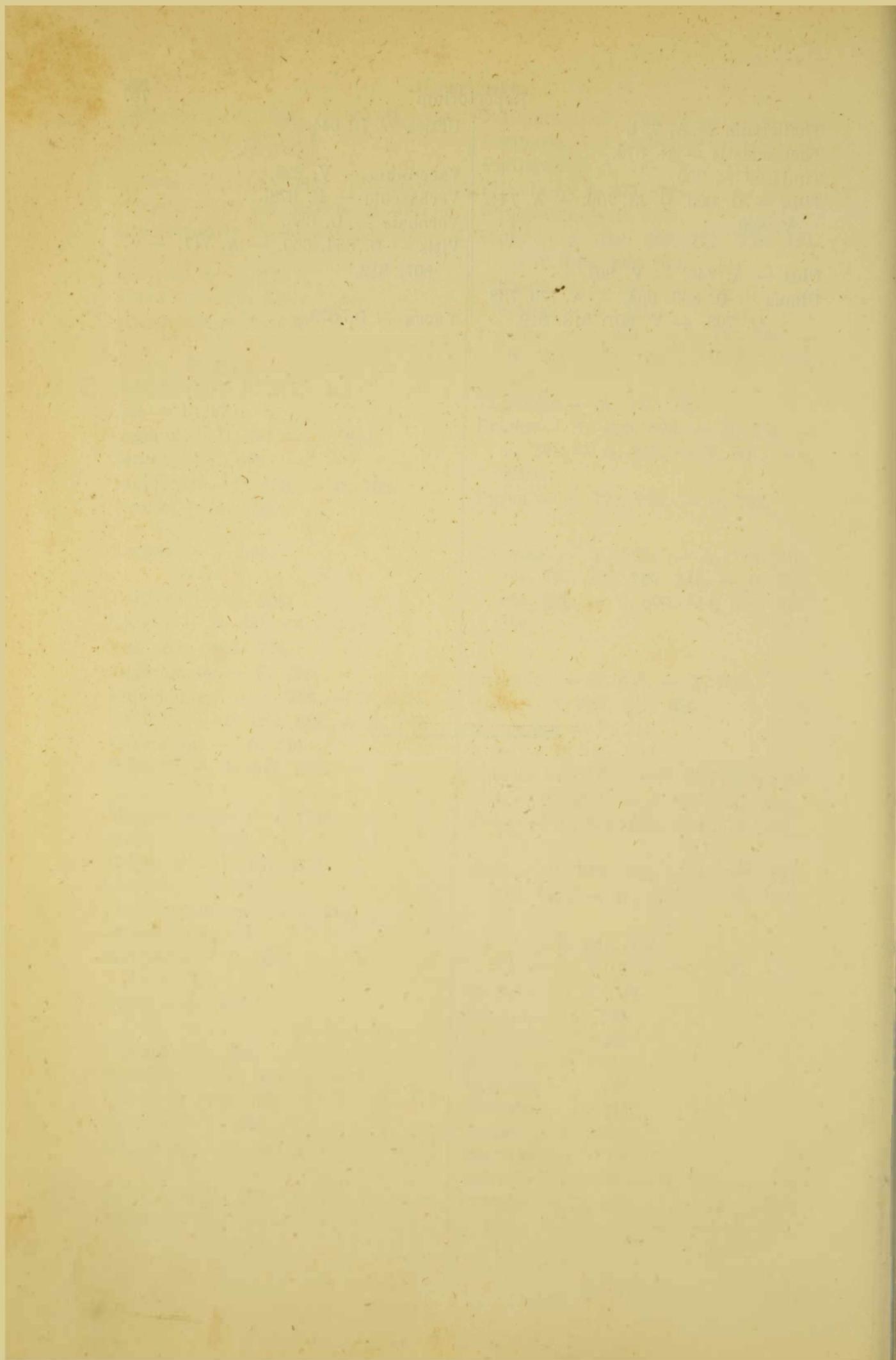
Obs. A. indicat *Amphisphæria*. — C. *Camarops*. — D. *Didymosphæria*.
— De. *Delitschia*. — M. *Massariella*. — Me. *Melanconiella*. — O. *Otthia*.
— P. *Parodiella*. — R. *Rhynchostoma*. — V. *Valsaria*.

Numeri 2644-2851 citantur 644-851.

Abies — V. 814.	Citrus — A. 723.
Acer — D. 693. 694. — M. 708. — A. 721. — O. 797. 802. — V. 807. 818.	Clematis — R. 768.
Æsculus — V. 807.	Clethra — V. 833.
Alnus — A. 720. — O. 798. 804. — V. 807. 809. 814. 835. 836. 838. 839. C. 851.	Coniferæ — V. 848.
Andromeda — D. 695.	Cornus — D. 692. — V. 807.
Arctium — D. 685.	Corylus — D. 677. — O. 794. — Me. 806. — V. 807.
Artemisia — D. 678.	Crataegus — D. 701. — O. 781. — V. 807.
Arundo — D. 697. — A. 757. 758. — V. 840.	Cydonia — V. 807.
Avena — De. 775.	Cynodon — A. 757.
Berberis — D. 677. — O. 800. — V. 807. 824.	Dalbergia — P. 713.
Betula — D. 668. 700. — R. 764. — O. 789. — V. 837. 846.	Daphne — D. 702.
Broussonetia — V. 807. 842.	Desmodium — P. 711.
Calycanthus — V. 807.	Diospyros — V. 813.
Carex — D. 674. 698.	Dobera — O. 788.
Carpinus — D. 690. — Me. 805. 806. V. 807.	Empetrum — D. 657.
Castanea — V. 828.	Epilobium — D. 678.
Celtis — V. 807. 808.	Eryngium — D. 686.
Cinnamomum — V. 832.	Eucalyptus — D. 677. — V. 823.
	Eupatorium — D. 649.
	Evonymus — O. 801. — V. 807.
	Fagus — A. 740. — V. 809. 814. 818.
	Ficus — M. 710. — V. 807. 811. 842.

- Fraxinus* — D. 693. — A. 720. 725.
726. — V. 807. 815.
- Galium* — D. 678. 683.
- Genista* — D. 662. 687. — R. 767.
- Gleditschia* — V. 807. 810.
- Hibiscus* — V. 807.
- Humulus* — D. 678.
- Hypericum* — D. 678.
- Ilex* — D. 656.
- Indigofera* — P. 711.
- Iris* — D. 674.
- Iuglans* — D. 704. — V. 814.
- Iuncus* — D. 698.
- Iuniperus* — D. 653. — R. 765.
- Iussiæa* — A. 756.
- Kalmia* — V. 825.
- Lathyrus* — D. 651.
- Laurus* — D. 691. — V. 844.
- Lecanora* — A. 761.
- Leguminosæ* — P. 712.
- Liquidambar* — A. 734. — V. 818.
- Lonicera* — D. 680. 682. — O. 792.
- Lysimachia* — D. 646.
- Lythrum* — D. 644. 678.
- Margyricarpus* — A. 735.
- Melia* — V. 807.
- Melilotus* — D. 678. 679.
- Mentha* — D. 678.
- Monocotyledoneæ* — D. 672.
- Morus* — V. 821.
- Myricaria* — D. 680.
- Nyssa* — V. 822.
- Obione* — D. 650.
- Œnothera* — D. 645.
- Olea* — A. 728. 729.
- Opuntia* — D. 684.
- Origanum* — D. 644. 678.
- Paliurus* — V. 807.
- Parnassia* — D. 647.
- Peltigera* — D. 675.
- Periploca* — V. 810.
- Phillyrea* — A. 727.
- Phoenix* — D. 671. 696.
- Phytolacca* — D. 752.
- Pinus* — A. 748. 749. 751. 752. 753.
— V. 843. 845. 849.
- Pistacia* — A. 730.
- Platanus* — V. 831.
- Populus* — D. 691. — A. 737. 738.
R. 770. — O. 786. — V. 807. 829.
830.
- Posidonia* — A. 759. 760.
- Prunus* — D. 660. 693. — M. 706.
A. 721. — O. 783. — V. 807. 814.
828.
- Pyrus* — A. 722. 724. — O. 782.
- Quercus* — M. 705. — A. 714. 715.
716. 717. 718. 720. 741. — O. 789.
Me. 806. — V. 807. 814. 816. 817.
818.
- Rhamnus* — D. 655. — V. 807.
- Rhus* — V. 807. 818. 826.
- Rhyncosia* — P. 711.
- Ribes* — O. 795. 796.
- Robinia* — D. 691. — V. 807. 808. 810.
- Rosa* — D. 689. — O. 790. 803. 807.
- Rubus* — D. 665. 666. 667. 678. 680.
- Salix* — D. 677. 703. — A. 720. 741.
742. 743. — R. 766. — De. 774.
V. 827.
- Salvia* — D. 644. 678.
- Sambucus* — D. 677. — V. 807.
- Sassafras* — V. 834.
- Schinus* — A. 736.
- Scirpus* — D. 669.
- Smilax* — D. 670.
- Solanum* — D. 646.
- Solidago* — D. 644.
- Sorbus* — V. 850.
- Spartium* — D. 661. 687.
- Spiræa* — D. 646. — O. 784.
- Syringa* — D. 688. — O. 791. — V.
807.

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| Thalictrum — A. 754. | Urtica — D. 644. |
| Theloschistis — D. 676. | Vaccinium — V, 825. |
| Thuja — A. 750. | Verbascum — D. 678. |
| Tilia — D. 699. — M. 709. — A. 744.
V. 820. | Vernonia — D. 685. |
| Ulex — A. 746. — V. 807. | Vitis — D. 654. 659. — A. 717. — V.
807. 812. |
| Ulmus — D. 663. 664. — A. 720. 738.
— O. 793. — V. 807. 818. 819. | Yucca — D. 673. |



ADDENDA ^{*)}

51. **Podosphæra minor** Howe in Bessey The Erys. p. 4. — Peritheciis sparsis vel confertis; appendiculis 10-20 perithecium subæquantibus vel paulo superantibus.

Hab. in foliis Spirææ in America boreali (HOWE).

52. **Podosphæra Bresadolæ** Quél. in Bresad. Fungi Trid. fasc. II, p. 25, t. 5² XXX, f. 2. — Peritheciis globosis, membranaceis, superficialibus sparsis, minutissimis, laxe reticulatis e luteolo rufescensibus, demum nigricantibus, 90 μ . diam., appendiculis hyalinis perithecio duplo longioribus, apicibus turgidis dichotomo-ramosis; asco subgloboso, octosporo, mox evanido, 50 μ . diam., sporidiis ovatis luteolis, echinulatis, 15-20 \times 12.

Hab. in pileo Arrheniæ Auriscalpii in sylvis cumbrosis, Val di Sole Tyroliæ italicæ. — Etsi matrix tam absona, species generis optima videtur.

15. **Uncinula parvula** C. et P. in Bessey The Erysiph. p. 7. — Hypophylla; mycelio effuso, delicato, evanescente; peritheciis sparsis, globosis, minutis, appendiculis simplicibus, numerosis, perithecii diametrum vix æquantibus; ascis ellipsoideis, rostratis; sporidiis senis.

Hab. in foliis Celtidis occidentalis in America boreali.

151. **Uncinula heliciformis** Howe in Bessey The Erysiph. p. 6. — Mycelio obsoleto; peritheciis sparsis minutis, globosis, appendiculis 15-30, diametrum perithecii unum vel duplum æquantibus, sursum spiraliter convolutis, deorsum coloratis; ascis 4-6; sporidiis 3-6.

Hab. in foliis Populi balsamiferæ in America bor. — «An eadem ac *U. luculenta* Howe, mihi ignota?».

3. **Microsphæra Viburni** Howe in Bessey The Erysiph., *M. sparsa* Howe. 35¹ — Mycelio arachnoideo; peritheciis sparsis globosis, appendiculis, sub-viginti vel paucioribus, perithecii diametro longioribus, dichotome ramosis, apicibus plus minus curvis; ascis 6-10; sporidiis utplurimum 6.

Hab. in foliis Viburni (*Sheepberry*) in America bor. (HOWE).

23. **Microsphæra Platani** Howe in Bessey The Erysiph. pag. 9. — Mycelio evanescente; peritheciis minutis globosis, sparsis; appendiculis 10-18, perithecii diametro longioribus, apicibus vehementer curvatis; ascis 4-5; sporidiis 4-5.

Hab. in foliis Platani in America boreali (HOWE).

^{*)} Studiosorum commodo diagnoses specierum v. generum addendorum ita impressæ sunt ut singula argumenta seorsim exsecari et hinc suis locis inseri possint.

24. **Microsphaera Symphoricarpi** Howe in Bessey The Erysiph. pag. 9. — 56
Mycelio effuso, subpersistente; peritheciis sparsis v. confertis; appendiculis
8-16, perithecii diametro bis-quater longioribus, ter-quinques dichotomis,
ramulis divaricatis, sëpe truncatis rectis; ascis 4-6; sporidiis 3-5.

Hab. in foliis Symphoricarpi racemosæ in America bor. (HOWE).

25. **Microsphaera Menispermi** Howe in Bessey The Erysiph, p. 9. — Mycelio arachnoideo, effuso, subinde evanido; peritheciis sparsis v. gregariis
minutis, globosis; appendiculis 10-20, perithecii diametrum subæquantibus;
ascis 5-6; sporidiis 3-6.

Hab. in foliis Menispermi canadensis in Amer. bor. (HOWE).

26. **Microsphaera densissima** (Schw.) Peck, Adde: peritheciis sparsis; appendiculis 6-10; ascis 4-8; sporidiis 8. (Conf. Bessey The Erysiph. p. 11).

- 26¹. **Microsphaera elevata** Burrill in Bessey The Erysiph. p. 11. — Epiphylla; mycelio arachnoideo, subevanido; peritheciis conspicue reticulatis, 1 mill. diam., prominentibus; appendiculis circ. 12, basi coloratis, simplicibus, subinde prope basim ramosis, solite bis- quater dichotome furcatis, longissimis; ascis 4, ovoideis, conspicue rostratis.

Hab. in foliis Catalpæ in America boreali. — Ascii 6-8spori.

11. **Myriococcum Everhartii** Sacc. et Ellis N. Am. Fung. n. 766. — Peritheciis dense gregariis, globulosis, obtusis, astomis, $1\frac{1}{6}$ - $1\frac{1}{5}$ mill. diam., indumento bombycino tenuissimo pallide cinereo (in aqua mox disparente) dense vestitis; contextu perithecii areolato, tenui-membranaceo, rufo; ascis . . . ?; sporis (spermatiis?) initio conglutinatis, e globoso angulosis, subinde fere apiculatis, 8-12 μ . diam., granuloso-guttulatis, hyalinis.

Hab. in lignis putrescentibus, Newfield, New Jersey Amer. bor. (ELLIS).

— A *M. præcoci* indumento byssino copioso potissimum dignoscitur hæc species, quam clariss. B. M. EVERHART ex West Chester Pensylvaniæ dicamus.

11. **Pisomyxa? Amomi** B. et Br. Fungi of Ceylon n. 1187. — Peritheciis globosis, celluloso-contextis, ex apice hypharum curvarum, intricatarum, nigricantium oriundis, pelliculas atras oblongas formantibus, initio opacis dein hyalinis; ascis sporidiis globosis hyalinis. — Pycnidia adsunt: stylosporis oblongis 1-septatis.

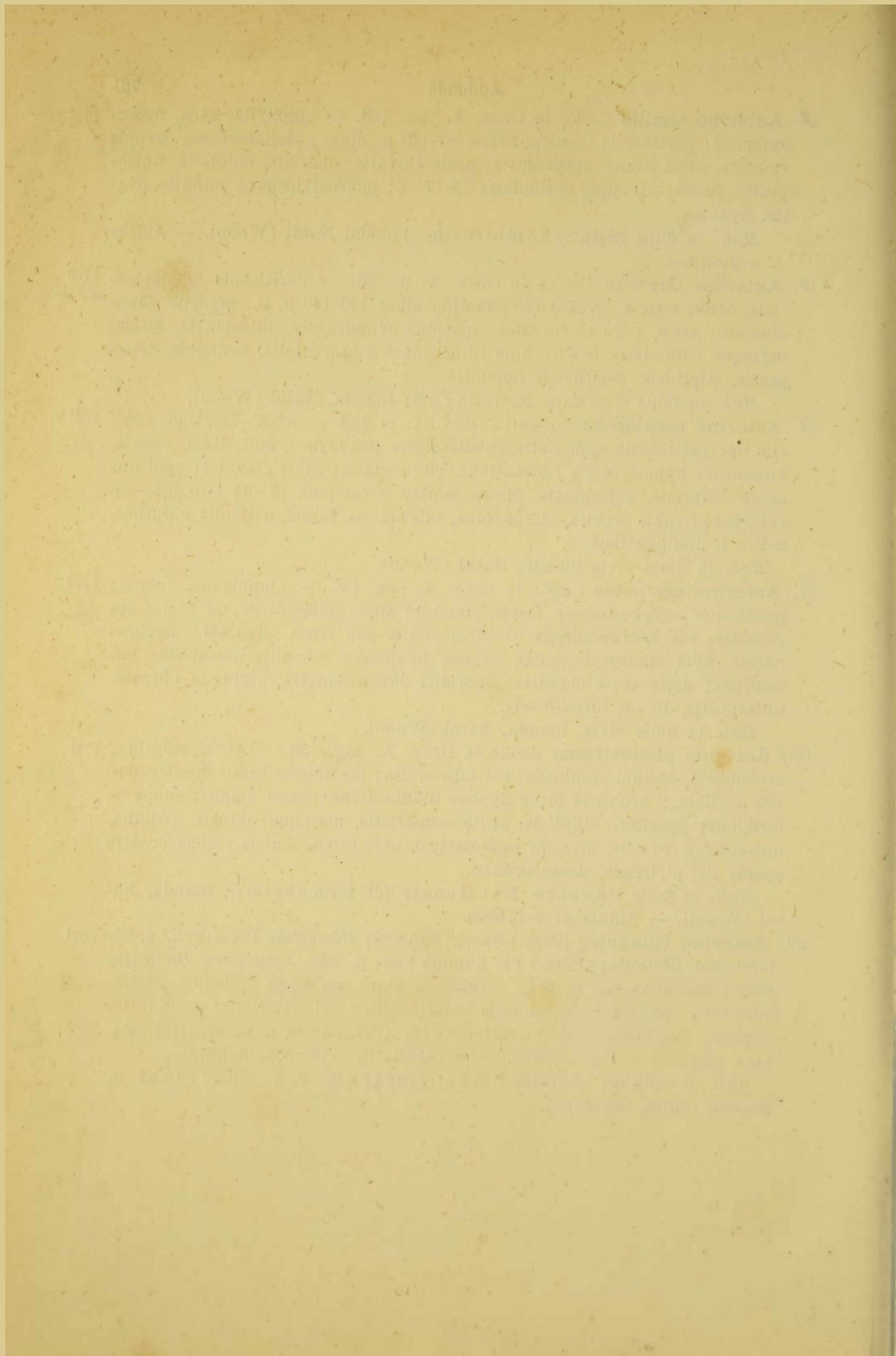
Hab. in foliis Amomi, Ceylon.

91. **Asterina diplocarpa** Cooke in Grev. X, pag. 129. — Epiphylla, effusa; peritheciis applanato-convexis, orbicularibus 130 μ . diam., fuscis, sparsis vel segregatis; ascis obovatis; sporidiis fuscis uniseptatis, valde constrictis 16 \times 8, loculis subglobosis; peritheciis aliis minoribus, subglobosis, macrostylosporas ovatas, fuscas, continuas 18-20 \times 10-12 continentibus.

Hab. in foliis Sidæ cordifoliæ, Inanda, Natal (Wood).

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92. **Asterina similis** Cooke in Grev. X, pag. 130. — Epiphylla, atra, maculae formis; peritheciis hemisphaericis 80-120 μ . diam., stellato-fissis, hyphis ramosis, radiantibus circumdatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis ellipticis, uniseptatis, fuscis, utrinque rotundatis 15-17 \approx 6; microstylosporis minutis, ovatis, hyalinis.
Hab. in foliis Sidæ rhombifoliæ, Inanda, Natal (Wood). — Affinis *A. myriadeæ*.
93. **Asterina Grewiae** Cooke in Grev. X, p. 130. — Peritheciis hemisphaericis, atris, opacis, gregariis, punctiformibus 120-140 μ . d., mycelio fusco obsoleto; ascis anguste clavatis; sporidiis cylindraceis, uniseptatis, fuscis, utrinque rotundatis 18 \approx 5; hinc illinc conidiis lanceolatis, brunneis, triseptatis, stipitatis, peritheciis immixtis.
Hab. in foliis Grewiae lasiocarpæ, Inanda, Natal (Wood).
94. **Asterina toruligena** Cooke in Grev. X. p. 129. — Atra, velutina, orbicularis; peritheciis applanatis, subdiscoideis, convexis 1 mill. diam. opacis, rugulosis; hyphis fuscis radiantibus, circumdatis; ascis clavatis; sporidiis arcte ellipticis, uniseptatis, fuscis, leniter constrictis 12 \approx 5; stromate toruloideo; hyphis erectis, simplicibus, subramosis, fuscis, articulis ellipticis, 8-10 \approx 4, dissilientibus.
Hab. in foliis vivis Inanda, Natal (Wood).
95. **Asterina myriadea** Cooke in Grev. X, pag. 130. — Amphigena, sparsa; 170⁵ peritheciis numerosissimis, fuscis, punctiformibus, subglobosis, ad basim applanatis, vel hemisphaericis 70-100 μ . diam. sub lente olivaceis, membranaceis, aliis microstylosporas, ovales, hyalinæ 6 \approx 3, aliis ascosporas gerentibus; ascis arcte clavatis; sporidiis sublanceolatis, utrinque obtusis, uniseptatis, 10 \approx 3, luteo-fuscis.
Hab. in foliis vivis, Inanda, Natal (Wood).
161. **Asterina phæostroma** Cooke in Grev. X, pag. 130. — Atra, velutina, 177¹ orbicularis, demum confluens, vel late effusa; peritheciis hemisphaericis 60-100 μ . diam.; brunneis inter hyphas nidulantibus; ascis amplis, subpyriformibus; sporidiis ellipticis, arcte constrictis, utrinque obtusis, pallidis, uniseptatis, 22 \approx 10; mycelio ramosissimo, læte fusco, aculeis rigidis erectis opacis 100 μ . longis, dense ornato.
Hab. in foliis Pavettæ Natalensis (et Kraussiæ?), Inanda, Natal (Wood). — Affinis *A. velutinæ*.
- 46¹. **Asterina Himantia** (Pers.) Sacc., *Sphaeria Himantia* Pers. Syn. p. 89, 207¹ *Asteroma Himantia* (Pers.) Fr. Summa Veg. p. 325, *Ascospora Himantia* (Pers.) Rehm Ascom. n. 131. — Macula nigra ambiente e fibrillis centrifugis orta; peritheciis prominulis seriatis centro confertioribus; ascis initio ovoideis, sessilibus, dein clavatis 30 \approx 12, apophysatis, octosporis; sporidiis ellipticis, obtusis, continuis, 2-guttulatis, 8-10 \approx 3,5, hyalinis.
Hab. in caulinis emortuis Umbelliferarum, e. g. Peucedani in Suecia, Gallia, Germania.



70¹. **Asterina? stylospora** Cooke in Grev. X, pag. 129. — Gregaria, atra, 231¹
hypophylla; peritheciis hemisphaericis, opacis, inter hyphas parcas nidulantibus; macrostylosporis ellipticis 26-30 \approx 10-12 supra rotundatis, infra in mucronem, hyalinum, stipitiformem productis, plasmate fusco, medio fascia hyalina bipartito.

Hab. in foliis Sponiæ guineensis, Inanda, Natal (Wood). — Dubia,
quia asci ignoti.

12¹. **Dimerosporium Collinsii** (Schw.) Thuem. M. U. n. 849, *Sph.* (Byssised.) 243¹
Collinsii Schw. Syn. Amer. bor. n. 1512, Peck 29 Rep. on the St. Mus. —
Tomento crasso densissime intertexto efficiente plaga lata effusa inter
nervos paginæ aversæ foliorum e fusco-nigras, floccis suberectis; peritheciis
subiculo huic floccoso, creberrime insidentibus globosis, nigris astomis,
vel saltem indistincte ostiolatis, sed demum globulo spermatico irregulari,
coronatis; ascis cylindraceis; sporidiis monostichis, hinc abrupte attenuatis,
septo (spurio?) inæqualiter divisis, 10-13 μ longis, hyalinis.

Hab. in pagina inf. foliorum *Amelanchieris canadensis*, Center,
New York, etc. Amer. bor. (COLLINS, PECK). — Mala dispositio nominum
in Thuem. Diagn. M. U. Cent. VII-IX p. 8, me decipit ut Thuemenio false
tribuerim adscriptionem hujus speciei diversissimæ *Asterinæ orbiculari*,
quod corrigendum (Cfr. Syll. p. 46 et 54).

38. **Meliola triseptata** B. et Br. — Effusa, magna, velutina, ceterum ut *Mel.* 313
amphitricha; teste Cooke in litt. ex herb. Berk. n. 1137. — Ceylon.

39. **Meliola tenuis** B. et C. Rav. Fungi Amer. exsic. n. 831 (sine diagnosi). 214
— Epiphylla, maculas atras subcirculares minutæ, atras, velutinas formans;
peritheciis globulosis setulis rigidis, rectis acutis vestitis; ascis 2-
4-sporis, ellipsoideis; sporidiis oblongis, 50 \approx 18-20, 4-septatis leniter constrictis,
utrinque rotundatis, fuligineis. — Adsunt perithecia minora pycnidica;
stylosporis oblongis, 1-septatis, pluriguttulatis, hyalinis, 25-26 \approx 6-7.

Hab. in foliis *Arundinariæ*, Darien Georgia Amer. bor.

32. **Capnodium Thwaitesii** Berk. Introd. Crypt. p. 274, t. 63 a. (sine dia- 354
gnosi). — Peritheciis subfasciculatis oblongo-pyriformibus, sursum atte-
nuatis, extus granulosis, nigris.

Hab. in capsulis *Ardisiæ* speciei, ubi?

78. **Valsa subcongrua** Rehm Ascom. n. 632, Hedw. 1882, p. 75. — Perithe- 506¹
ciis monostichis, globosis, in cortice interiore nidulantibus, circa 8 in quo-
vis stromate, dense stipatis, collis plerumque breviusculis, interdum usque
ad 1 mill. long. elongatis et subcurvatis, in disculum atrum, planum v. sub-
convexulum, 0,7 mill. lat., rotundatum conjunctis, discolo corticem pustu-
latin elevatum coronante; stromatibus gregariis, ramulos ambientibus et
epidermidem cibrantibus; ascis clavatis, 8-sporis, 21 \approx 4-5; sporidiis cylin-
dricis, hyalinis rectis vel subcurvatis, distichis 3-4 \approx 1; paraphysibus lon-
gis, teneris, septatis c. 5 μ . crass.

Hab. ad ramum putrescentem *Alni viridis* in Monte Buchenegg prope
Oberstauffen alpium Algoviae Germ. (BRITZELMAYR).

Delenda!

109¹. **Valsa sibirica** Thuem. Beitr. Pilz. Fl. Sib. V, p. 19, n. 920. — Peritheciis sparsis, stromate vix ullo, cortice interiore nidulantibus, 9-12, globoso-conicis, prominulis; ostiolis perforatis, discum fusco-atrum albido-furfuraceum sistentibus; ascis clavato-cylindraceis, curvulis, apice acutiusculis, substipitatis 40 \approx 6-7, octosporis; sporidiis subdistichis, arcuatis, utrinque rotundatis, hyalinis, eguttatis, 15 \approx 3.

Hab. in ramulis aridis Cotoneastrum melanocarpae in desertis prope Minussinsk Sibiriae asiaticae (MARTIANOFF). — *Valsae leucostomae* cognata.

6¹. **Philocopra polyspora** (Ph. et Pl.) Sacc., *Sordaria polyspora* Ph. et Pl. 911¹ Grev. X, p. 73, t. 158, f. 1. — Peritheciis semiimmersis, sparsis, globosis, setulis parcis nigris superne vestitis; ostiolo elongato; ascis cylindraceis poly-(128?)-sporis 60 \approx 10; sporidiis ellipsoideis, continuis 5-8 \approx 4-5, nigricantibus.

Hab. in fimo Cuniculorum, prope Bristol Britanniæ (BUCKNALL). — Præcipue sporidiis minutis dignoscenda species.

44¹. **Anthostomella ammophila** (Ph. et Pl.) Sacc. *Sphaeria ammophila* Ph. 1071¹ et Pl. Grev. X, p. 73, t. 158, f. 5. — Peritheciis immersis, majusculis, 2-3 hinc inde confertis, epidermideque nigro-circumscripta velatis; ostiolis minutis, punctiformibus; ascis cylindraceis 80 \approx 8-10; sporidiis octonis, ovoides, monostichis, atro-fuligineis, 8-10 \approx 5-6, utrinque appendicula tenui hyalina auctis.

Hab. in Ammophila arundinacea prope Norfolk Britanniæ.

33¹. **Anthostoma gastrinoides** Ph. et Pl. Grev. X, p. 71. — Disco concavo, 2166¹ nigro, stromate nigrescente; peritheciis 8-10, circinantibus ligno semiimmersis; ascis cylindraceis 80 \approx 8-10, octosporis; sporidiis oblique monostichis, atro-fuligineis, ellipsoideis, 15 \approx 5, initio nucleatis.

Hab. in ramis Viburni, Bristol Britanniæ (BUCKNALL). — *Anth. gastrino* peraffine.

41¹. **Didymella Rehmii** (J. Kunze) Sacc., *Didymosphaeria Rehmii* Kunze 1129¹ Fung. Sel. exic. n. 1875 (absque diagnosi). — Peritheciis dense gregariis epidermide velatis, tumidulis, globoso-depressis, nigris, vix papillatis; ascis clavulatis, 80-90 \approx 10, paraphysibus filiformibus obvallatis, oetosporis; sporidiis monostichis, ellipsoideis, obtusiusculis, uniseptatis, 4-guttulatis, leniter constrictis, 15-17 \approx 5, hyalinis.

Hab. in caulinis subvivis Verbenæ officinalis prope Eisleben Germaniæ.

and the author's own personal experiences of the period, which were to prove so influential in his later career. The author's father, John Cooper, was a Quaker who had been born in 1785 at the time of the American Revolution. He had been a soldier in the British army during the Napoleonic Wars, and had married a widow, Mary, in 1812. They had three sons, John, George and Charles, and a daughter, Mary. John Cooper senior died in 1842, leaving a widow and four children.

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